The Times 163/1655-6

VOL. VIII. NO. 3733. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 2, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

WANTED.
A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O. Nov 18.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

[illegible] package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & CO. Augusta, Me.

AGENTS WANTED.

[illegible] of women $30 a week. Proof [illegible] Business pleasant and honorable with no risk. A 16 page circular and valuable samples free. A postal card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8th St. New York.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that [illegible]) for 5 mailed free. Address R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

HELP WANTED.
100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated. Together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO., Publishers, London, Ont.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and a [illegible]
J. LATHAM & Co. Washington St. Boston M[illegible]

Lost.

LOST—On Sunday evening last between Christ Church and Sappers' Bridge, a Lady's Seal-skin Boa for the neck. The finder will oblige by leaving it at THIS OFFICE.
Dec. 31st, 1874. 3732-2t

LOST—On Saturday evening, from Queen Street, a BROWN RETRIEVER PUP, about six months old. Answers to name of Bans. Any person returning him to Wm. McKay, Metcalfe Street, will be suitably rewarded.
Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-5

Bank Notices.

UNION BANK OF LOWER CANADA.
NOTICE is hereby given that a
DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.
On the paid up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and will be payable at the Head Office and Branches of the Bank
On and after Saturday, the 2nd of January, 1875.
The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st December next, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board,
P. MACEWAN, Cashier.
Nov. 28, 1874. 3708-1m

Tenders.

NOTICE
TO CONTRACTORS.
SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to
Thursday, the 14th of January next,
For the construction of a
BRIDGE OVER THE OTTAWA RIVER,
To connect the Calumet Island with the Village of Byron.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Quebec; at the office of Messrs. Cockburn, Wright & Clemow, Ottawa; at the office of the Registrar for the County of Pontiac, at Byron; and at the office of the undersigned.
Tenderers to give the names of two good and sufficient securities willing to become bound for the execution of the contract.
The Municipal Council of Calumet Island does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
SIMON McNALLY, Mayor.
Office of the Mu. Council, Calumet Island, December 28th, 1874. 3730

Miscellaneous.

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.
The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.
ALEX. ROBERTSON, Rideau-St.

THE DOMINION ATLAS,
WALKER & MILES, PUBLISHERS, Montreal and Toronto.
MARA & MAINGY, General Agents for Central Canada, P.O. Block. Elgin-st., Ottawa.

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.
Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,
Proprietor of the well known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established
AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA
For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.
These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.
Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the Spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.
J. E. LEMIEUX, Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.
Nov. 6, 1872.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.
See T. & B. on each Plug.

STANDARD
AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES
First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated
"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"
of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.
H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender 738 Broadway, New York. 727

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
[illegible]-83 Sparks Street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nov. 27 1874. 2430

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House [illegible] Street, [illegible] Hospital.

[illegible]ers.

[illegible]ontreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks, Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 2, 1874. 3680-3awky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal.
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 3, 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3665-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary. Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa.
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY.
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HON'BLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C. McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3667

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W.H. WALKER. R. CASSELS, Jr. P. PENNOCK.
July 21, 1874. 2625.

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitors, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 2639y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
G. B. L. FELLOWS, Q. C., MARTIN O'GARA, HORACE LAPIERRE, EDWARD P. REMON 2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
June 3, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY A. J. CHRISTIE. H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3228-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate.
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 26, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2362-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 6 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1751

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1874. 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks-sts. 2556-3m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—At his residence, Maria-st. Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultations at all hours. 2154.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st. 2522y.

Carpets.

NEW
CARPETS.
SPRING 1874.
JUST OPENED—26 bales of new patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, 3-Ply and Kidderminster Carpets, Hemp Mattings and Oilcloths, direct from the best English makers, to which we confidently invite the inspection of purchasers.
Our stock being even More complete and extensive than in any former season, and our prices will be found as low or even lower than elsewhere.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
39 SPARKS-ST.

Insurance.

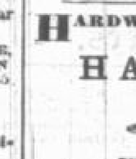
STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.
(FIRE AND LIFE.)
Authorized Capital . $5,000,000
Subscribed to Date . $2,000,000
LOCAL DIRECTORS:
RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.
O'CONNOR & WALLER, . . AGENTS.
THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.
All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.
The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.
O'CONNOR & WALLER.
Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-12m

ROYAL CANADIAN
INSURANCE CO.
FIRE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.
Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.
ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,
AGENT,
38 SPARKS STREET, . . OTTAWA
Oct. 12, 1874.

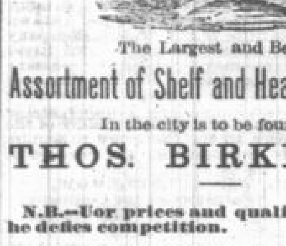
"THE ROYAL"
CONTINUES TO TAKE
FIRE RISKS
On every description of insurable property,
AT REDUCED RATES.
T. M. CLARK, AGENT, Corner Sparks and Elgin St
Dec. 18, 1874. 3722-12m

Hardware, &c.

CARD OF THANKS.
I, the undersigned, beg most sincerely to thank my friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon me for the last ten years, but the more particularly for this year of our Lord 1874, and trust by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favours. Wishing you all a most happy New Year.
Yours Faithfully,
C. P DORION.
Dec. 31st, 1874. 3732



THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.
For sale by all Oilmen.
Dec. 4, 1874 3710-y

HARDWARE.
HARDWARE.
No.24  No.24
The Largest and Best
Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware
In the city is to be found at
THOS. BIRKETT'S.
N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods he defies competition.
Remember the
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
Have in stock the latest and best
COAL STOVES!
COAL STO[illegible]
CO[illegible] STOVES!
Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public dwellings and private dwellings.
City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L. Crannell, Esq., and many others.
Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application.
H. MEADOWS & CO., 35 Sussex-St.
Oct. 3, 1874. 3838

OTTAWA
Mills' Supply Agency
OTTAWA ONT.,
No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.
CALDWELL & CO., - - Managers'
Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.
Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.
March 28, 1874. 14 [illegible]

ASHFIELD'S
EMPORIUM.
Flint Glassware, in plain and fancy, a speciality during the holidays. Those beautiful goods are more durable than CUT, and much cheaper. Now in stock, Fruit and Cake Dishes, all sizes; covered Bowls, Preserve Dishes, all sizes; Water Jugs, Wine Glasses of all kinds; Decanters, Goblets, from 90c to $5 per dozen; Glass Setts, 6 pieces, from 75c; Candlesticks, Bar Tumblers, Decanters, Bottles, at special prices, in fact nearly everything required in this line.
Lamps of all kinds, sizes, and prices. Chandeliers, brackets, Globes, Shades, Crystal Light Burners and goods. A very large stock now on hand. China, Crockery and Earthenware—White Granite Tea Setts, 44 pieces, $3 50; White Granite Chamber Setts, $3.50. Bed Pans, Sick Feeders, Toast Racks, Churns, and a general variety in this line.
Kerosene Oil from the United States. The best in the market at market prices. All goods sold both wholesale and retail. A call is solicited. **Happy New Year to All.** Vases and Figures awfully cheap now.
JAMES ASHFIELD, Duke Street, Chaudiere.

The Victoria Stables
Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.
Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.
N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.
BROWNLEE & CO.
March 11, 1874. 2513y

Summary of News.

The Scandinavian arrived at Portland at 9:30 p.m., on Thursday.

Ledru Rollin, the famous sculptor, died in Paris yesterday.

The King of the Sandwich Islands has brought his visit to New York to an end, and has gone to New Haven, and from thence to New Bedford.

The municipal elections come off on Monday, and the several candidates are hard at work canvassing their various constituencies.

The inauguration of Governor Tilden, for the State of New York, took place at Albany yesterday, and was attended with great ceremony and rather more than the usual *eclat*.

Much painful excitement continues to exist in Brockville over the painful abortion case, which resulted fatally to a young lady there. A verdict of murder has been brought against Dr. Sparham, and W. H. Greaves, the seducer. A warrant is also out for the arrest of Mrs. Sparham, who has left the place, she being an accessory.

Spain has once more declared the intention of resuming the monarchial form of Government, and Prince Afonso, son of the exiled Isabella, has been declared King. This new revolution has been effected without bloodshed, and it is thought that it will put a stop to the efforts of Don Carlos to gain the Spanish throne.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Great Strike of Colliers.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—Sixty thousand colliers in South Wales have struck work in consequence of a reduction in their wages.

Death of Duke.

The Duke of Montrose is dead.

GERMANY.

A Revelation.

BERLIN, Dec. 31—The circular note of Prince Bismarck, of May 14th, 1872, read in the secret session of the Von Arnim trial, stated that a new Pope, if not recognized by a majority of the European sovereigns, would cease to be a Pope, but would stand in the same position as a Bishop appointed without the consent or approval of his government.

AUSTRIA.

Blockade of Railways by Snow.

VIENNA, Dec. 31.—In consequence of a very heavy fall of snow, many railways in Austria have wholly or partially discontinued traffic. Freight traffic is at a stand still throughout the country. Communication between this city and Prague is entirely interrupted. Trieste is isolated landward and seaward.

FRANCE.

The Formation of a Senate.

PARIS, Dec. 31.—The proposition for the creation of a Senate was the chief subject of discussion at a meeting in the Palace of the Elysee party, between the representatives of the Ministry and those of the various groups in the Assembly. All the deputies declared that it was impossible to separate the senate bill from the other constitutional laws. MM. Dufaure and Leon, Say, insisted that provision be made for the transmission of Marshal MacMahon's powers ever after the termination of the septennate. The deputies representing the right, replied that the septennate was merely personal, whereupon Marshal MacMahon observed that should anything happen to him, the country, being without an organized Government, would pass through a terrible crisis. The Duke Pasquire remarked that the question of ill-transmission could be again examined after 1880, when it might be possible to find some ground upon which to compromise. Another meeting will be held on Saturday.

Union of the two Centres.

The *Journal Des Debates* says that an understanding between the two centres is possible, but if effected it will be independent of the right.

TURKEY.

The Famine in Asia Minor.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 31.—Since the famine set in in Asia Minor, 50,000 persons have migrated from various parts of the country to the City of Adana, half of whom have since succumbed to disease. The strange climate, distress and extreme rapaciousness of the tax gatherers aggravate the mortality.

UNITED STATES.

Funeral of Gerrit Smith.

UTICA, N.Y., Dec. 31.—The funeral of the late Gerrit Smith took place from his residence at Peterboro, Madison County, at one o'clock, p.m. Notwithstanding the intense cold, the thermometer being 30 degrees below zero, the attendance at the funeral services was very large. Among the mottoes displayed at his late residence were: "Rescue [illegible]" "Equal Rights," "Human Rights above all Laws and Constitutions," "That one is a man proves that he is entitled to all the rights of a man."

Railway Trains Obstructed.

DUTCHESS JUNCTION, Dec. 31.—Travel on the Hudson River Railway is obstructed at Garrison Tunnel by the fall of some rock. All trains are held there at present.

Journalistic.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 31.—The Sacramento *Union* newspaper was purchased for $65,000, by Paul Morrill, one of the proprietors. The management will remain as heretofore.

Fatal Explosion.

John Delaney and Samuel Richards were killed yesterday by an explosion in the Sutro Tunnel, and Mr. Pillow was fatally, and several other persons seriously injured.

The Chinese Watchmakers.

Most of the operatives of the Cornell Watch Factory have struck against the employment of Chinese. Crowds of persons are at the works to-day, and a meeting will be held to-night for the purpose of arranging matters, if possible, agreeably to all concerned.

New Gold Fields.

Despatches from Jackson say that very rich gold mines have been discovered in Sonora, on the San Miguel River. The claims already staked cover an area of two miles square.

Ice on the Hudson.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N.Y., Dec. 31.—For the first time this winter the ice on the Hudson here is fast. The Daniel Mills left here to-night for New York, but she will experience great difficulty in getting through. After to-morrow navigation to this point will be permanently closed for the season.

Gov. Dix and the Albanians.

ALBANY, N.Y., Dec. 31.—A letter signed by a large number of our leading citizens to Gov. Dix, inviting him to make this city his peamanent residence, is published together with the Governor's reply thereto. In the course of his reply he says: "My residence here during the last two years has added strength to earlier impressions, and but for ties which it is not easy to break, I should be strongly disposed to pass the rest of my days among you."

Affairs at New Orleans.

NEW YORK, The *Sun's* special from New Orleans says the condition of the public mind is feverish. Poverty and political defeat drive to desperation.

The Magistrate's examination of Warmouth to-day resulted in his discharge. His duel with Jewell will probably take place in a day or two.

The announcement of Sheridan's coming is received with suppressed indignation. Efforts are being made by the Conservatives to control the Legislature.

Strike of Coal Miners.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 31.—The miners at coal mines in Ohio, Ky., are on a strike and serious trouble is expected.

The "Free Press."

DETROIT, Dec. 31.—Hon. H. N. Walker has sold his interest in the *Free Press* to Wm. Quimby, who has been the managing editor for the past ten years.

The W. M. Tweed Case.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—The Tweed *certiorari* came up in the Supreme Court, general term, to-day, and was urged for settlement and ruling by David Dudley Field, who offered to take the first impression of the Court without extended argument. The District Attorney thought the case should be argued like any other, and was not ready, as papers had not been served on him. It was decided if counsel could fix an early day, court would hear the case, if not, it would be argued on Thursday. Judge Davis intimated that he will not sit, but will get another judge to replace him.

New Year's Day in New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—The weather continued very cold all day; thermometer ranging about 10° above zero, with indications of going still lower. Skating is good at Central Park in this city, and at the parks in Brooklyn, preparations are generally making to observe to-morrow as a holiday. All business exchanges, and banks will be closed as well as Custom House, Post Office, and other public buildings.

The evening papers of this city will suspend publication to-morrow.

King Kalakaua.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31—Kalakava left New York for New Haven to-day.

Pacific Mail Investigation.

At the Pacific mail investigation to-day, Geo. Reed, cashier of John Roach & Son, testified that the change cheque on 4th September, 1872, was given at the request of Vice-President Bellows, and was only a matter of accommodation, and Mr. Roach had knowledge of the matter.

R. R. Ralston, Director of the Pacific Mail Company, 1872, next testified.

Coal Operatives Association.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 31.—A private meeting of coal operatives was held to-day at Reading Railroad Office for the formation of an association of the operatives of the Schuylkill Co. The only business transacted was the election of officers, and the making of preliminary arrangements for the protection of their interests in the future.

The Coal Miners' Strike.

HAZLETON, PA., Dec. 31.—A meeting of operators and miners took place this forenoon. A committee of operators from the Munch Chunk meeting of yesterday, submitted their proposition, which was not accepted. The meeting adjourned till January 11th. Work will be suspended during the interval.

An Accepted Boon.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—All departments were closed to-day at noon to give the employees an opportunity to prepare for New Year's Day.

A Boyish Mutiny.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—Details of the mutiny on board the ship Mercury last Sunday show that some fourteen boys, two of them armed with pistols, suddenly took possession of a cutter which was waiting to put the chaplain ashore, and forced the crew to row them ashore. During the melee the boatswain had red pepper thrown in his eyes and was stabbed in three places. The boys were chased and all but two recaptured.

Alive and Well.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 1.—Jacob Neiswanser, who it was thought had been murdered and burned near this city, returned to-day alive and well. He left home on account of family troubles.

Kalakaua at New Haven.

NEW HAVEN, Ct., Jan. 1.—His Majesty King Kalakaua visited New Haven to-day, and was received by Mayor Lewis and aldermen and members of the Common Council at the City Hall, where a collation was served and brief speeches interchanged.

NEW BEDFORD, Jan. 1.—King Kalakaua and suite arrived here to-night, and met with a formal reception.

Inauguration of Gov. Tilden.

ALBANY, Jan. 1.—The inauguration of Gov. Tilden to-day took place at the Capital, and was witnessed by more than an ordinary large concourse of citizens. About eleven o'clock Gov. Tilden came out in front of his mansion, and raising his hat received a military salute, when the band struck up "Hail to the Chief." Gov. Tilden then took his seat in a carriage with Lieut.-Gov. Darsheimer on his left side. The members of the staff took their seats in other carriages, drawn up in front of the mansion, and the carriages were driven out upon the streets and took their places in line. The procession then started and marched through the main avenues of the city with an escort of honor consisting of Gen. Jackson's corps, who made a fine appearance. They had with them Gilmore's band. The entire procession, which was quite lengthy, was highly complimented. At 11:50 o'clock, Gov. Dix entered the Assembly Chamber, along with Mr. Tilden, followed by the latter's staff. Walking up to the clerk's desk, Gov. Dix addressed Mr. Tilden, after which Gov. Tilden made an appropriate response.

Frozen Over.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Jan. 1.—The St. Lawrence River at Cape Vincent is covered with ice, and crossing to Kingston is now made in ice boats.

Steamer Ashore.

NORFOLK, Jan. 1.—An unknown steamer is ashore fifteen miles south of Cape Henry. A wrecking steamer will be sent to her immediately.

Indian Troubles.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—Despatches from Verita, Indian Territory, report an attack anticipated by a party of full-bloods, under the leadership of Ross, numbering from 75 to 200, who were from the south, and were within twelve miles of Verita. All women and children in the place were placed on a railroad train, ready to leave for the north at a moment's notice. Intense excitement prevails, and trouble is anticipated, as there are men arriving hourly from the lower part of the Nation, reporting brutal murders all along the line of their march.

Fire.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—A fire broke out tonight in a clothing store, extending from No. 4 to 10 Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn, owned by Jacob Cohen. Loss on stock, $5,000; damage to building, $3,000.

Embezzlement.

At the Toombs police court to-day, Aaron Solomon, book-keeper for the Whalebone Manufacturing Company, gave bail in the sum of $5,000 to answer to a charge of embezzling $7,785.84, belonging to the company.

Inaugurated.

To-day Mayor Wickham and Register Jones were formally inaugurated into office.

New Years Day Receptions.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The usual reception took place at the Executive mansion to-day, Foreign Ministers, Cabinet Officers, Judges of the Supreme Court, army and navy officers, and many others, paying their respects to the President. A large delegation of Mexican war veterans, under the Marshalship of ex-Governor Hubert, of Louisiana, were received by the President in a cordial manner. He is decidedly in favour of having pensions granted to them. The members of the Cabinet and hundreds of others opened their houses to visitors and dispensed hospitalities.

Queen Victoria's Bounties.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—Queen Victoria dispensed her usual New Year bounties of beef, coats, and bread stuffs at Windsor Castle to-day.

Steamer Sunk.

MEMPHIS, Jan. 1.—A special from Helena, Ark., to-day says the steamer John B. Maude struck on an old sunken barge last night, while near a place known as Oak Landing, forty miles from Helena and sunk in about ten feet of water. No lives were lost. The Maude left this port last evening with 8,000 bales of cotton. All the passengers were brought back by the steamer Phil. Allen. It is believed that the boat and cargo will not prove a total loss.

Vice-President Wilson.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—Vice-President Wilson has returned to Washington and intends to preside over the Senate during the remainder of the session.

The Spanish Throne.

PRINCE ALFONSO PROCLAIMED KING.

PARIS, Dec. 30.

A telegraphic despatch received in this city from Madrid, under to-day's date, says that Alphonso, son of the ex-Queen, has been proclaimed King of Spain, and is recognized by all the forces, comprising the armies of the North and South.

PARIS, Dec. 31.—Additional despatches from Spain state that Prince Alfonso has been invited to visit the army of the North.

The ships in the harbour of Santander have hoisted the Royal flag. Marshal Serrano acquiesces.

The Minister of the Interior has sent the following despatch to the Governor of the Provinces:—"Alfonso the XII. has been unanimously heralded King, by the army, nation and ministry. A regency has been formed under the presidency of Conovas Del Castillo, without a portfolio. We hope your patriotism will induce you to firmly maintain the great interest confided to you." The Alfonists' consider that Carlism has received a death blow.

Ex-Queen Isabella has received the following despatches:—"All the towns have responded enthusiastically to the proclamation."

(Signed,)
PRIMA DE RIVERA,
Captain-General of Madrid.

"We pray Your Majesty to transmit the news to your son. We congratulate you on this grand triumph, achieved without bloodshed."

This telegram is signed by Gen. Prima de Rivera and Conovas Del Castillo.

PARIS, Dec. 31.—The Spanish Consul at Bourg Madame, Department of the Pyrenees orientacles, has notified the Sub Prefect of Bayonne that Donna Blanco, wife of Dan Alfonso, brother of Don Carlos, has crossed the frontier into Spain, and proceeded towards Zodewegel.

Resignation of the Gov. of Santander.

SANTANDOR, Dec. 31.—The Governor of Santander has resigned. The town is quiet. The navy is favourable to Prince Alfonso. Marshal Serrano has gone to Madrid.

PARIS, Jan. 1.—Ex-Queen Isabella, in response to the despatch of General Prima Derivera, sent the following telegram: "The King proceeds to Spain immediately."

Alfonso has telegraphed to the Pope asking his blessing, and promising that he will, like his ancestors, defend the rights of the Holy See.

King Alfonso's Ministry is announced as follows: Castro, Minister of Foriegn Affairs; Cordenas, Minister of Justice; Jovellar, Minister of War; Salaverrai, Minister of Finance; Malins, Minister of Marine; Robledo, Minister of the Interior; and Ayala, Minister of the Colonies.

Alfonso did not pass through Paris, but has gone to Spain direct. He will disembark either at Cadiz or Valencia.

Gen. Martinez Compas has entered Valencia at the head of the troops that were sent to oppose him when he pronounced for Alfonso.

The Carlist leaders Darregaray, Alvarez, and others have entered Catalonia.

Interviewing the New King.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—The *Times* correspondent at Paris telegraphs that he had an interview with Alfonso, who is in that city. He stated that he was ready to start for Spain, but it was necessary for him to await a despatch, which is expected to-day (Friday). He had expected the news of his proclamation. His mother will remain in Paris. He concluded as follows: "I am not the King of a party. My Ministry will be composed of men of all shades."

Results of the Proclamation.

PARIS, Jan. 1.—Despatches from Spain say that the Carlist General Borregary has laid down his arms, and that other prominent Carlists are about to give in their adhesion to King Alphonso. The Spanish ambassador at Paris has resigned. Disturbances are apprehended at Barcelona.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—In his interview with the Paris correspondent of the London *Times*, Don Alfonso said, "Liberal Constitutionist as I am, I know well that it is not a matter of pleasure to be King of Spain at this moment, but I shall try to understand my duty and do it."

A special despatch from Madrid to the London *Times* says General Primo De River some time since informed Marshal Serrano that he intended to have Alfonso proclaimed King, and persisted in this intention despite the offers of Serrano to him of the most elevated positions in his gift, including that of Captain-General of Cuba. Marshal Serrano was unable to supersede Rivera, as he alone had the disposal of military forces in Madrid. The *Times* correspondent also says that the new Ministry have telegraphed the Captain-General of Cuba, ordering him to announce the proclamation of King Alfonso to the army in Cuba, which the King trusts will more determinedly than ever defend the integrity of Spanish territory.

MADRID, Jan. 1.—The Republican armies in Catalonia and Saragossa have accepted Don Alfonso as King.

The New Policy with Cuba.

It is reported that one of the first acts of the new Ministry will be to telegraph to the Capt.-General of Cuba to exercise a conciliatory spirit, and to pacify the Cubans by re-establishing as far as possible a cordial understanding between the Home and Provincial Governments.

The Spanish army and navy yesterday everywhere accepted Don Alfonso as King. Marshal Seranno has quietly transferred the command of the armies to General Lazerna.

PARIS, Jan. 1.—Despatches from Spain say that Gen. Dorregaray has laid down his arms, and that other prominent Carlist leaders are about to give in their adhesion to King Alfonso. The Spanish Ambassador at Paris has resigned.

The Duke De Montpensier and Orleans Princes have congratulated Don Alfonso upon his accession to the Spanish Throne.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE.

(By Telegraph.)

MONTREAL.

Stocks.

MONTREAL, Dec. 31.

The stock market here this morning was inactive.

The directors of the Montreal telegraph Co. held a meeting to-day, and it is reported they decided to issue new stock to the extent of ten per cent., and to pay the usual five per cent dividend. Merchants, 116½ closing 116½; Commerce, 133¼ closing 133¾; Telegraph, 192, closing 192½ to 192¾; Montreal, 185¼, closing 185¼ to 186.

MANITOBA.

The Local Government Sustained.

WINNIPEG, Dec. 30.

The result of the Manitoba Local election held on the 30th, gives the Government 16 and the Opposition 8 seats.

The Premier, the Hon. R. A. Davies, was elected for Winnipeg by 15 of a majority.

TANNERIES SCANDAL INVESTIGATION

Progress of the Evidence.

MONTREAL, Dec. 31.

The Tanneries Committee met again today. The examination of witnesses was proceeded with.

Mr. GEO. L. MARLES, of the Seminary of St. Sulpice, knew the Tanneries and Leduc property. Had made an estimate of the Tanneries property in June last, and placed it at 15 cents per foot *en bloc*, but if it were cut up into streets, it would reduce the value about one-fifth, leaving it at $98,000. The property of Gilbert Leduc was valued in March, 1864, at $10,400. The remaining Leduc property in 1868 at $4,800.

Mr. CHARLES R. HASMER, Manager of the Dominion Telegraph Company, stated that he had received telegrams from the members of the Government which appeared to be of a general nature, and not bearing upon their face any connection with the exchange of land. The telegrams were then perused by the Chairman, who stated that he had no reason to suppose that they had any direct significance with the exception of the following:—

A. DONSBREAU, Quebec,—Both letters received and being attended to. Will Archambault meet me here, or shall I go to Quebec to-night?

(Signed), J.R.M.

August 27, 1874.

Mr. J. A. PERKINS was the next witness, and in answer to Mr. Ritchie, said that whatever knowledge he had as to the Tanneries land exchange had been revealed to him in his professional character of counsel and legal adviser of Mr. Middlemiss as his client, and he therefore respectfully declined to state before the Committee such knowledge, upon the ground of professional confidence. He had never made an offer or entered into negotiations with the Dominion Government with a view to acquire the Tanneries property, and had never instituted any enquiry or entered into negotiations with any one for that purpose, otherwise than in his official capacity. Did not know of any negotiations with the Dominion Government, or any offer being made to them with respect to the Tanneries property.

Q. Are there any facts within your knowledge, or any information which you can lay before the Committee touching the subject matter of this enquiry, which you have not acquired a knowledge of, or obtained in your professional capacity? If so, please state them.

Mr. PERKINS—None. My knowledge is entirely derived from privileged communications of a confidential character, and I decline to state any facts within my knowledge thus obtained.

Mr. RITCHIE submitted the matter to the Committee as to whether or not witness was to answer.

Mr. PERKINS still maintained his objection, adding that the law did not enforce an advocate to reveal the confidential communication of his client, and that it was as much as his practice was worth to reveal the secrets of his clients.

Mr. ST. PIERRE asked several questions, which witness declined to answer for previous reasons.

Mr. CHURCH said the interrogations were connected with the question of privilege, and he would move, therefore, that the Committee would take time to consider before giving their decision in the matter.

MONTREAL, Jan. 1st.

Mr. PAXTON was next examined. He said—I am acquainted with the Tanneries property. Considered it worth 12½ cents per foot *en bloc* on 1st July last; was offered a portion of land at that price last summer; did not know the "Leduc" property; considered a great objection would be raised to a hospital being built at the Tanneries, but thought the Leduc farm too far off for the purpose.

Mr. W. RICE was then examined. Both his purchases from the Leducs were *bona fide* sales, and were on his own account. About two months previous to June 13th, he gave Mr. Middlemiss a promise of sale. The agreement was something to the effect that he was allowed to sell the property at $63,000, and keep all that he might sell it for over that amount. Thought this agreement was open for about sixty days, and was binding on him, but not on Middlemiss. The subject regarding the advisability of the exchange of the Tanneries for the Leduc property was first brought under his notice by the newspapers. He was not aware that his name was in the agreement between Bond and Middlemiss on July 1st last till he saw it in the papers, when travelling from Detroit [illegible] Montreal. The deed of July [illegible] was in accordance with the promi[illegible] sale previously referred to, and he believed that agreement was made out on the same day as the deed, but did not know Middlemiss's object in buying the property. The deed was made in good faith. In the deed the consideration was stated at $160,000. The arrangement was that Middlemiss should sell the property, and all over the $63,000 should be his. If Middlemiss sold the farm for more than $63,000, he was to have the balance. It was at Middlemiss's request that the value was put at $160,000. Witness asked Mr. Middlemiss why he wished to put the price at that, and received the reply that it was none of his business. For the property he received $8,000 cash, and Mr. Middlemiss assumed the $28,000 debt on the land, and the mortgage for $27,000. The cash was by cheque on the Exchange Bank. On July 7th, a deed was passed by Middlemiss to him of a third of the Tanneries property. He bought it with a view of making something, but it turned out that he did not. He believed the bargain was made the day before the deed was passed. The property he believed was not put at so much per foot, but $27,500 for the whole lot. Middlemiss told him of the mortgage to Bond Brothers, and the agreement was that witness should assume it. There was nothing said about the commutation, and he supposed the property was commuted and the clause "free of all encumbrance" covering everything. Was paid the $27,000 by cancelling the mortgage on the Leduc farm.

Mr. BROUSE asked if the fact was not simply that he had exchanged the whole of the Leduc property for one-third of that at the Tanneries?

Mr. RICE said his interest in the Tanneries property had certainly cost him some money, but could not state the amount. He continued that he knew nothing about the doubt as to the title of the Tanneries property until about two weeks after July 7th. He was away at Detroit at the time, and was disagreeably surprised in seeing accounts of the exchange in western papers. When he returned he attempted to sell his share, but owing to doubts being current as to a clear title, he was unable to sell to several parties. Subsequently he sold it to Mr. McCormack, and five other parties, of whom he knew. McCormack was in his service as bookkeeper four or five years ago. On August 26th, when the sale was made to the parties, he received $1,500 in cash and cheques at a short date, the latter being endorsed by McCormack.

Further evidence from the witness was then postponed until January 7th, on which date he was to appear and lay before the Committee certain papers and extracts from his book, relating to the exchange.

Mr. ARSENE DESEVE, Jr., of Tanneries West, testified to having speculated in property for the last four years. Considered the Tanneries property to be worth from twelve cents to fifteen cents *en bloc* on 1st July last, which he considered a very fair price, as the land had no outlet on the west. According to the offers that were made for his property, he considered the front part of the Leduc farm, twenty acres deep, to be worth ten cents a foot and five cents a foot. Considered the Leduc farm about the finest in the neighbourhood, and that Leduc sold it at too low a price. It was a suitable place for a small-pox hospital.

The Committee adjourned at 1:30 p. m., to 7th January at 11 a. m.

THE BROCKVILLE ABORTION CASE.

DEATH OF THE VICTIM.

VERDICT OF THE JURY.

BROCKVILLE, Dec. 31.

Last evening the coroner's jury summoned to investigate the abortion case resumed its sitting at 7 o'clock p. m., in the grand jury room.

Dr. Morden stated on oath that in connection with Dr. Brouse he had made a post-mortem examination of the body of Sophia E. Burnham. He gave his evidence in detail, showing plainly that an abortion had been performed on the unfortunate young lady, and also that she had died from the effects of the same.

Dr. Brouse corroborated Dr. Morden's evidence.

Dr. Moore, on being sworn, stated that he knew the deceased. She was his sister-in-law. Had been called to attend her on the 22nd instant. Examined her person and was of opinion that she had been pregnant and was suffering from a miscarriage.

Mr. A. E. Richards, being sworn, said he had taken the statement of the deceased on the 24th instant. She appeared quite rational then. He was satisfied that she believed she was dying. She made the following statement under oath in presence of witness and Mr. J. K. Read, which was reduced to writing and signed by the dying lady. The deposition was then read as follows:—

"I am very ill and have no hope of recovery. I was in the family way two months to W. H. Greaves, and knew him; he is the Grand Trunk Ticket Agent. He seduced me, and when I asked him to marry me he said he could not, but he would bring me some medicine that would relieve me. He gave me some, but it did not have the desired effect; he then told me he would see Dr. Sparham. I knew Dr. Sparham by sight; he was a quiet looking man, and usually wore a black Astrachan coat on the street. Greaves brought me some black stuff; I thought it smelled like tincture of mercury; he said it contained mercury, Dr. Sparham had told him so. This did me no good, and he then brought me a beer bottle which he said contained an injection, and instructed me how to use it. I did as he said and found it had no effect. I then wrote Greaves a note asking him to make an appointment for me with Dr. Sparham. I sent it by my little nephew. Greaves was not allowed to come to our house, and I waited for him, and when he was passing I went out, and he came across the street and spoke to me. We then went together to Dr. Sparham's house. The Doctor took me upstairs into a room, and Greaves stayed in the office; the Doctor told me he would like his wife to be present; he said she would not tell anything; I said I did not care to be known; she did not come that time. He told me it was a very serious matter. A lawyer in Montreal had been sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary for only proposing it to a doctor. He said he would like to tie a bandage over my eyes, so that I could not see what he did to me. I allowed him to do so; and he then performed an operation on me, and after telling me how it would affect me, let me go. I walked home with Greaves. This was on the 18th Dec. The operation did not affect me as the Doctor said it would, and I saw Greaves at church on the following Sunday, and told him. He took me to Dr. Sparham's again, and the operation was repeated upon me; this time his wife was present. He gave me some medicine and told me how to use it. I went home and took the medicine, but it did not affect me, and on the next Monday, 21st December, I started again for the Doctor's. Greaves came with me as far as the St. Lawrence Hall, and then left me. I went to Dr. Sparham's, and he operated on me again, his wife assisting him. He gave me five powders, and told me it would come this time. I went home again and took three of the powders before going to bed; the next morning I was very unwell and had a miscarriage. I told my sister to take the other two powders out of my pocket and give them to Dr. Moore. I then told them all as I have told you. I have felt much relieved since Dr. Moore has attended me."

Dr. Vaux being sworn testified: I was called by Dr. Moore to see the deceased, and had agreed with him that there had been a miscarriage. Dr. Moore gave me a detailed account of his treatment of deceased of which I approve in every particular. This concluded the evidence, and after a short deliberation the jury returned the following verdict:—

"That the said Sophia Elizabeth Burnham came to her death from the effects of an operation illegally and feloniously performed upon her body by Ezra Bensel Sparham, for the purpose of producing an abortion, and that the said operation was performed at the instance and request of W. H. Greaves, and that the said Ezra Bensel Sparham and W. H. Greaves did wilfully, feloniously, and of malice aforethought kill and murder Sophia Elizabeth Burnham.

There was another clause to the verdict which, in the interests of justice, it is not thought proper meanwhile to publish.

The town is filled with intense excitement over the affair, and much disappointment was manifested by the crowd who were waiting for the verdict when it was learned that it would not be known until this morning.

Dr. Sparham's wife is at large, and has left the town, but warrants are out for her apprehension.

The deceased lady was about thirty years of age, and has always borne an excellent character. Greaves is a widower, and has a daughter fifteen years of age, besides other children. Great sympathy is expressed for the relatives of all the parties in the sad affair.

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When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents.
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Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Ottawa Trades Council—T. P. Carroll.
Sacred Music—Ditson & Co.
Application to Parliament—H. J. Gibb.
By Ward—P. H. Chabot.
Skin Diseases—Perry Davis & Son.

The Times.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JAN. 2, 1875.

THE CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.

It has been definitely concluded that Great Britain and Canada will take part in the exhibition to be held in Philadelphia, and a good position has been set apart for them, next to that assigned the United States. Special commissioners will be appointed to act as the representatives of this country.

THE RUSSELL ELECTION.

We publish in another column a letter from Mr. J. L. P. O'Hanly, on the subject of the Russell election for the Local Legislature, not because we approve of its sentiment in the slightest degree, but because we have every desire that Mr. O'Hanly should speedily be dispossessed of the idea that he is being in any way unfairly treated. Mr. O'Hanly believes that we were "grossly misinformed" as to the unanimity of the Convention in nominating Dr. Ferguson. Our informant was in every way to be depended upon, and since he was present at the Convention and Mr. O'Hanly was not, the probability is that it is Mr. O'Hanly who has been misinformed. Mr. O'Hanly's analysis of the vote at the Convention may be, and no doubt is perfectly correct (the point is immaterial); but it would have been the first instance of perfect unanimity we have ever heard of had it been otherwise. Were it not that there are usually conflicting interests to be harmonized, there would be no occasion for such conventions, and it is the merest farce in the world to go to a convention if one is not prepared there to resign himself into the hands of the majority. If it were true, as Mr. O'Hanly says, that each party at the Convention stuck to his nominee, it would be hard to find a reason for their meeting. Mr. O'Hanly, moreover, attempts to draw a deduction from his own analysis of the vote of the delegates which to say the least of it is a little far fetched, and in so far as it is prophetic, we have no faith in it. It will be time enough to talk of the proportion which Dr. Ferguson will poll when he has polled it.

Mr. O'Hanly makes what would, under other circumstances, have been a very pointed and grave charge against the delegates to the Convention. He says they went there resolved on disintegration, not upon building up a Reform party in the county. Now, we do think that Mr. O'Hanly is just doing that very same thing which he charges against the delegates, and to put it in the very mildest terms possible, it is a case of the pot exchanging compliments with the pan. He says two-thirds of the Reformers of the riding are Catholics, and yet he complains that in respect of religion and nationality the affair was very one-sided. This is a serious charge, not against the Convention, but against the whole Reform party of Russell. If the Catholics form two-thirds of the Reform party in the county, there is one reason why they should not have sent two-thirds of the delegates to the Convention, and if Mr. O'Hanly had their confidence, he would of course have been the nominee. We challenge the correctness of Mr. O'Hanly's analysis of nationality, and hold moreover that to raise the question at all in a country which knows no nationality but the Canadian, is not extremely magnanimous. We have said that the charge if true was serious, not because of the alleged complexion of the Convention, but because it would prove a very large proportion of the Reformers of Russell to be cold and indifferent in regard to the success of their principles. Mr. O'Hanly professes not to understand why papers, professing to be Reform do not support him, and he thinks that he must surely labour under some disability, at the same time suggesting that that disability is his religion. With all respect for our correspondent, we think the suggestion as well as the thought which inspired it rather an unworthy one. We trust it has been given expression to without sufficient consideration, and under an inspiration which second thought will have driven away. We do not know, nor does Mr. O'Hanly offer us any proof, that he is entitled on behalf of the Catholics to throw out any such insinuation. Upon what ground he claims to represent that class he does not say, and we have not heard that they have given him any good reason for believing that he does so.

As a life-long Reformer—as a Liberal when Liberalism was less popular than it is now, and when he was practically fighting against great odds on behalf of the cause—no member of the party can refuse to cherish for our correspondent the greatest respect and esteem. But to be a true and loyal member of any political party a man must be prepared to subordinate his own interests to theirs. Here, indeed, we have the very best means of testing a man's loyalty to his party—a test which we trust Mr. O'Hanly will pass through without losing aught of that confidence and esteem which he otherwise so well deserves.

We are not prepared to take our correspondent's melancholy view of the situation, nor do we believe that he was in earnest in casting doubts upon the political proclivities of the choice of the Convention. We expect that on the polling day Dr. Ferguson will be triumphant, although if it be otherwise, Mr. O'Hanly, should he persist in dividing the party, will have the poor consolation of knowing that he contributed his quota towards defeating the candidate of a Government whose principles he professes to admire, and whose policy he desires to see carried out.

MR. CARVELL'S "REMARKS."

We return to the subject of Mr. Carvell's "remarks" in reply to the charges brought by Mr. Brydges, in his report to the Minister of Public Works, against the management of the Intercolonial Railway. His arguments in each case are of the same painful nature; political considerations have constrained Mr. Carvell to permit irregularities which were simply scandalous. It would be somewhat unfair, however, to put this down entirely to the General Superintendent's personal account, for it is clear enough that the late Government demanded as a condition of his retaining the position that he should carefully abstain from exposing the dishonesty and peculation of their political creatures, and send his conscience to Jericho. On the other hand, it will be somewhat difficult with most people to reconcile the retention of any position of responsibility on such servile and degrading conditions with that honesty of purpose and elevated personal character which are indispensable in the successful manager of a public work of any kind, more especially a work of the magnitude of the Intercolonial Railway. To a man of the stamp we should expect to find in Mr. Carvell's position, it would be intolerable—nay simply impossible, to have to look daily upon the grossest negligence and mismanagement, the least disguised defiance of authority, and the most easily detected misapplication of the funds of the railway without protesting, simply because those offending had been active political wire-pullers, and were possessed of some influence at Ottawa. It is almost inconceivable that any member of Parliament would be mean and dishonest enough to attempt to screen a nominee from the just consequences of such glaring offences as Mr. Carvell admits he was under the necessity of overlooking, and still less conceivable that the men who were entrusted with the high and honorable duty of administering the affairs of the Dominion on behalf of Parliament should so far prostitute their position and influence as not only to permit their directly responsible officer to wink at such audacious criminality, but to demand it of him as a positive duty. Yet so it was—not merely in isolated instances, but all over the line. Mr. Carvell admits that Mr. Brydges is quite right about the ticket clerk at Richmond, whose cash and credit accounts were a long way from balancing; and he went so far as to "admonish" this promising official, who in turn gave his assurances that the irregularity should never occur again. He allowed the matter to pass thus, he says, because he "felt the same "political constraint in this case as in the "others."

Mr. Carvell takes issue with Mr. Brydges, for the first time in the course of his "remarks," on the subject of the purchase of rails in 1872, which Mr. Brydges alleges were bought too dear, and much above the rates being paid for the same material by the Grand Trunk Railway Company—not always conspicuous for its economy—at the same time. He pleads the limited nature of his order, a busy season, and going late upon the market for an article which was required immediately, as excuses for the difference of one pound sterling per ton in the rates paid respectively by the Grand Trunk and Intercolonial; and he produces letters from the manufacturers of his order, and others in the trade in England, asserting that the prices paid were those current at the time. So far as the *bona fides* of the transaction are concerned, which is all that these certificates prove, there was nothing in Mr. Brydges' report calling for a certification of them. It was simply asserted that the purchase was made at a rate exceeding by one pound sterling per ton or over that paid by the Grand Trunk Railway Company, at the same period, for exactly similar material; and if Mr. Carvell chose the close of the season, when the manufacturers had all they could well perform on hand already, to negotiate for supplies which could not wait until the market was more favourable, but must be had at any price, he pleads guilty to Mr. Brydges' whole indictment—confesses, in fact, that he, the manager of a great railway on behalf of the Government of a by no means insignificant country, instead of proceeding prudently, warily, and with a full knowledge of the requirements of his position, acted the part of a novice, for which the country had to pay the piper. We can hardly think that Mr. Carvell has yet realized how entirely he has in his reply demonstrated his own incompetency in respect of this same purchase, for he offers this extraordinary proof of his unfitness for his position with an earnest simplicity which is truly astonishing, and appears to triumph in it as a complete answer and refutation of Mr. Brydges' allegations. He has yet to learn, we fear, what even very simple people in this age of business are supposed to know that it is bad policy to sell your hen on a rainy day, or to wait until the larder is empty, the children crying for hunger, and supplies at a premium, before you go to the provision market. As a proof of Mr. Carvell's personal honesty and uprightness, his argument may be conclusive; but it is equally conclusive in proof of his simplicity and want of the business tact and foresight which are pre requisite to the effective discharge of the duties attaching to his position. And then, since neither his honesty nor his uprightness were necessarily assailed, it was quite needless to vindicate them, especially since that vindication is a practical concession of all that Mr. Brydges charged, and even more; for it proved that not only were the purchases made at exceedingly high rates, but Mr. Carvell by his want of tact and business capacity had placed himself at the mercy of the manufacturers, who could charge pretty much what they chose. He also attempts to show that Mr. Brydges' comparison between the prices paid by the Grand Trunk and the Intercolonial respectively was unfair, inasmuch as the order of the latter was small and the other comparatively extensive. Surely, however, the agent of the Government, with the unbounded credit of the Dominon of Canada at his back, could command as good terms on the British market, even with a limited order, as a private corporation whose financial condition had not always been the most secure, and which after all was only a private corporation.

Mr. Carvell seems to make one good point against Mr. Brydges, and only one. Of course we may have an explanation from Mr. Brydges which will give another colour to the matter, but in the meantime Mr. Carvell seems to have the best of it. We can scarcely grudge it him, "under the circumstances," as his own favourite expression would have it. He says:—

"With regard the statement made by Mr. Brydges that 'the price charged by the Spring Hill Colliery is $3.75 a ton, and by the Pictou Coal Company $3.25, and that he has no doubt whatever that arrangements can be made to get this coal supplied at least $1 cheaper a ton than the lowest price mentioned.' I desire to say, that the railway only paid the Spring Hill Company $3 per ton for coal supplied in May, and $2.75 per ton in June and prior to Mr. Brydges' visit, I notified; the Managing Director that we would not pay more than £2.50 in July, and that the railway would expect to have the advantage of any further reduction in the market, as coal was everywhere receding in price. With regard to coal from the Pictou Company, the price we had been paying at the junction of the coal lines with the main line was $3.25, the rate at one time was as high as $3.50. To which figure it had gradually advanced, as coal was in demand from $2 in previous years, but as the price receded about the 1st May to $3, f.o.b., vessels at Pictou Landing, and the mining company having to pay the railway carriage 25c per ton, I refused to pay more than $2.75 per ton at the junction. I was satisfied from the generally depressed state of business that the rate would soon become $2.50. Under these circumstances, the saving would be only 15 cents per ton, which on 20,000 tons, arranged for by Mr. Brydges, would be $30,000 instead of $25,000 which he claims will be 'the reduction in the coss of fuel under the new contract.' But I must here state that in July, I was notified by the Vale Coal Company that the price of their coal was reduced to $2.25, or ten cents per ton less than the contract, and I have no doubt whatever that at any time since, the railway could have contracted for 10,000 to 20,000 tons at from $2 to $2.10 per ton; so that comparing the contract price with the rate at which the coal might since have been arranged for, the contract occasions a loss of about $5,000 instead of a gain of $25,000.

With regard to the extremely unsatisfactory condition of the Stores Department at Halifax, upon which Mr. Brydges' report speaks in such decided terms of condemnation, Mr. Carvell says:—"I at "once admit that the affairs of that depart "ment were not in the satisfactory condi- "tion which I could have desired, and "that in some cases, the stock of ma- "terial was in excess of the require- "ments." He adds, however, that he did his best to remedy these matters, and lays the blame upon his subordinates. Probably they may have a few "remarks" to make next, and although there is no doubt that Mr. Carvell's charges of incompetency on their part are only too well founded, it would be somewhat interesting to know how far they are willing to permit them to go without challenge or retaliation. On one subject in connection with the stores Mr. Carvell volunteers an explanation which at this time, and in the light of recent events, does appear disingenuous. He attempts to account for the extraordinary stock of iron castings and springs on hand by showing how large the demand was for that class of goods upon the road, and what variety the nature of the rolling stock required for purposes of repairs. It is quite unnecessaay now to say that the desire of the partners in the firm of Messrs. Fraser, Reynolds & Co., silent and active, whoever they may be, to make a little money—honestly if they could, no doubt, but dishonestly if necessary—was the best and only explanation of this magnificent stock, of the ordering of which, by the way, the Chief Superintendent of the railway knew nothing whatever until he was called upon to sign a cheque for its payment. He remonstrated at first, but finally agreed to pay the enterprising if not very scrupulous gentlemen what they alleged to be the cost price with five per cent. commission added. How this "cost" price was "fixed," the special report of Mr. Brydges, which was recently published in these columns, will best show. Doubtless if Mr. Carvell had now an opportunity of re-writing his own vindication, he would pass over this ugly business with as little remark as possible; certainly he would never attempt to defend it. More anon.

Correspondence.

RUSSELL ELECTION.

To the Editor of THE TIMES;

Sir,—In this day's issue you state that Dr. Ferguson was the unanimous choice of the Convention at Duncanville. I am sure you would not wilfully state what was not true, and I therefore conclude you must have been grossly misinformed. The Convention, including Dr. Ferguson and Mr. Tytler, candidates, numbered sixteen. These, with the other proposed candidates, retired; and the final vote as announced by the Convention was Ferguson, 8; Morgan, 5, and Tytler, 1. Instead of agreeing on a choice, they separated strong partizans of their respective nominees.

Dr. Ferguson was supported by three delegates from New Edinburgh, the three from Russell, one from Cambridge and one from Clarence; Mr. Morgan by the five from Osgoode; and Mr. Tytler by one from Clarence. From this you will perceive that though the whole vote of these municipalities were Reform, that he would not have a fifth of the whole electoral vote.

It did appear to me that instead of going there to deliberate and devise the best means of consolidating and building up a Reform party in Russell, they were resolved on its disintegration. In fact, some of these very delegates had been previously canvassing for their respective favourites. It cannot be denied that this convention had very little of a representative character. Its composition seemed very exclusive indeed. Notwithstanding that two-thirds of the Reformers of the Riding are Catholics, that element was represented by one—a French gentleman from Clarence, who refused his adhesion to Dr. Ferguson. In nationality it was nearly as onesided. I believe it consisted of fourteen Scotchmen, or descendants of Scotchmen, one Frenchman, and one U. E. L. Their choice fell on men whose Reform principles, to say the least, are not of the purest type. Yet had they been unanimous and shown only an earnest desire to promote Reform principles, I am too sincere and disinterested a Liberal to stand in the way of success. But as it is, I shall test the sense of the people on our principles. I cannot understand why papers calling themselves Reform will not support me, unless I labour under some disability. Perhaps my class are not entitled to a full participation in the institutions of this country. There must be some cause for it, but I can challenge comparison with any of them.

Yours, &c., &c.,
J. L. P. O'Hanly.

Ottawa, Dec. 31st, 1874.

If you want to be happy, go to Duffy's 50 cent sale to-night. 3732-2in.

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732.

To-night is the gala night at Duffy's 50 cent sale. Go and get a New Year's present. 3732-2in.

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

A German organ, gold and silver watch to-night at Duffy's 50 cent sale. 3732-2in.

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732.

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,
Grocer and Wine Merchant,
WELLINGTON-ST.
Dec. 30, 1874. 3879

Books & Stationery.

SACRED MUSIC BOOKS FOR 1875.

RIVER OF LIFE.
(35 cts.) A most beautiful Sunday School Book, H. S. Perkins and W. W. Bentley.

LEADER.
[$1.38.] Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

THOMAS'S QUARTETS AND ANTHEMS
($2 50.) Perfect music of the best class, for Quartet Choirs. J. R. Thomas.

BANK ANTHEM SERVICES.
[$2 50]. Anthem music of excellent quality for all the services of the Episcopal Church. H. P. Danks.

PERKINS' ANTHEM BOOK.
[$1 50.] Easy Anthems. Very full, good, and already popular collection. W. O. Perkins.

SONG MONARCH.
[75cts.] For Singing Schools. Not much Sacred Music, but an admirable preparatory course, with a large quantity of secular music for practice. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.
All books sent post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.
OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

XMAS 1874.

JUST RECEIVED AT
HENDERSON & Co's.
New and choice assortments suitable for
XMAS AND NEW YEARS' PRESENTS.
Full stocks in following lines, viz.:
Bibles, Church Services and Prayer Books, The Poets, in cloth, Morocco and Ivorine, Albums, in Morocco Mother of Pearl and Inlaid, Writing desks, very choice, Christmas Stationery and Cards, Illuminated Texts, Mottoes and Chromos.

THE ANNUALS.
Juveniles Toy and Illustrated Books,
Miscellaneous Books,
Staple and Fancy Stationery.
Inspection invited at
HENDERSON & Co's.,
39 Sparks street.
Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

BOOKS!
Books, Books!
10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices
AT P. NAUGHTEN'S
Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.
Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.
The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.
Dec 28, 1874.

Houses to Let.

TO SELL OR RENT.

The house and grounds lately occupied by Mr. Sprague, just outside the city limits, on the Richmond Road. The house and grounds can be divided, the former making two complete dwellings, if required, with every convenience, and ample room in each for a large family.
Terms of sale or rental, moderate.
Apply to
WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK.
Dec. 7, 1874. 3712-tf

FURNISHED ROOM.—To let, a very comfortable and well furnished room, with or without board, for lady and gentleman or gentleman only, on O'Connor-st., within three minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. Address F., Times Office.
Oct. 6, 1874.

Grocers.

CHRISTMAS CARD.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS.

Thanking their numerous friends and customers for the patronage bestowed upon them since commencing business, would remind them that being in a position (through purchasing their Goods previous to advance in wholesale markets) to sell cheap, they will offer to them during the Holidays, value in quality and cheapness that cannot be surpassed in the city, viz.:

OLD PRICES.		NEW PRICES.	
3 lbs. Raisins	35cts.	3 lbs. Raisins	30cts
3 lbs. Currants	27cts.	3 lbs. Currants	20cts
Orange Peel	37cts.	Orange Peel	25cts
Lemon Peel	35cts.	Lemon Peel	25cts
Sultana Raisins	17cts.	Sultana Raisins	13cts
Figs in layers	50cts.	Figs in layers	35cts
Mixed Spices	50cts.	Mixed Spices	40cts

Dec. 21st, 1874.

SOMETHING NEW
To Economical Housekeepers!
Use the British Egg and Butter Powder!
A Perfect Substitute for Eggs!
A Great Saving in Butter!
FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.
Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers.
Ask for, and insist on having it,
Agents for Ottawa—
CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.
3 and 4 Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street
Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3m

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!
SAPOLIO,
For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.
HAND SAPOLIO,
For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artizans and mechanics.
Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.
Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

CHRISTMAS COMES BUT ONCE A YEAR.
EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE
Beg to inform their many customers and the citizens of Ottawa generally, that they are now prepared to sell
CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST
For cash during the holidays,
Fancy China Tea Setts, Crockery, Glassware and Presents of all Kinds.
A full stock of
GROCERIES AND SMALLWARES
Of all kinds for the holidays. Call early and select your goods.
All orders will receive prompt attention.
EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Corner of Kent and Wellington Streets
Dec. 24, 1874.

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,
Corner Bank and Maria Streets,
Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.
Western Prize Beef
FROM GUELPH,
A very large quantity of
MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.
Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!
Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds,
Geese from 8 to 18 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.
In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—
AUCLAIR'S,
Corner of Bank and Maria Streets
Dec. 23, 1874. 3726-1f

Boots & Shoes.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA.
Gentlemen:
Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their
BOOTS,
SHOES,
MOCCASINS,
MITTS, &c.
AT
W. E. BROWN,
15 SUSSEX-ST,
As Their Heads Must be Level.
Dec. 24, 1874. 3??ly d&w

OH! HOW JOLLY!
With the hope of contributing to the enjoyment of an immense number of people, and also as an expression of gratitude to my customers for their liberal patronage during eight years past, I have decided to present articles of the value of 50 cents for every $5 worth purchased for cash during the holidays, and gifts of proportionate value for larger amounts.
These CHRISTMAS PRESENTS will consist of Ladies, Gents, and Children's fine Kid, Mitts; plain and fancy Moccasins, French Dressing Slippers and Books and Shoes, largest variety—ALL USEFUL ARTICLES—and I especially call your attention to the fact that this is NOT A LOTTERY, but that every cash purchaser will receive in the above ratio, a gift of his own choosing.
Come at once and make your selections.
W. A. LAMB,
38 Sussex St.
Dec. 21st, 1874.

J. & G. NEELIN,
No. 12 Rideau-St., Ottawa.
Importers and Dealers in
Boots, Shoes,
Mitts, Rubbers,
Moccasins, &c.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.
Call and Inspect our Stock.
J. & G. NEELIN, Ottawa.
Dec. 24, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!
PRATT BROS.
Have had $10,000 worth of
BOOTS AND SHOES
Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence
On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,
At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.
Remember the place, PRATT BROS.
Wellington-st.,
Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Phillion & Lefebvre.
348 -ly

Painters.

T. PRENEAU, Junr.,
SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.
Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.
A large assortment of NEW PAPERS BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.
Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.
Dec 26, 1874.

Hatters & Furriers.

DEVLIN'S
FUR DEPOT
AUSTRIAN RUGS,
BUFFALO ROBES,
WOLF ROBES,
WHITE FOX ROBES,
BLACK BEAR ROBES,
RACCOON ROBES.
—AT—
DEVLIN'S
11 RIDEAU STREET.

LADIES FURS!
GENTS FURS!!
The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the
SIGN OF THE RED HAT,
No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.
A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to order by
JAMES PEACOCK,
No. 33, Rideau Street.
Dec. 20th, 1874. 3724 ml

HATS! FURS!
ALEX. BROBERY'S
—LARGE—
STOCK OF FALL HATS
Of Canadian, English and American manufacture is being sold out very cheap to make room for
WINTER GOODS!
Furs repaired and cleaned in first-class manner. Being a practical Furrier, A. B. can guarantee good work.
BROBERY!
45 RIDEAU-ST., opposite Featherston's Drug Store.
Oct. 8 '71 3??-3m

BUFFALO ROBES
AND
ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.
—AT—
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS-ST.,
Opposite the British Lion Hotel.
Dec. 21, 1874.

Legal Notices.

D. R. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.
H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants.
Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 law

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.
COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.
Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3awk3m

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario for an Act to amend an Act passed by the said Legislative Assembly in the thirty-first year of Her Majesty's reign, and intituled: "An Act to incorporate the Temporal Committee of St. Andrew's Church, in the City of Ottawa, in connection with the Church of Scotland, and to vest certain property in said Temporal Committee," to enable said Temporal Committee to mortgage the Lot commonly known as the ... Lot, and to sell a part thereof, and to issue debentures and otherwise to amend said ... mentioned Act.
WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Solicitors for Applicant.
Oct. 30. 3681tf

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Walford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnston, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the City of Toronto, as solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt become absolute and indefeisible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.
(Sd.) GEO. S. HOLMESTED,
Referee of Titles.
3715-3w-lawk

Co-Partnership.

NOTICE.
The co-partnership heretofore existing between Rattey, Aviss & Co., of this city, as Commission and General Agents, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.
Signed, A. M. RATTEY, D. J. AVISS, JOHN McEWAN.
Witness—F. Wright.
Hereafter the same business will be carried on under the name and style of Ratty & Co.
Dec. 31, 1874. 3732-5

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore existing between Charles Grant of Elizabethtown, and J. A. Grant of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton under the name, style and firm of Grant Bro's is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due or accruing to said firm in the County of Carleton must be paid in to J. A. Grant and all debts due or accruing to said firm in Brockville or vicinity must be paid in to Charles Grant.
CHARLES GRANT.
J. A. GRANT.
Fitzroy December 12, 1874.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer [Trade Mark secured] Montreal.

Election Notices.

TO THE
Electors of By Ward.

Gentlemen—We beg leave to decline the honor conferred on us by nominating us as candidates for the ensuing Municipal Election, and we respectfully solicit your votes and influences for Mr. P. H. CHABOT.
Dr. ST. JEAN, M.P.
G. TAILLON,
ETIENNE LEBLANC,
O. A. ROCQUE,
ED. GERMAIN.
Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1874.

Gentlemen,—The above will explain to you that my candidature is well endorsed by my own nationality; I beg, nevertheless to say that, if elected, I shall be the representative and the friend of all classes without distinction. Upon these conditions I appeal to the electors for an expression of their confidence. It has been matter of custom that one Canadian should be returned for the Ward, and I offer myself in that character, believing that I can discharge the duties of the office in a manner that will prove satisfactory to the ratepayers of the Ward; therefore I claim the support of the English speaking nationality of all creeds and classes, as my purpose is to give equal justice to all.
Yours truly,
P. H. CHABOT.
3-33n1

TO THE
Electors of Russell.

Gentlemen,—I beg respectfully to announce to you that I am a Candidate for your suffrages at the impending General Election for the Ontario Legislature. My political principles are well known to you as contained in detail in my address of 1867; and time and experience have added fresh strength to my convictions of their soundness. As the standard-bearer, who first unfurled the banner of Reform in your Riding, I cannot but rejoice that the good seed then sown, under very adverse circumstances, too, has not only taken deep root, but has already produced fruit.

I congratulate you that many of the measures I advocated before you, particularly those relating to the purity of elections, and without which elective institutions were little better than a farce, are now the law of this great Province; and I am glad to be able to say that some, who then sneered at my humble efforts for the people's good, have since seen the error of their ways, and become zealous workers in the glorious cause of liberty. It is cause of thankfulness that every man can now exercise his franchise without let, hindrance, or fear of consequences, according to his own honest convictions, uninfluenced by any consideration but the general good, and witnessed by no eye but that of his Maker. To the Liberal Government the country owes all these important and beneficial measures. There are many other useful and necessary reforms which will follow in their wake, if the people are true to themselves, and renew their confidence in the present Government by electing men to support them on whom they can rely—men who have a record to point to, whose fidelity to their principles is above suspicion—men who would, if necessary, be ready to follow them into the cold shades of opposition. This is the kind of support they deserve at your hands. Send them not one who veers with every change of political doctrine—a Conservative yesterday, a Reformer to-day, and a Tory again to-morrow if most conducive to his interest or ambition.

In Mr. Mowat's Administration I have the fullest confidence—a confidence inspired by their principles and confirmed by their acts. I heartily endorse not only their legislation, but the economy and efficiency with which they have administered public affairs in promoting education, encouraging settlement and developing our internal resources; and if antecedents be any criterion whereby we may judge our future actions, they shall continue to have my cordial support.

Every scheme for the encouragement of Roads and Railroads shall have my unqualified support, for these are the veins and arteries through which flows the life blood of industry. I shall use every legitimate means to influence aids for such enterprises in your Riding without regard to special interests or particular localities.

I shall devise and promote with my utmost ability a comprehensive scheme for the drainage of your whole county, by which the rich *bottom-lands* now lying waste—preserves for deer stalking—will be converted into blooming fields of golden harvest, increasing your population and enhancing your property.

With a life long devotion—often under very trying circumstances—to the cause of good and cheap Government; with a record, private and public, extending over a quarter of a century on the Ottawa Valley, at which no respectable man need blush, and can challenge fair and honest criticism; with an ambition directed as unerringly as the needle to the pole towards adding my little mite to the stock of human happiness, irrespective of race or creed, clime or color; with a mind free from bigotry as our mountain air from noxious exhalations; I appeal with just confidence to the Liberals of Russell to sustain me, and place me in a position of increased usefulness; and I can safely assure them that their trust will never be betrayed. On Conservative support I base no claim, save that of an honest man, who respects the opinions, nay, the prejudices, of those who differ from him and who in his public capacity shall know none but the people as a whole.

I shall endeavor to see as many of you as it is possible for me in the limited time between this and polling day; and frankly avow my views on any other subject that you may desire to be informed. Those whom I may not be able to see, will, I hope, excuse me, and pass sentence on me according to the principles herein enunciated. On the last occasion that I was before you I addressed, with as much sincerity as ever I uttered a sentence, to large assemblies which happened to be exclusively composed of my own countrymen, and the same I shall now say to all, as follows:—

"You should banish from your minds every consideration except the public good. You should not vote for me simply because I am an Irishman or a Catholic. You should wholly judge me according to the political principles I enunciate before you. If you approve of these, you should support me; and if there is one amongst you who disapproves of them, he is in duty bound to vote against me."

I am,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Ottawa, 26th December, 1874.

TO THE ELECTORS OF
St. George's Ward.

Gentlemen,—At the request of a number of friends, I have decided to offer myself again for re-election as one of your representatives for St. George's Ward. Unable through press of business of one kind and another to make a personal canvass of the ward, I avail myself of this means of respectfully soliciting your vote and influence. If re-elected, I shall do my best in aiding to bring about a satisfactory condition of city affairs.
Yours truly,
J. P. ROBERTSON.
Dec. 17, 1874.

Meetings.

OTTAWA TRADES' COUNCIL.
The Regular Monthly Meeting of the above Association is POSTPONED until Friday evening, January 8th, 1875, at the same hour and place.
By Order,
T. P. CARROLL,
Cor. Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 31st, 1874. 3733-2i

Ottawa Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company,
(LIMITED.)
THE first General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the OFFICE OF THE COMPANY, at Ottawa, on THURSDAY, THE 14TH JANUARY NEXT for the purpose of electing Directors, passing By-Laws, and generally organizing the Company.
Dec. 18, 1874. 372?

Machinery.

VICTORIA FOUNDR[Y]
EXTENSION OF THE WORK[S]
THE subscribers, in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on them since the opening of the Victoria Foundry and Machine Shops, and the commencement of business in the city of Ottawa, now upwards of twenty years ago, beg to inform
MILL OWNERS, MACHINISTS, AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY
That they have recently
Extended their Foundry and Work Shops,
And added to their Machinery and Tools some of the largest
Iron Planers and Turning Lathes
To be found in any similar establishment in the Dominion, as well as a
Powerful Steam Hammer and Bending Machine.
Also, they have secured the services of
Mr. ALEXANDER HENDERSON,
So long and favourably known as FOREMAN in the General Machinery Department of the JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, of Oshawa, and are now prepared to furnish heavy forgings and manufacture
Steam Engines and Boilers
Of all sizes and descriptions; likewise
Factory,
Grist, and
Saw M[ill]
MACHINERY
For which they have an almost unrivalled stock of modern and improved patterns.
They are now making preparations for the Manufacture of, and soon will be in a position to supply the market with
PRINTING PRESSES
Comprising three sizes of the celebrated Gordon, Washington and Wharfedale Machines;
Small, Improved
ENGINES for PRINTING OFFICES
Shingle Machines, and
Shingle Jointers,
Leather Splitters,
Knife Grinders,
Hydraulic Pumps
Steam Pumps on the "Cameron" and "Blake" Principles,
together with all kinds of Pumping Machinery for cities, towns and villages; and Iron Bridges for which plans and specifications can be furnished.
The Subscribers also manufacture the Leffel Tyler and Leffel WATER WHEELS, with latest improvements on the latter to prevent leakage; and furnish, on short notice, Brass and Iron Castings of all descriptions.
Builders Castings a specialty.
First-class materials, and workmanship guaranteed, and references given as to the satisfactory working of Machinery already supplied to the principal Milling and Manufacturing Establishments in the Ottawa Valley and elsewhere.
N. S. Blasdell & Co.,
Victoria Foundry & Machine Shop
Chaudiere, Ottawa.
December 23, 1874.

Hotels.

THE
CLARENDON HOUSE
OTTAWA,
WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor
The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the Corner of Sussex and George Streets within three to five minutes' walk of Post Office and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 15th January, 1875.
The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel, so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.
Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen, will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.
The Dining-Room.
One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.
The Drawing and Sitting Rooms
are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.
The Bed-Rooms
are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.
The Reading and Coffee Rooms
are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.
The Sample Rooms
are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room is of the best in Canada—is supplied with choices of liquors and cigars.
Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.
In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my Table will be one of the best in Canada.
N. B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.
Dec. 28th, 1874. 372?

ALBION HOTEL,
Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa
ROBERT GRAHAM.
Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.
In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.
The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.
ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.
Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 24?

NOTICE
All parties indebted to
Mr. T. RAJOTTE
Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.
T. RAJOTTE & Co.
Feb. 23 1874.

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD
USE THE
Diamond Yeast Cakes

BOARD AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at Mrs. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets.
Oct 10, 1874.

MINERAL WATER.
The Leitbean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town.
Oct. 27th 1874. 3678-3m

The Canadian Washer
A. R. GILES, Manufacturer, Between Boiler and Bolton Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1874.
A. R. Giles,
Sir,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Washing Machines, and have used it in my family for some time, and have found it to be a complete success, ... and I think it is an article which is quite indispensable to any family.
Yours truly,
JOHN MOREAU.

Machinery.

VICTORIA FOUNDR[Y]

EXTENSION OF THE WORK[S]

THE subscribers, in returning tha[nks for] the liberal patronage bestowed on [them] since the opening of the Victoria Foundr[y,] Machine Shops, and the commencement [of] business in the city of Ottawa, now tw[enty] twenty years ago, beg to inform

MILL OWNERS, MACHINISTS [AND] THE PUBLIC GENERALLY

That they have recently

Extended their Foundry and [Machine] Shops,

And added to their Machinery and Too[ls some] of the largest

Iron Planers and Turning Lathe[s]

To be found in any similar establish[ment in] the Dominion, as well as a

Powerful Steam Hammer and [Heating] Heating Furnace.

Also, they have secured the services of

Mr. ALEXANDER HENDERSO[N,]

So long and favourably known as FORE[MAN of] the General Machinery Department [of the] JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING C[OM]PANY, of Oshawa; and are now prepar[ed to] do heavy forgings and manufacture

Steam Engines and Boile[rs]

of all sizes and descriptions; likewise

Factory,

Grist, and

Saw M[ill]

MACHINERY

for which they have an almost unrivall[ed] modern and improved patterns.

They are now making preparations [for the] manufacture of, and soon will be in a p[osition to] supply the market with

PRINTING PRESS[ES]

Comprising three sizes of the celebrat[ed] Gordon, Washington and Wharf[edale] Machines;

Small, Improved

ENGINES for PRINTING OFFIC[ES]

Shingle Machines, and

Shingle Jointers,

Leather Splitters,

Knife Grinders,

Hydraulic P[resses]

Steam Pumps on the "Cameron" a[nd] "Blake" Principles,

Together with all kinds of Pumping Machi[nery] for cities, towns and villages; and Iron Br[idges] for which plans and specifications can b[e fur]nished.

The Subscribers also manufacture the L[effel] Lefel and Leffel WATER WHEELS, [with] the best improvements on the latter to [save] leakage; and furnish, on short notice, Bra[ss] Castings of all descriptions.

Builders Castings a specialty.

First-class materials, and workmanship [guar]anteed, and references given as to the sati[sfactory] working of Machinery already supplie[d to] the principal Milling and Manufacturing [estab]lishments in the Ottawa Valley and elsew[here.]

N. S. Blasdell & Co.,

[V]ictoria Foundry & Machine Sh[ops,]

Chaudiere, Ottawa.

[Dec]ember 28, 1874.

Hotels.

[T]HE

[C]LARENDON HOUS[E,]

OTTAWA.

[W]ILLIAM MILLS, Propriet[or.]

The above Hotel, one of the finest and m[ost com]modious in the City, is situated at the [cor]ner of Sussex and George Stre[ets,] within three to five minutes' walk of Post O[ffice,] Parliament Buildings, and in the centre [of the] business part of the city, will be opened [to the] public about the 15th January, 1873. [The] Proprietor has entirely remodelled a[nd fur]nished this Hotel, so that nothing is wa[nting] to ensure the comfort of guests. [Mem]bers of Parliament, Tourists, and Co[mmer]cial travellers, will find all facilities [for] convenience and comfort unequalled [by any] other hotel.

The Dining-Room,

[One] of the finest in the Dominion, is capable [of accom]modating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms

[L]arge and elegantly furnished with [mod]ern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms

[L]arge, airy, well lighted, heated and ve[ntilated.]

The Reading and Coffee Rooms

[Fur]nished with the best easy chairs, loung[es,] &c.

The Sample Rooms

[The] finest in the city. The Bar-Room, [the] best in Canada—is supplied with [the best] of liquors and cigars.

[Om]nibuses will Run to and from [all] Trains and Boats.

[S]oliciting your patronage, I would [beg] to assure you that my personal su[pervision] will be given to see to the comforts of [guests,] while my long and well known ex[perience] in catering is a guarantee that my T[able will be] one of the best in Canada.

Due notice will be given as to dat[e of opening.]

[...] 8th, 1874.

[A]LBION HOTEL,

[Nich]olas and Daly Streets, Ottaw[a.]

[R]OBERT GRAHAM.

[Begs] to inform his many friends and the pu[blic that] he has succeeded his brother, [...] [GRAH]AM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and [it is his] intention to make all who patroniz[e it th]oroughly comfortable.

[The] house are ladies' and gents' Parl[ors, bed]rooms for families; combined sitti[ng] rooms, and upwards of fifty bedroo[ms, well] heated.

[The b]ar-room is replete with the best Wi[nes,] Liquors and Ales that can be purchase[d.] Good Yard and Stables.

[ES]TABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

[...], Feb 14, 1874.

[NOT]ICE

All parties indebted to

[...]T. RAJOTTE

[are hereb]y requested to call in at Messrs. T. [...] & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle [their acco]unts at once. Otherwise, the same wi[ll be placed] in our Collector's hands for immediat[e collection.]

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

[...] 1874.

[IF YOU] WANT GOOD BREAD

USE THE

[Diam]ond Yeast Cakes

[BOARD] AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen [can be] accommodated with good board and [...] lodging, at Mrs. McINTYRE'S [...] [Dalhou]sie and Maria streets.

[MINER]AL WATER.

[...]ean Mineral Water, which has been [extens]ively used in this City during the past [...] the best cure for Kidney Disease and [...] known, is now for sale at H. F. [McCarthy's], Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, [...] and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town.

[...] 1874. 3678-3m

[...] Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1874.

A. R. GILES,

SIR,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Washing Machines, and have used it in my family for some time, and it is a complete success, on account of its great durability in working and its durability; an article which is quite indispensable to any family. Yours truly, JOHN MOREAU.

THE OTTAWA.

(From Blackwell's "Water Highways.")

The Ottawa is a magnificent river, having three points of confluence with the St. Lawrence; one passing by Vaudreuil, entering at the foot of the Cascade Rapids, another by St. Anne's, at the upper part of Lake St. Louis, about twenty-four miles above Montreal, and the third opposite Varennes, thirty miles below that city. The northern stream (which flows to the north, and thus insulates the district of Montreal), bifurcates near the village of St. Eustache, and further insulates the district of Laval, known by the name of Isle of Jesus. The two re-uniting once more, close to the lower confluence with the St. Lawrence, both branches of the river pour down their brown, peaty-coloured waters, and stain the north-west side of the St. Lawrence nearly into Lake St. Peter, the blending there being favoured by the various currents induced by the low alluvial islands occupying the river, which is about six miles wide (between Sorel and Berthier).

From St. Anne's passing up the Ottawa, we pursue an almost westerly course to Ottawa, one hundred and ten miles above Montreal, where the Fall known as the "Chaudierre" interrupts the navigation; the Fall itself, with six miles of rapid water above it, having a total descent of sixty-seven feet.

In that part of the river now described, the Ottawa receives many very important affluents from the northern side, draining the front and vast plateau in rear of the Laurentian Hills. The chief of these are the "Du Lievre," and the "Gautineau," the latter joining close to the town of Ottawa, and having its sources as far north as the forty-eighth parrallel, its head waters lying closely contiguous to the head waters of the St. Maurice and the Saguenay. A very limited extent of settlement has been carried out in this direction, and the region is comparatively unexplored and unknown,—still less surveyed; although those who have crossed it in various directions report it as being filled with uncounted lakes, which regulate the annual supply to the rivers of the whole of this vast region.

The affluents on the south side are the Petite Nation, and the Rideau Rivers, the head waters of the former draining back into the country, within nine miles of the main stream of the St. Lawrence, at Prescott, where its head water is forty nine feet above it, and about ninety feet above its confluence with the Ottawa. The line of the main channel of this small stream extends its tortuous course through deep alluvial soil, for upwards of a hundred miles, passing through and producing swamps which have the same effect, to a certain extent, as the lakes on the northern side. The Rideau River has proportionately a very large drainage area, filled with lakes and streams flowing chiefly from, and determined in outline by the outcrop of the Laurentian formation, which has been described as sweeping down from the Chats Falls to the Thousand Isles, near Kingston.

Above Ottawa there is rapid water extending for upwards of six miles, and from this point the stream, although less direct, passes on in the direction of the northwest, over and through a wilder country of the Laurentian Hills, with heavy forests of pine and other timber extending down to its very margin. The irregular and tortuous channel, swelling occasionally into deep, wide lakes, terminates immediately above Allumette Island; and from this point the river, taking a slight bend once more in a west-northwest direction, pursues its course through a series of long reaches, separated from one another by short, abrupt falls or rapids, with a tolerably uniform width and depth, as far as the affluence of the Mattawan; then turning to a direction almost northward, it is described as terminating in a series of lakes, the largest of which, in the direct course of the river, is "Temiscaming," "Tamagaminque," and "Grand Lake," the one lying some distance to the west, and the other about as far to the east of Temiscaming, pouring their waters into it by the "Montreal" and "Moose" Rivers respectively, and the drainage occupying the whole district lying as far north as the forty-ninth parallel, and generally separated from the drainage into the river below Ottawa by the meridan of seventy-six and a half degrees. The affluents upon both sides of the river, for the portion west of Ottawa, are much more numerous, and are all very much smaller than the streams previously mentioned. On the north side they consist of the "Colonge," uniting close to Portage du Fort, the "Du Moine," the "Bear," and the "Kippeway." On the south side, the chief of these streams are the Mississippi, the Madawaska, the Bonne Chere, the Petawawee, and the Mattawan. These drain a vast extent of Laurentian formation, covered for the most part with heavy pine timber, the district of the chief lumbering operations in Canada at the present moment. The country is very much broken, and the bottoms of its valleys and creeks are occupied by numerous streamlets and lakes lying at elevations extending up to fourteen hundred feet above tidewater; at which elevations may be found the sources of the stream last mentioned, draining into the Ottawa, and the head waters of the Maganatawan, flowing into Lake Huron.

One tributary, on the right bank of the river, unites with the main Ottawa, at Mattawan, the point of northern divergence just mentioned; and it is important as being the favorite route of early voyageurs in their journeys to Lake Huron and Lake Superior. Starting from the Hudson's Bay Post, at its confluence with the river, the Mattawan is traceable in a course generally westerly, through five or six small lakes, terminating in Trout Lake, which is the head of the drainage in this direction, and about six hundred and fifty-nine feet above the sea.

Among the various schemes which have been proposed for the improvement of the navigation between the upper lakes and the Atlantic, that of Mr. Shanly, which is gaining (and perhaps deservedly) the most favour, is one which proposed, after improving the River Ottawa, up to the mouth of the Mattawan, to follow the line of this tributary up to its head water in the Trout Lake. From this point it is proposed to lock down into Lake Nipissing, which is only about twenty-three feet below it, through the valley of the "Vase." Lake Nipissing, which receives the drainage of the "Sturgeon," the "Namanitigong," and other rivers, with that of numerous lakes, at their several head waters, communicates with the Georgian Bay, through French River, the length of the river being about sixty miles, and the descent, effected in a series of weir-like falls, sixty-four feet.

The entire distance from the Georgian Bay to Montreal, by the route which has now been described (and which, of course, includes improvements of the river to overcome the falls at Ottawa, the Chats, and other points of interruption, as well as the reconstruction of the small canal near Carillon and Grenville), being four hundred and thirty miles,—the lockage upwards from Lake Huron to the summit would be eighty-seven feet, and the fall downwards would be six hundred and nineteen feet, to the harbor of Montreal.

FOWLE'S

PILE AND HUMOR CURE.

For Internal and External Use.

WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Dec. 14, 18[74]. 3712

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparts, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Ions, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3727

Soiled Blankets cheap at Bryson's. 3695-1m

NEW YORK BAY OYSTERS IN SHELL.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

For Christmas and New Year's presents go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724-tf.

THE NOTMAN STUDIO.—Mr. Topley has on exhibition some Xmas and Yew Years' goods, not to be had elsewhese in the city. Please call and inspect the Studio since recent changes. 3727-1w.

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

All Flannels reduced at Bryson's. 3695-1m

H. F. McCarthy, Medical Hall, Wellington street, has just received a large stock of Christmas and New Year's goods, in toilet bottles, dressing cases, hair brushes, combs, Labin's and Atkinson's perfumes cologne, lavender, &c., &c., ten per cent. cheaper than any other house in the city. 3727

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

For Bunnel's Patent Washer, Shorey & Co.'s Royal Canadian Wringer, Polygonal Turning, Furnaces, Stoves and Stove Pipes, fitted up in a workmanlike manner, go to C. P. Dorion. Also on hand and for sale, very cheap, 7,500 Stoves Pipes of all kinds, at our well known townsman, C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa, Ont. 3791d&w

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

FALSE MODESTY.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street,

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 3679-y

WHOLESALE

Ready-Made

CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTERS

Ever in this section, as Foreman

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

so very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 24, 1874. 3680

Gift Enterprises.

ANOTHER

OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift	$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift	100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	75,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift	100,000
5 Cash Gifts $20,000 each	140,000
10 Cash Gifts 14,000 each	150,000
15 Cash Gifts 10,000 each	100,000
20 Cash Gifts 5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts 4,000 each	90,000
30 Cash Gifts 3,000 each	100,000
50 Cash Gifts 2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts 1,000 each	120,000
240 Cash Gifts 500 each	50,000
500 Cash Gifts 100 each	950,000
19,000 Cash Gifts 50 each	

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 23, 1874. 3726w2awkd&w

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000 }
Two Prizes, $500 } Each in Cash
Five Prizes $100 }

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver mo[unted harness,] worth $600.

One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth $300

Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300

Three Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.

Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth 100 each!

1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c. Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,000. Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 432,
Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874 2554 d&w

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK, VA.

DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature passed March 8th, 1873.

50,000 TICKETS—5000 CASH GIFTS.

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of	$30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	[illegible],000
One Grand Cash Gift of	5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	3,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	15,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	14,000
[illegible] Cash Gifts of 500 each	10,750
43 Cash Gifts of 250 each	11,850
[illegible] Cash Gifts of 150 each	25,000
250 Cash Gifts of 100 each	28,900
578 Cash Gifts of $50 each	50,000
5,000 Cash Gifts of $10 each	
5,000 Cash Gifts, aggregating	$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets, $5; Quarter ticket, $2 50; Eleven tickets, $100.

For Tickets and Circulars, &c., address,
HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary,
Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 25, 1874. 2702d&w

Miscellaneous.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO.,
Sparks Street, near Bank.

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer, Sparks-st

December 28, 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.

Dec. 17, 1874.

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

J. W. MINTHORN
Box "U" Orillia, Ont.

Oct. 1.

Hair Cutting.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-CUTTING, DRESSING AND BATH ROOMS,

74 AND 76 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

The Proprietor respectfully informs his numerous patrons that his

New Establishment

is now complete in every department.

Ladies' Entrance—The door nearest O'Connor-St.

His stock of REAL HAIR cannot be surpassed either in quantity or quality. In price he guarantees 25 per cent. less than any house in the Dominion.

For the Gents' Room he has every comfort possible to obtain for money. With five efficient workmen gentlemen will not have to waste their time in waiting at this establishment.

The Manufacturing Department employs seven hands, and with the large amount of room he now has, will be able to meet the increasing demands of his patrons.

For Combings, he begs to say that although his price may seem a little higher in quotation than some others, when ladies take into consideration what they receive for their money, it will be found cheaper to buy their work at this establishment.

T. E. M. also begs to say that he will continue as a system of business, his sale of Magic Photographs for 50cts. each, both for ladies and gentlemen, which gives the purchaser each time a present varying from 50cts to $100.

Perfumes, Cosmetiques, Combs, Brushes, and all Toilet Goods in endless variety.

Oct. 28, 1874. T. E. MOORE. 3267

Government Notices

Notice to Contractors.

BAIE VERTE CANAL.

INTENDING Contractors are hereby informed that about January next, Tenders will be received for the works connected with the construction of what is called the BAIE VERTE CANAL, to connect the Bay of Fundy and the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

Commencing near the outlet of the River Au Lac, the line follows in a South Easterly direction to a point between Tongue's Island and Fort Cumberland; thence in a nearly direct course along the valley of the Missiguash to a place between Hacmatack Lake, and Miner's Point; thence curving round still further to the South East to the Main Line of the Tidnish River, near Chapell's Farm, where it takes a North Easterly direction to near the mouth of the river, and it en crosses Tidnish Head in an Easterly course to deep water in Baie Verte.

The works will be divided into Sections suited to circumstances and the locality.

The outline of the route above indicated will enable Contractors to examine the dry portions of the line before winter sets in, and those parts through bogs after the ground is sufficiently frozen.

To facilitate this examination, a Lithographic map of the locality will be furnished on application by letter, or otherwise to this office.

When plans, specifications, and other documents are prepared, due notice will be given; Contractors will then have an opportunity of examining them, and be furnished with Blank Forms of Tender at this office, or at such places as may be designated.

By Order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 3rd Nov., 1874.

Notice to Contractors.

LACHINE CANAL ENLARGEMENT.

CONTRACTORS are hereby informed that about January next, Tenders will be received for the execution and completion of the works connected with the enlargement of the present line of the LACHINE CANAL, or for the enlargement of the lower part of it, and the formation of a new line through the low ground on the North West side of the existing channel up to what is called the "Rock Cut," thence following a line north of the Village of Lachine, to near Leishman's Point.

The line to be adopted depends in some measure on the arrangements which can be made for the right of way; but the information supplied will enable Contractors to fully examine both routes before winter sets in.

The works are to be let in sections of a length suited to circumstances and the locality.

When plans, specifications, and other documents are prepared, due notice will be given, Contractors will then have an opportunity of examining them, and be provided with Blank Forms of Tender at this Office, or at such other places as may be designated.

By Order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 4th Nov., 1874.

Furniture.

GREAT

DISCOUNT SALE

—OF—

FURNITURE.

Before removing to our new Warerooms, 35 Sparks-st., we will offer our present large stock of Plain and Fancy Furniture at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

ANGUS & CO.,
35 SPARKS-St.

Dec. 14, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2nd OR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 8, 1874. 2869

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS.

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 13, 1874. 2169

S' ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to. Persons requiring Coffin Trimmings, Crapes, Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7, Nicholas-st., Ottawa.

No 18 249

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co., Cincinnati, O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N.J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y. &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE.................70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3369

Hardware.

GOLDEN LIGHT ARGAND

MOORE BROS'.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS,

Desire to call attention to the GOLDEN LIGHT, or ARGAND Self-Feeding Stove, with ILLUMINATED BASE ANTI CLINKER GRATE. This is the newest and

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL STOVE IN USE.

The American Base, Gurney Base, Morning Star and other leading self-feeding Stoves on hand. Cook Stoves for wood or coal; also Box and Parlor Stoves for wood.

Particular attention given to setting up stoves and jobbing of all kinds.

Sept. 16, 1874. 3379

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES.

J. T. MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces, &c. Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Just Received 300 Barrels Best American

KEROSENE OIL,

Warranted Non-Explosive and Free from Smell.

C. S. SHAW & CO.
SUSSEX-St.

Dec. 14, 1874.

N.B.—Our Vans call at every house in the city daily.

THE OTTAWA

Iron & Steel Manufacturing Company,

(LIMITED)

HEAD OFFICE.............................OTTAWA.

Incorporated under the Special Act of the Province of Quebec, No. 46, 3rd Session, 2nd Parliament, 37 Victoria, 1874.

Application will be made at the next Session of the Quebec Legislature to amend the Act in terms of this Prospectus.

CAPITAL, $500,000, IN 20,000 SHARES OF $25 EACH.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:

Hon. JAMES SKEAD, Vice-President the Dominion Board of Trade.
J. M. CURRIER, Esq., M. P. for City of Ottawa.
Edwd. McGILLIVRAY, Esq., Ex-Chairman of Ottawa Board of Trade.
R. S. CASSELS, Esq., President Union Forwarding Company.
H. V. NOEL, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
EDWARD HAYCOCK, Esq., Ottawa.

BANKERS:

THE ONTARIO BANK.

SOLICITORS:

pro tem,

MESSRS. COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW.

SECRETARY:

pro tem,

R. W. CRUICE, Esq.

This Company has been formed for the purpose of purchasing and working the valuable iron mines situate in the Townships of Templeton and Hull, in the County of Ottawa, and Province of Quebec, called the Haycock Iron Location. The Company holding the power under the Act to "carry on the business of exploring for, mining, smelting, manufacturing, dealing in and disposing of iron and other ores and metals and the manufacturing, selling dealing in, and disposing of steel workings, or the products of iron and steel."

The property to be acquired is fully described in the report of the Eminent Mining Engineer, Dr. E. J. Chapman, Professor of Mineralogy and Geology in the University College, Toronto, (Vide prospectus) it may be briefly described as follows:—

1.—SITE AND GENERAL CHARACTER OF THE PROPERTY:—The Haycock Iron Location comprises a compact area of 309 acres of mineral land, and 100 acres of timber land, situated in the Province of Quebec, about eight miles north-east of the City of Ottawa; together with an additional piece of land of 10 acres near the head of navigation on the River Gatineau, as described in the following statement:—

1.—The North half of Lot 1, in the 11th Range of Hull, comprising 100 acres of mineral land.

2.—The adjoining lot 28 (North and South Halves) of the 6th Range of Templeton, comprising 200 acres of mineral land.

3.—The contiguous South half of Lot 27, in the same Range, comprising 100 acres of timber land.

4.—Ten acres in Lot 2, on the 6th Range of Hull, on the left bank of the River Gatineau which has been secured partly to serve as a storing place and loading ground for shipping the ore, but chiefly as a convenient site for the erection of Furnaces. This area is connected with the mineral or iron area proper by a tramway of 6½ miles in length. This tramway, of three-feet gauge, has been very solidly constructed, and it is now in complete working order. It runs for a short distance through the Haycock property, and is then continued along the town line between Hull and Templeton, on to the furnace site on the Gatineau.

In addition to 6½ miles of tramway in complete running order, with full right of way from the ore beds to the furnace site and shipping ground on the River Gatineau, the assets of the property include a Steam Sawmill of 20-horse power, saws timber and logs; a Boarding House; Manager's House; Store House; Office; Stables; Powder House, and Blacksmith's Shop. Also a Derrick and other mining plant, tools, &c.; together with about 5,000 tons of raised ore, and 30 tramway cars.

The quantity of the ore, as described by Professor Chapman, is practically inexhaustible, it lies close to the surface and is easily mined, while its quality may be estimated from the fact that *steel has been made direct from the ore.* The fullest particulars of analyses and experiments proving these statements can be had at the Head Office of the Company, and from the Agent at Montreal.

The price to be paid for the purchase of the property is $250,000. One-half in cash, and the balance in fully paid-up shares of the Company, in consideration of which the proprietor will make over the freehold of the estate free from all encumbrances whatsoever.

And further, as a proof of his *bona fides*, and his entire confidence in the prospects of this undertaking,

He will guarantee to the Shareholders a minimum dividend of not less than

TEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM

on the paid-up capital *for three years* from the date of the allotment of shares, and as security for the due payment thereof, he will deposit in the hands of the Company the whole of his paid up shares, and give such further security in cash as may be thought necessary for the carrying out of his guarantee.

The capital will be called up as follows:—

On application	$2 per share	15th April 1875		$2 per share
On allotment	3 "	15th May	"	2 "
15th January, 1875	5 "	15th June	"	2 "
15th February "	2 "	15th July	"	2 "
15th March "		15th August	"	2 "
		15th Sept.	"	1 "

The share lists will close on the 10th December, 1874, and as the shares will be allotted pro rata according to priority, an early application is desirable.

Prospectus and any further information, relative to the Company, can be had on application to the Head Office, or at the Montreal Agents, Messrs. Drummond, Cassels & Co.

Ottawa, November 2, 1874.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874-5.

THOS. PATTERSON,

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystallized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

THOS. PATTERSON.

Dec. 2, 1874.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 36 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Aug. 1, 1874. 3684

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT Dr. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, F.R.S.E., M.R.I.A., F.G.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success.

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN.

Dec. 5, 1874. 3711m1

Ladies' Ware,

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYAN'S

234 Wellington-St

Dec. 4, 1874. 3697

Dry Goods.

LONDON HOUSE

LONDON HOUSE.

CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES!

The balance of our Fancy Goods will be Cleared Off

AT A GREAT REDUCTION, in order to make room for SPRING GOODS.

White Fur Jackets at Very Low Prices!

Grebe and other Sets of Fur at Holiday Prices.

Evening Silks and Gloves to match, at very low prices. Evening Dresses made to order in the latest styles, with neatness and despatch.

HANEY & FORGIE.

[254 & 256 WELLINGTON-ST., OPPOSITE E. McGILLIVRAY'S, OTTAWA.

Dec. 28, 1874. 3673y

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING TAILORING.

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7.50 upward.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50.
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward.

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874. 3673dw

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

[His s]tock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874. 3487

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1860, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings

AGENCY OF

Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works,

OHIO SANDSTONE

Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones, Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Recording or Proprietary either Plain or Mounted.

June 15, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

A SERENADE. — Adams' Independent Cornet band drove around Lower Town serenading different parties yesterday, and its fine musical strains were much enjoyed by the people residing in that vicinity.

NEW FIRE STATION.—It is stated that the Fire and Light Committee contemplate the erection of a handsome new fire station on LeBreton Flats. The building at present in use, No. 1 Station, is hardly suitable for the accommodation of the firemen.

CHIMNEY ON FIRE.—A chimney on fire on the store of Mr. J. E. Pinard, Sussex street, on Thursday morning created no little excitement. The attention of the Chief of the Fire Brigade was called to it, but he did not deem it necessary to call out his men.

ACCIDENT.—On Thursday morning Mr. Michael O'Meara, of Pembroke, while passing Gowan's Hall, on Sparks street, accidentally slipped on the icy pavement, and sustained a severe fracture, close to the ankle joint. Dr. Lynn was summoned and applied the usual surgical treatment.

THE UNION BAND.—The members of the Union Band at the Chaudiere, yesterday, serenaded the leading lumbermen residing in that locality. They drove around in a large sleigh, and played some fine selections in front of the residences of these gentlemen. The music did much to enliven the day at the Chaudiere.

NEW YEAR'S CALLS.—The time-honoured custom of calling upon friends was yesterday indulged in to fully as great extent as on any previous year. Driving was the principal means resorted to in paying these visits, although a great number took the old fashioned style of walking from place to place. In the course of the afternoon hundreds of vehicles thronged the streets, and the city wore a holiday appearance.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Clares of Ottawa, acknowledge with thanks the many donations they received from the friends of the refuge. As they are too numerous to mention individually, they take this opportunity of thanking them collectively, more especially the butchers and grocers. As it is so common to have unauthorized persons collecting in their name, they would inform the public that those having authority to collect are furnished with a letter of introduction.

"HOGMANAY."—New Year's Eve passed off without any unusual excitement of any sort, beyond the happiness begotten of little social gatherings met to bid the old year an eternal adieu and 1875 a hearty welcome, along with many mutual kindly wishes for future happiness and "many returns of the season." Some juveniles, too, not content with what Santa Claus brought them on Christmas morn, hung up their stockings expecting to find something in them in the morning. It is to be hoped that for their happiness during the first day of the year their expectations were not doomed to disappointment.

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM BAZAAR.—The bazaar which was held last month realized the handsome amount of $2,709.51, as follows:—

St. Joseph's Parish	$883 33
Cathedral Parish	873 68
St. Patrick's Parish	615 40
Lottery Table	180 10
Refreshment Table	107 00
Collected at the door	50 00
	$2,709 51

The Ladies Association and the Council of the Asylum return their grateful thanks to the general public for the support and countenance annually given to their bazaar, thus enabling those entrusted with the management of the Asylum to provide the institution with everything necessary for the support of the orphan children, and the old and infirm people, who find therein protection and a home.

RUNAWAYS.—A number of runaways yesterday added considerably to the excitement consequent upon the New Year. One fiery steed came down Sparks street in the course of the afternoon at a furious pace, and on nearing the corner of Sparks and O'Connor streets came in contact with a telegraph pole, smashing the vehicle to pieces. The infuriated animal proceeded down past the Russell House and over the bridge without anything but the shafts attached. Another load was capsized at Mann's hardware store on Sparks street, at which the team took leave of the hilarious crowd and created no little consternation among pedestrians who thronged the streets. A number of other runaways are also reported to have taken place, but no serious accidents, as far as we can learn, have occurred.

CENTRAL HOOK AND LADDER SOCIAL.—The regular Annual Social of the Central Hook and Ladder Company took place in the Rink Music Hall on New Year's Eve, and a right jovial time was spent on the occasion. Capt. Robertson, Lieut. Goodwin and Secretary Toms and other members of the Committee of Management were indefatigable in their exertions to provide for the comfort and enjoyment of their guests. Some 200 couple engaged in the mazy dance to the cheerful strains of Marier's fine Orchestra. The affair was kept up with spirit till the dawn of New Year's Day. Mr. Morrison, as usual, furnished, in the most *recherche* manner, the good things necessary to supply the desires of the inner man. The affair was a complete success, and redounds to the credit of one of our most active volunteer fire companies.

NEW YEAR'S DAY.—Yesterday was to be served as a general holiday, and a very general holiday it seemed to be. Every business place in the city was closed, and in consequence the number of people abroad was something unusual, if not extraordinary. Sleighing seemed to be the order of the day, and for such delightful recreation the weather and the roads were all that could be desired. Mr. Fooks' skating rink drew a large number of visitors, that gentleman, with commendable enterprise, having provided the additional attraction of good music. We have said that all business places were closed, but there was one class who kept open door, and who seldom take a holiday when other people do, but take the opportunity of "making hay while the sun shines"—we mean the public houses, restaurants, &c. But there was not any indication that "John Barleycorn" was more than usually rampant. On the contrary, though there were a few exceptions, those who were out to enjoy themselves seemed to be doing so rationally, and the streets presented the appearance of a Sabbath. The Parliament Buildings wore a very forsaken look, and as the holiday for the officials lasts till Monday they will continue to do so.

HOSPITALITY.—Mr. Young, Chief of the Fire Brigade, entertained a number of the officers of the old and new brigades, to an oyster supper at his residence, on Albert street, last night. After partaking freely of the good things provided, the health of the Chief was drank with the usual honors. He responded in a speech, in which he carefully reviewed the recent changes in the Fire Department. The health of Mr. Fevereau, Ass't Chief, followed, to which he responded in an appropriate speech. In response to a number of volunteer toasts, Capt. McCaffrey, Capt. Graham, and Capt. Dupuis made some excellent speeches, in which the deeds of the old volunteer brigade were freely recounted, and the prospects of the new system spoken of. Capt. Kean of the Chaudiere Company and Capt. Robertson of the Central Hook and Ladder Company were not present, owing to some miscarriage in their invitation cards. There were some twenty guests present and a very agreeable evening spent. Mr. Gilbert, who evinces such an interest in our fire brigade, was present and contributed much to the amusement of the company with his irrepressible wit and humor. After drinking the health of the hostess of the house, the party dispersed well pleased with the social way in which they spent the first night of the New Year.

AN UNFAVOURED LOCALITY.—If there is one place in all the city that has ground for complaint against the "powers that be" it is George street, or rather the residents of that locality. From Sussex to Cumberland street, the entire length of the street, there is only one single gas jet to "render darkness visible." It is true there is a lamp opposite the Conqueror fire station, but it is as frequently forgotten as it is lighted up, and it throws no light upon the street when it is so. In order to make matters worse, the By Wash, that stagnant stream of impure water, has its course right down the centre, uncovered and unprotected. Considering how often an alarm of fire necessitates the turning out of the brigade in the darkness of night, and the danger of delay by running foul of the many obstructions that line the way, this is bad enough, and demands the immediate attention of the authorities. But the grievances do not end here. Though householders doubtless will have to pay their share of the water assessment, as yet no steps have been taken to supply them with that most necessary commodity, and just now there is no public well available nearer than Cumberland street, the handle having been torn of the one at Sussex street. There is still another grievance that demands the attention of the police, one that if they would only step round that way they would soon discover for themselves, and that is the presence of several ferocious brutes of dogs that make it their business to attack every peaceful passer by. It was only last night that one of those brutes attacked a gentleman, who had absolutely to fight his way, while its owner made several ineffectual but not very earnest attempts to call it off. It is high time that these things were looked to, and just now the residents might do a little for themselves while so many are seeking aldermanic honours in the Ward.

THE MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

On Monday next the electors of four wards of the city will be called upon to select good men and true to represent their interests in the Council of the current year. All should see to it that they record their votes judiciously and in the true interest of the city. No persuasive power should be necessary to make electors exercise the municipal franchise, for all alike are deeply interested in the progress and welfare of this rising city. Grave suspicions exist in some quarters as to the existence of rings, having for their object a manipulation of our civic affairs to other than honest ends. This will require the utmost attention on the part of ratepayers, and will have to be resented in the most strenuous manner. Votes should be recorded early on Monday next, and every consideration given to so important a matter. Certain classes of our citizens are often restrained from participating in election contests, but in municipal matters there is no such let or hindrance, and no such scruples should exist, as upon the negligence or regard of ratepayers themselves depends any evil or good results that may follow. It is to be hoped, therefore, that all will buckle on their armour early on Monday morning and record their votes for such candidates as to them may seem most fitted to protect their interests for the ensuing year.

OTTAWA WARD.

In this Ward Messrs. Rocque, Groulx, and O'Connor have been returned by acclamation. This action on the part of the ratepayers of this Ward would seem to indicate that the utmost satisfaction has been given by their late representatives.

BY WARD.

All the French candidates proposed at the recent municipal nominations in this Ward have retired in favour of Mr. P. H. Chabot. This will doubtless result in the return of that gentleman in the French Canadian interest in accordance with an agreement entered into a few years ago. Mr. Chabot is a young man full of energy, a practical business man, and is possessed of a degree of intelligence that will make him a good acquisition to the Council table. The contest apart from this consideration promises to be a keen one, and the result extremely doubtful. The struggle seems likely to be between Messrs. Heney and Starrs, the impression being that the latter will be successful. Ald. McDougal's re-election seems to be already assured. The election for Water Commissioner also promises to be a close contest. Messrs. Bedard and Coffey are equally sanguine of success. It is more than probable that the increase of the number who have to vote this year, will result in the return of Mr. Coffey.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

The poll in this Ward opens at 9 o'clock at No. 3 Fire Station near the corner of Nicholas and St. Paul streets. The old representatives Messrs. Birkett, Robertson and Waller are opposed by Mr. Webster, but the result will more than probably end as last year in their triumphant return. The opposition is simply a factious one and has originated from corrupt motives previously referred to, a fact which the electors of the keystone ward have not been long in detecting, and which they purpose stamping out most effectually on Monday next. Every exertion is being put forth to unduly influence the ratepayers in this Ward, but the intelligence of the electors will suffice to withstand any corrupt means that may be used to tamper with their franchise. The truant officer of the public schools would best consult his own welfare by attending to his duties instead of taking an active part, at the dictation of outsiders, in a campaign against those who were instrumental in providing a means of subsistence for himself and his family. Notwithstanding all the efforts being put forth, the result of the contest will not be materially changed. All that is required is prompt and decisive action to render abortive any undue attempt to prevent the re-election of the old representatives.

WELLINGTON WARD.

There will be two polling places in this ward, one at the City Hall, and the other at No. 2 Fire Station on Sally street. Messrs. Rowe, Bangs and Christie, the old representatives, are again offering for re-election, and will be opposed by ex-Alderman Mathewman. The election of Mr. Rowe is almost a certainty, but there will be a sharp triangular struggle between Messrs. Bangs, Christie and Mathewman. The last named gentlemen has made a vigourous canvass, and many are sanguine of his return to the Council for the ensuing year. The Ward, however, is a very large one, and as there are upwards of 1,400 votes in it, the result is extremely problematical.

VICTORIA WARD.

In this industrial section of the city, there will also be a pretty sharp struggle. The quartette seeking the suffrages of the electors comprise Messrs. Bronson, Pratt and David, the retiring Aldermen, and ex-Alderman LeSueur. The election of Mr. Bronson is beyond the possibility of a doubt, which will leave a three-cornered fight between Messrs. LeSueur, Pratt and David. The result will depend pretty much upon the interest the lumber merchants take in the contest. Should they espouse the cause of Mr. LeSueur, who would make a valuable acquisition to the Board of Aldermen, his success would be guaranteed, then a close run would ensue between Messrs. Pratt and David for third place. In the absence of such action, the result will prove exceedingly doubtful. The electors should study their interests carefully and endeavour to add as much as possible to the efficiency of the Council for the ensuing year.

POLICE COURT.

Before M. O'Gara, P.M.

THURSDAY, Dec. 31.

There were eight cases for hearing this morning.

DRUNK.

John Elliott, charged with being drunk, was fined $5 and costs or $7 in all.

VAGRANCY.

Patrick Reading, a vagrant, was committed to jail for one week, at hard labour, in default of paying $3 and costs.

FURIOUS DRIVING.

Alexander Gravelle and John Dunning, charged with furious driving on the public streets, pleaded guilty and were fined $2 and $1 and costs each.

ASSAULTS.

Joseph Laplante, charged with assaulting his better half, was remanded until Saturday.

John Merchant, for a common assault, was fined $5, including costs.

Charles Brown, charged with the same offence failed to appear, and the case was remanded.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, THURSDAY, Jan. 1st.

GRAIN.	
Spring Wheat, per bushel	$1 00 to 1 10
Fall Wheat	1 10 to 1 25
Oats	0 40 to 0 45
Peas	0 60 to 0 70
Barley	0 80 to 0 90
Rye	0 90 to 1 00
Corn	0 75 to 0 80
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	1 25 to 1 40
DAIRY, VEGATABLES AND FRUITS.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 28 to 0 30
Tub Butter do	0 27 to 0 28
Cheese, do	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 25 to 0 00
Potatoes, per bush	0 50 to 0 60
Carrots, do	0 35 to 0 40
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbages, each	0 10 to 0 15
Onions, per bush	1 40 to 1 50
Beets	0 45 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	3 25 to 3 75
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	6 00 to 6 25
Extra	5 75 to 6 00
Superfine, No. 1	5 25 to 5 50
Cornmeal, per brl	4 50 to 4 75
Oatmeal, do	5 00 to 5 50
Bran, per cwt	0 80 to 0 90
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Ducks, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Turkeys, each	1 00 to 1 15
Geese, each	0 50 to 0 60
Patridges, per pair	0 50 to 0 60
Feathers	0 60 to 0 75
Wool	0 40 to 0 45
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	5 00 to 6 00
Pork, do	8 25 to 9 50
Mutton, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Lamb, do	0 08 to 0 10
Veal, do	0 07 to 0 10
Lard, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tallow, do	0 15 to 0 20
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 20
Bacon, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 35
Venison	0 12 to 0 15
FISH.	
White Fish, do	0 10 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 17 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	6 50 to 7 00
Oysters, per can	0 35 to 0 40
Haddock, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Cod, do	0 07 to 0 08
Trout, do	0 10 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality, per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 75 to 4 25
Hemlock, per cord	2 75 to 3 50
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Egg. do	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Soft, do	9 00 to 9 50
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 6½ to 0 00
Sheepskins, each	0 85 to 0 90
Calfskins, per lb	0 00 to 0 00
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	18 00 to 20 00
Hay, Clover, do	16 00 to 17 00
Straw, do	8 00 to 10 00

The crowds which attend Duffy's 50 cent sale can testify to the bargains to be had there. 3732-2in.

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

The best value in Winceys at Bryson's. 3695 1m.

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Muscat Wine. 3698-6

Gents, try MacLaren & Chalmers' cutter. One trial will secure to them your patronage. 36984

DIED.

At Chelsea, on Dec. 31st, 1874, Horace Gardie, only son of H. A. Church, Esq.

The funeral will take place on Saturday, 2nd January, 1875. Friends are invited to attend.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times." — "The Best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY.
ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Weekly* is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the *Weekly* is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The *Weekly* maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations are often corroborative arguments of no small force.—*N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle.*

Its papers on existent question and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year..........$4 00

$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publisher.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for 1 year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete Set, comprising Eighteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per. vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS New York.

"A Repository of Fashion Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR
ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveller.*

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates, in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patrons for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year..........$4 00

$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two *Harper's Periodicals*, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The seven numbers of HARPER'S BAZAR, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695-1m

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3723

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years, and will continue the MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

June 20, 1874. W. YOUNG.

N. MARKS,

Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,

36—SPARKS STREET—36

Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine

JEWELLERY,

Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.

A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.

Nov 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and RailwayCompanies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

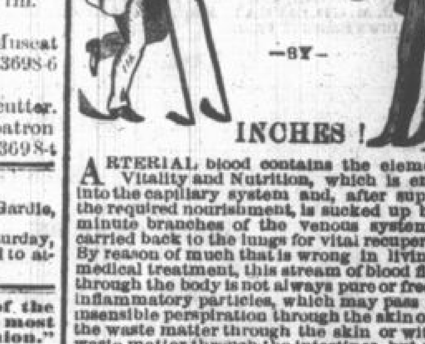
Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874.

Miscellaneous.



ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these ceremonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only Medicine having control over this class of diseases is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE!

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the first time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

A BLESSING TO THE POLICE.

MONTREAL, 18th June, 1864.

DEVINS & BOLTON:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been one of the many martyrs of rheumatism that I meet on my every day rounds, I was induced to try the celebrated DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. I had suffered the last five or six weeks the most terrible acute pains across my loins and back, so severe indeed that I could hardly walk with the help of a stick. I commenced the Diamond Remedy—following the directions carefully. Relief came immediately with the first bottle, improved rapidly with the second, completely cured and freed from pain after finishing my fifth small bottle. You are at perfect liberty either to refer to me privately or publicly, as I feel very thankful for the relief, and sympathize with my fellow sufferers from rheumatism.

Yours respectfully,
J. B. CARDINAL,
Sanitary Police Officer,
51 Labelle street.

In simple cases, sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send or it to

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto,
Or to DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec,
Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.

May 15, 1874.

Auction Sales.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN,
Ramsay.

Dec. 30th, 1874. 3731-td

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S AUCTION.

The finest display of

'Xmas and New Year's Goods,

Ever seen in this city.

Grand Show Day, Monday, 21st Dec., 1874.

Auction Days, Monday, 21st, at 7:30 p.m.
do Tuesday, 22nd at 2 and 7:30 do.
do. Wednesday, 23rd at 2 and 7:30 do.
do. Thursday, 24th, at 2 and 7:30 do.
do. Saturday, 26th, at 2 and 7:30 do.

The subscriber has this day received an extensive consignment of some of the finest goods in the following ware ever brought to this city, with positive instructions to sell at whatever they may bring at Auction. There are 100 China Tea and Coffee Sets, white and gold, and various other designs; 500 Bohemian Flower Vases and Flower Stands, 300 Water Caraffs and Tumblers, 150 beautifully variegated Wine Bottles, 300 Water Jugs and Bottles, Cream Jugs, and Celery Bowls, 100 Liqueur Sets, 100 Cream Jugs, 200 Card Baskets, 500 Hock Glasses, 300 Butter Dishes of every imaginable style, 300 Toilet Sets of the most beautiful design, style and workmanship, as well as thousands of other goods that cannot be enumerated

Come, come all, and see them on MONDAY, and if you wish to buy you will get them at Private sale or Auction at fifty per cent under cost.

Remember the auction opens on Monday evening, the 21st inst., and will be continued all week at the hours mentioned.

Don't fail to come and see the goods, they are a direct consignment from England, and must be sold without any reserve by

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,

December 21st, 1874.

FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION

—ON—

MONDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF JANUARY, 1875.

At the hour of THREE O'CLOCK, in the afternoon, at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, all the interest and unexpired term of years, belonging to the late John Robertson O'Connor, in that valuable property, being part of the Government Reserve, near the head of the Chaudiere Slide in the said City of Ottawa, containing about three acres more or less, and bounded towards the north and west side thereof, by the waters of the River Ottawa, forming the channel leading to the said Chaudiere Slide, towards the east by Broad street, and towards the south by Oregon street. The Honourable the Commissioner of Public Works has consented to grant to the purchaser a new lease for the unexpired term of the lease given the late Mr. O'Connor, viz., until the 18th September 1881, together with the privilege of sawing timber on the property.

The ground rent is only $180 per annum. The attention of mill owners and those interested in the lumber trade of the Ottawa, is called to the desirable investment now offered.

Terms and conditions of sale made known at time of auction.

For further information apply to Walker, Cassels and Pennock, Solicitors, Ottawa, or Hector McLean, Auctioneer.

Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-td.

AUCTION SALE

OF

VERY VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS!

The undersigned will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa

ON

MONDAY, JANUARY 4th, 1875,

At the hour of THREE o'clock p.m.,

License No. 95, of the years 1873 and 1874, on Bonchere River. To extend from a Norway Pine tree, blazed on four sides, at the head of the Rapids, below Stevenson's Lake, to a pine tree blazed on four sides in St. Patrick's Bay, north side of Round Lake, and to run back four miles more or less, half way to Indian River, in the course north, 21° east.

License No. 96, of 1873 and 1874, on Bonchere River. To commence at a white pine tree, blazed on four sides, north of the Couchene Lake, and extend down to a Red Pine tree, blazed on four sides, at the head of the first Rapids below Stevenson's Lake, six miles and a half more or less, and back four miles more or less, half way on the Indian River, in the course north, 21° east.

License No. 232 of 1873 and 1874 on Deep River, Ottawa, Township of Sheen. To commence at Dinney's Farm, and extend up the north side of Deep River to the mouth of the Oisa Creek, and back five miles on the course north, 40° east, on east side of the Oisa Creek. This includes parts of Nos. 27, 28, 32, 33, 34, 36, to 39 and 51 in the 5th range, 27, 29, 32, 33 and 36 to 47 in the 6th range of the Township of Sheen. Clergy lots excepted.

Terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auction

Ottawa, Dec. 4.

Mails.

POSTOFFICE OTTAWA,

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time, 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc., by Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York, through mail	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c. per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 10:10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packages the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12:05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

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On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland and Newfoundland can be obtained at this Office

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Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
Nov. 16 1874.

DR. POMROY,

CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN

May now be consulted in his

ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE

Hours from 10 a.m until 5 p.m.

co. 16 1874. 3711tfw

Publications.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

One Copy	$2
Three Copies	5
Five Copies	8
Ten Copies	15

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Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

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These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

A generous portion of the WEEKLY HERALD will be appropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Pomology and the management of domestic animals. Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets.

The aim will be to make the WEEKLY HERALD superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

Every number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

The price of subscription, whenever practicable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting money by mail.

At small Post Offices in the country where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

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APPLETON'S
AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA:
NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

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The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publication of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

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SCANDINAVIAN	17th	"
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PERUVIAN	31st	"
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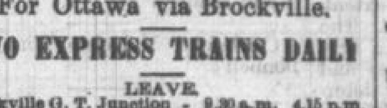

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For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

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Brockville G. T. Junction	9.30 a.m.	4.15 p.m.
Ottawa	10.40 a.m.	5.00 p.m.
Renfrew	9.40 a.m.	4.15 p.m.

ARRIVE.

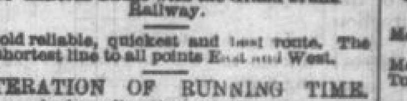
Ottawa	1.20 p.m.	7.40 p.m.
Renfrew	2.10 p.m.	8.35 p.m.
Brockville	2.10 p.m.	8.35 p.m.

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.

Brockville, Dec. 7, 1874.



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1 Express.	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.35 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.05 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.25 P.M.
6 Express	10 45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

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Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

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Dec 15, 1874.

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Aug. 13. 2667

Insolvent Act.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

Joseph Merrill Currier, Benjamin Batson, and Thomas Webster Currier, Plaintiffs, versus Alexander Reddick, Defendant.

A Writ of Attachment has issued in this cause.

WM. F. POWELL,
Sheriff of Carleton.

Sheriff's Office, Dec. 30th, 1874. 3732

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This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

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The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

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It cures old sores.
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck.
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Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face.
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Cures glandular swellings.
Clears the blood from all impure matter, From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

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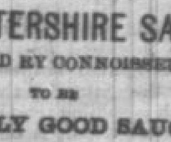
Toronto—Elliot & Co., Wholesale Druggists. Shapter & Owen

Hamilton—Winer & Co.

Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.

Aug 2 1872.



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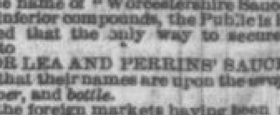

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land

Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice, as the owner is in want of money.

For particulars apply to

JOHN W. MAGUIRE,
25, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester

Or, Ottawa P. O.

Sept. 2, 1874. 2861

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietors, at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3734. OTTAWA, MONDAY, JANUARY 4, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

WANTED.

A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to R. KIRWAN, South March P. O. Nov 19

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Praised White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY. — Agents Wanted. All classes of young or old, working people of either sex, should write to us at their work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. y875daw.

WORK FOR ALL.

At home, male or female; $55 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & CO. Augusta, Me.

AGENTS WANTED.

Men or women. $12 a week. Proof sent free. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable samples free. Send a postal card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REEDS, Syracuse, New York.

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $90 a week guaranteed, business new and permanent, house of labored day or evening; no capital required; thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (but not for sale) mailed free. Address R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N. J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded. A. D. CARLE, 538 Craig-st., Montreal. Nov. 27, 1874 1mdaw

HELP WANTED.

50 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated. Together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address SCHUYLER SMITH & CO., Publishers, London, Ont.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and a hint free. J. LATHAM & Co. Washington, New Jersey.

Lost.

LOST—On Saturday evening, from Queen Street, a BROWN RETRIEVER PUP, about six months old. Answers to name of "Jet." Any person returning him to 93 Queen street, will be suitably rewarded. Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-x

Meetings.

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.

WM. PENNOCK, J. UHLIK, THO. PATTERSON, JAS. PEACOCK, A. ROWE.

Jan. 4, 1874. 373m1

OTTAWA TRADES' COUNCIL.

The Regular Monthly Meeting of the above Association is POSTPONED until Friday evening, January 8th, 1875, at the same hour and place.

By Order, T. P. JACKSON, Cor. Secretary.

Ottawa Dec. 31st, 1874. 3733-2

Tenders.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to

Thursday, the 14th of January next,

For the construction of a

BRIDGE OVER THE OTTAWA RIVER,

To connect the Calumet Island with the village of Byron.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Quebec; at the office of Messrs. Cockburn, Wright & Clemow, Ottawa; at the office of the Registrar for the County of Pontiac, at Byron; and at the office of the undersigned.

Tenderers to give the names of two good and sufficient securities willing to become bound for the due execution of the contract.

The Municipal Council of Calumet Island does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

SIMON McNALLY, Mayor.

Office of the Mun. Council, Calumet Island, December 26th, 1874. 3730

Miscellaneous.

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.

The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital. ALEX. ROBERTSON, Rideau-St.

THE DOMINION ATLAS,

WALKER & MILES, PUBLISHERS, Montreal and Toronto.

MACA & MAINGY, General Agents for Central Canada, P. O. Hook, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEVEILLE, Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts. Nov. 4, 1874.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke —USE THE— MYRTLE NAVY.

See T. & H. on each Plug.

STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with alls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These Cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on board cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER, Successor to Phelan & Collender 738 Broadway, New York. 722

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE, Architect and Measurer. 53 Sparks Street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT, Insurance and Real Estate Agent. Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, High-st., Ottawa. Nov. 27 1874. 3428

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House, Besserer Street, Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital. Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

BANK OF OTTAWA. Office—Victoria Buildings, [opposite Western Block of Parliament Buildings.] This Bank has now opened for the transaction of a general banking business. F. ROBERTSON, Cashier. Ottawa, January 4, 1875. 3731-6in.

P. D. BROWNE, Banker, Montreal. Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits. Oct. 26, 1874. 3080-6awly.

BOND BROTHERS, Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal, Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. Interest at lowest current rates. Dec 3 1874. 3709yawk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO., BANKERS, BROKERS, —AND— GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS. 384 NOTRE DAME-ST. MONTREAL. Sept. 30, 1874 3285 3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE, Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery. Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary. Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c., Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa. Hon. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY. Oct. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY, Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c., Bell's Block, Elgin-st. HON. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C. ALEXR. STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY. Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c., OTTAWA, ONT. DANIEL O'CONNOR. | W. D. HOGG. Sept. 9, 1874 3687

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK, Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c. Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House. W. H. WALKER. | R. CASSELS, Jr. | P. PENNOCK. July 21, 1874. 3625.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c., Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 283y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON, Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c. Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House). G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q.C. | HORACE LAPIERRE. MARTIN O'GARA. | EDWARD P. REMON. 2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c. Office—Hartly's Block, Rideau-st. O. TAILLON. | F. H. CHRYSLER. June 8, 1874.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c., (Late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.) OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa. C. H. PINHEY. A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL. Feb. 5, 1874. 434-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON, Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c. Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L., Barrister, Advocate, &c. Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3228-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND, Advocate. Temporary office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull. Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public and Advocate, Has opened an office in the Village of Hull Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces. Hull, Oct. 26, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN, Advocate, Solicitor, &c., No. 12 St. James Street, MONTREAL. Sept. 9, 1873. 2262-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN, Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1751

DR. J. P. LYNN, May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts. Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1874. 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O., Graduate McGill University, Montreal, Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry, Late Associate Coroner N. and D. Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2556-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher, OTTAWA, ONT. Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Market-st., Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties success fully treated if required.

DR. J. B. R. MACDONELL, Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultations at all hours. 2154.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S., Surgeon Dentist, Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario. OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st. 2122y.

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city. Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call. N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature. BROWNLEE & CO 2512y March 11, 1874.

Insurance.

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y. (FIRE AND LIFE.)

Authorized Capital . $5,000,000. Subscribed to date . $2,000,000.

LOCAL DIRECTORS: RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Merchant. A. PRATT, Esq., Inspector of Ashes. D. S. KERR, Esq., Barrister. O'CONNOR & WALLER . AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders. All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid. The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium. O'CONNOR & WALLER. Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 172t-12m

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE CO. FIRE AND MARINE. CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS. Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars. ROB. ANGUS, Jr., AGENT, 36 SPARKS STREET, . . OTTAWA. Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL" CONTINUES TO TAKE FIRE RISKS On every description of insurable property, AT REDUCED RATES. T. M. CLARK, AGENT, Corner Sparks and Elgin St. Dec. 18, 1874. 3722 12m

Hardware, &c.

CARD OF THANKS.

I, the undersigned, beg most sincerely to thank my friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon me for the last ten years, but the more particularly for this year of our Lord 1874, and trust by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favours. Wishing you all a most happy New Year. Yours Faithfully, C. P DORION. Dec. 31st, 1874. 3732

THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion. For sale by all Oilmen. Dec. 4, 1874 3716-y

HARDWARE.

No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware in the city is to be found at THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods he defies competition. Remember the Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st. Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

H. MEADOWS & CO., Have in stock the latest and best COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES! Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings. City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L. Crannell, Esq., and many others. Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application. H. MEADOWS & CO., 35 Sussex-St. Oct. 3, 1874. 3698

OTTAWA Mills' Supply Agency OTTAWA, ONT., No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House. CALDWELL & CO., Managers. Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c. March 26, 1874.

ASHFIELD'S EMPORIUM.

Flint Glassware, in plain and fancy, a specialty during the holidays. These beautiful goods are more durable than cut, and much cheaper. Now in stock, Fruit and Cake Dishes, all sizes; covered Bowls, Preserve dishes, all sizes; Water Jugs, Wine Glasses of all kinds; Decanters, Goblets, from 90c. to $5 per dozen; Glass sets, 3 pieces, from 75c; Cauliflowers, Ba Tumblers, Decanters, Bottles, at special prices, in fact nearly everything required in this line. Lamps of all kinds, sizes, and prices. Chandeliers, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Crystal Light Burners and goods. A very large stock now on hand. China, Crockery and Earthenware—White Granite Tea Setts, 44 pieces, $3 50; White Granite Chamber Setts $1.50. Bed Pans, Sick Feeders, Toast Racks, Churns, and a general variety in this line. Kerosene Oil from the United States. The best in the market at market prices. All goods sold in wholesale and retail. A call is solicited. Happy New Year to All. Vases and Figures always cheap now. JAMES ASHFIELD, Duke Street, Chandlery.

Carpets.

OTTAWA CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE. SHOOLBRED & CO. Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from Messrs. R. Hay & Co., (late Jacques & Hay), Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices. A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand. SHOOLBRED & CO. 49 Sparks Street. Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

Amusements.

GOWAN'S OPERA HOUSE. THREE NIGHTS ONLY, Commencing WEDNESDAY, Jan. 6. SAPPHO'S Opera Bouffe and Burlesque Company. Wednesday Evening: PRINCE AMABLE. To conclude, with the Wizard Pantomime. Seats can be secured at Gowan's store. Jan. 4, 1874.

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING Watchmaker and Jeweller. Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Bickford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years and will continue the MANUFACTURING, JEWELLERY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street. W. YOUNG. June 24, 1874.

N. MARKS, Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker, 36—SPARKS STREET—36. Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine JEWELLERY, Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices. A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet. Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment] and to the Royal Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749. J. W. BENSON, WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER. Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions. Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed. Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill. West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London. MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world. Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory, Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Guineas.	CLOCKS Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Italian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at the establishment. FINE ART BRONZES AND ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental ateliers of the highest reputation, moderate prices. Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of bijouterie, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages. Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c. Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the finest possible make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and ensure satisfactorily. No article is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying. Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied. Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world. Jan. 17 1871.

Mails.

POSTOFFICE OTTAWA. Arrival and Departure of Trains. All Mails are closed by Montreal time 5 minutes sooner than Ottawa time.

1874. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1874.

DELIVERIES. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	CLOSE A.M.	P.M.
8 00	12 00	3 00	6 00	7 30	2 15

THE TIMES

Is published every lawful morning. Price 12½ cents per week, sent to subscribers in any part of Canada, SIX DOLLARS per annum.

The rate for Transient Advertisements is TEN CENTS PER LINE, no pareil measure, for each insertion. For Special Notices FIVE CENTS PER LINE, and for Paragraphs, Reports of Meetings, Financial Statements of Banks, Railway Companies, Insurance Companies, and matters of like description, inserted amongst the Reading Matter, FIFTEEN CENTS PER LINE.

Special Contracts are made for a definite period.

Condensed Advertisements on the First page, when not exceeding Twenty Words, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, and ONE-AND-A-HALF CENTS for each word over twenty. The Advertisements referred to are as follows:

Any one specified article—

For Sale or Wanted.
Lost or Found.
Board Wanted.
Business for Sale.
Business Wanted.
Houses for Sale.
Houses to Rent.
Houses Wanted.
Board and Lodging.
Cattle Strayed or Stolen.
Farms Wanted.
Farms for Sale or to Rent.
Live Stock for Sale or to Rent.
Money Wanted or to Loan.
Situations Wanted.
Situations Vacant, &c., &c.

Professional and business cards inserted on the first page for one year, when not exceeding twenty words, once a week, $5; twice a week, $12; and every day, $18, each word over twenty in the same proportion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, &c., and deaths with funeral notices attached $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents.
When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Carpet House—Shoolbred & Co.
Bank of Ottawa—P. Robertson.
Gowan's Opera House—Sappho.
To the Electors—D. J. O'Donoghue.
Furs—Alex. Brobery.
Meeting—Protestant Hospital.

The Times.

OTTAWA, MONDAY, JAN. 4, 1875.

THE MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

To-day the electors of this city, in common with those of every city, town and municipality throughout the Province of Ontario, will be called upon to choose men whom they consider fit and proper persons to represent them in the administration of their local affairs during the year 1875. With but one exception, we believe all the members of the Corporation of 1874 are before their constituents for re-election. Upon some occasions we have taken the opportunity to express ourselves somewhat severely upon resolutions arrived at collectively by that Council. We have no sympathy with those who can only account for conclusions arrived at on the part of Boards of Aldermen or representative bodies of any description which appear not to be in the public interest without imputing corrupt motives to individual members, nor do we believe that any Alderman for the year 1874 would willingly have lent his influence to the furtherance of ends which had not solely in view the advantage of the city. There is, nevertheless, no denying that upon several important occasions a majority of them permitted themselves to be manipulated by "rings" of contractors and other individuals interested in the work connected with the public improvements; or, rather, whether actually manipulated or not, they played into the hands of that class of gentry. They had the opportunity of redeeming themselves from the doubt which was cast upon them in connection with the Main Sewer by the way in which they disposed of the host of bogus tenders for the construction of the new City Hall, and they took full advantage of it. We are inclined to believe that a majority of them would acquit themselves with more credit if another lease of office were conferred upon them, and since there are few new aspirants who would at all improve the tone of the Council, we hope to see nearly all the old members again returned. Mr. LeSueur, Mr. Mathewman, and Mr. Chabot are each good men, whom we should very much like to find at the Civic Board during the current year, but we do not see that the presence of Mr Webster would be any improvement—first, because he is no better in any respect than either of the old representatives; and secondly, because his being a contractor, and an extensive operator in connection with public works where he does not figure nominally, would frequently render his conduct, even if proceeding from the purest and most disinterested motives, liable to suspicion and misconstruction. In thus expressing a general desire to see no very radical change in the composition of the new Council, we are prepared to admit that we are impelled thereto by the hope that none of the mistakes of last year will be repeated, and many of them rectified, while there is still a more pressing reason for taking that attitude in the fact that good material for Aldermen seems to be uncommonly scarce. The Mayor stated a truth in brief terms in his address at the City Hall the other day, which must be more self-evident than flattering, when he said there was no denying that there was room for improvement in the tone and character of the Council. The hope he expressed that a new and commodious building would probably remedy this, and that if it did the citizens would have reason for thankfulness, may have been advanced in sober earnestness, and indeed we believe it was; but to those who do not know His Worship, and merely read his speech, there must have appeared to be in it a touch of scorching sarcasm. The only way in which we can conceive of a new hall improving the tone of the Council would be by inducing abler and more disinterested men to offer their services to the electors. It would be a slander upon the Capital of Canada to say that there are not such men to be elected, but it is no slander to say that but a small proportion of them have any desire to enter the Council, and indeed could not be induced to contest a Ward. No man who has an axe to grind should be elected, nor yet any one who could be induced, by any consideration whatever, either of friendship or reward, to lend influence to the support or furtherance of any transaction which is not wholly and entirely in the interest of the city. There are many members of the Aldermanic Board of 1874 of whom we believe that neither of these considerations would weigh with them for a moment: there are also those of whom we are afraid that they were sometimes influenced by a desire to oblige their friends; but there are none of whom we believe, notwithstanding many insinuations and charges to the contrary, that they acted from baser or more sordid motives. Although it is by far the meaner thing personally to dabble in a corrupt or unfair transaction which fills a man's own pocket, it is yet corrupt all the same to permit private considerations to influence a public man's conduct, and the ratepayers in the end suffer equally from both. We hope to witness none of these things during the year 1875, nor do we hope to see repeated some of those truly disgraceful "scenes" which have marred the harmony and detracted from the public usefulness of the Board during the year 1874. In this latter respect an improvement upon a large scale is imperatively required if the respectability of the city is to be maintained.

It is very probable that the Board of Water Commissioners will be pretty much the same in composition as it was. New blood is very much needed in that body, but we can see no reason why Mr. Coffey should be the only old member whose seat should be contested. While not entertaining any hope that the gentleman who opposes him would succeed if elected in remedying any one of those defects of which during the past year the citizens have had so much reason to complain in regard to the administration of the affairs of the Commission, we sincerely trust that Mr. Coffey and his fellow members may be fairly awakened to the necessity which exists for looking sharply after their business, and protecting the interests and persons of the people from the carelessness or neglect of contractors—carelessness and neglect which were permitted throughout the whole of last season to be practised with impunity.

Be elected who may, we hope the ratepayers will each of them prove their deep and abiding interest in the affairs of the city by going to the polls and not permitting the contest to be decided by default. Apathy on the part of the electors means apathy, and jobbery, and corruption on the part of their representatives; "eternal vigilance is the price of liberty," and we may add of purity, too.

SPANISH AFFAIRS.

It is somewhat difficult at this distance to understand the present condition of affairs in Spain, and it is questionable indeed whether it would be possible to understand it very thoroughly on the spot. Spain was neither very happy nor very prosperous under Isabella, and that not very worthy monarch descended from the throne amid the execrations of a large proportion of the people. It seems doubtful now, however, whether the Queen or her subjects was most to blame, for King Amadeus, against whom there certainly could be no such allegations made as against the unfortunate Isabella, was equally unsuccessful in maintaining tranquillity and giving satisfaction; and—with somewhat cowardly precipitation, as some people thought—he deemed discretion the better part of valour, and of his own accord abdicated a throne from which he was convinced he could not long maintain a peaceful sway, if indeed he would not be driven from it as was his predecessor. The Republican Government which succeeded him, much as everybody outside wished it success, and strong as it was supposed to be in the confidence of the army and that proportion of the citizens disposed to be peaceable and governable, had still greater difficulties to contend with—the Cuban insurrection demanding attention and defying their efforts to quell it on the one hand, and the Carlist troubles growing apace at home in spite of all the force, moral and military, which could be brought to bear against it on the other. A more distressing and miserable spectacle than Spain has presented for years past it would be difficult to conceive, and so unstable has its condition been, and so sudden the changes which have taken place from time to time in its form of administering public affairs, happening as they have happened with so little premonition, that the great Powers have as a rule been loth to extend them the usual recognition. There was greater hesitancy in this respect with regard to Serrano's Government than on the surface of things appeared reasonable, but it is one of the most remarkable circumstances in the whole history of the past quarter of a century that scarcely had that recognition been acceded by Great Britain, Germany and Russia than there is another *coup d'etat*, and a new order of things has again been established. It was only the other week that Ultramontane journals broadly asserted that England had exercised undue haste in recognising a government which they declared was not the government of the nation, and would soon be superseded by a monarchy with Don Carlos upon the throne; and it must be admitted that the time chosen by Britain and the other Powers for making this recognition was not the most appropriate, nor the republican administration in the most undisputed possession of the situation, but then we should rather have said they were too tardy than too hasty. It was only the other day that we found the German Chancellor attacked by an Ultramontane deputy on the very same ground, and we found Prince Bismarck defending the action strenuously, retaliating upon his assailant in regard to Kullman, the would-be assassin, in language that would not be considered decorous and would not be permitted to be used in the Parliament of Canada. It is scarcely less recent, either, since Don Carlos issued his proclamation to the people of Spain, formally claiming to be their King and sovereign, and demanding their obedience to his will. This latter, if it signified anything, signified that so far at least as he and his partizans were concerned, it was intended that the struggle for supremacy should be maintained to the last. Now we have the unexpected news that Prince Alfonso, Isabella's son, has been proclaimed King, that the armies of the North and South have accepted him, that the President of the Republic acquiesces (for in Spain this latter is the secondary consideration), and that Carlism, too, is fast being disorganized, and is likely soon to abdicate in favour of the Bourbon *regime*. Whatever may be the ultimate result of this most extraordinary turn in affairs, it cannot well make things worse than they were before. It is profoundly to be hoped that they will grow much better, and so far it is satisfactory to hear that the change has been accepted quietly and agreed to without the spilling of a drop of human blood. Strangely enough the circumstances attending the accession of the young King do not differ in this respect very greatly from those attending the revolutions to which of late years unhappy Spain has been accustomed. It appears to be the rule there to permit the period at which in other countries it has been the invariable custom to sacrifice human life on the altar of conflicting factions, to pass quietly and without warfare, but when the new order of things has once been fairly established, and it might be expected that it should at least have a fair trial, then the bloodshed and the strife of faction begins.

This much may safely be said, without forecasting in the slightest degree the uncertain future of most uncertain Spain, that if the Bourbons cannot govern the Spanish people successfully, equitably, and without abusing their power, no other sovereign and no substitute for a sovereign will be permitted a fair opportunity of doing so. It is true they are naturally despots of the most pronounced type, and despotism is strangely out of harmony with the nineteenth century; but then it is greatly to be feared that in much that tends to fit a people for governing themselves, either by means of an administration emanating directly from themselves or through a constitutional monarchy, Spain is behind the century. If the Bourbons were despotic without being licentious, absolute but wise and judicious rulers, firm without being inexorable, dealing out justice to all but cruel to none, there is much in their general mode of administration as sovereigns to constitute them the legitimate and natural monarchs of Spain—much in the prominent features of their personal characters which would awe their more turbulent countrymen into submission, when repression exercised by a divided or less arbitrary authority would only excite them to greater violence and more open defiance. Unfortunately, however, the House of Bourbon is cruel and licentious as well as despotic, and the young King must indeed have few of the characteristics of his family, and has been but little impressed by the example shown him at his mother's court, if he has not enough of a tendency in that direction to cause discontent and provoke resistance in the future on the part of some who now accept him as their governor without a protest.

It will be interesting to note what attitude the leading Powers of Europe will assume under the changed circumstances: especially interesting will it be to watch Prince Bismarck's conduct in respect thereof. He has of late shown some solicitude about Spanish affairs, and was generally suspected of harbouring a secret desire to see something occur which would afford him a reasonable pretext for interfering on behalf of the republican government. It may safely be presumed that he does not look with favour upon the accession to the head of affairs of young Alfonso, and the extinction of that form of government to which he had just extended the national recognition of the German Empire: not that Bismarck loves republicanism, but he hates the Papacy more cordially than anything else; and did not His Holiness the Pope recently give his special blessing to Isabella and her son? If there is one influence which has been more loyal than another to the Bourbon cause in Spain, through success and failure, through good report and evil report, it has been that of the Church of Rome and the Sovereign Pontiff. It was probably less the persons than the system they represented which was thus favoured, as was shown by the sort of *quasi* support latterly vouchsafed to the cause of Don Carlos from the same quarter. The ways of the German Chancellor are inscrutable, and he is so continually plotting and intriguing that it would be hard to say in advance what course he may pursue under given conditions, or indeed what secret part he may have had in establishing those conditions; but upon the very face of it the new Spanish monarchy would appear to be an open defiance of his desires in regard to that country—a sort of challenge to that spirit of despotism which he has manifested, not only towards the Church of Rome within the German domain, but towards every European country whose voice would be recognised as having any authority in the International Councils. It is evidently a critical time in the affairs of Europe, but what influence the new Spanish departure may have upon them, if any, it would be impossible in the meantime to divine.

Correspondence.

THE RUSSELL ELECTION.

To the Editor of the TIMES:

Sir,—I respectfully request that you will allow me a little corner to reply to your article of this day. You cast doubt on my veracity, by saying I was not at the Convention. Now, that is a mistaken assumption. I went in accompanied by Mr. Tytler and Dr. Ferguson. Mr. Tytler asked the chairman to state the final vote, which he did as follows:—"Ferguson 8, Morgan 5, and Tytler 1. Mr. Tytler then asked "was it made unanimous?" The chairman answered in the negative, adding "that there was no hope it could be." Then Mr. Tytler said he would not recognize it, or words to that effect. The chairman then asked Dr. Ferguson if he would accept the nomination of the majority. He (Dr. F.) then came and sat beside Messrs. Tytler, Baulne and myself, and said "If Clarence will go for me I will accept," to which both gentlemen answered in the negative. Mr. Tytler strongly urged the doctor not to accept, as it would be "*certain defeat.*" I advised him to go and consult his other friends. He again returned to solicit the Clarence deputation's support, but in vain. He then declared that he would accept the nomination of the majority. Now, Sir, I challenge your informant to come out under his own signature, and deny any portion of this statement.

I cast no doubt on Dr. Ferguson's political principles. All Russell knows that in 1867 he was the chief supporter of the then Conservative candidate, and that on the hustings at Metcalfe as well as at meetings in the County, he spoke strongly against "Grits" for their shortcomings, particularly their hostility to the Ottawa country. Dr. Ferguson does not deny this. I am very glad to see such acquisitions to our ranks, but I think that it would be prudent to place them on a short probation.

I have yet to learn, notwithstanding the *dictum* of The Times, that Dr. Ferguson is the Ministerial candidate. When Mr. Mowat tells me so I shall believe it, but not till then.

You do me a great injustice in hinting that I wish to raise religious issues. All my antecedents point in an opposite direction. I stated a fact which cannot be denied. I used no influence to have myself represented at the convention by any particular *race* or *creed*. You will concede that it was a *rusus natura* when I inform you on the authority of Mr. Baker (the Conservative candidate) that one of the most prominent members is a pledged supporter of his. The result on polling day will convince you of the correctness of my judgment.

Yours, &c., &c.,
T. L. P. O'Hanly.

Ottawa, Jan. 2, 1875.

THE NEW COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.

Complimentary Address.

It is with great pleasure we insert the following address, presented by the employees in the Customs Department to Mr. James Johnson, on his assuming the position of Commissioner of Customs, showing, as it does, a unity of feeling in the department, which promises well for the performance of its duties in the future. It is also a fitting recognition of the ability and courtesy which have always characterized Mr. Johnson in both his public and private capacity.

The employees of the department having met in Mr. Johnson's room on Saturday morning, Mr. Drysdale, the chief clerk, was unanimously called on to read the address.

INTRODUCTORY REMARKS.

Before making the presentation, Mr. Drysdale said:—My Dear Mr. Johnson,—

It is with great pleasure I undertake the duties of the position which the gentlemen of this Department have done me the honour to confer upon me on this occasion, and although I feel my inability to do justice to the feelings which actuate us, still, I cannot deny myself the pleasure of expressing to you the united and heartfelt regard which we entertain for you personally, and as the Administrative head of this Department. There is, my dear sir, one element which more particularly calls forth our congratulations; it is, that we have now in you one in whom our entire confidence can rest, satisfied that our interests in the service are safe in your hands, and that justice will be impartially meted out to each and all of us on every occasion that may require the exercise of your increased authority. It is with great pleasure I now beg to convey to you the assurance of our high esteem and confidence, which is more expressively set forth in an address unanimously passed at a meeting of the gentlemen of this Department, held on the 24th December last; and, which, with your permission, I beg to be allowed to read.

The following

ADDRESS

was then read:—

"*To James Johnson, Esq., Commissioner of Customs.*

"Sir,—We, the undersigned employees of the Customs' Department, beg most respectfully to express our deep and unanimous feeling of satisfaction on the occasion of your assuming the position of Commissioner of Customs.

"We can all look back with pleasure to the past eight years, during which, as Assistant Commissioner, you have gained the affectionate regard of each member of the Department, and we feel confident that the result of your future administration will be but to strengthen the happy feeling which prompts us now to address you.

"At the same time, we embrace this opportunity to assure you that we will, by assiduity and attention to our several duties, endeavour to lighten the arduous and important functions of your office, and we are all the more impelled to do so from our honest conviction that the position you have now attained is but a just reward for your long and able services in the past.

"It is to us a matter of congratulation that you enter upon your new duties at this auspicious season; and we but express our earnest and heartfelt feeling when we pray that this may be to you the precursor of many happy new years.

"In conclusion, we respectfully beg that you will convey to Mrs. Johnson and the other members of your family, our respectful congratulations and best wishes for their future welfare.

"Customs' Department,
"Ottawa, 2nd Jan., 1875."

MR. JOHNSON'S REPLY.

"*To Messrs. John Drysdale, J. W Peachy, Chief Clerks, and other Officers of the Customs Department.*

"Gentlemen,—I thank you cordially and sincerely for your address, peculiarly appropriate, as it is, at this festive season of the year.

"On assuming the chair of Commissioner of Customs, a stranger to the Department and Departmental business would necessarily feel the difficulties and apprehensions incident to the assumption of new and untried duties, but as you have kindly reminded me in your address, my past relations to the Department have been so nearly akin to those which I now assume, that the change is practically nearly imperceptible.

"Your expressions of affectionate regard, as the result of our past intercourse, and your confidence in the future as strengthening those feelings, affords me much satisfaction; and I am happy to assure you that I fully reciprocate your sentiments in this respect.

"I am specially thankful, while acknowledging your kink promise of assiduity and attention to your several duties as a means of lightening my own labour, to assure you that the experience of the past is sufficient guarantee for the fulfilment of this promise; and I cannot but assure you that your readiness on all occasions to comply with my wishes and directions in matters of business, and the very efficient manner in which you have performed your respective parts in the departmental work, has given me very great satisfaction, while it has been very creditable to yourselves.

"I shall not fail to convey to Mrs. Johnson and family your congratulations and best wishes for their future welfare, and I thank you sincerely for your kind remembrance of them.

"I remain, Gentlemen,
"Cordially and sincerely yours,
"J. J. Johnson,
"Commissioner of Customs.

"Customs Department,
"Ottawa, January 2nd, 1875.

The address was beautifully illuminated and handsomely mounted, and will be well worthy of being handed down to the future as a family heirloom of special value.

If you want to be happy, go to Duffy's 50 cent sale to-night. 3732-2in.

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732.

To-night is the gala night at Duffy's 50 cent sale. Go and get a New Year's present. 3732-2in.

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

A German organ, gold and silver watch to-night at Duffy's 50 cent sale. 3732-2in.

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732.

Grocers.

CHRISTMAS CARD.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS.

Thanking their numerous friends and customers for the patronage bestowed upon them since commencing business, would remind them that being in a position (through purchasing their Goods previous to advance in wholesale markets) to sell cheap, they will offer to them during the Holidays, value in quality and cheapness that cannot be surpassed in the city, viz.:

OLD PRICES.	NEW PRICES.
3 lbs. Raisins.....35cts.	3 lbs. Raisins.....30cts
3 lbs. Currants....27cts.	3 lbs Currants.....20cts
Orange Peel.......35cts.	Orange Peel.......25cts
Lemon Peel........35cts.	Lemon Peel........25cts
Sultana Raisins...17cts.	Sultana Raisins...13cts
Figs in layers....50cts.	Figs in layers....35cts
Mixed Spices......50cts.	Mixed Spices......40cts

Dec. 21st, 1874.

SOMETHING NEW

To Economical Housekeepers!

Use the British Egg and Butter Powder!

A Perfect Substitute for Eggs! A Great Saving in Butter!

FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.

Agents for Ottawa—

CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.
3 and 4 Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3m

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

SAPOLIO,

For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.

HAND SAPOLIO,

For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artizans and mechanics.

Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.

Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

CHRISTMAS COMES BUT ONCE A YEAR.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE

Beg to inform their many customers and the citizens of Ottawa generally, that they are now prepared to sell

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST

For cash during the holidays,

Fancy China Tea Setts, Crockery, Glassware and Presents of all Kinds.

A full stock of

GROCERIES AND SMALLWARES

Of all kinds for the holidays. Call early and select your goods.

All orders will receive prompt attention.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Corner of Kent and Wellington Streets

Dec. 24, 1874.

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH,

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds, Geese from 8 to 18 pounds. Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,
Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 23, 1874. 3726-tf

Boots & Shoes.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA

Gentlemen:

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

BOOTS, SHOES, MOCCASINS, MITTS, &c.

AT

W. E. BROWN,
15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3747y d&w

OH! HOW JOLLY!

With the hope of contributing to the enjoyment of an immense number of people, and also as an expression of gratitude to my customers for their liberal patronage during eight years past, I have decided to present articles of the value of 50 cents for every $5 worth purchased for cash during the holidays, and gifts of proportionate value for larger amounts.

These CHRISTMAS PRESENTS will consist of Ladies, Gents, and Children's fine Kid, Mitt; plain and fancy Moccasins, French Dressing slippers and Boots and Shoes, in great variety—ALL USEFUL ARTICLES—and I especially call your attention to the fact that this is NOT A LOTTERY, but that every cash purchaser will receive in the above ratio, a gift of his own choosing.

Come at once and make your selections.

W. A. LAMB,
38 Sussex St.

Dec. 21st, 1874.

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 14 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes, Mitts, Rubbers, Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand, Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN, Ottawa.

Dec. 24, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st., Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre.

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.

Dec 28, 1874.

Hatters & Furriers.

ALEX. BROBERY,

FURRIER,

45 Rideau-st.,

Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,

Is offering the balance of his

Stock of Winter Furs

AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3733

DEVLIN'S HATS THAT R HATS

DEVLIN'S

FUR DEPOT

AUSTRIAN RUGS,
BUFFALO ROBES,
WOLF ROBES,
WHITE FOX ROBES,
BLACK BEAR ROBES,
RACCOON ROBES.

—AT—

DEVLIN'S

11 RIDEAU STREET.

LADIES FURS!

GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,

No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to odrer by

JAMES PEACOCK,
No. 33, Rideau Street.

Dec 20th, 1874. 3724 m1

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.

—AT—

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Legal Notices.

D. R. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.

H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants.

Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 laws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.

Dec. 21, 1874. 3727-3awk2m

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario for an Act to amend an Act passed by the said Legislative Assembly in the thirty-first year of Her Majesty's reign, and intituled: "An Act to incorporate the Temporal Committee of St. Andrew's Church, in the City of Ottawa, in connection with the Church of Scotland, and to vest certain property in said Temporal Committee," to enable said Temporal Committee to mortgage the Lot commonly known as the Glebe Lot, and to sell a part thereof, and to issue Debentures and otherwise to amend said last mentioned Act.

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Solicitors for Applicant.

Oct. 30, 1874. 3811f

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Walford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnston, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the City of Toronto, as Solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt become absolute and indefeisible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.

(Sd.) GEO. S. HOLMESTED,
Referee of Titles.

3715-3w-lawk

Co-Partnership.

NOTICE.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between Ratty, Aviss & Co., of this city, as Commission and General agents, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

Signed, A. M. RATTEY,
D. J. AVISS,
JOHN McEWAN.

Witness—F. Wright.

Hereafter the same business will be carried on under the name and style of Ratty & Co.

Dec. 31, 1874. 3732-5

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore existing between Charles Grant of Elizabethtown, and J.A. Grant of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton under the name, style and firm of Grant Bro's is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due or accruing to said firm in the County of Carleton must be paid to said J.A. Grant and all debts due or accruing to said firm in Brockville or vicinity must be paid in to Charles Grant.

CHARLES GRANT.
J. A. GRANT.

Fitzroy December 12, 1874.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer [Trade Mark secured] Montreal.

Election Notices.

TO THE

Electors of Ottawa.

Gentlemen,—Through the dissolution of the Local Legislature, in a short time you will be called upon to elect a representative to that House for the ensuing term. Elected by a large majority when I had the honor to solicit your suffrages before, I trust that my conduct while in Parliament will meet with the full confidence of the whole people at the ensuing election, and as a consequence I announce myself as a candidate for your suffrages on the occasion. Should I be deemed worthy of your approval in the future as in the past, my humble support will be given to the present government in all measures for the benefit of the whole country. I ask assistance in opposing chicanery and double-dealing, and in favour of one who will neither be cajoled or purchased.

Hoping to meet you all at public meetings, and if possible personally, before the day of polling,

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
DAN. J. O'DONOGHUE.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

TO THE

Electors of By Ward.

Gentlemen,—We beg leave to decline the honor conferred on us by nominating us as candidates for the ensuing Municipal Election, and we respectfully solicit your votes and influence for Mr. P. H. Chabot.

Dr. ST. JEAN, M.P.
G. TAILLON,
ETIENNE LEBLANC,
O. A. ROCQUE,
ED. GERMAIN.

Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1874.

Gentlemen,—The above will explain to you that my candidature is well endorsed by my own nationality; I beg nevertheless to say that, if elected, I shall be the representative and the friend of all classes without distinction. Upon these conditions I appeal to the electors for an expression of their confidence. It has been matter of custom that one Canadian should be returned for the Ward, and I offer myself in that character, believing that I can discharge the duties of the office in a manner that will prove satisfactory to the ratepayers of the Ward; therefore I claim the support of the English speaking nationality of all creeds and classes, as my purpose is to give equal justice to all.

Yours truly,
P. H. CHABOT.

3733nl

TO THE

Electors of Russell.

Gentlemen,—I beg respectfully to announce to you that I am a Candidate for your suffrages at the impending General Election for the Ontario Legislature. My political principles are well known to you as contained in detail in my address of 1867; and time and experience have added fresh strength to my convictions of their soundness. As the standard-bearer, who first unfurled the banner of Reform in your Riding, I cannot but rejoice that the good seed then sown, under very adverse circumstances, too, has not only taken deep root, but has already produced fruit.

I congratulate you that many of the measures I advocated before you, particularly those relating to the purity of elections, and without which elective institutions were little better than a farce, are now the law of this great Province; and I am glad to be able to say that some, who then sneered at my humble efforts for the people's good, have since seen the error of their ways, and become zealous workers in the glorious cause of liberty. It is cause of thankfulness that every man can now exercise his franchise without let, hindrance, or fear of consequences, according to his own honest convictions, uninfluenced by any consideration but the general good, and witnessed by no eye but that of his Maker. To the Liberal Government the country owes all these important and beneficial measures. There are many other useful and necessary reforms which will follow in their wake, if the people are true to themselves, and renew their confidence in the present Government by electing men to support them on whom they can rely—men who have a record to point to, whose fidelity to their principles is above suspicion—men who would, if necessary, be ready to follow them into the cold shades of opposition. This is the kind of support they deserve at your hands. Send them not one who veers with every change of political doctrine—a Conservative yesterday, a Reformer to-day, and a Tory again to-morrow if most conducive to his interest or ambition.

In Mr. Mowat's Administration I have the fullest confidence—a confidence inspired by their principles and confirmed by their acts. I heartily endorse not only their legislation, but the economy and efficiency with which they have administered public affairs in promoting education, encouraging settlement and developing our internal resources; and if antecedents be any criterion whereby we may judge our future actions, they shall continue to have my cordial support.

Every scheme for the encouragement of Roads and Railroads shall have my unqualified support, for these are the veins and arteries through which flows the life blood of industry. I shall use every legitimate means to influence aids for such enterprises in your Riding without regard to special interests or particular localities.

I shall devise and promote with my utmost ability a comprehensive scheme for the drainage of your whole county, by which the rich *bottom-lands* now lying waste—preserves for deer stalking—will be converted into blooming fields of golden harvest, increasing your population and enhancing your property.

With a life long devotion—often under very trying circumstances—to the cause of good and cheap Government; with a record, private and public, extending over a quarter of a century on the Ottawa Valley, at which no respectable man need blush, and can challenge fair and honest criticism; with an ambition directed as unerringly as the needle to the pole towards adding my little mite to the stock of human happiness, irrespective of race or creed, clime or color; with a mind free from bigotry as our mountain air from noxious exhalations; I appeal with just confidence to the Liberals of Russell to sustain me, and place me in a position of increased usefulness; and I can safely assure them that their trust will never be betrayed. On Conservative support I base no claim, save that of an honest man, who respects the opinions, nay, the prejudices, of those who differ from him and who in his public capacity shall know none but the people as a whole.

I shall endeavor to see as many of you as it is possible for me in the limited time between this and polling day; and frankly avow my views on any other subject that you may desire to be informed. Those whom I may not be able to see, will, I hope, excuse me, and pass sentence on me according to the principles herein enunciated. On the last occasion that I was before you I addressed, with as much sincerity as ever I uttered a sentence, to large assemblies which happened to be exclusively composed of my own countrymen, and the same I shall now say to all, as follows:—

"You should banish from your minds every consideration except the public good. You should not vote for me simply because I am an Irishman or a Catholic. You should wholly judge me according to the political principles I enunciate before you. If you approve of these, you should support me; and if there is one amongst you who disapproves of them, he is in duty bound to vote against me."

I am,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
J. L. P. O'HANLY.

Ottawa, 26th December, 1874.

TO THE ELECTORS OF

St. George's Ward.

Gentlemen,—At the request of a number of friends, I have decided to offer myself again for re-election as one of your representatives for St. George's Ward. Unable through press of business of one kind and another to make a personal canvass of the ward, I avail myself of this means of respectfully soliciting your vote and influence. If re-elected, I shall do my best in aiding to bring about a satisfactory condition of city affairs.

Yours truly,
J. P. ROBERTSON.

Dec. 17, 1874.

Machinery.

VICTORIA FOUNDRY.

EXTENSION OF THE WORKS!

THE subscribers, in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on them since the opening of the Victoria Foundry and Machine Shops, and the commencement of their business in the city of Ottawa, now upwards of twenty years ago, beg to inform

MILL OWNERS, MACHINISTS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY

That they have recently

Extended their Foundry and Work-Shops,

And added to their Machinery and Tools some of the largest

Iron Planers and Turning Lathes

To be found in any similar establishment in the Dominion, as well as a

Powerful Steam Hammer and Bolt Heading Machine.

Also, they have secured the services of

Mr. ALEXANDER HENDERSON,

So long and favourably known as FOREMAN in the General Machinery Department of the JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, of Oshawa, and are now prepared to furnish heavy forgings and manufacture

Steam Engines and Boilers

Of all sizes and descriptions; likewise

Factory, Grist, and Saw Mill MACHINERY!

For which they have an almost unrivalled stock of modern and improved patterns.

They are now making preparations for the Manufacture of, and soon will be in a position to supply the market with

PRINTING PRESSES!

Comprising three sizes of the celebrated Gordon, Washington and Wharfdale Machines:

Small, Improved

ENGINES for PRINTING OFFICES,

Shingle Machines, and
Shingle Jointers,
Leather Splitters,
Knife Grinders,
Hydraulic Pumps,

Steam Pumps on the "Cameron" and "Blake" Principles,

together with all kinds of Pumping Machinery for cities, towns and villages; and Iron Bridges, for which plans and specifications can be furnished.

The Subscribers also manufacture the Lamb, Tyler and Leffel WATER WHEELS, with latest improvements on the latter [illegible] leakage; and furnish, on short notice, Brass and Iron Castings of all descriptions.

Builders Castings a specialty.

First-class materials, and workmanship guaranteed, and references given as to the satisfactory working of Machinery already supplied to the principal Milling and Manufacturing Establishments in the Ottawa Valley and elsewhere.

N. S. Blasdell & Co.,

Victoria Foundry & Machine Shops,

Chaudiere, Ottawa.

December 28, 1874. 3728-3

Hotels.

THE

CLARENDON HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the Corner of Sussex and George Streets, within three to five minutes' walk of Post Office and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 15th January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel, so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen, will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,

One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms

are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms

are large airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms

are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms

are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my Table will be one of the best in Canada.

N. B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.

Dec. 28th, 1874. 372

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM,

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors, and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 3468

NOTICE

All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 28 1874.

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD USE THE

Diamond Yeast Cakes

BOARD AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at Mrs. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets.

Oct 10, 1874.

MINERAL WATER.

The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town.

Oct. 27th 1874. 3675-2m

The Canadian Washer

A. R. GILES, Manufacturer, Between Rideau and Bolton Streets, Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Nov. 18, 1874.

A. R. GILES.

Sir,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Washing Machines, and have used it in my family for some time, and have found it to be a complete success, on account of its great facility, [illegible] durability; and I think it is an article which is indispensable to any family.

JOHN MORHAY.

MORTALITY AND COLD.

The sanitary statistics in London for the week ending December 5th, furnish one of the most startling illustrations on record of the little understood relation between mortality and cold. The week in question was one of very low temperature, and the death rate mounted up to a correspondingly high figure. The popular impression has long existed that the severe depressions of temperature, except to the ragged and ill-fed classes, were to be regarded as sanitary boons, giving tone and solidity to the human frame; and so, under certain circumstances, they are found to work. But, practically, as the most rigid analysis of the death rate statistics proves, a cold snap is scarcely less fatal for the time it lasts than an irruption of cholera or small-pox.

The mortuary register for the week ending December 5, in London, shows an amazing excess for heart and lung diseases, ranging from fifty to two hundred and twenty-four above the average, falling most heavily on the extreme ages, senile and infantile. Such a result cannot be explained by supposing that the shock of the winter fell upon homeless and half-clothed victims, but must be regarded as another striking proof of the deadliness of cold itself.

That the great thermal vicissitudes are faithfully reflected in the sickness and mortality of all geographical sections is becoming clearer as the records of disease are more carefully compiled. Dr. Prestel, of Emden, who for over thirty years has observed and discussed meteorological phenomena, collating them recently with the sanitary statistics of Friesland, maintains that from the nature of the prevailing winds the relative salubrity of a district can be determined. Giving the cause time to have its due effect, he concludes that ventilation or agitation of the atmosphere is as essential to the health of a district as the renewal of air in a sick room, and that calms are as dangerous as any other meteoric conditions. No doubt the calms that precede the rapid barometric rise with its accompanying frigorific temperatures, by vitiating the air we breathe, weaken the human system and prepare it for the invasive force of the wintry blast. The Philadelphia registers for 1872 graphically show how the curves indicating the course of mortality from most winter diseases rapidly rise with the thermal decline and decline with the thermal rise. The small-pox fatality, usually greatest in March, then occurred in January, whose thermometric mean was the lowest of any of the winter months. And the inference suggested by these facts has been corroborated by an Austrian medico-meteorologist of Pesth, who finds that the meteorological changes reflect themselves in the amount and aggravation of sickness.

The subject is one of such vital importance to all classes, especially in our climate—where, from proximity on the one hand to the warm Gulf Stream, and on the other to the cold, semi-Arctic Canadas, the changes are most sudden and severe—that it should more engage popular as well as medical attention. Prudent recognition of the philosophy which it teaches would enormously mitigate the sufferings of the poorer classes, and rightly direct the skilled charities which are now seeking to guard the public health. When the thermometer falls below thirty degrees the shock on the system is quickly succeeded by a reaction, which makes a heavy drain on the reserve vital energy, which must be replenished by increased consumption of solid food, or, this fuel failing, the animal heat falls below the health point. Then it is the famished and ill-protected must feel the tooth of hunger and need the most generous diet. But with the rise of temperature the supply should be proportionately abridged and held in store for the most trying season.

A little care systematically bestowed upon children, regulating their clothing and food in accordance with the showing of these facts, would immensely increase their comfort and reduce the mortality which at this season prevails.—*N. Y. Herald.*

AN OLD REBEL.

A writer in the *Brockville Recorder* writes the following interesting particulars: "Yesterday we had a visit from a gentleman whose name was at one time well known in the country, in connection with the rebellion of 1837. We allude to Benjamin Wait, once of Canada, now of Bay City, Michigan. This gentleman took an active part in the rebellion. He commanded a band of Patriots, as they were called, at Point au Pelee, and was afterwards taken prisoner at Short Hills.

Being thus taken, he was tried as a traitor to his country, found guilty, and received a traitor's doom. He was sentenced to be hanged by the neck till he was dead. But this fate was not to be his. He had a noble wife, and by her exertions not only his life, but the lives of others in the same predicament were spared. This noble woman travelled to Quebec and prayed for a commutation of sentence, which was granted, but the document had to be countersigned by Sir George Arthur. This gentleman Mrs. Wait met at Brockville on her way to Toronto. To him she applied for his signature, which, at first, he refused, till he reached the seat of Government, well knowing that if his signature was withheld till then, the death penalty would be carried out before the document could reach Toronto. Afterwards Sir George did subscribe his name, but so late that no one expected the respite would reach the ill-fated man in time to save them from death. Here, again, Mrs. Wait showed her tact. She applied for the use of Sir George's steamer, but did not get answer till another gentleman had made interest with another owner of a vessel, and seeing this noble lady was likely to carry her point in reaching Toronto, and fearing what might be said of his conduct, he gave the vessel; and, although every exertion was made to make the voyage as short as possible, Mrs. Wait only reached Toronto half an hour before the time appointed for the execution of her husband, but happily in time to stop the execution. The sentence was then commuted to banishment for life to Van Dieman's Land.

"Having succeeded so well, Mrs. Wait then turned her attention to England, which country she visited, and laying her petition at the foot of the throne, Mr. Wait and the other patriots who had been sent with him, had further favours granted, by receiving "tickets of leave" in two years, in place of the usual number, eight. Mr. Wait then set himself to work to earn a little money, and in six months had earned one hundred pounds. This amount was laid out in the purchase of a small boat, in which, after stocking with some provisions, he left the country and put to sea, in the hope of being picked up by some vessel. After being exposed to the dangers of the sea in a frail boat for twenty days, he was at last taken on board of an American whale ship. This vessel was afterwards wrecked, and Mr. Wait being saved, spent about eighteen months on the banks of the Amazon River. He afterwards reached the United States, where he remained without visiting Canada. A general act of amnesty was passed, which brought back Mr. Lyon McKenzie as well as Mr. Wait. Mr. Wait is now engaged as associate editor on the *Lumberman's Gazette*, in Bay City, Michigan.

"He has been visiting the Ottawa region and other lumbering localities, for the purpose of collecting statistics of the trade, in order to show how the lumber trade of the States will be effected by the passing of the proposed Reciprocity Treaty.

"He says he is still heart and soul a Canadian, and will ever rejoice in the prosperity of this, his native country. He appears still hale and hearty, and would no doubt be glad to pass the remainder of his days in the Dominion, and lay his body in the soil of his loved and native land."

The crowds which attend Duffy's 50 nt sale can testify to the bargains to be d there: 3732-2in.

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparts, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3727

Soiled Blankets cheap at Bryson's. 3695-1m

NEW YORK BAY OYSTERS IN SHELL.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. s703

For Christmas and New Year's presents go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724-tf.

THE NOTMAN STUDIO.—Mr. Topley has on exhibition some Xmas and New Years' goods, not to be had elsewhere in the city. Please call and inspect the Studio since recent changes. 3727-1w.

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. Mc Donnell's. 3698-6

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

All Flannels reduced at Bryson's. 3695-1m

H. F. McCarthy, Medical Hall, Wellington street, has just received a large stock of Christmas and New Year's goods, in toilet bottles, dressing cases, hair brushes, combs, Labin's and Atkinson's perfumes cologne, lavender, &c., &c., ten per cent. cheaper than any other house in the city. 3727

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

---

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

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For Bunnel's Patent Washer, Shorey & Co.'s Royal Canadian Wringer, Polygonal Turning, Furnaces, Stoves and Stove Pipes, fitted up in a workmanlike manner, go to C. P. Dorion. Also on hand and for sale, very cheap, 7,500 Stoves Pipes of all kinds, at our well known townsman, C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa, Ont. 3791d&w

---

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

FALSE MODESTY.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street,

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 3678-y

WHOLESALE

Ready-Made

CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTER.

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 24, 1874. 3680

Gift Enterprises.

ANOTHER

OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts	20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 23, 1874.

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000 } Each in Cash
Two Prizes, $500 }

Five Prizes $100

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mo[unted harness] worth $600.

One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth

Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $3[5]0

Three Gold American Hunting Watches, w[orth] $125 each.

Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth 100 each!

1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watc[hes] (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c.

Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,0[00]

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to w[hom] Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 437, Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race st. Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874 2554 d&w

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK, VA.

DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature passed March 8th, 1873.

50,000 TICKETS—6000 CASH GIFTS,

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of	$ 30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	[illegible]000
One Grand Cash Gift of	5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	15,000
[illegible] Cash Gifts of 500 each	14,000
43 Cash Gifts of $250 each	10,75[0]
7[illegible] Cash Gifts of 150 each	11,85[0]
250 Cash Gifts of $100 each	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of $50 each	28,900
5,000 Cash Gifts of $10 each	50,000
[6],000 Cash Gifts, aggregating	$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets, $5; Quarter Ticket, $2 50; Eleven tickets, $100.

For Tickets and Circulars, &c., address, HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary, Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 25, 1874 2752d&w

Miscellaneous.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO; Sparks Street, near Bank.

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN,

December 23, 1874. Auctioneer, Sparks-st

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents,

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.

Dec. 17, 1874.

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

J. W. MINTHORN, Box "U" ORILLIA, Ont.

Oct. 1. 3413

Hair Cutting.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-CUTTING, DRESSING AND BATH ROOMS,

74 AND 76 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

The Proprietor respectfully informs his numerous patrons that his

New Establishment

is now complete in every department.

Ladies' Entrance—The door nearest O'Connor-St.

His stock of REAL HAIR cannot be surpassed either in quantity or quality. In price he guarantees 25 per cent. less than any house in the Dominion.

For the Gents' Room he has every comfort possible to obtain for money. With five efficient workmen gentlemen will not have to waste their time in waiting at this establishment.

The Manufacturing Department employs seven hands, and with the large amount of room he now has, will be able to meet the increasing demands of his patrons.

For Comings, he begs to say that although his price may seem a little higher in quotation than some others, when ladies take into consideration what they receive for their money, it will be found cheaper to buy their work at this establishment.

T. E. M. also begs to say that he will continue as a sole agent of business, his sale of Magic Photographs for 50cts. each, both for ladies and gentlemen, which gives the purchaser each time a present varying from 5 cts to $100.

Perfumes, Cosmetiques, Combs, Brushes, and all Toilet Goods in endless variety.

T. E. MOORE,

Oct. 28, 1874. 2887

Furniture.

GREAT

DISCOUNT SALE

—OF—

FURNITURE.

Before removing to our new Warerooms, 85 Sparks-st., we will offer our present large stock of Plain and Fancy Furniture at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

ANGUS & CO., 38 SPARKS-ST.

Dec. 11, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND OR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874. 3569y

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

Miscellaneous.

S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to. Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs, &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS, 6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottaw

No 14 719

"A Repository of Fashion Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveller.*

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures to the young ladies by its fashion-plates, in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year $4 00

$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The seven numbers of HARPER'S BAZAR, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times." "The Best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Weekly* is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the *Weekly* is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The *Weekly* maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations are often corroborative arguments of no small force.—*N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle.*

Its papers on existent question and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year..........$4 00

$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publisher.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

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The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete Set, comprising Eighteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per. vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS New York

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co, Cincinnati, O. Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N.J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y. &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE.................. 70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3569y

Hardware.

GOLDEN LIGHT ARGAND

MOORE BROS'.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS,

Desire to call attention to the GOLDEN LIGHT, or ARGAND Self-Feeding Stove, with ILLUMINATED BASE ANTI CLINKER GRATE. This is the newest and

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL STOVE IN USE.

The American Base, Gurney Base, Morning Star and other leading self-feeding Stoves on hand. Cook Stoves for wood or coal; also Box and Parlor Stoves for wood.

Particular attention given to setting up stoves and jobbing of all kinds.

Sept. 16, 1874. 3673

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES

J. T. MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces, &c. Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnaces.

Coal Oil.

Just Received 300 Barrels Best American

KEROSENE OIL,

Warranted Non-Explosive and Free from Smell.

C. S. SHAW & CO. SUSSEX-ST.

Dec. 14, 1874.

N.B.—Our Vans call at every house in the city daily.

Auction Sales.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 174, of 1873 and '871, consisting of about 57 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Dep 4.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN, Ramsay.

Dec. 30th, 1874. 3 31 td

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S AUCTION.

The finest display of

'Xmas and New Year's Goods,

Ever seen in this city.

Grand Show Day, Monday, 21st Dec., 1874.

Auction Days,	Monday, 21st,	at 7:30 p.m.
do.	Tuesday, 22nd at 2 and 7:30 do.	
do.	Wednesday, 23rd at 2 and 7:30 do.	
do.	Thursday, 24th, at 2 and 7:30 do.	
do.	Saturday, 26th, at 2 and 7:30 do.	

The subscriber has this day received an extensive consignment of some of the finest goods in the following ware ever brought to this city, with positive instructions to sell at whatever they may bring at Auction. There are 100 China Tea and Coffee Sets, white and gold, and various other designs; 500 Bohemian Flower Vase and Flower Stands, 300 Water Caraffs and Tumblers, 150 beautifully variegated Wine Bottles, 200 Water Jugs and Bottles, Cream Jugs, and Celery Bowls, 100 Liqueur Sets, 100 Cream Jugs, 200 Card Baskets, 500 Hock Glasses, 300 Butter Dishes of every imaginable style, 300 Toilet Sets of the most beautiful design, style and workmanship, as well as thousands of other goods that cannot be enumerated

Come, come all, and see them on MONDAY, and if you wish to buy you will get them at Private sale or Auction at fifty per cent under cost.

Remember the auction opens on Monday evening, the 21st inst., and will be continued all week at the hours mentioned.

Don't fail to come and see the goods, they are a direct consignment from England and must be sold without any reserve by

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

December 21st, 1874.

FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION

—ON—

MONDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF JANUARY, 1875.

At the hour of THREE O'CLOCK, in the afternoon, at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, all the interest and unexpired term of years, belonging to the late John Robertson O'Connor, in that valuable property, being part of the Government Reserve, near the head of the Chaudiere slide in the said City of Ottawa, containing about three acres more or less, and bounded towards the north and west side thereof, by the waters of the River Ottawa, forming the channel leading to the said Chaudiere Slide, towards the east by Broad street, and towards the south by Oregon street. The Honourable the Commissioner of Public Works has consented to grant to the purchaser a new lease for the unexpired term of the lease given the late Mr. O'Connor, viz., until the 13th September 1881, together with the privilege of sawing timber on the property.

The ground rent is only $180 per annum. The attention of mill owners and those interested in the lumber trade of the Ottawa, is called to the desirable investment now offered.

Terms and conditions of sale made known at time of auction.

For further information apply to Walker, Cassels and Pennock, Solicitors, Ottawa, or Hector McLean, Auctioneer.

Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-td.

AUCTION SALE

OF

VERY VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS!

The undersigned will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa

ON

MONDAY, JANUARY 4th, 1875,

At the hour of THREE o'clock p.m.,

License No. 95, of the years 1873 and 1874, on Bonchere River. To extend from a Norway Pine tree, blazed on four sides, at the head of the Rapids, below Stevenson's Lake, to a pine tree blazed on four sides in St. Patrick's Bay, north side of Round Lake, and to run back four miles more or less, half way to Indian River, in the course north, 21° east.

License No. 96, of 1873 and 1874, on Bonchere River. To commence at a white pine tree, blazed on four sides, north of the Couchine Lake, and extend down to a Red Pine tree, blazed on four sides, at the head of the first Rapids below Stevenson's Lake, six miles and a half more or less, and back four miles more or less, half way on the Indian River, in the course north, 21° east.

License No. 262 of 1873 and 1874 on Deep River, Ottawa, Township of Sheen. To commence at Dinney's Farm, and extend up the north side of Deep River, to the mouth of the Otta Creek, and back five miles on the course north, 10° east, on east side of the Otta Creek. This includes parts of Nos. 27, 29, 32, 33, 34, 36, 40, 50 and 51 in the 5th range, 27, 29, 32, 33 and 33 to 47 in the 6th range of the Township of Sheen. Cherry lots excepted.

Terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auction

Ottawa, Dec. 4.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874. 3829

Books & Stationery.

SACRED MUSIC BOOKS

FOR 1875.

RIVER OF LIFE.

(35 cts.) A most beautiful Sunday School Book. H. S. Perkins and W. W. Bentley.

LEADER.

[$1.38.] Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

THOMAS'S QUARTETS AND ANTHEMS

($2 50.) Perfect music of the best class for Quartet Choirs. J. R. Thomas.

DANKS' ANTHEM SERVICES.

($2 50) Anthem music of excellent quality for all the services of the Episcopal Church. H. P. Danks.

PERKINS' ANTHEM BOOK.

[$1 50.] Easy Anthems. Very full, good, and already popular collection. W. O. Perkins.

SONG MONARCH.

[75cts.] For Singing Schools. Not much Sacred Music, but an admirable preparatory course, with a large quantity of secular music for practice. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

All books sent post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

XMAS 1874.

JUST RECEIVED AT

HENDERSON & Co's.

New and choice assortments suitable for

XMAS AND NEW YEARS' PRESENTS,

Full stocks in following lines, viz.:

Bibles, Church Services and Prayer Books, The Poets, in cloth, Morocco and Ivorine, Albums, in Morocco Mother of Pearl and Inlaid, Writing desks, very choice, Christmas Stationery and Cards, Illuminated Texts, Mottoes and Chromos.

THE ANNUALS.

Juveniles Toy and Illustrated Books,

Miscellaneous Books,

Staple and Fancy Stationery.

Inspection invited at

HENDERSON & Co's. 8 Sparks street.

Ottawa, Dec. 31, 1874.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, standard and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 28, 1874.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874-5.

THOS. PATTERSON,

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual price

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystallized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

Dec. 24 1874 THOS PATTERSON.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

Aug. 1, 1874. P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT DR. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, F.R.S.E., M.R.I.A., F.G.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success.

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN.

Dec. 8, 1874 371im1

Ladies' Ware,

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYAN'S

234 Wellington-St

Dec. 8, 1874. 3887

Dry Goods.

LONDON HOUSE

LONDON HOUSE.

CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES!

The balance of our Fancy Goods will be Cleared Off

AT A GREAT REDUCTION, in order to make room for SPRING GOODS.

White Fur Jackets at Very Low Prices!

Grebe and other Sets of Fur at Holiday Prices.

Evening Silks and Gloves to match, at very low prices. Evening Dresses made to order in the latest styles, with neatness and despatch.

HANEY & FORGIE.

[254 & 256 WELLINGTON-ST., OPPOSITE E. McGILLIVRAY'S, OTTAWA.

Dec. 26, 1874. 3687y

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING **TAILORING.**

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $11.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7.50 upward.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 14, 1874. 3573dm

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

[St]ock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

All Goods Warranted Shrunk.

Feb. 18, 1874. 3277

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1860, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Stones

AGENCY OF

Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works,

OHIO SANDSTONE

Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projectory either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874. 3289y

Local Intelligence.

PERSONAL.—Mr. W. Laurier, the eloquent young member for Arthabaska, is in town and staying at the Russell House.

CITY COUNCIL.—The last meeting of the old Council takes place this evening. The excitement consequent upon the municipal contests in different wards may prevent a quorum being present.

PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.—The visitors this week are:—Directors: Messrs. Samuel Howell and John Leslie. Clergy: Revds. G. N. Higginson and A. Cameron. Physician: James Grant.

Y. M. C. A.—Mr. John McMillan, M. A., will read an essay to-morrow (Tuesday) night, before the Young Men's Christian Association. The subject he purposes treating of is, "Some forms of Modern Unbelief."

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—The regular monthly meeting of the managing committee of this Society takes place to-morrow (Tuesday) night at 7.30 o'clock. A number of cases of destitution requires the immediate attention of the Charitable Committee.

OPERATIC.—Sappho, the leading attraction at the Theatre Royal, Montreal, for the last two weeks will appear at Gowan's Opera House for a short season of three nights, commencing Wednesday evening with a full opera and burlesque company.

SOUTH GRENVILLE.—The Brockville *Recorder* says that Mr. Gray, the Conservative candidate for South Grenville, has at the eleventh hour shown the white feather, and that L. H. Daniels, Esq., has consented to become the next victim of the Tory ambition in Grenville. Thus one one by one, they rise successive and successive fall.

COMPLIMENTARY.—Prof. Liberati, the leader of the Garrison Artillery band was on New Year's Eve, the recipient—through Mr. Bernard, the composer—of a fine piece of music entitled "The Battle of Orleans." The Professor places great value on the testimonial from the fact that he participated in this celebrated conflict.

FIRE ALARMS.—There were two alarms yesterday morning. One of them was false; the other, which occurred at 9:30 p.m., was given for the roof of a house on St. Patrick street, which had become ignited. Owing to some defect in the working of the Fire Alarm Telegraph, the men were not present at the scene, but the Chief of the fire brigade rendered good service.

MATRIMONIAL.—It is with pleasure we observe the entry into matrimonial life of our journalistic *confrere*, Mr. George Holland, of the *Citizen*. He has been to the West on his happy mission, and returned on Saturday accompanied by his bride. We wish the wedded couple every joy in their new "departure" in life, and trust both may be long spared to enjoy the bliss of wedlock.

ANOTHER PRESENTATION.—The employees of the firm of Messrs. Radford and Goyer presented Mr. Radford the senior member of that firm with a handsome gold locket on New Years Day. It bore an appropriate inscription on one side and had a monogram in relief, formed of the initial letters of his name (J. J. R.) on the other. Mr. Radford duly appreciates this manifestation of regard on the part of his employees.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—William Wallace, Simcoe; C. Hodgins, Wm. Spence, London; D. McNaughton, T. J. Leitch, G. W. Lyons, P. L. Belcher, Chas. E. Good, Montreal; D. C. Archibald, Papineauville; W. D. Matheson, Templeton; Julius H. Arnold, Berlin, Prussia; Levi Hasbrouch, Ogdensburg; R. Campbell, R. Campbell, jun., Eganville; L. H. Leyford, Boston; F. H. Raymond, New York.

PRESENTATION.—Mr. Thomas Porter, manager of the wholesale establishment of Messrs. Dufresne and McGarity, was presented with a handsome gold ring by his *confreres* on New Year's Day. Mr. Henry Carroll made the presentation and read an address, conveying to him the esteem and regard of the men under him in the establishment. Mr. Porter briefly acknowledged the compliment and trusted that the good feeling which had at all times existed between them, would long continue.

MUNICIPAL POLLS.—The polls for the election of Aldermen for the ensuing year open this morning at nine o'clock. In Ottawa Ward there is no contest, consequently a poll is unnecessary. In St. George, By, and Victoria Wards there is but one poll for each district. In Wellington Ward there are to be two polls open, rendered necessary from the great extent and large number of votes in the division. There are four candidates running in each ward, and the contest in some promises to be lively.

WORTHY OF IMITATION.—It is always pleasant to record deeds worthy of imitation, and one of these has just come under our notice. James McKinnon, a person lately in the employ of L. McQuarrie, died on Sunday the 27th ult., in the Protestant Hosipal, leaving a wife and five children, without a loaf of bread in the house. Mr. McQuarrie immediately sent food and clothing to their residence, and since then has been instrumental in getting up a subscription amounting to about $200, which he has deposited in the Quebec Bank to the credit of the bereaved widow.

NEW STREET LETTER BOXES.—The street letter boxes for the reception of letters at various points in the city, have arrived and are nearly all located. There are sixteen of them altogether, and they are so situated that they will afford ample postal facilities for such as cannot at all times travel to the central office. They are placed on houses at the most prominent corners, and so simply arranged that a child can drop letters into them without the least fear of mistake. The boxes are all painted a vermillion colour, and can be easily seen in passing along the street. On the face of the box are painted the following: "Canada Post Office Letters," the latter being put across the drop. There is also inscribed, "Collections at 9 a. m., (Sundays excepted)," so that every facility is given the correspondent to catch a departing mail. This new feature in our postal arrangements by the Government will be doubtless duly appreciated, and when followed, as it no doubt will be, by a free delivery, our postal arrangements will have attained as near as possible the acme of perfection.

VICTORIA WARD—IMPROPER INFLUENCE.—We very much regret to learn that religious prejudice was being freely invoked on the Chaudiere Flats during the last few days, to the detriment of Mr. Le Sueur, by the partizans of Mr. David. Now it is a fact that Mr. David was elected last year by Protestant votes, the Roman Catholic element being too weak of itself to ensure his success. And indeed if he should be returned to-day, he will again owe his election to the liberality of electors professing the Reformed faith. Under such circumstances, it seems doubly improper that Mr. Le Sueur's Protestanism should be urged against him by Mr. David's canvassers when seeking to dissuade electors from voting for him. We are quite sure that the desire for a change in the representation of the ward did not arise from Mr. David's creed, and that had he displayed qualities commending him to approval and confidence, no one would have inquired what church he belonged to. What the citizens ask in their representatives is integrity, good judgment, and if possible a fair education, and these we know Mr. Le Sueur for one possesses.

Pacific Railway Case.

THE ADJOURNED TRIAL.

MR. WALLACE'S EVIDENCE.

The return of Mr. Wallace to the city has enabled the prosecution to proceed with the Steer's embezzlement case, adjourned a few weeks ago. The case was again taken up before Mr. O'Gara on Saturday, and the subjoined evidence elicited in connection therewith. Mr. Cassels appears as prosecutor, and Mr. O'Doherty was present on behalf of the prisoner.

Mr Wallace, having been duly sworn, deposed:—I reside in Simcoe; was paymaster in the Canadian Pacific Railway prior to July, 1873; my duties were to pay the salaries of the employees, provide the supplies, and exercise a general supervision over the whole commissary department; received the means from Mr Fleming and exercised entire control over the expenditures, unless I thought necessary to consult Mr. Fleming regarding payments which I thought ought not to be made; the purchasing of supplies was done by myself; engineers would get money to pay off hands, and to buy supplies; up to 31st July, 1872, no moneys were collected by my authority that I remember of; if there were any sums unexpended they should be accounted for to me; I left the employ of the Government as paymaster on the 31st July, 1872; up to that time there were no surpluses to be paid over to me in these accounts. After the 31st July, 1872, never resumed connection with the office; came down to assist Mr. Fleming in matters connected with the department; did not consider myself an employee of the Government; I came back in September, 1872; went west to buy supplies, and remained at the office until about February, 1873; was employed nearly all this time; was taken sick in October, and was also sick some two weeks in February; I was engaged at that time in writing up the books, giving information etc.; I did not consider I had any authority at that time to account for moneys paid into the office; can't say what Mr. Steers' duties were exactly; he was sent over by the Government, as I understood, to assist in keeping vouchers, etc.; went back again in June, 1873, for a short time, and also in November of the same year, and again in March, 1874. The rate of remuneration which I was to receive was never determined by Mr. Fleming. Was there nearly a month in June, and about the same time in November. When I went back in July, 1872, there were no moneys paid except some moneys collected by Mr. Radford. These moneys were deposited by Mr. Radford to my credit in the bank. The next moneys I know of was some $800 collected from Mr. Bangs in February, 1873. I handed this sum over to Mr. Rowan, because I did not want to have anything to do with it. I might have handed it over to Mr. Rowan, Mr. Fleming, Mr. Steers, or to Mr. Forest. There were no expectations of any moneys being received. Think Mr. Steers, sr., had most to do with checking the accounts. Mr. Steers kept a distinct set of books, with the amounts collected by Mr. Forest or Mr. Rowan; would have thought I was authorized to give anybody power to collect; Mr. Thos. Steers came to the office, I think, in the end of February or the beginning of March, 1873; his duties were to assist in preparing vouchers, and he subsequently took charge of the books I had; there was one cash book in connection with a set of books for Mr. Fleming, one for mine, one for Mr. Steers, and I think there was a petit cash book for Mr. Steers, jr.; have seen the book now produced marked "A" before; think I first saw it in March, 1874; the journal shown me is in the handwriting of the prisoner; first saw those entries in March, 1874; never thought these were a correct entry, as they were made long after the transaction transpired. These entries were taken from the pay rolls. Do not know of my own knowledge that Mr. Steers collected these, except from the fact that he told me he had credited them. Was told this when I came back in March, 1874. I cannot say that I did, or that I did not authorize him to collect them. These moneys were paid in the bank in October, 1872. I consider I had authority to ask Mr. Steers to collect these moneys. Do not think I would have been exceeding my authority. Do not know why the prisoner should not collect them. Would not have these items in my cash book. It is not necessary when you debit cash to put it in a cash book. Would consider the items should be entered as they were received. The journal was not intended to give a correct record of items as they occurred, as it was written long after. Could not explain how $150 of this was paid over to Mr. Rowan, and not the balance of it. Could not explain Mr. Stears motives. Think Mr. Rowan would be authorized to receive the whole of it if it had been paid over to him; first learned of these entries in March, 1873; then Mr. Steers had the money; he claimed that he was entitled to the money for extra services he had rendered in assisting some gentlemen to make up their accounts; don't think I had ever asked him to pay it over; he said he would pay over whatever balance there was; don't think I said anything about it to Mr. Fleming or to Mr. Rowan at that time; I was asked in November, 1874, if there was anything against him in the books, and I said there was this charge; the gentlemen's names whom he claimed to have assisted were Mr. Rowan, Mr. Gengris, and Mr. Murdock; knew as a fact that he had assisted Murdock and Gengris; my opinion is this was in June, '73; he told me he had assisted Rowan subsequently. He also said he had assisted Mr. Kirkpatrick. Mr. Gengris was Assistant Paymaster in one of the divisions, and received a large sum of money to enable him to pay help. Mr Steers was engaged in assisting him to make up his returns. Murdock's was a similar case. Don't know anything of Mr. Rowan's. I understood from Steers' book that the collections were made in 1873. He always said he had got the money. There was no secret made of it. An item of $100 which prisoner charged for copying was made in March, 1873. Got him to make the copy for the benefit of the office, and for myself, individually. That might have been one of the items on which he claimed the money. Considered myself responsible, personally, for these moneys. It was my duty to account for the money I got, but not for what other men got. It is not improbable that I authorized the prisoner to collect these moneys. He considered that he had a claim, and that he was prepared to hand over the balance; he first came over to me to get the notes signed before the difficulty arose; I presume it was on the 9th of November; I may not have given the matter enough consideration before signing; I understood when he returned from Manitoba that he was going to leave as soon as matters could be settled; knew he worked for Gengris from the fact that the accounts were in his handwriting; I did not pay his salary; Mr. Steers went to Manitoba in the beginning of June, 1874, and came back in the latter part of November; do not remember being in Mr. Fleming's office when Mr. Steers made a claim for extra services, in April, 1873; have heard he made such a claim.

Cross-examined by the Prisoner.—Was in the office in June 1873; do not remember your giving the book produced in June 1873, and asking to have the items entered in my cash book; did not want other men's cash mixed with mine; remember handing you those notes, telling you to take them to Mr. Mullen, and that he would pay them; on February 5th, when Mr. Fleming wrote to me to come down, I found the journal produced in the office. Think the journal was made up in March, 1874. When I came back in March I commenced to write my own journal out of the journal of the prisoner. Don't remember your telling me that this time was due to me. Would not like to swear that I did or did not see the certificate made in June, 1874. Remember your going to the Russell House in June, 1873, to help on Murdock with his accounts. Think that this work was done previous to any collecting taking place. Do not remember your offering to pay to me all these sums, and that I would see your claims arranged. I promised partly to ask for an increase of salary for you. Would not consider the entry shown a full entry. The general process of keeping amounts in connection with the C.P.R.R., was that if those employed sold supplies they should make out a statement and credit themselves with the payment.

Sandford Fleming, recalled,—Think I told Mr. Wallace to do the best he could towards collecting the claims; he would be acting for me at that time; had a conversation with Mr. Wallace regarding the settlement of accounts with the prisoner; Mr. Rowan brought me a claim from Mr. Steers for extra time; am not certain as to the time, but it was before the old office was burned; it was on this occasion that Mr. Steers' salary was fixed at $90 per month; he had previously been getting $3 a day, and he put in a claim for extra services; I said let the salary be $90 per month, and there would be no extra time; it is not usual in my department to have any extra time; have made enquiries into the certificates relating to the services rendered to Mr. Gengris and Mr. Murdock; Mr. Steer's salary was undoubtedly fixed at $90 per month in April, 1873; I am not prepared to say whether Mr. Steers is entitled to the claims; think he is entitled to be paid $100 for services performed for Mr. Wallace; his salary was fixed at $90 per month to prevent any claims for overtime; considered after the agreement that he was to give his whole time to the Government for that amount; think his salary dated back a month or two; have no doubt this was announced to him.

To the prisoner—You were a regularly employed clerk of the Government; am not aware of any percentage due to you as such; I fixed your salary at $90 per month; have not paid you any percentage; I think if you had remained until now you would have received the percentage; others similarly engaged had received it; never told you I would not pay you for any extra work you might do; know the certificate of Mr. Gengris' to be his signature, I would not have paid that amount of money on his account; I am not obliged to pay everything presented to me; would pay the claim of $310; would pay the $100 certified by Mr. Wallace; the certificate of Mr. Murdock's I would not consider good; you have there fixed the amount yourself; you charged $5 a night for 23 nights for these services; would not pay for the labour on Mr. Gengris' account; I would judge myself as to the justness of the account, even though certified by these gentlemen; the item for $100 for copying the Hudson Bay accounts I would not authorize; if I found you performed $100 worth of work more than your salary, I should have paid you, but there is nothing to say that it was worth any such amount, or that it was not done during working hours.

The prisoner stated his willingness, in case the charges were thought unreasonable, to make the necessary reduction.

Mr. Fleming stated that he did not wish the work to be done at night, as it interfered with a proper discharge of duty in the day time. He had no recollection of paying the prisoner $60 before going into the office. It was possible, however. The prisoner here endeavoured to show that he was not a regularly employed clerk, but an extra clerk, and that he was entitled to be paid for extra time.

In reply to Mr. Cassels, Mr. Fleming said that it was not usual to make collections in his office; the collections made probably were the only ones; I understand the proper person to whom the collection should be paid is the Receiver-General.

John Palmer, re-called—Began to pay Mr. Steers his salary in June, 1873, at $90 per month; I presume he had been receiving payments before at that rate, do not know that he would know.

Mr. Cassels asked for an adjournment, in order to show when the prisoner's salary was fixed at $90 per month, and also, if the onus of proof was upon them, to summon Messrs. Murdock and Gengris to show that the items were not all they should be.

His Worship said that, taking the signatures to the certificates as genuine, the time was pretty clearly stated.

Mr. Cassels said the evidence went to show that the claim had been for extra services in order to avoid a charge of that kind. He thought the facts went to show that the claims were bogus ones.

His Worship said it was not regular for a man to take these moneys on account, but there was no saying as to who they should have been paid to.

Mr. Cassels asked for an adjournment in order to summon Mr. Rowan and the Surveyors.

Mr. O'Doherty said there had not been an iota of evidence produced to show embezzlement, and he thought it was unfair to keep the cloud hanging over Mr. Steers' head.

His Worship thought the evidence of these witnesses would be important.

Mr. O'Doherty thought the evidence had already shown that the work was done before the collections were made.

His Worship said he did not think thus far that a case had been made out, but he could not refuse them the opportunity to make a case.

Mr. Cassels thought it was for the defence to show the *bona fide* nature of their claims.

His Worship thought it was necessary to show that the money had been retained without any reason for so doing.

Mr. Cassels thought the Court should be adjourned to show that the onus of proof as to the claims should fall on the plaintiff.

His Worship said if the prosecution thought his decision was wrong, he would give them a chance to produce authority.

The case was then adjourned till this morning.

POLICE COURT.

Before M. O'Gara, P.M.

SATURDAY, Jan. 2.

DRUNK AND DISORDERLY.

Charles O'Brien was charged with being drunk and disorderly, and was fined $5 and costs.

ASSAULT.

Jonah Dunning was charged with assaulting Matilda Aubichon. The case was adjourned until Monday morning.

Joseph Leplant, remanded from Thursday on a charge of assaulting his wife, was discharged.

FURIOUS DRIVING.

Frank Dey was charged by Detective Hamilton with furious driving on Rideau street on Thursday afternoon. He was fined $1 and costs.

LARCENY.

The case of William Dean, who was charged with the larceny of some $32 from Mr. Andrew Mason, flour merchant, was remanded until Monday morning.

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

PLEASING TRIBUTE.

The employees in the woollen mills of Messrs. Blackburn & Co., New Edinburgh, presented their foreman, Mr. Jonas Hagey, with a handsome gold watch, chain and locket, on New Year's eve, as a token of respect and esteem. It was accompanied with the following address,—

Mr. Jonas Hagey,

DEAR SIR,—We, the employees of the New Edinburgh woollen mills, working under you, desire to shew the respect in which you are held by us, as overseer, by presenting the accompanying testimonial as a slight token of our esteem.

Wishing you, Mrs. Hagey and family a happy new year, we are, in behalf of the employees,

Yours truly,
GEORGE MOWAT,
CHARLES ACID,
ANTOINE SEYMES,
ALFRED DAWSON.

Mr. Hagey made a brief but appropriate reply.

The watch is a splendid one, and bore the following inscription:—

Presented to
J. Hagey,
by the
N. E. Woollen Mills' Employees,
1874

They at the same time made a present to their foreman carder.

ADDRESS AND PRESENTATION.

A number of the parishioners of Mount St. Patrick, and of the leading Catholics of the city, assembled on yesterday afternoon at the parochial residence of the Rev. Father Collins, for the purpose of presenting an address and a well filled purse to the Rev. Father Stenson, curate, on his removal to Almonte, where he has been appointed parish priest. The crowd which assembled to offer the rev. gentleman their best wishes for his future welfare was very large, and was not accommodated with room within the house without some difficulty. Amongst those present we noticed Hon. R. W. Scott, Ald. Waller, Dr. Lynn, C. McCarthy, R. Cruice, A. Duff, P. O'Meara, R. Nagle, J. Holland, J. Ringrose, M. Kavanagh, M. Kehoe, P. Dunn, J. F. Farley, E. J. O'Neil, R. Sims, &c. Mr. J. F. Farley read the following address:—

To Rev. Father E. J. J. Stenson, assistant priest of St. Patrick's Church.

REV. AND DEAR SIR,—We the undersigned, on behalf of your parishioners and a number of Irish Roman Catholics of this city, having heard with feelings of deep regret that you are about severing your connection with the ministrations of St. Patrick's here, owing to your intended departure from the city, beg to tender you our heartfelt thanks for your ever kind, generous, talented, and fatherly ministrations towards us during your incumbency here as assistant priest, and wish you in your new sphere of usefulness as parish priest of Almonte all the success, health, and prosperity attendant on those who are in the care of the Lord. We also beg to present you with the accompanying purse, not for its intrinsic value, but merely as the only means left us of shewing our appreciation of your ministrations towards us, in this your sudden, unexpected, and regretted departure.

To which the Rev. gentleman replied as follows:—

GENTLEMEN,—I have to return you my most sincere thanks for your kind address with the accompanying gift. Be assured that it will be for me a pleasing souvenir through years to come. Since my arrival in Ottawa I have always experienced the most untiring kindness on the part of the people of Ottawa, as well as from the parishioners of St. Patrick's parish. No sooner had I found myself connected with this parish than I found also a rich and a rare gift, viz., the esteem and true love of the congregation. I reciprocated these, and in my labours I must say that God has singularly favoured me. I believe I am but doing the will of God in accepting the charge of Almonte. Changes will be; they are necessary that the designs of God in man's regard be accomplished. To my dear friends of St. Patrick's, I say adieu! To them I speak the words of St. Monica, "*filii mei mementi mei ante altare Dei.*" I shall ever remember them, and you, gentlemen, before the throne of God. When at the altar and when my hands rise up, "the word made flesh," I shall think of your kindness to me, and shall implore for you and for your children the blessing of our Son and Master. Gentlemen, adieu.

During the address and reply several were visibly affected, and not least the rev. gentleman himself, who, although promoted to a new and larger sphere of usefulness, seemed to feel keenly his separation from parishioners amongst whom he is so beloved. When the time for separating came, many who could not again have an opportunity of bidding him good bye did so now, and the scene was indeed affecting, resembling rather the parting between father and son, than that of priest and flock who had been together but a few short years. We but express the sentiments of the entire Catholic community of the city, in saying that the parish where the rev. gentleman has so zealously and so successfully laboured, will not readily find a successor combining the piety, self-abnegation and brilliant talents of their late curate, whose eloquent exhortations and kindliness of disposition will long be remembered among them. The Rev. Father Stenson has been but four years in Canada, and pursued his studies at the Catholic Foreign Missionary College of All Hallows, near Dublin, Ireland, which has given to the Catholic world some of the most eminent priests and dignitaries to be found in her annals, and whose professors in the different branches, more especially in the sacred faculty of theology, are of world-wide repute.

"LA CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME," GLOUCESTER STREET, CENTRE TOWN.

A very interesting entertainment closed the old year at the Convent "La Congregation de Notre Dame." It was announced as a festive homage to our honoured and revered Pastor.

There was present on the occasion, His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa, Reverend Fathers Collins, Stenson, Dawson, Gladu, &c., and the room was well filled with ladies and gentlemen—the parents or guardians, relations or friends of the pupils—all drawn thither by the attractive programme which they heard was arranged for the occasion.

The festival was introduced by an overture on four pianos, played with great taste and good time by the Misses Noonan, Pellant, F. Pellant, Nolan, Bella Wills, and T. Ferron. Then followed a pretty and appreciative address to his Lordship the Bishop. A Cantata cleverly arranged by one of the good sisters of the Institution, expressing felicitations from the senior pupils, was well performed by several young ladies, the Misses Caldwell, M. E. Reynolds and the Misses Marcon and Pellant.

But that portion of the entertainment which most called forth the admiration and applause of the audience was the "Christmas Pastoral," in which was introduced a tableau representing the gladsome and loving scenes of the nativity and epiphany in the life of our blessed Lord.

The most keen observer and artist could not but have been charmed with the taste, beauty and apparent reality of the Pastoral, performed so wonderfully well by children varying in age from 5 to 15 years.

The entertainment embraced such a variety of subjects, that in the limited space afforded me in your papers, I cannot do justice to all or give the full and accurate description which it merits. I must, therefore, but hastily allude to the piece called the "Last hours of 1874," and a melodrama, entitled "The Angel of the Convent," which continued to interest and amuse the audience, although the night was far spent before they were finished.

The Festival drew to a close with complimentary addresses to the Reverend Fathers Collins and Stenson, successively read by Miss Cotten, Miss Ferron and Miss Noonan, and accompanied by costly presents to each of these reverend gentlemen, and a model in gold of the House of the "Congregation de Notre Dame," valuing $80, presented by Father Stenson to Father Collins, a chalice presented to Father Collins by the pupils, and a magnificent white wax cross, under a glass globe, to Father Stenson, on the occasion of his removal from Ottawa.

His Lordship the Bishop then spoke to the pupils, stating how glad he was made by spending this evening and finishing the old year with them. He thanked the good Sisters and pupils for the many marks of respect which he had received at their institution, and expressed his warm interest in its continued success. The Bishop then referred to the pastor, Father Collins, to whose honour this feast had been dedicated. He had known Father Collins for nearly twenty-three years, and this long acquaintance had led him to esteem him highly. He congratulated him on the good work he was doing in the Parish of St. Patrick, and especially in the great success of the institution of the "Congregation de Notre Dame," by whose efforts a branch had been established in the city, with credit to all concerned.

The Reverends Fathers Collins and Stenson both in turn addressed the Sisters, their pupils and the audience, expressing their thanks for the respect and kindness which had been shown them on this occasion. On the conclusion of their happy remarks, a most entertaining evening came to an end, and the audience withdrew,—parents gratified with the progress their children were making, and all impressed with the superiority of the education there inculcated.

The good nuns have every reason to be thankful and happy, as their earnest and persevering labors are accomplishing all that they could desire in view of education.

SUNDAY TEMPERANCE MEETING.

Pooley's Bridge Hall.

The Sunday temperance meetings at the above place seem to be weekly increasing in their attendance, and the committee of management evidently appreciate the result of their labours by throwing renewed energy into their work. The attendance is much greater than it was a few months ago, and it is remarkable that few if any of the meetings are brought to a close without evidence of their usefulness being given by additional signatures to the pledge book which lies on the table. Lately the Division of the Sons of Temperance, which meets in the hall, have been enabled to purchase a handsome new Grand Piano, which, however, is not used in the Sabbath afternoon services, though a little instrumental assistance to the vocal music would very materially increase its effect and add to the attractiveness of the meeting. If we are not mistaken the Division is in possession of a harmonium, which might most suitably be utilised in this way.

Yesterday, the meeting was again presided over by Mr. J. Halkett, a gentleman whose devotion to the cause is evident from the regularity with which he attends to his duties, and the earnest manner in which he carries them out. As usual, the meeting was opened with prayers and devotional exercises, after which

The CHAIRMAN, before introducing the other speakers, congratulated the audience on meeting again for the first time in that year, hoping that many would date a new resolve from that time, and sign the pledge. He then called upon

Mr. WATSON to address the meeting, and that gentleman said that he, too, was very glad to meet them at the commencement of another year, and to see by the increased attendance, both at their meetings there and at the Sappers' Bridge, that their cause was progressing. When they spoke of starting meetings there some of their friends had been against their doing so, on the ground that such a course would spoil the meeting at the former place. But they had found it quite different. There were still as great crowds at the Sappers' Bridge as ever, and the attendance in their own hall had greatly increased. He was very glad to be able to say this, but he might say that there was still room for more. He was glad to see such evidences of an increased interest in the cause of temperance, and was even more so to understand that at this season of the year many of the ladies of Ottawa had taken up their cause by discountenancing the giving of wine to visitors. He referred to the pleasure he felt in seeing it stated that there had been less drinking than is usual at the holiday season, and pointed to it as a refutation of the statement made by some parties that drinking was on the increase, and that the temperance cause was not so flourishing as it was thirty years ago. It was only those who shut their eyes to the real state of things, who would not take trouble to ascertain the facts, but looked at the work through their own party coloured spectacles, who denied that such was the case. He (Mr. Wilson), spoke at considerable length on the question of prohibition, saying that it was the only way to get rid of the licensing law difficulties. He said though they might favour restriction as a matter of policy, as a matter of principle it was quite unjust. If they were to reduce the 200 licenses presently held in Ottawa to 25, they would find there would be such a competition for them that it would give rise to no end of corruption. Still the speaker hoped to see some restriction placed upon the traffic, and said that it would then rest with the people, as indeed it did now, to only put such license commissioners in power as would honestly carry out the principles of the law. He refrained from condemning the liquor sellers, but placed the whole responsibility upon the people, urging them to do their duty at the polls, and return only such men as were willing to go entirely for prohibition If they would throw aside sectional differences, and manfully back their candidates, they would find plenty able men ready and willing to advocate their cause, both in and out of Parliament. He concluded his excellent address amidst a round of applause.

Mr. TIECKLES next addressed the meeting, and in his remarks strongly urged the necessity of home example, which was always much better than any amount of precept. He gave illustrations of cases in point, and was of opinion that though we were getting that way, the country was scarcely yet ripe for a prohibitory law. In the province from which he had come, they had forced on a prohibitory law too hurriedly, when they had only one judge in favour of the measure. As a consequence when any case came before the courts, it was mostly always decided against them. Now, however, several of the judges, many of the legal gentlemen, and the leaders in the medical profession were in favour of the law, and it was much better carried into practice. Mr. Tieckles therefore urged upon all the necessity of home example, saying that it was not in the saloons that drunkards were made, but that they learned their first lesson at home, their second in the whirlwind of fashion, then they took to the saloons, and lastly they became confirmed drunkards, and were not at all particular as to where they went.

After a few closing remarks from Mr. Watson and the Chairman, the doxology was sung and the meeting dispersed, but a few remained to sign the pledge book.

FOWLE'S
PILE AND HUMOR CURE.
For Internal and External Use
WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE
For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.
One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.
This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.
PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Dec. 14, '8 371g

CANADA GAZETTE.

The Canada *Gazette* of Saturday contains the following appointments:

James Johnson, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, Esq., to be Commissioner of Customs, vice Robert Shore Milnes Bouchette, Esq., superannuated.

Charles Perry, of Sherbrooke, Quebec, to be a Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

The following members, returned to serve in the Parliament of the Dominion are Gazetted: Ontario, Wm. Wallace, South Norfolk; J. B. Plumb, Niagara; Jas. McLennan, North Victoria; C. F. Ferguson, North Leeds and Grenville; Nova Scotia, Thomas McKay, Colchester.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

An order of Council is published, setting forth that after the 1st January instant, the control, regulation, management and supervision of the measurement and registration of shipping shall belong to the Department of Marine and Fisheries.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

The International Bridge Company for an amendment to its charter to make it correspond with the enactments made by the American authorities.

For a charter of incorporation for the Dominion Railways Equipment Company.

For incorporation for the Territorial Credit Company.

For incorporation for the Kingston and Madoc and Stony Lake Railway Company.

To incorporate the "Lower Ottawa Boom Company," the object of said Company being to place booms in the Ottawa River, wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the city of Ottawa and the village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped saw logs, timber and lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same, with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

The weekly report shows the circulation to be $3,006,644.60; Specie $3,208,264.49. The excess of specie is $211,619.89.

Authorized discount on American invoices, 11 per cent.

MARRIAGES.

HOLLAND—ROBINSON—At York church, on the 30th ult., by the Rev J. Leroyd, Geo. C Holland, of Ottawa, to Aidson H. Robinson, of Downsview, Ontario.

Government Notices

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1875.

AUTHORIZED discount on American invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.
J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

Remedies.

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acrimonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only Medicine having control over this class of diseases is the

DIAMOND
RHEUMATIC
CURE!

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the first time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

A BLESSING TO THE POLICE.

MONTREAL, 18th June, 1864.

DEVINS & BOLTON:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been one of the many martyrs of rheumatism that I meet on my every day rounds, I was induced to try the celebrated DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. I had suffered the last five or six weeks the most terrible acute pains across my loins and back, so severe indeed that I could hardly walk with the help of a stick. I commenced the Diamond Remedy—following the directions carefully. Relief came immediately with the first bottle, improved rapidly with the second, completely cured and freed from pain after finishing my fifth small bottle. You are at perfect liberty either to refer to me privately or publicly, as I feel very thankful for the relief, and sympathise with my fellow sufferers from rheumatism.

Yours respectfully,
J. B. CARDINAL,
Sanitary Police Officer,
51 Labelle street.

In simple cases, sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto.
Or to DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec
Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.
May 18, 1874.

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00, and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists.

Publications.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

One Copy	$2
Three Copies	5
Five Copies	8
Ten Copies	15

Postage five cents per copy for three months. Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at the same price. One extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. Additions to clubs received at club rates. These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

A generous portion of the WEEKLY HERALD will be appropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Pomology and the management of domestic animals. Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets.

The aim will be to make the WEEKLY HERALD superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

Every number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence, Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

The price of subscription, whenever practicable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting money by mail.

At small Post Offices in the country where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

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APPLETON'S
AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.
NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publication of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

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In extra Cloth, per vol	$5 00
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Nine volumes now ready. Succeeding volumes, until completion, will be issued once in two months.

Specimen pages of the American Cyclopædia, showing type, illustrations, etc., will be sent gratis, on application.

First-class canvassing Agents Wanted.

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549 & 551 Broadway, N. Y.

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The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

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Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased, digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

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And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

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Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

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SAVORY AND MOORE

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And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN

Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Hornlughaam, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

July 1874

NOTICE.

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Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON.

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

81, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES.
Selected, and Shipping orders executed.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
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And all the London Wholesale Houses.

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Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
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" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown & Co.

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WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE
Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."
The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

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Hamilton—Winer & Co.
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WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

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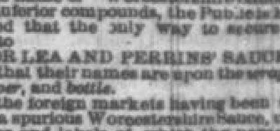

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, *labels, stopper, and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

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Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land

Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice, as the owner is in want of money.

For particulars apply to
JOHN W. MAGUIRE,
21, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester
Or, Ottawa P. O.
Sept. 2, 1874. 3661.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietors, at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3735. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

WANTED.

A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 8, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O.
Nov. 19.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. y3675daw.

WORK FOR ALL.

At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & CO. Augusta, Me.

AGENTS WANTED.

Men or women. $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8th st. New York.

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TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. business new, and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required; thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for 5) mailed free. Address R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

HELP WANTED.

100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated, Together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO.,
Publishers, London, Ont.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having sure time; girls and boys frequently does well as men. Particulars and a hires.
J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M.

Lost.

LOST—on Saturday evening, from Queen Street, a BROWN RETRIEVER PUP, about six months old. Answers to name of Bann. Any person returning him to Wm. McKay, Metcalfe Street, will be suitably rewarded.
Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-5

Meetings.

MONTREAL

Telegraph Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Company's Office, in Montreal, on

Thursday, Fourteenth January Next,

At one o'clock, to elect Directors, and generally to transact the business of the Company.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.

For the half year ending 30th November, has been declared upon the Capital Stock, and will be payable at the offices of the Company on and after Thursday, 14th January.

The Transfer Books will be closed from 4th January until after the General Meeting.

By order of the Board.
JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.
Dec. 31, 1874. 3735-5

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.

WM. PENNOCK,
J. LURIE,
THOS. PATTERSON
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

OTTAWA TRADES' COUNCIL.

The Regular Monthly Meeting of the above Association is POSTPONED until Friday evening, January 8th, 1875, at the same hour and place.

By Order,
T. P. CARROLL,
Cor. Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 31st, 1874. 3733-2

Tenders.

NOTICE

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to

Thursday, the 14th of January next,

For the construction of a

BRIDGE OVER THE OTTAWA RIVER,

To connect the Calumet Island with the Village of Byron.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Quebec; at the office of Messrs. Cockburn, Wright & Clemow, Ottawa; at the office of the Registrar for the County of Pontiac, at Byron; and at the office of the undersigned.

Tenderers to give the names of two good and sufficient securities willing to become bound for the due execution of the contract.

The Municipal Council of Calumet Island does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

SIMON McNALLY,
Mayor.
Office of the Mu. Council, Calumet Island, December 28th, 1874. 3730

Miscellaneous.

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.

The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.

ALEX. ROBERTSON,
Rideau-St.

THE DOMINION ATLAS,

WALKER & MILES, PUBLISHERS,
Montreal and Toronto.

MARA & MAINGY,
General Agents for Central Canada, P.O. Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established

AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEMIEUX,
Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.
Nov. 6, 1872.

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
63 Sparks street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1874. 2439

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

BANK OF OTTAWA.
Office—Victoria Buildings, [opposite Western Block of Parliament Buildings.]
This Bank has now opened for the transaction of a general banking business.
P. ROBERTSON,
Cashier.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875. 3734-6tn.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 20, 1874. 3080-5awky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal.
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. Interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. Interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 2, 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3685-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa.
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY.
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.
Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C.
McLEOD STEWART, J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. | W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3087

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c.
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W. H. WALKER. | R. CASSELS, Jr. | P. PENNOCK.
July 21, 1874. 2655.

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 2639y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C., MARTIN O'GARA, | HORACE LAPIERRE, EDWARD P. REMON
2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. | F. H. CHRYSLER.
June 3, 1872.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3228-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 26, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2382-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 6 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1751

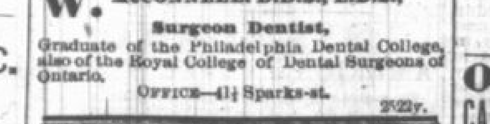
DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1874. 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal, Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry, Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.
2656-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultations at all hours. 2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st.
2522y.



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO
March 11, 1874. 2513y

Insurance.

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.
(FIRE AND LIFE.)

Authorized Capital	$5,000,000
Subscribed to Date	$2,000,000

LOCAL DIRECTORS:
RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.
O'CONNOR & WALLER, . . AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.

All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.

The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.

O'CONNOR & WALLER.
Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-12m

ROYAL CANADIAN

INSURANCE CO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.

Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.

ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,
AGENT,
36 SPARKS STREET, . . OTTAWA
Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"

CONTINUES TO TAKE

FIRE RISKS

On every description of insurable property,

AT REDUCED RATES.

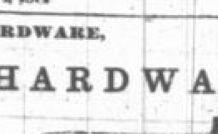
T. M. CLARK, AGENT,
Corner Sparks and Elgin St
Dec. 18, 1874. 3722-12m

Hardware, &c.

CARD OF THANKS.

I, the undersigned, beg most sincerely to thank my friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon me for the last ten years, but the more particularly for this year of our Lord 1874, and trust by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favours. Wishing you all a most happy New Year.

Yours Faithfully,
C. P. DORION.
Dec. 31st, 1874. 3732



THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

For sale by all Oilmen.
Dec. 4, 1874 3710-y

HARDWARE,

HARDWARE.

No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware

In the city is to be found at

THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

H. MEADOW'S & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L. Crannell, Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
35 Sussex-St.
Oct. 3, 1874. 3688

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency

OTTAWA, ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO., - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.

Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874.

ASHFIELD'S

EMPORIUM.

Flint Glassware, in plain and fancy, a specialty during the holidays. Those beautiful goods are more durable than cut and much cheaper. Now in stock, Fruit and Cake Dishes, all sizes; covered Bowls, Preserve Dishes, all sizes; Water Jugs, Wine Glasses of all kinds; Decanters, Goblets, from 90c to $5 per dozen; Glass Setts, 6 pieces, from 75c; Candlesticks, Bar Tumblers, Decanters, Bottles, at special prices, in fact nearly everything required in this line.

Lamps of all kinds, sizes, and prices. Chandeliers, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Crystal Light Burners and goods. A very large stock now on hand. China, Crockery and Earthenware—White Granite Tea Setts, 44 pieces, $3.50; White Granite Chamber Setts, $3.50. Bed Pans, Sick Feeders, Toast Racks, Churns, and a general variety in this line.

Kerosene Oil from the United States. The best in the market at market prices. All goods sold both wholesale and retail. A call is solicited. **Happy New Year to All.** Vases and Figures awfully cheap now.

JAMES ASHFIELD,
Duke street, Chaudiere.

Carpets.

OTTAWA

CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from

Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,

[late Jacques & Hay,] Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.

A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.

SHOOLBRED & CO.
49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

Amusements.

GOWAN'S OPERA HOUSE.

THREE NIGHTS ONLY,
Commencing WEDNESDAY, Jan. 6.

SAPPHO'S

Opera Bouffe and Burlesque Company,

Wednesday Evening:

PRINCE AMABLE.

To conclude with the **Wizard Pantomime.**

Reserved seats 75c., parquette 50c., back gallery 25c. Plan now open at Gowan's Store for the season.

Seats can be secured at Gowan's store.
Jan. 4, 1874.

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 12 years, and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

W. YOUNG.
June 29, 1874.

N. MARKS,

Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,

36—SPARKS STREET—36

Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine

JEWELLERY,

Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.

A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.
Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical,	Church, Turret,
Horizontal, Duplex,	Carriage, Chime,
Chronometer, Chronograph,	Dining and Drawing-room,
Keyless, CentreSeconds	Hall, Shop,
Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.
Jan. 17, 1874.

Mails.

POSTOFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time, 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. NOON	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc. by Ex. way	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U. S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich. British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York, through mail	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c. per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville, etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 10:10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packages the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12:05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland and Newfoundland can be obtained at this Office.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa
Nov. 16 1874.

DR. POMROY,

CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN

May now be consulted in his

ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE

Hours from 10 a.m until 5 p.m.
Dec. 19 1874. 3712tf

Steamships.

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:

Cabin $55 to $80 gold, according to accommodations.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

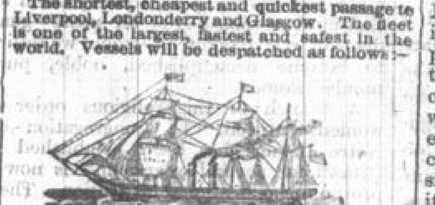
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

GOULTHRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



FROM QUEBEC

CIRCASSIAN	3rd Oct.
POLYNESIAN	10th "
SCANDINAVIAN	17th "
HIBERNIAN	24th "
PERUVIAN	31st "
SARMATIAN	7th Nov.

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC.

CABIN...$70 to $80 | STEERAGE........$25

The Steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to sail from Quebec on or about every Thursday throughout the season

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC.

CABIN........$60 | INTERMEDIATE...$40

STEERAGE......$24

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa July 22 1873.

Railways.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.20 a.m.	4.15 p.m
Ottawa	10.40 a.m.	5.00 p.m
Renfrew	9.40 a.m.	4.15 p.m

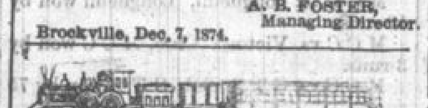
ARRIVE.

Ottawa	1.20 p.m.	7.40 p.m
Renfrew	2.10 p.m.	8.35 p.m
Brockville	2.10 p.m.	8.35 p.m

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.
Brockville, Dec. 7, 1874.



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

And acceleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.35 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.05 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.25 P.M.
6 Express	10.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 6.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.
Dec 15, 1874.

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

PAPER RULER, AND

Account Book Manufacturer,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA,

Ruling, Perforating, Numbering

—AND—

GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.

All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.
Aug. 13. 2689y

Insolvent Act.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

Joseph Merrill Currier, Benjamin Batson, and Thomas Webster Currier, Plaintiffs, versus Alexander Reddick, Defendant.

A Writ of Attachment has issued in this cause.

WM. F. POWELL,
Sheriff of Carleton.
Sheriff's Office, Dec. 30th, 1874. 3732

Houses to Let.

TO SELL OR RENT.

The house and grounds lately occupied by Mr. Spragge, just outside the city limits, on the Richmond Road. The house and grounds can be divided, the former making two complete dwellings, if required, with every convenience, and ample room in each for a large family.

Terms of sale or rental, moderate.

Apply to
WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK.
Dec. 7, 1874. 3712-tf

FURNISHED ROOM.—To Let, a very comfortable and well furnished room, with or without board, for lady and gentleman or gentleman only, on O'Connor-st., within three minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. Address F., TIMES Office.
Oct. 6, 1874.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Arrival.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—Arrived out, steamship Greece from New York.

FRANCE.

The Constitutional Laws Bill.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—Paris despatches state that another conference of leading members of the assembly and President MacMahon was held at the Elysee last Saturday. A semi-official note is published concerning the proceedings. It says that in response to an appeal from President MacMahon, each deputy explained the ideas of the party he represented with perfect frankness. No further details of the meeting are given, but the note concluded with the hope that the conference will dispel all misunderstandings and efface disagreements. The *Times* Paris correspondent telegraphs that the note signifies no party is willing to sacrifice its pretensions. Misunderstandings have indeed ceased for the impossibility of an agreement is no longer denied. Other special correspondents make similar reports. It is said upon the meeting of the assembly that M. Batbie or Dufaure will demand an immediate debate on the constitutional bills, on a dissolution of the House in the event of refusal.

President Serrano in Spain.

President Serrano entered France by way of Urdax on Saturday. Reported he goes to Paris and thence to Berlin.

Departmental Election.

PARIS, Jan. 4.—An election, to fill a vacancy in the Assembly, was held yesterday in the Department of Hautes Princess, and partial returns indicate that no choice was made, each of the three candidates having the same number of votes.

UNITED STATES.

Mayor Wickham.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Mayor Wickham in his inaugural address condemns the pernicious system by which the Common Council and Mayor of the city have been almost entirely shorn of the power rightfully belonging to them, by reason of delegation of power to heads of deputies and commissioners, through which the city has really been governed by the Legislature at Albany, and the evidence is conclusive that the officers of the city departments have thought more of the influence they could secure and the patronage they could command than of their official duties. The Mayor claims that "Home Rule" should prevail, and entire legislative powers should be vested in the Common Council and Mayor. He says he is not in a position to state what the liabilities of the city really are, but the floating debt is variously estimated at from ten to twenty millions, and he suggests that aldermen take measures to have a balance sheet prepared, stating the financial position of the city at the close of 1874.

The Impending Duel Averted.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 3.—The Warmouth-Jewell duel is off by the agreement of friends of the parties.

Governor Kellogg.

Governor Kellogg is reported as having said that all members of the Legislature declared elected by the returning board, and all those contesting would be admitted to the State House. Conservatives seem to think that only those declared by the returning board will be admitted. To-day it was stated that the Congressional Committee were unanimous in expressing the opinion that the action of the returning board cannot stand. They believe the Democrats have a majority in the House, and the Republicans a majority in the Senate.

"Boss" Tweed.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Corporation Counsel Delfield Smith has received a communication from Ex-Judge John K. Porter and Geo. Ticknor Curtis, expressing their willingness to co-operate with him in his efforts to procure restitution from Wm. M. Tweed and others, of amounts stolen by them from the city.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—One of the boilers at the Franconia Iron Company's mill, Wareham, Mass., burst to-day, demolishing the west end of the immense building, and shattering the entire structure more or less. Out of eighteen men in the building Edward Cafery was fatally, and four others slightly injured. The mill belongs to W. E. Coffin & Co., of Boston. The damage is heavy, but cannot now be ascertained.

Obit.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—C. B. Goodyear, one of the oldest members of the Board of Trade in this city, died this forenoon.

The Last Trip.

NEWBURY, N. Y., Jan. 4.—The navigation of the Hudson River between here and New York closed to-day. The barge Charles Spear, in tow of the propellor Hosbrouck, made her last trip this afternoon.

On Fire.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 3.—Hawkins & Co.'s warehouse, in which a considerable quantity of cotton is stored, is on fire.

The Louisiana Trouble.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 4.—At this hour, 8 o'clock a.m., the United States troops are taking their position covering the State House. A regiment of infantry in two columns is at parade. The rest extend from Chartres on St. Louis street to the levee. The Metropolitans are being placed in a position to prevent the near approach of the public to the State House. The squad of them at Chartres street on St. Louis street refused to allow persons to pass out St. Louis street, stating that only members of the Legislature and State officers would be allowed to go by. This squad was under command of a Captain. A similar guard will probably be placed at all approaches to the State House. Eighteen hundred United States troops will be in position to sustain the State Government.

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

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The best value in Winceys at Bryson's. 3695 1m.

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Muscat Wine. 3698-6

Gents, try MacLaren & Chalmers' cutter. One trial will secure to them your patronage. 3698-t

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Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695-1m

THE BEECHER-TILTON CASE.

THE TRIAL IN COURT BEGINS.

Tilton's Lawyers Fail to Appear.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.

The case of Tilton *vs.* Beecher was called this forenoon in Brooklyn City Court, before Judge McCue.

Mr. Beecher and his counsel were present, but Mr. Tilton's lawyers did not put in an appearance.

Judge McCue finally determined to call the calendar in regular order and directed that a Jury be sworn in the case which was next before that of Mr. Beecher's.

At noon Mr. James Drake, of Staten Island, who is going to Europe appeared, and his examination was taken *debene esse.* He testified that he was a grain exporter, and two or three days after the publication of the scandalous article in Woodhull & Claflin's *Weekly*, he met Moulton in the Produce Exchange and had a conversation with him in regard to the matter. He asked Moulton what he thought of it, and he replied that it was a falsehood, and if Mr. Beecher's career was not sufficient to give it the lie he was very much surprised.

This testimony will be read before the jury when they are impanelled.

Mr. Beecher was in the court-room with his counsel again this afternoon, but the case before the court had not been concluded up to the present writing.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The Beecher and Tilton case was again called in Brooklyn Court at 12:30 this afternoon. There was considerable skirmishing between Mr. Pearsall, counsel for Tilton, and Mr. Shearman, of the other side, the latter aiming to have the case decided on, so that it would come up for trial before Judge McCue. After some discussion Judge McCue allowed the case to be considered, which really brings it before him for trial. He reserved the right, however, to send it to another Judge, and unless defendant's counsel can show cause why it should not be tried before Judge Wilson, it will probably be transferred to him for trial.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE.

(By Telegraph.)

TORONTO.

East Toronto Election—Stabbing Case—Inquest—Fatal R.R. Accident—Fire.

TORONTO, Jan. 4.

A public meeting of the friends and supporters of Mr. John O'Donohoe and Hon. A. Crooks is to be held in the Music Hall to-morrow evening, when Mr. Edward Blake and others will address the electors.

John McKellar while in a state of intoxication at Spence's tavern, Queen street attacked Thomas Lawder with a jack knife, and inflicted a gash two inches in length in his neck below the ear, causing serious injury. The timely intervention of P. C. Bennet probably saved his life. The prisoner was this morning committed for trial.

Robert Leary, who was committed to gaol on the 29th ult., for assault, appeared to be suffering from the effects of excessive drinking, and becoming delirious and violent, a straight-jacket was put on him to prevent him injuring himself. He died two days after his committal, and an inquest was held by Coroner Bridgman. The verdict given was that death was the result of *delirium tremens.*

A man named Geo. Rawlinson was run over at Carlton by the express train on the Grand Trunk Railway on Friday evening, Jan. 1st, and received such severe injuries as to result in his death the following morning. It appears that deceased, with two others, all apparently more or less under the influence of drink, purchased tickets at Weston for Carlton, intending, it would seem, to ride on to Toronto. On declining to pay the additional fare they were ordered off at Carlton, and on the train starting again deceased ran forward on opposite side from station to jump on the baggage-car, falling under it, and was run over. An inquest was held and a verdict rendered in accordance with the facts. Deceased was a teamster for a contractor in Toronto, and had no relatives in this country.

About a quarter to one o'clock yesterday morning an alarm of fire was sounded from box 42. On the engines arriving on the spot, it was seen that the fire was near Yorkville, and after some delay, owing to the alarm not having been given properly, it was finally discovered that Severn's brewery, situate on the east side of Yonge street, north end of Yorkville, was in flames. There being no water at Yorkville, the Yonge street engine was set to work at the hydrant at the corner of Isabella and Yonge streets, and the water was pumped into a tank in Yorkville about 2,000 feet from the hydrant. The Portland street engine was then employed in pumping the water from the tank on to the fire. Owing to the delays caused in this way, the fire got such headway that the greater part of the brewery was destroyed before the flames could be at all subdued. The portion of the building used as a residence, and the large sheds on the east side were, however, saved by the exertions of the firemen. The probable loss is $10,000, part of which is covered by insurance. The engines left the scene at twenty minutes to four, the fire by that time having been thoroughly subdued.

Mr. Medcalf was elected Mayor to-day by a majority of 471 over Mr. McCord.

MONTREAL.

The Mayoralty—Seizure of Diseased Meat—Canada First Party—Accident—Fire Brigade—Suicide—Stocks.

MONTREAL, Jan. 4.

The Montreal *Herald* says:—We are authorized to state that His Worship the present Mayor, although requested by many of our fellow-citizens of all classes to allow himself to be again considered as a candidate for the Mayoralty, has positively declined to do so.

Mr. Moore, Meat Inspector, has recently made a number of seizures of meat unfit for food, but complains of the want of a sleigh in order to effectively do his work.

An attempt will, it is reported, shortly be made to organize a branch of the Canada First party in Montreal. As may be remembered, the exertions of those who supported its formation last year were fruitless.

A boy was coasting, on Brehaut's hill, on Friday afternoon, collided with a sleigh, on which a puncheon of water was being transported to Mg. Brehaut's residence. He was conveyed to the hospital, and was found to have sustained severe injuries about the head and back.

It is understood that the Chief of the Chicago fire brigade, which has been the subject of so many charges of inefficiency and mismanagement, will shortly visit this city to inspect the Montreal Brigade.

Yesterday afternoon a man named Charles Finn, coachman to a gentleman residing in the neighbourhood of Beaver Hall, committed suicide by hanging himself in the woodshed attached to the establishment. Deceased was subject to fits of insanity, and had previously attempted his own life.

Stock market quiet and steady. Metropolitan, 99½; Telegraph, 193½; Merchants', 116⅝; Molson's, 116½; Commerce, 133¼.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Carp.

CARP, Jan. 4.

The following persons were elected as Reeves and Councillors for the Township of Huntley:—Reeve, Jno. Holmes; Deputy Reeve, John Manion; Councillors, Edward Kennedy, Edward Armstrong and Nesbitt Alexander.

Kingston.

KINGSTON, Jan. 4.

Dr. Sullivan has been elected for Mayor with one hundred and thirty-one of a majority.

Beachburgh.

BEACHBURGH, Jan. 4.

The following were to-day elected for the municipal Council of Westmeath Township:—For Reeve, D. Ferguson, by acclamation. For Councillors, John Ross, Thos. Legge, H. T. Mansell, and William Moore.

Smith's Falls.

SMITH'S FALLS, Jan. 4.

The election for Councillors was held to-day, resulting in the return of J. M. Clark, E. B. Read, Alex. Wood and Robert Lewis. J. H. Gould was returned for Reeve by acclamation on nomination day.

Arnprior.

ARNPRIOR, Jan. 4.

The elections to-day have resulted in the return of John Tierney, Reeve; J. H. McLachlin, R. J. Whitlaw, P. McDougal, and J. Wolfe, Councillors.

ELECTION ITEMS.

South Huron.

The Reform convention on Saturday selected Mr. Bishop as the candidate for South Huron.

East Grey.

Mr. Patterson of Euphrasime, was selected on Saturday to run in the Ministerial interest for East Grey.

South Wellington.

A Reform Convention was held on Saturday, when Hon. Peter Gow was again nominated for South Wellington.

South Brant.

On Saturday p. m., Mr. Hardy was chosen to again run for South Brant in the Government interest.

South Norfolk.

The Reform Convention on Saturday selected Oliver Austin, of Woodhouse, as a candidate for South Norfolk in the Local House.

Halton.

The Reform delegates met on Saturday in the Town Hall and nominated W. A. Barbor, the late member, to contest the County of Halton.

Dufferin.

On Saturday next a Tory convention is to be held at Shelbourne to select a candidate for the new County of Dufferin. It is rumoured that the Hon. Wm. McDougall will be chosen.

North Essex.

The Tory Convention held at Maidstone Cross on Saturday, elected J. C. Patterson, Reeve of Windsor, to run in the Opposition interest for North Essex.

COLLINGWOOD.

Destructive Fire.

COLLINGWOOD, Jan. 4.

A destructive fire broke out here about 11.30 yesterday morning, and in spite of the most heroic efforts of the fire brigade and citizens it raged unceasingly for about four hours, destroying a large amount of property and goods. The following are the names of the sufferers:—J. Fagan, grocer; F. Lawrence, jeweller; J. Greaves, drug store and Dominion Telegraph office; W. L. Baker, photograph gallery; E. Seage, druggist; J. E. & D. Henderson, clothiers; P. Howard and E. C. Florance, shoemakers; J. Castor, photograph gallery; G. McLean, jeweller; and the Albion Hotel. The origin of the fire is at present a mystery. It is impossible to obtain correct information to-day. The total loss will be from $20,000 to $25,000, only a small portion of which is covered by insurance.

QUEBEC.

Small-Pox—The Ice Bridge.

QUEBEC, Jan. 4.

The number of patients gratuitously attended at the Dispensary of the Sisters of Charity during the past year was 5648.

Notwithstanding the rumour of small-pox cases, it turns out that but two fatal cases have occurred in the whole parish of Notre Dame.

St. Matthew's Church is to be reconstructed, receiving a very large addition, with a Gothic tower 175 feet high, and when completed will form a conspicuous object on St. John's Road.

The cutting up of the ice bridge, opposite the city, by the steamers, has drawn forth some comment from citizens. The great damage, however, caused by the breaking of the bridge last year, seems an argument against allowing it to form another year.

The Bishop of Galway, Ireland, has prohibited the Roman Catholics under his jurisdiction from selling spirituous liquors on Sunday, the penalty of disobedience being stated as follows: "Should any person, having no reverence for God or charity for his neighbour, violate this prohibition, we hereby withdraw, after this announcement, from all confessors in these dioceses faculties or jurisdiction for absolving such persons, including employers and employed."

Whenever I hear a fellow saying nyther and ither, I commence to form an opinion of him.—*Billings.*

"Ah! how are the children? Indeed, I'm so much interested in their welfare. May I count on your vote?"

A Buffalo damsel has sued a young fellow for breaking her nose while attempting to kiss her against her will.

A boy being asked who heard Adam and Eve when they were taking the apples, said he guessed it was the hired girl.

When a candidate for councillor asks you for "your vote and influence," ask him what he thinks about the crossings.

BRAVO!—Dr. Kenealy, the lawyer for the Tichborne claimant, who has been expelled from the English bar, is a prince of demagogues. He says that if sent to Parliament he will "destroy the despotism that now exists," and with a sum equal to a million of dollars he will make England a republic by electing a hundred others of the "right sort." Writing about himself he says: "As in the Queen's Bench he muzzled and chained Cerberus for nearly a year, so will he treat that other three-headed, Gladstone, Cross and Disraeli, if they dare to treat him unfairly. The Judges never forgave him for showing to the world that he was their lord and master. He knew his power. He kept them in hand as he might keep three puppies in the leash. They kicked and chafed, and barked and howled every day; but they were powerless. He did it without difficulty, and he assures the people that if he can get in he will manage the House of Commons with equal ease."

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.
Oct. 7, 1874. 3660y d&w.

THE TIMES

Is published every lawful morning. Price 15 cents per week, sent to subscribers in any part of Canada, SIX DOLLARS per annum.

The rate for Transient Advertisements is TEN CENTS PER LINE, nonpareil measure, for each insertion. For Special Notices TEN CENTS PER LINE, and for Paragraphs, Reports of Meetings, Financial Statements of Banks, Railway Companies, Insurance Companies, and matters of like description, inserted amongst the Reading Matter, FIFTEEN CENTS PER LINE.

Special Contracts are made for a definite period.

Condensed Advertisements on the First page, when not exceeding Twenty Words, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, and ONE-AND-A-HALF CENTS for each word over twenty. The Advertisements referred to are as follows:

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Professional and business cards inserted on the first page for one year, when not exceeding twenty words, once a week, $8; twice a week, $12; and every day, 18, each word over twenty in the same proportion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50c and deaths with funeral notices attached $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world; valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents. When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Ordnance Lands—E. A. Meredith.
Montreal Telegraph Company—J. Dakers.
No Bogus Sale—Duffy.
Save Your Eyes—Dr. J. Ball & Co.
No Cheques—Duffy.
Fresh Oysters—Noonan.
Children's Party—F. Rowan Hamilton.
No Humbug—Duffy.
Government House—W. A. Himsworth.
Government House—W. A. Himsworth.

THE

CHILDRENS' PARTY

FOR TUESDAY, THE 5th,

At Government House,

—IS—

UNAVOIDABLY POSTPONED.

F. ROWAN HAMILTON,
A. D. C.

Jan. 5, 1875.

The Times.

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JAN. 5, 1875.

NEPEAN ELECTION.

From the returns from this township, which are complete, with one polling place to be heard from, and not likely to affect the result in any appreciable degree, there is no doubt left of the return of Mr. Thomas Clarke as Reeve by the handsome majority of three hundred over his opponent, Mr. John Dawson. This speaks well for Mr. Clarke's popularity and the intelligence of the electors. We also learn that Mr. Anderson is returned for first Deputy Reeve, and Mr. Jno. Thompson for second Deputy Reeve.

DECK LOADS—LOSS OF VESSEL.

We understand that the Department of Marine and Fisheries have received from the Board of Trade of England a copy of the report of an official inquiry held at South Shields into the circumstances attending the abandonment of the barque Palestine, of South Shields, during a voyage from Quebec, by which it will be seen that the Court attributed the loss of that vessel to her having a deck cargo of timber, which went adrift when the ship encountered bad weather. The Court further expressed the opinion that the carrying of deck cargoes is attended with great danger and risk to life and property.

From the report it appears that the vessel was built of wood, at South Shields, in the year 1834, and was of the register tonnage of 415.44 tons, and owned by John Hall of South Shields and John Pyburn of Seaton Delaval, in equal shares, and was not classed at Lloyds. She sailed from the Tyne on the 5th of March last, coal and coke laden, bound to Carthagena. After discharging this cargo, she proceeded to Quebec in ballast, where she took in a cargo of timber, part of which, consisting of balks, was stowed on deck. She sailed from Quebec on the 16th of August, under the command of Captain William Gunn, who holds a certificate of competency as master, and manned with a crew of twelve hands all told. Nothing of moment occurred in the homeward passage till they approached land, when stress of weather compelled them to put into Stromness for shelter. Here they were detained for nineteen days with adverse winds. The weather moderating, and the wind being favourable, they took a fresh departure for South Shields, to which place the vessel was bound. The wind was fresh and in the N.W. when they sailed from Stromness, but it shifted to the S.W. about midnight and came on to blow. The wind continued to blow hard all that day, and sail was reduced accordingly. At 2 o'clock a.m. of the 21st, the vessel was found to be making water. The captain was called, who directed more sail to be taken in. After this operation all hands were set to the pumps, and she was pumped dry at 11:30 a.m. The vessel was then on the starboard tack. The wind shifted to N.N.W. and enabled the ship to come up to W., which brought the sea upon the port bow, and caused the ship to labour very heavily and lie in the trough of the sea. At 2 p.m. a heavy sea broke on board, which floated on the deck on the port side and carried away the bulwarks and stanchions on that side of the vessel. Much water from this cause found its way down into the ship, and in addition to her sails listed her to the port side. At 3:30 p.m. the ship went right over, and put the hatch combings in the water. The mizzen mast was then cut away. At this time the deck cargo on the starboard side also fetched way and went overboard. At 4 p.m., the ship being now on her beam ends, the lanyards of the main rigging were cut and the mainmast went by the board five to six feet above the deck. After this the vessel gradually righted herself, but appeared to have settled more in the water, her decks being completely flooded and the sea making a complete breach over, rendering it unsafe if not impossible for the crew to be on deck. They betook themselves to the foretop, where they remained without food or water until the ..., at 9 p.m., when they were rescued by the steamer Iceland, and landed at Copenhagen on the 28th of the same month. No lives were lost by this disaster.

After a careful consideration of the facts and circumstances of this case, the Court was of opinion that the loss of the ship was mainly to be attributed to her having a deck cargo of balks of timber which got adrift when the ship encountered bad weather. It would seem from the evidence that although the ship was an old vessel, forty years of age, she was staunch and the crew could keep her free from water until the deck cargo started. The master and crew appear to have done all that they could under these untoward circumstances, and the Court thereupon returned the master his certificate. The Court, however, could not let the opportunity pass without observing that, in their opinion, the carrying of deck cargoes is attended with great danger and risk to both life and property. Not an autumn passes without great loss occurring to vessels carrying deck cargoes, and but for the deck cargo on board of the Palestine, small as it was, the Court was strongly of opinion that the weather was not so severe as to have prevented her reaching the Tyne safely.

GOVERNMENT BY PARTY.

The Tory organs endeavour to find the means of charging the Premier with inconsistency, because he declared his unwavering faith in government by party at the dinner in honour of Mr. Joly in Montreal the other evening, yet called upon the Liberal party to rally to the support of Mr. Devlin in the pending contest for the centre division of that city. Since inconsistency was one of the besetting sins of the leader of their own party, and still continues to be for that matter, it is perhaps natural for the Tory press to endeavour to fix the same stigma upon Mr. Mackenzie. It would be sapping the foundation of one of his strongest claims upon public confidence if the idea could only be successfully cultivated that the Premier was inconsistent, and as everything seems to be accounted fair in politics, as well as in love and war, there would perhaps be as great ground for complaint, if the occasion on which the argument was advanced were at all appropriate. It must, however, appear exceedingly far-fetched, even to those who are accustomed to believe all that their party newspaper asserts with religious scrupulousness, to attempt to find a reason for making the charge in the circumstances referred to. If a reference to the Holy writ may be pardoned in a secular newspaper, we know of a case mentioned there which forms an exceedingly appropriate parallel to the treatment of the Premier's latest speech by his political opponents. The "father of lies," in the case referred to, very glibly quoted from the Scripture a portion—and only a portion—of a passage which, isolated from the context, was unanswerable so far as the purpose for which it was recited was concerned. It would at best be somewhat so with Tory journals and their quotations from Mr. Mackenzie's speech—save and except, of course, that the comparison only extends to the similarity of the quotations. They select but one passage out of a score bearing on the same subject, and even paraphrase that to suit their own purposes. To any one who read the whole speech it is unnecessary to say that the charge of inconsistency at once appears altogether unwarranted, and even if warranted, the offence would be, under the circumstances, such a trivial and venial one that only a great lack of subjects for the fault-finding which is the legitimate artillery of an Opposition could be an excuse for calling attention to it. It is true Mr. Mackenzie re-affirmed his fidelity to the principle of party government, which, all things considered, says much for his consistency; for the fact that there has not been during his term of office any party in Parliament which could lay claim to the dignity or functions of an Opposition, and that the government of the country has yet been administered by himself and his colleagues with marvellous success and unimpeachable integrity, might well have afforded him an excuse for changing his mind. We suppose, seeing that two-thirds of the members of the House of Commons are pledged supporters of the Liberal Government, that it would have accorded with the principle of that consistency which our Conservative contemporaries demand on the part of the Premier had he and his friends permitted each constituency where the election court has created a vacancy to elect a Tory by default, until the Opposition had been made strong enough to be useful; and it would have pleased them still better—in fact, have been just what they wanted—had he voluntarily handed them back the reins of government as soon as he and his colleagues had matured their policy, and set the various departments of the public service, which they found in chaos, in something like order. Unfortunately, however, things cannot be arranged in this, to them, exceedingly agreeable manner just yet. If Mr. Mackenzie insisted upon the desirability of having a strong Opposition, so did he insist upon it that they should be honest and sincere. Much as he values the principle of government by party, he values the good name and reputation of the country more; and while there exists any party whose leader declares, in the face of the verdict pronounced by the electors a year ago, that the sale of the Pacific Railway Charter for money to corrupt the people was an honest and honourable transaction, and only expresses his sorrow that there was no organization into whose hands the money could have been paid without incurring the risk of exposure, neither the Premier nor any one who sets more store by honest government than by the abstract principle of whether there shall be two parties to its administration, can be expected to rejoice at or be a party to the election of gentlemen like Mr. M. P. Ryan. Is Mr. Ryan in sympathy with Sir John Macdonald? Of course he is, and it was Sir John Macdonald who the other day boldly declared that the only thing he regretted in connection with the Pacific Railway Scandal was that he was found out. In the face of such a declaration, which was tantamount to an assurance that he would do the same thing again, did opportunity offer—only he would endeavour to keep the guilty secret better—who dares say that it would be in the interest of the country, in the interest of the principle of government by party, in the interest of anything but public immorality and political corruption, that Sir John Macdonald and his unrepentant accomplices should be represented in Parliament at all, far less represented strongly? Outraged public feeling demands that they should at least cease to defend or excuse what was neither defensible nor excusable—that is to say, if they have not enough common sense and delicacy of feeling to recognise that a formal capitulation of their untenable position, and a brief retirement from public life, are necessary to satisfy justice and to the building up of their own party. With the incubus of the Pacific Scandal still weighing them down, and their leaders determined to defy public opinion on that subject at whatever cost to their followers, the Tory party must expect to receive exceptional treatment both from their opponents and the electors. If their opponents did sometimes, for the sake of political effect, rescuscitate the skeleton which through all the coming ages will haunt the history of 1872-73 in Canada, there would be a plausible excuse for them; but it is the most mistaken policy and the very worst taste in those who are responsible for defiling the annals of this Dominion with that dark spot to be continually thrusting its remembrance upon a public who would forget it if they could. It is too late now to tell us that there was nothing wrong in that transaction: that would be neither more nor less than an insult to the intelligence, not only of the people of Canada, but of the whole world. We can scarcely conceive of men who tell the electors in one breath that the verdict of January, 1874, was a slander against the condemned, asking them in the next breath to confide to their care the dearest interests of the country—interests which they lately abused so vilely, and are not sorry for having abused; yet this is the very thing which Mr. Ryan and his friends are attempting to do, and the very thing Mr. Mackenzie asked the electors of Montreal Centre not to permit them to do successfully. We fail to see where the inconsistency comes in.

We are told that Mr. Mackenzie sneered at Mr. Goldwin Smith's theory of no-party government. The accusation is not a very deadly one, and if it were perfectly justified by the facts, there would be nothing so unusual about it that public attention need be called to it. Unfortunately for Mr. Smith, his political theories seem to be propounded for the purpose of being sneered at, or at any rate they are sneered at as successfully—if the expression may be pardoned—as if that were the aim of their learned and in many respects powerful author. But sneers are a sort of coin which "a certain Oxford Professor" has in plenty, and with which he is well able and much accustomed to repay his assailants. The Tories themselves, having done their share of the sneering, have also had their share of the recompense. It so happens, however, that Mr. Mackenzie did not treat Mr. Smith's pet theory sneeringly on the occasion referred to; he simply exposed the fallacy of proposing to put an end to parties by creating a new party, of branding both the existing political organizations as mere factions, and yet attempting to replace them by another faction, weaker and more impotent than even the Conservative party itself. We fail to see how or where the sneer came in.

Correspondence.

MAGISTRATE'S COURT AT HULL.

To the Editor of the TIMES:

Sir,—This institution is—technically called, in the Quebec Statute creating it, "Magistrate Court," though really it is a Court in every respect—that is in the amount and nature of its jurisdiction, very similar to the County and Division Courts of Ontario, but differs in that the specially appointed officer administering it is called only a District "Magistrate," while, to all intents and purposes, his functions are those of a Judge within the limits of his jurisdiction, civil and criminal. It has, I perceive, been made the subject of what seems rather a bitter attack in the Aylmer *Times*: Aylmer has, undoubtedly, lost something in the way of law costs and expenses by the establishment and working of the Court in question, and hence, probably, the effusion. The Court is a convenience, not only to Hull with its 12,000 of a population, but to the whole country back and east of it; and also in no small measure to much of the trade in Ottawa city. Since the institution of the Court in June last, over a thousand cases from $100 downward have, on the civil side, been instituted; and the proceedings being summary and the terms frequent, every two months—and Mr. McLeod, holding his courts and working his Bar from early morning to night, even into night. The result is, "speedy justice," and general satisfaction.

On referring to the last official returns (Quebec *Gazette* of 14th February last) of cases brought in the Circuit Court, (for which the Magistrate's Court, in reference to sums up to $100, is substituted, but with concurrent jurisdiction), I find that the total number of cases (from $200 downwards) brought in the Circuit Court for the whole district (counties of Ottawa and Pontiac) was "853," (page 389, of Quebec *Gazette Official*). So that in effect, the new court is doing at the rate of about three times, and certainly more than double that of the old Aylmer institution for the whole district of Ottawa.

The Aylmer writer advocates the "abolition of the court," and the limitation of the duties of a District Magistrate, to the going from township to township to assist local magistrates in the discharge of their duties and settle small suits." There are, I believe, according to the census returns, over sixty townships and parishes in the district, settled. In probably not over one-tenth of these is there a town hall or place where a court could be held; and moreover a local officer, as Clerk of Court for public service at all times, would be necessary in each township.

The terms of Court, to be of any benefit, would have to be frequent—say at least every two months. For every service throughout such a field, an area of some 20,000 square miles, it is evident no one man—not even Mr. McLeod—would be equal. Whether his rival for the office, Dr. L. R. Church, the present Attorney-General for Quebec, would have done all that should be done in the way suggested for the paltry "$1,200," the salary attached to the office, is very doubtful.

As to the insinuations against Mr. McLeod, of having accepted the office because from "want of ability he failed to win public confidence," the facts are notoriously the very reverse. Mr. McLeod, when he took the office, was not only the nominee of the County Council, but, it may be said, of the mass of the County of Ottawa, and was the senior and leading member of a law firm, which, if not at the head, was certainly second to none in the District of Ottawa. In accepting the office as he did, it is well known that Mr. McLeod was, in a sense, sacrificing professional emoluments to the public service.

Yours,
ANTI-SLANDER.

Hull, 30th Dec., 1874.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION.

The convent entitled, "La Congregation de Notre Dame," is one of the oldest of the educational institutions of this country; it was established about two hundred years ago, and has won the high respect and entire confidence of heads of families, both in the Dominion and the United States. It may be truly ranked amongst the first of our educational institutions for young ladies.

The reverend sisters who conduct it are ladies especially trained for the work of education; their high culture, experience and rank, blending with Christian principles and devoted piety, qualify them for that most responsible of all posts—guardians of our daughters—whom we desire to become accomplished, noble, pure minded women.

A branch of this religious order of women, entitled, "La Congregation de Notre Dame," has been established in Ottawa for several years, and is now a prosperous educational institution. Their house is situated on Gloucester street, Centre Town, between Elgin and Metcalf streets, and is one of the finest and most costly buildings in that delightful part of the city of Ottawa, although it has not yet reached that state of completeness which its design proposes. An addition or wing, erected during the past summer! and which will be ready for use in a few weeks, has incurred an expenditure of about $35,000. This addition itself is well worthy of a visit on the part of those who are interested in this institution, or who are pleased with evidences of energy and progress in anything which concerns the welfare of society. Its dimensions are about 110 by 50, and contains a spacious chapel, the length and breadth of the building, seating about 400 persons, also an exhibition hall corresponding in size to the former. There are several large class-rooms for the senior pupils, and a roomy, cheerful study hall. But of all the improvements worthy of particular attention are the "alcove bedrooms," the character of which plainly show how carefully the good Nuns have studied all that appertains to the comfort, the refinement, the delicacy, and the health of daughters committed to their care, and have spared no expense towards carrying out these objects.

MONTREAL CRICKET CLUB.

We publish this morning the list of matches played by this Club last year. In point of the number of matches won, the season was not so successful as the previous one; this was owing in a great measure to some of the best players being unable, from pressure of business, and other causes, to take part in the matches:—

M C C vs Bank of Montreal, M C C won by 13 runs.
M C C vs Belleville, M C C won by 6 wickets.
M C C vs Ottawa, M C C won by 1 innings and 29 runs.
M C C vs Grand Trunk Railway, M C C won by 21 runs.
M C C vs Ottawa (return), Ottawa won by 34 runs.
M C C vs. Longueuil, Longueuil won by 13 runs.
M C C vs. Victoria Club, M C C won by 3 runs.
M C C vs. G T R Club, G T R won by 75 runs.
M C C vs. St George, Montreal, drawn.
M C C vs. St George, New York, St George won by 1 innings and 65 runs.
M C C vs. Boston, Boston won by 4 wickets.
M C C vs. Salem, Salem won by 1 wicket.
M C C vs. G T R Club. (return), G T R won by 2 wickets.

13 matches played, 5 won, 7 lost, and 1 drawn.

The following are the averages of those members who have played in 3 matches and upwards.

		MATCHES.	AVERAGE RUNS.
E T Day	played in	7	6.. 2
J W Gordon	"	9	7.. 2
J L Hardman	"	9	8.. 9
W Smith	"	9	7.. 9
J W Holmes	"	10	6.. 9
R Starke	"	9	5..11
G Campbell	"	9	6.. 8
A S Hussey	"	6	8
E W Hare	"	5	6.. 7
J Smith	"	5	9.. 1
F Stencliffe	"	4	14.. 1
L V Bristow	"	4	24.. 1
W Torrance	"	4	12.. 2
R Savage	"	4	4.. 6
J B Abbott	"	4	2.. 5
A A Booker	"	4	2.. 1
G Murray	"	3	5
W Pocklington	"	3	7
W E Smith	"	3	8.. 2
J Ridley	"	3	5.. 1
A C Carter	"	3	6.. 1

Nine members played in 2 matches, the largest score being Mr. Creighton, who averaged 20 runs: while a similar number played in one match, the highest scorers being Mr. J. G. Grant, who made 33 and 4, and Mr. L. N. Benjamin 15 runs.—*Herald.*

The London, *Telegraph*, emulating the enterprise of its partner, the New York *Herald*, the other day devoted a column of its editorial space to a glowing description, written in G. A. S's best style, of a terrible accident in the Zoological Gardens. "The large Indian rhinoceros," an animal of the "most malevolent disposition," attacked two of its keepers, knocked them down, tore the flesh from their bones, trampled on, and was about to polish them of completely, when a third keeper, armed only with a whip, rushed upon the scene, blinded the enraged brute by hitting it in the eyes, and succeeded at last in beating it off and in dragging the mangled bodies of his comrades from the paddock. One can imagine how the *Daily Telegraph* gushed over this splendid exhibition of English heroism; but Mr. Frank Buckland, in a letter to the *Times* the next day, knocked all the poetry out of the affair by saying that the rhinoceros was not at all dangerous, that he knocked the men down only in play, and that they were not at all hurt.

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

FOWLE'S
PILE AND HUMOR CURE.
For Internal and External Use
WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE
For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.
One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.
This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.
PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE, SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Dec. 14, 1874. 3718

Grocers.

CHRISTMAS CARD.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS.

Thanking their numerous friends and customers for the patronage bestowed upon them since commencing business, would remind them that being in a position (through purchasing their Goods previous to advance in wholesale markets) to sell cheap, they will offer to them during the Holidays, value in quality and cheapness that cannot be surpassed in the city, viz.:

OLD PRICES.	NEW PRICES.
3 lbs. Raisins.....35cts.	3 lbs. Raisins.....30cts
3 lbs. Currants.....27cts.	3 lbs Currants.....20cts
Orange Peel.....35cts.	Orange Peel.....25cts
Lemon Peel.....35cts.	Lemon Peel.....25cts
Sultana Raisins..17cts.	Sultana Raisins..13cts
Figs in layers.....30cts.	Figs in layers.....35cts
Mixed Spices.....50cts.	Mixed Spices.....40cts

Dec. 21st, 1874.

SOMETHING NEW
To Economical Housekeepers!
Use the British Egg and Butter Powder!
A Perfect Substitute for Eggs! A Great Saving in Butter!
FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.
Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.
Agents for Ottawa—
CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.
3 and 4 Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street
Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3m

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!
SAPOLIO,
For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.
HAND SAPOLIO,
For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artisans and mechanics.
Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.
Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

CHRISTMAS COMES BUT ONCE A YEAR.
W ARDS & RUTLEDGE
Beg to inform their many customers and the citizens of Ottawa generally, that they are now prepared to sell
CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST
For cash during the holidays,
Fancy China Tea Setts, Crockery, Glassware and Presents of all Kinds.
A full stock of
GROCERIES AND SMALLWARES
Of all kinds for the holidays. Call early and select your goods.
All orders will receive prompt attention.
EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Corner of Kent and Wellington Streets
Dec. 24, 1874.

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,
Corner Bank and Maria Streets,
Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.
Western Prize Beef
FROM GUELPH,
A very large quantity of
MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.
Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!
Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds,
Geese from 8 to 16 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.
In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa Remember the place—
AUCLAIR'S,
Corner of Bank and Maria Streets
Dec. 23, 1874. 3726-tf

Boots & Shoes.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA.
GENTLEMEN:
Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their
BOOTS, SHOES, MOCCASINS, MITTS, &c.
AT
W. E. BROWN,
15 SUSSEX-ST,
As Their Heads Must be Level.
Dec. 21, 1874. 3586y d&w

OH! HOW JOLLY!
With the hope of contributing to the enjoyment of an immense number of people, and also as an expression of gratitude to my customers for their liberal patronage during eight years past, I have decided to present articles of the value of 50 cents for every $5 worth purchased for cash during the holidays, and gifts of proportionate value for larger amounts.
These CHRISTMAS PRESENTS will consist of Ladies, Gents, and Children's fine Kid, Mitts; plain and fancy Moccasins, French Dressing Slippers and Boots and Shoes, in great variety—ALL USEFUL ARTICLES—and I especially call your attention to the fact that this is NOT A LOTTERY, but that every cash purchaser will receive in the above ratio, a gift of his own choosing.
Come at once and make your selections.
W. A. LAMB,
38 Sussex St.
Dec. 21st, 1874.

J. & G. NEELIN,
No. 12 Rideau-St., Ottawa.
Importers and Dealers in
Boots, Shoes, Mitts, Rubbers, Moccasins, &c.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.
Call and Inspect our Stock.
J. & G. NEELIN,
Ottawa.
Dec. 24, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!
PRATT BROS.
[Have had $10,000 worth of]
BOOTS AND SHOES
Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence
On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,
At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.
Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st., Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre.
248 dy

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,
SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c
Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.
A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.
Opposite the Post Office! Elgin-St.
Dec 30, 1874. 3604y

Hatters & Furriers.

ALEX. BROBERY,
FURRIER,
45 Rideau-st.,
Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,
Is offering the balance of his
Stock of Winter Furs
AT REDUCED RATES.
Mink Sets sold at Cost.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3733

DEVLIN'S
FUR DEPOT
AUSTRIAN RUGS.
BUFFALO ROBES,
WOLF ROBES,
WHITE FOX ROBES,
BLACK BEAR ROBES,
RACCOON ROBES.
—AT—
DEVLIN'S
11 RIDEAU STREET.

LADIES FURS!
GENTS FURS!!
The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the
SIGN OF THE RED HAT,
No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.
A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to order by
JAMES PEACOCK,
No. 33, Rideau Street.
Dec. 20th, 1874. 3724 ml

BUFFALO ROBES
AND
ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.
—AT—
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS-ST.,
Opposite the British Lion Hotel.
Dec. 21, 1874.

Legal Notices.

DR. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.

H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants.
Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 laws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.
Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3awkam

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario for an Act to amend an Act passed by the said Legislative Assembly in the thirty-first year of Her Majesty's reign, and intituled: "An Act to Incorporate the Temporal Committee of St. Andrew's Church, in the City of Ottawa, in connection with the Church of Scotland, and to vest certain property in said Temporal Committee," to enable said Temporal Committee to mortgage the Lot commonly known as the Glebe Lot, and to sell a part thereof, and to issue Debentures and otherwise to amend said last mentioned Act.

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Solicitors for Applicant.
Oct. 30, 1874. 3381tf

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Walford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnston, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the City of Toronto, as Solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt become absolute and indefeasible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered, one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.

(Sd.) GEO. S. HOLMESTED,
Referee of Titles.
3715-3w-lawk

Co-Partnership.

NOTICE.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between Ratty, Aviss & Co., of this city, as Commission and General Agents, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

Signed,
A. M. RATTEY,
D. J. AVISS,
JOHN McEWAN.

Witness—F. WRIGHT.

Hereafter the same business will be carried on under the name and style of Ratty & Co.

Dec. 31, 1874. 3732-5

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore existing between Charles Grant of Elizabethtown, and J. A. Grant of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton under the name, style and firm of Grant Bro's is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due or accruing to said firm in the County of Carleton must be paid in to J. A. Grant, and all debts due or accruing to said firm in Brockville or vicinity must be paid in to Charles Grant.

CHARLES GRANT.
J. A. GRANT.

Fitzroy December 12, 1874.

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.
See T & B, on each Plug.

Election Notices.

TO THE

Electors of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—Through the dissolution of the Local Legislature, in a short time you will be called upon to elect a representative to that House for the ensuing term. Elected by a large majority when I had the honor to solicit your suffrages before, I trust that my conduct while in Parliament will meet with the full confidence of the whole people at the ensuing election, and as a consequence I announce myself as a candidate for your suffrages on the occasion. Should I be deemed worthy of your approval in the future as in the past, my humble support will be given to the present government in all measures for the benefit of the whole country. I ask assistance in opposing chicanery and double-dealing, and in favour of one who will neither be cajoled or purchased.

Hoping to meet you all at public meetings, and if possible personally, before the day of polling.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
DAN. J. O'DONOGHUE.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

TO THE

Electors of Russell.

GENTLEMEN,—I beg respectfully to announce to you that I am a Candidate for your suffrages at the impending General Election for the Ontario Legislature. My political principles are well known to you as contained in detail in my address of 1867; and time and experience have added fresh strength to my convictions of their soundness. As the standard-bearer, who first unfurled the banner of Reform in your Riding, I cannot but rejoice that the good seed then sown, under very adverse circumstances, too, has not only taken deep root, but has already produced fruit.

I congratulate you that many of the measures I advocated before you, particularly those relating to the purity of elections, and without which elective institutions were little better than a farce, are now the law of this great Province; and I am glad to be able to say that some, who then sneered at my humble efforts for the people's good, have since seen the error of their ways, and become zealous workers in the glorious cause of liberty. It is cause of thankfulness that every man can now exercise his franchise without let, hindrance, or fear of consequences, according to his own honest convictions, uninfluenced by any consideration but the general good, and witnessed by no eye but that of his Maker. To the Liberal Government the country owes all these important and beneficial measures. There are many other useful and necessary reforms which will follow in their wake, if the people are true to themselves, and renew their confidence in the present Government by electing men to support them on whom they can rely—men who have a record to point to, whose fidelity to their principles is above suspicion—men who would, if necessary, be ready to follow them into the cold shades of opposition. This is the kind of support they deserve at your hands. Send them not one who veers with every change of political doctrine—a Conservative yesterday, a Reformer to-day, and a Tory again to-morrow if most conducive to his interest or ambition.

In Mr. Mowat's Administration I have the fullest confidence—a confidence inspired by their principles and confirmed by their acts. I heartily endorse not only their legislation, but the economy and efficiency with which they have administered public affairs in promoting education, encouraging settlement and developing our internal resources; and if antecedents be any criterion whereby we may judge our future actions, they shall continue to have my cordial support.

Every scheme for the encouragement of Roads and Railroads shall have my unqualified support, for these are the veins and arteries through which flows the life blood of industry. I shall use every legitimate means to influence aids for such enterprises in your Riding without regard to special interests or particular localities.

I shall devise and promote with my utmost ability a comprehensive scheme for the drainage of your whole county, by which the rich *bottom-lands* now lying waste—preserves for deer stalking—will be converted into blooming fields of golden harvest, increasing your population and enhancing your property.

With a life long devotion—often under very trying circumstances—to the cause of good and cheap Government; with a record, private and public, extending over a quarter of a century on the Ottawa Valley, at which no respectable man need blush, and can challenge fair and honest criticism; with an ambition directed as unerringly as the needle to the pole towards adding my little mite to the stock of human happiness, irrespective of race or creed, clime or color; with a mind free from bigotry as our mountain air from noxious exhalations; I appeal with just confidence to the Liberals of Russell to sustain me, and place me in a position of increased usefulness; and I can safely assure them that their trust will never be betrayed. On Conservative support I base no claim, save that of an honest man, who respects the opinions, nay, the prejudices, of those who differ from him and who in his public capacity shall know none but the people as a whole.

I shall endeavor to see as many of you as it is possible for me in the limited time between this and polling day; and frankly avow my views on any other subject that you may desire to be informed. Those whom I may not be able to see, will, I hope, excuse me, and pass sentence on me according to the principles herein enunciated. On the last occasion that I was before you I addressed, with as much sincerity as ever I uttered a sentence, to large assemblies which happened to be exclusively composed of my own countrymen, and the same I shall now say to all, as follows:—

"You should banish from your minds every consideration except the public good. You should not vote for me simply because I am an Irishman or a Catholic. You should wholly judge me according to the political principles I enunciate before you. If you approve of these, you should support me; and if there is one amongst you who disapproves of them, he is in duty bound to vote against me."

I am,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
J. L. P. O'HANLY.

Ottawa. 26th December, 1874

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!
SAVE YOUR EYES!
Restore your Sight!

THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES,
By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.
WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.
Agents Wanted,
Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957,) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD
AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES
First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated
"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"
of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.
H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender
738 Broadway, New York
727

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer [Trade Mark secured] Montreal.

Machinery.

VICTORIA FOUNDRY.
EXTENSION OF THE WORKS!
THE subscribers, in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on them since the opening of the Victoria Foundry and Machine Shops, and the commencement of their business in the city of Ottawa, now upwards of twenty years ago, beg to inform
MILL OWNERS, MACHINISTS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY
That they have recently
Extended their Foundry and Work-Shops,
And added to their Machinery and Tools some of the largest
Iron Planers and Turning Lathes
To be found in any similar establishment in the Dominion, as well as a
Powerful Steam Hammer and Bolt Heading Machine.
Also, they have secured the services of
Mr. ALEXANDER HENDERSON,
So long and favourably known as FOREMAN in the General Machinery Department of the JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, of Oshawa, and are now prepared to furnish heavy forgings and manufacture
Steam Engines and Boilers
Of all sizes and descriptions; likewise
Factory,
Grist, and
Saw Mill
MACHINERY!
For which they have an almost unrivalled stock of modern and improved patterns.
They are now making preparations for the Manufacture of, and soon will be in a position to supply the market with
PRINTING PRESSES!
Comprising three sizes of the celebrated
Gordon, Washington and Wharfdale Machines;
Small, Improved
ENGINES for PRINTING OFFICES.
Shingle Machines, and
Shingle Jointers,
Leather Splitters,
Knife Grinders,
Hydraulic Pumps,
Steam Pumps on the "Cameron" and "Blake" Principles,
together with all kinds of Pumping Machinery for cities, towns and villages; and Iron Bridges for which plans and specifications can be furnished.
The Subscribers also manufacture the Lamb, Tyler and Leffel WATER WHEELS, with latest improvements on the latter to prevent leakage; and furnish, on short notice, Brass and Iron Castings of all descriptions.
Builders Castings a specialty.
First-class materials, and workmanship guaranteed, and references given as to the satisfactory working of Machinery already supplied to the principal Milling and Manufacturing Establishments in the Ottawa Valley and elsewhere.
N. S. Blasdell & Co.,
Victoria Foundry & Machine Shops,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.
December 28, 1874. 3726-6

Hotels.

THE
CLARENDON HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.
The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the
Corner of Sussex and George Streets,
within three to five minutes walk of the and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 1st January, 1875.
The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.
Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.
The Dining-Room,
One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.
The Drawing and Sitting Rooms
are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.
The Bed-Rooms
are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.
The Reading and Coffee Rooms
are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.
The Sample Rooms
are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.
Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.
In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comfort of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my table will be one of the best in Canada.
N. B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.
Dec. 28th, 1874. 3729

ALBION HOTEL,
Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa
ROBERT GRAHAM.
Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.
In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.
The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.
ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.
Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 3403

NOTICE
All parties indebted to
Mr. T. RAJOTTE
Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.
T. RAJOTTE & Co.
Feb. 22 1874.

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD
USE THE
Diamond Yeast Cakes

BOARD AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at Mrs. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets.
Oct 10, 1874.

MINERAL WATER.
The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at R. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town.
Oct. 27th 1874.

The Canadian Washer
A. R. GILES, Manufacturer, ... Streets, Ottawa.
OTTAWA, Nov. 18, 1874.
A. R. GILES, ...

achinery.

IA FOUNDRY,

N OF THE WORKS!

...ers, in returning thanks for ... bestowed on them ... of the Victoria Foundry, and ... the community generally of their ... of Ottawa, now in wants of ... beg to inform

...S, MACHINISTS AND ...BLIC GENERALLY

...ey have recently

...ir Foundry and Work-Shops,

...ir Machinery and Tools some of the largest

...and Turning Lathes

...ny similar establishment in ...minion, as well as a

...am Hammer and Bolt ...tting Machine.

...ured the services of

...NDER HENDERSON,

...ably known as FOREMAN ...chinery Department of the ...MANUFACTURING COM... are now prepared to fur... and manufacture

...gines and Boilers

...iptions likewise

...t, and

Saw Mill

...HINERY!

...s an almost unrivalled stock ...oved patterns.

...aking preparations for the ... soon will be in a position ...et with

...G PRESSES!

...sizes of the celebrated ...ngton and Wharfdale ...chines:

...PRINTING OFFICES.

... and ...nters, ...her Splitters, Knife Grinders, Hydraulic Pumps, ...the "Cameron" and ...s' Principles,

...s of Pumping Machinery ... villages; and Iron Bridges, ... specifications can be fur...

...manufacture the Lamb, ...ATER WHEELS, with ... on the latter to prevent ... on short notice, Brass and ...scriptions.

...specialty ...s, and workmanship gua... given as to the satisfac...hinery already supplied to ...and Manufac'ing Estab...wa Valley and elsewhere.

...sdell & Co.,

...y & Machine Shops,

...re, Ottawa.

3726-8

...otels.

...DON HOUSE,

...TTAWA.

...LLS, Proprietor.

... of the finest and most ...city, is situated at the ...and George Streets, ... sites' walk of ... ..., and in the centre of ... city, will be opened to ...th January, 1875. ...ntirely remodelled and ... so that nothing is want... of guests. ...ent, Tourists, and Com... find all facilities for ... comfort unequalled by

...ing-Room,; ...e Dominion, is capable of ...to 200 guests. ...nd Sitting Rooms ... furnished with all ...onveniences. ...ed-Rooms ...ghted, heated and venti... ...nd Coffee Rooms ... best easy chairs, lounges, ...ple Rooms ...y. The Bar-Room, one ...is supplied with the ...cigars.

...s to and from all ...and Boats.

...atronage, I would beg ...at my parlor ... ...ee to the com... all ... and we I known ... ...uarantee that my ... ...n Canada. ... be given as to date of

3729

... HOTEL,

...y Streets, Ottawa

...GRAHAM.

...y friends and the pub...ed his brother, JOHN ... of this Hotel, and that ... all who patronise the ...able. ...es' and gents' Parlors ...es; combined sitting ...ards of fifty bedrooms, ...e with the best Wines ...that can be purchased. ...abies. ...FTEEN YEARS.

...debted to

...AJOTTE

... call in at Messrs. T. ...s Bridge, and settle ...erwise, the same will ... hands for immediate

... RAJOTTE & Co

...BREAD

...st Cakes

...—Two gentlemen ...with good board and ...s. McINTYRE'S ...reets.

...er, which has been ...City during the past ...Kidney Disease and ...for sale at H F. ... Alex. Christie's, ...hael's, LowerTown. 3828-3m

THE DEATH OF GERRIT SMITH.

The reaper, Death, whose sickle spares neither the tender flower nor the bearded grain, has of late been gathering a rich harvest. Some of our most eminent merchants, philanthropists and public servants have been called to their other life during the closing months of the year. It is only a few weeks since the venerable Jonathan Sturges breathed his last. Following close upon his friend Mayor Havemeyer died in the harness. Within a fortnight we have been compelled to announce the death of Ezra Cornell, the founder of Cornell University. On Christmas Day we gave an obituary of the Rev. Dr. Walker, the eminent leader of Unitarian thought in New England. Yesterday, the death of an old public servant, Congressman Crocker, of Massachusetts, was announced, and to-day the list bears the name of Gerrit Smith. It is seldom the mortuary record is so full, and, though Death loves a shining mark, it is not often he obtains so many brilliant trophies within so short a period.

The demise of Gerrit Smith, especially as it follows so closely upon the death of so many other persons almost as well known, cannot fail to arrest the attention of all of us and cause us to think of an epoch the rememberance of which will pass away with the men who impressed their individuality upon it. It seems but yesterday since we were discussing Mr. Seward's "irrepressible conflict," and yet the men who were most active in precipitating that conflict have nearly all gone from among us. Garrisen and Whittier are still with us, it is true, but Arthur Tappan and most of the other "original abolitionists" have gone before. To-day we contemplate the open grave of Gerrit Smith, and with his silent clay we almost feel that we bury the dead past out of sight. His virtues and the record of a noble life alone remain to be celebrated in this hour of sorrow. His was not a selfish nor a self-willed nature. Though born to more landed acres than any of his compeers in the state, he felt from the beginning that so much was beyond his right to keep, and so he strenuously set himself to give it away, not as a child casts aside a toy of which it has wearied, but as a solemn work, to be wisely accomplished. Those who were oppressed more than others, and who at least were possessed in his eyes of the first right to receive, and as slavery to him was the great crime of the age, so the slave, of all men, was the most needful of succour. But the same mental and moral characteristics which made him an abolitionist in the days when abolitionism was hateful, made him also declare that the punishment of treason would be the mean crime of the age, if it was enforced in obedience to the popular demand. Such qualities could not fail to make their possessor a marked man among his fellows, and Gerrit Smith, more than any other of the anti slavery leaders, has left his impress on his age. He was not great, as Clay and Webster and Calhoun, were great—he was not even so compound a champion of his cause as Charles Sumner, but he united the aristocratic bearing of the gentleman with the simplicity of the servant of the bondman, giving to him as to a brother, in such equal proportions that he earned for himself a title better than that of gentleman, better than that of philanthropist—that of a man. Gerrit Smith never gave for the sake of giving—he never talked merely that he might be heard; neither was he so careful not to let the left hand know what the right hand did as to err in the opposite direction. His work was the simple performance of his duty as he understood it, and thus he performed it to the end, going and coming as was his wont in his own way and at his own time.

If we look back over Mr. Smith's history, we find in it few things to criticise unless we condemn his work itself. The American people no longer assail a man because he was an abolitionist, nor do they denounce him because he once held slaves. In the new era of our national life Gerrit Smith's memory is above criticism. Even those things which were most warmly condemned in him by his friends, turned into enemies, are the surest indices to his sturdy character. We can almost admire the act for its own sake when we find a man who had battled against slavery all his life, failing to vote against a proslavery measure because the vote was taken after nine o'clock, when nine was his bedtime. He could not defeat the measure, and he would not affect that his vote was useful when he knew to the contrary. The proof of his sincerity was as plain to others as it was to himself. When he gave it was to make some man better and happier. When he preached it was that he might convince. He was an advocate of peace, yet he favoured war when it became inevitable. He condemned the war as the crime of the South, but urged forgiveness of those who precipitated it. He helped the slave to-day and was equally willing to assist the master to-morrow. In spite of all this he was not a bundle of contradictions, but a man who lived with a purpose, and after consistently pursuing his mission, died only when his work was finished.—*N. Y. Herald, Tuesday.*

A young and interesting Popish lady named Licheuski, sought some smal compensation in the shape of £10,000 from Mr. McMaster, a member of an eminent mercantile firm in Belfast. The gentleman had given a promise, as the lady stated—the most important promise a man can give—and broke it. From some proceedings which took place in the Consolidated Chamber, we were all expecting that we should hear a narrative of more than ordinary interest. The case was fixed to be tried this morning, before Chief Justice Monaghan, but an intimation was given to his Lordship yesterday that the case had been settled. Whether Mr. McMaster paid down the £10,000, or the lady in compassion, accepted less, we cannot say. But it is positive cruelty to excite public curiosity to agony intense, and thus disappoint everybody by a cool announcement that the case "is settled."—*Irish Times.*

THE CENTENNIAL.—Lord Derby, the English Minister for Foreign Affairs, has addressed a letter to our Minister to the Court of St. James announcing that the English Government will with much pleasure take part in the international celebration to be held at Philadelphia. The letter expresses the desire of the British Government to do all that lies in its power to make the exhibition a success. This cordial acquiescence of England in our proposed Centennial is a most important event, and will contribute largely to its success. Germany aso comes into line, and we have an imperial commission appointed to represent Germany in Philadelphia under the presidency of Herr Jacobi. These evidences of European interest in the Centennial are gratifying, and should inspire our own people to renewed endeavours to make it a success worthy of the nation and the anniversary.—*New York Herald.*

If you want to be happy, go to Duffy's 50 cent sale to-night. 3732-2in.

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732.

To-night is the gala night at Duffy's 50 cent sale. Go and get a New Year's present. 3732-2in,

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

A German organ, gold and silver watch to-night at Duffy's 50 cent sale. 3732-2in.

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732.

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparts, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3727

Soiled Blankets cheap at Bryson's. 3695-1m

NEW YORK BAY OYSTERS IN SHELL.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

For Christmas and New Year's presents go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724-tf.

THE NOTMAN STUDIO.—Mr. Topley has on exhibition some Xmas and Yew Years' goods, not to be had elsewhese in the city. Please call and inspect the Studio since recent changes. 3727-1w.

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. Mc Donnell's. 3698-6

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

All Flannels reduced at Bryson's. 3695-1m

H. F. McCarthy, Medical Hall, Wellington street, has just received a large stock of Christmas and New Year's goods, in toilet bottles, dressing cases, hair brushes, combs, Labin's and Atkinson's perfumes cologne, lavender, &c., &c., ten per cent. cheaper than any other house in the city. 3727

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only. at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain. Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

For Bunnel's Patent Washer, Shorey & Co.'s Royal Canadian Wringer, Polygonal Turning, Furnaces, Stoves and Stove Pipes, fitted up in a workmanlike manner, go to C. P. Dorion. Also on hand and for sale, very cheap, 7,500 Stoves Pipes of all kinds, at our well known townsman, C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa, Ont. 3791d&w

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

FALSE MODESTY.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

☞Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 3870-y

WHOLESALE

Ready-Made

CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTERS

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 24, 1874. 3660

Gift Enterprises.

ANOTHER

OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift			$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift			100,000
One Grand Cash Gift			75,000
One Grand Cash Gift			50,000
One Grand Cash Gift			25,000
5 Cash Gifts	$20,000 each		100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each		140,000
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each		150,000
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each		100,000
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each		100,000
30 Cash Gifts	3,000 each		90,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each		100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each		100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each		120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each		50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each		950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 23, 1874. 3726w2awkd&w

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts,

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000 }
Two Prizes, $500 } Each in Cash

Five Prizes $100
1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mo[unted harness] worth $...
One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth ...
Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300
Three Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.
Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth 100 each!
1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,0...
Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 432 Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874 3554 daw

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK, VA.

DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature passed March 8th, 1873.

50,000 TICKETS—6000 CASH GIFTS,

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of	$30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	[illegible]
One Grand Cash Gift of	5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	15,000
28 Cash Gifts of 500 each	14,000
43 Cash Gifts of $250 each	10,750
79 Cash Gifts of $150 each	11,850
250 Cash Gifts of $100 each	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of $50 each	28,900
5,000 Cash Gifts of $10 each	50,000
6,000 Cash Gifts, aggregating	$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets, $5; Quarter Ticket, $2 50; Eleven tickets, $100.

For Tickets and Circulars, &c., address, HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary, Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 25, 1874. 2702d&w

Miscellaneous.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO., Sparks Street, near Bank.

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks-st

December 23, 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents,

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

☞Call and see them.☜

Dec. 17, 1874.

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

J. W. MINTHORN, Box "U" Orillia, Ont.

Oct. 1. 5183

Hair Cutting.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-CUTTING, DRESSING AND BATH ROOMS,

74 AND 76 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

The Proprietor respectfully informs his numerous patrons that his

New Establishment

is now complete in every department.

☞Ladies' Entrance—The door neares O'Connor-St.

His stock of REAL HAIR cannot be surpassed either in quantity or quality. In price be guarantees 25 per cent. less than any house in the Dominion.

For the Gents' Room he has every comfort possible to obtain for money. With five efficient workmen gentlemen will not have to waste their time in waiting at this establishment!

The Manufacturing Department employs seven hands, and with the large amount of room he now has, will be able to meet the increasing demands of his patrons.

For Combings, he begs to say that although his price may seem a little higher in quotation than some others, when ladies take into consideration what they receive for their money, it will be found cheaper to buy their work at this establishment.

T. E. M. also begs to say that he will continue as a system of business, his sale of Magic Photographs for 50cts. each, both for ladies and gentlemen, which gives the purchaser each time a present varying from 50cts to $100.

Perfumes, Cosmetiques, Combs, Brushes, and all Toilet Goods in endless variety.

T. E. MOORE,

Oct. 28, 1874. 3387

Furniture.

GREAT

DISCOUNT SALE

—OF—

FURNITURE.

Before removing to our new Warerooms, 85 Sparks-st., we will offer our present large stock of Plain and Fancy Furniture at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

ANGUS & CO., 88 SPARKS-ST.

Dec. 14, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

☞SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.☜

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND OR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874. 2554y

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

☞60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

Miscellaneous.

S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

☞Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crapes, Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS, 6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa.

No 18 219

"A Repository of Fashion Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveller.*

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates, in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patrons for the children's clothes, to pater familias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year $4 00

$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two *Harper's Periodicals*, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The seven numbers of HARPER'S BAZAR, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times." "The Best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Weekly* is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the *Weekly* is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The *Weekly* maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations are often corroborative arguments of no small force.—*N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle.*

Its papers on existent question and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

TERMS:

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Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

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OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE.................70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3840y

Hardware.

GOLDEN LIGHT ARGAND

MOORE BROS'.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,

Desire to call attention to the GOLDEN LIGHT, or ARGAND Self-Feeding Stove, with ILLUMINATED BASE ANTI CLINKER GRATE. This is the newest and...

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL STOVE IN USE.

☞The American Base, Gurney Base, Morning Star and other leading self-feeding Stoves on hand. Cook Stoves for wood or coal; also Box and Parlor Stoves for wood.

Particular attention given to setting up stoves and jobbing of all kinds.

Sept. 16, 1874. 3673

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES

J. T. MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces above lines on application. ☞Estimates for work in any of the Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Just Received 300 Barrels Best American

KEROSENE OIL,

Warranted Non-Explosive and Free from Smell.

C. S. SHAW & CO. SUSSEX-ST.

Dec. 14, 1874.

N.B.—Our Vans call at every house in the city daily.

Auction Sales.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1871, consisting of about 57 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN, Ramsay.

Dec. 30th, 1874. 3731-1d

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S AUCTION.

The finest display of

'Xmas and New Year's Goods,

Ever seen in this city.

Grand Show Day, Monday, 21st Dec., 1874.

Auction Days, Monday, 21st, at 7:30 p.m.
do. Tuesday, 22nd at 2 and 7:30 do.
do. Wednesday, 23rd at 2 and 7:30 do.
do. Thursday, 24th, at 2 and 7:30 do.
do. Saturday, 26th, at 2 and 7:30 do.

The subscriber has this day received an extensive consignment of some of the finest goods in the following ware ever brought to this city, with positive instructions to sell at whatever they may bring at Auction. There are 100 China Tea and Coffee Sets, white and gold, and various other designs; 500 Bohemian Flower Vases and Flower Stands, 300 Water Caraffs and Tumblers, 150 beautifully variegated Wine Bottles, 300 Water Jugs and Bottles, Cream Jugs, and Celery Bowls, 100 Liqueur Sets, 100 Cream Jugs, 200 Card Baskets, 500 Hock Glasses, 300 Butter Dishes of every imaginable style, 300 Toilet Sets of the most beautiful design, style and workmanship, as well as thousands of other goods that cannot be enumerated.

Come, come all, and see them on MONDAY, and if you wish to buy you will get them at Private sale or Auction at fifty per cent under cost.

☞Remember the auction opens on Monday evening, the 21st inst., and will be continued all week at the hours mentioned.

Don't fail to come and see the goods, they are a direct consignment from England, and must be sold without any reserve by

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer,

December 21st, 1874.

FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION

—ON—

MONDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF JANUARY, 1875.

At the hour of THREE O'CLOCK, in the afternoon, at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, all the interest and unexpired term of years, belonging to the late John Robertson O'Connor, in that valuable property, being part of the Government Reserve, near the head of the Chaudiere Slide in the said City of Ottawa, containing about three acres more or less, and bounded towards the north and west side thereof, by the waters of the River Ottawa, forming the channel leading to the said Chaudiere Slide, towards the east by Broad street, and towards the south by Oregon street. The Honourable the Commissioner of Public Works has consented to grant to the purchaser a new lease for the unexpired term of the lease given the late Mr. O'Connor, viz., until the 18th September 1881, together with the privilege of sawing timber on the property.

The ground rent is only $180 per annum. The attention of mill owners and those interested in the lumber trade of the Ottawa is called to the desirable investment now offered.

Terms and conditions of sale made known at time of auction.

For further information apply to Walker, Cassels and Pennock, Solicitors, Ottawa, or Hector McLean, Auctioneer.

Dec. 17. 1874. 3721-td.

AUCTION SALE

OF

VERY VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS!

The undersigned will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa

ON

MONDAY, JANUARY 4th, 1875,

At the hour of THREE o'clock p.m.,

License No. 95, of the years 1873 and 1874, on Bonchere River. To extend from a Norway Pine tree, blazed on four sides, at the head of the Rapids, below Stevenson's Lake, to a pine tree blazed on four sides in St. Patrick's Bay, north side of Round Lake, and to run back four miles more or less, half way to Indian River, in the course north, 210 east.

License No. 96, of 1873 and 1874, on Bonchere River. To commence at a white pine tree, blazed on four sides, north of the Couchane Lake, and extend down to a Red Pine tree, blazed on four sides, at the head of the first Rapids below Stevenson's Lake, six miles and a half more or less, and back four miles more or less, half way on the Indian River, in the course north, 210 east.

License No. 222 of 1873 and 1874 on Deep River, Ottawa, Township of Sheen. To commence at Dinney's Farm, and extend up the north side of Deep River to the mouth of the Olsa Creek, and back five miles on the course north, 460 east, on east side of the Olsa Creek. This includes parts of Nos. 27, 28, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, to 39 and 31 in the 5th range, of 27, 29, 32, 33 and 36 to 67 in the 6th range of the Township of Sheen. Clergy lots excepted.

Terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auction

Ottawa, Dec. 4.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874. 3839

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FOR 1875.

RIVER OF LIFE.

(35 cts.) A most beautiful Sunday School Book. H. S. Perkins and W. W. Bentley.

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[$1.38.] Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

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($2 50.) Perfect music of the best class, for Quartet Choirs. J. R. Thomas.

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[$2 50]. Anthem music of excellent quality for all the services of the Episcopal Church. H. P. Danks.

PERKINS' ANTHEM BOOK.

[$1 50.] Easy Anthems. Very full, good, and already popular collection. W. O. Perkins.

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[75cts.] For Singing Schools. Not much Sacred Music, but an admirable preparatory course, with a large quantity of secular music for practice. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

All books sent post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

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HENDERSON & Co's.

New and choice assortments suitable for

XMAS AND NEW YEARS' PRESENTS.

Full stocks in following lines, viz.:

Bibles, Church Services and Prayer Books, The Poets, in cloth, Morocco and Ivorine, Albums, in Morocco Mother of Pearl and Inlaid, Writing desks, very choice, Christmas Stationery and Cards, Illuminated Texts, Mottoes and Chromos.

THE ANNUALS.

Juveniles Toy and Illustrated Books,

Miscellaneous Books,

Staple and Fancy Stationery.

Inspection invited at

HENDERSON & Co's., 29 Sparks street.

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 28, 1874.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874-5.

THOS. PATTERSON,

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual price

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalised; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

Dec. 24 1874. THOS. PATTERSON.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 38 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

Aug. 1, 1874. P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

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CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT DR. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, F.R.S.E., M.R.I.A., F.C.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success.

☞TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN:

Dec. 5, 1874. 3711ml

Ladies' Ware,

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYAN'S

284 Wellington-St

Dec. 5, 1874. 3697

Dry Goods.

LONDON HOUSE

LONDON HOUSE.

CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES!

The balance of our Fancy Goods will be Cleared Off

AT A GREAT REDUCTION, in order to make room for SPRING GOODS.

White Fur Jackets at Very Low Prices!

Grebe and other Sets of Fur at Holiday Prices.

Evening Silks and Gloves to match, at very low prices. Evening Dresses made to order in the latest styles, with neatness and despatch.

HANEY & FORGIE.

[254 & 256 WELLINGTON-ST., OPPOSITE R. McGILLIVRAY'S, OTTAWA.

Dec. 23, 1874. 3878y

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING. **TAILORING.**

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward,
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $5.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7.50 upward.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50.
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $8.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

☞55 SPARKS STREET.☜

Nov. 11, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

...stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

☞All Goods Warranted Shrunk.☜

Feb. 18, 1874.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1860, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings

AGENCY OF

Fair Haven Marbleised Slate Works,

OHIO SANDSTONE

Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

☞The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.☜

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses. Receding of Property either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

Public Schools.—The public schools of the city will be re-opened this morning after the Christmas vacation.

Personal.—Mr. John Brown, Health Officer, who has been seriously ill for the past two months, has sufficiently recovered to attend to his duties again.

Bound for the Shanties.—Yesterday a very large number of teams were to be seen passing through the city on their way up the Ottawa and other streams to the shanties.

Mr. McMillan's lecture is not to be delivered before the Y. M. C. A. this evening as announced in our last issue, owing to the various prayer meetings throughout the city.

Burglary.—On Sunday night the shed at the Rideau Rifle Range was entered by burglars, and a quantity of arms, accoutrements, and other stores taken away. The thieves are still at large.

Acknowledgment.—The Lady Superior of the Grey Nuns begs to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of $40 from Mr. H. V. Noel, $20 as a donation to the General Hospital and $20 to the St. Joseph's Orphan Assylum.

Runaway.—A young colt attached to a cutter bolted yesterday afternoon on St. Paul street, and for a time made things lively. The streets were crowded at the time, and the only wonder is that some one was not hurt.

Cheap Sleighing.—Many a one got a sleigh drive yesterday and enjoyed the luxury of reclining cosily among bear shins and furs who can't afford such a treat every day of their lives. What a pity for them that there is not an election every day.

Wood.—There is still large quantities of wood to be found on the market, notwithstanding that farmers are beginning to complain of the difficulty of bringing in their loaded sleighs, owing to the drifting on the roads.

The Weather.—Last night and early this morning there was another fall of snow, which will improve the sleighing in the city. Outside the limits, however, the roads are not so good, a considerable amount of drifting having set in and blocked up the tracks in many places.

Arrivals at the Russell House.—G. M. Lyons, J. L. Belcher, Chas. E. Good, L. O. Doranger, George Doroker, G. Boulter, Montreal; S. McDougall, Renfrew; W. H. Stymest, St. John's, N.B.; S. Eyre Burke, Toronto; Capt. P. Daggow, Pembroke; Hon. G. A. Walkeni, London, England.

Arrival of Sir John Macdonald.—Last night the Ex-Premier arrived in the city from Kingsten by the 7 o'clock train. It was generally understood during the day that a demonstration would take place, but nothing of the sort happened. Sir John, on alighting at the station, immediately drove to his residence on Sandy Hill.

Personal.—Mr. Marcus Smith, and engineering staff, arrived last night from British Columbia, where they have been engaged on the Canada Pacific Railway Survey. They will remain in the city to complete their plans and profiles. We understand that a vast amount of work has been done this summer, and that the field for location has been reduced to narrow limits.

Sale of Timber Limits.—Yesterday Mr. Hector McLean sold at the Union House the timber limits known as the Macdonald Limits, consisting of two lots on the Bouchere River, which were purchased by Mr. S. McDougall, of Renfrew, for $26,200; also a lot on the Deep River, Ottawa Township of Sheen, which fell to Mr. Wm. Bannaman for $20,300. The O'Connor Mill was likewise bought by Mr. John R. Booth for $10,300.

An Enthusiastic Elector.—Yesterday forenoon, while the polling at the By Ward booth was at its keenest, a double cutter arrived, in which was a gentleman whose appearance indicated that he came there under great suffering. He had a most death like countenance, and had to be carried forward from the sleigh to the broken window which served for the Returning Officer's sanctum. Arrived there he was supported by two friends till he recorded his vote, the last of the three on his list being "John Heney."

Furious Driving.—The cabbies were in their element yesterday, and making up for the weary waiting for a "fare" that they often have to undergo. Had the policemen, however, not been taking it easy in the polling booths some of them would have been arrested for furious driving, or at least they ought to have been. It was a work of great risk to get across the street, so unexpectedly did the sleighs come along, and at such a dangerous rate were they driven. Many narrow escapes were made, but no serious calamity occurred.

The Sappho Opera Bouffe and Burlesque Company.—To-morrow night the Sappho Opera Bouffe Company will commence a short season in Gowan's Opera House. The company takes its name from the leading *artiste*, who, from opinions expressed by the press, must be a host in herself, to say nothing of the talented party which supports her. Lovers of the droll and of the beautiful will get a rare treat for this jolly Christmas time by paying the company a visit during their stay.

Death of Mr. F. D. Burrowes.—We much regret to announce the death of Mr. Francis Dillon Burrowes, son of Colonel Robert Edward Rurrowes, K. H., late of Her Majesty's 66th Regiment, which took place early this morning at his residence in New Edinburgh, after an illness of two weeks. Mr. Burrowes has for the last thirteen years efficiently filled a position in the Governor-General's office, and had won for himself the respect and esteem of all who knew him. His numerous friends will deeply mourn the loss of one whose personal worth and kindly disposition will be long and affectionately remembered.

Fire on Ottawa Street.—Last night about half-past eleven o'clock an alarm was sounded from box No. 62, indicating fire in the neighborhood of St. Patrick and Nelson streets. The Cumberland street Hose Reel Company was the first to respond to the call, and found the fire to be in a stable belonging to a Mr. James O'Brien, north side of Ottawa street. They immediately attached their hose to the nearest street hydrant, and began to play upon the erection. The "John Heney" steamer was second on the ground, followed by the "Conqueror," but owing to the locality, neither of these engines could be brought into use. The fire, however, was soon speedily put out by the play from the hydrants, but not until the building and a quantity of hay was entirely destroyed. Some of the nearest of the hydrants were frozen and unavailable, and the stream was sent through about eleven hundred feet of hose. The working of the alarm was shown to be perfect, and had it not been so there is every possibility that a disastrous fire would have been the result, the locality being crowded with numerous wooden buildings. The "John Heney" men say they made the shortest time on record.

Duffy's 50 cent sale is no bogus affair, but gives genuine satisfaction.

No cheques given at Duffy's 50 cent sale, but all articles delivered on the premises.

Duffy's 50 cent sale is no humbug. He gives everthing he advertises.

Municipal Elections.

THE OLD ALDERMEN RE-ELECTED.

State of the Polls.

Yesterday the Municipal Elections for 1875 took place in four out of the five wards of the city, and notwithstanding that there was a strenuous opposition in all of them, there was no disturbance of any moment, but everywhere the best of good feeling prevailed. The streets, however, from an early hour were alive with bustle and excitement, and the agents and canvassers of the respective candidates were kept unusually busy from the opening to the close of the poll. In

BY WARD.

where the contest was most keen, and at one time some trouble was apprehended, the Chief of the Police had taken the necessary precautions to prevent any breach of the peace. Nothing, however, of a serious nature occurred, and the boys in blue had very little to do during the day. The candidates in this Ward were Messrs. McDougal, Heney, Starrs and Chabot, the two first named gentlemen being the old members. The polling from the first was very spirited, and so close was it at one time during the day that very great anxiety was felt as to the result. The crowd on York street was so great that it was almost impossible for any one to obtain a correct statement of the figures, and it was not till long after five o'clock that such could be had from the Returning Officer. The following were the returns at the close of the polls:—

Chabot	492.
McDougal	489
Heney	394.
Starrs	276.

WATER COMMISSIONERS.

Messrs. Coffey and Bedard were the only gentlemen in the field for Water Commissioner. It will be seen that the former beat his opponent by 107 votes:—

Coffey	345
Bedard	238

ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

There was considerable interest manifested in the result of the election in this Ward. The contestants were the three old members, Messrs. Waller, Birkett and Robertson, with Mr. Webster, who was a very strong candidate, and was considered by his friends to have a fair chance of being elected to represent the Ward. The polling was conducted in an unusually quiet manner throughout the day, and not the slightest disturbance took place. Mr. Webster, as it will be seen, again suffered defeat, the three gentlemen who represented the Ward last year being re-elected. The following was the state of the poll at the close:

Waller	460
Birkett	450
Robertson	332
Webster	239

WELLINGTON WARD.

The polling in Wellington Ward was likewise conducted very quiet. There was little or no rush at any time, which may be accounted for from the fact of there being four polling booths, one at the Police Court building, one on O'Conner Street, one at the Sally Street Engine House, and another on the Richmond Road. The candidates were Messrs. Bangs, Rowe, Christie, and Matthewman, who formerly represented the Ward, but who was defeated last year by Mr. Christie. There was very little doubt as to the return of the two former gentlemen, but fears were entertained at one time as to the re-election of Mr. Christie. At three o'clock both he and Mr. Matthewman had polled the same number of votes, but from that time Mr. Christie gained on his opponent beating him by some 35. Owing to the size of the Ward and the difficulty in obtaining the correct figures from the several polling places, we are unable to publish them this morning. Messrs. Bangs, Rowe and Christie have however been re-elected by large majorities.

VICTORIA WARD.

There was little or no interest manifested in the Ward. All the old members were re-elected, notwithstanding that some opposition was given in the person of Mr. P. LeSueur, formerly a representative of the Ward at the Council Board. The following are the returns as nearly as could be obtained last night:—

Bronson	243
Pratt	220
David	180
LeSueur	70

Mr. LeSueur retired early in the day, so that the figure of his vote does not indicate what the aggregate would have been if he had held on to the end; but as it was evident from the first that there was an agreement between the friends of the old Aldermen to vote them all in again, it was needless to prolong the contest.

When proclamation of the results had been made by the Returning Officer, the three elected gentlemen were asked to speak, and in a few brief sentences expressed their thanks, and promised to behave in the very best way.

Mr. LeSueur was then called upon, and said he very much regretted having occasioned a contest, with the consequent expense and loss of time to a number of his fellow citizens, but he had come out at the request of gentlemen in the Ward, who assured him that there was a strong desire for a change. They were mistaken, as proved by the results, but he (Mr. LeSueur) had not had the means of testing the feeling before the election. He had believed, and still thought, that he could have served the Ward better than one or two of the elected gentlemen, but the electors had decided otherwise, and he was quite content. He thanked the ratepayers who had voted for him, but his heartier thanks were probably due to those who had not, for he certainly would be saved a great deal of trouble and thankless labour. He hoped the Aldermen-elect would faithfully discharge their duties, and he wished them a good time.

Considerable enthusiasm prevailed at the St. George's Ward polling place when the result of the days work was made known. Hearty cheers were given for the successful candidates, who each briefly thanked the electors for the honour which they had again conferred on them. A procession of sleighs was started, in which were Messrs. Waller, Birkett and Robertson, with their friends, who drove to the resiences of those gentlemen, and after complimenting them on their re-election to the civic board dispersed. In By Ward short speeches were made by the successful and defeated candidates, who thanked their friends for the support which they had given them. Similar proceedings took place in the other wards.

Fresh Oysters in Shell.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west.
3735-3in

Councillor Lawrence, of San Francisco, is so near-sighted that with glasses on he cannot see anything until it comes within three or four feet, and without them he can see nothing far or near. While walking to his office he was startled by the muzzle of a pistol suddenly obtruded within the limited space of his vision, and he dodged so suddenly as to throw off his spectacles. Left thus sightless, with the dread probability that a bullet was about to enter him, Mr. Lawrence plunged around in a wild endeavour to grab the assailant. He caught the skirts of a woman, and held her so fast that the pistol was discharged harmlessly in the air. She proved to be the defendant in a case he had prosecuted, and she had intended to kill him.

Pacific Survey Case.

ARGUMENT OF COUNSEL.

DISCHARGE OF PRISONER.

The argument of counsel in the somewhat celebrated case of Thomas Steers took place yesterday forenoon before the Police Magistrate.

Mr. Robert Cassels, junr., on behalf of the prosecution, made a very exhaustive speech, giving *in extenso* the particulars of the case. He stated that Mr. Steers, a clerk in one of the Public Departments, had collected money to the extent of $1,089, paying over only the sum of $150. On these charges being presented against him, it was found he had retained a sum of some $850, and had presented a claim for extra services in order to off-set the amount. This claim of the prisoners had not been presented until he was leaving the employment of the Government. He said that it was not right that a public servant should collect sums on behalf of the Government, and then put in a claim for extra services, and refuse to pay over the amount. He claimed that a servant of the Government had no right to make such a claim. He repudiated the idea entirely that there was any political persecution in the matter. He thought if any case deserved punishment it was this one. He did not think sufficient importauce had been attached to the matter. With regard to the charge of embezzlement, Mr. Cassells read the wording of the statute, and claimed that it seemed to be framed in order to meet the nature of a case such as this. He said the words were not applied in an ordinary case the same as they were in this one. The question was whether the prisoner had disposed of the moneys to his own use, and also whether he had fraudulently disposed of them. The prisoner did not deny that he had disposed of the moneys to his own use. As to the second he argued at some length as to their fraudulent disposal. The prisoner had collected moneys from time to time, part of them as early as January, 1873, and others as late as January, 1874, and yet these entries had all been made together. He thought the evidence was perfectly clear that the entries had been made at a wrong time, and for a wrong purpose. The prisoner had heard that Mr. Wallace was coming down in January, 1873, and had then made up the books, entering these charges, so that, when Mr. Wallace came down, he copied the entries in his own book. Mr. Wallace did not seem to have made any examination into the justness of these claims. Mr. Wallace had been engaged to do the best he could for the Government, but he thought he must have been very negligent in the performance of his duties. Mr. Wallace had also said that no secret had been made of the matter. It may have been no secret to him. But was anything said to Mr. Fleming or to any one else about it? As to the question of extra claims, he said the whole evidence went to show that the prisoner knew that the claims were not *bona fide*. He thought Mr. Wallace's evidence must be taken with allowance, as he was bound to excuse himself for allowing the prisoner to make such claims for extra services. Knowing that the prisoner had these moneys, Mr. Wallace had given him an order for $100 worth of work in copying a ledger, so that part of this very claim was composed of work done after the claim had been made. It was also further developed that the prisoner had made a claim for extra services in 1873, and that in order to avoid such claims in the future his salary had been raised from $60 to $90 per month; the prisoner must have been aware of the reason for this increase of salary. Mr. Fleming had sworn that it was not customary to grant extra time in his department, and the prisoner appears to have known that he had no claim against the Government. Taking up the character of the certificates, he said the whole of his conduct showed a design on the part of the prisoner to make up a charge so that he might hold these moneys. It was also perfectly apparent that the prisoner had made the entries in order to avoid a charge of embezzlement. The prisoner had also, on his return from Manitoba, offered to accept the sum of $310 in settlement, which was $75 more than, by his own showing, he could honestly claim. He said the Statute showed that the prisoner's duty was to pay over these moneys at once to the proper authorities, and it was not until the charges had been made against the prisoner for this sum, he made this counter-charge for extra services. He further argued at some length, to show that the claims were not *bona fide*, and claimed further, that a case had been made out against the prisoner. He thought there was no case to prove that the prosecution were bound to show the claims were not *bona fide*.

Mr. O'Dogherty, on the part of the defence, stated that it was not his intention to occupy the time of the Court for any lengthy period, but merely refer to one or two prominent facts in the case. The fact of its being a Government prosecution did not in any way alter the case. The Government had no more rights before this or any other tribunal than a private party. He said it was not necessary to show that the claims were *bona fide*, but the colour of a claim was sufficient to take the action out of the charge of embezzlement. He argued to show that the survey department was a disbursing and not a collecting bureau. It was therefore the exception that collections were made, and the sums collected by the prisoner were probably the only ones made. The prisoner was also as much entitled to hold the money as anyone else. He said it had been shown that the prisoner was entitled to $410, and it alone must do away with any charge of embezzlement. He argued at some length to show that the claims were made before the charges were presented against the prisoner. He thought the prosecution had failed to make out a case.

His Worship said, so far as the question of Government was concerned it did not make any difference as to whether they were dealing with the Government or with private parties. The evidence of Mr Wallace went to show that these claims had been acknowledged, and the prisoner had always admitted them. As thought the entries might not have been made in good taste, but it was pretty clearly shown that the prisoner had some foundation for making them. As to the wording of the statute, he said that if a simple disposal of the money was a crime the words "fraudulent disposal" would not be there. The next question was whether he had sufficient grounds for withholding the money. He thought the claim against the Government was sufficient. If it had not been he would have felt bound to commit him for trial, but as it was he felt it his duty to discharge him.

POLICE COURT.

Before M. O'Gara, P.M.

Monday, Jan. 4.

Owing to the Police Court building being used to-day as a polling place, the court was held in the City Hall. There was quite an array of prisoners to-day, some of whom showed unmistakable signs of having indulged freely in the cup that cheers but does in ebriate.

DRUNK.

Paul Charette was charged with being drunk. His face presented the appearance as if some one had jumped on it for half an hour with a pair of hobnailed boots. He was fined $5 and costs, or one week in jail.

ASSAULT.

John Dunning was charged with assault. The prosecution withdrew the charge, and the case was dismissed with costs.

LARCENY.

William Dean, the young lad charged with the larceny of $31, from Mr. Francis Mason, had his case again taken up this morning. His employer promised to take him back again. The case was dismissed.

THE LETTER STEALING CASE.

Ezra M. McCrae was again brought up for examination.

George Cochrane was the first witness called. He corroborated the evidence of Mr. French as to the posting of the letter.

Frank Hawkens, Assistant Postmaster, was next called, and on being sworn deposed that he went to Mr. French's office on Tuesday morning, 29th December, and he told me he had sent Mr. Cochrane up to Ashton to mail the letter addressed as sworn to; if mailed in Ashton it would arrive in Ottawa about 1:30 p.m. same day; Ashton does not mail direct from Ottawa, so that the letter would be in the Conductor's bag on the way from Ashton to Ottawa. The prisoner is the Conductor on that mail, according to arrangement with Mr. French. He came to the office a few minutes after the arrival of the mail to see if the letter was or was not in the mail; opened the mail-bag myself, and also the letter package, but failed to discover the letter; intimated this to Mr. French by signal; Mr. French was talking with the prisoner, and asked him to come into my room; I followed; he simply put the question to him as stated in Mr. French's evidence; the money was found in his possession, and handed over to me; the prisoner was then arrested. The prisoner said nothing.

The case was then adjourned until 3 p.m., to allow of the production of other witnesses.

At 3.50, the Court was again opened.

James Conn, Postmaster at Ashton, corroborated the evidence of Mr. Cochrane, and swore to having despatched the letter to Ottawa in the usual way.

James Patrick, a letter carrier at Ashton, swore to having carried the mail bag to the train, and to having handed it to the travelling mail clerk. He could not recognize the person to whom he delivered the bag.

The prisoner was then committed for trial at the next assizes.

THE CATHOLIC FAITH

Adoration of Saints and Angels.

(*From the Globe.*)

Last Sunday evening Archbishop Lynch continued his lectures on this subject. His Grace said:—

There are here a few objections that some people want solved. One says "Are we not told, search the Scriptures, for the same are they that give testimony of me?" John v., xxxix. We will not give a refutation on the fact that the text is in the Greek and Latin. "You search the Scriptures," indicating what they were actually doing; neither will we stop to notice that Christ here spoke particularly, that is, to the Scribes and Pharisees. But even though Christ here spoke to the universal Church, and said to all as a command, "Search the Scriptures," are we thereby told to put whatever construction we please on them? This modern plan is the cause of the immense number of contradictory faiths at present in the world, as well as of that infidelity which we see every day spreading around us. Men have seen sacred Scriptures perverted in favour of the most absurd doctrines, as a consequence they lose confidence in the Scriptures, and finally in God, ending by falling rapidly into infidelity.

Another writes: "Is not Scripture clear and lucid, and easily understood?" Even though it were so fools would take a wrong meaning out of it. These for instances, are very clear expressions, "This is my body," and "Whose sins you shall forgive they are forgiven them, and whose sins you shall retain they are retained." Yet private interpretation has denied that that was His body; or that sins are forgiven; though the text is clear and plain. Some parts of Scripture are very clear, but there are other parts which St Peter assures us are very difficult to understand. The Bible is a vast collection of different treatises; as Burke says in his reply to a petition by a large number of clergymen of the Church of England, that they should be allowed to subscribe to the Bible and not the 39 Articles:—"The Scripture is no one summary of doctrines regularly digested, in which a man could not mistake his way. It is a most venerable, but most multifarious collection of the records of the Divine economy; a collection of an infinite variety of cosmogony, theology, history, allegory, psalmody, morality, apologue, allegory, legislation, ethics, carried through different books, by different authors, and different ages, and for different ends and purposes." Consequently it cannot be a rule of faith.

Another objector says—"Have not Catholics excluded the Second Commandment because it didn't suit their image worship?" Catholics have not, but Protestants have made a new division of the Commandments, and made, or attempted to make, two out of the first, and then to be even with us they make of our Ninth and Tenth one Commandment only, and one not very complimentary to the ladies, as we shall see hereafter. In our Shorter Catechisms for children it has not been thought advisable to burthen their memories with every word of the 17 verses which compose the Commandments; but in our Bibles and longer works of instruction every word of the chapter which contains the Commandments, (Exod. xx) is given. In the Shorter Catechism the essential meaning of the Commandments is alone given. For instance, in the First Commandment we say "I am the Lord thy God, thou shalt not have strange Gods before me." This is the entire sense of the Commandment, for if we worshipped or paid any undue reverence to images we could not escape breaking that Commandment. Christ Himself condensed the Commandments into the two great precepts of charity, "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with thy whole heart, and with thy whole soul, and with all thy mind, and with all thy strength, and thy neighbour as thyself." Hence, as long as we retain the sense, we may shorten the forms. The Commandments are enumerated and divided according to the distinction of obligation imposed. This division of the Commandments is absolute and unchangeable. For instance, we have a Commandment, "Thou shalt not steal," or "Thou shalt not kill." But Protestants attempt to make two separate and distinct Commandments out of the first, which really contains but one prohibition of a crime. But look at the consequent inconvenience of making only one Commandment out of the Ninth and Tenth. Our Ninth says, "Thou shalt not covet thy neighbour's wife," and the Tenth, "Thou shalt not covet thy neighbour's goods"—two distinct crimes—but the Protestants, by their division of the Commandments, make the coveting of a neighbour's wife and the coveting of a neighbour's ox or ass the same kind of a crime, for their Tenth reads: "Thou shalt not covet thy neighbour's house, thou shalt not covet thy neighbour's wife, nor his man-servant, nor his maid-servant, nor his ox, nor his ass, nor anything that is thy neighbour's;" thus putting the wife on a par with the ox and the ass. I said that the number and division of the Commandments with regard to sense is absolute and invariable, hence its superiority over any division founded on punctuation or division into verses. I have said that it is foolish to base a division of the Commandments on the present division of the chapter into verses, since that division is arbitratory, and is a very modern innovation, dating back only to 1548 for the Old Testament, and 1551 for the New. It was done by a printer of Paris, named Robert Stephens. I have said our modern divisions into verses date from that time, because as early as the middle of the 13th century Cardinal Hugods Sancto Caro had divided the books of the Bible into chapters, and in 1509 James le Fevre had marked the verses of the Psalms with figures, and so with many other lesser divisions which were discarded when the more complete systems of Stephens appeared. Hence we see the absolute folly of recklessly overlooking the sense of Scripture to conform to an arbitrary division. We never hear of St. Paul or the early Fathers quoting Scripture by chapter and verse, for the simple reason that they did not exist.

We are accused of committing idolatry when we kneel to the altar and to the Host. We don't kneel to the altar, but towards the altar, as Protestants kneel at the altar when receiving communion. When we genuflect towards the altar, we adore what we believe to be the sacred body of Christ really present under the form of bread and wine preserved in the Tabernacle. We don't adore bread, for that would be idolatry. We adore Christ in the most Holy Sacrament. We adore Him under the appearance of bread, as the Jews adored Him under the appearance of man. The Magi adored him under the appearance of a child. Protestants would commit idolatry if they adored their sacrament, which they believe to be merely bread and wine. But we believe the substance of bread and wine to be changed, and Christ to be really present. We take His word for it; it is sufficient for us, though we don't understand it.

We are asked again why we have lights on the altar at mid-day. Lights are the sign of our faith. Lights have been from the earliest times to show honour and respect to kings and great personages. So, out of respect for Christ, we burn those lights on His altar. We have bonfires and torch-light processions in honour of great events; so we have our lights in honour of Christ's coming. Again they are most appropriate to the most holy sacrifice of the mass, when we commemorate the death of Christ. St. Paul says, "As often as you eat of this bread and drink the chalice you will show the death of the Lord until he come." (1 Cor. ch. xi., v. 26.) Now, during that great and awful sacrifice the sun was darkened; there was no light upon the world and the earth trembled. Lighting candles in day time puts us in mind of the time when the light of day was extinguished when its author was sacrificed.

Having spoken in our last lecture of the good angels, whose office and delight it is to watch over man and fulfill God's will in this regard, we now turn to the other picture to the evil spirits whose self-appointed office and joy it is to work our destruction. Of the existence of such enemies there can be no possible doubt. Christ himself speaks of Beelzebub, Prince of Devils, in Matt. xii., 27. The Manicheans, a sect of the fourth century, went so far as to assert that the spirit of evil was eternal, was in fact God. Reason and the Church have alike condemned the doctrine. The spirits of evil, or devils, were spirits who inhabited heaven and enjoyed God, but for the sin of pride they were hurled out of heaven, still retaining, however, their original nature. They were condemned to everlasting torments for their sins. Christ expressly says so (Matt. xxv., 41). St. Paul says the air we breathe is full of those infernal spirits. He says, too (2 Cor. xii 7), that he was tormented by Latan. St. Peter (1 Peter v 8) calls the devil a roaring lion, by which simile he represents the fierceness of his attacks on us, but the devil, "the old serpent" is crafty as well. He so well played on man's credulity as to have sacrafices offered to him (1 Cor. x.) He is bold; he tempted Christ after His fast of forty days in the desert, He has agents on earth. St. Paul found at Salamis, in the house of the pro-consul, Sergius Paulus, a magician named Elpmas. St. Paul looks upon him, calls him the son of the devil, and in the name of the Lord strikes him with blindness. (Acts xiii.) In the town of Phillippi, Paul finds a young girl possessed by a Pythonian or divining spirit. Above all the devil wants to be worshipped. He tempted our Saviour on the mountain to do so. He wishes to assume the rights of God, and he well knows how to gain this end. The Scripture tells us he will transform himself into an angel of light for our destruction. The Pagans offered sacrifices to the infernal spirits. In Persia and China it is still so. Even Pagans do not adore wood and stone, but the spirits which they believe to permeate and to possess the substance. Some spirits they believe always to remain in the images, and others only to come at certain periods. But through all Paganism is the religion of devils and nothing else. It appears degrading to human nature that adoration should be tendered the devil as though he were the eternal God, who is omniscient, who knows the past, present, and future, as one. This is what is attributed to the devil by those who consult him or his agents on earth. But can the devil know future things? He may. His knowledge, like himself, is contingent. The future is so interwoven with the past and present, that the devil can make a pretty good guess at what may happen. His experience of men and man's doings is very lengthy, and from a general principle of "similars beget similars," he deduces his conclusions. And besides, he can powerfully assist in the fulfilment of his predictions or resist their contradiction. So it often happens that the devil hits upon the truth, and so, too, it often happens that he misses it. It seldom happens that the devil reveals hidden things *in propria persona*—in his own self. He more frequently communicates to this world through his agents, unfortunate people, who, by their sins or perverse inclinations, have placed themselves in his power. We have many cases of possession mentioned in Holy Writ, especially in the New Testament. The devils knew Christ, and gave testimony of Him who had come to destroy their empire on earth. Not only one but many evil spirits may possess the same person. We read in Luke viii. of a man who was possessed, "and Jesus asked him saying, what is thy name?" But he said "Legion," because "many devils were entered into him." Having dispossessed the man, He gave the devils permission to enter a herd of swine near by. The animals were immediately possessed, and rushing down a hill into the sea, were drowned. But perhaps the most remarkable instances of continued possession are to be seen in the ancient oracles. In the responses given by those oracles we see exemplified all we have said of the devil's knowledge of futurity. Ambiguity and equivocation have always been the devil's best weapons. Often, too, he has said what was in direct opposition to the truth, for what cause, we know not, perhaps from his desire to deceive, perhaps from ignorance. The art of communication with the devil has never died out it has always been practised in pagan countries, especially in Persia and China. This art is now undergoing a terrible revival under the spiritualists of our days. Between magnetism and possession there is but one difference, and that is a difference of time; one is temporary and the other lasts; one comes from the agent of the devil, and the other from the devil himself. Such acts cannot be sufficiently detected. They are an insult to God and an injury to man. There is a future which God had forbidden to man; there is a similar condition of existence into which we must not peer. God has permitted those things to be seen by prophets, but they have firm proof of their divine mission by miracles, by true real miracles, by real dispensations of the natural laws, and not by those subterfuges to which the devil has recourse when counterfeiting the works of God's ministers. Hence, when the worship of devils has been revived among Christians it is visited by the most severe laws by the Church, as a practice at once idolatrous and blasphemous. Hence, too, spirit rapping and invocations of the dead have always been condemned by the Church as devil worship. It is the revival of the Paganism of the Egyptians, which was forbidden by the Jews (Deut xviii, 10, 11, 12). "Neither let there be found among you any one that shall expiate his son or daughter, making them to pass through the fire or that consulteth soothsayers or observeth dreams and omens; neither let there be any wizard or charmer, nor any one that consulteth Pythonic or fortune tellers, or that seeketh the truth from the dead, for the Lord abhorreth all these things, and for such abominations He will destroy them at thy command." Being thus surrounded by such powerful and indefatigable enemies, we see another instance of the wisdom of God's ordinance of guardian angels. Those, then, who reject the reverence due to those kind guardians do not seem to appreciate God's Providence in our regard, or to be elevated in sentiment or thought towards God, or in the way of attaining that purity and sanctity of life which should fit them for the eternal fellowship of angels.

A Dormant Wasp.—Says the Burlington *Hawkeye*:—A West Hill minister picked up a frozen wasp on the sidewalk yesterday, and with a view to advancing the interests of science he carried it into the house and held it by the tail while he warmed its ears over the lamp chimney. His object was to see if wasps froze to death, or merely lay dormant during the winter. He is of the opinion that they merely lie dormant, and the dormantest kind at that, and when they revive he says the tail thaws out first, for while this one's head, right over the lamp, was so stiff and cold it could not wink, its probe worked with such inconceivable rapidity that the minister couldn't grasp fast enough to keep up with it. He threw the vicious think down the lamp chimney, and said he didn't want to have any more truck with a dormant wasp, at which his wife burst into tears and asked how he, a minister of the gospel, could use such language, right before the children, too.

—The local of the other daily made his first attempt at skating yesterday. The services of the doctor were only needed a few minutes, and a new pair of pants ordered this morning to cover any unkind suspicions that might be entertained of him. (Those boys that did so much profane scoffing over the "raising of rents" will be treated to a paragraph or a chromo, either of which will be worse than the other.)

Berkeley, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, Henry Allpass.—To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills. 2605.

DIED.

On the morning of Monday the 4th instant, deeply regretted, Francis Dillon Stannus Burrowes, of the Governor-General's office, and son of Col. Burrowes, R. H., late of Her Majesty's 66th Regt., aged 31 years.

The funeral will take place from his residence in New Edinburgh on the afternoon of Wednesday the 6th instant, at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

Government Notices

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

Public Notice is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector MacLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 100 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,543 feet, and of No. 3, 9,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by, this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.
Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.

Government House.

Saturday, 12th day of December, 1874.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 8th and 54th sections of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 6 and intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, And it is hereby Ordered, that the Town of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec, now an Out Port of Customs be and is hereby constituted a Port of Entry and a Warehousing Port, the same to take effect from the first day of January next.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.

3735

Government House, Ottawa,

Friday, 18th day of December, 1874.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas, by Order of the Council of the 7th day of June, 1871, it is directed that sworn declarations and machinists' certificates be in all cases required preliminary to the admission free of duty, of machinery not manufactured in the Dominion for use in Canadian manufactures, and whereas, by the Act 37 Vic., chap. 6, the same machinery is made subject to an *ad valorem* duty of ten per cent., to take effect on the first day of January next, and whereas it is desirable to simplify the practice of the Customs in such cases,—due regard being had to the security of the revenue.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. Minister of Customs, and under the provision of the 125th section of the Act 31 Vic., chap. 6, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the first day of January next, the said Order in Council be, and the same is hereby rescinded, and that Collectors of Customs be, and they are hereby authorized and instructed to accept entry of such machinery on and after that date at ten per cent. duty *ad valorem*, requiring the following affidavit to be filled in each case, and a copy thereof to be attached to the entry.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.

I, A. B., the importer of the following described machinery, viz.:—(here a full description of each machine, giving name of maker and use to which it is to be applied, shall be inserted) do solemnly swear, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, no machine such as that above described, is manufactured in Canada, and that the same is imported for use in the manufactory of which I am the (proprietor or one of the proprietors, or legally authorized agent,) and that the same is not to be offered for sale.

Sworn to before me at on the day of 187 . 26-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1875.

Authorized discount on American invoices until further notice: 14 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

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The work originally published under the title of The New American Cyclopædia was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled The American Cyclopædia.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publication of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

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And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

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Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

July 1874

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Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is Morson's Pepsine, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, Morson & Son have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

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ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

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Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
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The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
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Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
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Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

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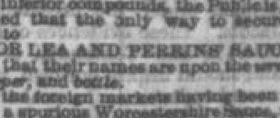

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The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

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1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land

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The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice, as the owner is in want of money.

For particulars apply to

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Or, Ottawa P. O.
Sept. 2, 1874.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietors, at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3735. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

TEACHER WANTED for School Section No. 6, Town hip of Cumberland [male or female], holding second or third class certificate. Apply to John McArthur, Secretary Treasurer, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c.
Jan. 6, 1874. 3735-d3wtf

WANTED.
A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O.
Nov 13.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY. — Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. y3675daw.

WORK FOR ALL.
At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & O. Augusta, Me.

AGENTS WANTED.
Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8TH ST., NEW YORK.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad day or evening; no capital required thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples [that retail for 5] mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

HELP WANTED.
100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated, together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO.,
Publishers, London, Ont.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women
A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY
from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and address
J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St., Boston, M.

Lost.

LOST—On Saturday evening, from Queen Street, a BROWN RETRIEVER PUP, about six months old. Answers to name of Bans. Any person returning him to Wm. McKay, Metcalfe Street, will be suitably rewarded.
Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-5

Meetings.

REFORM ASSOCIATION.

Provincial Elections.

A meeting of the REFORM ASSOCIATION will be held in the hall of the Association, Elgin street, this

Wednesday Evening,

At 7:30 o'clock, sharp.

A large attendance is requested, as business of importance will occupy the attention of the meeting.
By Order of the VICE-PRESIDENT.
Ottawa, Jan. 6, 1875.

MONTREAL
Telegraph Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Company's Office, in Montreal, on

Thursday, Fourteenth January Next,

At one o'clock, to elect Directors, and generally to transact the business of the Company.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.
For the half year ending 30th November, has been declared upon the Capital Stock, and will be payable at the offices of the Company on and after Thursday, 14th January.
The Transfer Books will be closed from 4th January until after the General Meeting.
By order of the Board.
JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.
Dec. 31, 1874. 3725-5

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.
WM. PENNOCK,
J. DURIE,
THOS. PATTERSON
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

OTTAWA TRADES' COUNCIL.

The Regular Monthly Meeting of the above Association is POSTPONED until Friday evening, January 8th, 1875, at the same hour and place.
By Order,
T. P. CARROLL,
Cor. Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 31st, 1874. 3733-2

Tenders.

NOTICE
TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to

Thursday, the 14th of January next,

For the construction of a

BRIDGE OVER THE OTTAWA RIVER,

To connect the Calumet Island with the Village of Byron.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Quebec; at the office of Messrs. Cockburn, Wright & Clemow, Ottawa; at the office of the Registrar for the County of Pontiac, at Byron; and at the office of the undersigned.
Tenderers to give the names of two good and sufficient securities willing to become bound for the due execution of the contract.
The Municipal Council of Calumet Island does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
SIMON McNALLY,
Mayor.
Office of the Mu. Council, Calumet Island, December 26th, 1874. 3730

Miscellaneous.

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.
The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.
ALEX. ROBERTSON,
Rideau-St.

THE DOMINION ATLAS,
WALKER & MILES, PUBLISHERS,
Montreal and Toronto.
MARA & MAINGY,
General Agents for Central Canada, P.O. Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
63 Sparks Street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1874. 2426

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

BANK OF OTTAWA.
Office—Victoria Buildings, [opposite Western Block of Parliament Buildings.]
This Bank has now opened for the transaction of a general banking business.
P. ROBERTSON,
Cashier.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875. 3734-5in.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 20, 1874. 3680-3awky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal,
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. Interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 3, 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3685-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa.
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY.
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C.
McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. | W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3667

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c. &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W.H. WALKER, | R.CASSELS, Jr. | P. PENNOCK.
July 21, 1874.

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitors, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
2630y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
J. B. L. FELLOWES, Q.C., | HORACE LAPIERRE,
MARTIN O'GARA, | EDWARD P. REMON
2460

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. | F. H. CHRYSLER.
June 3, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3228-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 26, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, . . MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2862-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 6 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753

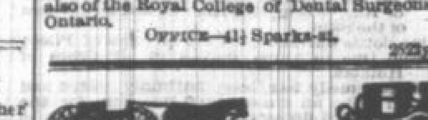
DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1874. 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2556-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester.
Consultations at all hours.
2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st.
2522y.



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.
Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.
N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.
BROWNLEE & CO
March 11, 1874. 2813y

Insurance.

STADACONA INSURANCE CO.
(FIRE AND LIFE.)

Authorized Capital . .	$5,000,000
Subscribed to Date . .	$2,000,000

LOCAL DIRECTORS:
RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.
O'CONNOR & WALLER, . . AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.
All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.
The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.
O'CONNOR & WALLER.
Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-12in

ROYAL CANADIAN
INSURANCE CO.
FIRE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.
Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.
ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,
AGENT,
36 SPARKS STREET, . . OTTAWA
Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"
CONTINUES TO TAKE
FIRE RISKS
On every description of insurable property,
AT REDUCED RATES.
T. M. CLARK, AGENT,
Corner Sparks and Elgin St
Dec. 18, 1874. 3722-12in

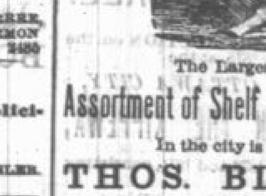
Hardware, &c.

CARD OF THANKS.

I, the undersigned, beg most sincerely to thank my friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon me for the last ten years, but the more particularly for this year of our Lord 1874, and trust by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favours. Wishing you all a most happy New Year.
Yours Faithfully,
C. P. DORION.
Dec. 31st, 1874. 3732

THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.
For sale by all Oilmen.
Dec. 4, 1874. 3710-y

HARDWARE,
HARDWARE.



No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best
Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware
In the city is to be found at
THOS. BIRKETT'S.
N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods he defies competition.
Remember the
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

H. MEADOW'S & CO.,
Have in stock the latest and best
COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES!
Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.
City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L. Crannell, Esq., and many others.
Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
35 Sussex-St.
Oct. 3, 1874. 3689

OTTAWA
Mills' Supply Agency
OTTAWA, ONT.,
No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.
CALDWELL & CO., . . Managers
Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Roe's Little Giant Injector.
Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.
March 26, 1874.

ASHFIELD'S
EMPORIUM.
Flint Glassware, in plain and fancy, a speciality during the holidays. Those beautiful goods are more durable than CUT, and much cheaper. Now in stock, Fruit and Cake Dishes, all sizes; covered Bowls, Preserve Dishes, all sizes; Water Jugs, Wine Glasses of all kinds; Decanters, Goblets, from 90c to $5 per dozen; Glass Setts, 6 pieces, from 75c; Candlesticks, Ba Tumblers, Decanters, Bottles, at special prices, in fact nearly everything required in this line.
Lamps of all kinds, sizes, and prices. Chandeliers, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Crystal Light Burners and goods. A very large stock now on hand. China, Crockery and Earthenware—White Granite Tea Setts, 44 pieces, $3 50; White Granite Chamber Setts, $1.50. Bed Pans, Stock Feeders, Toast Racks, Churns, and a general variety in this line.
Kerosene Oil from the United States. The best in the market at market prices. All goods sold both wholesale and retail. A call is solicited. Happy New Year to All. Vases and Figures awfully cheap now.
JAMES ASHFIELD,
Duke Street, Chaudiere.

Carpets.

OTTAWA
CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,
(late Jacques & Hay,) Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.
A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

Amusements.

GOWAN'S OPERA HOUSE.
THREE NIGHTS ONLY,
Commencing WEDNESDAY, Jan. 6.
SAPPHO'S
Opera Bouffe and Burlesque Company.
Wednesday Evening:
PRINCE AMABLE.
To conclude with the Wizard Pantomime.
Reserved seats 75c., parquette 50c., back gallery 25c. Plan now open at Gowan's Store for the season.
Seats can be secured at Gowan's store.
Jan. 4, 1874.

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING
Watchmaker and Jeweller.
Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years and will continue the
MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS
in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.
June 20, 1874. W. YOUNG.

N. MARKS,
Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,
36—SPARKS STREET—36
Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine
JEWELLERY,
Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.
A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.
Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.
J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,
Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.
Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby, and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.
Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.
West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.
MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.
Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph,	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room,
Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.
FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental ateliers of the highest reputation, a moderate prices.
Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of bijouterie, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.
Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.
Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.
Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.
Jan. 17, 1874.

Mails.

POSTOFFICE OTTAWA,
Arrival and Departure of Trains.
All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.
1874. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1874

[Mail timetable, printed sideways: columns CLOSE (A.M., P.M.), MAILS, DELIVERED (A.M., P.M.); illegible]

Matter posted up to 10:10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packs the same night.
BRITISH MAILS.
Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12:05 p.m.
A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.
MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland and Newfoundland can be obtained at this Office.
POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa
Nov. 16 1874

DR. POMROY,
CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN
May now be consulted in his
ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE.
Hours from 10 a.m. until 5 p.m.
Dec. 19 1874. 3718MW

Summary of News.

Our telegrams this morning are again exceedingly brief, and contain nothing of very great interest.

Mr. T. Trudeau, Deputy Minister of Public Works, arrived in the city yesterday from Montreal.

In the United States Senate yesterday, Senator Scott presented a series of resolutions protesting against the proposed Reciprocity Treaty. The resolutions were passed to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

The great Beecher-Tilton trial is not going to be a very speedy affair. Yesterday the progress was so slow that only three persons were selected when the time for adjournment arrived. Meanwhile Mr Beecher remains to all appearance cheerful and hopeful, and his popularity is as great as ever. At the sale of the seats of Plymouth Church the figures realized were beyond all previous years, the total being $70,319, against $58,346 last year.

The troubled South must still be a thorn in the side to President Grant. Gov. McEnery has made a formal protest against the forcible possession of the State House at New Orleans, and Gen. Sheridan wants to have the White Leaguers declared bandits, when he would deal with them himself according to military law.

The first act of the new *regime* in Spain has been to abolish the system of jury trial, not a very auspicious commencement we should think. The news from that afflicted country is not exciting, and His Royal Highness Alfonso, together with his exiled mother, has been enjoying himself at the opening of a new opera house in Paris. Meanwhile a small squadron has been sent to Marseilles to escort the new king to his kingdom, where it is more than likely he will soon get enough of the stern reality to make him careless of the romance of life as seen on the stage. It is just within the bounds of possibility that a few months may see him a crownless monarch if not a headless one.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Sad Colliery Disaster.

LONDON, Jan. 5.—A despatch from Rotherdam reports that ninety lives were lost by a colliery explosion at that place to-day. This is probably an error. Another despatch places the number of lines lost at eight.

Removal of a Bishop.

Judgment has been rendered in the Ecclesiastical Court, removing Bishop Martin from his See.

FRANCE.

Funeral of Ledru Rollin.

PARIS, Jan. 5.—The funeral of M. Ledru Rollin took place to-day. There was no religious ceremony. Mr. M. Louis Blake, Victor Schollscter and Arago, were present. Immense crowds, numbering upwards of one hundred thousand people, witnessed the procession and burial. The affair is regarded as a formidable Radical demonstration.

A Disputed Election.

A second ballot will be necessary for the members of the Assembly in the Hautes. The united vote of Parhabon, Republican, and Alicot, Septenatist, exceed by ten thousand that cast for the Bonapartist candidate. Brahantan will retire in favour of Alicot, who has adopted a more Republican tone in his latest political manifesto. A Republican triumph is considered certain.

Message from the President.

PARIS, 5th Jan.—It is stated that another message from President McMahon to the National Assembly, urging it to vote the constitutional laws, is about to be sent in.

Opening of a New Opera House.

The new opera house was opened tonight with great ceremony and brilliant display, preparations for the event having been made for a long time past. Among the distinguished persons present were: President McMahon, Gen. L. Admirault, the Lord Mayor of London, the Duke D'Aumale, King Alfonso, and the ex-Queen Isabella of Spain, ex-King of Hanover, and all the members of the French Ministry and entire diplomatic corps. Christine Nillson, who was to have sung in the acts of "Hamlet" and "Faust," was ill, and unable to appear.

Recognition of the Spanish Government

PARIS, Jan. 5.—All the great Powers have authorized their representatives at Madrid to enter into a semi-official relation with the new Government. The ex-King of two "sescicles" (?) has visited Alfonso, and assured him that Counts Caserta and Bari will withdraw from the Carlist cause.

A Spanish fleet consisting of three iron clads will arrive at Marseilles to-morrow to meet King Alfonso, who will leave Paris at 5 o'clock in the evening.

SPAIN.

The Jury System Suspended.

MADRID, January 5.—A decree has been issued suspending the jury system.

Castellar Resigns His Offices.

Senor Castellar has resigned his Presidency of the Spanish Commission to the Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia, the Chancellor of Public Instruction, and his University professorship.

Greeting the Monarch.

Preparations are being made at Barcelona for the reception of King Alfonso. The city is to be illuminated, and the troops will be reviewed by His Majesty.

Financial Assistance.

The Bank of Spain has advanced the Government Treasury 40,000,000 reals.

SWEDEN.

Death of a Naturalist.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 5.—Professor John Wilhelm Sleterstedt, of the University of Lundemment, Swedish naturalist, died today, aged 90 years.

UNITED STATES.

Fire at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 5.—A fire early this morning at 2:25, Hanover street, occupied by Messrs. Geckell, Singleton & Co., wholesale notion dealers, destroyed the building and $30,000 worth of stock, on which there is an insurance of $48,000. The building, owned by Thomas Whiter, worth $20,000, is nearly a total loss.

The Iron Association and the Treaty.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—In the Senate today, Senator Scott of Pennsylvania, presented resolutions of the American Iron and Steel Association protesting against the proposed Reciprocity Treaty between the United States and Canada. The resolutions were referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

A Family Burned to Death.

CINCINNATI, 5th Jan.—A dispatch from Sandusky, O., says that the residence of Mr. Ruggles, at Put in Bay, was burned yesterday, and his mother, sister, and sister's child were burned to death. Mr. Ruggles jumped from the window, and was fatally injured.

Juvenile Mail Robbers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Three boys, who have been employed by the contractor as drivers of mail wagons, have been arrested for robbing mail bags. Over one hundred letters were found in the straw at the bottom of one wagon.

Senatorial Election.

An Albany despatch to the *Tribune* says it is seriously contemplated to cast the Republican vote for Fenton for Senator.

General Sheridan and the White Leaguers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The following despatch has been received:

"Headquarters, Military Division of Missouri, New Orleans, La."

The Hon. W. W. Belknap, Secretary of War, Washington.—I think the terrorism now existing in Louisiana, Mississippi and Arkansas could be entirely removed, and confidence and fair play established by the arrest and trial of the ringleaders of the armed White Leaguers. If Congress would pass a bill declaring them banditti, they could be tried by a military commission. This banditti, who murdered men here on the 4th of last Sept., and also more recently at Vicksburg, Mississippi, should, in justice to law and order, and the peace and prosperity of this southern part of the country, be punished. It is possible that if the President would issue a proclamation declaring them banditti, that no further action need be taken except that which would devolve upon me.—(Signed) P. H. SHERIDAN, Lieut.-General, U. S. Army.

The city is very quiet to-day, and there is no unusual demonstration in any quarter. The military still occupy the State House.

A Strong Protest

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 5.—The following explains itself:—"To His Excellency U. S. Grant, President of the United States. In the name of liberty and all lovers of liberty throughout the United States, I do most solemnly protest against the acts of the military forces of the United States yesterday, in the occupation of the State House, in the forcible ejection by the troops of members of the Legislature, and the elected Speaker of the House, and the subsequent organization of the House by the direct and forcible intervention of the military. I affirm before the whole American people that the action on the part of the military in this city yesterday is subversive of the Republican institutions of this free country.

(Signed), JOHN McENERY."

Let of Plymouth Church Seats.

NEW YORK, Jan 5.—Plymouth Church was crowded this evening at the annual auction of seats. Mr. Beecher in his opening address spoke of the prosperity of the church throughout all vicissitudes, even when the papers recommended rolling its Minister in the dust during the slavery agitation. Alluding to recent circumstances, he said though at a painful period of life, at a time when most men expected rest from labor, he is unable to do so, but he accepted the trial with patience and trust in God whom he preached. Sales ranged from $550, bid by Charles Dennis; $510 by H. B. Claflin; $455 by Henry C. Bowen, &c., down to $10. Last year's sales amounted to $58,346, and this year to $70,219.

THE BEECHER-TILTON CASE.

THE TRIAL IN COURT.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.

The City Court Room in Brooklyn was filled with jurors, witnesses, journalists and spectators, to hear the commencement of the proceedings in the suit brought by Tilton against the Rev. H. W. Beecher for seduction. Eleven o'clock was the hour at which the court was to have opened, but it was long after this before the Judge took his seat on the bench. Meanwhile the idle crowd amused themselves as best they could, reading the morning papers, and engaging in general discussions on the issues of the case. The gallery above and back of the Court Room was also filled with a big crowd of the rougher class of society, who watched the proceedings. During all this time counsel on both sides were in different rooms, holding a conference in relation to the question of what Judge should conduct the trial. It was finally decided to argue the matter before Judges McCue, Neilson and Reynolds, in the trial term part of the City Court. All parties then retired to the general term room, which was soon filled to the doors. Three jurors only were obtained up to the hour of adjournment.

CHICAGO.

Meeting of the Board of Trade—Reciprocity Treaty Discussed.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.

The annual meeting of the Board of Trade was held last night. The President submitted the report of the Directors for the past year. It showed a most satisfactory financial standing of the Board, and then passed on to the consideration of other topics. It said in reference to Reciprocity that the Board had often pronounced in favour of Reciprocity with Canada, but had never had any opportunity to express its views on the provisions of Treaty now in course of negotiation. The Board suggest, however, that one of the provisions of the Treaty should be the enlargement of the Canadian canals between Lake Erie and Montreal to a depth of fourteen feet, if practicable. The great advantage to be derived from the Treaty by the North-west was cheap transportation, and to secure that it was necessary that the Canadian canals should be large enough, so that there should be but one transhipment necessary between this place and Europe.

The number of members is 1,651.

The election for President resulted in Mr. George Armour being elected by 483 votes against Mr. N. K. Fairbank, 443.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(*By Telegraph.*)

TORONTO.

Runaway Accident — Embezzlement—Supposed Robbery.

TORONTO, Jan. 5.

Yesterday, Mr. Hamilton, living at the corner of Gloucester and Vincent streets, was thrown from his cutter by coming in contact with a heap of earth at the corner of College and Queen streets, and had his shoulder slightly injured, besides sustaining some other injuries. Mr. John S. King, a medical student, who came up shortly afterwards, took the gentleman into the residence of Mr. C. Wallace and set the fracture, when Mr. Hamilton was taken home. The horse ran through the Park out on Gloucester street, and when on Yonge broke its leg, and the cutter was smashed to splinters.

A man named Charles Raine, recently in the employ of the Howe Sewing Machine Company, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detective Hodgins, on a charge of embezzlement. It appears that Raine had collected a sum of money, as agent of the above Company, from a Mrs. Jane Grey, but having rendered no account of the transaction, the charge was preferred against him by the lady in question. Raine was arrested on Queen street while out walking. The amount of the sum said to have been embezzled is not stated.

Yesterday a man in a state of semi-intoxication went into the store of Mrs. McKenna, corner of "Grog Lane" and Simcoe street, and attempted to effect the sale of a quantity of grate and stove fixtures. As he was not able to satisfactorily explain his possession of the articles, he was arrested on suspicion of having committed a robbery.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Huntley.

HUNTLEY, Jan. 5.

Reeve, Mr. John Holmes; Deputy Reeve, John Manson; Councillors, Messrs. Edward Armstrong, Hugh Kennedy, Nesbitt Alexander.

Drummond.

DRUMMOND, Jan. 5.

Mr. A. Code, Reeve; Mr. Donald McIntyre, Deputy-Reeve.

Bathurst.

BATHURST, Jan. 5.

Mr. Wm. Lees, Reeve.; Mr. Alex. Dodds, Deputy.

March.

MARCH, Jan. 5.

Mr. William Richardson, Reeve; Councillors, Messrs. Vance, Session, Barry and Acres.

Gloucester.

GLOUCESTER, Jan. 5.

Reeve, Mr. Robert Cummins; 1st Deputy, Mr. Joseph Baskerville; 2nd Deputy, Mr. A. Robillard; Councillors, Messrs. J. Spratt and J. Paget.

North Gower.

NORTH GOWER, Jan. 5.

Mr. Wallace is elected Reeve. Councillors, Messrs. John Craig, David Bagg, William Lindsay, and Robert Williams.

Osgoode.

OSGOODE, Jan. 5.

Reeve, Mr. Ira Morgan; Deputy Reeve, Mr. Clelland. Councillors, Messrs. Rutherford, McEvoy and Kearns.

Russell.

RUSSELL, Jan. 5.

Mr. W. Z. Helmer has been elected Reeve and Mr. Jas. Lalonde Deputy-Reeve.

Cumberland.

CUMBERLAND, Jan. 5.

Mr. William Wilson has been re-elected Reeve; Mr. John Rogers was elected Deputy-Reeve.

New Edinburgh.

Mr. Robert Surtees was re-elected Reeve by acclamation. Councillors, Messrs. J. Henderson, W. Woodburn, J. McKenny and F. Dawson.

MAYORS ELECTED FOR 1875.

Belleville, Mr. W. A. Foster; Bowmanville, Mr. J. McArthur; Brockville, Mr. J. D. Buell; Brantford, Mr. J. Digby; Cobourg, Mr. J. Sutherland; Goderich, Mr. J. Davidson; Hamilton, Mr. W. Rouch; Ingersoll, Mr. J. Sorely; Kingston, Dr. Sullivan; London, Mr. B. Croun; Ottawa, Mr. J. P. Featherston; Owen Sound, Mr. W. Scott; Petrolia, Mr. Hammond; Port Hope, Mr. J. W. Wright; Sarnia, Mr. G. Stevenson; Stratford, Mr. S. R. Hesson; Strathroy, Mr. R. C. Scatcherd; Toronto, Mr. F. H. Medcalf; Windsor, Mr. A. Scott; Whitby, Mr. J. Greenwood.

ELECTION ITEMS.

Cardwell.

The Reform Convention of Cardwell met at Ballycray on Saturday, when Mr. T. Bowler was chosen candidate to contest the riding at the forthcoming election.

North York.

The Tories of North York, not feeling hopeful of putting in an Opposition member, have decided to support Mr. Jackson, the independent Reform candidate. Mr. Alfred Boultbee has therefore been thrown out in the cold.

MONTREAL.

Stadacona Insurance Co.-Stocks.

MONTREAL, Jan. 5.

The Stadacona Insurance Company today removed into its new office in the Place D'Armes. The manager advertises the new Company to do business on the non-tariff basis, repudiating all connection with the combined offices.

The stock market this morning was inactive, without any material change in prices. Merchants, 116¼; Montreal, 185¼; Commerce, 133; Telegraph, 188; Exchange, ex-div.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Postponement of the Opening of the Railway.

Very heavy snow storms and gales of wind have blocked up the railroad track, causing much delay in the preparation for opening, and necessitating its postponement for some time. Engines and snow ploughs have been hard at work, but little progress has been made, owing to storms and intense cold.

L'ORIGINAL.

Prescott County Election.

L'ORIGINAL, 5th Jan.

Mr. Philo Pattee's chances of election are excellent. The Reformers of the county are determined to win. Dr. Harkin is the Tory standard-bearer.

COLLINGWOOD.

Losses by the Fire.

COLLINGWOOD, Jan. 5.

The total losses by Monday's fire foot up to $22,800, with an aggregate insurance of $8,800. The losses are as follows:—J. Greeves, druggist, loss on buildings and stock $10,000, insured in the Lancashire for $2,000, and in the London and Liverpool and Globe for $400; J. Fagan, loss on stock $4,000, insured in Royal Canadian for $2,000, and London and Liverpool and Globe for $600; J. McLean, building and portion of stock $2,000, insured for $500. Castor, photographer, portion of stock $800, no insurance; J. B. & O. Henderson, clothiers, loss on stock $3,000, insured in Royal Canadian for $1,000, and Hand and Hand for $1,000; Albion Hotel, total loss $1,200, insured for $600; W. R. Baker, photographer, loss on stock $1,000, insured for $500; P. Howard, shoemaker, loss on stock $1,000, no insurance; E. Florence, shoemaker, portion of stock $200, fully insured; E. Seagor, dentist, portion of stock $50, no insurance; Globe Hotel, damaged by fire and water to extent of $100. It is impossible to ascertain the origin of the fire, but the general opinion is that it originated from a stove in one of the buildings. For some time fears were entertained for the whole of Huron street, west of the post-office, but fortunately the high wind which at first prevailed died down, and after over five hours' hard work with two engines, the fire brigade and citizens had the satisfaction of seeing their efforts crowned with success.

PORT PERRY.

Sudden Death—Accidently Shot.

PORT PERRY, Jan. 5.—A sad gloom has been cast over this place by the sudden death on the 2nd inst. of Mr. Charles Paxton; also by Daniel Ireland having on New Year's Day accidentally shot himself so seriously as to leave little hope of his recovery. Both gentlemen were much respected and their respective families have the sincere sympathy of the entire community.

PORT BURWELL.

Ship-building Operations.

PORT BURWELL, Jan. 5.—Our shipyards are again showing signs of life. Messrs. Youell & Co., are building a large schooner. Messrs. G. & C. Titus will commence another this week. Large quantities of white ash logs, cordwood, and iron ore are being put on the docks for shipment next spring.

WYOMING.

Fire.

WYOMING, Jan. 5.

About one o'clock yesterday a fire broke out, in the frame post office and grocery owned by Mr. D. D. Anderson, quickly extending to Mr. Laing's grocery adjoining, both of which were consumed, together with nearly all their contents, household furniture, groceries and provisions. D. D. Anderson's loss is about $3,000; insured for $1,400 in the Waterloo Mutual and Gore District. A. Laing loses about $4,000; insured for $3,000 in the Waterloo Mutual, Western, and Royal Companies.

NEWCASTLE, N.B.

Burned to Death.

NEWCASTLE, N.B., Jan. 5.—The house of Anthony Grattan, Tabusintac Road, was destroyed by fire on Thursday. The house was occupied by the owner, seven children and domestics. A boy six years old was burned. The others had a narrow escape. The furniture and clothing were all destroyed.

John Jersey, aged 82 years, a gardener in the employ of Adam Ferguson, Athol House, Campbellton, was burned to death on Friday evening. He slept in a building near the main house, and it is supposed that after kindling a large fire he fell asleep and sparks from the stove set the building on fire.

THE NEW KING OF SPAIN.

The civil war in Spain has taken a sudden though not wholly unexpected turn. The Republican army—officers and men—have proclaimed Prince Alfonso, Prince of the Asturias and son of Isabella, King of Spain. A brief history of the events leading to the complications in the Spanish succession may not be uninteresting.

The Austrian family which ascended the throne in the person of Charles I. (Emperor Charles V.), in 1516, ended in the person of Charles II, who died without issue in 1700. By his will he bequeathed the crown to Louis XIV., of France, who had married the sister of the Spanish king. The crown was also claimed by Leopold I., of Austria, who had married another sister. A war ensued, in which nearly all Europe took part for thirteen years. By the peace of Utrecht, in 1714, Philip, the grandson of Louis XIV., was confirmed as King of Spain by yielding Naples, Sardinia, Belgium, and other States to Austria, and Gibraltar to England. In 1808, his grandson, Charles IV., was compelled by Napoleon to abdicate, and Prince Ferdinand was also compelled to renounce all claim to the succession. In 1814, after Joseph Bonaparte was driven out of Spain by the British troops, Ferdinand VII. was proclaimed King to the exclusion of his father. Ferdinand had two brothers: 1. Charles, or Don Carlos, 2 Francis De Paula. By the law of Spain females were excluded from the succession, Ferdinand had buried three wives, and, having no children, Don Carlos was the heir presumptive. In 1829 he married Maria Christina, of Naples, by whom, in quick succession he had two daughters—Isabella, born in 1830 and Maria Louisa, born in 1832. Ferdinand died in September, 1833, having some time previously issued a decree abolishing the law excluding females thus cutting Don Carlos off from the succession. Ferdinand had been a most unmitigated despot, as his father had been before him, and Don Carlos was expected to be worse. The whole nation, therefore, sustained Isabella, then three years old, who was proclaimed Queen under the regency of her mother. Don Carlos at once began a war, which lasted six years, and was remarkable for its cruelty and atrocity. In 1843, the Queen being 13 years old, was declared by the Cortes to be of full age. An intrigue then began in Europe for the marriage of the Queen. Louis Phillipe, of France, who had several unmarried sons, and who exercised a sort of guardianship over the Spanish family, was forced to make a pledge that he would not marry either of his sons to Isabella. In 1846 he was successful in accomplishing the marriage of the Queen to her cousin, Francis D'Assisi, son of Francis de Paula, thus uniting the elder and younger lines of the family to the exclusion of the line of Don Carlos. The other daughter, Maria Louisa, was married at the same time to Anthony, Duk of Montpensier, son of Louis Philippe. It was supposed then, that the French King had practised an intentional fraud. The husband of the Queen was understood to be but little better than an imbecile, in which case the Spanish crown would be likely to fall to the descendants of the French Prince.

Isabella, however, had a number of children, of whom five survive. The second of these is Alfonso, who was born in 1857, and is consequently now between 17 and 18 years of age. Her sister, the Duchess of Montpensier, has ten children, including several sons.

After this unsuccessful war, Don Carlos, who had been living in France, removed to Trieste in Austria, where he died in 1855. Previous to this, however, he had renounced the throne in favour of his son, Count Montmolin. In 1860 the Count was proclaimed King by Gen. Ortega, but there was no popular response. In the same year Montmolin and his brothers John and Ferdinand, were arrested; they renounced all claim to the throne and were released, and subsequently repudiated the renunciation. Montmolin and Ferdinand died in 1861. In 1863 John renounced in favour of his son Charles, who was born in March 1848 and who is the present claimant to the throne as Don Carlos.

In January, 1868, a military insurrection took place in Spain under Gen. Prim. This insurrection increased during the year, and on the 29th September, 1868, Queen Isabella left Spain for France, where she has continued to reside ever since. A monarchial constitution was adopted, and the Cortes sought diligently for a King. In July 1870 the Regency offered the Crown to Prince Leopold of Hohenzollern. This offer was used as a pretext for the controversy between France and Prussia which ended in the war that dethroned Napoleon III, and founded the German Empire. In November 1870, the crown was offered to Amadeus, second son of Victor Emanuel of Italy, who accepted it, and was crowned King in January 1871. Early in 1873 he abdicated and left Spain, and the country has since been ruled as a sort of a Republic.

On the 24th of June, 1870, Isabella formally renounced the throne in favour of her son Alfonso. In 1871 Don Carlos entered Spain, and has since then been engaged in prosecuting a war to recover the throne. The Spanish Republic has never had any substance. The Spanish people have no knowledge of Republicanism, and the Spanish nobility and politicians abhor it. The Government has been called a Republic for the want of a monarch. On the question of "right" as recognized in royal successions Alfonso is probably entitled to the crown; but what Spain wants is peace, and to have peace there must be some head selected, to the support of which the country will generally unite. It is possible that this boy will unite the best elements in Spain, and be the means of giving peace to the distracted and miserable kingdom.

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Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Buffalo Robes, &c.—J. Bermingham.
Bankrupt Goods—J. Bermingham.
Sale of Timber Limits—H. McLean.
Sale of Lands—Wm. Powell.
Reformed Association—Vice-President.
Teacher Wanted—John McArthur.

The Times.

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 6, 1875.

FORAGE CAP FOR THE MILITIA.

The authorities in the Militia Department are considering whether another description of forage cap can be substituted for the Kilmarnock heretofore issued for use by the militia. In some respects the cap now used is desirable; it can be kept in shape easily, is suitable for carrying in the knapsack, and is of such a nature as to prevent its being worn except for military purposes. It is, however, found defective on account of its furnishing no protection for the eyes, or back of the head or neck, when worn during the summer time. The Glengarry cap has the same defects, but is less suited for militia purposes, because it can be worn as an ordinary head dress without subjecting the wearer to remark.

In considering what would be most suitable several considerations present themselves, viz: 1st, usefulness as a military head dress, which embraces neatness, comfort and durability; and 2nd, the cost. It is therefore not easy to secure in one uniform cap all that is required to meet the necessities of the force, and provide for the differences of climate.

The felt hat, if helmet-shaped, would be suitable in some respects, but it would likely prove so difficult to keep in shape, when in use by an irregular force, as to render the propriety of its adoption questionable. A cloth cap with a "Havelock" cover might prove desirable for summer wear,—or perhaps a cloth cap with a covered peak both in front and behind would answer better. The experiences of the officers of the force will, however, doubtless enable them to say what would be most suitable to adopt if any change is authorized.

MISAPPROPRIATION OF PUBLIC FUNDS NO FRAUD.

As is very well known, it is not in the competence of an individual to sue the government in the courts of law. Were it otherwise, they would be subject to all kinds of baseless and extravagant claims. In the exercise of their public trust, they are amenable to the public through the high court of parliament. The army of officials under their command are supposed, and we think rightly supposed, to be not overborne by the weight of work, and it is not usual to recognize demands for extra services.

A gentleman, with whose name in connection with the records of the Police Court, our readers are familiar—Mr. Thomas Steers, junior—knew of the existence of this rule, and took his own means of setting it aside, which, by the judgment of the Police Magistrate, he has been in the meantime successful in accomplishing. He was one of those who had been ostensibly bending their energies for long months and years to bring the Wallace accounts into shape. This service afforded to all engaged in it a golden opportunity of illustrating the circumlocutory principle of "How not to do it;" and young Mr. Steers was perhaps one of the best of the illustrators. He was clever enough to squeeze $90 a month out of the public money for practically doing nothing during the short hours of the official day, and hundreds of dollars more for pretending to carry the exhausting process into the evening. He, however, knew that the principle obtained of not recognizing extra services, and that the Minister would refuse payment for a claim so made, and he therefore took means, as the phrase of his old employers goes, of "recouping himself in advance." He received moneys for Government supplies, which had been sold on Pacific Railway Survey account, and kept them.

When the books passed from the hands of the model accountant, Mr. Wallace, into those of Mr. Radford, the fraud was discovered, and reported to the Minister of the department. The Minister called the culprit before him, and made demand for immediate restitution. The offender then put in a set-off for extra services. The Minister declined, under any circumstances, to admit such a claim, and refused, in the circumstances of Steers' case to even discuss it, until the amount misappropriated had been made good. But knowing that his claim was perfectly untenable, and that his only chance of getting anything on account of it, was to hold fast to the government money, he chose rather to brave a criminal prosecution than disgorge the ill-gotten gains. Most extraordinarily, as it appears to us, the Magistrate sustained him in his course. His appropriating to his own use the public funds was "an error of judgment," it was "in bad taste," only that and nothing more. In this way a police magistrate decides in favour of a demand of a government employee for extra compensation, in a case in which Government, and the Government alone, have a right to decide, and against which they had already in fact given their decision.

The facts proved against Mr. Steers are that, at various dates beginning with May 1873, and ending with January, 1874, he collected moneys to the amount of $878.51, the property of the Government, and that he retained the same, and put it to his own use; that not till after January, 1874, was the first entry of these moneys made, and then not in the cash book of the office, but in an otherwise blank book and in Mr. Steers' own handwriting. From this book were journal entries made, charging Steers with the money; these entries were also in Steers' handwriting and on back pages of the journal, wherever sufficient space could be found. This was done early in 1874. He had heard of Mr. Wallace's expected return, and was preparing for it. But he was mistaken in expecting any unpleasant result to follow that gentleman's becoming acquainted with his misdeeds, for when Mr. Wallace, on his return to Ottawa in March, 1874, found that Steers had collected money, and kept it on the plea of having done some extra work for some of the engineers, he did not demand payment of the whole amount, he did not inquire into the nature or value of these alleged services, nor did it even occur to him to make known the matter to those who would have dealt with it thoroughly. And it is to be remarked that Mr. Wallace at that time could have no evidence that any such services had been performed, for the so-called certificates, written out by Steers and signed by his fellow servants, were not in Steers' possession till three months after Mr. Wallace returned.

But Mr. Wallace's regard for Steers led him further still. It was found that the utmost Steers could claim for the alleged services fell short of the amount he had taken possession of, so Mr. Wallace in his usual generous way of allowing public money to remain in the hands of his friends and himself, helps Steers to increase his claim towards the required figure by giving him instructions to do some more extra work; and Mr. Wallace does this although, at the time he did it, he was not a servant of the Government, and consequently had no authority to give such instructions, and although he knew, nearly a year previously, that Steers had been told he would not get any pay for extra work. Mr. Wallace, it was claimed by Steers, had authorised him to collect these moneys; this authority when produced was found to be dated the 9th of November, 1874, at the time the present enquiry was commencing, and was, like other documents, in Mr. Steers handwriting, and signed by the accommodating Mr. Wallace—signed, he now admits, "without due consideration." Certainly it could not be on the authority of a document dated Nov. 9, 1874, that moneys were collected throughout 1873. Mr. Wallace says no secret was made of Steers taking this money; the evidence proved that no one knew of it besides Mr. Wallace and Mr. Steers, senr. The moment it was accidentally discovered by others payment of the whole was demanded, as would have been done in March, 1874, if Mr. Wallace had not condoned Steers' offence.

If the Ottawa Police Magistrate's dictum is law, ministerial control over moneys collected by public servants is gone. Officials, if they possess but the merit of being in default, may set the Government at defiance. A clerk in the Customs Inland Revenue or Post Office may take $5,000, $10,000 or $15,000 of the public money, and on being proceeded against for its recovery, all he has to do is to get a fellow employee to give him a certificate for extra services. Thus fortified, he may snap his fingers at the Minister, and pay himself what he chooses in excess of his ordinary salary, even though, as in the present case, the head of the department, differing from his subordinates (and who is the sole and only person to judge) has decided that the claim is entirely without foundation.

MISTAKEN POLICY.

Notice is given, apparently on behalf of the Reform Association of this city, although it is not authenticated by the name of any responsible officer of that body, that a meeting will be held this evening for the dispatch of important business. Immediately after the publication, yesterday afternoon, of the notice in question, we caused enquiry to be made which resulted in the discovery that the President and the Secretary of the Reform Association had no hand in the calling of the meeting, and had no knowledge of the important business that demanded such prompt attention. Further enquiry, however, satisfied us that certain gentlemen having some official connection with the Reform Association had caused the publication of the informal notice, summoning members to the discharge of important business, and that that business was nothing less than the nomination of a candidate to contest the city in the Liberal interest. The folly of this rash movement will very soon become apparent to all concerned. The unfortunate indiscretion of not letting well enough alone is painfully apparent here. Mr. O'Donoghue may not be in every particular the correct thing; but in respect of the important consideration of supporting the Government of Mr. Mowat we believe him to be all that is required. If let alone, he will, we believe, with nearly absolute certainty be elected; while if he be opposed by the party who will gain the most by his election, the result must certainly be the defeat of that party. It is not by any means a secret that the Conservatives are quietly but with keen interest watching all movements affecting the political situation, and that as far as they can they are prompting the more ambitious of the members of the Reform Association to put a candidate in the field. Their object is as plainly discernible as the sun at noonday, yet we fear that the ambition or the vanity of a few of our estimable friends is leading them into the pitfall.

We are quite unable to think of any justification of the proposed action of putting a nominee of the Reform Association in the field. We object also to the competence of the Reform Association since it is not in the required sense a representative body. The action proposed should we think meet express remonstrance from all who desire to strengthen the hands of the Government and to promote ultimately the interests of the Liberal Party in this city.

Correspondence.

THE REDISTRIBUTION.

To the Editor of the TIMES:

Sir,—At a meeting at Billing's Bridge, on last Monday night, Mr. Nicholas Sparks, representing the Conservative candidate, stated, in discussing the Redistribution, that Niagara, with a population, by last census, of over ten thousand persons, was wiped out by the Government because it was a Conservative Borough. I told Mr. Sparks that he was under a misapprehension, and that the number was only three thousand four hundred. But he persisted in his statement. This is quite in keeping with the reckless assertions of Conservative stump orators. I promised the meeting to publish the figures from the last census. They are:

Niagara Township	2,093
West Ward	511
Centre "	530
East "	559
Total	3,693

Yours, &c.,
J. L. P. O'Hanly.

Ottawa, 5th January, 1875.

THE FIRE ALARM.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

Sir,—The new fire alarm telegraph that we have heard so much about lately appears to be defective. On several occasions it has failed to reach the mark of perfection that the citizens naturally expect for the money they have expended. A cloud of impenetrable darkness seems to envelop the working of this department, as no one seems to know how or by whom it has to be managed. The general impression is that the Montreal firm that built it has agreed to keep it in repair for one year, which I believe is correct, but I would like to know if the party entrusted with this, is the same one that built it? If so it is rather a "soft thing" on the city to purchase a fire alarm, guaranteed for a year, allow the builder to run it, and pay him a salary beside. The sooner this matter is looked into the better, for there is no denying the fact the alarm is defective, and when defective we would be far better without it. Yours,

Ratepayer.

DIOCESE OF TORONTO.

Episcopal Visitation.

On the 29th inst. the Bishop of Toronto held a visitation of the clergy.

His Lordship delivered a charge, of which the following is the substance:—

My Reverend Brethren,—

Although in the announcement of my purpose to hold this Visitation I laid before you the reasons, I shall be obliged to repeat them to some extent.

The great body of the clergy of this Diocese have been charged with false and unscriptural teaching by a considerable number of clergymen and laymen designating themselves the "Church Association." And the institutions of the Diocese for the training of candidates for the ministry, and for the prosecution of its missionary work, have been spoken of in terms of such disparagement that, in their judgment, there should be an utter demolition of those institutions. The following statements cannot be construed to have a more limited intention:—

"Many members of the Church have felt compelled to withhold contributions from the funds of the Church. It is impossible for them to assist in maintaining a Students' Fund for the support of young men carefully trained to look with aversion on our Church as a Church of the Reformation, and to abhor the name Protestant; or to build up a Fund for the support of men who become worthy disciples of such teaching."

To these statements a wide circulation has been given and it is well that the clergy, should proclaim their utter groundlessness.

It is more than insinuated that, in Trinity College, such objectionable teaching has been pursued. The strictest investigation would fail to establish such an allegation. The students of that University have never been taught to look with aversion on the Reformation, or to abhor the name of Protestant. But they have been taught what the true position is in which our Church was placed at the Reformation, and how the name of Protestant took its rise.

The term "Reformation" presupposes a Church in existence; and a reformation should be so conducted as to allow it to be a continuous church—not uprooted and another placed in its room. A reformation means not the breaking down of a fabric, but the correction of abuses that have been introduced.

The Church in our mother country was from the beginning a Scriptural and Apostolic Church, although it became corrupted. But errors could not destroy its form, nor touch the rock of its foundation. Our Reformers cleansed away the rubbish of superstition. They restored the pure doctrine of the Apostles, while they maintained their order, and restored the primitive purity of the Church.

Surely no well-instructed Christian person could speak disparagingly of a Reformation like this. It is true that, in the many minds amongst professing members of the Church, there will be some who have their own eccentric views as to the completeness of this work. Some have affirmed that this great Reformation did not go far enough, they were content that it should overturn Divine arrangements, and uproot principles incontrovertibly apostolic. Others think the reformation has gone too far. They contend that while the varieties of doctrine and order should be retained, there should be a retention also of many of the abuses in ritual introduced during the middle ages. Some of these misguided men have, we grieve to say, spoken of the Reformation in terms of even vituperation, which have sorely distressed the faithful members of our Church.

The term "Protestant," too, through perverted reasoning, has come under reproach. The origin of the term was not connected with the first grand movement in the reformation. Many years after this great work was started a Diet held at Spires in 1529 by order of the Emperor decided on enjoining all the States of the Empire to persevere in observing the decree against Luther. Against this there was a solemn protest by a large number of deputies, headed by the Elector of Saxony.

This protest is deservedly applauded; but it did not pertain to the essence of the Reformation. This great work went beyond a protest; it was the vigourous action of the faithful throughout Europe. The Church of England, sympathizing heartily with the protest, did not adopt that protest as a ground of action. She worked upon a broader foundation. And much as the term has ever since been reverenced in the Church of England, it has never been recognized as one that fully expresses her position. The name Protestant never occurs in our authorized formularies; is never used in the description of our Church; never introduced in connection with the National Church in our Acts of Parliament. Its true designation was always the Church of England, a branch of the Catholic Church throughout the world.

Many would be very jealous of the limitation which the term Protestant with the Church of England would imply. The adoption of it would seem to post-date the origin of the Church from the period at which such protest was uttered. It would be giving countenance to the justice of the Romanist enquiry, "Where was your Church before Luther?"

Too many, in pursuing a sound argument, allow themselves to be carried beyond legitimate bounds. There is no reason for vilifying or renouncing the word Protestant, because it has been used in an unjustifiable sense. While we claim to be a genuine branch of the Catholic Church, we are firmly Protestant against every false tenet.

The Church in every age has suffered much from the coldness of professed members on the one hand, and their too vehement zeal on the other. But from the widening fusion of opposing elements, we have had results for which the Church must be thankful.

"I wish," said Mr. Gladstone, in recently addressing the House of Commons, "that every man in this House were as old as I am, for the purpose of knowing what was the condition of the Church of England forty or fifty years ago. At that time it was a scandal to Christendom. Its congregations were dead, and irreverent. Its music was offensive to any one with a respect for the House of God. Its clergy, with some numerous exceptions—belonging chiefly, though not exclusively, to what was then called the Evangelical School—its clergy were, in numbers I should not like to mention, worldly-minded men, not conforming by their practice to the standard of their high office, but seeking to accumulate preferment with a reckless indifference to the souls of the people, and on the whole continually declining in moral influence. This is the state of things from which we have escaped. And when I hear complaints as to the state of things in the present day, I cannot forget the enormous balance of good over the evils you suffer, which has been achieved by the astonishing transformation that has come over the character of the clergymen of the Church of England. That change makes it now almost a moral certainty that whenever you go into a parish, you will find the clergyman a man who, to the best of his ability, and with little sparing of his health, is spending morning, noon, and night upon the work of his calling; teaching the young, visiting the sick, preaching the word, and conforming, as far as he can, to the model his Master left him to follow."

We must lament the extravagancies of the few, while we applaud the sober energy and honest toil of the many. We must lament the introduction of novelties in worship and doctrine; the imported adjuncts which soil a pure worship; the symbols foisted in of doctrine which the Church rejects.

Very few of the clergy in this diocese sympathise with rampant irregularity and too obvious disloyalty. Yet we have its leaven amongst us. We ask these affectionately to pause, for everything extreme and unwarranted in their teaching and worship is wounding the Church which they love.

And, with equal affection, let me address those who, in an opposite direction, are withholding obedience. Upon one important point her words are these:—"It is evident unto all men diligently reading the Holy Scriptures that from the Apostles' time there have been these orders of ministers in Christ's Church—Bishops, Priests and Deacons." And, "No man shall be accounted or taken to be a lawful Bishop, Priest or Deacon in the United Church of England and Ireland, except he be called, tried, examined and admitted thereunto, according to the form hereafter following."

These words show what, in the judgment of the Church, constitutes a lawful ministry. And if Episcopal ordination is necessary, an Episcopal succession, as a logical sequence, is equally necessary. Nor is there any difficulty in exhibiting to the world the fact of this succession. Painful then it is to loyal Churchmen to see any of their brethren impugning an essential principle.

I think I have all along been asserting facts and expressing sentiments in which the great mass of the clergy of this Diocese concur. And we cannot adhere to them the less if they should fail to gain the assent of those who have ventured upon so sweeping a denunciation of the teaching of the clergy of this Diocese.

We have this further ground for action declared—"There has also been a not causeless feeling that the management of the moneys of the church has been such as to entail loss to the funds entrusted to the control of certain of her members." We must express our amazement at this resuscitation of a long buried grievance — the dealing with which the Synod has taken into its own hands—a grievance which never had connection with that fund which aids the missionaries of the Diocese. But we must grieve that the prejudices of party should override Christian charity, and seem willing to make a wreck of a good work.

In keeping with this is the purport of a tract issued by the "Church Association." It devotes several pages to citations from a publication entitled "Vox Dei, aut vox populi," published in Ottawa, beyond the precincts of this diocese, and anonymously. And yet it is implied that it is viewed with favor by the clergy in this diocese, as being the teaching on their part which, "while building up the Church of Rome, and filling the churches of other denominations, alienates the members of the church."

They must be a very small fraction of the clergy of this Diocese, if any, who have the slightest sympathy with the reckless slanders of such publications. Publications inculcating infidelity are now and then diffused; and these will hardly awaken more grief and repulsion than the tirade of bitter phrases and untruthful statements which disfigure the pages of that work. It is blasphemy to term it the voice of God; and it will never be the utterance of God's true people.

I do not desire to dwell longer on a painful theme. I am not without a belief that such of the clergy as have allowed their names to be linked in this sweeping impeachment of the soundness of their brethern, will withdraw the unfounded accusation. With the few who can merit the imputation thus recklessly thrown upon the whole, there is a legitimate course of dealing; and the opportunity will now be afforded.

Let there be a natural tolerance of difference of opinions, and tastes. Even essential truths may not be accepted on all hands with exactness of sentiment; and God's worship can be faithfully performed with diversities which mar no principle, and violate no authority. Let our ritual be said or sung, without the taunt that the one betokens coldness, or that the other indicates a tendency to superstitious observances.

At two o'clock the clergy assembled, the Bishop in the chair.

Hon. J. H. Cameron, Chancellor of the Diocese, announced that this being a visitation of the clergy alone, only clergymen and churchwardens who had presentments against their clergymen would be permitted to be present.

Rural Dean Cooper remarked that in England visitations were held in the churches, open to any one. No notice had been given that churchwardens who desired to present their clergymen were expected to be present.

The Chancellor then called upon all who were not clergymen to withdraw.

The laymen accordingly left. The reporters also, but we have been furnished with a brief report.

The following were read as questions on which presentations were required:

1. Is Divine Service duly and reverentially performed in your several churches without alteration, addition, or diminution, according to law? And if not, who is in fault?

2. Have any Priests among you met to consult on any course which may tend to the impeaching or depraving of the doctrine of the Church of England?

3. Is any Priest among you a hinderer of the Word of God being read or sincerely preached, or a defender of Popish and erroneous doctrine?

Rural Dean Cooper again raised the question as to the legality of this court. Notice of the questions was only received a day or two before the visitation, and there had been no possibility of preparing presentments. A presentment of a clergyman had been served on the Bishop by two church-wardens within a few hours.

After some debate it was settled that the presentment could not be received now, but that a presentment with regard to the matter might be made at any time and would be received as though made at the visitation.

The presentment was from the Churchwardens of St. Philip's, Weston, charging their clergyman, among other things, with having, on Christmas Day, when administering the Communion, placed himself in the position of a sacrificing priest, &c. On the 27th he also preached against Protestantism. The churchwardens intimated their intention, if nothing was done to stop the practices, to close the church on the 10th of January.

The Chancellor asked for presentments, and

Rural Dean Geddes presented the following gentlemen, and charged them as members of the Church Association with depraving the government and discipline of the Church, viz.:—The Dean of Toronto, Rural Deans Givens and Stuart, the Rev. Dr. O'Meara, the Rev. A. Samson, the Rev. Mr. Boddy, and the Rev. Mr. Checkley.

Rev. Septimus Jones inquired upon what principle the selection of those members of the Association has been made.

Rev. Mr. Checkley said that though he belonged to the Church Association he had not been a participant in the action recommended by it in the address alluded to.

The other gentlemen charged solemnly denied that they had in any way depraved the government or discipline of the Church.

After a consultation between the Bishop and the Chancellor, it was intimated that His Lordship considered the case one of sufficient gravity to issue a commission appointing an investigation.

This concluded the business of the visitation, and the meeting accordingly dissolved.

Immediately afterwards a conference of all the clergy present was held. His Lordship was presented by the Rev. Rural Dean Geddes with an address, setting forth that the charges made by the Church Association, if true at all, were true only of some individual clergymen of the Diocese, and should not be made to apply to all; that His Lordship should meet the sympathy of true Churchmen in putting a stop to objectionable practices; but that clergymen seeking to do their duty fully had been much hindered by the publications of the Church Association.

This was signed by a large number of clergymen, and the Bishop having made an address in reply, the Visitation was brought to a close.

THE HUNT FOR CHARLEY ROSS.

(From the New York Sun.)

Many interesting incidents connected with the search for Charley Ross have been obtained from the detectives employed in the case by the citizens of Philadelphia. The detectives began the search in July, and since then they have scoured the United States and Canada, and even crossed the Atlantic in the hope of finding the kidnapped boy. The work has cost over $20,000. One of the largest items has been the expense of circulars, cards and posters. Seven thousand circulars have been issued, containing the particulars of the abduction, descriptions of the boy and his kidnappers, and photographs of Charley. These have been sent to every police officer, sheriff, and constable, and posted in every railroad station, police office, and post-office in the country. Two men were specially detailed to attend to their distribution in Canada. The circulars were also posted in the vessels in most of our sea-ports. The printing, mailing and the photographing have cost $8,000. Several thousand letters and telegrams have been sent to the detectives in answer to the circulars. Every communication has been answered, and all trails followed. The correspondence has been so extensive as to require an extra corps of clerks.

Between 500 and 600 children have been reported as Charley Ross. In numerous instances, where good clues were thought to have been obtained, officers have been sent on investigations to distant places, only to find that the children had been trained to answer the questions intended for the identification of the missing boy, and that their keepers had been moved to the deception in the hope of having them ransomed. Twenty-five detectives were engaged at one time in making as many investigations.

The gypsies led the detectives on many long and fruitless chases. Over 200 bands were heard from as having children that were thought to be Charley Ross. Most of the children that were sought in the gypsy camps turned out to be stolen, and in several instances their parents were found. One little boy whom the officers came across in the tents of the gypsies was restored to his father and mother in Rockland county after two separations. They never expected to see him again.

The detectives believe that directly and indirectly half a million persons have been engaged in the Ross hunt. They can only explain the failure to find him, on the ground that he is either dead or that the kidnappers left him in an obscure place with some recluse who had never heard anything of the case.

RECIPROCAL POSTAGE WITH CANADA.

(From the New York Evening Post.)

The Postmasters-General of the United States and Canada have quietly taken the question of reciprocity between the two countries, so far as their departments are concerned, into their own hands, and, before the public were aware that any negotiations were pending, have arranged an interchange of mail matter which virtually recognises the countries as one, and will be the means of removing a vast amount of annoyance and confusion. Hitherto the rate of postage on letters from this country to Canada has been six cents per half ounce if prepaid, or ten cents if not prepaid, this amount being divided between the two countries. Under the new arrangement each country will transport free of charge the mails received from the other, each charging for mail matter directed to the other country the same rates as are charged for delivery within its own boundaries, and each retaining the amount of postage collected by itself. This is a sensible arrangement throughout, and we do not doubt will be found to give satisfaction both to the people and the Post Office Department. Mr. Jewell may yet be able to congratulate himself, by thus instituting the first practical test of the benefits of reciprocity, on having paved the way for its general acceptance by the people of both countries.

Berkeley, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, Henry Allpass.—To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills. 2805.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, Bible House, New York City.
Oct. 7, 1874. 366ly d&w.

Auction Sales.

BUFFALO ROBES
AND
BLANKETS
Selling Far Under Cost, by
J. BERMINGHAM.

The subscriber having received last Fall a consignment of 300 Hudson Bay Co.'s Buffalo Robes, has a few left, which he will sell very cheap, to close the consignment.

He has also several large sized Horse Blankets, which will be sold at less than cost.

Private sale every day.

For good and cheap lined and unlined Robes go to BERMINGHAM'S, opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

AUCTION
—OF—
BANKRUPT GOODS!

Consigned to the subscriber, to be sold by Auction and Private Sale, at

50 PER CENT. BELOW COST.

J. BERMINGHAM

Has now on hand a Bankrupt Stock, consisting of

100 White and Gold China Tea Sets,
100 Ladies' Work Boxes—inlaid,
100 Ladies' Writing Desks,
300 very handsome Vases of every design, style and pattern,
100 Toilet Sets,
Cut and Engraved Crystal Water Jugs and Celery Bowls,
50 English Chromos,
Bouquet Holders, Britannia Metal Tea Pots, and several Silver Tea Sets.

All selling (private sale) at 50 per cent. under English cost, at BERMINGHAM'S Sale Rooms, opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Auction Sale
OF VERY VALUABLE
TIMBER LIMITS.

H. McLEAN

Has received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., to offer his valuable Timber Limits for sale on SATURDAY, THE 30th OF JANUARY, 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa.

Licenses numbers 162, of the year 1873 and '74, on the River Petewawa, containing an area of 39 square miles; 16[illegible], of 1873 and '74, River Petewawa, area 50 square miles; and 163, of 1873 and '74, Lac la Vielle Branch, River Petewawa, and Great Opeongo Lake, covering an area of 50 square miles.

These limits are known to be timbered with White and Red Pine of almost unequalled quality, that which has been taken from them to the Quebec market having invariably commanded the highest price there.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN, Ramsay.

Dec. 30th, 1874. [illegible]

FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION
—ON—
MONDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF JANUARY, 1875.

At the hour of THREE O'CLOCK, in the afternoon, at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa, all the interest and unexpired term of years, belonging to the late John Robertson O'Connor, in that valuable property, being part of the Government Reserve, near the head of the Chaudiere Slide in the said City of Ottawa, containing about three acres more or less, and bounded towards the north and west side thereof, by the waters of the River Ottawa, forming the channel leading to the said Chaudiere Slide, towards the east by Broad street, and towards the south by Oregon street. The Honourable the Commissioner of Public Works has consented to grant to the purchaser a new lease for the unexpired term of the lease given the late Mr. O'Connor, viz., until the 18th September 1881, together with the privilege of sawing timber on the property.

The ground rent is only $150 per annum. The attention of mill owners and those interested in the lumber trade of the Ottawa, is called to the desirable investment now offered.

Terms and conditions of sale made known at time of auction.

For further information apply to Walker, Cassels and Pennock, Solicitors, Ottawa, or Hector McLean, Auctioneer.

Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-td.

AUCTION SALE
OF
VERY VALUABLE
TIMBER LIMITS!

The undersigned will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa

ON

MONDAY, JANUARY 4th, 1875,

At the hour of THREE o'clock p.m.,

License No. 95, of the years 1873 and 1874, on Bonchere River. To extend from a Norway Pine tree, blazed on four sides, at the head of the Rapids, below Stevenson's Lake, to a pine tree blazed on four sides in St. Patrick's Bay, north side of Round Lake, and to run back four miles more or less, half way to Indian River, in the course north, 21° east.

License No. 96, of 1873 and 1874, on Bonchere River. To commence at a white pine tree, blazed on four sides, north of the Couchane Lake, and extend down to a Red Pine tree, blazed on four sides, at the head of the first Rapids below Stevenson's Lake, six miles and a half more or less, and back four miles more or less, half way on the Indian River, in the course north, 21° east.

License No. 222 of 1873 and 1874 on Deep River, Ottawa, Township of Sheen. To commence at Dinney's Farm, and extend up the north side of Deep River to the mouth of the [illegible] Creek and back five miles on the course north, [illegible] east, on east side of the [illegible] Creek. This includes parts of Nos. 27, 29, 31, 32, 34, 36 to 39 and 31 in the 5th range, 27, 29, 32, 33 and 36 to 37 in the 6th range of the Township of Sheen. Clergy lots excepted.

Terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec. 4.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, TO WIT. } By virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias*, issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Toronto, and to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements of William Willis, at the suit of Henry Morris, I have seized and taken in execution all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said defendant, in and to the north-east half of lot number thirty-three in the second concession, in the Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, which I will offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the said City of Ottawa, on Thursday, the eighth day of April, in the year of our Lord 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JOHN NICHOLSON, Dy. Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Ottawa, 6th January, 1875. 3776-1d & 13w

Hatters & Furriers.

ALEX. BROBERY,
FURRIER,
45 Rideau-st.,

Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,

Is offering the balance of his

Stock of Winter Furs
AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3783

DEVLIN'S
FUR DEPOT

AUSTRIAN RUGS,
BUFFALO ROBES,
WOLF ROBES,
WHITE FOX ROBES,
BLACK BEAR ROBES,
RACCOON ROBES.

—AT—

DEVLIN'S
11 RIDEAU STREET.

LADIES FURS!
GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,
No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to order by

JAMES PEACOCK, No. 33, Rideau Street.

Dec. 20th, 1874. 3721 m1

BUFFALO ROBES
AND
ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.
—AT—
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS-ST.,
Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Boots & Shoes.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA.

Gentlemen,

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

BOOTS,
SHOES,
MOCCASINS,
MITTS, &c.

AT W. E. BROWN, 15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.

Dec. 24, 1874. 39-3r d&w

OH! HOW JOLLY!

With the hope of contributing to the enjoyment of an immense number of people, and also as an expression of gratitude to my customers for their liberal patronage during eight years past, I have decided to present articles of the value of 25 cents for every $5 worth purchased for cash during the holidays, and gifts of proportionate value for larger amounts.

These CHRISTMAS PRESENTS will consist of Ladies, Gents, and Children's fine Kid, Mitts; plain and fancy Moccasins, French Slippers, slippers and Boots and Shoes, in great variety—ALL USEFUL ARTICLES—and I especially call your attention to the fact that this is NOT A LOTTERY, but that every cash purchaser will receive in the above ratio, a gift of his own choosing.

Come at once and make your selections.

W. A. LAMB, 38 Sussex St.

Dec. 21st, 1874.

J. & G. NEELIN,
No. 18 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes,
Mitts, Rubbers,
Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN, Ottawa.

Dec. 24, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

[Have had $10,000 worth of]

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 1 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre.

FOWLE'S
PILE AND HUMOR CURE.

For Internal and External Use.
WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE
For all Kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE, SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Dec. 14, 18[illegible]

Election Notices.

TO THE
Electors of Ottawa.

Gentlemen,—Through the dissolution of the Local Legislature, in a short time you will be called upon to elect a representative to that House for the ensuing term. Elected by a large majority when I had the honor to solicit your suffrages before, I trust that my conduct while in Parliament will meet with the full confidence of the whole people at the ensuing election, and as a consequence I announce myself as a candidate for your suffrages on the occasion. Should I be deemed worthy of your approval in the future as in the past, my humble support will be given to the present government in all measures for the benefit of the whole country. I ask assistance in opposing chicanery and double-dealing, and in favour of one who will neither be cajoled or purchased.

Hoping to meet you all at public meetings, and if possible personally, before the day of polling,

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
DAN. J. O'DONOGHUE.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

TO THE
Electors of Russell.

Gentlemen,—I beg respectfully to announce to you that I am a Candidate for your suffrages at the impending General Election for the Ontario Legislature. My political principles are well known to you as contained in detail in my address of 1867; and time and experience have added fresh strength to my convictions of their soundness. As the standard-bearer, who first unfurled the banner of Reform in your Riding, I cannot but rejoice that the good seed then sown, under very adverse circumstances, too, has not only taken deep root, but has already produced fruit.

I congratulate you that many of the measures I advocated before you, particularly those relating to the purity of elections, and without which elective institutions were little better than a farce, are now the law of this great Province; and I am glad to be able to say that some, who then sneered at my humble efforts for the people's good, have since seen the error of their ways, and become zealous workers in the glorious cause of liberty. It is cause of thankfulness that every man can now exercise his franchise without let, hindrance, or fear of consequences, according to his own honest convictions, uninfluenced by any consideration but the general good, and witnessed by no eye but that of his Maker. To the Liberal Government the country owes all these important and beneficial measures. There are many other useful and necessary reforms which will follow in their wake, if the people are true to themselves, and renew their confidence in the present Government by electing men to support them on whom they can rely—men who have a record to point to, whose fidelity to their principles is above suspicion—men who would, if necessary, be ready to follow them into the cold shades of opposition. This is the kind of support they deserve at your hands. Send them not one who veers with every change of political doctrine—a Conservative yesterday, a Reformer to-day, and a Tory again to-morrow if most conducive to his interest or ambition.

In Mr. Mowat's Administration I have the fullest confidence—a confidence inspired by their principles and confirmed by their acts. I heartily endorse not only their legislation, but the economy and efficiency with which they have administered public affairs in promoting education, encouraging settlement and developing our internal resources; and if antecedents be any criterion whereby we may judge our future actions, they shall continue to have my cordial support.

Every scheme for the encouragement of Roads and Railroads shall have my unqualified support, for these are the veins and arteries through which flows the life blood of industry. I shall use every legitimate means to influence aids for such enterprises in your Riding without regard to special interests or particular localities. I shall devise and promote with my utmost ability a comprehensive scheme for the drainage of your whole county, by which the rich *bottom-lands* now lying waste—preserves for deer stalking—will be converted into blooming fields of golden harvest, increasing your population and enhancing your property.

With a life long devotion—often under very trying circumstances—to the cause of good and cheap Government; with a record, private and public, extending over a quarter of a century on the Ottawa Valley, at which no respectable man need blush, and can challenge fair and honest criticism; with an ambition directed as unerringly as the needle to the pole towards adding my little mite to the stock of human happiness, irrespective of race or creed, clime or color; with a mind free from bigotry as our mountain air from noxious exhalations; I appeal with just confidence to the Liberals of Russell to sustain me, and place me in a position of increased usefulness; and I can safely assure them that their trust will never be betrayed. On Conservative support I base no claim, save that of an honest man, who respects the opinions, nay, the prejudices, of those who differ from him and who in his public capacity shall know none but the people as a whole.

I shall endeavor to see as many of you as it is possible for me in the limited time between this and polling day; and frankly avow my views on any other subject that you may desire to be informed. Those whom I may not be able to see, will, I hope, excuse me, and pass sentence on me according to the principles herein enunciated. On the last occasion that I was before you I addressed, with as much sincerity as ever I uttered a sentence, to large assemblies which happened to be exclusively composed of my own countrymen, and the same I shall now say to all, as follows:—

"You should banish from your minds every consideration except the public good. You should not vote for me simply because I am an Irishman or a Catholic. You should wholly judge me according to the political principles I enunciate before you. If you approve of these, you should support me; and if there is one amongst you who disapproves of them, he is in duty bound to vote against me."

I am,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
J. L. P. O'HANLY.

Ottawa, 26th December, 1874

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,
SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

[Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.

Dec 26, 1874.

Co-Partnership.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore existing between Charles Grant of Elizabethtown, and J.A. Grant of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton under the name, style and firm of Grant Bros is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due or accruing to said firm in the County of Carleton must be paid in to J. A. Grant and all debts due or accruing to said firm in Brockville or vicinity must be paid in to Charles Grant.

CHARLES GRANT.
J. A. GRANT.

Fitzroy December 21, 1874.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.

See T. & B. on each Plug.

Notices.

...of Ottawa.

...gh the dissolution of the ... short time you will be ... a representative to that ... term. Elected by a large ... the honor to solicit your ... that my conduct while ... the full confi- ... at the ensuing elec- ... I announce myself as ... suffrages on the occasion. ... worthy of your approval in ... my humble support ... present government in all ... of the whole country. ... opposing chicanery and ... in favor of one who will ... purchased. ... all at public meetings, ... nally, before the day of ...

...respectfully,

...J. O'DONOGHUE.

...of Russell.

...beg respectfully to an... I am a Candidate for ... the impending General ... tario Legislature. My ... are well known to you ... tail in my address of ... and experience have ... gth to my convictions ... As the standard- ... unfurled the banner of ... ling, I cannot but re... seed then sown, under ... instances, too, has not ... root, but has already ...

...you that many of the ... ted before you, parti- ... ting to the purity of ... out which elective in- ... better than a farce, ... this great Province; ... be able to say that ... neered at my humble ... ople's good, have since ... their ways, and become ... in the glorious cause of ... of thankfulness that ... exercise his franchise ... ance, or fear of conse- ... to his own honest con... ced by any considera- ... al good, and witnessed ... of his Maker. To the ... the country owes all ... beneficial measures, ... other useful, and ... which will follow ... if the people are ... and renew their con... resent Government by ... pport them on whom ... who have a record to ... lity to their principles ... men who would, if ... ly to follow them into ... of opposition. This is ... they deserve at your ... not one who veers with ... political doctrine—a Con... y, a Reformer to-day, ... morrow if most con... est or ambition. ... Administration I hav... nce—a confidence in... nciples and confirmed ... artily endorse not only ... ut the economy and ... ich they have admin... rs in promoting educa... settlement and develop... sources; and if antece... lerion whereby we may ... ations, they shall con... ordial support. ... r the encouragement of ... is shall have my unqualifi... ese are the veins and ... hich flows the life blood ... hall use every legiti... fluence aids for such ... Riding without regard ... for particular localities. ... nd promote with my ... comprehensive scheme ... your whole county, by ... ottom-lands now lying ... deer stalking—will ... blooming fields of golden ... your population and ... operty. ... devotion—often under ... rcumstances—to the ... and cheap Govern... d, private and public, ... quarter of a century on ... at which no respectable ... d can challenge fair and ... with an ambition direct ... the needle to the pole ... little mite to the stock ... irrespective of race ... color; with a mind free ... our mountain air from ... s; I appeal with just ... Liberals of Russell to ... ace me in a position of ... ss; and I can safely as... eir trust will never be ... servative support I base ... at of an honest man, ... opinions, nay, the ... who differ from him ... lic capacity shall know ... as a whole. ... to see as many of you ... me in the limited time ... olling day; and frankly ... any other subject that ... be informed. These ... be able to see, will, I ... and pass sentence on ... the principles herein ... he last occasion that I ... ddressed, with as much ... uttered a sentence, to ... which happened to be ... ed of my own country- ... I shall now say to all, ... anish from your minds ... except the public good. ... for me simply because ... or a Catholic. You ... me according to the ... I enunciate before you. ... these, you should sup... re is one amongst you ... them, he is in duty ... st me."

...edient servant,

...P. O'HANLY.

...ecember, 1874

...nters.

...HOUSE DECORA... PER, PAPER- ... ER, &c ... Coloring &c., done on ... in a workmanlike style. ... of NEW PAPERS, ... ceived, and now on view. ... t Office: Elgin-St.

...nership.

...f Partnership.

...ven that the Partnership ... between Charles Grant ... J. A. Grant of Fitzroy, in ... n under the name, style ... is hereby dissolved by ... debts due or accruing to ... ty of Carleton must be ... nd all debts due of a ... Brockville or vicinity ... tes Grant. ... HARLES GRANT. ... A. GRANT. ... 1874.

...od Smoke ... THE— ... NAVY. ... Flag.

ABSOLUTISM.

Rev. Mr. Robb's Reply to Archbishop Lynch.

On Sunday evening, in Cooke's Presbyterian Church, the Rev. J. G. Robb delivered a lecture on "Absolutism," as taught in the Church of Rome. There was a crowded congregation present.

The preacher took as his text I. John, 2nd chap., 1st and 2nd verses, "My little children, these things write I unto you, that ye sin not, and if any man sin we have an advocate with the Father, Jesus Christ, the righteous; for He is the propitiation for our sins, and not for ours only, but for the sins of the whole world." The preacher said before directing their attention to the special subject, namely, "Absolutism" as taught in the Church of Rome, he would first glance at the misconstruction which had been put on previous statements made from this pulpit during this course of lectures. The ministry of angels, in rendering service to their Creator, in carrying out the scheme of salvation and redemption, is a doctrine the Protestant Church believe in, because it is taught in God's Holy Word, but the worship of angels they do not believe in, because God does not teach it in His Holy Word. The angel was sent to John to reveal unto him things that he was to preach unto the children of men, but when John fell down to worship him, the angel showed him that this thing was forbidden. They are told that in the Old Testament angels are worshipped; with one modification of Scripture they would admit it. An angel is worshipped, but not the angels. The Archbishop of this diocese, under the Romish Church, does not distinguish between these two things. There is the ministry of the angel of the covenant in the Old Testament, and other angels are associated with him. In regard to this fact, as between Protestants and Romanists, there must be this distinction, and they must keep the mark broad and plain; the angel of the covenant had the power of God; it was the Jehovah of the covenant. God was manifested in the flesh and He was so worshipped. Wherever the angel of the covenant is worshipped, that worship was rendered aright for it was rendered unto God. The visit of angels to Abraham is spoken of in Genesis, 18th chap., 2nd v., "And he lifted up his eyes and looked, and lo, three men stood by him, and when he saw them, he ran to meet them from the tent door, and bowed himself toward the ground and said, my lord, if now I have found favour in thy sight, pass not away I pray from thy servant." In the Douay version of the Bible, which is used by Roman Catholics, says, "and bowed himself to the ground," thus indicating that it was an act of homage to the angels. Suppose it was worship, what is the power of the angel?—is it not manifested in the opening words of the chapter, "and the Lord appeared unto him on the plains of Marme." Jehovah is the angel. No man can see God and live; but God appears in the form and person of Jehovah, the angel of the covenant, who appears unto him associated with other angels. It was supreme worship rendered unto God. They are further told that Jacob worshipped an angel when he wrestled with the angel (Genesis, 32nd chapter), but this was the angel of the covenant, the Jehovah, "and Jacob called the place Peniel; for I have seen God face to face." They are also told by the Archbishop that the saints in heaven are as angels there. In Matthew xxxii., 30, it says: "For in the resurrection they neither marry nor are given in marriage, but are as the angels of God in heaven." What is the inference drawn by the Romanists from these words of Scripture? That all the power and prerogative obtained in the state mentioned by Christ may be enjoined on saints here. The preacher then pointed out how illogical such an argument as this was. Another objection is drawn from the Apocalypse, where John wishes to adore the angel, but the angel refused that adoration of John. Archbishop Lynch remarks, that if the religion of the Romanists is idolatrous, then the adoration of St. John was idolatry, and that nothing can be said against the Roman Catholics without first inculpating St. John. Well, they did inculpate John, just because the angel did. Was John doing right when he fell down to adore the angel? There was no doubt but that he imagined it was the angel of the covenant, the Lord Jesus Christ, he was offering worship to. But it so happened it was not the angel of the covenant; the angel was only a fellow servant of John, and therefore he blamed John for falling down at his feet to adore him; he charged him to see that he did it not. They say, as Protestants, don't do it. The preacher then spoke on the subject of the evening—Absolution as taught in the Romish Church. The word "repent" is translated by the Romish Church as "penance," which is a translation of the Latin vulgate. The Douay Bible is a translation of the Latin vulgate, and which is sufficient to show the inaccuracies from the original Scriptural writings. The preacher quoted several passages where the words had been wrongly translated in order to support the Romanist worship of images. In the original Greek, the word repentance meant "change of mind," which necessarily produces change of conduct and character, but the Romish translation is "to do penance." The mistranslations of the several passages quoted was not creditable to the Romish Church. The preacher referred at some length to the doctrine of absolution as practised in the Romish Church, and pointed out that there was nothing in the Holy Scriptures to warrant such, and that Christ alone is the propitiation for their sins and for the sins of the whole world.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Duffy's 50 cent sale is no bogus affair, but gives genuine satisfaction.

No cheques given at Duffy's 50 cent sale, but all articles delivered on the premises.

Duffy's 50 cent sale is no humbug. He gives everthing he advertises.

Fresh Oysters in Shell.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

If you want to be happy, go to Duffy's 50 cent sale to-night. 3732-2in.

To-night is the gala night at Duffy's 50 cent sale. Go and get a New Year's present. 3732-2in.

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

A German organ, gold and silver watch to-night at Duffy's 50 cent sale. 3732-2in.

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732.

Soiled Blankets cheap at Bryson's. 3696-1m

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

Skin Diseases, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

New York Bay Oysters in Shell.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

The Notman Studio.—Mr. Topley has on exhibition some Xmas and New Years' goods, not to be had elsewhere in the city. Please call and inspect the Studio since recent changes. 3727-1w.

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

Photography.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

All Flannels reduced at Bryson's. 3695-1m

H. F. McCarthy, Medical Hall, Wellington street, has just received a large stock of Christmas and New Year's goods, in toilet bottles, dressing cases, hair brushes, combs, Labin's and Atkinson's perfumes cologne, lavender, &c., &c.; ten per cent. cheaper than any other house in the city. 3727

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

For Bunnel's Patent Washer, Shorey & Co.'s Royal Canadian Wringer, Polygonal Turning, Furnaces, Stoves and Stove Pipes, fitted up in a workmanlike manner, go to C. P. Dorion. Also on hand and for sale, very cheap, 7,500 Stoves Pipes of all kinds, at our well known townsman, C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa, Ont. 3791d&w

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

False Modesty.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher, Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef FROM GUELPH,

A very large quantity of MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds,
Geese from 8 to 16 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S, Corner of Bank and Maria Streets.

Dec. 23, 18 4. 3726-tf

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

☞ Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 3676-y

WHOLESALE Ready-Made CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I will now giving my undivided attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTERS

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 26, 1874. 3690

Gift Enterprises.

ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts	$20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 23, 1874. 3724w2awkd&w

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000, Two Prizes, $500 } Each in Cash

Five Prizes $100
1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness, worth $600.
One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth ...
Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300
Three Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.
Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth 100 each!
1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,000.
☞ Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 32, Cincinnati, O.

Office: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874. 3954 daw

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association OF NORFOLK, VA.

DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature passed March 8th, 1873.

50,000 TICKETS—5000 CASH GIFTS,

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of	$30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	[illegible]000
One Grand Cash Gift of	5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	15,000
28 Cash Gifts of 500 each	14,000
43 Cash Gifts of $250 each	10,750
75 Cash Gifts of $150 each	11,250
250 Cash Gifts of $100 each	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of $50 each	28,900
4,000 Cash Gifts of $10 each	40,000
5,000 Cash Gifts, aggregating	$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets, $5; Quarter tickets, $2 50; Eleven tickets, $100.

For Tickets and Circulars, &c., address, HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary, Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 25, 1874. 3702d&w

Miscellaneous.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

Which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed; None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO; Sparks Street, near Bank.

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole, HARNESS, ROBES, &c

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks-st

December 23, 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
ABEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

☞ Call and see them. ☜

Dec. 17, 1874.

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

J. W. MISTHORN, Box "U" Orillia, Ont.

Oct. 1.

Hair Cutting.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-CUTTING, DRESSING AND BATH ROOMS,

74 AND 76 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

The Proprietor respectfully informs his numerous patrons that his

New Establishment

is now complete in every department.

☞ Ladies' Entrance—The door nearest O'Connor-St.

His stock of REAL HAIR cannot be surpassed either in quantity or quality. In price he guarantees 25 per cent. less than any house in the Dominion.

For the Gents' Room he has every comfort possible to obtain for money. With five efficient workmen gentlemen will not have to waste their time in waiting at this establishment.

The Manufacturing Department employs seven hands, and with the large amount of room he now has, will be able to meet the increasing demands of his patrons.

For Combings, he begs to say that although his price may seem a little higher in quotation than some others, when ladies take into consideration what they receive for their money, it will be found cheaper to buy their work at this establishment.

T. E. M. also begs to say that he will continue as a system of business, his sale of Magic Photographs for 50cts. each, both for ladies and gentlemen, which gives the purchaser each time a present varying from 50cts to $100.

Perfumes, Cosmetiques, Combs, Brushes, and all Toilet Goods in endless variety.

T. E. MOORE,

Oct. 28, 1874. 3367

Furniture.

GREAT

DISCOUNT SALE

—OF—

FURNITURE.

Before removing to our new Warerooms, 85 Sparks-st., we will offer our present large stock of Plain and Fancy Furniture at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

ANGUS & CO., 38 SPARKS-ST.

Dec. 14, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

☞ SMALL ADVANCE ON COST. ☜

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND OR WEST OF CONNOR-ST.

May 2, 1874. 3587

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTURERS,

☞ 60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

Miscellaneous.

S. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

☞ Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape Hat-bands, Scarfs, &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS, 6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa.

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The Bazar is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—Boston Traveller.

The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates, in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patrons for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

Harper's Bazar, one year $4 00

$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The seven numbers of Harper's Bazar, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."—"The Best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY. ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The Weekly is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the Weekly is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The Weekly maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations are often corroborative arguments of no small force.—N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle.

Its papers on existent questions and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—Pittsburg Commercial.

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

Harper's Weekly, one year $4 00

$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publisher.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete set, comprising Eighteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express orders of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

☞ SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co., Cincinnati, O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N.J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y., &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE.................70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3840y

Hardware.

GOLDEN LIGHT ARGAND

MOORE BROS'.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS.,

Desire to call attention to the GOLDEN LIGHT, or ARGAND Self-Feeding Stove, with ILLUMINATED BASE ANTI CLINKER-GRATE. This is the newest and

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL STOVE IN USE.

☞ The American Base, Gurney Base, Morning Star and other leading self-feeding Stoves on hand. Cook Stoves for wood or coal; also Box and Parlor Stoves for wood.

Particular attention given to setting up stoves and jobbing of all kinds.

Sept. 16, 1874. 3673

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES.

J. T. MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces. ☞ Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Just Received 300 Barrels Best American

KEROSENE OIL,

Warranted Non-Explosive and Free from Smell,

C. S. SHAW & CO. SUSSEX-ST.

Dec. 14, 1874.

N.B.—Our Vans call at every house in the city daily.

Grocers.

CHRISTMAS CARD.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS.

Thanking their numerous friends and customers for the patronage bestowed upon them since commencing business, would remind them that being in a position (through purchasing their Goods previous to advance in woolesale markets) to sell cheap, they will offer to them during the Holidays, value in quality and cheapness that cannot be surpassed in the city, viz.:

OLD PRICES.		NEW PRICES.	
3 lbs. Raisins	50cts	3 lbs. Raisins	30cts
3 lbs. Currants	27cts	3 lbs. Currants	20cts
Orange Peel	35cts	Orange Peel	25cts
Lemon Peel	35cts	Lemon Peel	25cts
Sultana Raisins	17cts	Sultana Raisins	13cts
Figs in layers	50cts	Figs in layers	35cts
Mixed Spices	60cts	Mixed Spices	40cts

Dec. 21st, 1874.

SOMETHING NEW

To Economical Housekeepers!

Use the British Egg and Butter Powder!

A Perfect Substitute for Eggs! A Great Saving in Butter!

FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.

Agents for Ottawa—

CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.

3 and 4 Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3m

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

SAPOLIO,

For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.

HAND SAPOLIO,

For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artizans and mechanics.

Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.

Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

CHRISTMAS COMES BUT ONCE A YEAR.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE

Beg to inform their many customers and the citizens of Ottawa generally, that they are now prepared to sell

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST

For cash during the holidays,

Fancy China Tea Setts, Crockery, Glassware and Presents of all Kinds.

A full stock of

GROCERIES AND SMALLWARES

Of all kinds for the holidays. Call early and select your goods.

All orders will receive prompt attention.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Streets

Dec. 24, 1874.

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES! Restore your Sight! THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES, By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., P. O. Box 957, No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

[First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender 738 Broadway, New York

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer [Trade Mark secured] Montreal.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874. 3839

Books & Stationery.

SACRED MUSIC BOOKS FOR 1875.

RIVER OF LIFE.

(35 cts.) A most beautiful Sunday School Book. H. S. Perkins and W. W. Bentley.

LEADER.

[$1.38.] Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

THOMAS'S QUARTETS AND ANTHEMS

[$2 50.] Perfect music of the best class, for Quartet Choirs. J. R. Thomas.

DANKS' ANTHEM SERVICES.

[$2 00.] Anthem music of excellent quality for all the services of the Episcopal Church. H. P. Danks.

PERKINS' ANTHEM BOOK.

[$1 50.] Easy Anthems. Very full, good, and already popular collection. W. O. Perkins.

SONG MONARCH.

[75cts.] For Singing Schools. Not much Sacred Music, but an admirable preparatory course, with a large quantity of secular music for practice. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

All books sent, post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

XMAS 1874.

JUST RECEIVED AT

HENDERSON & Co's.

New and choice assortments suitable for

XMAS AND NEW YEARS' PRESENTS.

Full stocks in following lines, viz.:

Bibles, Church Services and Prayer Books, The Poets, in cloth, Morocco and Ivorine, Albums, in Morocco, Mother of Pearl and Inlaid, Writing desks, very choice, Christmas Stationery and Cards, Illuminated Texts, Mottoes and Chromos.

THE ANNUALS.

Juvenile Toy and Illustrated Books,

Miscellaneous Books,

Staple and Fancy Stationery.

Inspection invited at

HENDERSON & Co's., 29 Sparks street.

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa. Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash. The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 28, 1874.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874-5.

THOS. PATTERSON,

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

THOS. PATTERSON.

Dec. 24-1874.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 36 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Aug. 1, 1874. 3494

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT Dr. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, F.R.S.E., M.R.I.A., F.C.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success.

☞ TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN.

Dec. 6, 1874. 3711ml

Ladies' Ware,

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens, Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYANS, 234 Wellington-St.

Dec. 5, 1874. 3697

Dry Goods.

LONDON HOUSE

LONDON HOUSE.

CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES!

The balance of our Fancy Goods will be Cleared Off

AT A GREAT REDUCTION, in order to make room for SPRING GOODS.

White Fur Jackets at Very Low Prices!

Grebe and other Sets of Fur at Holiday Prices.

Evening Silks and Gloves to match, at very low prices. Evening Dresses made to order in the latest styles, with neatness and despatch.

HANEY & FORGIE.

[284 & 286 WELLINGTON-ST., OPPOSITE E. McGILLIVRAY'S, OTTAWA.

Dec. 23, 1874. 3678

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING TAILORING.

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $21.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $5.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, fr $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $12 50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward.

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

☞ 55 SPARKS STREET. ☜

Nov. 11, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Begs to inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a first-class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

At the premises adjoining Mr. I. B. Taylor's Printing Office,

29 Rideau Street.

...stock of Cloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Meltons, Fancy Vestings, &c., is unequalled in the city.

SPECIAL FEATURE—A good fit guaranteed or no sale.

☞ All Goods Warranted Shrunk. ☜

Feb. 18, 1874.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON, Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debts without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1860, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

AGENCY OF Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works,

OHIO SANDSTONE

Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings.

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones, Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

☞ The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Colored Marbles of new and choice designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Enamelled or Plain and Mounted.

June 18, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—The last regular meeting of the old board will be held in the City Hall to-morrow night. A good deal of business has to be transacted in order to wind up the business of the last year.

PUBLIC HOLIDAY.—To-day being Epiphany will be observed as a holiday in the Government Offices, and appropriate Services will be held in the various church of England and Roman Catholic churches of the city.

CITY COUNCIL.—There having been no regular meeting of the old Council on last Monday night to finish up the business of the past year, a special meeting for that purpose has been called for Monday next, the 11th inst., at 7 p. m.

THE ADDRESS TO J. J. JOHNSON, ESQ.—The engraving and illuminating of this address which are so much admired, were executed by Mr. Brymner, junior, a young but promising draughtsman of the Department of Public Works.

REFORM MEETING.—A meeting of the Reform Association will take place in its Hall, Elgin street, this evening, at 7½ o'clock, sharp. A large attendance is requested, as very important business will engage the attention of the meeting.

BOARD OF TRADE.—The regular annual meeting of the Board of Trade will be held in the City Hall to-morrow (Thursday) night at 7 o'clock. The election of office-bearers for the current year and other business will engage the attention of its members.

PERSONAL.—Alderman Loranger, Chairman of the Fire and Light Committee, Montreal, was in the city yesterday. In company with the Chief of the Fire Brigade and Ald. Christie of the Fire and Light Committee, Mr. Loranger visited the George Street Station, and inspected the two steam fire engines.

RUNAWAY.—A furious runaway occurred on Sussex street yesterday afternoon. A horse attached to a cutter got frightened at something, and making a sudden jump broke clean away from the vehicle and proceeded along Sussex street over the Sappers' Bridge at a tremendous pace, dragging only the shafts after him. When he was captured is not known.

EARLY CHICKENS.—A resident of Sandy Hill is the lucky possessor of a hen that hatched a brood of chickens on New Year's Day. Let those who delight in the ears of poultry beat this if they can. This hen has been cooped in the gentleman's cellar since winter has set in. The climate must be somewhat more salubrious in that cellar than is usual in such places.

SABBATH SCHOOL FESTIVAL.—A very pleasing entertainment took place in the Rink Music Hall last night. The festival was for the benefit of the Sabbath School children of Christ Church and was a great success. The band of the Ottawa Garrison was present and played a number of fine selections, which were duly appreciated by the large audience assembled on the occasion.

MARRYING IN HASTE.—Some people say there is no use of processions and outside demonstrations, but the same cannot be said of the one lately given to our Local member. On that occasion—only two weeks ago—a young couple saw each other for the first time, and it was a clear case of mutual love at first sight. They were married before the old year died. We wish them all the connubial happiness and success that their pluck deserves.

GOWAN'S OPERA HOUSE.—The Sappho Opera Bouffe and Burlesque Company make their first appearance in Ottawa this evening in Gowan's Opera House. The Montreal press speaks in the most flattering terms of this talented troupe of artists. Sappho has been the reigning attraction for the past two weeks at the Theatre Royal, Montreal, where she has been pronounced the "Genus of Burlesque." The piece to be produced to-night is "Prince Amable," or, "Harlequin Jack Horner." The performance will conclude with the "Wizard Pantomime."

FIRE FIEND ARRESTED.—Collector Martin Battle, of the Inland Revenue Department, has, in all human probability, been the means of saving the lives and property of many citizens by an important seizure of a large quantity of American oil, brought into the market by a leading oil firm in this city, the oil being warranted to the said firm to stand a test of 110, but on being tried by our officials is found to be as explosive as gunpowder, only standing a test of 86. Our people ought to be very careful what oil they burn, as there is a great amount of explosive American oil in the market at present. We are informed, on good authority, that unprincipled smuggling traders bring over their fiery trash, empty it into Canadian barrels and put it on the market in that way; but as our officials are on the alert for those men their fiendish designs will be, to a great extent, frustrated.

A GOOD ONE ABOUT A RAT.—A worthy residenter of Lower Town was lately very much troubled with the depredations of a numerous colony of rats. Some of the household having caught one of the "varmint" alive, hit upon the novel idea of attaching a bell to his ratship's tail, and sending him forth to warn his neighbours. The bell, not a very large one of course, was tied on with a bit of wire, and the rat told to go. He didn't wait to say that he did not understand English, but he went. And then the fun began. For more than a month the house was made musical with that "bell, bell, bell," as it jingled on the poor rat's "tail, tail, tail," as it wandered round the house. But at last there was silence, and the bell was heard no more. It was thought that the rat had grown weary of the music and had given up the ghost. But no such thing. One evening as the family sat enjoying their rest after the day's toil, Mr. Rat walked unannounced into their midst. No tinkle of the bell announced the distinguished arrival, for, lo, he had "left his tail behind him," like little Bo-Peeps sheep. Whether a friendly rat had gnawed off his tail, or whether the wire had gradually cut it off was not easily conjectured; but after this triumphant visit he was again caught, and the romance of his life was ended.

PRESENTATION.—On Saturday last the members of the band of the Governor General's Foot Guards presented Mr. Robert Connor with a beautiful silver-mounted meershaum pipe, prior to his departure from this country for England. Mr. Carter, the bandmaster, in making the presentation, said:—"Mr. Robert Connor,—The members of the band of the Governor-General's Foot Guards, having heard with deep regret that you are about to leave us, take this opportunity of presenting you with this pipe as a slight token of the esteem and respect that you are held in by the members of the band. We feel sorry that your stay with us as a member of our band has not been of a long duration, but during the time that you have been with us you have gained the good will and respect of every member of our band." Mr. Connor was taken by surprise, and replied in a few words, thanking the members of the band for the beautiful present he had just received. The following inscription is on the pipe: "Presented to Mr. Robert Connor by the band of the G. G. F. G., January, 1875." We may state that Mr. Connor, who was for a considerable number of years Band Sergeant of the 46th Foot, and served with his regiment in India, for which he carries three medals, returns to England on account of his health, the climate of Canada not agreeing with him after his being inured to the tropical heats of India. Mr. Connor is a first-class musician, and though only here for a very short period, has earned the esteem of all his fellow-members.

DRILL PAY.—The Ottawa Garrison Artillery mustered in great strength last night at the Drill Shed, to receive their annual pay.

DECLARATION DAY.—The City Clerk as Chief Returning Officer will at noon to-day declare those who are elected to the offices of Mayor, Aldermen and Water Commissioners for the current year.

HEALTH INSPECTION.—Dr. Lynn, Medical Health Officer, was engaged yesterday in visiting the various slaughter houses in and around the city. The resul of his enquiries in this direction will shortly be presented to the corporation.

ST. PATRICK'S ASYLUM.—At a meeting of the council of the St. Patrick's Asylum, held last evening, the following gentlemen were elected officers for the year 1875, viz.:—President, J. O'Connor; Vice do., Wm. McCaffrey; Treasurer, Wm. Wall; Secretary, Richd. Devlin.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—The managers of this society met last night, and gave directions to the Covener of the Charitable Committee to relieve a number of urgent cases of destitution. The benefit of our benevolent societies, especially in the winter season, is apparent, and brings relief to many suffering families.

RUSSELL ELECTION.—Dr. Ferguson addressed a meeting of the electors on Monday evening at Billing's Bridge. It being the day of the municipal elections, a great many availed themselves of the opportunity of hearing what the Dr. had to say, and from what can be gathered from those who were there, the gentleman made a very favourable impression upon his hearers, all of them going away well pleased that they had enjoyed the opportunity of hearing their candidate express his views on the questions of the day.

WEEK OF PRAYER.—The devotional exercises, under the auspices of the Ottawa branch of the Evangelical Alliance, will be held this (Wednesday) evening in Bank Street Church. Addresses will be delivered by the Revs. J. G. Sanderson, D. M. Gordon, and W. J. Hunter. The meeting in Lower Town will take place in Daly Street Presbyterian Church. Addresses will be delivered by the Revs. Jos. Young, M. Ami, and Wm. Hall. A collection is taken up at the close of each service. A union prayer meeting takes place in the afternoon at the rooms of the Y. M. C. Association.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The Retiring Trustees.

This day week the public school ratepayers will be called upon to choose whom they will entrust with the care of the public schools of the city for the ensuing year. The men whose turn it is to retire this year have been mainly instrumental in bringing our school affairs to their existing satisfactory state. Should they seek re-election, it is possible that no objection will be offered to their unanimous return. In the matter of school accommodation and in respect of the character of the teachers employed, our schools have attained a position that is greatly envied by the other cities of the Province of Ontario.

VICTORIA WARD.

The retiring trustee in this Ward is Mr. E. H. Bronson, who, should he consent to be re-nominated, will doubtless be elected by acclamation.

WELLINGTON WARD.

In this Ward, Mr. E. C. Barber is the representative who has to appeal to public opinion for a renewal of confidence for the ensuing term. Mr. Barber has been very assiduous in the discharge of his duties, particularly in connection with the financial business of the Board, where his experience has proved of invaluable service. No opposition will likely be offered to his re-election.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

Mr. J. P. Robertson is the retiring trustee for St. George's Ward. His long connection with educational affairs, and his experience as a public school teacher, have enabled him to be of great service at the Board, and the chances are that should he seek re-election, he will be unanimously returned.

BY WARD.

In this Ward Mr. A. H. Taylor will doubtless be unopposed. His painstaking attention to school affairs during the past term is sufficient to commend him to the electors of By Ward for re-election.

OTTAWA WARD.

The worthy and indefatigable Chairman of the Board, Mr. Hiram Robertson, has to bow to the will of his constituents next week, but this will be merely formal, for the services of one who has done so much for our public schools becomes indispensable. Mr. Robinson will doubtless be unanimously returned to represent Ottawa Ward at the Public School Board for the ensuing term.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

UNION HOUSE.—A Rajotte, Mrs J R Tupper, Miss Murphy, Aylmer; E B Lord, Randay, Vt; D G Burton, G Watson, P McCulky, Cumberland; A Chapman, R Carswell, R C Miles, Renfrew; Mrs J Foran, Miss L Foran, H Foran, Aylmer Road; Jas Conn, P Fanning, Ashton; P Ryan, J Ryan, J Burns, P Ryan, jr., Perth; W Freeman, Loughboro; E McConnell, Hull; A H Wood, Ogdensburg; C L'Esperance, Quebec; S J Wright, Mallan, N Y; Mrs Egerton, Prescott; A McLean, Pendleton; J L Surtranb, F Ling, B Seaton, Ogdensburg; J Halfpenny, Pembroke; W Barclay, Arnprior; J Wilburg, Pembroke; C Handcock, J S Wait, City.

DANIELS' HOTEL.—Alfred Robertson, Prescott; Nethemiah Brown, Prescott; Conrad Tomlinson, Chicago; R. H. Conroy, Aylmer; David McLaren, Wakefield; T Wells, Wakefield; Miss McLaren, Wakefield; Mrs Gresson, Wakefield; F W Church, Aylmer; Thomas Rentick, Pakenham; Rev J Bennett, Almonte; Miss Watson, Perth; T James, East Templeton; S West, Montreal; H K Egan, Aylmer; W H Simmons, Buffalo, N Y; George H Bouchette, Quebec; P Thomas, Montreal; A B West, Brockville.

RUSSELL HOUSE.—A. H. Crail, Jon. Stephens, H. B. Picken, J. W. McGaurron, Frank Gillert, Frank Moberly and wife, H. G. Leretus, Mr. J. Worthington, J. G. Miller, Wm Brock Lane, Dr McFee, C Roberts, Victoria, B. C.; H McFarlane, Stratford; John Amy, Portage du Fort, Wm Caldwell, Lanark; N. Robertson, Arnprior; Francis J Lynch, T Stewart, Belfast; George H McKenny, Brockville; Charles Mohr, Mohrsville; John Usborne, Arnprior.

POLICE COURT.

Before M. O'Gara, P.M.

TUESDAY, Jan, 5.

John Brown arraigned for a breach of the peace at the By Ward Poll, was fined $2 and costs.

George Reilly charged with being drunk and disorderly, was sent to jail for a week.

Wm. Browning charged with vagrancy around the Russell House, was discharged.

Henry Labelle was charged with selling liquor without license. It transpired, however, that the accused had only removed from one premises to another, and he was accordingly discharged.

Robert Leach was up for abusive language, but was dismissed on payment of costs.

Richard McCastlin was charged with vagrancy, but his case was adjourned for a week.

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. ; 3732.

For Christmas and New Year's presents go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724-tf.

Commercial.

GOLD IN NEW YORK - - - 112¼

Montreal Markets.

MONTREAL, Jan. 5.

Flour—Receipts, 3,900 brls; sales, 5,200 brls; market quiet. Prices without change. The only sales this morning were 200 strong bakers' at $4.75 to $4.80. On Thursday afternoon 10,000 city bags changed hands, deliverable all in January and February, at $2.37½ to $2.40.

Stocks here this forenoon: Wheat, 223,000 bush; oats, 7,000 bush; corn, 30,000 bush; flour, 69,000 brls; peas, 42,000 bush. In other grains nothing doing.

Provisions—Quiet and unchanged.

Ashes—Pots quiet; $5.85 to $5.90 for firsts; pearls heavy at $6.92½ for firsts.

Dressed Hogs—Market quiet; 1 car, 210 lbs., avg. sold at $8.25; 1 car, 250 lbs., at $8.50.

Toronto Markets.

TORONTO, Jan. 5, 1875.

BARLEY—Market continues inactive. There is some enquiry for No. 1 and No. 2, but buyers are not prepared to pay into rates, and are asking a reduction. No change to note in American markets.

WHEAT—Quiet. Car loads of No. 1 spring sold at 92c. f. o. c. Nothing doing in fall wheat.

PEAS—Quiet, worth about 75c. in store.

OATS—Worth 42c. to 42½c. in store.

FLOUR—Very dull, and in buyers' favour. Spring, extra, nominally worth $4; fancy, $4.20; and extra, $4.35

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5th.

Flour unchanged; wheat fair, demand lower, closing steady, No. 1 spring, 93c bid; No. 2 do., 89½c cash; 90¾c Feb.; No. 3 do., 84c; rejected 77c. Corn quiet and weak; No. 2 middling old, 69c; new, 65⅞c to 65¾c cash; 66¼c February; 71⅞c May; rejected, 60¾c to 61c. Oats quiet and unchanged. Rye dull; No. 2, 96¼c to 97c. Barley dull and declining; No. 2 spring, 122½c to 127c; No. 3 do., 110c to 116c. Dressed hogs were in fair demand and lower, at 800c and 815c. Pork was dull and declining, at $18.75 cash; $19.00 February. Lard was steady, at $13.20 cash; $13.38 February. Bulk meats were steady and unchanged. Whiskey was dull and declining, at 95c on the call of the Board.

London Markets.

LONDON, Jan. 5.

Consols for money 92 to 92¼, and for new account 92⅞ to 92¼. Bonds, new fives, 103¼; Erie, 27 to 27¼; Do. preferred, 48.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 5.

The Cotton market has an upward tendency. Middling uplands, 7⅞ to 7⅞. Sales 14,000 bales, including 2,000 for speculation export receipts; Wheat during the past week were 72,900 quarters at which 42,000 were American.

English Grain Trade.

The *Economist* of the 19th ult. reviews the "state of the corn trade" during the preceding week as follows:—

"The winter-like weather that prevailed during the week tending to check vegetation, and causing some interruption of field work, was calculated to give a firm tone to the trade generally, and to assist prices, especially those of feeding stuffs. A want of animation, moreover, still prevails, and any appreciable improvement in value is prevented by the restricted demand. The best qualities of old wheat, both English and foreign, meet inquiry, and being scarce have realized slightly enhanced rates; but fair to good sorts of new are no dearer, whilst the commoner grades have in some of the country markets given way 6d. to 1s. per qr., when sales have been pressed.

At Mark Lane the variations have been very slight. Supplies of home-grown wheat show by the last official returns a small increase on those of the previous week, as also do the imports of foreign, but the quantity on offer was still only moderate. Owing mainly to the continued light arrivals the quantity of wheat on passage has further increased to 1,750,000, or 333 cargoes, against 328 cargoes last year. From the continent of America the advices to hand this week do not contain anything to alter opinions with regard to future shipments. The flour trade remains very quiet, but the few transactions that have taken place have been at steady rates. Malting barley firmly upholds its value, although the demand has somewhat abated. Grinding descriptions are a very dull sale, the large quantity on the way, 412,400 qrs., enhancing to keep the market in check. Quotations are not lowered, and the weather tends to cause a firm feeling among holders, but the tone is decidedly dull. Beans, from scarcity, obtain extreme prices, but from the same cause purchases are upon a very limited scale. Peas meet a good demand, Canadian more particularly, and these tend upwards in value. There have been good arrivals of oats this week, and some further steamer cargoes expected. Buyers have, in consequence, operated with some degree of caution, and 3d to 6d per or less has in some cases been accepted for ex ship parcels. Maize on the spot is firm, with a quiet market.

DIED.

At Ottawa, on the morning of the 5th inst., at Dr. Wood's Infirmary, Maria street, George Stymest, Esq., of St. John, N.B., Secretary and Treasurer of the St. John Pilot Commissioners.

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3727

Insolvent Act.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

Joseph Merrill Currier, Benjamin Batson, and Thomas Webster Currier, Plaintiffs, versus Alexander Reddick, Defendant.

A Writ of Attachment has issued in this cause.

WM. F. POWELL,
Sheriff of Carleton.

Sheriff's Office, Dec. 30th, 1874. 3731

Steamships.

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:

Cabin $55 to $80 gold, according to accomodations.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, Bowling Green, New York or their Agent.

GOULTHRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

FROM QUEBEC

CIRCASSIAN	3rd	Oct.
POLYNESIAN	10th	"
SCANDINAVIAN	17th	"
HIBERNIAN	24th	"
PERUVIAN	31st	"
SARMATIAN	7th	Nov.

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC.

CABIN....$70 to $80 | STEERAGE........$25

The Steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to sail from Quebec on or about every Thursday throughout the season

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC.

CABIN........$60 | INTERMEDIATE...$40

STEERAGE......$24

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa July 22 1873.

Railways.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.30 a.m.	4.15 p.m.
Ottawa	10.40 a.m.,	5.00 p.m.
Renfrew	9.40 a.m.,	4.15 p.m.

ARRIVE.

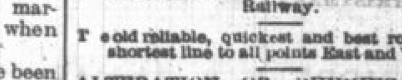
Ottawa	1.10 p.m.,	7.40 p.m.
Renfrew	2.10 p.m.,	8.35 p.m.
Brockville	2.10 p.m.,	8.35 p.m.

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.

Brockville, Dec. 7, 1874.



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.
And acceleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874,
Trains will run daily, as follows:—
GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.35 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.02 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.35 P.M.
8 Express	10 45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

Dec 15, 1874.

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

PAPER RULER, AND

Account Book Manufacturer,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Ruling, Perforating, Numbering

—AND—

GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.

All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.

Aug. 12. 3009y

Houses to Let.

TO SELL OR RENT.

The house and grounds lately occupied by Mr. Spragge, just outside the city limits, on the Richmond Road. The house and grounds can be divided, the former making two complete dwellings, if required, with every convenience, and ample room in each for a large family. Terms of sale or rental, moderate.

Apply to
WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK:

Dec. 7, 1874. 3712-tf

FURNISHED ROOM.—To let, a very comfortable and well furnished room, with or without board, for lady and gentleman or gentleman only, on O'Connor-st., within three minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. Address F., TIMES Office.
Oct. 6, 1874.

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established

AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the Spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEMIEUX,
Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.

Nov. 6, 1873.

Legal Notices.

D. R. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.

H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants.

Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 laws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next Session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company. The object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-2awk2m

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario for an Act to amend an Act passed by the said Legislative Assembly in the thirty-first year of Her Majesty's reign, and intituled: "An Act to incorporate the Temporal Committee of St. Andrew's Church, in the City of Ottawa, in connection with the Church of Scotland, and to vest certain property in said Temporal Committee," to enable said Temporal Committee to mortgage the Lot commonly known as the Glebe Lot, and to sell a part thereof, and to issue Debentures and otherwise to amend said last mentioned act.

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Solicitors for Applicant.

Oct. 30, 1874. 3681tf

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Walford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnston, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the City of Toronto, as Solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt become absolute and indefeasible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.

(Sd.), GEO. S. HOLMESTED,
Referee of Titles.

3715-3w-lawk

Government Notices

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector MacLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 100 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,543 feet, and of No. 3, 9,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by, this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Saturday, 12th day of December, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 54th and 54th sections of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 6 and intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, And it is hereby Ordered, that the Town of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec, be an Out Port of Customs be and is hereby constituted a Port of Entry and a warehousing Port, the same to take effect from the first day of January next.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.

3735

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Friday, 18th day of December, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas, by Order of the Council of the 7th day of June, 1871, it is directed that sworn declarations and machinists' certificates be in all cases required preliminary to the admission free of duty, of machinery not manufactured in the Dominion for use in Canadian manufactures, and whereas, by the Act 37 Vic., chap. 6, the same machinery is made subject to an *ad valorem* duty of ten per cent., to take effect on the first day of January next, and whereas it is desirable to simplify the practice of the Customs in such cases,—due regard being had to the security of the revenue.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. Minister of Customs, and under the provision of the 125th section of the Act 31 Vic., chap. 6, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the first day of January next, the said Order in Council be, and the same is hereby rescinded, and that Collectors of Customs be, and they are hereby authorized and instructed to accept entry of such machinery on and after that date at ten per cent. duty *ad valorem*, requiring the following affidavit to be filled in each case, and a copy thereof to be attached to the entry.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.

I, A. B., the importer of the following described machinery, viz.:—(here a full description of each machine, giving name of maker and use to which it is to be applied, shall be inserted) do solemnly swear, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, no machine such as that above described, is manufactured in Canada, and that the same is imported for use in the manufactory of which I am the (proprietor or one of the proprietors, or legally authorized agent,) and that the same is not to be offered for sale.

Sworn to before me at on the
day of 187 . 26-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1875.

AUTHORIZED discount on American invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00, and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists.

Machinery.

VICTORIA FOUNDRY;

EXTENSION OF THE WORKS!

THE subscribers, in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on them since the opening of the Victoria Foundry and Machine Shops, and the commencement of their business in the city of Ottawa, now upwards of twenty years ago, beg to inform

MILL OWNERS, MACHINISTS, AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY

That they have recently

Extended their Foundry and Work-Shops,

And added to their Machinery and Tools some of the largest

Iron Planers and Turning Lathes

To be found in any similar establishment in the Dominion, as well as a

Powerful Steam Hammer and Bolt Heading Machine.

Also, they have secured the services of

Mr. ALEXANDER HENDERSON,

So long and favourably known as FOREMAN in the General Machinery Department of the JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, of Oshawa, and are now prepared to furnish heavy forgings and manufacture

Steam Engines and Boilers

Of all sizes and descriptions; likewise

Factory,
Grist, and
Saw Mill
MACHINERY!

For which they have an almost unrivalled stock of modern and improved patterns.

They are now making preparations for the Manufacture of, and soon will be in a position to supply the market with

PRINTING PRESSES!

Comprising three sizes of the celebrated

Gordon, Washington and Wharfdale Machines;

Small, Improved

ENGINES for PRINTING OFFICES.

Shingle Machines, and
Shingle Jointers,
Leather Splitters,
Knife Grinders,
Hydraulic Pumps,
Steam Pumps on the "Cameron" and "Blake" Principles,

together with all kinds of Pumping Machinery for cities, towns and villages; and Iron Bridges, for which plans and specifications can be furnished.

The Subscribers also manufacture the Lamb, Tyler and Leffel WATER WHEELS, with latest improvements on the latter to prevent leakage; and furnish, on short notice, Brass and Iron Castings of all descriptions.

Builders Castings a specialty.

First-class materials, and workmanship guaranteed, and references given as to the satisfactory working of Machinery already supplied to the principal Milling and Manufacturing Establishments in the Ottawa Valley and elsewhere.

N. S. Blasdell & Co.,

Victoria Foundry & Machine Shops,

Chaudiere, Ottawa.

December 28, 1874. 3726-3

Hotels.

THE CLARENDON HOUSE,
OTTAWA,

WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the

Corner of Sussex and George Streets,

within three to five minutes' walk of Post Office and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 1st January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,

One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms

are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms

are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms

are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms

are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my table will be one of the best in Canada.

N. B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.

Dec. 28th, 1874. 3729

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines Spirits, Liquor and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2488

NOTICE

All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co

Feb. 23 1874.

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD

USE THE

Diamond Yeast Cakes

BOARD AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at Mrs. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets.
Oct 10, 1874.

MINERAL WATER.

The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town.

Oct. 27th 1874. 3678-3m

The Canadian Washer

A. R. GILES, Manufacturer, between Butler and Bolton Streets, Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Nov. 18, 1874.

A. R. GILES,

Sir,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Washing Machines, and have used it in my family for some time, and have found it to be a complete success on account of its great facility in working and its durability; and I think it is an article which is quite indispensable to any family.

Yours truly,
JOHN MOREAU.

Publications.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

One Copy	$2
Three Copies	5
Five Copies	8
Ten Copies	15

Postage five cents per copy for three months.

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at the same price.

One extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. Additions to clubs received at club rates.

These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

A generous portion of the WEEKLY HERALD will be appropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Pomology and the management of domestic animals. Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets.

The aim will be to make the WEEKLY HERALD superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

Every number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence, Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

The price of subscription, whenever practicable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting money by mail.

At small Post Offices in the country where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

Advertisements, to a limited number, will be inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD.

Price of the DAILY HERALD, four cents a copy. Annual subscription price, $14, always in advance.

Write the address on letters to the NEW YORK HERALD, in a bold and legible hand, and give the name of each subscriber, of Post Office, County and State so plainly that no errors in mailing papers will be liable to occur.

APPLETON'S

AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publication of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

This work is sold to subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages, fully illustrated with several thousand Wood engravings, and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

Price and Style of Binding.

In extra Cloth, per vol	$5 00
In Library Leather, per vol	6 00
In Half Turkey Morocco, per vol	7 00
In Half Russia, extra gilt, per vol	8 00
In Full Morocco, antique, gilt edges, per vol	10 00
In Full Russia, per vol	10 00

Nine volumes now ready. Succeeding volumes, until completion, will be issued once in two months.

Specimen pages of the American Cyclopædia, showing type, illustrations, etc., will be sent gratis, on application.

First-class canvassing Agents Wanted.

Address the Publishers,

D. APPLETON & Co.,
549 & 551 Broadway, N. Y.

TALMAGE'S PAPER.

THE CHRISTIAN AT WORK.

"THE BEST RELIGIOUS PAPER."

A CHOICE OF

TWO BEAUTIFUL PREMIUMS.

An Illuminated Portfolio of Twelve Gems by Hendschel, each 8¼ x 10½ in., or the superb Chromo, "The Twins," 22x28 in., after Landseer Price $3.25, including postage. No extras of any kind. Without Premium, $3 per annum.

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Liberal commission and exclusive territory. Samples and circulars free. Send Postal Card at once to

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Publisher,

Oct. 23. Box 5105, New York

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

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Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An Extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy: postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

Remedies.

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

Patronized by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Bouquet, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Cosmo and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Ball and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumers Vendors

DATURA TATULA.

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins, Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes, Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-St., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN

Extract from a Letter

Dated 10th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L.S."

To the Proprietors of
Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

July 1874.

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is Morson's PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½, 1 and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, Morson & Son have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,

RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES, Selected, and Shipping orders executed with despatch

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

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Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.

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And all the London Wholesale Houses.

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Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Shapter & Owen.

Hamilton—Winer & Co.

Halifax—Avery Brown & Co.

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbidge & Co., Coleman-st., London.

Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.

Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.

Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Lymans, Clare & Co.

Toronto—Elliot & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Shapter & Owen

Hamilton—Winer & Co.

Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.

Aug 2 1871.

LEA & PERRINS'

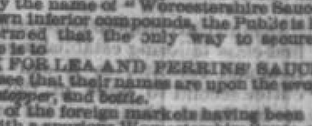
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land

Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice, as the owner is in want of money.

For particulars apply to

JOHN W. MAGUIRE,
21, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester

Or, Ottawa P. O.

Sept. 2, 1874. 2661.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietors, at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3736. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

TEACHER WANTED for School Sec. No. 6 Town line of Cumberland [male or female] holding second or third class certificate. Apply to John McArthur, Secretary Treasurer, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c.
Jan. 6, 1874. 3735-d3wtf

WANTED.
A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O.
Nov. 17.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY. — Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free, Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. y3675d&w.

WORK FOR ALL.
At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & Co. Augusta, Me.

AGENTS WANTED.
Men or women. $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8th st., New York.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $50 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad day or evening; no capital required thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples [that sell for $5] mailed free. Address R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

HELP WANTED.
100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic beautifully illustrated, together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO., Publishers, London, Ont.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women
A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY
from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and a large
J. LATHAM & Co.

Meetings.

REFORM ASSOCIATION.

Provincial Elections.

A meeting of the REFORM ASSOCIATION will be held in the hall of the Association, Elgin street, this

Wednesday Evening,

At 7:30 o'clock, sharp.

A large attendance is requested, as business of importance will occupy the attention of the meeting.
By Order of the VICE-PRESIDENT.
Ottawa, Jan. 6, 1875.

MONTREAL
Telegraph Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Company's Office, in Montreal, on

Thursday, Fourteenth January Next,

At one o'clock, to elect Directors, and generally to transact the business of the Company.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.
For the half year ending 30th November, has been declared upon the Capital Stock, and will be payable at the offices of the Company on and after Thursday, 14th January.
The Transfer Books will be closed from 4th January until after the General Meeting.
By order of the Board.
JAMES DAKERS, Secretary.
Dec. 31, 1874. 3735-5

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.
NOTICE.
The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.
WM. PENNOCK,
J. CURIE,
THO. PATTERSON
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

Tenders.

NOTICE
TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to

Thursday, the 14th of January next,

For the construction of a

BRIDGE OVER THE OTTAWA RIVER,

To connect the Calumet Island with the Village of Byron.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Quebec; at the office of Messrs. Cockburn, Wright & Clemow, Ottawa; at the office of the Registrar for the County of Pontiac, at Byron; and at the office of the undersigned.
Tenderers to give the names of two good and sufficient securities willing to become bound for the due execution of the contract.
The Municipal Council of Calumet Island does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
SIMON McNALLY, Mayor.
Office of the Mn. Council, D Calumet Island, December 29th, 1874. 3730

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
PAPER RULER, AND
Account Book Manufacturer,
RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.
Ruling, Perforating, Numbering
—AND—
GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.
All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.
Aug. 12. 2869y

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 2605.

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1874. 2426

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

BANK OF OTTAWA.
Office—Victoria Buildings, [opposite Western Block of Parliament Buildings.]
This Bank has now opened for the transaction of a general banking business.
P. ROBERTSON, Cashier.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875. 3734-6in.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 24, 1874. 3680-8awky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal.
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. Interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 3, 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3685-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa.
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY.
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HON. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C. McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3667

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c. &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W. H. WALKER. | R. CASSELS, Jr. | P. PENNOCK
July 21, 1874. 2646

J. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitors, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 263 y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
J. B. L. FELLOWS, Q. C., MARTIN O'GARA, | HORACE LAPIERRE, EDWARD P. REMON 2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON, F. H. CHRYSLER.
June 3, 1872.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3258-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 28, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, . . MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2362-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1874. 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2556-8m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester.
Consultations at all hours. 2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st. 2722y.

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.
Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.
N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.
BROWNLEE & CO
March 13, 1874. 2918y

Insurance.

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.
(FIRE AND LIFE.)
Authorized Capital . . $5,000,000
Subscribed to Date . . $2,000,000
LOCAL DIRECTORS:
RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Line.
O'CONNOR & WALLER . . AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.
All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.
The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.
O'CONNOR & WALLER.
Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-12m

ROYAL CANADIAN
INSURANCE CO.
FIRE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.
Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.
ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,
AGENT,
36 SPARKS STREET, . . OTTAWA
Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"
CONTINUES TO TAKE
FIRE RISKS
On every description of insurable property,
AT REDUCED RATES.
T. M. CLARK, AGENT,
Corner Sparks and Elgin St
Dec. 18, 1874. 3722 12m

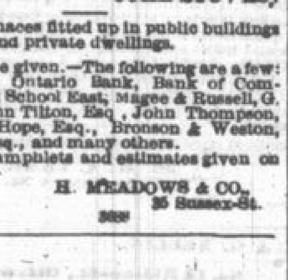
Hardware, &c.

CARD OF THANKS.

I, the undersigned, beg most sincerely to thank my friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon me for the last ten years, but the more particularly for this year of our Lord 1874, and trust by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of past favours. Wishing you all a most happy New Year.
Yours Faithfully,
C. P DORION.
Dec. 31st, 1874. 3732

THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.
For sale by all Oilmen.
Dec. 4, 1874 3710-y

HARDWARE,
HARDWARE.



No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best
Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware
In the city is to be found at
THOS. BIRKETT'S.
N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods he defies competition.
Remember the
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

H. MEADOW'S & CO.,
Have in stock the latest and best
COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!
Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.
City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L. Crannell, Esq., and many others.
Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application
H. MEADOWS & CO., 35 Sussex-St.
Oct. 3, 1874. 3688

OTTAWA
Mills' Supply Agency
OTTAWA ONT.,
No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.
CALDWELL & CO., - - Managers'
Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.
Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.
March 28, 1874.

ASHFIELD'S
EMPORIUM.
Flint Glassware, in plain and fancy, a speciality during the holidays. Those beautiful goods are more durable than cut, and much cheaper. Now in stock, Fruit and Cake Dishes, all sizes; covered Bowls, Preserve Dishes, all sizes; Water Jugs, Wine Glasses of all kinds; Decanters, Goblets, from 90c to $5 per dozen; Glass Setts, 6 pieces, from 75c; Candlesticks, Ba Tumblers, Decanters, Bottles, at special prices, in fact nearly everything required in this line.
Lamps of all kinds, sizes, and prices. Chandeliers, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Crystal Light Burners and goods. A very large stock now on hand. China, Crockery and Earthenware—White Granite Tea Setts, 44 pieces, $3 50; White Granite Chamber Setts, $3.50. Bed Pans, Sick Feeders, Toast Racks, Churns, and a general variety in this line.
Kerosene Oil from the United States. The best in the market at market prices. All goods sold both wholesale and retail. A call is solicited. **Happy New Year to All.** Vases and Figures awfully cheap now.
JAMES ASHFIELD,
Duke Street, Chandiere.

Carpets.

OTTAWA
CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE,
SHOOLBRED & CO.
Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from
Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,
[late Jacques & Hay,] Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.
A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

Amusements.

SAPPHO'S
Opera Bouffe and Burlesque Company.
The appearance of this Company is
Unavoidably Postponed
—UNTIL—
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY NEXT,
January 13, 14 and 15,
On account of sickness of the two principal Artistes.
January 7th, 1875.

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING
Watchmaker and Jeweller.
Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years and will continue the
MANUFACTURING, JEWELLERY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS
in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.
June 20, 1874. W. YOUNG.

N. MARKS,
Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,
36—SPARKS STREET—36
Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine
JEWELLERY,
Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.
A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.
Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,
Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.
Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.
Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.
West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.
MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.
Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory, Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical,	Church, Turret,
Horizontal, Duplex,	Carriage, Chime,
Chronometer, Chronograph,	Dining and Drawing room,
Keyless, CentreSeconds	Hall, Shop,
Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.
FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental ateliers of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.
Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.
Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.
Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.
Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.
Jan. 17 1874. 3457-1wty

Mails.

POSTOFFICE OTTAWA,
Arrival and Departure of Trains.
All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1874

Delivered	Mails	Close
[illegible]	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc., by Railway	[illegible]
[illegible]	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich. British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	[illegible]
[illegible]	United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]
[illegible]	New York, through mail	[illegible]
[illegible]	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]
[illegible]	North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]
[illegible]	Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]
[illegible]	Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]
[illegible]	Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]
[illegible]	The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]
[illegible]	Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]
[illegible]	Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]
[illegible]	Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Templeton	[illegible]
[illegible]	New Edinburgh	[illegible]
[illegible]	Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 10:10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packages the same night.
BRITISH MAILS.
Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12:05 p.m.
A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:55 p. m., in which only registered matter can be sent.
MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland and Newfoundland can be obtained at this Office
POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa Nov. 16 1874.

DR. POMROY,
CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN
May now be consulted in his
ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE
Hours from 10 a.m. until 5 p.m.
Dec. 16 1874. 3712d&w

Summary of News.

Irwin, the hero of the Pacific Mail scandal, is reported better, and the investigation was continued yesterday.

President McMahon has asked the House of Assembly to pass that part of the constitutional laws which relate to the creation of a Second Chamber.

Gen. Sheridan complains of having been threatened with assassination at New Orleans, and from the indignation which has greeted his appearance there, it will not be surprising if an attempt is made to carry the threat into execution.

A judge has been sued in the U. S. courts for $50,000 for false imprisonment. After a fine had been imposed and paid, the judge sent the culprit to prison. Judge Von Brunt has sustained the case, but leaves his brother judge power to appeal.

The preliminaries in the Tilton-Beecher case are not yet all settled, only eight jurors having so far been selected. Out of 500 who have been summoned, it is expected that only 300 will answer to their names when called on. Meanwhile the New Yorkers are impatiently waiting for the actual commencement of the trial.

The Reform Association of this city held a meeting last night for the purpose of considering the nomination of a candidate for the forthcoming Ontario Legislature. No final action was taken, and another meeting is to be held to-night.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

FRANCE.

Message from the President.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—President McMahon sent a message to the Assembly to-day, urgently requesting the following legislation:—First, the passage of the bill creating a Second Chamber; second, provision for the maintenance of the *statu quo* until 1880, in the event of MacMahon's death before the expiration of his term of office; third, that when the Second Chamber is organized, both Chambers decide upon a definite Government to succeed the septennial. The President in the course of the message says: "I have instructed the Government to ask you to place the bill for the creation of a Second Chamber on the order of the day for one of your next meetings. Conservative interests must imperatively demand its adoption. The point relating to the transmission of powers after 1880 must be promptly settled. It ought to be so regulated as to leave to future Assemblies complete liberty to determine the form of Government." After the reading of the President's message, M. Batbie moved that the constitutional bills be placed on the order of the day after the army bill, and that priority of consideration be given to the Second Chamber bill. M. Labaulays, of the Left Centre, demanded priority for the bill on the organizations of the President's powers. M. Chabaud La Tour, Minister of the Interior, energetically supported M. Batbie's motion. The House divided, and Batbie's motion was rejected by a vote of 250 yeas to 420 nays. The majority was composed of all sections of Left Legitimists and Bonapartists. The Assembly subsequently decided without opposition to place the constitutional bills on the order of the day after any bill which will be taken up next Monday.

Excitement in the Assembly.

The sitting to-day was marked by scenes of the greatest excitement. It is rumored that Ministers have tendered their resignations to the president. The crisis is regarded as serious.

Departure of King Alfonso.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—King Alfonso departed this evening on a special train for Marseilles to embark for Spain.

Failure.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—Charles T. Goodwin & Sons, crockery merchants, at 226 Front street, failed to-day. Liabilities are estimated at about $100,000.

Indignation Meeting.

Preparations are making for a public meeting of the citizens of New York to utter the indignant protest of the people without distinction of party, against the military usurpation in Louisiana. Wm. Cullen Bryant is to preside.

Pardon Refused.

BOSTON, Jan. 7.—The Governor and the Estate Counsel, by a unanimous vote, have refused to grant pardon to Spence Pettis, the forger.

Suicide.

A drug clerk named Wetherbee was found dead in his room to-day, from the effects of chloroform, and it is supposed he committed suicide.

A Judge Liable for False Imprisonment.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Judge Van Brunt yesterday, in the suit of Edward Lange against Judge Benedict for $50,000 damages for false imprisonment in vacating sentence of fine as first imposed, and imposing another of imprisonment after the fine had been paid, pending motion to bring demurrer to complaint on the ground that the Judge was not liable in a civil action for damages, notwithstanding he had committed an error. Judge Van Brunt rendered his opinion after careful examination of authorities that a Judge of Court of General Jurisdiction who attempts to enforce judgment which he knows to have been satisfied makes himself liable to an action. Demurrer, therefore must be over ruled, with leave to defendant to answer on payment of costs.

Caught in the Act.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Three burglars, named James Turner, *alias* Cockeye Jake, Joseph Crosby and Charles Smarty, were captured *en flagrante delictu*, at No. 1, Walker street, with $3,000 worth of goods prepared for removal. They had been shadowed by roundsmen, by reins until they got fairly to work when they were pounced upon.

New Clothes.

William M. Tweed made his appearance on New Year's Day in his new prison suit. The color is so dark that it would puzzle an expert to find the traditional stripes.

The Clafferty Murder.

Coroner Croker in Bellevue Hospital yesterday took the ante-mortem deposition of Michael Clafferty, who was stabbed on Friday night by James Brown at 90 Catharine street. Brown kicked down the door of Clafferty's room in a drunken frenzy, and when the occupant resisted Brown stabbed him below the left nipple.

The Pacific Mail Investigation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Irwin is reported as quite well, and he will be brought before the bar of the House immediately after the reading of the journal to-day.

The Beecher Trial.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The examination of jurors was continued to-day with the result of obtaining the fifth sixth and seventh jurors. Up to the hour of adjournment of the court, eight jurors only had been obtained.

Fatal Railroad Crossing Accident.

POKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 6.—As John Cosgrave and E. N. Barringer attempted to cross the railroad track at Barrytown this afternoon with a horse and wagon a passing locomotive struck them, killing Berringer instantly, and terribly injuring Cosgrave, who will die. The horse was also killed.

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732.

THE LOUISIANA EMBROGLIO.

Sheridan Threatened with Assassination.

The Troubles in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 5th.—Jas. Jeffries, a member of the Legislature, has filed a suit in the U. S. Circuit Court against Generals Sheridan and Emery, for $100,000 damages, for ejecting him from his seat in the House of Representatives.

A similar suit was filed by George D. Kelly, who was also ejected.

A large meeting of the Chamber of Commerce this evening adopted a protest against the action of the military in ejecting the members of the Legislature, and pronouncing the statements of Gen. Sheridan to Secretary Belknap as untrue.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The Senate resumed consideration of the resolution submitted yesterday by Mr. Thurman, in regard to the Louisiana trouble. Senator West, of Louisiana, said it was somewhat remarkable that those who thrust this resolution upon the Senate declared they were in possession of all facts about Louisiana, yet they wanted the President to send information to them. He then spoke of the condition of affairs in Louisiana, and quoted from the despatch of General Sheridan to show that it was necessary for the Government to interfere to protect life in that State.

The following telegram was sent to Gen. Sheridan to-day:—

WAR DEPARTMENT, Washinton, D.C., Jan. 6
GEN. P. SHERIDAN, New Orleans,—The President and all of us have full confidence in and throughly approve of your course.
(Signed), W. H. BELKNAP,
Secretary of War.

There is no probability that the President will issue such a proclamation as Gen. Sheridan suggests in his telegram to Secretary Belknap yesterday.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—A Washington special to the *Times* says that the information received by the Government from Louisiana is substantially the same as that telegraphed to the Press, except in one or two particulars. The statement in the Press despatches that the soldiers forcibly ejected from their seats in the Legislative Hall those who had no certificates from the returning board, is not corroborated; but, on the contrary, it is claimed that these members left at the invitation of the military, without any forcible means being employed. It is also believed that the Press despatches which represented De Frobriand, as acting under the orders of Governor Kellogg, are not correct. Those who have sustained the course of the Government most thoroughly in its endeavour to maintain the Kellogg Government, and who believe in the legality of Kellogg's election, and who, like the white leaguers, are tired out with continuous failures, to secure the desired fruits of interference. Kellogg has failed to take advantage of the aid that has been extended to him, and his Government is weaker to-day than even before. Instead of peace being conserved by the Federal election, disturbance and violence have been continually engendered, and the white league and conservative elements launch at the Kellogg Government, and decline to recognize any authority existing in the State except the Federal authority, and whenever this is exhibited they resist it to that extent which shows that their obedience is enforced of necessity. It is felt that the time has come when Congressional action is indispensable to a permanent settlement of the Louisiana embroglio.

State of Affairs in New Orleans.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—A New Orleans special to the *Herald* says Gov. McEnery has good reason to believe that Gen. Sheridan contemplates arresting him to-day, along with Lieut.-Gov. Penn and Gen. Ogder, commander-in chief to the White League, and says if the arrest is based upon or backed up by the civil authority, it will be promptly submitted to. If a strictly military order on Gen. Sheridan's authority, it will be resisted to the last extremity. To the same correspondent Genl. Sheridan stated he had not consulted any citizens before coming to conclusions or taking action. His statements were simply his own impressions. All these troubles are prompted by politicians and for political purposes, and their solution is proposed in his despatch to Secy. Belknap, asking authority to deal with the White League as banditti. He defined his policy as follows:—"If the Government and President will endorse me, I will settle the troubles myself. I know what they are. You cannot have good government in any country where secret armed bands of men exists without putting them down. I propose to do it." When asked if he thought such summary course could be pursued under law, the General replied that there was law for it, he did not call to mind now exactly, but it had been applied before when based upon the President's proclamation.

The Underwriters and Sheridan.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 6.—The board of Underwriters to-day adopted a report censuring the despatch sent hence by Sheridan as wanton, gross and unjustifiable. That the board is established for purely commercial purposes, and the members of the board are law-abiding citizens that earnestly appeal to their northern brethren, to the Congress of the United States, and to their love of liberty and justice to shield us that protection from this present violence and from any wrong and outrage which may follow, which as fellow-citizens of this great country we have a right to demand. A report signed by M. J. Rerch, Archbishop of New Orleans; J. P. Wilner, Bishop of Louisiana; J. Kuthron, pastor of the Temple of Sina; J. C. Kesner, Bishop M. E. C. South Doll, rector St. Joseph's Church, and many others, in which they say:

"We believe it our duty to proclaim to the whole American people that the charges by Gen. Sheridan are unmerited, unfounded and erroneous, and can have no other effect than that of serving the interests of corrupt politicians, who are at this moment making extreme efforts to perpetuate their power over the State of Louisiana."

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan 6.—The following telegram has been sent by General Sheridan to the Secretary of War:

"NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 6, 1875.
"*W. H. Belknap, Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.:*
"The city is very quiet to-day. Some of the banditti made idle threats last night that they would assassinate me because I dared to tell the truth. I am not afraid, and will not be stopped from informing the Government that there are locaiities in this department where the very air has been impregnated with assassination for some years.
(Signed,) P. A. SHERIDAN,
Lieut.-General Commanding."

SHORT, SHARP AND DECISIVE.—Beaudry, the decorator of the new opera house in Paris, was sadly bothered for an idea by which to represent the "music of England" emblematically in his frescoes. He painted finally three little *genii*. One carried the Irish harp, the other the Scotch bagpipes, and the third paid the first two for playing, and tried to look as if he understood the music.

Duffy's 50 cent sale is no bogus affair, but gives genuine satisfaction.

No cheques given at Duffy's 50 cent sale, but all articles delivered on the premises.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(By Telegraph.)

TORONTO.

Reform Meetings—Immigration Returns—Sunday School Festival—The Caledonian Society—Boys' Home—Death in Gaol—Customs Returns—"Grip."

TORONTO, Jan. 6.

A meeting of the Reform Association was held to-night, and was largely attended.

The following statement is from the records at the Immigration Depot here. The numbers were respectively, of those supposed to have remained in Canada—English, 6,697; Irish, 1,528; Scotch, 1,205; German and Norwegian, 156; Icelanders, 252; French, Italians, and others not classified, 655. The arrivals were greatest in May, next after that is June, and in the first four and last two months the numbers were not worth noticing. The total, 10,221 is not so large as that of '73, but the class of people is noted by Mr. Donaldson at the Government station here as very good. The large number of Mennonites who went to Manitoba formed an interesting portion of the immigration. There passed through Toronto, on the Grand Trunk Railway, some 3,000 people of foreign nations on their way to the United States.

Last evening the Christmas festival in connection with the Holy Trinity Sunday School was held in the Temperance Hall, Temperance street. Tea was provided for the scholars and friends present, after which the proceedings of the evening commenced with the scholars singing the chorus "King Christmas," which was very creditably rendered. Several recitations were given, and the Rev. E. Day gave a reading which was heartily applauded. The event of the evening was the distribution of prizes to the scholars. To effect this a large cornucopia, measuring some eight feet in height by three feet and a half in diameter was placed on the platform, and from the top of this horn of plenty a little girl distributed the gifts to the various classes of scholars as their names were called out by the Rev. Mr. Darling. During the evening several songs, choruses, and recitations were rendered with excellent effect, and a most enjoyable evening was spent by all present.

This society held their annual meeting at their rooms in Shaftesbury Hall last evening. Mr. David Walker, President, was in the chair. Mr. Gibbs, Secretary, read the minutes of last meeting, which were adopted. A number of new members were proposed. The election of office-bearers succeeded, which elicited a warm interest; indeed, the meeting was unusually large, and the proceedings characterized by a good deal of animation. The officers elected are Dr. Smith, V. S., President; Ald. John Ritchie, 1st Vice; Mr. James Mossman, 2nd Vice; Malcolm Gibbs, Secretary; W. D. McIntosh, Treasurer, and Messrs. R. H. Ramsay, Wm. Christie, James Forsyth, Thomas Gordon, Malcolm Gibbs, Robert Malcolm, Andrew McIntosh, W. D. McIntosh, R. A. McAllister, James Pringle, Robert Swan, David Walker, Andrew Noble and Wm. Rennie the committee. Mr. Niel Carmichael was named head piper, and James Wilson, Kenneth Miller, Major Shaw and D. Gallow Standard-bearers. The meeting then closed.

Last evening the Music Hall was crowded to its utmost limit by an enthusiastic audience who had assembled to hear from the Reform candidates for the representation of East Toronto in the House of Commons and the Local Legislature an explanation of their views, and from the Hon. Edward Blake an address on the record of the Reform Governments at Ottawa and Toronto. The meeting was most enthusiastic and almost unanimous. Mr. Robert Wilkes, M. P., occupied the chair, and there were present on the platform, among others, Hon. E. Blake, Hon. A. Crooks, Messrs. Moss, M. P., J. O'Donohoe, J. K. Kerr, Ballantyne (Stratford), B. B. Hughes, and Kenneth Mackenzie. During Mr. O'Donohoe's speech, Mr. R. M. Allen went on the platform, amid loud cries of "Turn him out!" and laughter. The business of the meeting the chairman explained was to re-elect Mr. O'Donohoe for East Toronto in the House of Commons, but more particularly to prepare for the coming general election. Mr. Crooks then spoke at considerable length and was followed by Mr. O'Donohoe briefly, after which Hon. Mr. Blake was called on, and was received with loud and prolonged cheers. In a speech lasting two and a half hours, he traced the course of Ontario politics since Confederation, and also dwelt on some of the most important events in the political history of the Dominion during the same period. Mr. Moss expressed his sympathy in the candidature of Mr. O'Donohoe. He regretted to hear that there were even a few claiming to belong to the Liberal party who refused to support Mr. O'Donohoe on account of his being a Roman Catholic. These men were no members of the true Liberal party—of that Liberal party he belonged to, at all events. He hoped every true Reformer would do his best to secure the election of both the Liberal candidates on the 18th of January. The meeting broke up at half-past eleven o'clock in the most enthusiastic manner.

Yesterday a man named Henry Thomas died suddenly in the gaol. An inquest was held by Coroner Riddel, and a verdict "death from apoplexy" returned.

During last month goods to the amount of $8,699.77 were imported into Toronto, and $23,205 were exported. During the corresponding month of 1873, goods to the value of $625,832 were imported and $30,426 exported.

Mr. Thomas Bengough, with whose cartoons in *Grip* the public are already acquainted, has severed his connection with the Toronto daily press, in order to devote himself exclusively to the pursuit of the art in which he has already won no little distinction by the utilization of his remarkable talent for caricature. Henceforward *Grip* will be published by Mr. Bengough himself.

The annual Christmas entertainment of the Boys' Home was held yesterday evening in presence of a large number of the friends and patrons of the institution. The programme was an attractive one, consisting of singing, readings and recitations. Mrs. Munro, the matron, entertained her numerous guests in a most hospitable manner. The clean and tidy appearance of the boys, as well as that of the institution, is creditable to the management. The number of inmates at present is seventy-eight, more than have ever before been in the institution at once, and the number is rapidly increasing; but the number going out is increasing proportionably. Under the able supervision of Miss McCallum, their teacher, the boys are making rapid progress in different branches of education, and they are taught useful household duties by the matron. The financial condition of the institution is satisfactory, and nothing is wanting to make it a complete success.

ARTHUR.

Fatal Accident.

ARTHUR, Jan. 6.

An accident occurred to-day at noon at Fraser Bros'. saw-mill, resulting in the death of one Mr. Metcalf, late contractor. He was delivering logs at the mill when another farmer's team got frightened by the whistle of the mill and ran away. Mr. Metcalf ran in front of them to try to stop them, when the pole struck him on the head. The sleigh, loaded with logs, crushed him to death. An inquest is being held this evening in the Council Chamber.

LONDON.

Dr. Freshman's Funeral—Inland Revenue Returns—A Tie—Seasonable Benevolence—Serious Bereavement.

LONDON, Jan. 6.

The remains of the late Rev. Dr. Freshman were taken to Cincinnati to-day for interment. Previous to their departure a general service was held in the North street Wesleyan Church, where the Rev. Dr. Rice, of Hamilton, engaged in prayer, and the Rev. J. Elliott, of Kingston, delivered an appropriate address. Among those present were his Lordship the Bishop of Huron.

The Inland Revenue receipts of this city in December were $30,939, a considerable increase over the same period last year.

It is likely that the election in No. 3 Ward will be run over again, as the result showed a tie between Messrs. McPhaff and Trebilcock, which the returning officer will not undertake to decide.

The joint committee of the St. George's and St. Andrew's Societies distributed cash and supplies to the poor during Christmas time, amounting in all to about $750.

Another child of Mr. Holmes, of the Great Western Railway, has just succumbed to scarlet fever, making the fifth within a few days. His whole family has been swept away, which has elicited widespread sympathy.

QUEBEC.

A Useful Invention—Serious Accident.

QUEBEC, Jan. 6.

Yesterday a trial was made of Mr. Scott's patent brake and patent coupler, at Point Levis, on the Grand Trunk Railway, in presence of several of the officials of the line. The experiment was in the highest degree successful, the cars being brought up in a very short distance, while they were being impelled at a velocity of about forty miles per hour. The G. T. R. officials expressed themselves extremely well pleased with the invention.

The eldest son of Mr. Henry Fry was knocked down and trampled upon by the horse of a carter in St. Louis Street yesterday, receiving a severe wound on the head from the horse's hoofs.

SARNIA.

Found Dead.

SARNIA, Jan 6.—The lifeless body of a man about sixty years old, well dressed and bearing a respectable appearance, was discovered in a vacant house on Front street, on the outskirts of the town, a few days ago. From papers found in his possession it is inferred that his name is Henry Walters, and he is supposed to have come from the vicinity of Fergus, Ont. A coroner's inquest was held, and a post mortem examination made by Dr. Fraser, and a verdict returned of died of disease of the heart. The following facts were elicited at the inquest, namely, that deceased's hands had been for some time crippled or distorted by rheumatism, and that he came to this place from Detroit, where he had been visiting a daughter named Mrs. Black, his object in coming here being to await the arrival of money which he was expecting. The supposition is that he was taken ill on his way to or from the G. T. R. station at Point Edward, and sought refuge from the severely cold weather which prevailed, in the vacant house alluded to.

MONTREAL.

Board of Trade—Harbour Commissioners—Immigration—Death Rate—Hon. John Young—Stole a March.

MONTREAL, Jan. 6.

At the meeting of the Board of Trade yesterday, the following gentlemen were elected delegates to the Dominion Board: Wm. Carling, Andrew Robertson, Thomas Cramp, Geo. A. Drummond, Thomas White, Jr., John McLennan and H. Shorey.

The members of the Board of Harbour Commissioners met yesterday and re-elected Hon. John Young chairman. Mr. Cramp will act as chairman during the latter's absence.

Mr. C. J. Shiel, who was immigration agent for the Ontario Government in Ireland last year, and who arrived here a few months ago, left to-day for Ontario to see personally how the immigrants which he sent out are getting on, for the purpose of giving information on the matter when he goes back to Ireland, where he will be agent during the coming season. In consequence of the interest taken by Mr. Sheil with regard to the Irish Laborers' Union, both at home and in this country, it is believed that he will send a large number to Canada this year.

There were 120 interments in the city cemeteries during the week ending the 2nd inst. In the Protestant cemetery there were 28 interments. Children under 1 year, 6; from 1 to 5 years, 8; from 5 to 12 years, 5; married men, 4; married women, 5. Died in St. Ann's Ward, 8; St. Antoine, 5; St. Lawrence, 5; St. Lawrence, 2; St. Louis, 1; St. James, 1; St. Mary's 1; East, 3; General Hospital, 1; outside city limits, 5. Born in Scotland, 4; United States, 2; England, 2; Canada, 19.

The Hon. John Young has left for England to examine the *modus operandi* of the various British Harbour Commissions with a view to reorganize that of Montreal, and also if possible to engage a suitable engineer-in-chief to take general charge here. The present engineer, Mr. Nish, will cease his connection with the Board on the 1st of March. Mr. John McCarthy, of Sorel, has been appointed superintendent of shipbuilding and repairs, and Mr. James Howden, mechanical engineer.

The *Herald* calls attention to the fact that not a single French Canadian is elected to represent the local Board of Trade at the meeting of the Dominion Board, and regrets that it should be so. It is well known now that the delegates were nominated for political purposes, and in order to oppose the Reciprocity Treaty should that question come up for discussion. The Liberals were unsuspecting until it was to late.

WEST COAST OF AFRICA.

The Liverpool *Daily Courier* learns from private advices that the trading steamers on the Niger, which have long been subjected to annoyance from the native tribes along the banks, have taken effective measures against one town that was especially troublesome. This is the town of Jababa, about 350 miles up the river, where the people, armed with rifles and small pieces of artillery, have been accustomed to fire upon all the vessels as they passed up and down the Niger. In consequence of these molestations a steamer, whose deck was encased in sheet iron, was brought to an anchor alongside the town, which was bombarded with shot, and the natives driven off. Then rockets were fired into the place, and the huts burned down. This exemplary lesson has had a salutary effect on the country round. Trade in the Niger district is gradually improving and large quantities of ivory, of the value of which people were previously unaware, were being sent down. The native traders of Jella Coffee and Quitta are dissatisfied with the new system of levying duties and making them pay licenses, because the charges are driving trade into the neighbouring French ports, where there are no such imposts. At Bonny trade was quiet and not much doing. Governor Lees was absent from Lagos attending the great palaver of Governor Strahan at Cape Coast Castle; health was fair and trade good. At Sierra Leone the people were anxious to know who would be the new governor; health was not very good.

THE TIMES

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Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50c and deaths with funeral notices attached $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents. When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Tin & Copper Smiths—Moore Bros.
Tailoring—Joseph Dimbleby.
New Books—Henderson & Co.
Bazaar—W. Cousens.
Literary Society—H. P. Hill.
Oysters—Jas. Buchanan.
Postponement—Operatic Co.

The Times.

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JAN. 7, 1875.

THE REFORM ASSOCIATION LAST NIGHT.

Yesterday we seriously feared that the Reform Association was about to do itself and the cause which it pretends to serve a great deal of harm. The conduct of that body at its meeting last evening, however, relieves us of all apprehension on account of Liberal interests. If harm will be done, it is tolerably clear to us that the Association itself will be the chief sufferer. At the meeting last evening, there were several respectable gentlemen including the Mayor of the city. We ask those gentlemen in all earnestness if they think that that meeting was one whose character and conduct comported with propriety? We ask them if they are in earnest when they propose to be governed by the deliberation of such an assemblage? Yesterday we objected to the Reform Association meddling in the matter of choosing a candidate for the Reform Party. We did so because of the want of representative character in that body, and we think that our objection was amply justified by the quality of last evening's meeting. In attempting to do the work of a convention the association is undertaking too much. There was a great deal of talk indulged in last night, a good deal of feeling manifested, and some strong language made use of. There was no room left for misunderstanding on this point, that action in the direction proposed by some of our esteemed friends will cause a division to such an extent as to be utterly ruinous. We again give it as our opinion that better cannot be done than to leave things as they are, and we have strong hope since witnessing the performance of last night and its fruitless conclusion that the end will be non-interference.

We do not ask Reformers to support Mr. O'Donoghue; but it is perfectly clear to us that they may do a great deal worse. That gentleman has the confidence of the Government, which he has earned by his independent conduct in the House, and which fact is sufficient to settle the question of his political character. He is in the field, and in consequence of certain vantage ground which he believes he possesses, he has determined that he will go to the poll. Nor do we see any unreasonableness in this determination of his, since it is nothing more than any one of us would determine upon if we believed, as he does, that we could carry our point. It is for us to decide, then, whether we shall sustain, in Mr. O'Donoghue, an accepted supporter and candidate of the Government, or whether we shall hazard the loss of a Government supporter by placing in the field a candidate in opposition to him. For our own part, we have no hesitation in choosing the former alternative as decidedly the lesser evil of the two. This is clearly a case in which a half loaf is better than none, and in which we can yield with good grace to the strong feeling in favour of Mr. O'Donoghue which was manifested by the unanimous voice of the respectable French and Irish element that shared in the deliberations of the Reform Association last night.

IMPROVED POSTAL FACILITIES.

The progress made by Mr. Macdonald, Postmaster-General, in his policy of extending postal facilities, manifests on his part thorough mastery of the operations of his Department. In the course of a few weeks, on the 1st February we believe, there will be free exchange of mail matter between this country and the United States, which means that letters, &c., mailed in this country for any part of the States, will be subject to only our own postage rate, and *vice versa*. On the 1st July, the money order system will apply to both countries, regardless of national boundary lines, an advantage which the Postmaster General here is prepared to make immediately available, but in consequence of necessary arrangements on the other side is delayed until the 1st July. Another field for improved facilities is pointed out by a correspondent of the Montreal *Herald* in the following letter:—

To the Hon. D. A. Macdonald, Postmaster-General.

SIR,—Allow me to tender you and your colleagues of the Government this public acknowledgment of the great deed you have just accomplished in removing the postal barrier which existed between the United States and Canada. The modest manner and the time of that achievement have made it dearer and grander for our population. What New Year's gift was ever so welcome? And it came precisely as quietly as a twilight visit of Santa Claus! A thousand thanks!

With uniformity of postage and Reciprocity, who would ever think of Annexation?

While in France, last summer, I was annoyed beyond measure at the postal regulations existing between Canada and France. In Canada it was already vexing to pay 10 cents for a letter of half the weight of a letter paying 6 cents to England; but in France we had to pay 20 cents for quarter of an ounce letter to Canada, and in proportion for newspapers. If you could remedy this evil you would, sir, leave long traces of your passage in the the Post Office Department.

CORRESPONDENT.

Montreal, 3rd January, 1875.

This affords us an opportunity of stating that Mr. Macdonald has had under consideration for some time the question of amended postal relations with France. During a residence of some months in France, a couple of years ago the honourable gentleman had some experience of the drawbacks upon correspondence between this country and that, and no sooner had he taken up the subject of postal reform than he determined that if possible something should be done in that direction. The thing cannot, however, be accomplished forthwith; it will probably involve the Postmaster General and his Deputy in a transatlantic trip, which cannot be undertaken for a few months yet.

CLERICAL PERSECUTION IN TORONTO.

The troubles arising from High and Low Church proclivities in the Anglican body in Canada, seem to be a source of much more imminent danger to its unity than the same differences are in England, and the diocese of Toronto appears to suffer more severely from those troubles, and comes nearer their dangers, than any other in Ontario. We have before remarked upon the somewhat disgraceful scene (for a Church Court) which occurred at the last meeting of the Diocesan Synod, but it unfortunately happened that the same elements which combined to cause that scene, came into still more violent contact on the occasion of the recent visitation, and, we are much afraid, with more disastrous effects. We need not here repeat the circumstances referred to, as they have been fully detailed in our columns already. It is really surprising that the Lord Bishop, who is doubtless as solicitous for the peace and unity of the Church as he claims to be, should have thrown such a firebrand into the inflammable material with which he is surrounded as the impeachment of the Dean of Toronto cannot fail to be. The exclusion of the press and public on the occasion was a most suspicious, as it was a most unusual circumstance. His Lordship's visitation address was of itself a very strongly worded document, and to read it, people who did not know better would have thought that the organization known as the Church Association was alone responsible for the dissensions with which the Church is at present so notoriously rent and harrassed, that they alone were the agitators, and that they and they alone were worthy of his pastoral condemnation. We do not care to enter into the intricacies of the discussions and contentions which have culminated so unfortunately for all concerned, but it would be impossible to read his Lordship's address without being very strongly impressed with a suspicion that his sympathy prejudiced his judgment, and that he dealt with the subject much more in the spirit of an ardent advocate, anxiously endeavouring to find one party entirely in the fault and as far as possible excuse the other, than that of a calm, impartial judge, whose only aim was to deal out justice to all and favour to none. Perhaps the Church Association is wrong—perhaps their zeal in the cause of evangelical episcopacy has been somewhat injudicious, and they may have pressed their differences of opinion with their more ritualistic brethren with somewhat of imprudent warmth. But then it is just as likely, and indeed is the well established fact, that the ritualistic party have insisted upon their opinions, have practised and preached their innovations, and have behaved altogether with, to put it mildly, as much imprudence and want of judgment as the others. We do not undertake to decide as to who is right and who is wrong in a disputation based upon laws and regulations which are not necessarily within the region of a secular journalist's knowledge. A neutral on-looker cannot but see, however, that His Lordship himself took that step which it was so desirable that no one in his position should take, and from holding the balance between rival factions, and repressing the extravagances of both with equal severity, he threw his whole weight into the scales with one and against the other. To follow that up by what every one not interested must regard as a partizan persecution, involving a dignitary holding such a high position and such near clerical relations to the Bishop as the Dean, was surely anything but a wise thing to do, and we should fancy that it will go a long way to precipitate that rupture, the very idea of which His Lordship has not for years missed an opportunity of deprecating. So far, the case has a very strong resemblance, in almost every way it can be considered, to the proceedings which culminated in the withdrawal of Dean Cridge, of Victoria, British Columbia, from the pale of the Anglican Communion, and the establishment in the far west of a Reformed Episcopal congregation, which for wealth, influence and numbers has few equals in any denomination in that Province. If Dean Grassett were to go and do likewise, there can be no question that he would be followed, not only by the bulk of his own congregation, among whom he is much beloved and adored, but by a great many of the most prominent Anglican laymen in Toronto. The congregation of St. James' Cathedral, of which the Dean is incumbent, is one of the strongest, and in every respect most influential in the Dominion, and its defection, or the defection of any considerable part of it, would be a serious blow to the Church of England in Canada, as well as an accession of strength to the new movement, which would go far to give it a status equal to that enjoyed by some of our most prominent Protestant denominations.

What is most remarkable in this persecution is that it includes so many laymen. If, however, the proportion of lay to clerical members of the Church Association were maintained in this connection, there would be still fewer clergymen included in the indictment, and a still greater number of laymen. There is a somewhat significant deduction which may be drawn from this—a deduction which we believe to be justifiable by the facts—namely, that the High Church or Ritualistic movement has its origin and derives its strength in the Church courts from clerical sources, while the Evangelical party is the party of the people, and a pretty faithful reflex of popular sentiment. We have seen this attempted to be accounted for variously, but it does appear that the most reasonable and likely explanation yet given was that of a correspondent of a western contemporary lately, who asserted that the entire system of training at Trinity College, Toronto, where a large proportion of the young ministers of the Anglican Church receive their education, has a ritualistic tendency, and is calculated to separate the clergy from the people in their ideas regarding public worship in a very marked degree. What gives colour to this assertion is that in every instance the Provost of Trinity, Dr. Whittaker, is found actively co-operating with the ritualistic party, or, more properly speaking, opposing the Evangelicals, although with a caution and prudence which is in marked distinction to the recent utterances of the bishop.

What the result of this latest development may be, it is difficult to foretell, but it is evident the end is not yet.

PUBLICATIONS.

PRESBYTERIAN YEAR BOOK AND ALMANACK FOR THE DOMINION OF CANADA AND NEWFOUNDLAND. Edited by the Rev. James Cameron, Chatsworth. Toronto: James Campbell & Son. Ottawa: James Hope & Co.

This is probably the most interesting publication of the kind, apart from its special connection with a religious denomination, and certainly the best got up we have seen during the present season. The author, in a happily-worded preface, shadows forth its contents very concisely if somewhat briefly. He remarks, what all will be prepared to admit, that the past and present years will be memorable in the history of Presbyterianism in the Dominion of Canada; and he is probably equally correct in calculating that this was an exceedingly appropriate occasion upon which to begin the publication of a Presbyterian Year Book—a work which he proposes shall be continued from year to year. Of his purpose in compiling the matter it contains, and of the contents themselves, he says:—"The Year Book is intended to be a handy book of reference on all important matters connected with the Presbyterian Churches of British North America; a means, further, of spreading information among Presbyterian people, as to the history, work and prospects of Presbyterianism in this land and in other lands; as a beginning also in the work of collecting statistical, ecclesiastical and historical materials, that may be useful in after times as a contribution to the history of the Presbyterian faith in this section of North America; and as an offering, lastly, from Canada to her sister Presbyterian Churches throughout the world, for the work, already begun, of ascertaining the strength of Presbyterianism in Christendom, of bringing its scattered branches to know each other better and of uniting them in such work as may be common, and possible to both. The Year Book, therefore, contains a calender marked with days famous in Presbyterian Church history; the officers and members of the four churches now negotiating regarding Union; the Presbyterian Colleges in the Dominion, with names of Professors and subjects of study; sketches of the origin and progress of some of our leading Presbyterian Congregations; a glimpse of the branches of the Presbyterian family in other parts of the world; obituaries of Presbyterian Ministers in Canada deceased during the past ecclesiastical year; together with short articles on Presbyterian topics of practical interest, such as Presbyterian Literature in the Dominion, Pastoral Sustentation Fund, Mission Work, and Ecumenical Council of Presbyterian Churches."

A careful examination of the book enables us to say that assuredly no promise contained in the foregoing has fallen short in the fulfilment, but that it is if anything more complete and interesting than the preface would have led us to believe. We find, for example, several important historical reminiscences of the early days of Presbyterianism in Canada, some of which have an attraction, not only because they throw light upon the condition of the country at the remote periods to which they refer, and the self-denial, patience, and perseverance of the pioneers of the Church, but because of the important part which more than one of the laymen interesting themselves in the matter afterwards played in the political history of that critical and somewhat turbulent time. We learn that St. Andrew's Church, Toronto (Little York then), was opened for public worship in 1831, and that the meeting, held the previous year, at which it was resolved to form the congregation, was presided over by Sir Francis (then Mr.) Hincks, and that William Lyon Mackenzie acted as secretary. The annals of Canada may have not a little for which to blame both of these great men, but we make bold to say that the good they did is stamped indelibly upon our public institutions, and for that the unbiased historian will not and cannot refuse to give them their meed of credit. We find, too, that the first pastor of that church was the Rev. Mr. Rintoul, and that he was succeeded by the Rev. T. W. Leach, now Archdeacon of Montreal (Episcopal Church). In this connection it might not be improper to remark that either the Church of England has a very decided preference for converts from Presbyterianism, or else the converts are the cream of the Church they left; at least they frequently attain to great preferment. In addition the Ven. Archdeacon of Montreal, we have had in Canada another notable example in the person of the late Dr. Strahan, Lord Bishop of Toronto; while it is not only a fact that Dr. Tait, Archbishop of Canterbury, and Primate of all England, was in early years a Presbyterian, but some of the more factious churchmen who lay great stress upon the doctrine of apostolic succession, have of late been agitating the question of whether he was ever baptized except into the Presbyterian Church, and whether he was therefore admitted to the visible church according to the apostolic custom. St. Andrew's Church appears to have all along been favoured with eminent pastors, and in its present incumbent, the Rev. D. J. Macdonell, it has one of the most promising and able young men in the Presbyterian Church of Canada. The book teems with equally well written and instructive sketches of other churches, out of which, chiefly because of the remote date to which it reaches back, we select the following:—

TRURO.

"In 1760 or 61, subsequent to the expulsion of the French, the first settlers arrived in Truro. These were originally from Londonderry, Ireland, but latterly from New Hampshire, U.S.

"Eight days after their arrival they selected a spot for the erection of a sanctuary. In 1763 there were about sixty families in and around Truro. In answer to an application to the Associate Presbytery of Glasgow, Scotland, the Rev. Mr. Kinloch was sent out—received a call—declined it—returned to Scotland, and settled in Paisley. This was the first Presbyterian call ever given in Nova Scotia. In 1767 the Rev. Daniel Cock, of Cartsdyke, on the Clyde, was appointed to visit Truro. This appointment he was unable to fulfil until 1769, in the fall of which year Mr. Cock arrived in Truro. After laboring a year he was called to the pastoral charge of the congregation in 1770, in which year (Sept. 1) the first Session was elected—stipend £60 for two years, £70 next two, and £80 thereafter, one-half cash and one-half produce. Mr. Cock was for various reasons not settled till 1772. On the 2nd of Aug., 1786, the first Presbytery was constituted at Truro, seven additional ministers having arrived from Scotland. *Sederunt* Messrs. Cock, Graham, McGregor, Smith and Gilmore, ministers, and John Johnston and John Barnhill, elders. In 1798 Mr. Cock obtained a colleague and successor in the person of the Rev. John Waddel, A. M. Mr. Waddell was born at the Kirk of Shotts, studied at Glasgow College, where he passed A. M.—received his theological training under Dr. Lawson, of Selkirk, was licensed, and shortly after (in 1797) ordained an Evangelist, designated to Nova Scotia, and arrived in Truro on Nov. 5th, same year, to the charge of which congregation he was called and settled Nov. 16, 1798. He was a man of a commanding presence, tall, erect and well proportioned, bald, and with powdered head he formed the *beau ideal* of a man. In Nov. 1828, he was struck with paralysis, yet still continued to labour till by a fall from his carriage in 1836 he was entirely disabled, and in November following demitted his charge. On the 13th Nov., 1842, he passed peacefully away, and was laid in the grave by his brethren of the Presbytery. After his death two calls were moderated, but both being unsuccessful, the third was given to Mr. Wm. McCulloch—the present pastor—in 1838, and the ordination took place on the 14th Feb. 1839. The Church stood then a mile from the village for the accommodation of what was called the Lower Village and Old Barns, now Clifton. About 21 years ago the delapidated condition of the church, together with the growing population and wants of Truro proper, led to the erection of a new church in the village capable of seating 600 persons. After a few years, being found insufficient, a large addition was made to it. To-day (1874) it is found so inadequate that although two new congregations with settled pastors have been erected out of the original charge, the Presbytery has sanctioned the erection of a third new congregation, which erection it is expected will take effect this year—1874. This congregation has the honour of establishing the Bible Society of Nova Scotia, under Mr. Waddel in 1810, also the Bible Class and Monthly Missionary Concert of Prayer in Nova Scotia, at least in the Presbyterian Church. At the settlement of Mr. McCulloch the Communion Roll numbered 178; it is now 490, notwithstanding the erection of two new Congregations.

"The centenary of the Congregation was celebrated in 1870, in which year 120 were added to the Church, 27 on the centenary morning. In a pastorate extending from 1838 to 1874, there were 845 baptisms, 595 deaths, and 403 marriages. In 105 years the congregation has had only three pastors, and this promises to be a fact for some years to come. Large and flourishing Sabbath morning and weekly prayer meetings and Bible classes and Sabbath Schools are in successful operation, and doing a great work for the future of the Congregation."

We close our notice of the book with a quotation in regard to Canadian literature, which agrees exactly with the opinion we have ourselves expressed in these columns:—"The Dominion of Canada is not favourably situated for a vigorous growth of native literature. Men are too busy, generally, with the daily affairs of life, to find leisure to write for publication, beyond what can find expression in the monthly, weekly and daily press. Then, again, should men write, it is too generally the case that no market can be found of sufficient extent to encourage publication; and this, because of Canada's nearness to the United States, from whose prolific press there is a constant flow of every kind of literature, and further, because Canada, as a colony, has not got beyond the colonial tendency to magnify the productions of the Imperial press, and to belittle its own authors. In these circumstances it can be easily understood that the time has not yet come, wherein we can say much of any kind of native literature, national or denominational."

We commend the "Year Book" to our Presbyterian friends as a publication which will be found of more than ordinary interest, and containing much information which they will be glad to have and indeed ought to possess.

For Christmas and New Year's presents go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724 tf.

The best value in Winceys at Bryson's. 3695 1m.

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Muscat Wine. 3698-6

Gents, try MacLaren & Chalmers' cutter. One trial will secure to them your patronage. 3698 t

Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695-1m

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732.

Soiled Blankets cheap at Bryson's. 3695 1m

Duffy's 50 cent sale is no humbug. He gives everthing he advertises.

If you want to be happy, go to Duffy's 50 cent sale to-night. 3732-2in.

To-night is the gala night at Duffy's 50 cent sale. Go and get a New Year's present. 3732-2in.

A German organ, gold and silver watch to-night at Duffy's 50 cent sale. 3732-2in.

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

H. F. McCarthy, Medical Hall, Wellington street, has just received a large stock of Christmas and New Year's goods, in toilet bottles, dressing cases, hair brushes, combs, Labin's and Atkinson's perfumes, cologne, lavender, &c., &c., ten per cent. cheaper than any other house in the city. 3727

For Bunnel's Patent Washer, Shorey & Co.'s Royal Canadian Wringer, Polygonal Turning, Furnaces, Stoves and Stove Pipes, fitted up in a workmanlike manner, go to C. P. Dorion. Also on hand and for sale, very cheap, 7,500 Stoves Pipes of all kinds, at our well known townsman, C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa, Ont. 3791d&w

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.
Oct. 7, 1874. 3801y d&w.

Election Notices.

TO THE

Electors of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—Through the dissolution of the Local Legislature, in a short time you will be called upon to elect a representative to that House for the ensuing term. Elected by a large majority when I had the honor to solicit your suffrages before, I trust that my conduct while in Parliament will meet with the full confidence of the whole people at the ensuing election, and as a consequence I announce myself as a candidate for your suffrages on the occasion. Should I be deemed worthy of your approval in the future as in the past, my humble support will be given to the present government in all measures for the benefit of the whole country. I ask assistance in opposing chicanery and double-dealing, and in favour of one who will neither be cajoled or purchased.

Hoping to meet you all at public meetings, and if possible personally, before the day of polling,

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
DAN. J. O'DONOGHUE.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

Auction Sales.

BUFFALO ROBES
AND
BLANKETS

Selling Far Under Cost, by

J. BERMINGHAM.

The subscriber having received last Fall a consignment of 300 Hudson Bay Co.'s Buffalo Robes, has a few left, which he will sell very cheap, to close the consignment.

He has also several large sized Horse Blankets, which will be sold at less than cost.

Private sale every day.

For good and cheap lined and unlined Robes, go to BERMINGHAM'S, opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

AUCTION
—OF—
BANKRUPT GOODS!

Consigned to the subscriber, to be sold by Auction and Private Sale, at

50 PER CENT. BELOW COST.

J. BERMINGHAM

Has now on hand a Bankrupt Stock, consisting of

100 White and Gold China Tea Sets,
100 Ladies' Work Boxes—inlaid,
100 Ladies' Writing Desks,
300 very handsome Vases of every design, style and pattern,
100 Toilet Sets,
Cut and Engraved Crystal Water Jugs and Celery Bowls,
50 English Chromos,
Bouquet Holders, Britannia Metal Tea Pots, and several Silver Tea Sets.

All selling (private sale) at 50 per cent. under English cost, at BERMINGHAM'S Sale Rooms, opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Auction Sale
OF VERY VALUABLE
TIMBER LIMITS.

H. McLEAN

Has received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., to offer his valuable Timber Limits for sale on **SATURDAY, THE 20th OF JANUARY**, 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa.

Licenses number 162, of the year 1873 and '74, on the River Petewawa, containing an area of 39 square miles; 16, of 1873 and '74 River Petewawa, area 50 square miles; and 163, of 1873 and '74, Lac la Vieille Branch, River Petewawa, and Great Opeongo Lake, covering an area of 50 square miles.

These limits are known to be timbered with White and Red Pine of almost unequalled quality, that which has been taken from them to the Quebec market having invariably commanded the highest price there.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN, Ramsay.

Dec. 30th, 1874 3731-td

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, TO WIT. } By virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias*, issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Toronto, and to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements of William Willis, at the suit of Henry James, I have seized and taken in execution all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said defendant, in and to the north-west half of lot number thirty-three in the second concession, in the Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, which I will offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on *Thursday*, the eighth day of April, in the year of our Lord 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JOHN NICHOLSON, Dy. Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, 6th January, 1875. 3735-1d & 12w

Insolvent Act.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

Joseph Merrill Currier, Benjamin Batson, and Thomas Webster Currier, Plaintiffs, versus Alexander Reldick, Defendant.

A Writ of Attachment has issued in this cause.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff of Carleton.

Sheriff's Office, Dec. 30th, 1874.

Miscellaneous.

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.

The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, Rideau-St.

THE DOMINION ATLAS,

WALKER & MILES, PUBLISHERS,
Montreal and Toronto.

MARA & MAINGY,
General Agents for Central Canada, P.O. Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Hatters & Furriers.

ALEX. BROBERY,

FURRIER,

45 Rideau-st.,

Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,

Is offering the balance of his

Stock of Winter Furs

AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874.

DEVLIN'S

FUR DEPOT

AUSTRIAN RUGS,
BUFFALO ROBES,
WOLF ROBES,
WHITE FOX ROBES,
BLACK BEAR ROBES,
RACCOON ROBES.

—AT—

DEVLIN'S

11 RIDEAU STREET.

LADIES FURS!

GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,

No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to order by

JAMES PEACOCK, No. 33, Rideau Street.

Dec. 29th, 1874. 3724 m1

BUFFALO ROBES
AND
ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.
—AT—
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS-ST.,
Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Boots & Shoes.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN:

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

**BOOTS,
SHOES,
MOCCASINS,
MITTS, &c.**

AT

W. E. BROWN,
15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3689y d&w

OH! HOW JOLLY!

With the hope of contributing to the enjoyment of an immense number of people, and also as an expression of gratitude to my customers for their liberal patronage during eight years past, I have decided to present articles of the value of 50 cents for every $5 worth purchased for cash during the holidays, and gifts of proportionate value for larger amounts.

These CHRISTMAS PRESENTS will consist of Ladies, Gents, and Children's fine Kid, Mitts; plain and fancy Moccasins, French Dressing Slippers and Boots and Shoes, in great variety—ALL USEFUL ARTICLES—and I especially call your attention to the fact that this is NOT A LOTTERY, but that every cash purchaser will receive in the above ratio, a gift of his own choosing.

Come at once and make your selections.

W. A. LAMB,
38 Sussex St.

Dec. 21st, 1874.

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 18 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

**Boots, Shoes,
Mitts, Rubbers,
Moccasins, &c.**

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN, Ottawa.

Dec. 24, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st.

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Pinlion & Lefebvre.

**FOWLE'S
PILE AND HUMOR CURE.**

For Internal and External Use

WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Dec. 14, 15 3718

Legal Notices.

DR. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.

H. J. GIBBS, Solicitor for Applicants.

Dec 26, 1874. 3778-9 laws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Solicitors for the Company.

Dec. 21, 1874. 3727-2awk2m

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario for an Act to amend an Act passed by the said Legislative Assembly in the thirty-first year of Her Majesty's reign, and intituled: "An Act to incorporate the Temporal Committee of St. Andrew's Church, in the City of Ottawa, in connection with the Church of Scotland, and to vest certain property in said Temporal Committee," to enable said Temporal Committee to mortgage the Lot commonly known as the Glebe Lot, and to sell a part thereof, and to issue Debentures and otherwise to amend said last mentioned act.

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK, Solicitors for Applicant.

Oct. 30, 1874. 3681tf

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Walford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnston, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the City of Toronto, as Solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt become absolute and indefeasible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.

(Sd.) GEO. S. HOLMESTED, Referee of Titles.

3715-3w-lawk

Government Notices

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon at the sales room of Hector McLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 100 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Mosgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as Lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,563 feet, and of No. 3, 9,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order,
E. A. MEREDITH, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Saturday, 12th day of December, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 8th and 54th sections of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 6 and intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, And it is hereby Ordered that the Town of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec, now an Out Port of Customs be and is hereby constituted a Port of Entry and a warehousing Port, the same to take effect from the first day of January next.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Clerk Privy Council.

3736

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Friday, 18th day of December, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas, by Order of the Council of the 7th day of June, 1871, it is directed that sworn declarations and machinists' certificates be in all cases required preliminary to the admission free of duty, of machinery not manufactured in the Dominion for use in Canadian manufactures, and whereas, by the Act 37 Vic., chap. 8, the same machinery is made subject to an *ad valorem* duty of ten per cent., to take effect on the first day of January next, and whereas it is desirable to simplify the practice of the Customs in such cases,—due regard being had to the security of the revenue.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. Minister of Customs, and under the provision of the 125th section of the Act 31 Vic., chap. 6, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the first day of January next, the said Order in Council be, and the same is hereby rescinded, and that Collectors of Customs be, and they are hereby authorized and instructed to accept entry of such machinery on and after that date at ten per cent. duty *ad valorem*, requiring the following affidavit to be filed in each case, and a copy thereof to be attached to the entry.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, *Clerk, Privy Council.*

I, A. B., the importer of the following described machinery, viz.:—here a full description of each machine, giving name of maker and use to which it is to be applied, shall be inserted) do solemnly swear, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, no machine such as that above described, is manufactured in Canada, and that the same is imported for use in the manufactory of which I am the (proprietor or one of the proprietors, or legally authorized agent,) and that the same is not to be offered for sale.

Sworn to before me at on the day of 187 . 26-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1875.

AUTHORIZED discount on American invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON, Commissioner of Customs.

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.

Dec 28, 1874.

Houses to Let.

TO SELL OR RENT.

The house and grounds lately occupied by Mr. Spragge, just outside the city limits, on the Richmond Road. The house and grounds can be divided, the former making two complete dwellings, if required, with every convenience, and ample room in each for a large family. Terms of sale or rental, moderate.

Apply to
WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK.

Dec. 7, 1874. 3712-tf

Publications.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

One Copy	$[illegible]
Three Copies	[illegible]
Five Copies	[illegible]
Ten Copies	[illegible]

Postage five cents per copy for three months.

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at the same price.

One extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. Additions to clubs received at club rates.

These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

A generous portion of the WEEKLY HERALD will be appropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Pomology and the management of domestic animals. Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets. The aim will be to make the WEEKLY HERALD superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

Every number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, [illegible] Artistic, Literary and Sporting [illegible] Obituary Notices, Varieties, Am[illegible] torial Articles on the promin[illegible] of the day, a review of the Cattle and [illegible] Markets, Financial and Commercial [illegible] and accounts of all the important [illegible] interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

The price of subscription, whenever practicable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting money by mail.

At small Post Offices in the country, where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

Advertisements, to a limited number, will be inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD.

Price of the DAILY HERALD, four cents a copy. Annual subscription price, $12, always in advance.

Write the address on letters to the NEW YORK HERALD, in a bold and legible hand, and give the name of each subscriber, of Post Office, County and State so plainly that no errors in mailing papers will be liable to occur.

APPLETON'S

AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience and refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publications of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

This work is sold to subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages, fully illustrated with several thousand Wood engravings, and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

Price and Style of Binding.

In extra Cloth, per vol	$5 00
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Nine volumes now ready. Succeeding volumes, until completion, will be issued once in two months.

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HORATIO C. KING, Publisher, Box 5105, New York.

Oct. 26.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

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Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE one year....$4 00

$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year $7 00; postage free.

An Extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy: postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

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Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

THE EARL OF DERBY.

(*From Pen and Plow.*)

We believe we hazard little in saying that the class of individuals in England, known as the "nobility," is comparatively, and as a class, quite as free from moral taint as any other class of Her Majesty's subjects. We are aware that what are denominated the "middle classes," in Great Britain, quietly lay claim to a certain *prestige* in the matter of morality more especially—exclusively appertaining (the *prestige* we mean), to themselves; and, indeed, as rather incompatible than otherwise with the character of any other portion of England's population. We readily concede that, from these same middle classes, individuals as formidable in numbers as distinguished for their moral worth and intellectual greatness, have, through the course of ages, emerged into a celebrity as lasting as it was merited. It would not, indeed, be saying to much were we to assert that, from this large class, a vast *majority* of the illustrious men whose names are inscribed on the roll of fame, and who have contributed to their country's greatness, sprung mainly from the middle classes. Conceding this indubitable fact, however, candor and justice alike compel us to maintain that, what is recognized as strickly the aristocratic class of Great Britain, *can* and *does* put forth claims to moral purity, intellectual achievement, literary renown, and patriotic sacrifice, quite upon a par with those (the claims, we mean), emanating from a class which, in this respect, merely possesses the advantage of superior numbers. And we may as well say here what it was our intention to say in the beginning, that, considering its paucity of numbers, from the class known as the "nobility" of England a larger proportion of its members contrive to distinguish themselves more decidedly in pursuits depending upon moral worth and intellectual culture than can be said of the corresponding proportion of the middle or any other class in Great Britain. We have, at any rate, *one* member of the aristocratic class in our "mind's eye," whom we are not afraid to place in competition with *any* that the boasted middle classes of England have ever produced in the way of sterling worth and intellectual honesty—and that individual is the present Earl of Derby whom we find administering so wisely and so well, at this moment, the foreign affairs of his native land. This nobleman, the son of a noble sire, alike distinguished in literature and public affairs; in the former, indeed, brilliantly acquitting himself as the translator of Homer, in the latter (while Prime Minister) justly earning the unique distinction of being the "Rupert of Debate"—the son, indeed, of *such* a father, it might almost be presumed, would have deemed it glory—and glory sufficient—simply to inherit the *name* of such a progenitor. But what is the fact? Why, simply, that the present Earl of Derby is put forward by his peers as the *specimen* member of his class. Simply, that the present Earl of Derby is the most *industrious* lord that ever lived; not excepting, even, the Marquis of Salisbury, whose chief delight it is said consists in battling with the driest, most complicated and least attractive subjects that come within his official ken. The qualities we most admire, however, in the character of the present Lord Derby, are his straightforwardness, manly candor, and utter freedom from anything in the shape of mental superiority or display. Equal to any of the intellectual giants with whom he is occasionally brought in contact, he never sacrifices in debate, what may be emphatically termed his intellectual honesty.

Inheriting from his illustrious father the full measure of the latter's *genius*, nature, at the same time, in her most liberal mood, endowed him with *good sense*, which, as Pope maintains, is "fairly worth the seven" sciences. It is almost needless to say that, in every production emanating from the present Lord Derby, whether oral or written, we find exemplified, what may be called the felicitous union of the two attributes in question, namely, good sense and true genius.

What better illustration can we give than "his Advice to Young Men," which has twice graced the columns of the *Pen and Plow*, and which is alike remarkable for its usefulness and beauty.

THE STRANGLED STATE.

(*From the New York World.*)

Two hundred and thirty-four years ago yesterday Charles Stuart went down to the House of Commons in person and demanded the arrest of Pym, Hampden, Hollis, Haslerig, and Strode. Yesterday Ulysses Grant, in the person of General De Trobriand, entered the Legislature of Louisiana and demanded the ejection of five members of that body. The five members of Louisiana were as strictly the champions of free government as the five members of the House of Commons, and the whole political welfare of these United States is bound up with the success of the cause for which these men are fighting. What happened to Charles we know. The least and lightest that can happen to Grant, if Republican liberty is to survive on this continent, is to be followed at the end of his term of public office into the obscurity from which he emerged at the beginning of it by the excrations of all the people.

We hope there is no American man who can read the news from New Orleans without a thrill of shame and rage. There is no doubt in the mind of any man in Louisiana that the five men for whose ejection De Trobriand called yesterday were the chosen representatives of the lawful voters of their districts. There is no doubt in the mind of any man that with the cause of which these men were the accredited champions rests the only hope not alone of good government, but of Republican government, in the State of Louisiana. The miserable imposture of Government under which the State has groaned so long, from the creature of fraud, has become avowedly the creature of force. The miserable usurper Kellogg is more plainly than ever before seen to be the puppet of the yet more flagitious usurper, Grant, who has now employed the military power which is intrusted to him to maintain the liberties and defend the rights of his countrymen in putting both to an open shame. The troops of New Orleans were not there as a police. There was no pretence that they were needed to preserve public order. They were there only to prop the Government which Grant had set up over the people of Louisiana, and which the people of Louisiana, were the soldiers of the United States withdrawn from their degrading work, would sweep from power forever in an hour. Their commander expressly said that his instructions were to obey the order of Kellogg. It was well for the Speaker of the House to say, as he did, that Louisiana has not a republican form of government.

We can have nothing but praise for the spirit in which the representatives of Louisiana yielded to the tyranny which they could not resist. We say deliberately that there was no reason why they should not have resisted, and resisted to the death, this foul outrage upon law and liberty, except the hopelessness of resisting. A rising yesterday would have had consequences which are pitiful and terrible even to think of. These consequences were present to the legislators of Louisiana, who not nobly yielded with decency when they could not resist with hope, but who have thus far stayed the hands of their constituents. But we say also that, terrible as would have been the consequences of resistance yesterday, they are less terrible than will be the consequences of submission on the part of the people of the United States to the outrage which has been perpetrated upon them all through the people of Louisiana. For that submission, or any tolerance of this last and worst outrage of the traitor who sits in the President's chair which stops short of driving him from it into darkness and disgrace, will be a confession that the American people are no longer fit to have the liberties which in that case it will not take long to lose; and it were better that the gutters of New Orleans should run with blood than that Republican government should be exchanged throughout the country, as it has been exchanged in New Orleans, for the rule of a stupid and sordid tyrant.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724t.

FRESH OYSTERS IN SHELL.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

NEW YORK BAY OYSTERS IN SHELL.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. s703

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. Mc Donnell's. 3698-5

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

All Flannels reduced at Bryson's. 3695-1m

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

FALSE MODESTY.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH.

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds,
Geese from 8 to 16 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,
Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 23, 1874. 3726-tf

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 3676-y

WHOLESALE
Ready-Made
CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTERS

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 23, 1874. 3680

Gift Enterprises.

ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts	$20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 23, 1874. 3726lw2awkd&w

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The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

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In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000 / Two Prizes, $500 } Each in Cash
Five Prizes $100
1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.
One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth
Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300
Three Gold American Hunting Watches, w $125 each.
Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth 100 each!
1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c. &c.
Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,0
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to who Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 437, Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874 3654 d&w

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK, VA.

DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature passed March 8th, 1873.

50,000 TICKETS—6000 CASH GIFTS,

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of	$30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	[illegible]000
One Grand Cash Gift of	5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	15,000
28 Cash Gifts of $500 each	14,000
43 Cash Gifts of $250 each	10,750
79 Cash Gifts of $150 each	11,850
250 Cash Gifts of $100 each	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of $50 each	28,900
5,000 Cash Gifts of $10 each	50,000
6,000 Cash Gifts, aggregating	$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets, $5; Quarter Ticket, $2.50; Eleven tickets, $100.

For Tickets and Circulars, &c., address,
HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary,
Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 25, 1874. 3702d&w

Miscellaneous.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO.
Sparks Street, near Bank.

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN,
December 23, 1874. Auctioneer, Sparks-st

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD-STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.

Dec. 17, 1874.

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

F. W. MINTHORN
Box "U" Orillia, Ont.

Oct. 1. 3435

Hair Cutting.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-CUTTING, DRESSING AND BATH ROOMS,

74 AND 76 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

The Proprietor respectfully informs his numerous patrons that his

New Establishment

is now complete in every department.

Ladies' Entrance—The door nearest O'Connor-St.

His stock of REAL HAIR cannot be surpassed either in quantity or quality. In price he guarantees 25 per cent. less than any house in the Dominion.

For the Gents' Room he has every comfort possible to obtain for money. With five efficient workmen gentlemen will not have to waste their time in waiting at this establishment.

The Manufacturing Department employs seven hands, and with the large amount of room he now has, will be able to meet the increasing demands of his patrons.

For Combings, he begs to say that although his price may seem a little higher in quotation than some others, when ladies take into consideration what they receive for their money, it will be found cheaper to buy their work at this establishment.

T. E. M. also begs to say that he will continue as a system of business, his sale of Magic Photographs for 50cts. each, both for ladies and gentlemen, which gives the purchaser each time a present varying from 50cts to $100.

Perfumes, Cosmetiques, Combs, Brushes, and all Toilet Goods in endless variety.

T. E. MOORE.

Oct. 28, 1874. 2387

Furniture.

GREAT

DISCOUNT SALE

—OF—

FURNITURE.

Before removing to our new Warerooms, 85 Sparks-st., we will offer our present large stock of Plain and Fancy Furniture at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

ANGUS & CO.,
38 SPARKS-ST.

Dec. 14, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND OR WEST OF CONNOR-ST.
May 9, 1874. 2647y

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

Miscellaneous.

S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crapes Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them on ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa.

"A Repository of Fashion Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveller.*

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates, in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patrons for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year $4 00

$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two *Harper's Periodicals*, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The seven numbers of HARPER'S BAZAR, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."—"The Best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Weekly* is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the *Weekly* is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The *Weekly* maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations are often corroborative arguments of no small force.—*N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle.*

Its papers on existent question and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

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$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publisher.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for year, $10 00; or, two of *Harper's Periodicals*, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete set, comprising Eighteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per. vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS New York.

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co., Cincinnati, O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N.J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y, &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE.................. 70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3640y

Hardware.

MOORE BROS.,

TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil,

General House-Furnishing Goods,

And Lawn Mowers.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS. OTTAWA.

Jan. 7, 1875. 3673

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES.

J. T. MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces. Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Just Received 300 Barrels Best American

KEROSENE OIL,

Warranted Non-Explosive and Free from Smell.

C. S. SHAW & CO.
SUSSEX-ST.

Dec. 14, 1874.

N. B.—Our Vans call at every house in the city daily.

Grocers.

CHRISTMAS CARD.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS.

Thanking their numerous friends and customers for the patronage bestowed upon them since commencing business, would remind them that being in a position (through purchasing their Goods previous to advance in wholesale markets) to sell cheap, they will offer to them during the Holidays, value in quality and cheapness that cannot be surpassed in the city, viz.:

OLD PRICES.		NEW PRICES.	
3 lbs. Raisins	35cts.	3 lbs. Raisins	30cts
3 lbs. Currants	27cts.	3 lbs. Currants	20cts
Orange Peel	30cts.	Orange Peel	25cts
Lemon Peel	35cts.	Lemon Peel	25cts
Sultana Raisins	17cts.	Sultana Raisins	8cts
Figs in layers	50cts.	Figs in layers	35cts
Mixed Spices	50cts.	Mixed Spices	40cts

Dec. 21st, 1874.

SOMETHING NEW

To Economical Housekeepers!

Use the British Egg and Butter Powder!

A Perfect Substitute for Eggs!
A Great Saving in Butter!

FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.

Agents for Ottawa—

CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.

3 and 4 Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3m

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

SAPOLIO,

For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.

HAND SAPOLIO,

For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artizans and mechanics.

Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.

Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

CHRISTMAS COMES BUT ONCE A YEAR.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE

Beg to inform their many customers and the citizens of Ottawa generally, that they are now prepared to sell

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST

For cash during the holidays,

Fancy China Tea Setts, Crockery, Glassware and Presents of all Kinds.

A full stock of

GROCERIES AND SMALLWARES

Of all kinds for the holidays. Call early and select your goods.

All orders will receive prompt attention.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Streets

Dec. 24, 1874.

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES! Restore your Sight! THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES, By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957.) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

[First-class Bevel, 6 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender
738 Broadway, New York

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer [Trade Mark secured] Montreal.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874. 3670

Books & Stationery.

NEW BOOKS.

Grey's Creed of Christendom, 2 vols.	$4 50
Do Enigmas of Life	1 50
John Stuart Mill's Posthumous Essays on Religion	2 50
Drapers' The Conflict between Religion and Science	1 75
Popular Science Monthly, vols. 1 to 5 each	3 50
Proctor's The Transits of Venus	2 50
Around the Tea Table, by Talmage, illustrated	3 00

For sale at

HENDERSON & Co's.

39 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 5, 1872.

SACRED MUSIC BOOKS

FOR 1875.

RIVER OF LIFE.

(35 cts.) A most beautiful Sunday School Book. H. S. Perkins and W. W. Bentley.

LEADER.

[$1.38.] Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

THOMAS'S QUARTETS AND ANTHEMS

($2 50.) Perfect music of the best class, for Quartet Choirs. J. R. Thomas.

DANKS' ANTHEM SERVICES.

[$2 50]. Anthem music of excellent quality for all the services of the Episcopal Church. H. P. Danks.

PERKINS' ANTHEM BOOK.

[$1 50.] Easy Anthems. Very full, good, and already popular collection. W. O. Perkins.

SONG MONARCH.

[75cts.] For Singing Schools. Not much Sacred Music, but an admirable preparatory course, with a large quantity of secular music for practice. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

All books sent post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 26 1874.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

See T. & B. on each Plug.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON,

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual price

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalised; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

Dec. 24 1874. THOS. PATTERSON.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 36 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

Aug. 1, 1874. P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT DR. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, F.R.S.E., M.R.I.A., F.G.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success.

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN:

Dec. 5, 1874. 3711m1

Ladies' Ware,

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYAN'S

Dec. 5, 1874. 234 Wellington-St

Dry Goods.

LONDON HOUSE

LONDON HOUSE.

CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES!

The balance of our Fancy Goods will be Cleared Off

AT A GREAT REDUCTION, in order to make room for SPRING GOODS.

White Fur Jackets at Very Low Prices!

Grebe and other Sets of Fur at Holiday Prices.

Evening Silks and Gloves to match, at very low prices. Evening Dresses made to order in the latest styles, with neatness and despatch.

HANEY & FORGIE.

Dec. 28, 1874. [254 & 256 WELLINGTON-ST., OPPOSITE E. McGILLIVRAY'S, OTTAWA.

Special Bargains in Shawls,
Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21. 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING TAILORING.

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7.50 upward.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward.

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, &c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,
Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA
Marble and Granite Works,
Established 1860, by
BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,
Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

AGENCY OF
Fair Haven Marbleised Slate Works,
OHIO SANDSTONE
Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projecting either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—This institution re-opens this morning after the Christmas vacation.

TRUSTEE MEETING.—There will be a meeting of the Board of Public School Trustees this evening in the City Hall.

EPIPHANY.—Yesterday was pretty generally observed as a holiday in the Episcopal and Roman Catholic churches. It was a holiday, too, among the Civil Service Employees, who are very fortunate in this respect throughout the year.

THE SAPPHO OPERA TROUPE.—Yesterday evening this company was to have opened a short series of entertainments in Gowan's Opera House, but owing to the illness of two of the principal *artistes*, the entertainments have been postponed for a week.

ENGLISH MAIL.—An English Mail will close at the City Post Office to-morrow (Friday) at 12:05 o'clock p.m., destined for the steamship Scandinavian which sails from Portland for Liverpool on Saturday. A supplementary bag will close at 1:25 p.m., for the same destination, but will contain only unregistered matter.

INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY GUIDE.—The International Railway and Steam Navigation Guide for January has come to hand from the publishers, Messrs. Chisholm Bros. of Montreal, and is as usual replete with the latest information as to all routes of travel. This is an invaluable work to mercantile and other men who are obliged to travel a good deal. Copies of the guide can be had from the different booksellers of the City.

EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.—The meeting in Upper Town, under this auspices, for devotional exercises, takes place to-night in the Metcalfe street Wesleyan Church. Addresses will be delivered by the Revds. Messrs. Moore, McCormac and Young. In Lower Town the meeting will be held in the York street Methodist Episcopal Church. The Revds. Messrs. Sym and Hall will deliver addresses. A collection will be taken up at the conclusion of each service.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Dr. Alfred Horsey, Ottawa; D. McNaughton, R. J. Devlin, Hon. D. A. Smith, J. H. Smith, James Phymister, W. T. Fairwan, Wm. H. Cowan, H. Abbott, D. McPhee, E. Roberts, G. B. Huchison, Montreal; S. L. Lorimer, Cobourg; James D. Allan, Toronto; A. Bannerman, Carleton Place; E. Comstick, New York; H. Hems, Kemptville; A. J. Brown, Belleville; W. C. Edwards, Rockland; V. McDougall, Renfrew, Ont.

REFORM ASSOCIATION.—There was a large meeting of the Reform Association last night in the Reform rooms, Sparks Street. Mr. Waller, first vice-president, occupied the chair. A long discussion ensued in regard to some irregularity in the election of the officers for the ensuing year. It was finally agreed to leave the election over for a week. After some other business of a routine character, the Association proceeded to discuss the political situation. A great diversity of opinion prevailed. Some were desirous of consulting Mr. O'Donoghue, with the view to ascertain if his views were fully in accord with those of the Reform party. Others thought that if a Reformer of good standing were selected, that Conservative support could be secured. After a long and tedious debate, it was resolved "that a committee, composed of Dr. Sweetland, Messrs. Featherston, Nagle, Kirby, Waller, Lapierre, Wm. Pennock, and Rocque, be appointed to select a candidate from the Reform ranks, and that the said committee be not empowered to treat with Mr. O'Donoghue without first receiving from that gentleman a guarantee that he will abide by the decision of that committee, and that a report be made to a meeting of the Association to be held to-morrow night." The Association then adjourned, to meet again this evening to receive the report of the committee. The committee will meet this morning at ten o'clock to take the necessary steps to prepare their report.

WEEK OF PRAYER—MEETING IN BANK STREET CHURCH.—The third meeting under the auspices of the Ottawa branch of the Evangelical Alliance, was held last night in Bank street Presbyterian Church. The Rev. W. Moore occupied the chair, and on the platform were the Rev. D. M. Gordon, Rev. W. J. Hunter, and Rev. A. Cameron. There was a large attendance, and a spirit of earnestness was manifested during the services. After the customary devotional exercises, conducted by the Rev. Mr. Moore and Mr. Metcalfe, appropriate addresses were delivered by the Rev. Messrs. Gordon and Hunter, which were listened to with marked attention. Rev. Mr. Gordon spoke briefly of the duties of parents towards their children, and the importance of a family religious life. "Home" he characterized as a world within itself, where no reserve was ever to be seen. Allusion was also made to the tone and spirit observable in different families. In some there was a spirit of show; in others money was the characteristic trait; again in many scandal was the prevailing spirit in the family circle, while others boasted of their birth and ancestry. The speaker then dwelt at some length on the supreme importance of cultivating a religious spirit in the family circle under all circumstances and at all times, and glanced briefly at the great responsibility which parents incurred by neglecting to bring up their children in the nurture and fear of the Lord. Rev. Mr. Hunter followed, speaking on that divine institution, the "Christian Ministry," the sacredness of the office, and the great responsibility of the Christian minister, who was ordained to preach the Gospel to every creature. The trials and labours of the pastor were touched upon, and an earnest appeal made for the prayers, co-operation, and sympathy of the people towards their pastor. A collection was then taken up, and the meeting was closed by the singing of the Doxology and the pronunciation of the benediction. To-night meetings will be held in the Metcalfe Street Wesleyan Methodist Church and the York Street Methodist Episcopal Church, when addresses will be given by several clergymen of the various denominations in the city.

SEASONABLE.—On Tuesday evening, at the meeting held in St. Andrew's Church, one of the topics of exhortation and prayer was the welfare of kings, rulers, and legislators, and generally of persons in authority. The Rev. M. Hunter, to whom the development of the subject had been assigned, was evidently quite at home, and if his remarks did not go home, it was not because they were unintelligible. He regretted the fact that so many of the people's representatives (in which he pointedly included aldermen) should be immoral and incompetent, but the fault was with the electors. He deplored and denounced, in the most scathing terms, the rabid partizanship which would lead professing Christian men to vote for persons whom they knew to be unworthy of the trusts to which they aspired, while they rejected men every way deserving of their confidence, and all because the bad man was nominally of their party, while the good man was regarded as of the other party, or of no party. It was bad enough that persons who had no strong convictions of Christian duty should be swayed from their better judgment in respect of the choice of representatives; but the man who pretended allegiance to Christ, to truth, and to right, and yet would vote for a notoriously immoral candidate, and perhaps for a rum-seller, when he could give his influence to an upright and pious person, was simply a traitor to the King of Kings, and would find out in the end that such truckling was a very sorry business. It certainly was one so utterly contemptible, that he could not understand how any one with a particle of faith in the great beauties of the Gospel could fall so low as to practice it. The rev. gentleman evidently had no idea of the bearing of his remarks, and with all diffidence for his character as a faithful pastor, we may be permitted to doubt whether, if he had known it, he would have been so bold and fearless in their enunciation. At any rate it was well he did not, for it would have been a pity that such valuable and forcible utterances should have been in any way emasculated.

POLICE COURT.

Before M. O'Gara, P.M.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 6.

Thomas Finney was up on a charge of being drunk. He was ordered to pay $2 and costs; but in default went to gaol for a week.

John Evans, another inebriate was also sent down for a week to enable him to repent of his evil habits.

Walter Perry was next arraigned on a charge of being drunk, and was asked to contribute to the Civic Exchequer $2 and costs. He having no stamps also went to durance vile for one week.

Mary Kelly was arraigned for being disorderly at the corner of Elgin and Sparks streets. She went pretty lively for a young man, who had seduced her a year before, and also his father. She was fined $2 and costs.

John Arbuthnot, Samuel Robb, and Wm. Sparks were arraigned for drunken and disorderly conduct. They were each ordered to pay a fine of $10 and costs, but not being possessed of the needful they were sent to limbo for a week.

MUNICIPAL DECLARATION.

The Municipal Authorities for 1875.

Yesterday, at noon, the City Clerk, chief Returning Officer, declared the following persons returned to fill their respective positions of civic authority for the year 1875:

MAYOR.—Mr. J. P. Featherston.

VICTORIA WARD.

ALDERMEN.—Messrs. E. H. Bronson, A. Pratt, and Leon David.

WATER COMMISSIONER.—Mr. James Cunningham.

WELLINGTON WARD.

ALDERMEN.—Messrs. C. W. Bangs, Amos Rowe, and A. J. Christie.

WATER COMMISSIONER.—Mr. Francis Clemow.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

ALDERMEN.—Messrs. W. H. Waller, Thos. Birkett, and J. P. Robertson.

WATER COMMISSIONER.—Dr. Sweetland.

BY WARD.

ALDERMEN.—Messrs. P. H. Chabot, F. McDougal, and John Heney.

WATER COMMISSIONER.—Mr. Thomas Coffey.

OTTAWA WARD.

ALDERMEN.—Messrs. O. A. Rocque, Jas. O'Connor, and F. X. Groulx.

WATER COMMISSIONER.—Dr. Beaubien.

TIED TO A BOARD AND THROWN INTO THE WATER.

While the sloop "Helen James" was lying at anchor, off the mouth of the Nanticoke River, between 1 and 2 o'clock a. m., three masked men approached in a small boat, with muffled oars, and climbed noiselessly on deck, secured the negro man who was employed on the sloop, whom they bound and gagged, and then proceeded to the cabin which they entered. The captain, who was in his berth at the time, was aroused by the noise, but before he could get up to dispute their right of entrance, a revolver was placed significantly at his head, and a gruff voice commanded him to keep quiet. He was led from the cabin by the three ruffians, and one of them producing a strong cord, the three bound him to a board, and cast him overboard. Fortunately the knot became loose, and keeping hold of the board, he floated around for some time, when a captain of a passing boat, attracted by his cries, picked him up. He told the captain what had transpired, when the latter put his boat about and went back. The thieves had escaped, but the first think they did was to release the frightened negro. Next they proceeded to the cabin, where they discovered that a watch, a valuable gun, a suit of clothes, and $150 in money had been stolen.

ENFORCED CANIBALISM BY SAILORS.

Some weeks since, it will be remembered, an account of the loss of the Euxine by fire was received from St. Helena. The following is a report made by one of the survivors: "We endeavoured to make for the island of St. Helena, but our boat got separated from the others during the night, and finding that we were much to the westward of the island, we held a consultation, and it was agreed to steer for the Brazil coast, but another sad accident happened, which caused the loss of the boatswain and two other men; it was that of the capsizing of the boat. Consequently what little provisions we had in the boat were lost. In these straits and clinging to the bottom of our boat, and reduced to the very last extremity, almost to frenzy, for we should have given all our wordly possessions for a draught of fresh water, and hunger having gained upon us with its agonizing pangs, we were compelled to cast lots amongst ourselves as to which of us should be sacrificed, and it fell to the lot of an Italian, the only one with us, who bore his fate with the utmost resignation. Had we been able to have borne the hunger for a few hours longer this poor fellow's life would have been spared, for the same afternoon a sail hove in sight—what a joyous moment. Noticing our signals she made for us, and lowering a boat we were with difficulty taken on board, for we could scarce render ourselves the least assistance, being much reduced, almost as weak as babes. The vessel proved to be the Java packet, bound from Holland to Java. We were landed at Batavia on the 3rd November, having recovered much of our lost strength, and in comparative good health, owing to the very kind treatment offered to us by the good captain of the ship which saved us from a watery grave."

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical: J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3727

TIMELY SUGGESTIONS.

(From Pen and Plow.)

In the every day duties of life the first care of the humane man will be for his

ANIMALS,

which should have warm, well-ventilated, conveniently constructed stables. The latter will save much time and labour, and as to the former, warmth and proper ventilation are but other names for food and life. The animal not well fed literally lives, in part on its own fat, and if it should survive the winter, the poor starved creature takes all summer to restore "condition." In the main, then, it may be said, give the animals warmth, good air, a liberal supply of food, and enough of pure water. After all that has been said and done about the care of animals, the wholesome facts we now speak of cannot be too forcibly urged.

CUT FOOD

is more conveniently fed than that which is not. We have a dog and dog-power by which the hay is cut for quite a number of animals. It is not that chaffing hay, straw, &c., and steaming certain kinds of food, adds to its nutritive value so much as that it renders it easily assimilated by the digestive system. Let cows giving milk be fed with a view to milk and butter.

HORSES

should be fed according to their work, but let them be well groomed. Hay and oats, with now and then a feed of carrots, are, in our opinion, the best general food for horses. When thus fed, they thrive better than when fed on hay and oats alone, probably not so much on account of the nutriment in the carrots as upon its kind and influence in causing a wholesome appropriation of the other food. Such is the result of experience.

Sheep and their winter management we will speak of at another time.

SWINE

for breeding purposes should be kept clean, warm, in a healthy growing condition, but not fat. Fattening swine must be "pushed forward," and especially for home use should be "finished" with peas and oats, which will make the flesh solid and transparent. Some lovers of good bacon know this. Indian corn is too oily to lay the foundation for solid, transparent, beautiful bacon. Oh! delicious theme; but we have no room for it now.

A hog without appetite, we imagine, like the "lord of creation," lives with little pleasure to himself or profit to any body else. Sell him or kill him. It won't pay to keep him.

Poultry, aside from a dry house, cleanliness, warmth, ventilation, sun light, a choice variety of food, pure water, dry earth, prepared muck, ashes, plaster, &c., especially laying hens, should have animal food to make up for want of insects, to which they are accustomed in outdoor life at other seasons. "Scraps" are a cheap source of supply.

Plowing at this late date, is in order in many regions of country, and the doing of it will greatly facilitate the labors of spring.

Seeds should be cleaned and labelled, protected from mice, and put away in a dry, cool place.

Celery in trenches will need additional covering, proportioned to the severity of the weather.

Spinach should be mulched.

Cold frames should be ventilated on every favourable opportunity. In severe weather and frosty nights, protect with mats or shutters. Trap or poison mice if they infest the beds.

Window plants should be syringed to remove dust, thus showing the beauty of the foliage as well as keeping the plants in health. Let them have plenty of light and air.

Manure should be composted for the kitchen garden, for next season's use.

Make a Marker. It will be handy to have in the spring.

Hot bed sashes should be repaired and painted.

Make *straw mats* to protect frames in early spring.

Rustic work may be made. A man of ingenuity will construct a variety of pleasing forms and useful things.

Gates are better than bars. Make some *new*.

Labour saving machinery, no matter how good it is, needs intelligence and care to keep it in order as well as to use it. See that it is ready for use. Put *all* implements under cover, clean up the premises, and let system and tidiness be the order of the day.

RUSSIAN AFFAIRS.

The Health of the Emperor—His Private Life—An Imperial Family Jar—The Marriage of the Grand Duke Alexis—Attempts to Annul It—Count Shouvaloff's Mission.

(Correspondence of the World)

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 20.—The old report that the Emperor is insane is again in circulation, and several anecdotes are told to confirm the statement. It is well known that His Majesty is subject to fits of melancholy; in other words, he becomes ill-tempered and for days together possesses the amiability of a bear with a sore head. As the Emperor grows older in years he grows worse in temper, and it is just possible that he may make himself so disagreeable that many well-meaning persons will set him down as insane. That he is at times exceedingly morose is no secret; his fits of temper are uncontrollable, or at all events uncontrolled.

It is a matter of gossip that the Emperor and Empress do not lead lives of happiness and peace. The cause of these rows is like the cause of similar irregularities in humbler life—jealousy. If Alexander sees a pretty face he falls in love with it at once and embraces the first opportunity to embrace its owner. The Empress has frequently objected to this tendency of His Majesty. Last winter the Countess ——, one of the Empress' ladies of honour, happened to attract the attention of the Emperor at one of the Court ceremonies. Etiquette forbids an Emperor going about afterward to make calls at the lodgings of young ladies. So he intimated to his confidential friend that he would like to see the Countess at the palace, and forthwith she was brought to his private apartments. History does not record the manner in which he declared his passion. He was not loved in return, and the Countess grew indignant, and threatened to tell his wife.

There were tears and hot words between ruler and subject, and then the Countess went and told the Empress, as she had threatened to do. The Empress was very indignant, and gave her husband a lecture, compared to which the best efforts of Mrs. Caudle were of little account. An endeavor was made to hush the matter up, but it couldn't be done. The story got abroad, and people talked about it in a quiet way. It didn't get into the papers, for the reason that the editors here do not consider it judicious to publish imperial scandals and go to Siberia the next day. The Countess was interviewed by an officer of the imperial staff, and the interview resulted in the payment of a sufficient number of roubles to cover the expense of a year's absence from the capital. She went abroad, and has been enjoying herself in Italy, Switzerland, and Paris ever since. She may return this winter, but I am inclined to the opinion that she will stay away for some time. Possibly she may marry an Italian Count and settle in Rome or Florence.

The popularity of the Emperor among the peasants is well known, his ukase abolishing serfdom and his efforts to improve the condition of the lower classes have endeared him to the populace, and whenever he appears in public he is loudly and heartily cheered. Not unfrequently a peasant will kiss the ground over which the Emperor has walked and by many of the people he is regarded as more than half a divinity. Alexander's devotion to his subjects is exhibited in special as well as in general ways. In several instances when he has seen a pretty peasant girl and admired her face he asks her name and expresses a desire to talk with her. She is sought and told of the honours that await her, and before her surprise is over she is brought to the palace and ushered into the imperial presence. In his mild, paternal way the Emperor greets her, and soon convinces her that she has nothing to fear from her august sovereign. From time to time in the moments that he can snatch from the perplexities of official duty he talks with her and learns how his humbler subjects live. When the wearies of her face he sends for her brother, and says, "Your sister has attracted my attention, and I take a deep interest in her welfare. I learn that she is about to be married; I hope she will have a good husband, and I should like to be informed of the day of the wedding, so that I can send her a handsome present." The brother goes away delighted, and breaks the welcome news to Mary Jane. As soon as the Emperor's proposal is known, she has plenty of offers from desirable bachelors who wish to indulge in matrimony. A candidate is selected from the crowds of suitors, the wedding is fixed for an early date, and the Emperor is duly informed. On the happy day the bride receives a liberal dowry from her sovereign, accompanied by his blessing, and an injunction to love, honor and cherish her husband and be a good and faithful wife; and the money that he uses in making these deserving girls happy and enabling them to marry well, comes not from the treasury of the country, but from the Emperor's private purse. In this way he is constantly using his personal funds for the advancement of his subjects, and seems to be nevery weary of doing good.

You remember the vague rumours concerning the marriage of the Grand Duke Alexis, the handsome youth about whom so many society belles in New York went half wild at the time of his visit to the United States. The story has never been told in print except in a very fragmentary way. Among the *demoiselles d'honneur* of Her Majesty the Empress there was a pretty and attractive girl, the daughter of a high official who was a member of the Council of Empire. She was attached to the Imperial household and lived in the palace; Alexis fell in love with her—fell in love over head and ears, which was very wrong for a Grand Duke. He declared his passion and found it reciprocated, and with the headstrong imprudence of youth, he proposed to elope with her and be married. She, poor girl, did not weigh the consequences, and probably was not aware what a mess she would make by accepting his offer. One day while the Court was at Moscow the twain met by appointment, sought a priest, and were united. The marriage was kept secret for two or three months, but marriage, like murder, will out, and this case proved no exception to the rule. When it became known there was a scene such as does not often happen. The Emperor swore and the Empress cried and the whole Imperial family was in a funk. Alexis was talked to in a very plain, old-fashioned way. It was determined to send him on a long journey in the hope of curing him of his love, and so he was started on the voyage that brought him to America, and took him home by way of Japan and Siberia. Mrs. Alexis was sent out of the Empire by a special train, and the eye of the police was not taken from her until she was safe over the frontier. The priest who performed the ceremony was packed off to Siberia in spite of his protest that he didn't know the parties, and that he married them just as he would have married any other couple. They didn't let on who they were, but only gave their names *a la Russe* as Alexis Alexandrovitch and Marie Paulovna, which are about as traceable or suspicious in this country as John Smith and Mary Jones would be in New York. Alexis came back after an absence of three years, and he is now the commander of one of the crack ships of the Russian Navy. It is intended when the Grand Duke Constantine, present Grand Admiral, has passed away, to make Alexis his successor, and so his voyage round the world cannot fail to do him good. The wife and the priest are still in exile, the former in Switzerland and the latter in Siberia.

Alexis has repented of his folly, and the family quarrel has been partially smoothed over. The laws of Russia very stupidly does not permit a divorce, and when you marry here you have no hope of release from trouble, except by the intervention of the old gentleman with the hour-glass and mowing-machine. In a case like this you can get around it by an imperial decree, but even that cannot be done without the disappearance and supposed death of one of the parties. Last winter they tried to fix up the business, and the undertaking was made by no less a personage than Count Shouvaloff. The Count has the reputation of never failing in any difficult and delicate piece of diplomacy that he takes in hand, and in the present instance he was confident of success. He went and he returned, and since his return he has not been in favor as he was.

Mrs. Alexis was stopping at one of the hotels on the Quai du Mont Blanc in Geneva, and one day a card bearing the name of a Russian nobleman whom she did not know, was sent to her room. In order to preserve an incognito the Count travelled under one of his inferior titles, and it was with this name that he presented himself. She descended to the parlor to see the stranger, and at once recognized the redoubtable Count, having become familiar with his face and its hugh mustache at Court. After the usual commonplaces the Count proceeded to business, and managed it with all the skill of which he was possessed.

It was proposed that she should renounce all claim to the hand of Alexis, should change her name and dissappear, and let the places that had known her know her no more for ever. In return for this trifling and perfectly feasible service she would receive 1,000,000 roubles down, and an annuity of 75,000 roubles, which would be continued to her child in case the latter survived her, and it was devoutly hoped he would not. About this time the child was brought into the room, and the Count observed, doubtless with sorrow in his heart, that it was in vigorous health, and there was no reasonable hope that the gods would love it and enable it to die young.

The Count used all the arguments at his command, and there were plenty of them, but to no purpose. The woman was obstinate and spurned the offer with an air of indignation worthy of a tragic actress. "But remember," said the Count, "you can never see Alexis again; you will not be allowed to return to Russia, and his movements will be so arranged that a meeting will be impossible. You have learned by this time that even were the marriage acknowledged by the Emperor you could never appear at court, or receive the imperial recognition. If you love Alexis, release him from the consequences of his youthful passion, and enable him to fill the position which belongs to him. *Vous etes mere: pensez de sa mere et finissez cette folle de la jeunesse.*"

But she would do nothing of the sort, not even when she was told that she could name the financial terms and receive the money when and where she wished. She loved Alexis and had married him, and would remain his wife until death should do the graceful for one of them. Possibly the Count hoped that the pale warrior would begin on her at an early date, but if he thought so he didn't say so. The interview lasted a couple of hours, and was as unsuccessful as the most earnest admirer of pig-headed constancy in love could admire. Next day the diplomat called again, but she would not see him, and after trying the intercession of a Russian lady of high position who happened there in Geneva, he gave up the effort and took the train for Parm. "Rum things is women," said the elder Weller when Sammy told him of the capers of the old woman. "Rum things is women," muttered Count Shouvaloff as he shook the dust of Geneva from his delicate boots and settled into the corner of the first class compartment which his aid-de-camp had secur edon the through train.

And so the matter stands. Probably the woman will become wiser in time and consent to the arrangement on the basis proposed. She has the sympathy of sentimental school girls *et id omne genus*, and is considered a fool by a great many people who are supposed to be sensible. It has been hinted that an effort was made a few months ago to coax her and her child back to Russia so that they could be quietly secluded from the world, but I am inclined to doubt it. A hundred years ago such a proceeding would have been *en regle*, but times have changed, and, however much this woman's death may be desired, the Government would hardly take any measures to hasten it. The marriage of the Grand Duke Alexis in his proper station in life is indefinitely postponed, and Count Shouvaloff and his imperial master must wait, Micawberish, for something to turn up.

A SECOND MONTE CHRISTO.

The London *Graphic* tells us that Monte Christo's escape from the sack in which he was flung into the sea from the Chateau d'If has been imitated by an ingenious Persian. Having incurred the displeasure of a high functionary at Shiraz, Mohammed Mirza was condemned to be fastened up in a sack with a viper, a cock and a cat, and after an hour's time, when this happy family had improved their acquaintance, the sack and its contents were to be thrown into the river. Fortunately for Mahomet Mirza, his executioners forgot to search his pocket—which contained a small knife. Directly the mouth of the sack was closed upon him and his companions he cut in half the viper, which was already encircling his leg, the cock and the cat were next despatched, and our Persian occupied the remainder of his hour by simulating a violent fight of the three animals, and giving forth the most excruciating cries of agony. In due time sack and all were consigned to the water, and then Mahomet Mirza speedily freeing himself from the prison, gained the other side of the river, and came post-haste to Europe, for the future a voluntary exile from his fatherland.

BAD PROOF-READING.

Several curious stories are afloat in London, for which the bad proof-reading of the provincial journals is responsible. For example, Mr. Disraeli informed a Scottish audience that it was not his wont to "swagger or utter ambiguous words in the streets," and the local journal made him say that he did not "stagger or use big words in the streets." Mr. Knatchbull-Hugessen, in a recent oration, referred to Mr. Disraeli as one who "towered above the rest of the Government as a giant amongst pigmies," but his local journal made him say that he admired "Mr. Disraeli, before whom the rest of the Government quailed like beaten hounds before their master." The short-hand writer in this case evidently had taken too much beer. But the types alone are to blame for the comical error of a suburban London journal which, in announcing a lecture for Darwinites, spoke of it as a "Sunday Evening Discourse for Advanced Tinkers." An "h" dropped out of the last word.

Commercial.

GOLD IN NEW YORK . . . 112½

OTTAWA MARKETS.

FLOUR.

TIMES OFFICE,
WEDNESDAY, Jan. 7th.

The market to-day was a fair one, but neither farmers or citizens have yet apparently survived the excitement of the holidays. The poultry market was well stocked, but prices are on the decline, as the demand was not so great as during the previous week. The meat market was scantily supplied, and an evidence of decline was manifest in quotations. Pork remains firm, with an upward tendency. Potatoes were plentiful, and still command a high price. Hay was scarce, and remains at about the old price. There is a downward tendency in the wood market, and the supply is in excess of the demand.

Superfine Extra	6 00 to 6 25
Extra	5 75 to 6 00
Superfine, No. 1	5 25 to 5 50
Cornmeal, per brl	4 50 to 4 75
Oatmeal, do	5 00 to 5 50
Bran, per cwt	0 80 to 0 90
GRAIN.	
Spring Wheat, per bushel	$1 00 to 1 10
Fall Wheat	1 10 to 1 25
Oats	0 40 to 0 45
Peas	0 60 to 0 70
Barley	0 80 to 0 90
Rye	0 90 to 1 00
Corn	0 75 to 0 80
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	1 25 to 1 40
DAIRY, VEGATABLES AND FRUITS.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 28 to 0 30
Tub Butter do	0 27 to 0 28
Cheese, do	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 25 to 0 00
Potatoes, per bush	0 50 to 0 60
Carrots, do	0 35 to 0 40
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbages, each	0 10 to 0 15
Onions, per bush	1 40 to 1 50
Beets	0 45 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	3 50 to 3 75
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Ducks, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Turkeys, each	1 00 to 1 15
Geese, each	0 50 to 0 60
Patridges, per pair	0 50 to 0 60
Feathers	0 60 to 0 75
Wool	0 40 to 0 45
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	5 00 to 5 50
Pork, do	9 00 to 9 75
Mutton, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Lamb, do	0 08 to 0 10
Veal, do	0 07 to 0 10
Lard, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tallow, do	0 15 to 0 20
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 20
Bacon, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 35
Venison	0 12 to 0 15
FISH.	
White Fish, do	0 10 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 17 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	6 50 to 7 00
Oysters, per can	0 35 to 0 40
Haddock, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Cod, do	0 07 to 0 08
Trout, do	0 10 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality, per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 75 to 4 25
Hemlock, per cord	2 75 to 3 50
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Egg, do	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Soft, do	9 00 to 9 50
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 6½ to 0 00
Sheepskins, each	0 85 to 0 90
Calfskins, per lb	0 00 to 0 00
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	18 00 to 20 00
Hay, Clover, do	16 00 to 17 00
Straw, do	8 00 to 10 00

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6th.

Flour: Nominal.

Wheat: Steady, No. 1 spring 92½c; No. 2 do 89½c.

Corn: Quiet and unchanged.

Oats: Steady, No. 2 at 45½c to 52½c; cash 53½c; Feb. rejected, 48½c to 45c.

Rye: Dull and unchanged.

Barley: Unchanged.

Pork: In fair demand, higher at $1 95; Feb. $19.37½; March lard firm in fair demand at $13.20; cash $12.40; Feb. bulk meats in good demand, shoulders 6½c; short rib 9½c; short clear middles at 10c, all loose cash.

Whiskey in fair demand and lower at 14c on call of board this afternoon.

Montreal Markets.

MONTREAL, Jan. 6.

Flour: Receipts, 3,900 brls; sales, 200 brls. Market quiet; transactions in small compass; quotations unchanged; a broken lot of spring extra sold at $4.40; 100 brls super at $4.05, and 100 brls rye at $4.

Grain: Nominal.

London Markets.

LONDON, 2.00 p.m., Jan. 6

Refined petroleum 9½d per gollons.

2.30 p.m.—Consols, 21½ to 21½. Erie, 26. The rate of discount in open market for three months bills is 41 3-16th per cent, which is 1 3-16th per cent below the bank rate.

4.30 p.m.—Amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day is £68,000

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 6.—Corn, 39s 9d to 40s 3d per cwt.

ANTWERP, Jan. 6.—Petroleum, 27½ francs for fine pale American.

Toronto Markets.

Toronto, Jan. 6.

Barley: Market remains quiet, and without special change. A little enquiry is heard, but no business has resulted, and in the absence of transactions, quotations are nominal. American markets quiet and unchanged.

Wheat: Steady at late rates, with no reported transactions.

Peas: Inactive, with buyers at 75c in store.

Oats: Quoted at 42c to 43c on the track.

Flour: Sales of extra at $4.35 to 4.37½, and of spring wheat extra at $4. Fancy worth $4.20.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.

Cotton: Advancing; 15½ for middling uplands.

Flour, steady; moderate inquiry; receipts, 17,000 bush; sales, 10,000 brls; quotations unchanged.

Rye Flour: Without material change; sales 400 brls at $4 10 to 5 25.

Wheat: Quiet and steady; receipts 38,000 bush; sales, 39,000 bush at $1 12 to 1 14 for No. 2 Chicago; $1 14 to 1 18 for No. 2 Milwaukee; $1 20 to 1 25 for No. 1 spring; $1 21 to 1 29 for winter red western; $1 23 to 1 32 for amber do.

Rye: Quiet.

Corn: Quiet and firm; receipts, 86,000 bush; sales, 33,000 bush at 98c for old western mixed afloat; 87c to 89c for new western mixed and yellow.

Barley: Quiet and unchanged.

Oats: Steady; receipts, 27,000 bush: sales, 34,000 bush at 68c to 71c for mixed western; 70c to 72c for white do.

Pork: Firm; sales 100 brls new mess at $20.

Cut Meats: Unchanged.

Beef: Western nominal; 8c for dry salted shoulders.

Lard: Firm; sales 30,000 tierces, at 13 13-16c for steam; 14½c for kettle.

Butter: 28c to 42c for State and Pennsylvania.

Cheese: Steady.

Whiskey: 98½c.

Petroleum: Crude, 5½c to 5½c; refined, 12½c to 12½.

Miscellaneous.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
BALTIMORE OYSTERS
To be had in perfection, at
James Buchanan's
SUSSEX STREET.
January 6th, 1875. 1m

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

The Fifth Lecture of the Season will be delivered by the REV. WILLIAM ARMSTRONG, M. A., on THURSDAY EVENING, the 7th inst., in the Lecture Room of the Society, at eight o'clock. Subject: "Tennyson."
H. P. HILL, Secretary.
January 7th, 1875.

THE BAZAAR in aid of County of Carleton PROTESTANT HOSPITAL, will take place about the third week in FEBRUARY. Full particulars will be given in a future notice.
W. COUSEN, Secretary Bazaar Committee.
January 7th, 1875. 3136-3

NOTICE.

All parties indebted to
Mr. T. RAJOTTE
Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.
T. RAJOTTE & Co.
Feb. 28 1874.

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD
USE THE
Diamond Yeast Cakes

BOARD AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at Mrs. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets.
Oct 10, 1874.

MINERAL WATER.

The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town.
Oct. 27th 1874. 3878-3m

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,
Proprietor of the well known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established
AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA
For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the Spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.
J. E. LEMIEUX,
Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.
Nov. 6, 1872.

The Canadian Washer
A. R. GILES, Manufacturer, Between Butler and Bolton streets, Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Nov. 18, 1874.
A. R. GILES,
SIR,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Washing Machines, and have used it in my family for some time, and have found it to be a complete success, on account of its great facility in working and its durability; and I think it is an article which is quite indispensable to any family.
Yours truly,
JOHN MOREAU.

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00, and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists.

Steamships.

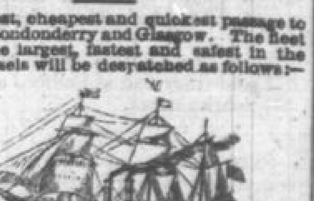
ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $55 to $80 gold, according to accomodations.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.
GOULTHRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



FROM PORTLAND,

POLYNESIAN	2nd Jan.
SCANDINAVIAN	9th "
HIBERNIAN	16th "
MORAVIAN	23rd "
PERUVIAN	30th "
SARMATIAN	6th Feb.
POLYNESIAN	13th "

RATES OF PASSAGE.
CABIN....$70 to $80 | STEERAGE........$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE
Glasgow Line
are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

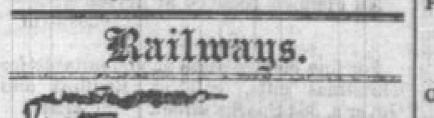
CABIN	$60.
INTERMEDIATE	40.
STEERAGE	25.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa July 22 1873.

Railways.



CANADA CENTRAL
—AND—
Brockville & Ottawa Railways
For Ottawa via Brockville.
TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.30 a.m.	4.15 p.m
Ottawa	10.40 a.m.	5.00 p.m
Renfrew	9.40 a.m.	4.15 p.m

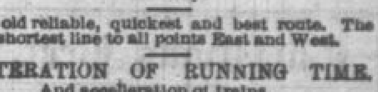
ARRIVE.

Ottawa	1.20 p.m.	7.40 p.m
Renfrew	2.10 p.m.	8.35 p.m
Brockville	2.10 p.m.	8.35 p.m

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER, Managing Director.
Brockville, Dec. 7, 1874.



THE ST. LAWRENCE
AND
OTTAWA RAILWAY.
Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.
And acceleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—
GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction.	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.35 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.05 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.35 P.M.
8 Express	10 45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.
Dec 15, 1874.

Hotels.

THE
CLARENDON HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the Corner of Sussex and George Streets, within three to five minutes' walk of [illegible] and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 1[illegible] January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,
One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms
are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms
are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms
are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms
are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my table will be one of the best in Canada.

N. B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.
Dec. 28th, 1874. 3729

ALBION HOTEL,
Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.
ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.
ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.
Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2490

FURNISHED ROOM.—To let, a very comfortable and well furnished room, with or without board, for lady and gentleman or gentleman only, on O'Connor-st., within three minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. Address F., TIMES Office.
Oct. 6, 1874.

Remedies.

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

Patronised by all the World.
Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Bouquet, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.
Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.
Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.
Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.
Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.
Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Bal and Parties.
Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Lest, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.
Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton.
Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

DATURA TATULA
FOR
Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastilles, for inhalation, in boxes.
Wholesale and Retail of
SAVORY AND MOORE
143 New Bond-St., London, W.,
And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN
Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."
To the Proprietors of
Norton's Camomile Pills, London.
July 1874

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies
Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules, and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in 1 oz., 1½ oz., and 4 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.
USE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES, Selected, and Shipping orders executed [illegible]

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

CLARKE'S
WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE
Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."
The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended. For scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sores legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, England.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
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Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
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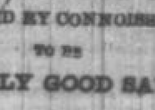
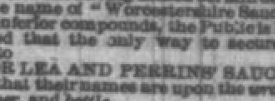
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Shapter & Owen
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co.
Aug 2 1872.



LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other immitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land
Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice, as the owner is in want of money.
For particulars apply to
JOHN W. MAGUIRE,
21, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester
Or, Ottawa P. O.
Sept. 2, 1874. 2881.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietors, at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3737. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 8, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

TEACHER WANTED or School Section No. 3 Town ship Cumberland [male or female] holding a second or third class certificate Apply to John McAuley Secretary Treasurer, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c. 3735-d3wtf Jan. 6, 1875

WANTED

A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O. Nov 18.

HELP WANTED.

100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic beautifully illustrated. Together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures For particulars address SCHUYLER SMITH & CO., Publishers, London, Ont.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and a trial free. J. LATHAM & Co. Washington, Orange Co.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted, All classes of working people in either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free, Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. y975daw.

WORK FOR ALL

At home, male or female; $55 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED. One of women $14 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable. No risks. A 16 page circular of valuable Samples free. ☞A postal-card on which to send your address costs no more than a cent. Write at once to F. M. REED, 5th St. New York.

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $65 a week guaranteed, business new and permanent, home or abroad; day or evening; no capital required; thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples [lb of retail for $] mailed free. Address R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send 25 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded. A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal. Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & Co. Augusta, Me.

Bank Notices.

BANK OF OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a call of 10 per cent. on the subscribed Capital Stock of the Bank of Ottawa will be due and payable at the office of the Bank in this city, on the EIGHTH DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT. P. ROBERTSON, Cashier. Ottawa, Jan. 7, 1875 3737-6

Meetings.

MONTREAL

Telegraph Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Company's Office, in Montreal on

Thursday, Fourteenth January Next,

At one o'clock, to elect Directors, and generally to transact the business of the Company.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.

For the half year ending 30th November, has been declared upon the Capital Stock, and will be payable at the offices of the Company on and after Thursday, 14th January.

The Transfer books will be closed from 4th January to date of the General Meeting.

By order of the Board.

JAMES DAKERS, Secretary.

Dec. 27, 1874. 3735-5

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.

WM. PENNOCK, J. BURNS, THO. PATTERSON JAS. PEACOCK, A. ROWE.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

Tenders.

NOTICE

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to

Thursday, the 14th of January next,

For the construction of a

BRIDGE OVER THE OTTAWA RIVER,

To connect the Calumet Island with the Village of Byron.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Quebec; at the office of Messrs. Cracborn, Wright & Clemow, Ottawa; at the office of the Registrar for the County of Pontiac, at Byron; and at the office of the undersigned.

Tenders to give the names of two good and sufficient securities willing to become bound for the due execution of the contract.

The Municipal Council of Calumet Island does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

SIMON McNALLY, Mayor.

Office of the Mu. Council, Calumet Island, December 28th, 1874. 3730

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

PAPER RULER, AND

Account Book Manufacturer,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Ruling, Perforating, Numbering

—AND—

GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.

All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to. Aug. 12. 2807

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
☞ 93 Sparks-street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st, Ottawa. Nov. 27 1874. 2426

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital. Oct. 30, 1874.

Bankers.

BANK OF OTTAWA.
Offices—Victoria Buildings, [opposite Western Block of Parliament Buildings.]
This Bank has now opened for the transaction of a general banking business.
P. ROBERTSON, Cashier. Ottawa, January 4, 1875. 3734-6in.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits. Oct. 23, 1874. 3690-3awky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal,
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent., interest at lowest current rates. Dec. 3, 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3085-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
☞ Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
☞ Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa.
Hon. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY. Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
☞ Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HON. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C. McLEOD STEWART, Q.C. J. J. GORMULLY. Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. | W. D. HOGG. Sept. 9, 1874. 3667

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W. H. WALKER. | R. CASSELS, Jr. | P. PENNOCK July 21, 1874. 3625

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. B. Hackett's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 269 y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
J. S. L. FELLOWES, Q. C., | HORACE LAPIERRE. MARTIN O'GARA, | EDWARD P. REMON 2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
O. TAILLON, | F. H. CHRYSLER. June 7, 1872.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL. Ottawa, 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3223-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull. Hull, March 9, 1874. 2612y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces. Hull, Oct. 26, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, MONTREAL. Sept. 9, 1873. 2262-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 6 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1767

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts, Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1874. 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal, Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Lancaster Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 256-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester-st. Consultations at all hours. 2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st. 2727y.

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature. BROWNLEE & CO

BOARD AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at Mrs. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets.

Insurance.

THE **HAND IN HAND Insurance Co.**

Still continue to take Risks at

20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates.

R. C. W. MacCUAIG, Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity. Jan. 9, 1875. 3737-3m

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.
(FIRE AND LIFE.)

Authorized Capital . . $5,000,000
Subscribed to Date . . $2,000,000

LOCAL DIRECTORS:
RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. KASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, . . AGENTS

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a reliable Stock Company combining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and effective Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.

All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.

The undersigned are now prepared to take Insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.

O'CONNOR & WALLER. Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 17x1-12m

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE CO.
FIRE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.
Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.

ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,
AGENT,
26 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA
Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"
CONTINUES TO TAKE
FIRE RISKS
On every description of insurable property,
AT REDUCED RATES.
T. M. CLARK, AGENT, Corner Sparks and Elgin Sts
Dec. 18, 1874. 3722-12m

Hardware, &c.

THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

☞ For sale by all Oilmen. Dec. 4, 1874 3710-y

HARDWARE,
HARDWARE.

No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best
Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware
In the city is to be found at
THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods be defies competition.

Remember the
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

H. MEADOW'S & CO.,
Have in stock the latest and best
COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!
Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Brennan & Weston, J. Cranwell, Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application

H. MEADOWS & CO., 35 Sussex-St. Oct. 3, 1874. 3289

OTTAWA
Mills' Supply Agency
OTTAWA POST.,
No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO., - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Jackson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Hose Attic Giant Injector.

Also, Agents of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874 " " 66

A SHFIELD'S
EMPORIUM.

Flint Glassware, in plain and fancy, a speciality during the holidays. Those beautiful goods are more durable than ever and much cheaper. Now in stock, Fruit and Cake Dishes, all sizes, covered Bowls, Preserve Dishes, all sizes; Water Jugs, Wine Glasses of all kinds; Decanters, Goblets, from 50c to $6 per dozen; Glass Sets, 3 pieces, from 75c; Candlesticks, Ba Tumblers, Decanters, Bottles, at special prices, in fact nearly everything required in this line.

Lamps of all kinds, sizes, and prices. Chandeliers, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Crystal Light Burners and goods. A very large stock now on hand. China, Crockery and Earthenware—White Granite Tea Sets, 44 pieces, $3 50; White Granite Chamber Sets, $1.50. Bed Pans, Sick Feeders, Toast Racks, Churns, and a general variety in this line.

Kerosene Oil from the United States. The best in the market at market prices. All goods sold both wholesale and retail. A call is solicited. Happy New Year to All. Vases and Figures awfully cheap now.

JAMES ASHFIELD, Duke street, Chandlerie.

Carpets.

OTTAWA CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.
SHOOLBRED & CO.

Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from Messrs. R. Hay & Co., late Jacques & Hay, Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, with regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.

A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.

SHOOLBRED & CO. 49 Sparks Street. Ottawa, January 5, 1875.

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING
Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Geyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years, and will continue the MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

W. YOUNG. June 20, 1874.

N. MARKS,
Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,
☞ 36—*SPARKS STREET*—36 ☜
Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine
JEWELLERY,
Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.
A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.
Nov. 26, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family:
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1760.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,
Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Par Exhibitions.
Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.
Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill,
West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns. Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c. English, German Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

CLOCKS Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns. Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental makers of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enameled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world. Jan. 17 1874. 3482-1y1y

Mails.

POSTOFFICE OTTAWA.
Arrival and Departure of Trains.

☞ All Mails are closed by Montreal time 5 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1874

DELIVERED. A.M. | P.M.

Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lachine, etc., and Western U.S.
Western—Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.
Western, Richmond, Arnprior, Renfrew, Pembroke, Madawaska, Brudenell, Lake Dore, Mattawa, Deseronto, Belleville, Napanee, Tamworth, Kingston, Picton, Wellington, Colborne, Newcastle, Port Hope, Cobourg, Peterboro', Lindsay, Woodville, Beaverton, Gravenhurst, Bracebridge, Emsdale, Huntsville, Parry Sound, Port Carling, Rosseau, Port Sandfield, Port Cockburn, Rabbit Lake, Maple Leaf, Commanda, Burk's Falls, Callander, Powassan, Trout Creek, Nipissing, Astorville, Mattawan, Calabogie, Braeside, Latchford, Cobalt, Haileybury, Englehart, Rutherglen, Burton, Cartier, Deux Rivières, Osborne, Mattawa, Pembroke, Muskrat, Golden Valley, Arnprior, Almonte, Renfrew, Eganville, Beachburg, Cobden, Pembroke, Mattawa, Deux Rivières, Burton, Cartier, Callander, Powassan, Trout Creek, Nipissing, Astorville, Mattawan, Calabogie, Braeside, Latchford, Cobalt, Haileybury, Englehart, Rutherglen.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
Ottawa and Pembroke Railway.
Canada Central Railway.
Canada Central Railway, Perth Branch.
Canada Central Railway, Brockville Branch.
Canada Central Railway, Smith's Falls Branch.
Canada Central Railway, Carleton Place Junction.
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction.
Belleville, Hinsley, Cary, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway.
Ottawa and Gatineau Railway.
Ottawa and Parliament, up-town.
Ottawa and Parliament, up-town.
Ottawa and Parliament, up-town

THE TIMES

Is published every lawful morning. Price 15 cents per week, sent to subscribers in any part of Canada, SIX DOLLARS per annum.

The rate for Transient Advertisements is TEN CENTS PER LINE, nonpareil measure, for each insertion. For Special Notices TEN CENTS PER LINE, and for Paragraphs, Reports of Meetings, Financial Statements of Banks, Railway Companies, Insurance Companies, and matters of like description, inserted amongst the Reading Matter, FIFTEEN CENTS PER LINE.

Special Contracts are made for a definite period.

Condensed Advertisements on the First page, when not exceeding Twenty Words, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, and ONE-AND-A-HALF CENTS for each word over twenty. The Advertisements referred to are as follows:

Any one specified article—

For Sale or Wanted.
Lost or Found.
Board Wanted.
Business for Sale.
Business Wanted.
Houses for Sale.
Houses to Rent.
Houses Wanted.
Board and Lodging.
Cattle Strayed or Stolen.
Farms Wanted.
Farms for Sale or to Rent.
Live Stock for Sale or to Rent.
Money Wanted or to Loan.
Situations Wanted.
Situations Vacant, &c., &c.

Professional and business cards inserted on the first page for one year, when not exceeding twenty words, once a week, $8; twice a week, $12; and every day, 18, each word over twenty in the same proportion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50c and deaths with funeral notices attached $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents. When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Acknowledgment- Mrs. Bennett.
Lamps, &c.—C. S. Shaw.
Bank of Ottawa—P. Bobertson.
Insurance Co.—R. C. W. MacCuaig.
Sale of Lumber Lands—H. McLean.

The Times.

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JAN. 8, 1875.

The Premier gave a dinner party last night. There were present the Premier of British Columbia, Hon. Mr. Walkem; Marcus Smith, Esq., Chief Engineer, Pacific Railway, British Columbia; Hon. Donald A. Smith, M. P.; J. D. Armour, Esq., Cobourg; Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Scott, Hon. Mr. Cartwright, Hon. Mr. Burpee, Hon. Mr. Huntington, and Hon. Mr. Geoffrion.

THE SLANDER ON MR. BROWN.

The Toronto *National* has made a most object and complete apology for the outrageous and malicious slander it gave currency to some time ago in reference to the Hon. George Brown. It admits that every word of the charge was false and foundationless from beginning to end, that the newspapers which copied it were led into reproducing the slander and were some of them prosecuted successfully, on account of its malicious and unwarranted publication, and indeed goes upon its knees in the most humble and humiliating manner. Had this been done some months ago, there might have been some merit in the retractation, but at this time of the day it is not only, to use its own expression, "a "poor atonement to Mr. Brown for the ori- "gination and propogation of so wanton "a scandal," but is an evidence of the craven and cowardly spirit which marks a man as unworthy of any trust, unsafe to be admitted into any decent society, and a disgrace to the honourable profession of the journalist. We honestly declare that we can conceive of no meaner or more despicable course than that pursued by the proprietors of the journal in question, we care not whether we look at the beginning, or the middle, or the end of the case. That our readers may appreciate the abject spirit of the recantation, we publish the concluding paragraph as follows:

"As, at the time of the publication of the charges by us, we had full confidence in the truthfulness and reliability of our sources of information, we deemed it due to our ourselves to prosecute a searching enquiry in every quarter which had been indicated to us. The result has been that we are forced to the conviction, and we fully believe, that the information on which we made the said charges was utterly false, and that the entire story from beginning to end, in all its details, was a tissue of falsehood imposed upon us without the slightest vestige of truth to palliate; and having arrived at this conviction, we feel it to be only just to make such an apology as would be expected under the circumstances. We acknowledge that this retractation and apology is but poor atonement to Mr. Brown for the origination and propagation of so wanton a scandal, and we feel the deepest regret for the injury and annoyance we may have caused him."

THE FIRE ALARM.

A "ratepayer" the other day stated in our columns the new fire alarm system was proving defective, and suggested that we would probably have been better without it. Now, if it were correct that it was defective, or as our correspondent put it in another portion of his letter, that "on sev- "eral occasions it had failed to reach that "mark of perfection which the citizens ex- "pected," we would still be far from agreeing with him that we would be better without it. Fault-finding is one of those things which people are uncommonly apt to indulge in concerning a new enterprise like this, and it is probably well after all that the defects of any improvement which the city pays for should be looked into, and public attention called to them, for in that way the source of the evil would be sure to be probed more or less successfully, and the necessary remedy applied. But it ought also to be kept in mind that in establishing an intricate system like the fire alarm telegraph, there are a hundred ways in which little hitches may occur which would militate against its perfect success at first, and which only experience and time will enable the most capable superintendent to remove. The letter of "rate-payer" has had the effect of setting us to enquire into the alleged defects of our new sytem, and the result has been that we find that he is somewhat in error in several particulars. The alarm, as a matter of fact, has never failed upon any occasion, and the prompt arrival of the Fire Brigade at the scene of the several fires is a sufficient proof thereof. In regard to the management of the system, ratepayer is again in error. There is no such cloud hanging about the subject as our correspondent asserts, for the name of the gentleman who superintends it is attached to the official lists of boxes, which are furnished *gratis* to the citizens, and can be seen conspicuously in all public places, as well as in the fire stations. There is certainly no mystery about that. As to how the alarm ought to be rung, all the public have to do in the matter is to follow the printed instructions over and inside each box, and they cannot go astray.

On another point we are able to instruct our correspondent. The firm that built the Fire Alarm have nothing whatever to do with it now. The instruments, &c., have been inspected by a gentleman of long experience in these matters, and pronounced by him to be correct in every particular. The system is a good one, and works so satisfactorily in other cities that it is unnecessary for us to say anything in its favour, as it will stand on its own merits. "Ratepayer" must have been misled by the police ringing the alarm in the old-fashioned way, by striking the number of the Ward, but we understand that His Worship the Mayor has given instructions which will prevent any such mistakes in the future. We can easily understand that there is a spirit, if not of hostility, at least of no great friendship, in a certain quarter, to the entire system, and the way in which the brigade persists in turning out, whenever the bell rings, whether the alarm is regular or otherwise, is evidence that they are determined to elevate their own character for disinterestedness and activity at the expense of the new system. While acknowledging with all our citizens, that the brigade merits for its past services the best thanks of all, we are sorry that this should be the case, and cannot say that it is creditable to the good sense or patriotism of the responsible parties. They have turned out, for example, on one or two occasions when the bell struck "one," knowing well that there is no such number of box and no such signal. No superintendent can prevent high winds or snow slides from the roofs of houses, and anyone who is in any way connected with the fire system of this or any other city ought to know that irregular strokes on the bell arise from these and other causes; if they do not know, they have no business to be in the positions they occupy. We may add that the regulation is to report any irregularity in the signals, or any other defects which may become apparent, to the central office, from which tests can at once be applied and the cause of the defect ascertained and remedied. On inquiry at the central office we learn that not one such report has yet been made, and it is therefore useless to complain that things are not working properly.

THE LOUISIANA TROUBLES.

Our American neighbours, with all the boasted freedom of their republican institutions, have apparently something yet to learn in the way of successful internal self-Government. The picture presented by the State of Louisiana for some time past must be a humiliating one to every citizen of the Union, no matter what his political sympathies. It does appear strange that the Federal power could not have been invoked earlier in that ignoble struggle, and yet stranger, now that it has been invoked, that it is turned against one political party and entirely in favour of the other. If General Sheridan and his soldiers had gone down to New Orleans when the elections were proceeding, to protect the electors of both parties from the ruffianism and intimidation which seem to be the favourite electioneering weapons of each, they might have done good service; but that they should go down and interfere now that the battle is past, and behave as insultingly to the Democrats as they have done, cannot be very easily defended. If the Federal authorities had power to act in the premises at all, there is no denying that they showed a lack of willingness to use that power while the difficulty was yet in its infancy, which does not say very much for the statesmanship of those who direct the movements of the United States army; while at this distance there does not appear to be anything in the existing circumstances as opposed to those that are past calling specially for that intervention which had so far been solicited in vain. To permit the Democrats to maintain a threatening attitude towards the Kellogg Government all along and to refuse to move one single step in the direction of curbing that threatening disposition till the ascendancy of the political friends of those now in power at Washington was in danger, gives a tone to the whole transaction which outsiders choose to call by another name than pure justice. It is evident, however, that the white men of the South are begining to rouse themselves—begining, in fact, to contemplate other means of obtaining what they consider to be their rights than the moral suasion they have so far exercised without effect. If such means are not resorted to, it will be because they are so desperately situated that resistance would simply aggravate their condition, because the iron heel is on their necks so heavily that to writhe under it would be but to increase their torture, because the chances of emancipation are so small that to struggle for it would be but to make submission in the future more galling and their moral slavery more servile and degrading. Mr. McEnery's despatch to the President was firm—a marvel of calmness when the circumstances under which it was penned are considered—but there was a constraint in its mode of expression which showed very clearly how deep was the feeling which prompted its author in addressing it to the Chief of the Executive of the nation, and shadowing, if but faintly, what he would have said if he might. It may be that the Democrats of Louisiana are not altogether right; they may, indeed, be altogether wrong; but there must be in all free countries a sympathy for them both deep and heart-felt in view of the deplorable manner in which they are being subjugated into political and moral subserviancy by a mob of uneducated blacks and unscrupulous carpet-baggers. It may be but little in accordance with the liberty and freedom of this nineteenth century to be ruled by a despot like the Czar of Russia or the Sultan of Turkey; but it is far less so to mock an intelligent people with the name of freedom and the similitude of popular government, while they are in reality but feasting on a shadow and feeding on the wind. There may be something very much akin to slavery in submitting to the supreme will of a despot; but slavery to the mob is a thousand times more galling, because as a rule it is more exacting, and because it is the more servilely absolute. We could wish that an early and bloodless settlement of the question were arrived at. It would be a very sanguine expectation in the meantime.

THE NEW POSTAL ARRANGEMENTS.

In pursuance of the scheme of postal reciprocity between this country and the United States, already fully explained in these columns, the following circular was issued yesterday:—

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 5th January, 1875.

CORRESPONDENCE WITH THE UNITED STATES.

A Postal Convention for the Regulation of Postal charges between Canada and the United States, which has already had partial effect in regard to newspapers from the offices of publication, will go fully into operation on and from the 1st February, 1875.

1. On and from that date the Postage Rates to be charged in Canada on mail matter of all kinds, (except closed parcels and patterns and samples) posted in any part of the Dominion of Canada, addressed to any place in the United States will be the same as if addressed to any place in Canada.

2. These rates, namely 3 cents per ½ oz. or fraction thereof on letters, one cent on post cards, and the ordinary Canadian postage rates as from time to time authorized on newspapers from the offices of publication, transient newspapers, and printed and miscellaneous matter of all kinds, must in all cases be fully prepaid, and, as a rule, by postage stamp—or they will not be forwarded.

3. When so fully prepaid—the ordinary Canada rates of postage—no further charge will be made on delivery in the United States.

4. If any letter, newspaper, or other mail matter addressed to the United States, be posted in Canada unpaid or not fully prepaid it must be immediately sent in to the Dead Letter Office, with the reason "*unpaid*" or "*insufficiently prepaid*" marked upon it.

5. The registration charge on Letters addressed to the United States will continue to be 5 cents, which must be prepaid by postage stamp in addition to the ordinary letter postage rate.

6. Letters and all other Mail matter coming from the United States into Canada will be subject to like regulations, as respects the posting there and delivery here. Nothing posted in the United States for Canada will be forwarded unless fully prepaid the ordinary domestic postrates of the United States; and when mail matter is so prepaid and forwarded no further charge is to be made on delivery in this country.

7. These regulations do not authorise any exchange of closed parcels, nor of packages of patters or samples; but it is understood that some provision will shortly be made for the reciprocal transmission of small packets of genuine samples and patterns of merchandize, of which due notice will be given to Postmasters.

D. A. MACDONALD,
Postmaster General.

Correspondence.

THE LOCAL MEMBER.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

DEAR SIR,—The public mind seems to be a good deal agitated as to who shall be chosen to represent the capital in the Ontario Legislature. And the Opposition press, although throwing out vague hints and insinuations that the late member, Mr. O'Donoghue, is not sufficiently "high-toned" to represent such an aristocratic constituency, have not deemed it prudent to come out boldly and say so, although no other inference can be drawn from their remarks. The *Free Press* gently hints that it is desirable that the member should be a man thoroughly conversant with the great lumber interests of the valley of the Ottawa, and it is to be presumed that Mr. O'Donoghue does not come up to that standard in the eyes of the *Free Press*. 'Tis true Mr. O'Donoghue is "only a mechanic," which amounts to almost a crime amongst some of our would-be great people, but the question arises: Is it the mechanic or fine gentleman who has made Ottawa what it is to-day? Mr. O'Donoghue is not lacking in intelligence; he has been "raised" in Ottawa, and perhaps knows as much about its interest—perhaps more—than those who profess to know so much; and as to his honesty of purpose, no one can attack it. But we have yet to learn from past experience, that it has always been lumbermen who have represented Ottawa in Parliament; we know such has not been the case. Are agricultural and commercial interests always represented by men of that class? We know such is far from being the case, and we would be glad to be informed where the large legal constituencies exist which send so many lawyers to Parliament. The *Citizen* and many leading Conservatives were strong and warm supporters of Mr. O'Donoghue at the last election, though he came forward as an Independent candidate. Then what has he done during the two sessions he has sat in the Ontario Legislature to forfeit the confidence placed in him at the last election? We have heard of no complaint against him, and he certainly has advocated the cause of the working classes most warmly and successfully. But the real cause with a certain class is very apparent. He is only foreman in a printing office. Now, as a rule, printers are rather an intelligent class of the community, but then Mr. O'Donoghue is not in "society;" he is from the humble walk of life, and we hear people scarcely emerged from that same rank themselves stating, "we ought to have a gentleman to represent Ottawa in Parliament." When such people forget themselves, or who they once were, others are apt to remember them. Mechanics and workingmen are first rate fellows in the eyes of our aristocracy when they want their votes; but if a mechanic only so far *forgets himself* as to feel that he is a man among his fellow-men, is equally intelligent and honest as any of them, among a certain class he is looked upon as presumptuous. I could quote a good many men who have attained the highest eminence and positions in life from the humble walk of the people, men whom we are proud of to-day. I ask, therefore, why should we discard Mr. O'Donoghue for an untried man. He is honest and intelligent, and is the Capital of the Dominion to be the first to say "No Mechanic (Irish) need apply?" Mr. O'Donoghue has so far showed a fair and honourable record. Let us give him another chance and return him by acclamation. Under any circumstances, I call on the mechanics and working men of every nationality to support Mr. O'Donoghue at the coming election. He appears to you to-day as a working man who has so far done his duty honestly. 'Tis his case to-day, it may be yours next time. Parliament is a good school, even to make what the world calls "gentlemen," although tailors make as many of that class as any one else. Give Mr. O'Donoghue another trial and I feel some of you will have no cause to regret your choice.

AN ELECTOR.

Ottawa, January 7th, 1875.

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3736

"THE POLAR AND TROPICAL WORLDS."

The following are a few out of over 1,000 testimonials that have been received from the best judges of books in Canada in favour of the "Polar and Tropical Worlds:"—

FROM SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD:

I have perused with great interest Mr. J. W. Lyon's publication, the "Polar and Tropical Worlds." From its merits and usefulness, it ought to command a ready sale and obtain a wide circulation.

JOHN A. MACDONALD.

FROM PRINCIPAL TASSIE.

Dr. Hastings' "Polar and Tropical Words" has been examined by me with some care, and I most cheerfully and readily concur with all that has been said in its favour. It covers an immense extent of ground, and is replete with information of the most interesting kind. The execution of the work is highly creditable to Canadian enterprise.

WM. TASSIE, LL.D.,
Principal of Galt Collegiate Institute.

FROM THE REV. E. B. HARPER.

I have had a copy of the "Polar and Tropical Worlds" for some weeks under my notice, and can safely and heartily commend the volume. It is a work above the average in worth, and will amply repay the outlay of its cost.

EPHRAIM B. HARPER,
Wesleyan Minister, Port Hope.

FROM THE REV. J. M'COLL.

I have examined the volume entitled "The Polar and Tropical Worlds," and have great pleasure in recommending it to the public. It contains a store of information of a most valuable character upon subjects hitherto but partially treated by the historian. The book is well worthy a place in every home.

J. McCOLL,
Pastor, Central Presbyterian Church, Hamilton.

Auction Sales.

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

BLANKETS

Selling Far Under Cost, by

J. BERMINGHAM.

The subscriber having received last Fall a consignment of 390 Hudson Bay Co.'s Buffalo Robes, has a few left, which he will sell very cheap, to close the consignment.

He has also several large sized Horse Blankets, which will be sold at less than cost.

Private sale every day.

For good and cheap lined and unlined Robes, go to BERMINGHAM'S, opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

AUCTION

—OF—

BANKRUPT GOODS!

Consigned to the subscriber, to be sold by Auction and Private Sale, at

50 PER CENT. BELOW COST.

J. BERMINGHAM

Has now on hand a Bankrupt Stock, consisting of

100 White and Gold China Tea Sets,
100 Ladies' Work Boxes—inlaid,
100 Ladies' Writing Desks,
300 very handsome Vases of every design, style and pattern,
100 Toilet Sets,
Cut and Engraved Crystal Water Jugs and Celery Bowls,
50 English Chromos,
Bouquet Holders, Britannia Metal Tea Pots, and several Silver Tea Sets.

All selling (private sale) at 50 per cent. under English cost, at BERMINGHAM'S Sale Rooms, opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Auction Sale,

OF VERY VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS,

Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.

HECTER McLEAN

Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:

License No. 161, season of 1873-4 comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.

License No. 163, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vielle Gennen, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.

These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1871, consisting of about 57 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN, Ramsay.

Dec. 30th, 1874. 3731-1d

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, TO WIT. } By virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Toronto, and to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements of William Willis, at the suit of Henry James, I have seized and taken in execution all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said defendant, in and to the north-west half of lot number thirty-three in the second concession, in the Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, which I will offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on *Thursday*, the eighth day of April, in the year of our Lord 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JOHN NICHOLSON, Dy. Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, 6th January, 1875. 3735-1d & 12w

FOR SALE CHEAP.

North half of Lots No. 23 24 and 25, on the Eleventh Range of the Township of Hull; Lots No. 23 and 24 south on the Twelfth Range of the Township of Hull, containing in all about 400 acres, together with farming impliments thereon. For terms and particulars apply to JAMES LASCHARITA, on the premises. 2-1m.

Election Notices.

TO THE

Electors of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—Through the dissolution of the Local Legislature, in a short time you will be called upon to elect a representative to that House for the ensuing term. Elected by a large majority when I had the honor to solicit your suffrages before, I trust that my conduct while in Parliament will meet with the full confidence of the whole people at the ensuing election, and as a consequence I announce myself as a candidate for your suffrages on the occasion. Should I be deemed worthy of your approval in the future as in the past, my humble support will be given to the present government in all measures for the benefit of the whole country. I ask assistance in opposing chicanery and double-dealing, and in favour of one who will neither be cajoled or purchased.

Hoping to meet you all at public meetings, and if possible personally, before the day of polling,

I remain,
Yours respectfully,

DAN. J. O'DONOGHUE.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

TO THE

Electors of Russell.

GENTLEMEN,—I beg respectfully to announce to you that I am a Candidate for your suffrages at the impending General Election for the Ontario Legislature. My political principles are well known to you as contained in detail in my address of 1867; and time and experience have added fresh strength to my convictions of their soundness. As the standard-bearer, who first unfurled the banner of Reform in your Riding, I cannot but rejoice that the good seed then sown, under very adverse circumstances, too, has not only taken deep root, but has already produced fruit.

I congratulate you that many of the measures I advocated before you, particularly those relating to the purity of elections, and without which elective institutions were little better than a farce, are now the law of this great Province; and I am glad to be able to say that some, who then sneered at my humble efforts for the people's good, have since seen the error of their ways, and become zealous workers in the glorious cause of liberty. It is cause of thankfulness that every man can now exercise his franchise without let, hindrance, or fear of consequences, according to his own honest convictions, uninfluenced by any consideration but the general good, and witnessed by no eye but that of his Maker. To the Liberal Government the country owes all these important and beneficial measures. There are many other useful and necessary reforms which will follow in their wake, if the people are true to themselves, and renew their confidence in the present Government by electing men to support them on whom they can rely—men who have a record to point to, whose fidelity to their principles is above suspicion—men who would, if necessary, be ready to follow them into the cold shades of opposition. This is the kind of support they deserve at your hands. Send them not one who veers with every change of political doctrine—a Conservative yesterday, a Reformer to-day, and a Tory again to-morrow if most conducive to his interest or ambition.

In Mr. Mowat's Administration I have the fullest confidence—a confidence inspired by their principles and confirmed by their acts. I heartily endorse not only their legislation, but the economy and efficiency with which they have administered public affairs in promoting education, encouraging settlement and developing our internal resources; and if antecedents be any criterion whereby we may judge our future actions, they shall continue to have my cordial support.

Every scheme for the encouragement of Roads and Railroads shall have my unqualified support, for these are the veins and arteries through which flows the life blood of industry. I shall use every legitimate means to influence aids for such enterprises in your Riding without regard to special interests or particular localities.

I shall devise and promote with my utmost ability a comprehensive scheme for the drainage of your whole county, by which the rich *bottom-lands* now lying waste—preserves for deer stalking—will be converted into blooming fields of golden harvest, increasing your population and enhancing your property.

With a life long devotion—often under very trying circumstances—to the cause of good and cheap Government; with a record, private and public, extending over a quarter of a century on the Ottawa Valley, at which no respectable man need blush, and can challenge fair and honest criticism; with an ambition direct ed as unerringly as the needle to the pole towards adding my little mite to the stock of human happiness, irrespective of race or creed, clime or color; with a mind free from bigotry as our mountain air from noxious exhalations; I appeal with just confidence to the Liberals of Russell to sustain me, and place me in a position of increased usefulness; and I can safely assure them that their trust will never be betrayed. On Conservative support I base no claim, save that of an honest man, who respects the opinions, nay, the prejudices, of those who differ from him and who in his public capacity shall know none but the people as a whole.

I shall endeavor to see as many of you as it is possible for me in the limited time between this and polling day; and frankly avow my views on any other subject that you may desire to be informed. Those whom I may not be able to see, will, I hope, excuse me, and pass sentence on me according to the principles herein enunciated. On the last occasion that I was before you I addressed, with as much sincerity as ever I uttered a sentence, to large assemblies which happened to be exclusively composed of my own countrymen, and the same I shall now say to all, as follows:—

"You should banish from your minds every consideration except the public good. You should not vote for me simply because I am an Irishman or a Catholic. You should wholly judge me according to the political principles I enunciate before you. If you approve of these, you should support me; and if there is one amongst you who disapproves of them, he is in duty bound to vote against me."

I am,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,

J. L. P. O'HANLY.

Ottawa, 26th December, 1874

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

Oct. 7, 1874. 3691y d&w.

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 3605.

FOWLE'S

PILE AND HUMOR CURE,

For Internal and External Use

WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin. One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Dec. 14, 13 3713

Hatters & Furriers.

ALEX. BROBERY,

FURRIER,

45 Rideau-st.,

Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,

Is offering the balance of his

Stock of Winter Furs

AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3733

DEVLIN'S

FUR DEPOT

AUSTRIAN RUGS,
BUFFALO ROBES,
WOLF ROBES,
WHITE FOX ROBES,
BLACK BEAR ROBES,
RACCOON ROBES.

—AT—

DEVLIN'S

11 RIDEAU STREET.

LADIES FURS!

GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,

No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to order by

JAMES PEACOCK,
No. 33, Rideau Street.

Dec. 20th, 1874. 3724 ml

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.

—AT—

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Boots & Shoes.

OH! HOW JOLLY!

With the hope of contributing to the enjoyment of an immense number of people, and also as an expression of gratitude to my customers for their liberal patronage during eight years past, I have decided to present articles of the value of 50 cents for every $5 worth purchased for cash during the holidays, and gifts of proportionate value for larger amounts.

These CHRISTMAS PRESENTS will consist of Ladies, Gents, and Children's fine Kid, Mitts; plain and fancy Moccasins, French Dressing slippers and Boots and Shoes, in great variety—ALL USEFUL ARTICLES—and I especially call your attention to the fact that this is NOT A LOTTERY, but that every cash purchaser will receive in the above ratio, a gift of his own choosing.

Come at once and make your selections.

W. A. LAMB,
38 Sussex St.

Dec. 21st, 1874.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN:

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

BOOTS,
SHOES,
MOCCASINS,
MITTS, &c.

AT

W. E. BROWN,
15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.

Dec. 21, 1874. 3869y d&w

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 18 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes,
Mitts, Rubbers,
Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN, Ottawa.

Dec. 24, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st.

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 2 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre.

Miscellaneous.

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.

The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, Rideau-st.

THE DOMINION ATLAS.

WALKER & MILES, PUBLISHERS,

Montreal and Toronto.

MARA & MAINGY,

General Agents for Central Canada, P.O. Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Legal Notices.

DR. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.

H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants

Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 law

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands, necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-law6m

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Wolford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnston, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the City of Toronto, as Solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt become absolute and indefeasible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.

(Sd.) GEO. S. HOLMESTED,
Referee of Titles.

3715-3w-lawk

Government Notices

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector McLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale.

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 101 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also cases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and Albert streets, commonly called "Currier's Fish Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, [illegible] feet, and of No. 3, 3,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved of by this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Janr., 1875.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Saturday, 12th day of December, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 8th and 54th sections of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 6 and intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, And it is hereby Ordered that the Town of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec, now an Out Port of Customs be and is hereby constituted a Port of Entry and a warehousing Port, the same to take effect from the first day of January next.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.

3735

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Friday, 18th day of December, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas, by Order of the Council of the 7th day of June, 1871, it is directed that sworn declarations and machinists' certificates be in all cases required preliminary to the admission free of duty, of machinery not manufactured in the Dominion for use in Canadian manufactures, and whereas, by the Act 37 Vic., chap. 6, the same machinery is made subject to an ad valorem duty of ten per cent. to take effect on the first day of January next, and whereas it is desirable to simplify the practice of the Customs in such cases,—due regard being had to the security of the revenue.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. Minister of Customs, and under the provision of the 125th section of the Act 31 Vic., chap. 6, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the first day of January next, the said Order in Council be, and the same is hereby rescinded, and that Collectors of Customs be, and they are hereby authorized and instructed to accept entry of such machinery on and after that date at ten per cent. duty *ad valorem*, requiring the following affidavit to be filled in each case, and a copy thereof to be attached to the entry.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.

I, A. B., the importer of the following described machinery, viz.:—here a full description of each machine, giving name of maker and use to which it is to be applied, shall be inserted) do solemnly swear, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, no machine such as that above described, is manufactured in Canada, and that the same is imported for use in the manufactory of which I am the (proprietor or one of the proprietors, or legally authorized agent,) and that the same is not to be offered for sale.

Sworn to before me at ___ on the ___ day of ___ 187 ___. 26-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1875.

AUTHORIZED discount on American invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

Insolvent Act.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

Joseph Merritt Currier Benjamin Batson, and Thomas Webster Currier, Plaintiffs, versus Alexander Reddick, Defendant.

A Writ of Attachment has issued in this cause.

WM. F. POWELL,
Sheriff of Carleton.

Sheriff's Office, Dec. 30th, 1874. 3732

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.

Dec 26, 1874. 3664

Houses to Let.

TO SELL OR RENT.

The house and grounds lately occupied by Mr. Spragge, just outside the city limits, on the Richmond Road. The House and grounds can be divided, the former making two complete dwellings, if required, with every convenience and ample room in each for a large family. Terms of sale or rental, moderate.

Apply to
WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK.

Dec. 7, 1874. 3712-1f

Publications.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

One Copy	$2
Three Copies	5
Five Copies	8
Ten Copies	15

Postage five cents per copy for three months.

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at the same price.

One extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. Additions to clubs received at club rates.

These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

A generous portion of the WEEKLY HERALD will be appropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Pomology and the management of domestic animals. Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets.

The aim will be to make the WEEKLY HERALD superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

Every number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting Intelligence, Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial Intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

The price of subscription, whenever practicable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting money by mail.

At small Post Offices in the country where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

Advertisements, to a limited number, will be inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD.

Price of the DAILY HERALD, four cents a copy. Annual subscription price, $12, always in advance.

Write the address on letters to the NEW YORK HERALD, in a bold and legible hand, and give the name of each subscriber, of Post Office, County and State so plainly that no errors in mailing papers will be liable to occur.

APPLETON'S

AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA

NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publications of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

This work is sold to subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages, fully illustrated with several thousand wood engravings, and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

Price and Style of Binding.

In extra Cloth, per vol	$5 00
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Nine volumes now ready. Succeeding volumes, until completion, will be issued once in two months.

Specimen pages of the American Cyclopædia, showing type, illustrations, etc., will be sent gratis, on application.

First-class canvassing Agents Wanted.

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D. APPLETON & Co.,
549 & 551 Broadway N. Y.

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THE CHRISTIAN AT WORK.

"THE BEST RELIGIOUS PAPER."

A CHOICE OF

TWO BEAUTIFUL PREMIUMS.

An Illuminated Portfolio of Twelve Gems by Hendschel, each 8½ x 10½ in., or the superb Chromo, "The Twins," 22x28 in., after Landseer. Price $3.25, including postage. No extra of any kind. Without Premium, $3 per annum.

ATTENTION, AGENTS.

Liberal commission and exclusive territory. Samples and circulars free. Send Postal Card at once to

HORATIO C. KING,
Publisher,
Box 5105, New York

Oct. 26.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S MAGAZINE

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE one year .... $4 00 $4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An Extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy: postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2.25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION.

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength, and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

A POST OFFICE ROMANCE.

Mr. John H. Hallett, one of the oldest public servants in the New York Post Office, remembers that in 1835 a young woman used to call every week for a letter addressed "Miss Mary H. Russell, Post Office." The regularity of her visits, and her apparent unwillingness to give any account of herself, elicited much curiosity among the clerks, but their inquisitiveness was never gratified. Years passed away and gray hairs appeared on the woman's head, but she made her calls as regularly as ever, and the expected letter was always waiting for her. Nearly ten years have elapsed since her last visit, but the letter still came addressed to her name, although the intervals between them are longer than in the old time. These letters have of course been opened, but they contain no clue to the identity of either the writer or the recipient. Each contains a $5 bill, with a few lines of writing to say when the next remittance would be made. No address, no date, no signature. The handwriting is that apparently of a man feeble with age, and another letter with the usual superscription is at present waiting, lying unopened at the Post Office. Maria H. Russell, an elderly woman ten years ago, is probably dead. The letters, with their contents, are sent to Washington, but no one can guess who the anonymous writer is who so faithfully maintained his correspondence. Post offices are essentially practical places, but little bits of romance may sometimes be found even in their history.—*N. Y. Evening Post*

MIXED MARRIAGES.

Not a bad instance of the evil effects of mixed marriages, contracted even with the very best intentions, has occurred in Glasgow, Scotland. Some time ago a Catholic tailor married a dressmaker who belongs to that description of Protestantism known as "Free Church." It was agreed by both parties before marriage that their conflicting creeds should not be allowed to interfere with their domestic happiness. Like all similar marriages, the result was not as satisfactory as the couple expected. Domestic disputes and unhappiness soon made their appearances, and eventually the husband became so excited on one occasion at his spouse having thrown out of the window several *cartes-de-visite* of certain universally respected Catholic dignitaries, that he trampled upon a picture of William of Orange. The female Free-Churcher could not stand such an insult to her religion as this, and she forthwith brought an action against her husband for aliement at the rate of £1 a week. The sheriff considered the separation justifiable, and granted the Free-Churcher 12s. a week as aliement. It was acknowledged by the sheriff that the conduct of the Free-Churcher had been characterized by almost every feature unbecoming in a wife, and that the husband seemed to have shown a forbearance that was perhaps hardly consistent with the duty of ruling his own household. So much for Catholic forbearance and patience and Free Church female amiability and Christianity. The moral of all this is—Beware of mixed marriages.

HOW THE QUEEN DID IT.

The late Doctor Norman Macleod was a most famous man, and was noted for his love of a good joke. The following story is told in corroboration of the latter remark. Shortly after he had returned from his visit to Balmoral, it happened that he was invited to a dinner party at Glasgow. When the day arrived, circumstances in connection with his pastoral duties occurred to prevent his being present at the appointed hour. Accordingly, on reaching the house, the dinner had been served, but was not very far advanced. Having apologized for his want of punctuality, the lady of the house said those at the table would wait a few minutes, and he would soon overtake them. While waiting, the conversation turned on the doctor's visit to the Queen, and he was asked several questions as to how Her Majesty conducted herself at table, and so forth. The doctor told them he would satisfy them all with his answers, if, in the meantime, they allowed him to proceed. Soup was first served, then fish, and the doctor partook of both. When the cover which contained the latter was being removed, the doctor, casting his eyes over the table, said "It was just at this stage of the dinner the Queen said to me, 'Noo, Norman, I think you'll be the better o' a dram.'" The brandy which was on the sideboard, was speedily produced, and the doctor partook of his dram, amid shouts of laughter from the guests.

DRUIDISM STILL PRESERVED IN WALES.

London Correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial.

I have just obtained, through a Welsh friend, a few items concerning a mysterious sect in the South of Wales, concerning which no record whatever exists, but which I believe to be the very last remnant of the ancient Druidic religion.

The people belonging to this little sect, are few and poor; they dwell scattered among the hills in the neighborhood of Pontypridd. They gather together only twice in the year—on the summer and winter solstice. They then ascend a mountain called Eglwysilan. This mountain's name seemed derived from *Eglwys* (French *Eglise*), church, and *ilan*, height; but the mysterious religionists say that the latter word, *Ilan*, is the name of their leader. The mountain is connected with antiquity by having on its top a holy (rocking) stone, and near its base the remains of an old (so called Druidic) temple, circular, but with a long, sinuous line of stones, such as are thought by some a relict of serpent worship. When these brethren assemble at the mountain's base at the solstice, they are headed by an aged man, who bears in his hand a long wand. At the top of this wand is a small sphere, with three prongs, like divergent rays, issuing from one side of it. My informant asked one of the solstitals what was the meaning of this sphere and its three prongs. He replied that the sphere was "the sphere," and as for the three prongs, "you will find three in everything," he said; "in leaves and trees particularly." The pilgrims march silently after their aged leader with the wand up the mountain, and when they arrive there he preaches to them a strange sort of mixture of materialism and fetishism.

SILVER IN MASSACHUSETTS.—A silver mine in New England is not, as a rule, the kind of investment from which large returns could be expected, but a letter which we publish to-day describes one of extraordinary promise. There have been many instances of discovery of the precious metals in New York, Rhode Island and Massachusetts, but the invariable experience has been that the cost of extraction continually increased, while the product in metal tapered down. So far, the result in this Massachusetts mine seems to be the reverse of the usual record, but whether the glowing anticipations of the yield will be justified when the excavations have proceeded further, is a question which even the geologists of the State School of Technology are not competent to decide. At all events, the discovery of silver in Essex County, unless perhaps in the form of buried spoons, is an occasion for surprise; had it been brass it would not have been so remarkable.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732.

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724t.

FRESH OYSTERS IN SHELL.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

H. F. McCarthy, Medical Hall, Wellington street, has just received a large stock of Christmas and New-Year's goods, in toilet bottles, dressing cases, hair brushes, combs, Labin's and Atkinson's perfumes cologne, lavender, &c., &c., ten per cent. cheaper than any other house in the city. 3727

For Bunnel's Patent Washer, Shorey & Co.'s Royal Canadian Wringer, Polygonal Turning, Furnaces, Stoves and Stove Pipes, fitted up in a workmanlike manner, go to C. P. Dorion. Also on hand and for sale, very cheap, 7,500 Stoves Pipes of all kinds, at our well known townsman, C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa, Ont. 3791d&w

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

NEW YORK BAY OYSTERS IN SHELL.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. s703

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

All Flannels reduced at Bryson's. 3695-1m

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732.

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH.

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds,
Geese from 8 to 16 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 23, 1874. 3728-tf

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 3570-y

WHOLESALE

Ready-Made

CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTERS

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 24, 1874. 3590

Gift Enterprises.

ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts	$20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 23, 1874. 3726w2awkd&w

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts,

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000 } Each in Cash
Two Prizes, $500 }
Five Prizes $100 }

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.
One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth
Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300
Three Gold American Hunting Watches, w $125 each.
Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth $100 each!
1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 437,
Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874. 2554 d&w.

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK, VA.

DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature passed March 8th, 1873.

50,000 TICKETS—6000 CASH GIFTS,

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of		$30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of		25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of		20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of		[illegible]000
One Grand Cash Gift of		5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of		2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of		2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000	each	15,000
28 Cash Gifts of 500	each	14,000
43 Cash Gifts of $250	each	10,750
79 Cash Gifts of $150	each	11,850
250 Cash Gifts of $100	each	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of $50	each	28,900
5000 Cash Gifts of $10	each	50,000
6000 Cash Gifts, aggregating		$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets, $5; Quarter ticket, $2 50; Eleven tickets, $100.

For Tickets and Circulars, &c., address,
HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary,
Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 25, 1874. 2763d&w

Miscellaneous.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO.,
Sparks Street, near Bank.

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer, Sparks-st

December 23, 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents.

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.

Dec. 17, 1874.

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

J. W. MINTHORN
Box "U" Orillia, Ont.

Oct. 7. 3[illegible]

Hair Cutting.

THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-CUTTING, DRESSING AND BATH ROOMS,

74 AND 76 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

The Proprietor respectfully informs his numerous patrons that his

New Establishment

is now complete in every department.

Ladies' Entrance—The door nearest O'Connor-St.

His stock of REAL HAIR cannot be surpassed either in quantity or quality. In price he guarantees 25 per cent. less than any house in the Dominion.

For the Gents' Room he has every comfort possible to obtain for money. With five efficient workmen gentlemen will not have to waste their time in waiting at this establishment.

The Manufacturing Department employs seven hands, and with the large amount of room he now has, will be able to meet the increasing demands of his patrons.

For Combings, he begs to say that although his price may seem a little higher in quotation than some others, when ladies take into consideration what they receive for their money, it will be found cheaper to buy their work at this establishment.

T. E. M. also begs to say that he will continue as a system of business, his sale of Magic Photographs for 50cts. each, both for ladies and gentlemen, which gives the purchaser each time a present varying from 50cts to $100.

Perfumes, Cosmetiques, Combs, Brushes, and all Toilet Goods in endless variety.

T. E. MOORE,

Oct. 28, 1874. 3367

Furniture.

GREAT

DISCOUNT SALE

—OF—

FURNITURE.

Before removing to our new Warerooms, 38 Sparks-st., we will offer our present large stock of Plain and Fancy Furniture at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

ANGUS & CO.,
38 SPARKS-ST.

Dec. 14, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST, 2ND OR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 8, 1874. 2582y

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

Miscellaneous.

S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa.

No 18 2/9

"A Repository of Fashion Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveller.*

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates, in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

TERMS:

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$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."—"The Best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Weekly* is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the *Weekly* is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The *Weekly* maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations are often corroborative arguments of no small force.—*N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle.*

Its papers on existent question and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

TERMS:

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$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publisher.

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The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete Set, comprising Eighteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS New York.

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co. Cincinnati O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N.J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y. &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE.................70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3540y

Hardware.

MOORE BROS.,

TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil,

General House-Furnishing Goods,

And Lawn Mowers.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS. OTTAWA.

Jan. 7, 1875. 3673

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES.

J. T. MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces. Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Lamps & Chandeliers

The Largest Assortment in the City,

AT THE OIL DEPOT, SUSSEX-ST.

C. S. SHAW & CO.

Jan. 8, 1875.

Grocers.

CHRISTMAS CARD.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS.

Thanking their numerous friends and customers for the patronage bestowed upon them since commencing business, would remind them that being in a position (through purchasing their Goods previous to advance in wholesale markets) to sell cheap, they will offer to them during the Holidays, value in quality and cheapness that cannot be surpassed in the city, viz.:

OLD PRICES.		NEW PRICES.	
3 lbs. Raisins	35cts.	3 lbs. Raisins	30cts
3 lbs. Currants	27cts.	3 lbs. Currants	25cts
Orange Peel	35cts.	Orange Peel	25cts
Lemon Peel	35cts.	Lemon Peel	25cts
Sultana Raisins	17cts.	Sultana Raisins	15cts
Figs in layers	50cts.	Figs in layers	35cts
Mixed Spices	50cts.	Mixed Spices	40cts

Dec. 21st, 1874.

SOMETHING NEW

To Economical Housekeepers!

Use the British Egg and Butter Powder!

A Perfect Substitute for Eggs!
A Great Saving in Butter!

FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.

Agents for Ottawa—

CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.

3 and 4 Victoria Chambers,
Wellington Street

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3m

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

SAPOLIO,

For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.

HAND SAPOLIO,

For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artizans and mechanics.

Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.

Dec. 29, 1874. 3780-3awk

CHRISTMAS COMES BUT ONCE A YEAR.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE

Beg to inform their many customers and the citizens of Ottawa generally, that they are now prepared to sell

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST

For cash during the holidays,

Fancy China Tea Setts, Crockery, Glassware and Presents of all Kinds.

A full stock of

GROCERIES AND SMALLWARES

Of all kinds for the holidays. Call early and select your goods.

All orders will receive prompt attention.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,

Corner of Kent and Wellington Streets

Dec. 24, 1874.

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES!
Restore your Sight!

THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES,

By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957,) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with alls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender
738 Broadway, New York
727

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer [Trade Mark secured] Montreal.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874. 3679

Books & Stationery.

NEW BOOKS.

Grey's Creed of Christendom, 2 vols.	$4 50
Do Enigmas of Life	1 50
John Stuart Mill's Posthumous Essays on Religion	2 50
Drapers' The Conflict between Religion and Science	1 75
Popular Science Monthly, vols. 1 to 5 each	3 50
Proctor's The Transits of Venus	2 50
Around the Tea Table, by Talmage, illustrated	3 00

For sale at

HENDERSON & Co's.

39 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 8, 1872.

SACRED MUSIC BOOKS

FOR 1875.

RIVER OF LIFE.

(35 cts.) A most beautiful Sunday School Book. H. S. Perkins and W. W. Bentley.

LEADER.

[$1.38.] Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

THOMAS'S QUARTETS AND ANTHEMS

($2 00.) Perfect music of the best class, for Quartet Choirs. J. R. Thomas.

DANKS' ANTHEM SERVICES.

[$2 50]. Anthem music of excellent quality for all the services of the Episcopal Church. H. P. Danks.

PERKINS' ANTHEM BOOK.

[$1 50.] Easy Anthems. Very full, good, and already popular collection. W. O. Perkins.

SONG MONARCH.

[75cts.] For Singing Schools. Not much Sacred Music, but an admirable preparatory course, with a large quantity of secular music for practice. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

All books sent post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 26, 1874.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

See T. & B. on each Plug.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874-5.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin,

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual price

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystallized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

THOS. PATTERSON.

Dec. 24 1874.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 36 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Aug. 1, 1874. 3284

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT DR. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, F.R.S.E., M.R.I.A., F.G.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success."

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN.

Dec. 5, 1874. 3711m1

Ladies' Ware,

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYAN'S

234 Wellington-St

Dec. 5, 1874. 3667

Dry Goods.

LONDON HOUSE

LONDON HOUSE.

CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES!

The balance of our Fancy Goods will be Cleared Off

AT A GREAT REDUCTION, in order to make room for SPRING GOODS.

White Fur Jackets at Very Low Prices!

Grebe and other Sets of Fur at Holiday Prices.

Evening Silks and Gloves to match, at very low prices. Evening Dresses made to order in the latest styles, with neatness and despatch.

HANEY & FORGIE.

[254 & 256 WELLINGTON-ST., OPPOSITE E. McGILLIVRAY'S, OTTAWA.

Dec. 23, 1874. 3673y

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING TAILORING.

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7.50 upward.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50.
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874. 3672-3m

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars,

&c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1861, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings

AGENCY OF

Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works,

OHIO SANDSTONE

Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receiving or Projectory either Plain or Mounted.

June 12, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

CHANGE OF SITE.—The old fish house on the By Ward market was yesterday successfully drawn on runners to its new site at the end of the new weigh house, on the east side of York street.

MUCH NEEDED IMPROVEMENT.—The lower part of O'Connor street, contiguous to the Orange Hall, and which has been in such a dangerous state for some time back, is being put in an efficient state of repair.

A SUMPTUOUS SPREAD.—The Hon. James Skead, President-elect of the Ottawa Board of Trade, entertained the members of the board to a sumptuous spread last night at the Rideau Club.

THE CONTEST IN RUSSELL.—Each meeting held seems to add to the number of Dr. Ferguson's friends. At one held at New Edinburgh the night before last the feeling was almost unanimous in favour of the Liberal candidate.

COAL OIL.—Messrs. C. S. Shaw & Co., desire to state that they have done of the explosive oil said to have been seized by the Inland Revenue Collector, in their stock. All their supply has passed the necessary test.

SEIZURE OF FISH.—The Quebec papers mention a seizure by the local fishery overseer of five hundred speckled trout, offered for sale in the market during close season. They were caught in the lakes back of St. Urbain. Inmates of charitable houses enjoy all the benefit of this illegal fishing.

CONCERT.—The advance agent of the Ilma de Murska Grand Concert Company has arrived in the city, and announces the first entertainment on the 15th inst. Ilma de Murska is spoken of as one of the eminent dramatic singers who have charmed European audiences of late years. Full particulars will be given in the usual way.

SEPARATE SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—The election contest for Separate School Trustee in Wellington Ward between Messrs. Waller and Sims promises to be pretty lively. Mr. Larose, the other representative, is spoken of also as likely to retire, but according to a rule which prevails, a French Canadian must be his successor. Considerable interest is at last being manifested in regard to these schools.

REFORM ASSOCIATION.—An adjourned meeting of the Reform Association was held last night in the Reform rooms, to hear the report of the committee named to select a candidate for the forthcoming election. No report was ready, and the meeting adjourned till to-morrow (Saturday) night, when final action in the matter will be taken. A great number of persons were proposed as members.

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—The Board of School Trustees were obliged to adjourn their meeting last night, owing to the City Hall being occupied by the Board of Trade. Messrs. Robinson, Kirby, Graham, Robertson, Taylor, Bronson, and the Inspector were present. A special meeting will be held to-morrow night (Saturday) at 7 o'clock sharp, to wind up the business of the year.

SKATING.—The exercise of skating seems to be indulged this season to a much greater extent than previous years. The old and young alike are going into this healthful and invigorating recreation, and as a result young ladies may be seen going along the street with rosy cheeks and cheerful countenances. The rink at the Canal Basin is crowded every day and evening, and Mr. Fooks has as much as he can do to attend to the wants of his many friends.

THE NOBLE (?) ART OF SELF DEFENCE.—Two cab men, last evening, kept themselves warm by pummeling each other at the corner of Elgin and Wellington streets in a lively manner. They did not take off their overcoats, and they looked not unlike two bears having a friendly sparring match. Though some hard hits were exchanged, the bearskins kept them out, and no damage was done, the antagonists mutually refraining from spoiling each other's countenance.

MRS. ROSE DELIMA BENNETT desires to acknowledge through our columns the prompt payment of the sum of $2000 by the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee, the amount of policy No. 15,430, effected by her late husband, Dec. 5th, 1873, and upon which he had paid but one annual premium. We may add that Mr. Joseph King, Special Solicitor, who came down from Toronto on the above business, intends remaining a few days for the purpose of advancing the interests of the Company, in conjunction with Mr. T. S. Stethem, the City Agent.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges the receipt of $200.50, the proceeds of a collection taken up in the Methodist Church, Metcalf street, Ottawa, in aid of said institution. In forwarding the subscription, Mr. LeSueur wrote the following letter:—My dear Sir—I beg to enclose you my cheque for $200.50, the collection on Sunday last in the Methodist Church, Metcalf street, for the Protestant Hospital, and I hope that this offering of a congregation composed chiefly of working men will stimulate the wealthier churches to a generous emulation. I am, sir, yours faithfully, P. LeSueur, Steward. To Alex. Workman, Treasurer, Protestant Hospital.

THE SECRET IS OUT.—For eighteen months past the minister of Ottawa West Wesleyan Church has given practical evidence that "he has coveted no man's silver, gold or apparel." During this period he has never directly asked any one person connected with his church for one dime for his support, and while the people's weekly voluntary offerings have more than doubled the amount of their previous givings, the minister has quietly and unasked voluntarily paid $3 out of every $5 received from the people to meet pressing needs in the erection of a church so far. His flock were unconscious till the other day of the great personal sacrifices Dr. Mark and his family have made to serve them. When the facts came out, all were startled and many were grieved.—*Com.*

THE ORANGE HALL READINGS.—These readings, suspended during the holidays, resumed last night under the auspices of L.O.L. 221, the W.M., Bro. Wm. Cherry, in the chair, a very appreciative audience of about 200 being present. Professor Workman opened with a piano solo and then sang "The dangers of treading on the lion's tail," said lion being the noble British beast. Harry grant followed with a capital rendering of "A newly imported Irishman's indignant replies to the impertinent inquiries of a Yankee census enumerator." A song by Miss Venn was deservedly encored, after which Mr. Shields convulsed the audience by depicting the emotions of a gushing virgin of forty-three for whom a dyer was dying. Of course he was encored, and responded with a Scotch recitation. Mr. Harry Bennet then sang, in true Dundreary style, a moreau, the burden of which was "awfully clevaw." He, too, received an encore. A really artistic rendition of Eve's "Reverie" by Mr. Charles Jamieson, came next on the list, given in all its wierd strangeness. The spell that it cast on the audience was broken by the fine voices of Miss McCarthy and Mr. McDonald in a duett. Mr. Chalmers then gave a patriotic reading with a moral, after which Mr. McDonald was again called upon and gave a song. Miss Abbott, a little damsel barely in her teens, but with a very promising voice and ear, sang the "Gypsy's Warning," and was also encored. Mr. Varney sang in spirited style that noble ballad the "Friar of Orders Grey," and in response to the inevitable encore delighted his hearers with a very good comic melody. A sentimental song by Mr. Clarke, a recitation by Mr. Lang, a duet by Mr. Workman and his indefatigable co-adjutor for the time being—Mr. McDonald, and a humourous recitation by Mr. Chalmers exhausted a lengthy but excellent programme, when the singing of the national anthem brought to a close one of the most enjoyable entertainments we have had the pleasure of listening to for a long time. The series will be continued every alternate Thursday, the intervening Thursday being filled up with a lecture under the same management.

"TENNYSON."

Lecture by Rev. W. Armstrong.

Last evening the Rev. Mr. Armstrong, of Daly street Presbyterian Church, delivered a lecture on "Tennyson" before the Literary and Scientific Society. There was a good attendance.

Rev. Mr. ARMSTRONG said:

Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen:

It has been my misfortune to have been prevented from hearing any of the lectures who have preceded me in this course. As a consequence I have missed the inspiration I might have caught from them and these audiences, and that at home, feeling which acquaintance with these halls sacred to science and literature might have produced. Moreover as I met the favoured listeners, and asked what kind of lecture? And heard "splendid," "very fine," "most interesting," and such like epithets pronounced with an emphasis that left no doubt of the sincerity of the compliment, my sensitive spirit shrank into a small corner and sent forth the unavailing rebuke: "Ah! foolish and bold to rank yourself with learning and eloquence, or dare to occupy the precious time of a society so cultured and so critical." And now after you have listened to the song of divine philosophy from one distinguished member of your society; and another guided by the muse of history has taken you back through the chivalrous times of Raleigh and Queen Bess; and another by magic hand has raised the spirits of your native mountain stream and glen, and bid them tell their story; and another has led you in delightful rambles through the fairy land of science, what hope have I who boast no magic to continue this series of enchantments?

And yet, were it not that we live in this "brassy age," I have a theme inferior to none. Time was when poesy sat a crowned queen; but now we are fallen on an evil day when few will pay her reverence. "What is the use of putting into stilled verse what you might speak straight on in prose?" growls King Carlyle, in one of his savage moods; "of what use is poetry in business; there is no money in it?" the Mammon-worshipper says, while bread and butter science, with outstretched arms, shrieks, "I am Wisdom, Beauty, Money," too, and claims supreme attention for herself. "Frivolity Regnant" cautions the poet: "If you will sing to us, let it be something trivial, something comic or burlesque." And so the poet's occupation's gone or going. Once for all, ladies and gentlemen, we close our ears to such croakings. The poet's occupation is not gone, and never will or can go until Fancy is dead and the human heart a stone. There is poetry in life, for there is pathos in life, passion and thought, and love and hate; hoping, despairing, sorrowing, suffering, rejoicing. The poet's heart, open to the music all around, will catch the note, whether grave or gay, and prolong it from age to age. This is not an "unpoetic age," and, what is more, an unpoetic age there cannot be. So, if reverently you have heard science tell her story, if you yield yourselves to the charm of philosophic speculation, mine be the blame; if poetry prove dull, not yours nor his—the subject of our discourse, Tennyson, worthy wearer of the laureate wreath "green from the brows of him who uttered nothing base."

But how shall I proceed, for many paths diverge from my short text. "Make excursions through the fields of poetry and note how all the past contributed to form the present man and poet." A heavy labour that and subtle; one for which I fear you scarce would thank me. "Discuss the schools of poetry, and classify him in his school," I hear one whisper. That might be done, but then this is not to be a college lecture in Belles Lettres. "Compare him with other poets—the living and the dead—with Browning, Wordsworth, Keats, Shelly, Burns and Shakespeare." Grand theme for which I am not competent. "Give us a critique," cry some; "hold up the poet's faults; define his virtues; sprinkle with praise, and extend to him a considerable amount of good natured patronage." That is the reviewer's work.

One who loves him well says: "Let us hear the poet, what he says; not what is said about him."

I like that voice, and would obey it, and yet I cannot quite forget the others. The result may be as in "Princess," where the poet tells—

"Then rose a babble built of babes in the two,
Babes—babes indeed, babes in babyish babble;
And I between them, willing to please them both,
And yet to give the story as it rose,
I moved as in a strange diagonal,
And may be neither pleased myself nor them."

In the main I would be content to lead you to the poet's works; give a brief analysis of some of them, using as often I can the poet's matchless words:

"A woman sang between the rougher voices of the men,
Like those in the pauses of the wind,—
So, in speaking of Tennyson, I shall put in the rough voice now and then, but leave many a pause where you may hear the linnet song of his own poetry.

With Tennysonian gossip, I am not well supplied. Even the titbits which make up my collection, I dare not produce. I fear many of the stories about the Laureate are of the most apocryphal character. Therefore, as to his habits, looks, manners in society, style of working, &c., we shall have to wait for a biography or autobiography.

It is gratifying to his admirers to know this much, that at the age of 64 the poet lives quietly, and apparently very happy in his delightful home at Farringford, in the Isle of Wight. Loving and loved, he seeks the intimacy of a small circle of friends, cares not to cultivate society as such, and hates to be lionized. He says, with Horace:

"Odi profanum vulgus et arceo.
Favete linguis: carmina non prius audita,
Virginibus puerisque canto."

His life, so far as outward circumstances are concerned, is as barren of incident as that of most authors. His inner life we must be content to reach in his poems. The poet does not condescend to give us anything more than his finished works. The enumeration of these, with the date of publication, will be all we can give for a life. Tennyson was born in 1810, in Somersby, Lincolnshire, of which place his father was rector.

In 1827 he appeared for the first time in print. A small volume entitled "Poems by Two Brothers:" the brothers being Charles Tennyson and Alfred, then only seventeen years of age. Of this publication very little remains.

In 1830, when the poet was twenty years of age, appeared "Poems, chiefly Lyrical, by Alfred Tennyson." In this collection were such pieces as "Claribell," "Lillian," "Isabel," "Mariana," "Ode to Memory," "Sea Fairies," "Deserted House," "Merman," "Mermaid," &c., &c.

The poet worked hard at his art, and a marked advance was observed when in 1833 appeared a second collection, embracing "Lady of Shalott," "Miller's Daughter," "Enone," "Palace of Art," "Lady Clara Vere de Vere," "The May Queen," "The Lotus Eaters," and other poems. For nearly ten years the poet left his productions to be tested by the public. Then with powers fully developed, in 1842 he again appeared, publishing whatever he thought worth preserving from the previous volumes, and adding new pieces of greater worth, "Morte d'Arthur," "The Gardener's Daughter," "Dora," "St. Simeon Stylites," "The Talking Oak," "Locksely Hall," "Godiva," "The Day Dream," &c., &c. "In this series," says a friendly critic, "Tennyson appeared distinctly as the poet of the age,"—deeper in sympathy, wider in comprehension, "in forms that vary—from epic fragments to the homliest dialogue, from the simplest utterance of emotion in a song to the highest lyrical allegory of a terrible and profound law of life." "The Princess" appeared in 1847, "In Memoriam" in 1850—"Maud" in 1855. In 1859 appeared "The Idylls of the King"—"Gervaint and Eneid," "Vivian," "Elaine," and "Guinevere." In 1864 appeared "Enoch Arden." In 1870 "The Holy Grail," which with "Pellas and Ettarre" and "Garette and Lynette" complete "The Idylls of the King." Such pieces as "The Window" are not calculated to add much to his reputation, or weigh much in our estimate of his poetry. "Enoch Arden," published ten years ago, may be regarded as the last work of any importance coming from his pen. The psychological development of the poet is very marked in his poetry. It cannot fail to make itself felt upon any one who will compare his works according to their chronological appearance. We shall have occassion to note this feature which stamps the artist and the worker as we proceed to analyze his poetry. In our consideration of the poetry of Tennyson, we shall make a division rather in accordance with convenience than logic. So varied indeed are his poems in kind and style that a classification is a difficult matter. We shall treat first of poems which may be termed "Unnatural, or Poems of Fancy"—fancy pictures or dreams having little or no connection with actual life, or sympathy with the real—the human. "Mariana" and "Lotus Eaters," and "Sea Fairies," are examples 2. Of poems of directly opposite character, viz., those which find their theme in the commonplace occurences of life. Their fullest development is seen in "Enoch Arden." 3. Idylls of romance allied to these. 4. Love poems in which love comes in conflict with social obstacles. Of these "Maud" is the highest development. We will put the "Princess," a medley, also in this class. 5. Ethico philosophic poems: "Palace of Art," "Vision of Sin," "In Memorium." Tennyson's early poems nearly all belong to the first class, viz., the unreal and fanciful. If he had personal emotions he carefully concealed them. If there was anything around him capable of exciting in him any interest, we know nothing of it from his verse. He was at Cambridge. The cleverest students were his companions. His affection for them and their influence upon him we gather from later writings. In the poems written at the time there is scarcely a trace of this. He abstracts himself from his surroundings. He suppresses all pensive emotion. He paints from fancy—pictures, beautiful it is true, but no warmth or life—words exquisitely musical, yet no idea for the heart. Perfecting the form, he cares not for the matter. Acquiring mastery of the instruments of his art, he seems content to give them energy in play rather than earnest. "Claribel," "Lilian," "Mariana," "Sea Fairies," &c., &c., Things that lack substantial human interest are the themes of his muse. "Mariana" (in the moated grange) considered as a picture is complete. Not a word, or simile, or allusion but contributes to the perfection of lovely womanhood.

"Her tears fell with the dews of even,
Her tears fell ere the dews were dried,
She could not look on the sweet heaven
Either at morn or even tide.
She wept, I am aweary, aweary.
I would that I were dead."

Everything in the poem is in consonance with the weary feeling. The flower pots crusted over with blackest moss; the nails rusted falling from the knots; the sheds broken; latch uplifted; the blackened waters: the solitary poplar with its moving shadow on the curtain.

"The blue fly sung in the pane,
Or flaccid gnats in the sunlight beneath the doors,
Old footsteps treading the upper floors,
Old voices calling from within."

Utter lonelieness; the personification of a weary disappointed heart. The centre of the poem is an abstraction; not a hint is there whereby our hearts may be brought into sympathy with a real Mariana. With what a different effect do we read of "Dora," or "Annie Lee," or "Edith Aylwine." As pictures to be hung on the wall we have "Airy, fairy Lilian" and Revered Isabel on "whose lips perpetually did reign the summer calm of golden charity," and "Madeline," the "Ever Varying," and "Mystery of Mysteries," "Faintly Smiling," "Shadowy Dreaming," "Spiritual Adeline." Beautiful pictures; they charm the fancy but they excite in us no heart interest whatever. You are never deluded into the belief that they are flesh and blood. You easily forget them. You cannot so coldly regard or easily forget "The Gardner's Daughter," or "Enid," or "Elaine." It would seem as if Tennyson at that period of his life was afraid to attempt any delineation of the subtle workings of the human heart, or give expression to any strong personal feeling. He was merely practising himself in the coming work of his art; in melodious wording; in picture drawing, waiting the time when he might venture to strike the nobler music. From the conception he had even then of the poet's mission, he must have been conscious of his defects. The poet, according to him, must be intense in feeling. "Powered with the hate of hate, the scorn of scorn, the love of love." The poet must be a seer to look through form; have a clearer vision of realities than other men.

"He saw through life and death, through good and ill;
He saw through his own soul.
The marvel of the everlasting will,
An open scroll before him lay."

He is to see and feel and tell what he has felt and seen, and thereby sow the seeds of truth. "The viewless arrows of his thoughts were headed and winged with flame. They fill the winds with light and melody." They take root, and, lo! a flower all gold.

"And bravely furnished to fling abroad,
The winged shafts of truth,
So many minds did guide their orbs with beams,
Though one did fling the fire."

"Thus truth was multiplied in truth. The world, like one great garden, showed, and thro' the wreaths of floating dark upcurled; rare sunrise flowed;" and in that August sunrise freedom raises her beautiful bold brow. In her raiments Wisdom was traced in flame—a name to shake all evil dreams of power. "No sword of wrath her right arm whirled but one poor poets scroll, and with His word she shook the world." This is Tennyson's noble conception of a poet's mission. This ideal is a prophecy in itself going before. A noble ideal in any walk of life is a motive steadily, powerfully, though it may be unconsciously drawing the individual onward to its perfection. No wonder Tennyson has been a patient toiler. He seeks to realize the lofty conception of a poet's mission. Yet in his early poems we see no evidence of power or even desire to move the world; no intense feeling; no winged seeds of truth; no wisdom to give the world true liberty.

We turn to the second class of poems, of which we said we would take "Enoch Arden" as a type. In these we willingly forget the former creatures of mere fancy; flowers meant for the eye alone, without the pleasure giving never-to-be-forgotten fragrance. If the poet does not reach the heart, he fails. No amount of "Marianas or Adelines," of "Sea Fairies" or mermen or mermaids can do this; something of substantial human interest is necessary. In Tennyson's first publication there is just one little poem which indicates an interest in human life. As a little floweret harbinger of spring, we give it; it is entitled "A Circumstance":

"Two children in two neighbour villages,
Playing most pranks along the heathy leas;
Two strangers meeting at a festival;
Two lovers whispering by an orchard wall;
Two lives bound fast in one with golden ease;
Two graves, grass-green, beside a gray church tower;
Wash'd with still rains and days—blossomed.
Two children, in one hamlet born and bred;
So runs the round of life from hour to hour."

The every-day drama of our lives is here prettily told. It is the first glimpse we get of the poet's interest in that drama. In it we see that

"From common things that round us lie,
Some random truths he can impart,
The harvest of a quiet eye,
That sleeps and broods on its own heart."

The "May Queen" was the first poem that proved Tennyson's power to touch the deep fountains of the human heart. The tender pathos of the story, the indescribable sweetness and melody of its narration, gave it place at once as a popular favourite. "The Miller's Daughter," which appeared at the same time, is another picture of real home-and-heart life. The kindly, cheerful, thankful old gentleman talks over his long life of happiness with his "other dearer life in life."

"Have I not found a happy earth;
I least should breathe a thought of pain;
I almost live my life again
Would God renew me from my birth,
So sweet it seems with thee to walk,
And once again to woo thee mine;
It seems an after-dinner talk,
Across the walnuts and the wine."

The gude wife might had returned the compliment, singing the words of Scotland's bard of the hearth and heart.

"John Anderson, my jo, John,
When we were first acquent
Your locks were like the raven,
Your bonny brow was brent,
But now ye're gettin' auld, John,
Your locks are like the snow:
Yet blessings on your frosty pow,
John Anderson, my jo."

Other poems of this class will readily occur to your minds—the pathetic story "Dora," "Lady Clare," "Lord of Burleigh," "The Story," "The Brook," &c. The longest and best sustained is the hearth idyll, "Enoch Arden." In "Enoch Arden" the story is simple—might happen any day anywhere. Three children of three houses, Annie Lee, the prettiest little damsel in the port, and Phillip Ray the miller's only son, and Enoch Arden, a rough sailor lad, made orphan by a winter shipwreck. These were playmates in childhood. When childhood passed away both youths loved the same maiden—their play-mate, Annie Lee. Philip loved in silence. Enoch Arden, who, where he put his heart, he set his hand to do the thing he willed, proved no lagard in love, and won the fair prize. For some years all went merrily as a marriage bell. Then misfortunes came upon Enoch. Ambition, too, for his children fired his soul. He set out to China, there to trade, to make his fortune and return. Shipwrecked, he for ten long years was left on a lonely island. In the mean time, Annie fared very badly. She was reduced to the most straitened circumstances, relieved by the delicate kindness of Phillip. She looks for Enoch's return until hope is dead in her heart. Then, induced by Philip's entreaties and those of her children, and the gossip of the village, she marries Phillip. Some time after Enoch is taken off his lonely isle and comes home, hears what has taken place, resolves not to mar their happiness, and so keeps his secret until he is on his death bed. Nothing can surpass the skill with which Tennysou has woven this story into verse. Every line deserves careful study, for it has been carefully studied. The whole poem requires to be read over several times before its beauty and power can be felt. What can be finer than the passage which tells where Phillip learned his fate—saw his rival successful, and knew that the woman he loved was given to another.

"Just where the prone edge of the wood began
To feather toward the hollow (He) saw the pair
Known and Annie sitting hand in hand,
His large gray eyes and water-beaten face
All kindled by a still and sacred fire,
That burned as on an altar. Philip looked,
And in their eyes and face read his doom
Then as their faces drew together, groaned
And spoke not aside, and like a wounded life
Crept down into the hollows of the wood;
There while the rest were loud in merry making,
Had his dark hour unseen, And crept past
Bearing all long hunger in his heart."

When Enoch tells his Annie his scheme whereby he may have all his "pretty young ones educated," we are told that "first since Enoch's golden ring had girt her finger, Annie fought against his will." And after all his arguments, how womanly the exclamation, "Oh Enoch, you are wise, and yet for all your wisdom, well I know that I shall look upon your face no more." How beautifully this parting is told. After further illustrations the lecturer continued. Tennyson might stake his popularity on this poem. It had all the elements of a popular poem—heart power, dramatic interest, and exquisite finish in its minutest details. It brings in full relief the pathos there is in life—common everyday life; it shows the poet's power to see through form into the reality. The "fisherman's love" is as sublime a thing as a prince's, though we have not anything to fill the fancy like "what resounds in fable or romance of Uther's son, begirt with British and Armoric knights." Enoch Arden, in his mastery of self, in the poise of his will, in the purity of his motive, in his power to do and dare and be, is as truly grand and heroic as is Arthur, the flower of kings and knighthood. To pass from "Enoch Arden" to the "Idylls of the King" may have the appearance of passing at a stride from the commonplace realities of earth into the wonders of fairyland. The change is not so great as it appears. The idyll of the hearth is not so far removed from the idyll of romance. As you read the story of King Arthur and his famous knights, admit at all that is wonderful and fanciful, you feel the power of the poet's affection, a subtle influence modernizing the whole. Your interest is as keen as if Arthur had come again; come again, a modern gentleman. Time will not permit me to give either an analysis of these poems or specimens of their beauty. This is less necessary, as those who read Tennyson at all read the Idylls again and again. Those who love them will be thankful that I do not mar the fair creations by any wretched anatomizing. I shall merely bid them rise, appear and pass away. Fair Enid and her jealous knight, Elaine, the Lily maid of Astolat, and Wily Vivien and the guilty queen, Lynette "with nose tip-titled as the petal of a flower," and bright but false Etarre, that goodliest fellowship of famous knights whereof the world holds record; Sir Launcelot, that star of knighthood, with his single sin; Sir Garvain, Sir Percival, Sir Galahad, the pure, and that ideal knight Arthur

"Who reversed his conscience as his king,
Whose glory was redeeming human wrongs."

What associations are called up by these names. The chastened awe with which you read the passing of Arthur; the indignation at the brute jealousy of Gerainf which tests so cruelly the constant Enid; the echoed Fool with Vivian over Merlin left in the hollow oak, and "lost to use and name and fame;" the deep emotion with which you followed the fading away of Elaine, clothed in so pure a loveliness; Your sympathy with the mighty sorrow of Arthur over the shame-stricken Genevieve. No wonder that the Idylls were everywhere received with enthusiasm and that with scarce a whisper of dissent they took rank among the noblest poems in the English language. If the Idylls were received into universal favour at once, the very reverse was the case with "Maud," the next of "Tennyson's" poems to which your attention is asked. It was received coldly enough, and in the main with adverse criticism as inferior to the "Princess" and "In Memoriam," which preceded it. Some manitained on the other hand that it represented a dramatic power which ranked in many respects as the first of Tennyson's poems—the critical pendulum swinging from one extreme to the other. You will remember that we took "Maud" as a type of a class of poems, or the fullest development of an idea on which Tennyson frequently dwells, "the conflict of love with social obstacles." Maud has been severely abused and therefore deserves especial tenderness at our hands. Weak, hysterical, morbid, spasmodic, unintelligable jargon, said some, on its appearance, and a few continue the strain. Yet Maud" has steadly grown in popular favour—that is enough to assure us of its intrinsic merits. All depends upon the stand point from which you view the poem. To judge it aright, indeed to understand it all, you must bear in mind, that as Dickens gives us a Pickwick and Shakespeare a Hamlet—so Tennyson gives us as here a man of peculiar temperment, nervous, irritable, sensitive somewhat weak in will, and given to speculation. The poem is a dramatic monologue spoken by this individual, who narrates certain events, and their influences upon him. These events are the ruin of his father by a swindler, the father's suicide, his love for Maud the swindler's daughter, his killing her brother in a duel, the excitement of the Crimean war. Keeping in mind the temperament of the man, there will be no difficulty in seeing the dramatic consistency of the poem. The effect of his father's ruin and suicide is to throw his nature out of tune, drive him into a life of isolation in which he hates the world, rails at its iniquities, shouts for war to make men better, and tortures himself with the mysteries of life. "A morbid eating lichen fix'd on a heart half grown to stone." He falls in love with Maud. Such natures are most impressible wish beauty. And Maud with "her exquisite face and wild voice pealing up to the sunny sky" would be certain to move him. To his sensitive nature life is torture: now in the exstacy of joy, now in the abyss of despair, now in the pangs of jealousy. He quarrels with the brother, a man of coarse grain, and kills him in a duel. He flies to the Continent. When he returns Maud is dead. The effect of this is to destroy the balance of his mind. He fancies he is dead and buried, but not deep enough to give him rest. War stirring the whole nation has the effect of restoring him to his right mind. He is cured of his hysterical mock disease. The clouds pass away.

"Unto one with my kind,
I embrace the purpose of God
And the doomed assigned."

sustained in power; truthful in developments; faultless in language; pregnant in lessons, "Maud" deserves the praises it has received from its friendly critics. In the poem, "Love and Duty," the poet asks—

"Of love that never found his earthly close
What sequel? Streaming eyes and breaking hearts?
Or all the same as though he had not been?"

Not so. "For am I not the nobler through thy love?"

"Maud," "Aylmer Field," "Dora," "Audley Court," "Locksley Hall," all touch upon this theme, and seek an answer to the question. In Locksley Hall the hero is of nobler type than in "Maud;" imaginative enough, speculative, strong in feeling, steadier in will. Hence, all through the feeling is more sustained and steady than in "Maud."

From all his disappointment and pain, he comes out all the nobler. He has lost the feeling which gathered the world around himself, his loves and his losses. He becomes identified with humanity at large.

"Yet I doubt not through the ages
One increasing purpose runs,
And the thoughts of men are widened
with the process of the suns.
Knowledge comes but wisdom lingers,
And I linger on the shore,
And the individual withers,
And the world is more and more.
Oh, I see the crescent promise
Of my spirit hath not set,
Ancient founts of inspiration
Well through all my mady yet."

So he triumphs over his passion—rises unto nobler manhood—with vaster, wider sympathies, and a capacity for happiness he never knew before. As in Maud, he too

"Is one with his kind,
Embraces the purpose of God
And the fate assigned."

The lesson has wider application. There are other causes besides disappointment in love which make the world bitter and empty, and send the soul out upon a tossing sea of conflicting speculations and feelings. To every thoughtful mind such a time comes; without it soul power, self-mastery, wide sympathies can scarcely be developed. The soul that has any recuperative power is better and nobler for all its conflicts and its sufferings. The "Princess" is closely allied to those poems, inasmuch as it deals with the fundamental relations of society. Its primary object appears to be to discuss this relation. In doing so the poet brings in a medley of machinery, which has always been a ground of offence against the poet. It is a medley, and yet leaves a distinct impression on the mind. In spite of the fancy, humour, the mock-heroic tone of the poem, it is impossible to escape the contagion of the poet's seriousness. He is in earnest all through, conscious that he is dealing with a fundamental question in social science. It is when we have finished the whole and taken in its lesson that we feel disposed to laugh at the medley of its machinery, or rather that we feel uncomfortable in its perusal. But "Lilian," that "rosebud set with awful thorns, and sweet as English air could make her," helps to give a good introduction to the subject. The poet has our thanks for carrying out her suggestions, and building far off from men a woman's college, like a man's. The great princess, the grand palace, the prudes for proctors, and "sweet girl graduates in their golden hair," make up no unpleasant picture. No one is surprised at the failure of the romantic attempt "to leap the rotten pales of prejudices," "to lift the woman's fallen divinity" upon an even pedestal with man's, all sides of the question are brought in. Hear the Princess:

"Embrace your aims, work out your freedom, girls;
Knowledge is now more a fountain sealed;
Drink deep, until the habits of the slave,
The sins of emulation, gossip, and spite,
And slander die."

A consummation devoutly to be wished. The rough king gives another view of the matter; "I will crush her maiden faults out in iron gauntlets." That woman is the better man is a rampant heresy, such as if it spread would make all women kick against their lords. But this is fixed, as are the roots of earth and base of all.

"Man for the field, and woman for the hearth;
Man for the sword, and for the needle she;
Man with the head, and woman with the heart;
Man to command and woman to obey;"

All else confusion! We enrol ourselves as Lady Psyche's pupils, and listen to another strain as she, rising on the wind of prophecy, dilates upon the future—

"Everywhere two heads in Council;
Two beside the hearth;
Two in the tangled business of the world;
Two in the liberal offices of life;
Two plummets dropt for one to sound
The abyss of science and the secrets of the mind,
Musician, painter, sculptor, critic,
More than every where the broad and bounteous year is
Should bear a double growth of those rare souls,
Poets, whose thoughts enrich the blood of the world."

We would be converted straight to Lady Psyche's woman's rights notions did not the poet quickly give us the better philosophy—

"For woman is not undeveloped man but divine;
Could we make her as the man, sweet love were slain,
His dearest bond is this;
Not like to like, but like in difference."

Not equal nor unequal. Each fulfils defects in each, and always thought in thought, purpose in purpose, will in will they give the single, pure and perfect animal; the two called heart beating with one full-stroke life.

I come to the last class of poems which I have named for convenience Ethsophilosophical. They are not the most popular of Tennyson's poems yet not the less worthy of study. "The Palace of Art," "Vision of Sin," "St. Simeon Stylites," "Two Voices," to which we would add "In Memoriam." "The Palace of Art" is an allegory, as the poet tells us, to prove that "Knowledge, Love and Beauty are three sisters that dost on each other, and never can be sundered without tears." The misery and guilt and the cure of intellectual selfishness are strongly painted, a shade of obscurity here and there resting on the picture. The "Vision of Sin" is a powerful representation of the working of sensuality, from melodious langour down to lowest degradation and despair. In "St. Simeon Stylites" we have the picture of the working in the mind of religious asceticism and pride; a picture strong and disgusting. Tennyson is at home in delineating the varying moods of the mind. In "Two Voices" we have the thoughts of a mind in despondency debating the chances of suicide, and are led to a true cure of such despondency not in argument, so much as in influence of surroundings. We notice here that the poet loves ever to bring the soul from the gloom into the sunshine. So he does not leave the despondent soul until he knows

"That every cloud that hangs above
And veileth love itself is love,"

And send them into the fields

"Where natures motion lent
The pulse of hope to discontent."

In these poems there is an attempt made to reach universal solutions of certain ethical problems. Though the poetry may not be of the highest order, yet they place Tennyson far above the mere writer of melodious verses. Philosophy wedded to the melody of words is seen here, and in other poems, and exemplified in every verse of "In Memoriam," the last poem to which I invite your attention. In "In Memoriam" we are, so to speak, permitted to see into the inner sanctum. of the poet's heart, to gaze upon the emotions throbbing there and reverently to read the thoughts which rise from a mighty sorrow. "In Memoriam," published in 1850, had been for years to the poet a sad mechanic exercise—a narcotic making pain of heart for the loss of a friend. A. H. H., Arthur Henry Hallam, whose spirit seemed to hover over these verses, was the son of the distinguished historian. The friendship between him and the poet was most intense. "Dear as a mother to her son, more than my brother is to me." The poem may be said to be the tears

"Which weep the comrade of my choice,
An awful thought, a life removed,
The human hearted man I love;
A spirit, not a breathing voice."

The poet speaks not only of his friend in tones of love but of admiration, which may seem love's extravagance, of his "all comprehensive tenderness," "all subtilizing intellect."

"Seraphic intellect and force,
To move and throw the double life of man;
Impassioned logic which outran
The bearer in its fiery course,
For what wert thou? some novel power
Sprang up forever at thy touch,
And hope could never hope too much,
In watching thee from hour to hour."

Tennyson has raised an everlasting monument to the memory of his friend. Was young Hallam worthy of such honour. Has the poet claimed too much for the friend? In a rare book (printed for private circulation), The Remains of A. Hallam, written by his father, will be found ample evidence to support the poet's estimate. The author speaks of him "A life remarkable for the early splendour of genius and for uniform moral excellence." Speaking of him when about eight years of age, he says: "He now felt a keen relish for dramatic poetry, and wrote several tragedies with a more precocious display of talents than I remember to have met with in any other individual."

Another speaks of him as a student. "I have met no man his superior in metaphysical subtlety; no man his equal as a philosophic critic on works of art; no man whose views on all subjects connected with the duties and dignities of humanity were more large, more generous and enlightened." Another: "I have never met with one whom I considered worthy to be put in competition with Arthur for a moment." The historian says: "The sweetness of temper that distinguished his childhood became with the advance of manhood an habitual benevolence, and ultimately refined into that exalted principle of love of God and man which animated and almost absorbed his soul during the latter period of his life." Who can doubt, then, that had he lived he would have raised for himself an enduring monument of fame. But it was to be otherwise "Within Vienna's fatal walls God's finger touched him and he slept." He was recovering from a slight attack of intermittent fever when a sudden rush of blood to the head put an instantaneous end to his life. On examination there were found a weakness in the cerebral vessels and a want of energy in the heart. Who does not sympathize with the broken hearted father as he utters these words: "Those whose eyes must long be dim with tears, and whose hopes on this side of the tomb are broken down forever may cling as well as they can to the poor consolation of believing that a few years would, in the usual chances of humanity, have severed the frail union of his graceful and manly form with the pure spirit that it enshrined." Such was the character of him who inspired this sublime song of sorrow. To those who would chide the poet that he made too much of his grief, he replies:

"Ye never knew the sacred dust,
I do but sing because I must,
And pipe but as the linnets sing."

The lost friend is continually present; sorrow weaves a garland around him; each sonnet of which the poem is composed takes its departure from him, or finds its way to him. The traits of his character, the memory of his words, the presence of festive occasions, serve as sorrow's inspiration. He follows him, too, unto the "Ampler Day"—where is he? what to me? with all the questions which come to the mind out of Eternity. The record of feeling is duly kept at anniversaries, on Christmas festivals, all serving as points for sorrow's inspiration, when the poet

"loosened from the lip,
Short swallow flights of songs, that dip
Their wings in tears and skim away."

In it are lessons not personal but universal in a world where "never morning unto evening wears but some heart does break." Sorrow, great teacher, lending us unto a higher truth, a higher life; grief transfigured by love; the heart pained and perplexed; in presence of the mystery of sorrow brought unto a peaceful calm, in which hope prudently awaits "That one far off divine event to which the whole creation moves." In connection with In Memoriam, the question may be asked, What are the poet's religious views? He is not a Pantheist, as some have said.

"Eternal form shall still divide
The eternal soul from all beside,
And I shall know him when we meet."

Tennyson is not a sceptic—far from it. His is a happy, sensitive, loving nature. A sharp definite form of belief jars upon his feelings. A certain dreaminess pervades all his works. You see it in a highly developed form in the "Lotus Eaters." A man of that disposition will have a religion, pervasive through the whole realm of thought and feeling. But he shrinks from formulating his beliefs for the intellect, and is satisfied with giving it in the result, "I have felt." But what am I? He compares himself to

"An infant crying in the night,
An infant crying for the light,
And with no language but a cry."

He reaches no firm standing ground from his reasoning—

"I falter where I firmly trod,
And falling with my weight of cares
Upon the great world's stairs
That slope through darkness up to God."

But yields to the power of faith.

"Strong son of God, immortal love,
Whom we that has not seen thy face,
By faith and faith alone embrace,
Believing where we cannot prove."

From these passages as well as from the whole tenor of his works it is evident that Tennyson is not a Pantheist, not sceptic, and not a dogmatist Christian or otherwise. His sensitive, poetic nature seems to unfold itself around the great truths of Christianity, forming for them a religion of feeling—not of creed. What are the elements of power in Tennyson's poetry? A style at once original and chaste. He has too high an opinion of his art to be satisfied with anything in wording offensive to

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3733. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 9, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

TEACHER WANTED for School Section No. 6, Township of Cumberland [male or female] holding second or third class certificate. Apply to John McArthur, Secretary Treasurer, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c.
Jan. 6, 1874. 3735-d3wtf

WANTED.
A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O.
Nov 13

HELP WANTED.
100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated. Together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO.,
Publishers, London, Ont.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women
A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY
from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and address
J. LATHAM & Co.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King Street West, Toronto, Ontario.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. y365daw.

WORK FOR ALL
At home, male or female: $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED.
Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to
F. M. REED, 8th St., New York.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples [that retail for $5] mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & CO. Augusta, Me.

Bank Notices.

BANK OF OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a call of 10 per cent. on the subscribed Capital Stock of the Bank of Ottawa will be due and payable at the office of the Bank in this city, on the EIGHTH DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT.
P. ROBERTSON,
Cashier.
Ottawa, Jan. 7, 1875. 3737-6

Meetings.

MONTREAL
Telegraph Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Company's Office, in Montreal, on

Thursday, Fourteenth January Next,

At one o'clock to elect Directors, and generally to transact the business of the Company.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.
For the half year ending 30th November, has been declared upon the Capital Stock, and will be payable at the offices of the Company on and after Thursday, 14th January.
The Transfer Books will be closed from 4th January to after the General Meeting.
By order of the Board.
JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.
Dec. 31, 1874. 3735-5

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.
WM. PENNOCK,
J. CURIE,
THOS. PATTERSON
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

Tenders.

NOTICE
TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to

Thursday, the 14th of January next,

For the construction of a

BRIDGE OVER THE OTTAWA RIVER,

To connect the Calumet Island with the Village of Bryson.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Quebec; at the office of Messrs. Cockburn, Wright & Clemow, Ottawa; at the office of the Registrar for the County of Pontiac, at Bryson; and at the offices of the undersigned.
Tenderers to give the names of two good and sufficient securities willing to become bound for the due execution of the contract.
The Municipal Council of Calumet Island does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
SIMON McNALLY,
Mayor.
Office of the Mu. Council, Calumet Island, December 28th, 1874. 3730

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
PAPER RULER, AND
Account Book Manufacturer,
RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.
Ruling, Perforating, Numbering
—AND—
GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.
All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.
Aug. 23. 3037

The Canadian Washer.
W. GILES Manufacturer, Between Butler and Eglin Streets, Ottawa.
OTTAWA, Nov. 16, 1874.
A. R. GILES,
SIR,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Washing Machines, and have used it in my family for some time, and have found it to be a complete success, on account of its great facility in working and its durability; and I think it is an article which is quite indispensable to any family.
Yours truly,
JOHN MOREAU.

BOARD AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at Mrs. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets.
Oct 16, 1874.

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
38 Sparks Street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Assurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated.
OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1874. 242

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

BANK OF OTTAWA.
Office—Victoria Buildings, [opposite Western Block of Parliament Buildings.]
This Bank has now opened for the transaction of a general banking business.
P. ROBERTSON,
Cashier.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875. 3734-6m.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct 23, 1874. 3080-Sawky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal,
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. interest at lowest current rates.
Dec 3 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874 3685 3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
Money to lend on Real Estate.
3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Mosgrove's Building Rideau st., Ottawa.
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY.
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C.
McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. | W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3667

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W. H. WALKER. | B. CASSELS, Jr. | P. PENNOCK
July 21, 1874.

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitors, &c.,
Office Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
268 y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
G. B. L. FELLOWS, Q.C., | HORACE LAPIERRE
MARTIN O'GARA, | EDWARD P. REMON
2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
B. TAILLON. | F. H. CHRYSLER
June 3, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa Canada

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 528-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 26, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, . . MONTREAL
Sept. 9, 1873. 2362-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus.
1751

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1874. 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M., L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal, Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry, Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts.
2556-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated if required

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester.
Consultations at all hours. 2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Office—41½ Sparks-st. 2'2ly.

The Victoria Stables
Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.
Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.
N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.
BROWNLEE & CO
March 11, 1874. 2513y

Summary of News.

The Hon. Mr. Fournier, Minister of Justice, returned to the Capital yesterday.

Mr. Edgar Dewdney, M.P., will leave Victoria, B.C., by the next steamer, to attend his legislative duties at Ottawa.

It is stated that the basis of the new French Ministry has been settled. The Dukes De Broglie and De Cases and M. De Faurton will be the chief members.

Two more jurors in the Beecher and Tilton case were thrown out to-day, and others substituted. After swearing in the jury the court adjourned till Monday.

A correspondence is just now in progress between the Governments of England and the United States, in relation to some territory in British North America, which England claims, but has never been formally annexed to her Dominion.

The investigators into the Pacific Mail scandal seem to have to contend with a difficulty similar to that at present being experienced by a certain commission at Quebec, viz., the difficulty of getting at "the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth."

The Pope has sent his blessing to the young King Alfonso, and prays for his success and happiness in the difficult task he has undertaken. Queen Isabella comes in for a share of the Apostolic benedictions.

Our midnight despatches are wholly made up of messages, protestations, contradictions, and denials in connection with the Louisiana embroglio, none of which, however, are greatly different from those which have gone before. It would almost seem as if it would be impossible to adjust the difficulties and grievances of the South without causing a declaration of open war by some of the conflicting factions.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Disputed Title.

LONDON, January 7.—The London *Globe* says a correspondence is in progress between the Governments of England and United States, in relation to some territory in British North America, which England claims, but has never been formally annexed to her dominions.

Negro Mission.

The Right Rev. Mr. Vaughan, Roman Catholic Bishop of Salford, accompanied by several priests, has sailed in the s-s. Oceanic for New York. He goes to promote missions among the negroes of the Southern States.

GERMANY.

The Brunswick Succession.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The *Times'* despatch from Berlin says negotiations have been opened between the Berlin and Brunswick Governments, with a view to the settlement of the Brunswick succession. There is little doubt that the Russian dynasty will waive its claim if the Crown Prince of Hanover consents to acknowledge the present constitution of the empire.

FRANCE.

The Political Crisis.

PARIS, Jan. 8.—Baron de Lary has declared his intention to form a new Cabinet Government. MacMahon has not applied to M. Defaure to undertake the task.

UNITED STATES.

Terrible Explosion—A Strange Accident.

PATERSON, N. Y, Jan. 8.—Last night a sudden shock was felt through this section of the country, extending over an area of fifteen or twenty miles, which it was supposed was caused by an earthquake, but this morning it is reported that the Rend Rock Works, about nine miles from here, and near Mountain View, exploded with loss of a number of lives. No definite news of the occurrence has been received yet. About the time of the explosion, a flagman named John Wynd, sixty years of age, stationed at Erie crossing, at River street, was flagging a train, and being startled by the shock, his attention was diverted, and he was struck by the train and killed.

LATER.—No lives were lost by the explosion. A damage of $1,500 to the buildings is the only loss sustained.

Fire.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 8.—The grain elevator of Glazier and Morrison, South Pennsylvania street, was partially destroyed by fire last night, together with 5,000 bushels of corn. Loss $12,000, insurance $40,000.

The President's Special to the South.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—A Washington despatch to the *Times* gives the substance of the forthcoming message from the President, relative to Louisiana, substantially the same as telegraphed yesterday, and says in addition that the fact will be disclosed by the message that there have been no new instruction in regard to the use of troops on Monday last, by virtue of his requisition made in September, and that no orders emanate either from Washington or from Gen. Sheridan in regard thereto. Gen. Sheridan did not take command of the department in person until Monday night. The message will be submitted to the cabinet to-day, and transmitted to Congress immediately thereafter. It will be unusually pointed in its references to the situation and the duties which have necessarily been devolved upon both Congress and the Executive by the various complications of the case.

The Potomac R. R. Disaster.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—The collision near Washington last night, on the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad, was occasioned, it is said, by mismanagement on the part of the switch tender. Between two and three o'clock this morning a train with Superintendent Dubarry arrived at the Baltimore and Potomac depot from the scene of the disaster, bringing the body of the postal clerk, Thos. Fayman, whose remains are burned to a crisp, nothing but the trunk remaining. They were placed in a coffin and put in the baggage room to await a coroner's inquest. The only thing saved from the burning cars was the express box, but it was so much injured by fire that the money inside was destroyed. It is now stated that the entire northern mail from Washington, including an accumulated day's mail from the South, excepting one pouch and a canvass bag for Baltimore, was destroyed. It is believed that the mail agent, Fayman, was crushed to death before the car took fire. He was about thirty years of age, and the son of the local post-office agent of this city.

A large amount of United States and National Bank circulation was destroyed by the conflagration which followed the collision on the Baltimore Railroad last night. Many important packages and letters from different executive departments were sent on that train. More than one thousand official circulars sent out by by the Comptroller of Currency calling for reports from National Banks, were burned. There were also destroyed $400,000 in new National Bank notes, sent from the Comptroller's office; but a large portion of this amount may be identified in the department here. It appears thus far that the amount of legal tenders and national currency shipped from the treasury, which was burned, will approximate $300,000, even if it does not exceed that amount.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(*By Telegraph.*)

TORONTO.

The Mayoralty—Gaol Statistics—Vital Registration—The Election—Assizes Failure.

TORONTO, Jan. 8th.

Official returns show that Metcalf received 3,562 votes, and McCord, 3,029, giving the former a majority of 523.

During the year the total number of prisoners in the City Gaol was 2,620, made up of 2,065 males, and 555 females.

During the year, 1874, there were registered at the City Clerks office, 1,439 births, 535 deaths, and 706 marriages. For the latter half of the year the births were 713, deaths, 323, and marriages, 367.

Hon. Mr. Crooks and Mr. John Donohoe had another very successful meeting last night. The latter will be proposed on nomination day by John Macdonald, who, at last election made an objection to his candidature.

The winter assizes commenced yesterday, with seventy-four cases on the civil list, and on the criminal side of the calender seven cases of larceny; two burglaries, and one case of receiving stolen goods, one of neglect of duty by a railway official.

It is reported that a large wholesale hat and fur establishment in this city have failed for a very large amount.

MONTREAL.

The Ice Bridge—Grand Ball—Small Pox—Cemetery—Fire.

MONTREAL, Jan. 8.

The ice road to S. Helen's Island is now completed, and the road to Longueuil will doubtless be finished by the end of the week.

A grand ball was given last evening in the St. Lawrence Hall by the Royal Albert Lodge of Freemasons. One hundred couples were present. It was the most *recherche* affair of the season.

Mr. Lane, of the Fire Alarm Telegraph, died yesterday of small-pox in the City Hospital. Six of the patients are in a very precarious condition. Total number 28.

It is the intention of the city authorities to have the old Dorchester Street Cemetery converted into a park, and with this end in view the Road Committee have notified the Mount Royal Cemetery Company that on and after the 1st of May next the exhumation of bodies from that place will not be permitted.

About six o'clock yesterday morning the floor near the engine in a building on Chenneville street caught fire, and but for the prompt action of of the firemen from No. 1 station, who at once suppressed the flames, might have proved a serious matter. The building is one formerly occupied by Messrs. Mathews & Hall as a blacksmiths shop, but is now used as an iron bedstead manufactory.

Stock market this morning rather firm. Merchants 116½, closing 116¼; Commerce 132¾ to 133, Montreal 185½ to 186, Royal Canadian 96¾ to 97, Ontario 112 to 112¼, Malsons 117 to 117¼, Telegraph 187 to 188.

HAMILTON.

The Bonspiel—Ilma de Murska—Protest Matrimonial Anniversary.

HAMILTON, Jan, 8.

The Secretary of the Grand Bonspiel has nearly concluded his work of footing up the various scores. The report shows that the match between the East and West of Ontario, the former got a total of 1,087 and the latter 1,100, making a majority for the West of 13. The supposition which was general yesterday that Simcoe won the Gold Medal is unknown to be correct. The result has to be worked out officially, but there is little doubt that the Chatham Club has carried off the Medal.

The Ilma de Murska Concert given last night was the musical affair of the season here.

The Solicitors of Mr. Chisholm, who was defeated in the late Mayoralty contest here, put in a protest against the declaration of the election of his opponent, Mr. Roach, and claiming the seat for Mr. Chisholm.

The 79th anniversary supper at the Barton Lodge, A. F. & A. M., the oldest Masonic institution of the city, was held last night, and passed off very successfully.

SMITH'S FALLS.

Found Dead—New Paper.

SMITH'S FALLS, Jan. 8.

The body of a man was discovered in the ice near Oliver's ferry yesterday, in a decomposed state. by Fred. Petty and Mr. Baxter. It is supposed to be the body of a man named Ben Sawyer, who fell off a boat last July on his way to Newboro'.

The first number of the Smith's Falls *News* was issued here to-day.

HALIFAX.

Small-Pox—Fire—Drift of Ice—Schooner Ashore.

HALIFAX, N.S., Jan. 8.

There were three deaths from small-pox at Loch Broom, Pictou County, yesterday.

Mrs. Henry's barn, at St. River John, was burned on Tuesday night; loss, $5,000.

On the 4th inst., the Strait of Canso was full of drift ice, coming in from North Bay.

The Minister of Militia left here yesterday evening for Ottawa.

The schooner Jeanette T. Hibbard, which has been ashore at Meagher Beach since Saturday night, was floated this evening, and will be immediately brought into port.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Cambridge.

At the close of the poll on the 4th inst. in the township of Cambridge, the result was as follows:—J. S. Castleman, Reeve; Joseph Page, Lachlan McDonald, Donald Cameron, Alex. Matte, Councillors.

Morrisburgh.

A. G. Macdonell, Reeve; Wm. McKenzie, Frank Tyrrell, Wm. C. Gibson and James Merkley, Councillors.

Mountain.

We have not been favoured with any reports from this Township. We learn, however, that Mr. Bailey has been re-elected Reeve.

Winchester.

Mr. G. W. Bogart was elected Reeve by a majority of 26 over Mr. Casselman, and Mr. M. F. Beach was elected for the west Ward. The other members were re-elected by acclamation.

Williamsburgh.

Mr. Deeks declined to run either as Deputy-Reeve or Councillor, and Mr. James Dickey was elected in his stead. With this exception the Council is the same as last year.

Matilda.

For the Reeveship, Mr. Adam Harkness polled 375 votes, and Mr. Binions 225; for the Deputy-Reeveship, Mr. A. C. Casselman was re-elected by a majority of 270 over Mr. McEwett. For the Council, the vote stood as follows: Wesley Gibson, 433; Peter Millar, 338; J. E. Tuttle, 312; Joseph Bell, 305; Alexander Bannford, 236; Alpheus Coons, 118.

Finch.

Wm. Johnson, Reeve; Wm. Bradshaw, Deputy-Reeve.

Roxborough.

John Brown, Reeve; R. McDonald, Deputy-Reeve.

Cornwall Township.

John McIntosh, Reeve; Mr. Gravely, Deputy-Reeve.

THE TANNERIES INVESTIGATION.

CONTINUATION OF THE EVIDENCE.

MONTREAL, Jan. 7.

The Committee met this morning at eleven o'clock, Hon. Mr. Church in the chair.

Mr. PACAND, a young advocate from Arthabaska, related a conversation regarding the exchange that had taken place during the summer between himself and Mr. Middlemiss. The latter did not say with whom he was making the transaction. He represented that the profits of the affair would amount to over $100,000; also that he was Secretary of the Reform Association in Montreal, and had conducted the matter *comme il faut;* the name of the *Minerve* or Dansereau was not mentioned. Did not ask with whom he was associated, but he spoke of several persons as connected with him in this speculation. Had enquired how it happened that he, a Liberal, was so successful in making this speculation with a Conservative ministry. Mr. John Pratt had told him that Middlemiss was a *blaguear*—talking blarney. Had not spoken since with Middlemiss or Dansereau. Personally knew nothing of the transaction. The conversation with Middlemiss was serious, but at first he had thought that Middlemiss was blarneying.

By Mr. TRUDEL.—Had by his conversation made Middlemiss believe that he was a Liberal, and probably he told him more than he might otherwise have done.

By Mr. MOUSSEAU—The date was the 4th or 5th of August. Probably he was delighted to think that he (the witness) was a Liberal, to tell how he had played the Government.

By Mr. ST. PIERRE—Had inquired if the Government would resign or be defeated, and Middlemiss had thereupon declared that the exchange was a shameful job, and that when he made his revelations the Government would not stand for twenty-four hours. His uncle, Edward Picard, had remarked when Middlemiss made himself known, that he was very young to have effected such a speculation. Swore positively that Middlemiss had declared the transaction to be a shameful job. Horteux had subsequently seen Middlemiss at an hotel at Murray Bay.

By M. MOUSSEAU—Would not swear that Middlemiss had used the words "played the government," but this was the tenor of his statements. The conversation was in English, which, although he did not speak correctly, for he was not a barbarian, he spoke with the same faculty as French. Middlemiss had said that Mr. Irvine was as guilty as the others, as he had confirmed himself with regard to the North Shore Railway scheme. He represented that the government would be overturned and the Liberals succeed to power.

LOUIS ED. PACAND, advocate—Met during the first week of August last Mr. Middlemiss at a hotel at Murray Bay, while in company with his nephew, to seek a paper, while in the newsroom, with particulars regarding the Tanneries Scandal, when a young man who had been reading a paper rose and said "I am Mr. Middlemiss." (Laughter.) Had remarked that he was young to have managed so considerable a speculation, and Mr. M. stated during the conversation that he was secretary of a Reform association; had observed that it was a shameful transaction on the part of the government, and he replied that if an investigation took place he would relate everything in this regard, alleging that when his relations were made the government would not stand twenty four hours. To the best of his knowledge Mr. M. had represented that he would make something like $100,000 of the exchange. Did not remember that he mentioned the names of any persons with whom he had conducted this speculation, nor that he had implicated any of the ex-Ministers or their friends as having given him assistance. Had to tell Mr. Pratt a couple of hours afterwards that Middlemiss had made him a singular revelation, and had been given to understand that Middlemiss would make as much as mentioned. Mr. P. appeared to treat the information as serious. The conversation occurred in presence of his nephew. Did not recollect that Mr. Pratt had styled Middlemiss a *blaquear*. Middlemiss had understood that they were Liberals. The former had spoken in a serious manner. Was convinced that he spoke the truth at the time, desirous of clearing up the transaction. Middlemiss might not have used the words "Shameful job," but he gave him clearly to understand that the transaction was fraudulent. To his recollection Middlemiss had mentioned no other name than his own as concerned in this affair. Middlemiss in making the statement mentioned necessarily implicates himself, but also the Ministers composing the late Administration, as he alleged they had been parties to a fraudulent transaction.

By MR. DORION, the Counsel of Middlemiss—Middlemiss had not revealed the details of the exchange. Might recognize him if he saw him again.

MR. W. M. RICE produced extracts from his book with relation to the exchange. The following accounts were filed: Abstracts from the journal of Rice Bros.: "J. D. R. Middlemiss debtor to the Leduc farm, Nov. 26; To purchase of the above property, July, 1874, $160,000, less increase deducted at the request of J. D. R. Middlemiss, $96,500, leaving $63,500. July 1st, by cash, $8,000; Nov. 26, mortgage on Leduc farm, assumed by J. R Middlemiss, $28,000. Mortgage to W. M. Rice cancelled by offset of the mortgage on Government property, due J. R. Middlemiss, $27,500." Abstract from the journal of Rice Bros.: "D. McCormack, debtor to the Government property, 1874, Nov. 26, for 30,916 feet of Government property at 17 cents $52,553.80; by mortage $30,000, cash at sundry times, $16,271; commission, $6,102.80; total, $52,553. Abstract from the ledger of Rice, Bros., having reference to the purchase of Government property by D. McCormack:—"1874, Nov. 26, to Government property $52,553.80; August 14, by promissory notes due at various dates, $10,952.50, less discount $479.08; $10,474.51; August 14, by cash $587.49; Nov. 26, by commission $6,182.80; by mortgage $30,000, totalling $52,553.80.

Question—Do I understand that all the money you paid for the Leduc property was $500 to Benjamin Leduc and $200 and $600 to Gilbert Leduc? That is correct.

Question—And upon the sale of the Leduc property to Middlemiss you received in cash the sum of $800?—A. Yes.—Q. Did ever you receive the balance of $500?—A. No.

The statement showed that the portion of the Tanneries property he acquired stood at $52,583.80, and that upon the sale to McCormack and others he received in promissory notes $10,952.59, less a discount of $479.08, leaving a balance on $10,473.51; cash payments $3,897.44.

Question—You appear to have paid as commission to carry out the sale the sum of $6,182.80. To whom did you pay it.—A. To McCormack. The entries concerning the sale were made afterwards, with the exception of the cash payments. The accounts appeared in the name of Rice Bros. The buisness was conducted under that name.

JAMES COURT, official assignee for the Rice estate, mentions that the entry of $160,000 was made on the 16th of Nov., and Mr. Irvine, book-keeper, stated that the abstracts fyled corresponded with the entries in the books.

Mr. FONTAINE stipendiary magistrate at L'Assomption, related several conversations he had had with M. Archambault. The latter had never said that there was anything wrong about the exchange. Had mentioned that a debt of $8,000 was due to him by the *minerve*, and had frequently given his fortune as $50,000.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

HONORE COTE, cashier of the Jacques Cartier Bank, this afternoon produced accounts giving the deposits of Mr. Dansereau at the Bank from the 20th of last May to the end of October, also an account of the deposits of Hon. M. Archambault from the 29th of May to the 9th of July, and of cheques from the 20th of June to the 17th of October. Neither the Hon. J. A. Chapleau nor J. R. Middlemiss had accounts at the bank. Fyled the account of Hon. G. Ouimet. Produced a cheque of A. Dansereau, depositing $4,000 on the 2nd July. A deposit of the same amount was made by M. Archambault, he believed on the 9th July, by means of eight Provincial notes legal tender of $500, each on the fourth of July. Middlemiss, Dansereau, and he thought the notary Dumouchel, entered his office, and explained that they desired to make a special deposit in the name of M. Archambault, which was done on the sixth or seventh of the same month. M. Archambault told him that the deposit should have been made in his ministerial capacity. Subsequently a Government official had written him to place the deposit in the name of the Provincial Government, under the title "Guarantee Fund against charges on land exchanged at the Tanneries." Had followed these instructions, and the deposit was still so held. The Dansereau deposit of $8,000 was made on the eighth of July, and of 40,000 on the twenty-third of July. Had understood that Dansereau was acting as an agent between the Government and Middlemiss. Had first heard of the matter on the fourth of July.

Q. A deposit of $17,000 was made on the seventeeth of July, by whom? A. I refuse positively to answer, as it has no relation to the matter under investigation. The only deposits so relating are those mentioned.

Mr HALTON considered the value of the Tanneries property in July last to have been $120,000 to $150,000, if it had been placed *en bloc,* either by auction or by means of a land agent, or in lots at 12½ to 15 cents per foot. He believed the property would have been just suited for an hospital. Witness knew the Leduc farm well. They had no value then or now as town lots, but for market gardens or orchards they were as valuable as any property in the vicinity of the city. They would not be considered to be available for building purposes within the lifetime of the present generation. The highest value was $300, possibly $400, per arpent. In reply to a question by Mr. Ritchie as to the availability of the Leduc farm for hospitals, Mr. Holton said he thought they were too far from the city for that purpose. He did not propose to discuss the public policy, but he considered that the Government had no right to give it either for hospital or any other purposes without the sanction of Parliament. The impression left upon his mind from a conversation with Mr. Middlemiss was that he valued the property at a much higher rate than he (Mr. Holton) estimated it. He gathered, too, that Mr. Middlemiss considered that the Government had done wrong in exchanging the property. He had not considered it his duty to cross-examine Mr. Middlemiss as to the details of the transaction, but his view seemed to be that the Government were blameworthy, and would lose their position on account of it. He considered it unconstitutional for a Government either to sell or exchange property in Council without the sanction of Parliament. If property which the Government possessed was unsuitable for the purposes to what they desired to devote it, the only way to dispose of it was by auction.

By Mr. ST. PIERRE — He considered the road through the Leduc farm stipulated for in the deed was a considerable diminution in the value of the property, as it would cut up the land into very inconvenient long narrow lots. He was not aware that there was no stipulation as to how the avenue should run, believing that it had been fixed to go through the centre. If the avenue went on one side of the property, he supposed a block of 300 feet could be put to almost any purpose. He was not aware that any property so far out as the Leduc property had been sold for building purposes. The Javeau property had been sold in lots, and had realized much more than he had anticipated.

Mr. JOLY said he had seen a plan laying out the road to divide the property into a hundred feet on one side and two hundred feet on the other He described to them how they would answer for hospital purposes.

Mr. HOLTON—The 100 feet strip would be absurd, and the 200 strip inconvenient. It would be useless to take a hospital outside town, unless there were plenty of land around it.

By Mr. McMASTER—The Provincial Government had the same power to sell their property as had the Federal Government. Mr. McMaster asked if the Federal Government had not sold the property without consulting Parliament.

Mr. HOLTON said he would not say that the Government had not a legal right, but he questioned whether in this case their right was constitutional. It was their duty to realize on the sale of public lands to the utmost possible value. Mr. Richer, registrar of L'Assomption Company, had been told by Hon. Mr. Archambault that the exchange was satisfactory, and would please Catholics and Protestants. He believed he had also told him that by the exchange he had been able to benefit a newspaper, which was a friend to the party, viz., *La Minerve*. Mr. Archambault spoke as if he was the supporter and protector of *La Minerve*. Witness told several parties that it was imprudent for Archambault to speak in this manner when the papers were discussing the matter. The witness next spoke to Mr. Dansereau about these connections. Archambault had told witness that he had lent money to Dansereau. Later on he said that Mr. Middlemiss had repaid him the money lent.

After the cross-examination of the two Pacands, in which nothing was elicited, the Committee adjourned.

MONTREAL, Jan. 8.

The Committee meet at 10:15 o'clock this forenoon.

M. COTTE, cashier of the Jacques Cartier Bank, withdrew his formal refusal to answer a certain question, and reiterated his declaration that the deposit of $17,000 in question made by M. Dansereau on the 17th of July, had no relation whatever, either directly or indirectly to the points at issue. In answer to the chairman, he stated that he was sufficiently conversant with the particulars touching this deposit as to make this assertion on his honour as well as on oath.

Mr. LORANGER explained that he was forced to insist upon a reply to his question, as allegations had been made in the journals with reference to his deposit.

M. MOUSSEAU, Q. C., representative of M. Dansereau, supported the position taken by Mr. Cotte. He contended that the committee should not interfere with the affairs of Mr. Dansereau, which were purely private.

Mr. RITCHIE suggested that the examination of the witness might be suspended until Mr. Dansereau was heard.

The CHAIRMAN was inclined to approve of this recommendation, inasmuch as Mr. Dansereau had announced in one of his public utterances in this connection—"I will prove that of the $65,000 of my deposit, $17,000 are altogether of a private nature."

The Committee after consultation decided to require an immediate answer.

Q. Will you tell by whom the sum of $17,000 was deposited at your Bank on the 17th of July, and under what circumstances? A. This deposit was made by Mr. Dansereau himself by a cheque given by a person whose name I cannot give, but I affirm that this transaction is altogether foreign, either directly or indirectly to the objects of this investigation.

Q. Will you give the name of this person.—A. I refuse to give it.

Hon. M. OUIMET protested against the propriety of obliging witnesses to reply to such a question under such circumstances. He mentioned that he had heard of an action for damages, which was in contemplation, owing to the fact that the telegrams had been unlawfully produced before the Committee.

The Committee ruled that the question should be answered, and the witness respectfully persisted in his refusal. He produced M. Dansereau's account with the bank. Previous to the dates mentioned yesterday, he had $6,000, $13,000, and $16,000 standing to his credit at different times.

By Mr. JOLY: You had declared that of all the sums which passed through your hands as cashier, only $48,000 related to the Tanneries exchange. How do you know that this is the case? A. I was kept *au courant* with this affair.

Q. By whom were you kept *au courant*? A. Principally by M. Dansereau.

Q. What explanations did he give *apropos* of the $48,000 as relating to this matter? A. At the time these were not given, but later.

Q. How did he explain that he received it? A. I do not recollect that he gave any details, the rather that I preferred to know nothing of the affair. I understood that he acted as an agent for the Government, and that this deposit was only made temporarily for the Government, as I supposed. He did not speak of the $48,000 as being his property.

The witness added that the information published regarding the Bank was not given by Bank employees.

ED. L. BOND produced a cheque touching the account he filed and delivered to Middlemiss; 1st, on 23rd June, 1874, for $8,000, to be paid to the order of C. A. Dansereau, and endorsed by T. R. Middlemiss; 2nd, for a sum of $40,000, drawn to the order of Middlemiss; 3d, 1st July, for $10,000, endorsed by Middlemiss; 4th, 2nd July, for $60,000, payable and endorsed by Middlemiss; 5th, same date, for $2,000, payable to Mr Middlemiss, and endorsed by Rice Bros., per G. A. Jocelyn; 6th, 4th July, $22,000, payable to "Blank;" 7th, 6th July, $1,500, payable to and endorsed by Mr. Middlemiss; 8th, 28th August, $3,600, do. Concerning the payment of the sums of $8,000 and $40,000, his instructions, given by his brother, when the latter left town, were to pay $50,000 to Mr Middlemiss, if required by the latter, on seeing that the title was good, although his brother thought it would not be needed. Mr. Middlemiss had usually made no explanations relative to the objects for which these loans were required. As security for the first loan, he had received a receipt, and, as a guarantee that the deeds within a few days would be delivered, the receipt which was returned when the deeds were passed was to this effect: He received the sum of $8,000 on account of mortgages to be raised on the "Selby grange." The Tanneries property on the 1st of July had advanced an additional $10,000 without security. Thought the deeds were passed on the 2nd of July. Had been aware that the Order in Council authorising the change had been passed. Was told by Middlemiss on the 28th or 29th of June. Had not expected to advance more than $50,000, but was drawn into the payment of $89,000. This was far from their original intention. On the 4th of July he had given a cheque for $50,000 under the following circumstances: When he took the papers to Cross & Lunn for examination, he found a mortgage for $50,000 on the property and told him that this would prevent him raising money on it. Had remarked that the impediment must be removed, and going to Middlemiss was informed that the mortgage was only a matter of form taken until it could be ascertained whether the Leduc farm was clear of incumbrances, as he (Middlemiss) assured him. It was Middlemiss stated that he would try and arrange it, and explained that this could be done as he would deposit in place of the mortgage his cheque for $50,000. This he presumed was on the same day the cheque was accepted, and proceeding with Middlemiss to the Jacques Cartier Bank, the cheque was endorsed by Middlemiss in his presence, and was delivered to Mr. Cotte on the 16th July. The deed of one-third of the property was passed by his brother for $60,000. The sum of $30,000, mentioned in this deed, was not actually paid in cash. On making up the accounts, he charged $30,000 to his brother, and placed $30,000 to the credit of Profit and Loss as their commission. Presumed that the rate of commission was agreed between his brother and Middlemiss and his brother mentioned at the outset that they would obtain a handsome commission. Now thought that the first money was required to clear the Leduc farm. Knew nothing of this matter at the time. The Commission was given for guaranteeing to arrange and arranging the loan. Thought that they richly earned the $30,000. Had been compelled, contrary to their intention, to carry the mortgages owing to this circumstance that the validity of the title was questioned. Mr. T. Hart had first intimated to him that something was wrong in this relation. The share in the property was held by his brother individually. $50,000 was was considered the value of about one half of the property. A broker, prior to the 1st of July, had stated that he would not advance more than five cents per foot on this property, but he did not care to advance any sum whatever. Middlemiss had repeatedly assured them that his share in the transaction was free from wrong; did not remember that he implied the contrary with reference to the Government. Had at present an interest in the Leduc farm. The connection with this affair was simply as a commercial transaction. They had nothing to do with the Government. His brother knew nothing of the deed passed on the 1st of July until a considerable period subsequent. Was not aware that there had been any fraudlent dealings in connection with the exchange. Had he had such knowledge, they would have had nothing whatever to do with the transaction.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

L. W. SICOTTE, advocate, an intimate friend of Mr. Dansereau, stated that Mr. Dansereau had inquired of him, on one occasion during the spring, the value of the Tanneries property, and he had said that he would not pay above $50,000 or $60,000. Had informed him that this property belonged to the Local Government, as it was so entered in the *Cadastre*. A number of persons had applied in the year at the *Cadastre* office, where he is employed, for information regarding this property. Mr. Chapleau, of whom he was an intimate friend, had within his knowledge no connection with the transaction. Mr. Chapleau had complained to him that he was accused in this regard unjustly, having no interest whatever in the exchange. Thought Mr. Judah and Mr. Hart had applied at the office for information such as mentioned, also Mr. Middlemiss, who was accompanied by Mr. Perkins.

Q. Was the "Sicopte" mentioned in a cheque of the date of 27th July? A. The cheque was drawn in his favor for $1,410 by Mr. Dansereau. It was given with reference to a private transaction, and he did not think that he was obliged to disclose the details. Had nothing whatever to do with the exchange, which the cheque in question in a manner concerned. Witness positively refused to state what consideration had been given for this cheque.

The Committee ruled that the question should be answered.

A. In June last, with Dansereau and Chapleau, he had bought a lot on Sherbrooke street, upon which they intended to build. At the time the cheque was given, finding that he was unable to build a house for himself, he had sold his share in the property to his partners, being paid with the cheque in question. Valued the Tanneries property as not above $50,000 or $60,000 *en bloc*, or 10c per foot, making allowance for the slope which formed about one fifth of the property, and the streets, with which it must be divided into building lots, requiring another fifth. Would then value the lots at some 20c. per foot. He based the opinion upon sales which had taken place in the neighborhood of this property. The Belanger property, comprising 60 acres, which adjoined the Leduc farm, was valued at $8,000 per arpent. Would have paid that price himself had not M. E. Hudson, Fitz, made the purchase at that rate. 10c or 16c per foot could be realized if the land was divided into lots.

MR. MAURICE CUVALLIER, merchant, the next witness, stated that he had introduced Mr. Middlemiss to Mr. Archambault as an honest and reliable man. He knew nothing personally of the Tanneries affair.

MR. DANSEREAU, who had been subpoened for three o'clock, not appearing before the Commissioner, a messenger was sent for him, but returned with the answer that he was in Longueuil.

MR. WILLIAM PAXTON, master cooper, was then called, and said that he knew the Tanneries property, and considered that it was worth twelve cents per foot at the most. He had bought a better property for ten cents a foot. He valued the front portion of the Leduc farm at eight cents per foot, and the other half at four cents per foot.

By Mr. Mousseau—he considered that if a street should be run through the Leduc farm, it would be worth on an average ten cents a foot, the front portion being more and the rear less. Their business was not to loan money on property, but simply to negotiate mortgages. They would have had no trouble in doing this in regard to the transaction referred to, but for the discussion about the title, which forced them to carry the mortgages themselves. He first heard that the ground had been asked for hospital purposes from Mr. Theodore Hart at the time when he was trying to negotiate the mortgages. The third of the property was purchased by Mr. Frank Bond individually, not by the firm. In regard to the deed of promise of sale of half the property, dated first July, it was merely to secure Bond Bros. for the money to be raised on the property. The original amount to be raised was $50,000, but he wished more security for a further amount, and asked to have the property in the name of the firm. Mr. Middlemiss did not like the idea, but offered to give him a promise of sale for half the amount. The deed was drawn up on June 30th, was signed the following day with several alterations, one being occasioned by a statement of the sale of one-third of the property to Rice, and would only require to give a promise of sale for one-third of the property, and the deed was changed to that effect. Mr. Middlemiss, since the transaction, had repeatedly said that he had done nothing wrong in the matter. Bond Bros. now hold a part of the Leduc farm as security. He never saw any of the members of the Government except Mr. Chapleau, whom he knew by sight. His brother did not know of the deed of promise of sale of July 1st, and was away at the time. It was given by Mr. Trudel. Such large transactions as the one referred to were of frequent occurrence in their business. He had no reason previous at that time to doubt Mr. Middlemiss's ability or honour, nor had he reason since. To show that such cheques were of everyday occurrence, he might, without any intention to boast state that their bank book for that month showed transactions of over $1,000,000.

To Mr. McMASTER—Mr. Middlemiss never said to him that he had made anything out of the Government.

The Committee then took recess.

AFTER RECESS.

L. W. SICOTTE, advocate, clerk in the Cadastre office, an intimate friend of Messrs. Dansereau and Chapleau, testified last spring that Dansereau had asked him what he thought was the value of the Government property at the Tanneries, and that he had told him his estimate was from $50,000 to $60,000. A number of persons had enquired at Cadastre office to know to whom the property in question belonged. Had no conversation with either Dansereau or Chapleau as to the exchange of the property before its completion. Had spoken since to Mr. Chapleau, but not to Mr. Ouimet or Mr. Dansereau upon this question. He had remarked to Mr. Chapleau that he thought the value placed upon the Government by the papers was altogether exaggerated. This was after the discussion had commenced in the papers upon this subject. Mr. Chapleau, in his opinion as an intimate friend, had had no pecuniary interest in the exchange. Mr. Chapleau had complained to them that he had been unjustly accused of having had no interest whatever in the transaction. Believed Mr. Judah and Mr. Hart had applied at the Cadastre Office for information as to the property. Mr. Middlemiss, who had been accompanied by Mr Perkins, was the "L. W. Sicothe" mentioned in the cheque for $1,400 of the 27th July. The cheque was drawn in his favour by Mr. Dansereau. This had to do with a private matter, and he did not see that he was obliged to give any explanation. Had had no consideration or commission to his benefit arising from the Tanneries matter. This cheque in no way concerned the Tanneries affair, and he positively refused to say what it was for.

The Committee ruled that an explanation should be made.

Mr. L. W. SICOTHE said he refused because he did not desire to make his private affairs public. He, however, went on to say that in June last, with Dansereau and Chapleau, he had bought a lot on Sherbrooke street, upon which they intended to build. At the time the cheque was given, finding himself unable to build a house which he had intended, he sold his share to his partners, being repaid by this cheque. He would not value the Tanneries property at more than $50,000 or $60,000 *en bloc*, or at ten cents per foot. Making allowance for the slope, which made more than a fifth of the property, and for the streets which must be made before the land could be sold in lots, which would make another fifth, he would be prepared to give twenty cents a foot for the remaining three-fifths. This valuation he made upon the basis of recent sales. The Belanger Farm, near that of Leduc, was worth $80 per arpent, and he would have paid that price himself had not Mr. E. Hudson made the purchase at that rate. This was in addition to the commutation money.

MAURICE CUVALLIER, merchant, had given Mr. Middlemiss an introduction to Hon. Mr. Archambault as an honest and reliable man. He knew nothing about the land affair beyond what he had seen in the papers.

WM. PAXTON, master cooper, Montreal: Knew the Tanneries property. Estimated the lower forty arpents of the Leduc farm as it stood, viz., from the Lachine Road, twenty acres back, at eight cents per foot, and the remainder at four cents. He considered the Government property worth twelve cents. He had bought Mr. Hudson's property, which he considered better, at ten cents. The distance between the Tanneries and Leduc properties was about one and a half miles.

By Mr. MOUSSEAU: With the streets put through the property and a division into

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

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Lost or Found.
Board Wanted.
Business for Sale.
Business Wanted.
Houses for Sale.
Houses to Rent.
Houses Wanted.
Board and Lodging.
Cattle Strayed or Stolen.
Farms Wanted.
Farms for Sale or to Rent.
Live Stock for Sale or to Rent.
Money Wanted or to Loan.
Situations Wanted.
Situations Vacant, &c., &c.

Professional and business cards inserted on the first page for one year, when not exceeding twenty words, once a week, $5; twice a week, $12; and every day, $1, each word over twenty in the same proportion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, we and deaths with funeral notices attached $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.
When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents.
When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Gowan's Opera House—Mlle de Murska.
Boots and Shoes—W. A. Lamb.
Insolvent Act—W. H. Cooper.
Groceries, &c.—Edwards & Rutledge.

The Times.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JAN. 9, 1875.

To-day's Official *Gazette* will contain the announcement summoning Parliament for the despatch of business on Thursday, the fourth day of February next.

THE CANDIDATURE FOR THE LOCAL LEGISLATURE.

We hasten, at the earliest moment, not to answer the drivelling of characterless journals, but to correct the impression which seems to prevail in some quarters, that this journal is actively promoting the election of Mr. O'Donoghue. If to resist the pretensions of an irresponsible body, when we find it proposing to usurp functions to which it has no claim, be to range ourselves amongst the partizans of any man or party, then may we be classed amongst Mr. O'Donoghue's supporters, but not otherwise. We have described the Ottawa Reform Association as a body devoid of representative character, and in that, as well as in other important respects, not competent to present a candidate to the electors of this city, however valid may be its claims to consideration for important services rendered in the past. It was only as against the pretensions of such a body that we sought to give countenance and fair play to Mr. O'Donoghue.

The Reform Association has fully committed itself to this, that it has the right to determine whether there shall be a contest in the Reform interest, and that in pursuance of that right it may choose its own candidate. We believe that it has no such right, and that its movement to present to the Reform party a candidate will not result in any good. The Reform Association cannot give us the necessary guarantee that in the event of a contest its nominee would be elected; and failure would tend to embitter and alienate the successful candidate. That at best is how we regard it—simply as the height of folly to oppose Mr. O'Donoghue in the rash, immature and unready manner of the Reform Association programme.

We have to add only that we have had constantly in view one and only one way of solving this difficulty. We are not without hope that before the nomination hour prudent counsels will prevail, that a contest will be avoided, and that the city will be ably and respectably represented in the Liberal interest.

THE CONTEST IN RUSSELL.

The accounts of the canvass in Russell so far lead us to believe that the prospects of Dr. Ferguson, the Government candidate, are every day growing brighter, and that his election is every day growing more certain. We ask our friends, nevertheless, to take a leaf out of the book of their opponents, and concentrate their forces upon one man. Union is strength, and without being united an otherwise powerful party is comparatively as nothing when pitted against a compact and unanimous, even if numerically small opposition. If Russell does not return a supporter of the Government of Mr. Mowat, the Ministerial party must blame themselves, for there cannot be the shadow of a doubt that a large majority of the electors sincerely and firmly believe that the affairs of the country have been and are likely to be well and faithfully administered by that gentleman and his colleagues. If Dr. Ferguson were personally much less desirable as a representative of the constituency, if he were a gentleman of far less ability and standing in the community, the fact that he was the choice of the Convention, representative as that body was of every interest and division of the County, should entitle him to the undivided support of every adherent of the Ministry, irrespective of class or creed. We say this because, although the tendency to unite is growing stronger every day, and our friends are beginning to grasp the real nature of the situation with greater accuracy than they did at the beginning, there are still some real hearty well wishers of the cause permitting sectional jealousy to cloud their better judgment, and unwillingly lending themselves to the purposes of those who appear to prefer to sacrifice every consideration to their own personal interests.

We ask the electors of Russell to look the issue presented to them fairly in the face. It is too late now to discuss the qualifications or party claims of individual candidates. The contest has passed into that stage when such subjects cannot with safety or propriety be allowed to occupy the time and attention of the people. If the Ministerial party do not see this from the indications in their own midst, they cannot fail to see it in the conduct of their opponents. With the latter, at least, the issue is being made entirely political, and the consituency is appealed to to pronounce against the Ontario Government. If Mr. Baker is elected, of which there is no indication as yet, we warn our friends that it will be claimed by the Rykert-Lauder party as a political victory, and a condemnation of the Government. The fact that there had been divisions in the Ministerial ranks would be altogether ignored, and the bitter consolation would be left to the Liberals that individual selfishness and short-sighted personal differences were permitted to become a source of weakness, not to themselves alone, but to the principles which we know they so heartily endorse, and the men whom they are united in believing to have been faithful in the past in carrying those principles into practice, as well as to be trusted with a real desire, a firm intention, and the unquestioned power of doing so in the future.

And who are the men Mr. Baker would go to Toronto to support? The quartette, of course—perhaps more properly speaking the triplet—since the buffoon of the combination, Mr. Alfred Boultbee, appears to find no rest for the sole of his foot in any constituency whatever. Mr. Baker may privately assure his friends that there is little likelihood that he shall ever have to vote for a single resolution moved by either of the men popularly known as the "quartette," since Mr. Cameron is sure to be defeated in East Toronto, Mr. Rykert has not the ghost of a chance in Lincoln, and Mr. Lauder has in all probability had his last chance of writing M.P.P. to his name; but he dare not offer a public apology for his principles couched in that strain. As Bismarck said of Kullman and the Ultramontane deputies, so may we say, but with much more truth, of Mr. Rykert and the Conservatives: they would like to disown him, but he hangs to their coat-tails in spite of them. Why, he is deputy-leader of their party, and his disreputable conduct, for which even their own newspaper organs have not had a word of excuse, becomes their party record. And if not to support these men, whom would Mr. Baker support? Let every friend of the Government ponder this subject, and he will find in his own inward consciousness the answer which ought to decide him as to his proper course in the circumstances. The Opposition press are attempting to make capital out of the publication of a set of bunkum resolutions moved by their friends in the Legislature as motions of want of confidence, but they very innocently forget to state the motions to which these resolutions were moved in amendment, for the excellent reason that in every instance that would prove the original resolutions to be far more acceptable in principle than the amendments which we are told were voted down. There has also been a very strenuous endeavour made to arouse sectional jealousy on account of the Redistribution Act. We beg to ask, seeing that this is made a charge against the Government, where is the resolution moved by any Tory member representing an eastern constituency asking for increased representation to this section of the country? When we are shown this, and it is fairly proved that the principle of increased representation to the eastern portion of the Province was at any time a plank in the Conservative platform, we are prepared to discuss the propriety of the Ministerial scheme of redistribution, upon its merits. There is another way, and we need not tell the electors of Russell a better way, of testing the legitimacy of the claims of Mr. Mowat and his colleagues to public confidence than quoting a mass of bunkum resolutions, which they are falsely represented to have voted down, namely, the number and character of the measures they have passed, and the general results of their administration. It would be a work of supererogation to repeat all the good measures they have carried, for there is scarcely a law of genuine importance, tending to make perfect our system of government and ensure the most complete electoral purity and freedom, upon the statute book of Ontario, that they have not been instrumental in placing there. Will the opponents of Dr. Ferguson challenge an examination of the conduct of the Government in this respect? We scarcely think so.

There is still another view of the question which is worth careful consideration. If the Government were less popular, powerful, and able than they are, the entire want of character and standing, political and personal, which marks their opponents would be a very powerful argument against any change which would throw the reins of power into the hands of the latter. Yet, if the supporters of Mr. Baker had their will, it is just into the hands of these unscrupulous, unprincipled men that the government of this Province would be thrown. We ask the electors of Russell to unite in evading the bare possibility of such a catastrophe, and putting Dr. Ferguson in at the top of the poll a week from Monday.

PRINCE BISMARCK AND THE DEVIL.

The *Minerve* gives the following:—On the occasion of the lecture given yesterday evening by Dr. Rogers at the "Salle de Jesu" on Bismarck and the Jesuits," a very curious placard was distributed about the streets yesterday afternoon. On the placard was an engraving representing Bismarck endeavouring to pull down the steeple of a church. As Bismarck is commencing his work of destruction the devil appears, and the following dialogue ensues between Bismarck and his Satanic Majesty:—

His Satanic Majesty: What in the devil are you doing there?

Bismarck: I am going to pull down the Church.

His Majesty: Ah! really! you are going to pull down the Church! And in what time do you think you will get through with the job?

Bismarck: About three or four years.

His Majesty: Really! Very well. Look here—for 1800 years I have been toiling to do that, and have not yet succeeded. If you can accomplish that piece of work in three or four years, by Jove I'll resign my situation in your favour?

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

THE ELECTIONS.

List of Candidates.

	O.	L.	M.
Addington, Deroche	0	0	1
" Mace	1	0	0
Algoma	0	0	0
Brant, N. R., Finlayson	0	0	1
" S. R., Hardy	0	0	1
Brockville, Fitzsimmons	1	0	0
" Cole	0	0	1
Bruce, N. R., Sinclair (Dr.)	0	1	0
" " Sinclair	0	0	1
" S. R., Wells	0	0	1
Cardwell, Bowles	0	0	1
" Flesher	1	0	0
Carleton, Monk	1	0	0
Cornwall, McIntyre	1	0	0
" Snetsinger	0	0	1
Dufferin	0	0	0
Dundas, Cook	0	0	1
" Broder	1	0	0
Durham, E. R., Rosevear	1	0	0
" Smith (Seth)	0	0	1
Durham, W. R., McLeod	0	0	1
" " McClung	1	0	0
Elgin, E. R., Askell	1	0	0
" " Wilson	0	0	1
Elgin, W. R., Munro	1	0	0
" " Hodgins	0	0	1
Essex, S. R., Atkin	0	0	1
" " Wigle	1	0	0
Essex, N. R., Prince	0	0	1
" " Patterson	1	0	0
Frontenac, Calvin	1	0	0
Glengarry, Grant	1	0	0
" McNab	0	0	1
Grenville, S. R., Fraser	0	0	1
" " Price	1	0	0
Grey, N. R., Scott	1	0	0
" " McFayden	0	0	1
Grey, S. R., Hunter	0	0	1
Grey, E. R., Lauder	1	0	0
" " Patterson	0	0	1
Haldimand, Baxter	0	0	1
" Waldbrook	1	0	0
Halton, Barber	0	0	1
" Beaty	1	0	0
Hamilton, Williams	0	0	1
Hastings, W. R., Lewis	0	0	1
" " Graham	0	0	1
" " Wills	1	0	0
Hastings, E. R., Appley	1	0	0
" " Wilson	1	0	0
" " Potts	1	0	0
Hastings, N. R., Boulter	1	0	0
" " O'Flynn	0	0	1
Huron, E. R., Vannorman	1	0	0
" " Gibson	0	0	1
Huron, S. R., Bishop	0	0	1
Huron, W. R., Davidson	1	0	0
" " Ross	0	0	1
Kent, E. R., McKellar	0	0	1
" " Laird	1	0	0
Kent, W. R., Coutts	1	0	0
" " White	0	0	1
Kingston, McGammon	1	0	0
" Robinson	0	0	1
Lambton, E. R., Shirley	1	0	0
" " Graham	0	0	1
Lambton, W. R., Pardee	0	0	1
Lanark, N. R., Mostyn	1	0	0
" " Caldwell	0	0	1
Lanark, S. R., Code	1	0	0
" " Doran	0	0	1
Leeds and Grenville, N. R. Merrick	1	0	0
Leeds, S. R., Preston	1	0	0
Lennox, Grange	0	1	0
Lincoln, Rykert	1	0	0
" Neelon	0	0	1
London, Meredith	1	0	0
" Durand	0	0	1
Middlesex, N. R. Macdougall	1	0	1
" Smith	0	0	1
Middlesex, E. R., Tooley	1	0	0
" Evans	0	0	1
Middlesex, W. R., Currie (N.)	1	0	0
" Watterworth	0	0	1
Monck, Haney	0	0	1
" Hill	1	0	0
Muskoka, Long (J.)	1	0	0
" Miller	0	0	1
Norfolk, N. R., Clarke	0	0	1
" " McKnight	1	0	0
Norfolk, S. R., Richardson	1	0	0
" " Austin	0	0	1
Northumberland, E. R., Cochrane	1	0	0
" Ferris	0	0	1
Northumberland, W. R., Gifford	1	0	0
" Hargraft	0	0	1
Ontario, N. R., McRae	1	0	0
" " Paxton	0	0	0
Ontario, S. R., Brown	1	0	1
" " Farewell	0	0	1
Ottawa, O'Donoghue	0	0	1
Oxford, N. R., Mowat	0	0	1
Oxford, S. R., Oliver	0	0	1
" " Macdonald	0	0	1
" " Devlin	0	0	1
Peel, Beyon	1	0	0
" Chisolm	0	0	1
Perth, N. R., Daly	1	0	0
" " Towner	1	0	0
" " Hay	0	0	1
Perth, S. R., Leversage	1	0	0
" " Ballantyne	0	0	1
Peterborough, W. R., Scott	1	0	0
" " Cox	0	0	1
Peterborough, E. R., O'Sullivan	1	0	0
" " Stratton	0	0	1
Prescott, Pattee	0	0	1
" Harkin	1	0	0
Prince Edward, Clapp	1	0	0
" Striker	0	0	1
Renfrew, N. R., Deacon	1	0	0
" " Moffatt	0	0	1
Renfrew, S. R., Harrington	0	1	1
" " Stewart	0	0	1
Russell, Ferguson	1	0	0
" Baker	1	0	0
" O'Hanly	0	0	1
" Morgan	0	1	0
Simcoe, W. R., Long (T.)	1	0	0
" " McConkey	0	0	1
" " Simpson	0	0	1
Simcoe, S. R., Boulton	1	0	0
" " Snelling	0	0	1
Simcoe, E. R., Kean	1	0	0
" " Sutherland	0	0	1
Stormont, Bethune	0	0	1
Toronto, E. R., Cameron	1	0	0
" " Crooks	0	0	1
Toronto, W. R., Bell	1	0	0
" " Thomson	0	0	1
Victoria, N. R., McCrea	1	0	0
Victoria, S. R., Wood	0	0	1
" " Cottingham	1	0	0
Waterloo, N. R., Miller	1	0	0
" " Springer	0	0	1
Waterloo, S. R.	0	0	0
Welland, Buchner	1	0	0
" Currie	0	0	1
Wellington, N. R., McKim	0	0	1
Wellington, S. R., Gow	0	0	1
Wellington, C. R., Clarke	0	0	1
Wentworth, N. R., Stock	1	0	1
" " Christie	0	0	0
Wentworth, S. R., Sexton	0	0	1
York, N. R., Jackson	0	1	1
" " Widdifield	0	0	0
York, E. R., Lane	0	0	1
York, W. R., Patterson	0	0	1

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co, Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3727

Auction Sales.

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

BLANKETS

Selling Far Under Cost, by

J. BERMINGHAM.

The subscriber having received last Fall a consignment of 300 Hudson Bay Co.'s Buffalo Robes, has a few left, which he will sell very cheap, to close the consignment.

He has also several large sized Horse Blankets, which will be sold at less than cost.

Private sale every day.

For good and cheap lined and unlined Robes, go to BERMINGHAM's, opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

AUCTION

—OF—

BANKRUPT GOODS!

Consigned to the subscriber, to be sold by Auction and Private Sale, at

50 PER CENT. BELOW COST.

J. BERMINGHAM

Has now on hand a Bankrupt Stock, consisting of

100 White and Gold China Tea Sets,
100 Ladies' Work Boxes—inlaid,
100 Ladies' Writing Desks,
300 very handsome Vases of every design, style and pattern,
100 Toilet Sets,
Cut and Engraved Crystal Water Jugs and Celery Bowls,
50 English Chromos.
Bouquet Holders, Britannia Metal Tea Pots, and several Silver Tea Sets.

All selling (private sale) at 50 per cent. under English cost, at BERMINGHAM'S Sale Rooms, opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale

OF VERY VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS,

Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.

HECTOR McLEAN

Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on **SATURDAY, THE 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875,** at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:

License No. 161, season of 1873-4 comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.

License No. 163, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vielle Branch, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.

These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1871, consisting of about 57 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN,
Ramsay.

Dec. 30th, 1874. 3731-td

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, TO WIT. } By virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias*, issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Toronto, and to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements of William Willis, at the suit of Henry James, I have seized and taken in execution all the estate, right, title interest and equity of redemption of the said defendant, in and to the north-west half of lot number thirty-three in the second concession, in the Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, which I will offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on *Thursday*, the eighth day of April, in the year of our Lord 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JOHN NICHOLSON, Dy. Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Ottawa, 8th January, 1875. 3735-1d & 12w

FOR SALE CHEAP.

North half of Lots No. 28 24 and 25, on the Eleventh Range of the Township of Hull; Lots No. 23 and 24 south on the Twelfth Range of the Township of Hull, containing in all about 400 acres, together with farming impliments thereon. For terms and particulars apply to JAMES LASCHARITA, on the premises. 2-1m.

Miscellaneous.

THE BAZAAR in aid of County of Carleton PROTESTANT HOSPITAL, will take place about the third week in FEBRUARY. Full particulars will be given in a future notice.

W. COUSEN,
Secretary Bazaar Committee.
January 7th, 1875. 3736-3

DR. POMROY,

CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN

May now be consulted in his

ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE

Hours from 10 a.m until 5 p.m.

Dec. 14 1874. 3711tf

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established

AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the Spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEMIEUX,
Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.
Nov. 4, 1874.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

BALTIMORE OYSTERS

To be had in perfection, at

James Buchanan's

SUSSEX STREET.

January 6th, 1875. 1m

Election Notices.

TO THE

Electors of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—Through the dissolution of the Local Legislature, in a short time you will be called upon to elect a representative to that House for the ensuing term. Elected by a large majority when I had the honor to solicit your suffrages before, I trust that my conduct while in Parliament will meet with the full confidence of the whole people at the ensuing election, and as a consequence I announce myself as a candidate for your suffrages on the occasion. Should I be deemed worthy of your approval in the future as in the past, my humble support will be given to the present government in all measures for the benefit of the whole country. I ask assistance in opposing chicanery and double-dealing, and in favour of one who will neither be cajoled or purchased.

Hoping to meet you all at public meetings, and if possible personally, before the day of polling,

I remain,
Yours respectfully,

DAN. J. O'DONOGHUE.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

TO THE

Electors of Russell.

GENTLEMEN,—I beg respectfully to announce to you that I am a Candidate for your suffrages at the impending General Election for the Ontario Legislature. My political principles are well known to you as contained in detail in my address of 1867; and time and experience have added fresh strength to my convictions of their soundness. As the standard-bearer, who first unfurled the banner of Reform in your Riding, I cannot but rejoice that the good seed then sown, under very adverse circumstances, too, has not only taken deep root, but has already produced fruit.

I congratulate you that many of the measures I advocated before you, particularly those relating to the purity of elections, and without which elective institutions were little better than a farce, are now the law of this great Province; and I am glad to be able to say that some, who then sneered at my humble efforts for the people's good, have since seen the error of their ways, and become zealous workers in the glorious cause of liberty. It is cause of thankfulness that every man can now exercise his franchise without let, hindrance, or fear of consequences, according to his own honest convictions, uninfluenced by any consideration but the general good, and witnessed by no eye but that of his Maker. To the Liberal Government the country owes all these important and beneficial measures. There are many other useful and necessary reforms which will follow in their wake, if the people are true to themselves, and renew their confidence in the present Government by electing men to support them on whom they can rely—men who have a record to point to, whose fidelity to their principles is above suspicion—men who would, if necessary, be ready to follow them into the cold shades of opposition. This is the kind of support they deserve at your hands. Send them not one who veers with every change of political doctrine—a Conservative yesterday, a Reformer to-day, and a Tory again to-morrow if most conducive to his interest or ambition.

In Mr. Mowat's Administration I have the fullest confidence—a confidence inspired by their principles and confirmed by their acts. I heartily endorse not only their legislation, but the economy and efficiency with which they have administered public affairs in promoting education, encouraging settlement and developing our internal resources; and if antecedents be any criterion whereby we may judge our future actions, they shall continue to have my cordial support.

Every scheme for the encouragement of Roads and Railroads shall have my unqualified support, for these are the veins and arteries through which flows the life blood of industry. I shall use every legitimate means to influence aids for such enterprises in your Riding without regard to special interests or particular localities.

I shall devise and promote with my utmost ability a comprehensive scheme for the drainage of your whole county, by which the rich *bottom-lands* now lying waste—preserves for deer stalking—will be converted into blooming fields of golden harvest, increasing your population and enhancing your property.

With a life long devotion—often under very trying circumstances—to the cause of good and cheap Government; with a record, private and public, extending over a quarter of a century on the Ottawa Valley, at which no respectable man need blush, and can challenge fair and honest criticism; with an ambition directed as unerringly as the needle to the pole towards adding my little mite to the stock of human happiness, irrespective of race or creed, clime or color; with a mind free from bigotry as our mountain air from noxious exhalations; I appeal with just confidence to the Liberals of Russell to sustain me, and place me in a position of increased usefulness; and I can safely assure them that their trust will never be betrayed. On Conservative support I base no claim, save that of an honest man, who respects the opinions, nay, the prejudices, of those who differ from him and who in his public capacity shall know none but the people as a whole.

I shall endeavor to see as many of you as it is possible for me in the limited time between this and polling day; and frankly avow my views on any other subject that you may desire to be informed. Those whom I may not be able to see, will, I hope, excuse me, and pass sentence on me according to the principles herein enunciated. On the last occasion that I was before you I addressed, with as much sincerity as ever I uttered a sentence, to large assemblies which happened to be exclusively composed of my own countrymen, and the same I shall now say to all, as follows:—

"You should banish from your minds every consideration except the public good. You should not vote for me simply because I am an Irishman or a Catholic. You should wholly judge me according to the political principles I enunciate before you. If you approve of these, you should support me; and if there is one amongst you who disapproves of them, he is in duty bound to vote against me."

I am,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,

J. L. P. O'HANLY.

Ottawa, 26th December, 1874

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

Oct. 7, 1874. 3691y d&w.

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 2808.

FOWLE'S

PILE AND HUMOR CURE.

For Internal and External Use

WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 3718

Dec. 14, 15

Hatters & Furriers.

ALEX. BROBERY,

FURRIER,

45 Rideau-st.,

Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,

Is offering the balance of his

Stock of Winter Furs

AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3738

DEVLIN'S

FUR DEPOT

AUSTRIAN RUGS,
BUFFALO ROBES,
WOLF ROBES,
WHITE FOX ROBES,
BLACK BEAR ROBES,
RACCOON ROBES,

—AT—

DEVLIN'S

11 RIDEAU STREET.

LADIES FURS!

GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,

No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to order by

JAMES PEACOCK,
No. 33, Rideau Street.

Dec. 29th, 1874. 3721 m1

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.

—AT—

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Boots & Shoes.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots, Embroidered and Plain Felt Congress. Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress.

Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Felt Bals. Felt Overs.

A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter foot-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at REDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an utire clearance.

Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB,
13 Sussex-st.

Jan. 9, 1875. 3735

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN:

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

BOOTS,
SHOES,
MOCCASINS,
MITTS, &c.

AT

W. E. BROWN,
15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3589y d&w

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 12 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes,
Mitts, Rubbers,
Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN,
Ottawa.

Dec. 24 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

[Have had $10,000 worth of]

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS.
Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Chilton & Lefebvre.

Miscellaneous.

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.

The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.

ALEX. ROBERTSON,
Rideau-St.

THE DOMINION ATLAS.

WALKER & MILES, PUBLISHERS,
Montreal and Toronto.

MARA & MAINGY,

General Agents for Central Canada, P.O. Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Legal Notices.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of THOMAS EDWIN MOORE,
An Insolvent.

The creditors of the above-named insolvent are requested to file their claims with the undersigned as soon as possible, to enable him to arrive at the total amount of liabilities without delay.

W. H. COOPER,
Interim Assignee.

Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-3

DR. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.

H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants.

Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 laws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-2awk2m

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Walford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnston, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the City of Toronto, as solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt become absolute and indefeasible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.

(Sd.) GEO. S. HOLMESTED,
Referee of Titles.

3715-3w-lawk

Government Notices

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector McLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 101 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also eases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on Plan; contents of No. 2, 9,543 feet, and of No. 3, 9,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior,
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Saturday, 12th day of December, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 4th and 54th sections of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 6 and intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, And it is hereby Ordered, that the Town of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec, now an Out Port of Customs be and is hereby constituted a Port of Entry and a Warehousing Port, the same to take effect from the first day of January next.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.

3735

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Friday, 18th day of December, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas, by Order of the Council of the 7th day of June, 1871, it is directed that sworn declarations and machinists' certificates be in all cases required preliminary to the admission free of duty, of machinery not manufactured in the Dominion for use in Canadian manufactures, and whereas, by the Act 37 Vic., chap. 6, the same machinery is made subject to an *ad valorem* duty of ten per cent, to take effect on the first day of January next, and whereas it is desirable to simplify the practice of the Customs in such cases,—due regard being had to the security of the revenue.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. Minister of Customs, and under the provision of the 125th section of the Act 31 Vic., chap. 6, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the first day of January next, the said Order in Council be, and the same is hereby rescinded, and that Collectors of Customs be, and they are hereby authorised and instructed to accept entry of such machinery on and after that date at ten per cent. duty *ad valorem*, requiring the following affidavit to be filled in each case, and a copy thereof to be attached to the entry.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.

I, A. B., the importer of the following described machinery, viz.:—here a full description of each machine, giving name of maker and use to which it is to be applied, shall be inserted) do solemnly swear, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, no machine such as that above described, is manufactured in Canada, and that the same is imported for use in the manufactory of which I am the (proprietor or one of the proprietors, or legally authorized agent,) and that the same is not to be offered for sale.

Sworn to before me at on the day of 187 . 26-3

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.

Dec 26. 1874

Houses to Let.

TO SELL OR RENT.

The house and grounds lately occupied by Mr. Sprague, just outside the city limits, on the Richmond Road. The house and grounds can be divided, the former making two complete dwellings, if required, with every convenience, and ample room in each for a large family.

Terms of sale or rental, moderate.

Apply to
WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK.

Dec. 7, 1874. 3712-1f

MINERAL WATER.

The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town.

Oct. 27th 1874. 3m

Publications.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

One Copy ... $2
Three Copies ... 5
Five Copies ... 8
Ten Copies ... 15

Postage five cents per copy for three months. Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at the same price. One extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. Additions to clubs received at club rates.

These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

A generous portion of the WEEKLY HERALD will be appropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Pomology and the management of domestic animals. Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets.

The aim will be to make the WEEKLY HERALD superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

Every number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence. Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

The price of subscription, whenever practicable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting money by mail.

At small Post Offices in the country where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

Advertisements, to a limited number, will be inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD.

Price of the DAILY HERALD, four cents a copy. Annual subscription price, $12, always in advance.

Write the address on letters to the NEW YORK HERALD, in a bold and legible hand, and give the name of each subscriber, of Post Office, County and State so plainly that no errors in mailing papers will be liable to occur.

APPLETON'S

AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publications of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

This work is sold to subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages, fully illustrated with several thousand Wood engravings, and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

Price and Style of Binding.

In extra Cloth, per vol	$5 00
In Library Leather, per vol	6 00
In Half Turkey Morocco, per vol	7 00
In Half Russia, extra gilt, per vol	8 00
In Full Morocco, antique, gilt edges, per vol	10 00
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Nine volumes now ready. Succeeding volumes, until completion, will be issued once in two months.

Specimen pages of the American Cyclopædia, showing type, illustrations, etc., will be sent gratis, on application.

First-class canvassing Agents Wanted.

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D. APPLETON & Co.,
549 & 551 Broadway N. Y.

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"THE BEST RELIGIOUS PAPER."

A CHOICE OF

TWO BEAUTIFUL PREMIUMS.

An Illuminated Portfolio of Twelve Gems by Hendschel, each 8½ x 10½ in., or the superb Chromo, "The Twins," 22x28 in., after Landseer. Price $3.25, including postage. No extras of any kind. Without Premium, $3 per annum.

ATTENTION, AGENTS.

Liberal commission and exclusive territory. Samples and circulars free. Send Postal Card at once to

HORATIO C. KING,
Publisher,
Box 5105, New York

Oct. 26.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE one year ... $400

$400 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy: postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

ENGLAND.

Mr. R. P. A. Swetenham, B. A., has been appointed an inspector of schools.

Messrs. Siemens have commenced manufacturing a cable to replace that lost in the "La Plata."

Sixty thousand colliers in South Wales have struck work in consequence of a reduction in their wages.

A marble statute of the late Earl of Clarendon, raised by private friends, has been placed in the Foreign Office.

An unauthorised issue of one pound notes by the Jersey Harbour Committee has caused great excitement in the island.

The planers, riveters and boiler makers at Hull have struck work on account of a reduction of ten per cent. on their wages.

The Lord Chancellor has promised to introduce a measure next session of Parliament for the amendment of the Patent Laws.

William Smith, a Greenwich Hospital pensioner, was interred at Shooter's Hill Cemetery on the 17th ult. He had attained the age of 101 years.

The Board of Trade has received information that the export of grain has been prohibited from the province of Aleppo since the 20th November.

The town of Burslem becomes possessed of £30,000 for charitable purposes by the will of the late Mr. Howard Heywood, a retired brick-tile manufacturer.

The Queen in Council has fixed £20,000 per annum as the maximum expenditure for pensions to petty officers and seamen and marines in connection with Greenwich Hospital.

The Duchess of Edinburgh, now on a visit with the Duke to the Earl and Countess of Dudley at Whitley Court, is suffering from a sudden indisposition, which, however, is not serious.

Mr. Walter Scott has been appointed a member of the Legislative Council of the Straits Settlements, and Surgeon Major Samuel Rowe a member of the Legislative Council of the Gold Coast Colony.

The health of Prince Leopold is reported as being still so delicate that on leaving Oxford for Windsor at the vacation, he had to be carried from the railway station to the carriage in which he was conveyed to the castle.

Lord Arthur Russell, in an address to his constituents at Tavistock, said as long as Nonconformists made disestablishment and secular education, test questions to candidates, Liberal dissensions would keep Tories in office.

The London club for ladies and gentlemen, which includes so many accomplished persons of both sexes, will be opened on the 1st of February. The name of the club has not yet been agreed upon, but it will probably be called the New Club.

Bishop Colenso abandoned his intention of preaching in St. James' Chapel, London, in consequence of an intimation to the incumbent by the Bishop of London that he would issue a formal inhibition if the arrangement were carried out.

On the afternoon of December 12th a special train conveyed the Prince of Wales from Paddington to Windsor, on a visit to the Queen. The Earl and Countess of Dudley were also passengers by it.

The Right Hon. Lord Sondes died on the 17th ult., at Elham Park, East Dereham, Norfolk, of bronchitis. He was born in 1793. He served in the Peninsular war, and was present at the battle of Waterloo. His only son, the Hon. George Watson Miller, M. P., for East Kent, succeeded to the title.

The Prince of Wales was inducted on the 12th inst., at No. 11 Golden Square, London, into what is termed the thirty-third, or highest possible degree in masonary, and was formally installed as patron of those who profess to hold the "ancient and accepted rights" connected with the fraternity of "Knights Templar."

SCOTLAND.

The "Black Prince" is nearly ready for sea again, but she will not return to the Clyde. She is to resume her place in the Channel squadron.

Last year the Tract Society, Paisley, distributed 207,490 tracts. Since the origin of the society 10,210,530 tracts had been given away free of charge to the recipients.

The Brechin Castle wines, the property of the late Earl of Dalhousie, were sold on the 12th inst. Some of the prices obtained were remarkable. The total sum realised was £2000.

About £1700 have been subscribed towards the sum of £2000 requisite for the erection of the contemplated memorial of Livingstone.

The strike in the Clyde shipbuilding trade has terminated, so far as the shipwrights are concerned, the men having offered to resume work on the ½d per hour reduction, and the masters having agreed to this compromise.

The Royal Scottish Society of Arts met on the 14th inst., in the hall of the society, George Street, Mr John Lessels in the chair. Mr. Alexander Hunter, M.D., late superintendent of the Industrial Schol, Madras, delivered an address on modeling in clay, and compared the methods pursued in India with those followed in Great Britain and other countries.

The number of deaths registered in the eight principal towns in Scotland during last month was the largest recorded in any November since the Registration Act came in force. One of the causes of the unusually high rate of mortality was the prevalence of the epidemic of scarlatina.

Mr. W. U. Arbuthnot, for many years a member of Her Majesty's Council for India, died on the 11th inst., at his residence in Eaton Place, London. He was the fifth son of Sir William Arbuthnot, formerly Lord Provost of this city, by Ann, daughter of Mr. John Alves, of Shipland, Inverness-shire, and was born in 1807, and married, in 1834, Eliza, daughter of General Sir Henry G. A. Taylor, K. C. B.

IRELAND.

A steam collier, the "Black Diamond," caught fire in Belfast harbour and had to be scuttled.

The magistrates of King's County, at the request of the Lord Lieutenant, resolved that it was not desirable to repeal the Peace Preservation Act.

At a late meeting of the Cork Farmers' Club it was announced that Mr. M'Carthy Downing, M. P., had promised to give his tenants fixity of tenure.

A man named Kearns, residing near Dunkerrin, King's County, has been arrested on suspicion of having murdered his wife, whose remains have been discovered in a drain.

Father O'Keefe has brought an action in the Dublin Court of Queen's Bench, against Mr. Patrick J. Coady, J. P., who charged Father O'Keefe with having forged his name. Damages are laid at £4,000.

Dr. Ball has been sworn in Lord Chancellor of Ireland. Mr. Ormsby, Q. C., has become Attorney-General, and Mr. Plunket, Q. C., M. P., Solicitor-General. Mr. May will retain his present position of law adviser.

A committee of the citizens of Dublin lately waited on the Lord Lieutenant, and urged the necessity for Government interference in regard to the cleansing of the River Liffey. His Grace promised to consider the matter carefully, and said there would probably be a private bill introduced next session.

An influential deputation, headed by the Archbishop of Dublin, the Provost of Trinity College, and Sir Arthur Guinness, Bart., M.P., have waited on the Lord-Lieutenant for the purpose of urging the Government to assist the institutions established in Dublin, Belfast, and Cork to promote the higher education of women. His Grace, in reply, said the mere compliance with their wishes for a grant would not altogether meet the question, as it was a very large and comprehensive one. The same want was felt very largely in England, and he suggested that they should utilize the teaching and examining powers over which they had control in the direction in which they aimed. He promised at the same time that the Government would carefully consider the subject.

FOREIGN.

A Consular treaty has been concluded between Russia and German, analogous to that existing between Russia and France.

The celebrated Biblical critic and Professor of Theology at the University of Leipzig, Herr von Tischendorf, died there on the 1st of December.

The Finance Department of Japan has been making out a bill of costs for the Formosa war affair. It appears that $10,000,000 had been expended.

Since the famine set in in Asia Minor 50,000 persons have migrated from various parts of the country to the city of Adana, half of whom have since succumbed to disease.

The progress of Germany in Japan may be inferred from the fact that a grant of 173,250 marks has just been made by the Imperial Treasury for the erection of a seamen's hospital at Yokohama.

The question of opening museums and athenæums on Sundays is being largely debated in Victoria. Public feeling is in favor of it, but the Government decline to give legislative sanction to it.

A report is current at Berlin that Prince William of Wurtemburg, heir presumptive to the throne of that State, is betrothed to one of Prince Frederick Charles' daughters. He is Major of Hussars in the Prussian Guards.

The death is announced of the Duc de la Rochefoucauld, head of the Rochefoucauld family, and a kinsman of the late French Ambassador at London. He was 80 years of age, and since 1830 had taken no part in public affairs.

The German Government has just adopted a new kind of prismatic powder for its heavy guns, which is far superior to that used in England and Russia. The new powder consists of hexagonal prisms like the old, but the prisms are pierced with one hole only, instead of seven, and the specific gravity of the powder is raised from 1·65 to 1·68.

A good deal of laughter was occasioned in the French Chamber the other day, when Dr. Testelin, in demanding a School of Medicine for Lille, in addition to those proposed for Lyons, etc., declared that the number of doctors had decreased in the town he represents, while the population had increased. The doctor appeared astonished at the amusement caused by his peculiar argument.

Lady doctors are meeting with success in Switzerland. Miss Maria Vogtlin, M.D., who graduated last spring in Zurich after a brilliantly sustained examination, has settled there as a practitioner in diseases of women and children, and has already obtained an extensive *clientele*. She is now the wife of Dr. Heim, one of the professors in the faculty of medicine at Zurich.

Attention has been called in the Victorian Parliament to the falling off in the yield of gold in the colony, and a motion was introduced offering £50,000 per annum for very extensive prospecting. The Government acquiesced in the idea, but only consented to expend £10,000 on the work, which was agreed to. It is expected that the result of this action will be to stimulate fresh discoveries.

Signor Bonghy, the Italian minister of Public Instruction, has succeeded in obtaining from Government a sum to be granted every year to her universities for the purchase of books. These seats of learning are to be subsidies in the following proportion:—Naples, 14,910 francs per annum; Turin, 11,530 francs; Pavia 7,350 francs; Padua, 5,560 francs; Rome, 4,460 francs; and the inferior ones in their order. The nonacademic libraries throughout the kingdom are also to receive a State grant.

AMERICAN.

The number of immigrants who arrived at New York last year was 146,337. In 1873 the number was 266,818.

It is probable that Prof. D. C. Gilman, President of the University of California, will accept the Presidency of the John Hopkins University of Baltimore.

The Seamen's Friend Society of New York is about to petition Congress for an appropriation for erecting a marine hospital during the coming year.

Governor Tilden was inaugurated as Governor of the State of New York at Albany on the 1st instant. Mayor Wickham was introduced as Mayor of the city of New York on the same day.

A few days ago, as the Rev. Dr. Ormiston of this city, was stepping on to a street car, the the tendon of one of his legs broke midway between the knee and the ankle. This extremely painful and annoying accident has evoked a wide sympathy for the Doctor. For many weeks the injury will prevent him from moving actively about. Under the most favourable circumstances the complete restoration of the limb, by the reunion of the tendon, is a most painful process. But Dr. Ormiston does not permit himself to lay aside even temporarily his more important duties. With his leg tightly encased he moves about on crutches, and he will preach occasionally in his church with all of his usual fervor and effect.

The banks of Canada are obtaining a foothold and prominence in this city amply deserved by their prudence, liberality, enterprise and trustworthiness. The Bank of British North America, the Montreal Bank, the Canadian Bank of Commerce and the Merchants Bank of Canada, are now all represented worthily in the commercial metropolis of the United States. With the exception of large private banking houses, such as that of Brown Brothers; Morton, Bliss & Co.; August Belmont & Co.; Duncan, Sherman & Co.: Drexel Morgan & Co., the great bulk of the sale of foreign exchange is conducted by the Canadian banks mentioned, and they are rated as drawers of bills of exchange as "first-class"—a particularly exclusive and honourable distinction. For the last ten years the success of three banks in general business has been extraordinary, and in the highest degree creditable, and there is nothing to prevent them, both in Canada and the United States, making even greater progress in the next decade.

A branch of the ably-directed Merchants' Bank of Canada has now been opened in New York, at No. 62 Wall Street, under the joint agency of Messrs. Walter Watson and W. J. Ingram. The bank has a gold capital of $9,000,000, of which $7,340,000 have been paid up. For some time sterling bills have been sold by the Merchants' Bank in New York, through the firm of Wotherspoon & Co., and a good rate of exchange had been established. It is not often that a new bank is organized in so favourable circumstances. The bank itself has been regarded as most reliable, and under control of the most skilful and thorough character. In New York its enterprise will be an undoubted success. Those entrusted with the direction of the local branch are gentlemen well-known to the business community to be thoroughly versed in all that pertains to banking, from its broadest principles to its minutest details. The prospects of the house here, with the facilities possessed for doing business abroad, are most encouraging, and a cordial welcome will undoubtedly be accorded to it by the mercantile and general public.

In his late annual report Mr. E. M. Archibald, British Consul-General in this country, there is a useful statement given of the value in the money of the United States, in pure metal, of the standard coins of the various nations of the world, as estimated by the director of the United States mint: The pound sterling of the United Kingdom is of the value of 4 dols. 86.65 cents. The mark of the German Empire, 23.81 cents. The franc of France, Belgium, Switzerland, the drachm of Greece, the lira of Italy, and the peseta (of 100 centimes) of Spain, 19.30 cents. The Austrian florin, 47.60 cents; the Russian rouble (of 100 copecs) 77.17 cents; the crown of Denmark, Sweden, Norway, 26.80 cents; the Netherlands florin, 40.30 cents; the Portuguese milreis (of 1,000 reis), 1 dol. 8.47 cents; the Turkish piastrie, 4.39 cents; the Egyptian dollar [of 20 piastries] 1 dol. 0.39 cents; the rupee [of 16 annas] of India, 45.84 cents; the dollar of Central America, 96.50 cents; the Brazilian milreis, 54.56 cents; the silver taol of China, 1 dol. 61 cents; the gold yen of Japan, 99.70 cents.

Gift Enterprises.

ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift	$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift	100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	75,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
5 Cash Gifts $20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts 14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts 10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts 5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts 4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts 3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts 2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts 1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts 500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts 100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts 50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
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To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

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Two Prizes, $500 } Each in Cash
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1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.
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1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c
Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,000
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

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Dec. 28, 1874 2654 daw

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

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DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature (passed March 8th, 1873).

50,000 TICKETS—6000 CASH GIFTS,

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of	$ 50,000
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One Grand Cash Gift of	[illegible],000
One Grand Cash Gift of	5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	15,000
28 Cash Gifts of 500 each	14,000
43 Cash Gifts of $250 each	10,750
79 Cash Gifts of $150 each	11,850
250 Cash Gifts of $100 each	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of $50 each	28,900
5,000 Cash Gifts of $10 each	50,000
6,000 Cash Gifts, aggregating	$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets, $5; Quarter ticket, $2 50; Eleven tickets, $100.

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Nov. 25, 1874 2702daw

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Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

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To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

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A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

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December 23, 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents,

—AT—

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GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.

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The Proprietor respectfully informs his numerous patrons that his

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Ladies' Entrance—The door nearest O'Connor-St.

His stock of REAL HAIR cannot be surpassed either in quantity or quality. In price he guarantees 25 per cent. less than any house in the Dominion.

For the Gents' Room he has every comfort possible to obtain for money. With five efficient workmen gentlemen will not have to waste their time in waiting at this establishment.

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For Combings, he begs to say that although his price may seem a little higher in quotation than some others, when ladies take into consideration what they receive for their money, it will be found cheaper to buy their work at this establishment.

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Perfumes, Cosmetiques, Combs, Brushes, and all Toilet Goods in endless variety.

Oct. 28, 1874. T. E. MOORE, 2367

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GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

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HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

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3 lbs. Raisins	38cts.	3 lbs. Raisins	30cts
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Figs in layers	50cts.	Figs in layers	35cts
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Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual price

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

Dec. 24 1874. THOS. PATTERSON.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 8 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

Aug. 1, 1874 P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT DR. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, F.R.S.E., M.R.I.A., F.G.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success.

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN:

Dec. 5, 1874 3711ml

Ladies' Ware,

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYANS

234 Wellington-St

Dec. 5, 1874.

Dry Goods.

LONDON HOUSE

LONDON HOUSE.

CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES!

The balance of our Fancy Goods will be Cleared Off

AT A GREAT REDUCTION, in order to make room for SPRING GOODS.

White Fur Jackets at Very Low Prices!

Grebe and other Sets of Fur at Holiday Prices.

Evening Silks and Gloves to match, at very low prices. Evening Dresses made to order in the latest styles, with neatness and despatch.

HANEY & FORGIE.

(254 & 256 WELLINGTON-ST., OPPOSITE E. McGILLIVRAY'S, OTTAWA.

Dec. 22, 1874.

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec 21, 1874

Tailoring.

TAILORING TAILORING.

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7.50 upward.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot, Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, &c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1860, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings

AGENCY OF

Fair Haven Marbleised Slate Works,

OHIO SANDSTONE

Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES, from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projecting either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVAL.—The steamship "Hibernian" arrived at Portland from Liverpool last night at 8 o'clock.

REFORM ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of this Association takes place this evening in the Reform rooms. None but members will be admitted. Those proposed will be admitted after ballot if elected.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—An adjourned meeting of the Board of Public School Trustees will be held at the City Hall, this (Saturday) evening at 7 o'clock, sharp, to wind up the proceedings of last year.

CITY COUNCIL.—The City Fathers will meet for the last time under the old dispensation on Monday night. A good deal of business has accumulated that will require the attention of our Civic Solons.

WEEK OF PRAYER.—The last of the meetings under the auspices of the Ottawa Evangelical Alliance took place last night in Knox Church, City Hall Square. Addresses were delivered by the Revs. Wm. Hall, R. M. Pope, Wm. Moore, A. A. Cameron. These meetings have been well attended during the week.

POLITICAL MEETING.—It is rumored that a caucus of prominent men will be held in the City Hall to-day at 1 o'clock, to be composed of six representatives from each ward. The intention is said to be the nomination of a candidate for the Local Legislature independent of either the Reform or Liberal Conservative Associations.

CONCERT.—The pupils of the Aylmer Convent gave a very successful entertainment in the commodious hall of that institution Thursday evening. His Lordship Bishop Duhamel was present, and expressed himself highly pleased at the admirable manner in which the programme was carried out.

METCALF HIGH SCHOOL.—Out of eight candidates that were admitted to the Metcalfe High School but one has been rejected by the Central Board of Examiners in Toronto. The examiners at the entrance examination were the Rev. John May; County Inspector; J. Reid Ross, Principal, and John Kennedy, Chairman of the High School Board.

NEW CARS.—The Street Railway Co. are at last disposed to evince some enterprise in the matter of street car accommodation. An order for the manufacture of five new and handsome coaches for next season has been given to Messrs. Speight & Sons, of Markham village, in rear of Toronto. This will be a decided acquisition to the city, and will confer a great boon on the travelling community.

THE METROPOLITAN BUILDING AND SAVINGS' SOCIETY last evening held a meeting of directors, preparatory to the annual meeting two weeks hence. At the annual meeting a dividend of 5 per cent. will be declared, and $5,000 will be carried to the rest account. The Society has a capital of $300,000, of which there is paid up over $220,000.

OTTAWA TRADES' COUNCIL.—At the regular monthly meeting of the above Association, held last evening, the following resolution was put and carried unanimously:—Moved by John Dodd, seconded by John Cap, "That the previous nomination of Mr. D. J. O'Donoghue as the representative of the city of Ottawa in the Local Legislature is hereby heartily endorsed by this Council, who call upon all friends to assist in his re-election."

THE LOTTERY MAN.—Mr. T. E. Moore, the somewhat celebrated lottery man, who has been playing hide and go seek for some days with the authorities, was arrested yesterday afternoon by the Deputy Sheriff. He will be tried before the Police Magistrate this morning for not handing over all his estate to the Official Assignee. The creditors claim that the defaulting hair dresser has a large amount of money in his possession.

ANNIE DE MONTFORD.—Mr. Chas. H. Keeshin, business agent for Miss Annie De Montford, arrived in the city yesterday, and is making every preparation for the appearance in this city of this celebrated English mesmerist. She commences on Thursday evening, the 14th inst., in the Rink Music Hall, and will continue for three nights. The rink will be comfortably arranged for the occasion. The Montreal press speak highly of the performances of this lady.

A LITTLE TO BE THANKFUL FOR.—A few days ago our columns contained a protest on behalf of the people of George street, and it is somewhat satisfactory to have to record the remedy, in a small degree certainly, of some of the grievances complained of. The concession we refer to is the placing of a coal oil lamp on the telegraph post at the Conqueror Fire Station. It is not a great deal, certainly, but it is better than nothing. Is it possible that the recent keen municipal contest in this Ward has had anything to do with this small boon, and that the electors have to thank their *Starrs* for it? If so, let us have some more municipal elections and some more light, by all means.

COUNTY LODGE OF I. O. G. T.—A regular meeting of the above mentioned lodge was held at Carp on Tuesday, the 5th instant. The lodge was opened at two o'clock p.m., and was continued till a late hour last night. There were ten lodges represented. After routine business the election of officers was proceeded with. The following is a list of the office-bearers for the ensuing year:—C. W. C. T., Bro. Isaac B. Chambers, Wellington; C. W. V. T., Sister B. Trimble, Munster; C. W. S., Bro. Jas. Black, Huntley; C. W. T., Sister M. J. Davidson, Nepean; C. W. F. Sec., Bro. Geo. H. Groves, Carp; C. W. Chap., Bro. John Morton, Goulbourne; C. W. I. G., Sister Mary A. Stevenson, Fitzroy; C. W. O. G., Bro. Ben. Borroughs, Huntley; C. W. A. S., Sister Sawyer, Huntley; C. W. Marshal, Bro. Thomas Buchanan, Goulbourne; C. W. R. H. S., Sister Maggie Trimble, Munster; C. W. L. H. S., Sister S. J. Jamieson, Wellington. There was a somewhat prolonged discussion on the Ottawa Temperance Hotel question, but no definite steps were taken.

THE DE MURSKA CONCERT.—As will be seen in another column this city is shortly to be favoured with Mdlle. De Murska and her talented troupe of artists. She appears for the first time before an Ottawa audience on Friday the 15th inst. An exchange in speaking of the performance has the following:—"Last evening the event of the season in the musical line, came off in the De Murska concert at City Hall. There was a very large and fashionable audience present, and the hall presented a brilliant appearance. The concert was a fine one, and was highly appreciated. We have not space to particularize as we would wish, and can only speak of it in a general way. De Murska was of course the chief attraction, and at the close of each selection was greeted with a perfect ovation, being called out again and again. Her voice is a clear and powerful soprano, sweet and pure beyond expression, on the softer notes, but tending to a sort of harshness on the fuller and stronger tones. It is of great flexibility, and her execution is wonderful. She was disposed to be gracious last evening, and responded to each encore. Signor Braga in his performances on the violoncello, created quite a sensation. His selections were all of his own composition, and it may be interesting to add that he is composer of a number of operas. Mons. Sauret is a fine performer on the violin, and was well received last evening. Mme. Carreno Sauret, pianist, is a brilliant performer. Sig. Ferranti was suffering from a severe cold last evening, and his solo parts were omitted. He appeared, however, in a duo with De Murska. The concert was the finest given in this city this season, and reflects much credit upon the Army and Navy course, of which it forms a part.

All Flannels reduced at Bryson's.
3695-1m

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.—The managers of the Protestant Orphans' Home thankfully acknowledge the following generous donations for December:—Mr. A. Christie, one sheep, one cord wood; Hon. Jas. Skead, turnips, carrots, onions, one bag each; Mr. McClymont, new feed; Mr. T. A. Egleson, sixteen scarfs; Mr. G. Ford, one ham; Proderick & Co., sweeties and apples; Mr. R. Blackburn, one goose, rice, sugar, raisins, currants, clothing; Lady Macdonald, thirty pounds of beef; Mrs. Bronson, one turkey; Mr. John Thompson, eight pounds tea; Mrs. E. Hall, candies and cake; Mrs. Rowe, one turkey, cakes; Mrs. J. Hill, one box raisins, one parcel nuts; Mrs. T. Mackay, three large cakes; Mrs. J. Rochester, three turkeys; Mr. Heney, one load wood; Dr. Wood three turkeys; Mrs. Eddy, one turkey, cake, one pair slippers; Mr. Bermingham, one turkey, tea; Mr. Slinn, two loaves, cake; Mrs. Noel, five geese; Mr. J. Skead, sweeties; Mrs. Hurley, two turkeys; Mrs. D. Gordon, one cake, sweeties; S. Walson, M. Bradley and M. Buckingham, one basket of "Xmas cheer;" St. George's Society, fifty pounds flour, twelve loaves, beef, half box crackers, coffee, tea, sugar, one goose, eight pairs socks, six pairs mittens, two jackets; "a Friend," cakes and sweeties; Dufresne & McGarity, one barrel of flour; Hon. D. A. Macdonald, one side beef; Mrs. Woods, two hanks yarn; Mr. J. Buchanan, oysters and crackers; His Excellency the Governor General, won at a curling match, one bag flour; Mr. Whitcher, one big trout; Bate & Co., one barrel flour, one chest tea, one box raisins, twenty-five pounds currants, two hams, one brl. beef, one bag salt, two pounds pepper, two hams; Mrs. Weldon Champness, two geese; "a Friend," twenty-five cents for children; Mr. Johnston, pocket handkerchiefs; Miss Durham, one turkey; Mr. J. M. Ross, two geese; Mrs. Derbyshire, books; Mr. J. Lang, Sr., one pair blankets, $1 for children; Mr. Storey, one cord wood; Mr. Jas. Thompson, three pounds tea; Mrs. W. Hutchison, clothing; Mr. Germain, woollen scarf; Mr. Chenet, two pieces print; Mr. Buckingham, clothing; Mrs. McAmmond, $1 for sweeties; bread, cakes, &c., from Wesleyan church, Bank street church, and Miss Harmon's bazaar; meat from Mr. Richardson, Mr. Robert, Mr. Satchell. Subscriptions and donations in money will be acknowledged in the annual report.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

UNION HOUSE.—J. W. King, Toronto; Chitty, D. Evans, Gatineau Mills; E. A. Wilm, Papineauville; A. Rajotte, G. C. Bolton, Aylmer; Hope, Russell; A. Chapman, Renfrew; A. McIlar, city; J. Humphries and wife, Carp; D. Boy, Kemptville; E. W. Hendershot, Montreal; Geo. Chaffey, Kingston; J. Snedder, Almonte.

DANIEL'S HOTEL.—E. A. Blachfore, Montreal; W. Robertson, Montreal; Thomas Lambert, Aylmer; G. Keating, Kemptville; W. R. Conroy, Aylmer; A. R. Egan, Aylmer; James Quinn, Prescott; James Kennedy, Owen Sound; D. H. Basted, Toronto; Dr. Valentin, Rouen, France; Dr. Pototoski, Oddessa; H. Stanbury, Toronto.

POLICE COURT.

Before M. O'Gara, P.M.

FRIDAY, Jan. 8.

John Fenton was arraigned on a charge of assault. He was fined $3 and costs.

Joseph Boileau was charged with the larceny of a pair of gloves from one Jonah Dunning. He was remanded till this morning.

Wm. Foley was up on remand for beating his wife. He produced a signed temperance pledge, which had the effect of procuring his discharge.

Commercial.

GOLD IN NEW YORK - - - - 112[illegible]

London Markets.

LONDON, 2.00 p.m., Jan. 8.

Rate for money at Exchange on Government securities at 4 per cent. Consols—Money, 92¼ to 92⅜; Account, 92¼ to 92⅜; Erie, 75¼ to 75¾.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, 12.30 p. m., Jan. 8.

Cotton quiet; Erie, 7⅞; Orleans, 7⅞. Sales, 15,000 bales, of which 3,000 were for speculation and export. Sales, 118,000, of which 9,500 were for export, and 15,000 for speculation; stock, 769,000, of which 370,000 are American. Receipts for the week, 184,000, of which 147,000 were American. Stock afloat, 370,000, of which 251,000 are American.

Receipts of wheat for the past three days, 19,000 quarters; American, 18,000.

Montreal Markets.

MONTREAL, Jan. 8th.

Wheat: Market quiet. No transactions.

Oatmeal—Per barrel of 200 lbs: Quiet, at $5.20 to $5.30.

Corn: Quiet, at 82½c per 56 lbs.

Oats: Quiet, at 42c for new.

Peas: Market quiet and easier. Quotations are 95c to $1.00 per 66 lbs.

Barley: Steady, at 95c to $1.00 per bush of 48 lbs.

Cheese: Quiet, at 13¾c to 14c for good to choice lots.

Butter: Market quiet; rates are 22c to 27c, according to quality, for tubs and firkins. Roll is dull and nominal, at 22c to 23c.

Pork: Quiet, at $23.00 to 23.50 for Inspected New Mess, and $21.00 for Thin Mess.

Lard, per lb: Quiet, at 14½c to 15c pails.

Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs: Market quiet and weak, at $8.25 to 8.50.

Ashes, per 100 lbs: Pots firmer. Firsts, $5.90 to 5.95. Pearls quiet; Firsts at $6.75.

Gloucester Fish Market.

For the week ending Wednesday, Jan. 6

George's Codfish: In active demand, with large sales the past two weeks. Last sales at $5¾ per qtl, but stock cannot now be bought below $6.

Bank Codfish: We notice considerable sales at $5¼ to $5½ per qtl, with market firm at latter quotation.

Mackerel: Sales of Bay's to same extent at $9 and 7 per brl for 1's and 2's; stores held at $12 and 8 per brl, but buyers hold aloof at these prices.

Oil: We quote at 48c per gal.

Smoked Halibut: We quote at 11c per lb.

Prepared Codfish: Prices fluctuating and quotations unreliable.

Herring: We quote at $4 and 2 per brl for round shore and Labrador.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.

Cotton, dull, and declining 15⅝ middling uplands.

Flour: dull, and strongly in buyers favour, receipts 11,000 sales 8,000, quotations unchanged.

Rye flour: quiet and steady at $4.10 to 5.25.

Wheat: dull, strongly in buyers favour, receipts 8000; sales, at $1.13.

THE LUMBER TRADE.

(From the Lumberman's Gazette.)

Reports of the markets at this season necessarily consist almost entirely of prognostications as to the spring opening of business. The reports which toward the close of the year come from the producing districts and various markets are interesting, as they afford data for calculations for the coming season, and this sort of information is almost all there is to be had just now. Nothing of interest transpires in the way of sales, all business in this interest, or in others, being either wholly or partially at a standstill while the last years operations are being calculated and entered up on one side of the ledger or the other.

The developments of the last week have not been remarkable. Our correspondent who has been in Canada, and is now in the East, finds at various points on our side of the line an odd 180,000,000 feet of lumber or so to be added to that 720,000,000 which he has already reported as the Canadian product ready to be pushed upon the American markets early in the spring. From other points we have nothing especially new or interesting to note. The logging continues in Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota, but with no improved prospects as to an adequate snow fall for hauling, and to bring up the streams to a practical rafting stage.

On the Saginaw river the lake men are beginning to discuss the question of freight rates, with reference to the opening of navigation. It is of course much too early yet for the settlement of anything in this line, and the talk is interesting only as indicates the present views of shippers and carriers. Last winter several season charters were made on this river at $3.25 and $3 to Buffalo—rates which were at the time considered very low. Nevertheless, the craft with the $3.25 charter figures up a profit of $10,800 for the season—a story that, with lake men, will need nothing in the way of emphasis of the last season's experience. We hear of one offer a few days since, for the season, at $2 to Buffalo, which offer was refused by one of the largest firms on the river.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE,
WEDNESDAY, Jan. 8th.

FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	6 00 to 6 25
Extra	5 75 to 6 00
Superfine, No. 1	5 25 to 5 50
Cornmeal, per brl	4 50 to 4 75
Oatmeal, do	5 00 to 5 50
Bran, per cwt	0 80 to 0 90
GRAIN.	
Spring Wheat, per bushel	$1 00 to 1 10
Fall Wheat	1 10 to 1 25
Oats	0 40 to 0 45
Peas	0 60 to 0 70
Barley	0 80 to 0 90
Rye	0 90 to 1 00
Corn	0 75 to 0 80
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	1 25 to 1 40
DAIRY, VEGATABLES AND FRUITS.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 28 to 0 30
Tub Butter do	0 27 to 0 28
Cheese, do	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 25 to 0 00
Potatoes, per bush	0 50 to 0 60
Carrots, do	0 35 to 0 40
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbages, each	0 10 to 0 15
Onions, per bush	1 40 to 1 50
Beets	0 45 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	3 50 to 3 75
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Ducks, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Turkeys, each	1 00 to 1 15
Geese, each	0 50 to 0 60
Patridges, per pair	0 50 to 0 60
Feathers	0 60 to 0 75
Wool	0 40 to 0 45
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	5 00 to 5 50
Pork, do	9 00 to 9 75
Mutton, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Lamb, do	0 08 to 0 10
Veal, do	0 07 to 0 10
Lard, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tallow, do	0 15 to 0 20
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 20
Bacon, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 35
Venison	0 12 to 0 15
FISH.	
White Fish, do	0 10 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 17 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	6 50 to 7 00
Oysters, per can	0 35 to 0 40
Haddock, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Cod, do	0 07 to 0 08
Trout, do	0 10 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality, per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 75 to 4 25
Hemlock, per cord	2 75 to 3 50
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Egg. do	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Soft, do	9 00 to 9 50
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 6½ to 0 00
Sheepskins, each	0 85 to 0 90
Calfskins, per lb	0 00 to 0 00
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	18 00 to 20 00
Hay, Clover, do	16 00 to 17 00
Straw, do	8 00 to 10 00

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street.
3724tf.

FRESH OYSTERS IN SHELL.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west.
3735-3in

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

H. F. McCarthy, Medical Hall, Wellington street, has just received a large stock of Christmas and New Year's goods, in toilet bottles, dressing cases, hair brushes, combs, Labin's and Atkinson's perfumes cologne, lavender, &c., &c., ten per cent. cheaper than any other house in the city.
3727

For Bunnel's Patent Washier, Shorey & Co.'s Royal Canadian Wringer, Polygonal Turning, Furnaces, Stoves and Stove Pipes, fitted up in a workmanlike manner, go to C. P. Dorion. Also on hand and for sale, very cheap, 7,500 Stoves Pipes of all kinds, at our well known townsman, C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa, Ont.
3791d&w

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters.
3689-tf

NEW YORK BAY OYSTERS IN SHELL.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West.
3703

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's.
3698-6

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures.
3727

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street.
3724tf.

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1.
3732

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here.
3732

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply.
3539-tf.

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel.
3727

(Continued from First Page.)

building lots, he thought the Leduc farm would be worth on the average ten cents per foot. He had bought, since this Tannery transaction, land near the city at 10½ cents. Nearly one-third of the Tanneries property was on a precipice. His own property, purchased from Mr. Hudson, was two weeks ago valued at twelve cents a foot by Mark Trudel, the valuator of the Montarville Building Society. Witness paid sixteen cents for the property from Gareau, his lots being nearer to the Lachine road than the others.

Mr. RITCHIE asked witness how it was he had brought his deeds with him. Mr. Paxton said it was his own idea. No one had spoken to him about doing so, but he thought then might be wanted. He had no idea what an acre of land was worth.

Mr. E. R. GREENE, furrier, considered the Tanneries property was admirably suited for an hospital. Though owning property in the neighbourhood, he would not have objected to see it used for that purpose. It was worth from 16 to 18 cts. Did not think the Tanneries village sufficiently contiguous to the old Government property to render it dangerous to have a small-pox hospital there. Had sold portions of his property on the same plateau at from 34 to 43 cents per foot.

Dr SCOTT knew the Government property at the Tanneries, and believed no property on the island was better suited for the purposes of an hospital. There could be no comparison between it and the Leduc farm.

Dr. REDDY corroborated the evidence of Dr. Scott, adding that the Leduc farm was not so isolated and not so salubriously selected as that on the Government property of the Tanneries.

EUSTACHE PRUDHOMME, notary, valued the Leduc farm at $1,200 an arpent. He did not know the Tanneries property. The Committee then adjourned.

THE ABORTION CASE.

(From the Brockville Recorder.)

Yesterday the prisioners were brought before the Police Magistrate, in the Grand Jury Room, to be examined on the charge of murder.

THEIR APPEARANCE.

Greaves is a man about forty years of age, though looking much younger, heavy in build with short thick neck, black coarse hair, heavy moustache, the remainder of his face being clean shaven, complexion inclined to the florid cast, his demeanor is calm and quiet. Evidently he is a person of great self-possession and more than the average amount of assurance. During the examination a peculiar smile at times lit up his countenance, and at no time did any signs of fear or nervousness make their appearance. Dr. Eric B. Sparham is in almost every particular the reverse of Greaves. The Dr. is in appearance 45 or fifty years of age, of medium height, slight build, and of a peculiarly nervous temperament, hair black, and beard of the same colour, slightly tinged with grey, somewhat sallow, eyelids thick and somewhat puffed, hands lean and bony. His appearance during the examination was that of a man labouring under great mental excitement, which he was vainly endeavouring to conceal. He occupied the time by taking notes of the evidence which was adduced, but when the deposition of the deceased was read in a deep, bass voice by Mr. A. E. Richards, he convulsively clutched the pencil he held in his hand, and sat half crouched over the table till it was concluded. He involuntarily started at each opening and closing of the door, and throughout the entire examination evinced the deepest interest in the proceedings, on several occasions calling the attention of his Council to to points in the evidence.

THE TRIAL

began with the examination of Dr. Moore, who testified that in his opinion the deceased had died from inflamation of the contents of the abdomen. Was present when the deceased made a deposition to J. K. Read, Warden, and A. E. Richards, barrister, which was taken down by A. E. Richards. The deceased was in full possession of her senses at the time. The statement was voluntarily. I believed at that time she would die, and that in fact she was rapidly sinking. I believe that she thought she was dying, and had no hopes of recovery at the time of making the statement.

Dr. Morden was then examined and gave a detailed account of the *post mortem* examination. In answer to a question from the Council for the Crown, the doctor said: "On the base or fundus of the womb there was an ulcer of about half an inch in diameter." "How would you think it was caused?" "Taking into consideration the condition of the body, it must have been produced by the introduction of some hard substance. Force must have been used to impel any hard substance through the wall of the womb." "What was the cause of death?" "My opinion is the deceased died from pyaemia or blood poisoning." "What was the cause of pyaemia?" "It was caused by the condition of the womb. I do not think that was very strong evidence that the deceased had been pregnant."

Dr. Brouse examined. "Had, in conjunction with Dr. Morden, performed the *post mortem* examination; had heard Dr. Morden's evidence, and coincided with his views in reference to the case."

Dr. Vaux had visited the house of the deceased at the request of Dr. Moore; was shown membraneous shreds which, I was of opinion, formed a portion of the placenta. Dr. Moore informed me how he treated the deceased. I approved his plan of treatment.

A. E. Richards then read the deposition of the deceased, which concluded the evidence. The prisoners were then committed to stand their trials at the next assizes, upon the charge of murder.

Carpets.

OTTAWA
CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.
SHOOLBRED & CO.

Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from

Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,

[late Jacques & Hay,] Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.

A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.

SHOOLBRED & CO.
49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

ASHFIELD'S EMPORIUM.

Flint Glassware, in plain and fancy, a speciality during the holidays. Those beautiful goods are more durable than CUT, and much cheaper. Now in stock. Fruit and Cake Dishes, all sizes; covered Bowls, Preserve Dishes, all sizes; Water Jugs, Wine Glasses of all kinds; Decanters, Goblets, from 90c to $5 per dozen; Glass Rails, 6 pieces, from 75c; Candle-sticks Ba Tumblers, Decanters, Bottles, at special prices in fact nearly everything required in this line.

Lamps of all kinds, sizes, and prices. Chandeliers, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Crystal Light Burners and goods. A very large stock now on hand. China, Crockery and Earthenware—White Granite Tea Setts, 44 pieces, $3 50; White Granite Chamber Setts $1.50. Bed Pans, Sick Feeders, Toast Racks, Churns, and a general variety in this line.

Kerosene Oil from the United States. The best in the market at market prices. All goods sold both wholesale and retail. A call is solicited. **Happy New Year to All.** Vases and Figures awfully cheap now.

JAMES ASHFIELD,
Duke Street, Chaudiere.

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land

Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice as the owner is in want of money.

For particulars apply to
JOHN W. MAGUIRE,
28, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester
Or, Ottawa P. O.;
Sept. 2, 1874. 2661.

Amusements.

DE MURSKA.

MR. D. DeVIVO has the honor to announce that

MLLE. ILMA DE MURSKA,

The famous Hungarian Nightingale, from Her Majesty's Covent Garden and Drury Lane Theatres, London, will give

Only One Grand Concert,

Under the distinguished Patronage of the Governor General and the Countess of Dufferin,

AT GOWAN'S HALL,

Friday Evening, Jan. 15th, at 8,

On which occasion the following celebrated Musical Artists will appear:

Mlle. Ilma DeMurska.
Mdme. Carreno Sauret, the Brilliant Pianist,
Sig. Ferranti, Prince of Buffos.
Mons. Sauret, the celebrated Violinist.
Sig. Gietanno Braga, King Violoncellist,
Mr. Jas. H. Dank, Accompanist.

Prices as follows: Reserved Seats, $1 50; General Admission, $1. For sale at Nordheimer's Piano Rooms, on and after Wednesday, Jan. 13th.

Knabe Grand Piano used at this Concert.

Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-6

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING
Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

W. YOUNG.

June 29, 1874.

N. MARKS,

Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,

36—SPARKS STREET—36

Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine

JEWELLERY,

Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.

A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.

Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and RailwayCompanies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical,	Church, Turret,
Horizontal, Duplex,	Carriage, Chime,
Chronometer, Chronograph,	Dining and Drawing-room,
Keyless, CentreSeconds	Hall, Shop,
Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, in exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2487-1wly

Mails.

POSTOFFICE OTTAWA,
Arrival and Departure of Trains.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc. by Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont. and Detroit, Mich.; British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and Sanfrancisco. Rate of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdenburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York, through mail	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original, Grenville etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 10:10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packages the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12:05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland and Newfoundland can be obtained at this Office

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
Nov. 16 1874.

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

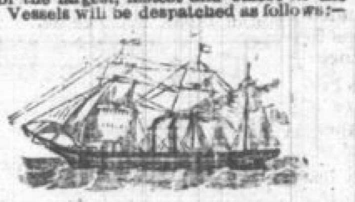
J. W. MINTHORN
Box "U" ORILLIA, Ont.

Oct 1. 3lm2

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



FROM PORTLAND.

POLYNESIAN	2nd Jan.
SCANDINAVIAN	9th "
HIBERNIAN	16th "
MORAVIAN	23rd "
PERUVIAN	30th "
SARMATIAN	6th Feb.
POLYNESIAN	13th "

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN....$70 to $80 | STEERAGE........$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE

Glasgow Line

are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN	$60.
INTERMEDIATE	40.
STEERAGE	25.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa July 22 1873.

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:

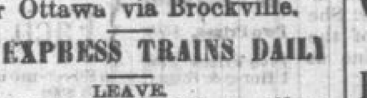
Cabin $55 to $80 gold, according to accomodations.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

GOULTHRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

Railways.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.30 a.m.	4.15 p.m
Ottawa	10.40 a.m.	5.00 p.m
Renfrew	9.40 a.m.	4.15 p.m

ARRIVE.

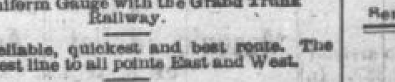
Ottawa	1.20 p.m.	7.40 p.m
Renfrew	2.10 p.m.	8.35 p.m
Brockville	2.10 p.m.	8.35 p.m.

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.

74.



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.
And acceleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction.	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.35 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.05 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.25 P.M.
8 Express	10 45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & WatertownRailway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

Dec 15, 1874.

Hotels.

THE CLARENDON HOUSE,
OTTAWA,
WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the

Corner of Sussex and George Streets,

within three to five minutes' walk of Offices and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 1[illegible]th January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,

One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms

are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms

are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms

are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms

are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my table will be one of the best in Canada.

N. B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.

Dec. 28th, 1874. 3729

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD
USE THE
Diamond Yeast Cakes

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH,

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds,
Geese from 8 to 16 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 22, 1874. 3726-tf

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 3676-y

WHOLESALE
Ready-Made
CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTERS

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE,

Sept. 24, 1874. 3686

Hardware, &c.

THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

For sale by all Oilmen.

Dec. 4, 1874 3710-y

HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.

No.24 No.24

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware

In the city is to be found at

THOS, BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

H. MEADOW'S & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L. Crannell, Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
25 Sussex-St.

Oct. 2, 1874. 3337

OTTAWA
Mills' Supply Agency
OTTAWA, ONT.,
No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO., Managers'

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.

Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00, and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists.

Insurance.

THE HAND IN HAND
Insurance Co.

Still continue to take Risks at

20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates

R. C. W. MacCUAIG,
Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity.

Jan. 9, 1875. 3737-3m

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

Authorized Capital	$5.000.000
Subscribed to Date	$2.000.000

LOCAL DIRECTORS:

RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.

All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.

The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.

O'CONNOR & WALLER.

Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-3m

ROYAL CANADIAN
INSURANCE CO.
FIRE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS

Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.

ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,
AGENT,
36 SPARKS STREET, - - OTTAWA

Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"

CONTINUES TO TAKE

FIRE RISKS

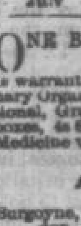
On every description of insurable property,

AT REDUCED RATES.

T. M. CLARK, AGENT,
Corner Sparks and Elgin St.

Dec. 18, 1874. 3721-12m

Remedies.



THE FOLLOWING IS AN

Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

July 1874.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Shapter & Gwen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown & Co.

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for Indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules, and as Wine in ½, 1 and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, Morson & Son have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., ½ oz., and 1 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,

Medallists, and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

81, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

USE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES, Selected, and Shipping orders executed and despatched.

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Rose, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

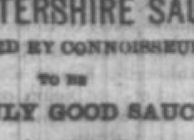
Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.



LEA & PERRINS'

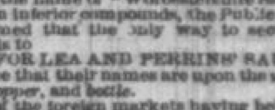
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c., and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietors, at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3739. OTTAWA, MONDAY, JANUARY 11, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

TEACHER WANTED for School Section ... 6 Town ... Cumberland [male or female] holding second or third class certificate. Apply to John McArthur, Secretary Treasurer, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c.
Jan. 6, 1874. 3735-d3wtf

WANTED.
A teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to K. KIRWAN, South March P. O.

HELP WANTED.
... men and women wanted to sell a complete story of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated, together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO.,
Publishers, London, Ont.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women
—A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY
from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and a three ...
J. LATHAM & Co.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. y365daw.

WORK FOR ALL
At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED.
Men or women. $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8th st., New York.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $80 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad day or evening; no capital required; thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples [that retail for $5] mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & Co. Augusta, Me.

Bank Notices.

BANK OF OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a call of 10 per cent. on the subscribed Capital Stock of the Bank of Ottawa will be due and payable at the office of the Bank in this city, on the EIGHTH DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT.
P. ROBERTSON,
Cashier.
Ottawa, Jan. 7, 1875. 3737-6

Meetings.

MONTREAL
Telegraph Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Company's Office, in Montreal, on
Thursday, Fourteenth January Next,
At one o'clock, to elect Directors, and generally to transact the business of the Company.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.
For the half year ending 30th November, has been declared upon the capital Stock, and will be payable at the offices of the Company on and after Thursday, 14th January.
The Transfer Books will be closed from 4th January till after the General Meeting.
By order of the Board.
JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.
Dec. 31, 1874. 3735-5

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.
NOTICE.
The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.
WM. PENNOCK,
J. CURIE,
THO. PATTERSON
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

Tenders.

NOTICE
TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to
Thursday, the 14th of January next,
For the construction of a
BRIDGE OVER THE OTTAWA RIVER,
To connect the Calumet Island with the Village of Byron.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Quebec; at the office of Messrs. Cockburn, Wright & Clemow, Ottawa; at the office of the Registrar for the County of Pontiac, at Byron; and at the office of the undersigned.
Tenderers to give the names of two good and sufficient securities willing to become bound for the due execution of the contract.
The Municipal Council of Calumet Island does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
SIMON McNALLY,
Mayor.
Office of the Mn. Council, Calumet Island, December 28th, 1874. 3739

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
PAPER RULER, AND
Account Book Manufacturer.
RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.
Ruling, Perforating, Numbering
—AND—
GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.
All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.
Aug. 12.

The Canadian Washer
A. R. GILES, Manufacturer, Between Boiler and Bolton Streets, Ottawa.
OTTAWA, Nov. 18, 1874.
A. R. GILES,
Sir,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Washing Machines, and have used it in my family for some time, and have found it to be a complete success, on account of its great facility in working and quite its durability; and I think it is an article which is to any family indispensable to any family.
Yours truly,
JOHN MOREAU.

BOARD AND LODGING—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at Mrs. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets.

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
33 Sparks street, Ottawa. 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. Office—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1874. 2436

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

BANK OF OTTAWA.
Office—Victoria Buildings, [opposite Western Block of Parliament Buildings.]
This Bank has now opened for the transaction of a general banking business.
P. ROBERTSON,
Cashier.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875. 3731-6in.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 23, 1874. 3680-6awky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal.
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. Interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. Interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 8, 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
381 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3685 3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY.
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY.
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.
Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C.
McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. | W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3667

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
S. H. WALKER. | R. CASSELS, Jr. | P. PENNOCK
July 21, 1874. 3685

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitors, &c.
Office over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 263 y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
G. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C., MARTIN O'GARA, | HORACE LAPIERRE, EDWARD P. REMON 2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. | F. H. CHRYSLER
June 3, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL
Feb. 5, 1874 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa Canada

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 323-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT.
Notary Public and Advocate.
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 28, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, MONTREAL
Sept. 9, 1873 2362-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1757

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1874. 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2556-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester.
Consultations at all hours. 2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st. 2521y.

The Victoria Stables
Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient livery stables in the city.
Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.
N. B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A speciality made of this feature.
BROWNLEE & CO
2513y

Amusements.

Two Grand Concerts!
Under the Patronage of their Excellencies the Earl and Countess of Dufferin.
GOWAN'S HALL, OTTAWA.
Monday & Tuesday, Jan. 11th & 12th.
First Appearance in Ottawa
OF THE
BOSTON PHILHARMONIC CLUB,
Consisting of the finest combination of Solo Talent in America, being the Leading Solo Artists of the celebrated Thomas Orchestra, of New York.

PROGRAMME—FIRST NIGHT.
1—Rhapsodie Hongroise No. 2...... Liszt. Philharmonic Club.
2—Flute Solo, Fantasie ...... Briccialdi. Mr. Weiner.
3—Horn Solo, Variations on Themes from Beethoven...... Belz. Mr. Belz.
4—Song. Notta e Bella...... Gregliami. Miss Bryant.
5—Violin Solo...... Paganini. Mr. B. Listemann.
6—(a) Adagio from the Quintette in B op. 87.... Mendelssohn
(b) Adante Scherzando from the Quartette in C minor ...... Beethoven.
7—Capriccio for three Violins...... Hermann Messrs. B. Listemann, Gramm and F. Listemann.
8—Song. Oh! Bay of Dublin.... Lady Dufferin. Miss Bryant.
(a) Sounds from the Alps....
9—Cello Solo ...... Hartdegen.
(b) Danse Hollandaise......
Mr. Hartdegen.
10—Trio for Violin, Flute and Horn.... Doppler. Messrs.—B. Listemann, Weiner and Belz.
11—Visions in a Dream, (with Obilg. Zither).... Lumbye.
Philharmonic Club.
12—GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
Seats may be had at Nordheimer's.
Jan 11, 1875. 3739-2

RINK MUSIC HALL,
THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY Evenings, January 14th, 15th and 16th.
THE UNEXPLAINED MYSTERY
of the Nineteenth Century,
Miss Annie de Montford,
The famous English Mesmerist, the great European Sensation, the envy of the Scientists, the Wonder of the Educated, the Incomprehensible Mystery of the Masses. The most Laughable Entertainment in the World.
Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cts.
Reserved Seats can be had at Nordheimer's Music Store, without any extra charge.
CHAS. H. KEESHIN,
Business Agent
Jan 11, 1875. 3739-5

DE MURSKA.

MR. D. DeVIVO has the honor to announce that
MLLE. ILMA DE MURSKA,
The famous Hungarian Nightingale, from Her Majesty's Covent Garden and Drury Lane Theatres, London, will give
Only One Grand Concert,
Under the distinguished Patronage of the Governor General and the Countess of Dufferin,
AT GOWAN'S HALL,
Friday Evening, Jan. 15th, at 8,
On which occasion the following celebrated Musical Artists will appear:
Mlle. Ilma DeMurska.
Mdme. Carreno Sauret, the Brilliant Pianist.
Sig. Ferranti, Prince of Buffos.
Mons. Sauret, the celebrated Violinist.
Sig. Gaetano Braga, King Violoncellist.
Mr. Jas. H. Dank, Accompanist.
Prices as follows: Reserved Seats, $1 50; General Admission, $1. For sale at Nordheimer's Piano Rooms, on and after Wednesday, Jan. 13th.
Knabe Grand Piano used at this Concert.
Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-6

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING
Watchmaker and Jeweller.
Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Geyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years, and will continue the
MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS
in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.
W. YOUNG,
June 20, 1874.

N. MARKS,
Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,
36—SPARKS STREET—36
Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine
JEWELLERY,
Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.
A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.
Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,
Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.
Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.
Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.
West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.
MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.
Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns. Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns. Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.
FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental ateliers of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.
Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of bijouterie, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.
Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.
Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.
Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.
Jan. 17 1874. 2367-1wly

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.
The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.
ALEX. ROBERTSON,
Rideau-St.

DR. POMROY,
CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN
May now be consulted in his
ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE
Hours from 10 a.m until 5 p.m.
Dec. 19 1874. 3711gtw

Auction Sales.

BUFFALO ROBES
AND
BLANKETS
Selling Far Under Cost, by
J. BERMINGHAM.

The subscriber having received last Fall a consignment of 300 Hudson Bay Co.'s Buffalo Robes, has a few left, which he will sell very cheap, to close the consignment.
He has also several large sized Horse Blankets, which will be sold at less than cost.
Private sale every day.
For good and cheap lined and unlined Robes, go to BERMINGHAM'S, opposite the Russell House.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

AUCTION
—OF—
BANKRUPT GOODS!
Consigned to the subscriber, to be sold by Auction and Private Sale, at
50 PER CENT. BELOW COST.
J. BERMINGHAM
Has now on hand a Bankrupt Stock, consisting of
100 White and Gold China Tea Sets,
100 Ladies' Work Boxes—inlaid,
100 Ladies' Writing Desks,
300 very handsome Vases of every design, style and pattern,
100 Toilet Sets,
Cut and Engraved Crystal Water Jugs and Celery Bowls,
50 English Chromos,
Bouquet Holders, Britannia Metal Tea Pots and several Silver Tea Sets.
All selling (private sale) at 50 per cent. under English cost, at BERMINGHAM'S Sale Rooms opposite the Russell House.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Household Furniture by Auction.

THE subscriber is instructed by Mr. Martin Fahey, to sell by Public Auction, on
FRIDAY, THE 15th INST.,
commencing at 11 o'clock at his store, Stockdale's Buildings Rideau-st., all the Household Furniture and effects therein, consisting of Sofas, Lounges, Sideboards Presses, Bureaus, Piano Stool, cane Chairs, common Chairs, round and fall-leaf Tables, Pictures, Wardrobes, Pillows, Blankets, Kitchen Stoves, Hall Coal Stoves, large box Black Giant Stoves, Parlor Stoves Kitchen Chairs and Tables, and various other articles, all without any reserve whatever, as the premises must be surrendered on the 19th inst.
Don't forget the day and place—Stockdale's Buildings, Rideau-st., on Friday, 15th inst., at 11 o'clock.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Jan 11, 1875.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869, AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.
J. BOURGET of Sussex street, in the City of Ottawa, Insolvent.
AUCTION SALE
OF
WINES,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
BRANDIES,
STOCK.
CASKS,
FIRE PROOF SAFE,
SHOP FIXTURES,
AND LEASE OF PREMISES.
The subscriber is instructed by the Assignees Messrs Riddell and Evans of Montreal, to sell by Public Auction at the store of the insolvent, Sussex street in the city of Ottawa on Thursday, the 14th inst., commencing at 11 o'clock, a. m., in lots to suit purchasers the stock of the above insolvent consisting in part of sixteen thousand assorted cigars, several cases champagne, claret, brandy, red pine and green seal, gin, Rhine wine, Scotch whiskey, sherry, and a large assortment of wines in wood and in bottle. Also the shop fixtures, stock, casks, bottling machine and lease of premises, all to be sold without any reserve,
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
January 11th, 1875

Auction Sale
OF VERY VALUABLE
TIMBER LIMITS,
Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.
HECTOR McLEAN
Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, THE 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:
License No. 161, season of 1873-4 comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.
License No. 163, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vielle Branch, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.
These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.
Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.
Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the
UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,
THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,
Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.
Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.
TERMS CASH.
JAMES SNEDDEN,
Ramsay.
Dec. 30th, 1874. 3731-1d

LAND FOR SALE.
1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land
Near the City, for sale.
The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice as the owner is in want of money.
For particulars apply to
JOHN W. MAGUIRE,
2½ Second Con., O.F., Gloucester
Or, Ottawa P. O.
Sept. 2, 1874. 2601.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Formosa Difficulty Again.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—This afternoon the *Globe* has information that further difficulties between the Governments of China and Japan are anticipated, in consequence of the latter having offered an objection against fulfilling the conditions of the Formosa treaty.

Storms.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Advices from Cape Town, 16th Dec., report that a terrific storm and unprecedentedly disastrous floods prevailed throughout the country. Many vessels were wrecked and immense damage done.

Anniversary.

To-day being the second anniversary of the death of Emperor Napoleon, a large number of well known French imperialists congregated at Chiselhurst, the residence of the ex-Empress Eugenie.

Railway Accident.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The *Times* of the 25th December gives an account of the accident on the Great Western Railroad, in which thirty one persons were killed, and upwards of seventy-five wounded. A large number of passengers, most of whom were visiting friends for Christmas, were being conveyed in thirteen carriages with two engines from the Great Western station at Oxford and Birmingham, and the north train which was half an hour late, proceeded safely for about six miles, when a tire of the wheel of the first-class carriage broke and immediately left the metals, and for at least 300 yards plunged along over the sleepers, many of which were cut in two, and rushed over two wooden bridges. The train was travelling at the rate of forty miles an hour, and the impetus given to the carriages, as they left the rails, carried them with terrible force for a long distance, until they were finally dashed to pieces in the meadows below. Three carriages and the luggage van were deposited beyond the canal. One carriage carried away one of the stone abutments of the bridge, and fell in splinters into the water. Fragments of two carriages turned wheels upwards were literary strewn about the embankment, and one carriage was hurled right across the up line, on the bank. The front part of the train continued its course for some distance. In the case of a majority of the victims death was instantaneous.

FRANCE.

Memorial Services.

PARIS, Jan. 9.—The anniversary of the death of the Ex-Emperor Napoleon was duly observed in that city by the Imperialists. Memorial services were celebrated in the church of St. Augustin which was densely crowded. Perfect order prevailed during the day.

French Affairs.

PARIS, Jan. 9.—Duke De Broglie has informed President MacMahon that he will not be able to organize a ministry until the Assembly comes to a decision with regard to the constitutional bills. The President to-day communicated to the Council of Ministers the results of interviews had with various party leaders and requested the present Ministers to remain in office until the Assembly comes to a vote on the constitutional bills and a new Government is formed. All acceded to the request, except McHabaud Latour, Minister of the Interior, who will probably be replaced from the Department of Commerce. It is hoped that the army bill will be disposed of in the Assembly by Wednesday. The Ministers will take no part in the debate.

Royal Invitation.

Isabella Ex-Queen of Spain has received a telegram from a number of Catalonian Corporations inviting her to take up her residence in Barcelona.

SPAIN.

The King Welcomed.

MADRID, Jan. 9.—The Spanish frigate with King Alfonso on board arrived in the harbor of Barcelona this morning. The prefect of the city and a number of deputations representing various organizations went on board and welcomed the King to Spain. The King in reply to these greetings said, "I am happy to re-enter Spain by way of Barcelona. I know the wants of Catalonia. Of all my titles, I am proudest of that of Count of Barcelona. The King landed at 11 a. m., he was received at the pier by the authorities of the city and an immense number of citizens, who were very enthusiastic in their demonstrations of welcome. He went to the cathedral, and afterwards reviewed the troops. He will remain in Barcelona until to-morrow noon, when he will leave for Valencia.

The King on his Way to the Capital.

MADRID, Jan. 9.—King Alfonso has left Barcelona for Valencia, where he is expected on Monday evening; thence he goes direct to Madrid, and will arrive on Tuesday.

The Council of Ministers have tendered to Count Valmaseda the office of Captain-General of Cuba. Valmaseda will not accept the post unless he is granted a reinforcement of 20,000 men, which he deems indispensable for the effectual quelling of the insurrection. Should this be promised him, he will go to Cuba, but before his departure he will propose a plan for the gradual emancipation of the slaves in the island.

UNITED STATES.

Frozen to Death.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—John Hogan, labourer, was found this morning on the West Side frozen to death. The thermometer to-day and last night has ranged from eighteen to twenty-five degrees below zero in and about the city.

Political Caucus.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 9.—The Legislative caucus last evening developed the fact that Ramsay will probably be renominated. Opposition to him is divided between Gov. Davis and ex-Gov. Austin.

The New Orleans Trouble.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The *Herald* correspondent has interviewed members of the cabinet in regard to Secy. Belknap's despatch of approval to Genl. Sheridan. Secy. Fish says he was not consulted, and did not see the two despatches of Belknap to Genl. Sheridan until they were published. Secys. Bristow and Jewell say the same. All in the absence of official reports decline to express positive opinions upon the case.

Important Despatch: History of the Southern Revolution.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The following official despatch was received here late last night, dated New Orleans, January 8th:—

"To Hon. W. W. Belknap,
Secretary of War, Washington.

"I have the honour to submit the following brief report of affairs as they occurred here in the reorganization of the State Legislature of Jan. 4th, 1875:—

"During the few days in which I was in the city prior to the 4th of January, the general topic of conversation was the scenes of bloodshed that were liable to occur on that day, and I repeatedly heard threats of assassinating the Governor, and regrets expressed that he was not killed on the 14th of September last; also threats of assassination of Republican members of the house in order to secure the election of a Democratic speaker. I also know of the kidnapping of Mr. Cousin, one of the members-elect of the Legislature. In order to preserve peace, and make the State House safe for the peaceable assembling of the Legislature. General Emery, upon the requisition of the Governor, stationed troops in the vicinity of the building. Owing to these precautions, the Legislature assembled in the State House without any disturbance of the peace. At twelve o'clock Mr. William Vigars, Clerk of the last House of Representatives, proceeded to call the roll as according to law he was empowered to do. One hundred and two legally returned members answered to their names, seventy-two of whom were republicans and 50 democrats. Mr. Vigars had not finished announcing the result when one of the members Mr. Billian of Louisiana, nominated L. A. Wiltey, Democrat for temporary speaker. Mr. Vigars promptly declared the motion out of order. At that time when some one put the question he made cheers on the Democratic side of the House. Mr. Witley dashed on to the Rostrum, pushed aside Mr. Vigars, seized the Speaker's chair and declared himself speaker. A protest against this arbitrary and unlawful proceeding was promptly made by members of the majority but Mr. Witley paid no attention to these protests and on motion from some one on the Democratic side of the House it was declared that that one Mr. Frezvante was nominated and elected clerk of the House. Trezevante at once sprang forward and occupied the clerk's chair, amidst the wildest confusion over the whole House. Mr. Wiltey then again on another nomination from the Democratic side declared one Mr. Flood elected Sergeant-at-Arms, and ordered a certain number of assistants to be appointed instantly. A large number of men throughout the hall, who had been admitted on various pretexts, turned down the lapels of their coats, upon which were pinned blue ribbon badges, on which were printed the words, "assistant sergeant at-arms," and the Assembly was in possession of the minority, and the White League of Louisiana had made good its threat of seizing the House. Notwithstanding the suddenness of this movement the leading Republican members had not failed to protest against this revolutionary action of the minority, but all to no purpose, and many of the Republicans rose and left the House with the Clerk, who carried the original roll of the House as returned by the Secretary of State. Excitement was now very great, and the Acting Speaker directed the Sergeant-at-Arms to prevent egress or ingress of members or others. Several exciting scuffles, in which knives and pistols were drawn, took place at this juncture. Mr. Dupree, a Democratic member from Orleans Parish, moved that the military power of the General Government be invoked to preserve the peace, and that a committee be appointed to wait on Genl. DeTrobriand, the commanding officer of the United States troops stationed at the State House, and request his assistance in clearing the lobby. The motion was adopted. A committee waited on Gen. De Trobriand and soon returned with that officer, who, as he walked down to the Speaker's desk, was greeted with a burst of applause from the Democratic side of the house. Gen. De Trobriand asked the acting Speaker if it was not possible for him to preserve order without appealing to him? Mr. Wiltey said it was not, whereupon the General proceeded to the lobby, and addressing a few words to the excited crowd, peace was at once restored. Gen. De Trobriand was then thanked for his interference in behalf of law and order, and then withdrew. The Republicans had now generally withdrawn from the hall and united in signing a petition to the Governor stating their grievances and asking his aid, which petition, signed by fifty-two legally returned members of the House, is in my possession. A motion was now made that the House proceed with its permanent organization, and accordingly the roll was called by Mr. Trezevante, the acting clerk, and Mr. Wiltey declared the Speaker and Mr. Trezevante Clerk of the House. Acting on the protest made by this majority of the House, the Governor now requested the commanding general of the department to aid him in restoring order and enable legally returned members of the House to proceed with its organization according to law. This request was reasonable and in accordance with law. Remembering vividly the terrible massacres that took place in the city in 1866 in the Mechanics' Institute, and believing that the lives of the members of the Legisalure were or would be endangered in case an organization under law was attempted. The *posse* was furnished with the request that care should be taken that no member of the Legislature returned by the returning board should be ejected from the floor. The military *posse* performed its duty under directions from the Governor of the State, and removed from the floor of the House those persons who had been illegally seated and who had no legal right to be there, whereupon the Democrats rose and left the House, and the remaining members proceeded to effect an organization under the State laws. In all this turmoil in which bloodshed was imminent the military *posse* behaved with great discretion. When Mr. Wiltey the usurping Speaker of the House called for troops to prevent bloodshed, they were given him, when the Governor of the State called for a *posse* for the same purpose and to enforce the law it was furnished also. Had this not been done it is my firm belief that scenes of bloodshed would have ensued.

(Signed), P. A. SHERIDAN,
Lieut.-General.

Clerical Decision.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Jan. 9.—In the case of Father Stock *vs.* Bishop O'Hara so long in controversy, the Master in Chancery has decided that the action of Bishop O'Hara in removing Father Stock from the Church of the Ascension of this city was in full accord with the recognized law and discipline of the Catholic Church and that this priest is bound to accept and abide by the law of a voluntary acceptation while a member.

Threatening Letters.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—A Washington special says the President has received four letters threatening him with assassination if he does not withdraw the Federal troops from New Orleans. Two of them are from Baltimore.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(*By Telegraph.*)

TORONTO.

The Nominations—Canadian Institute—Fire—The Canadian Monthly—Post Office.

TORONTO, Jan. 9.

The nominations in the city on Monday next will be held at the following places: House of Commons, East Toronto, in an office in the City Hall, Mr. Charles Lindsay, Returning officer; Local Legislature, East Toronto, at the east side of the City Hall, Mr. Andrew Stuttaford, Returning officer; West Toronto, at Grand's Horse Repository, Adelaide street, Mr. Sheriff Jarvis, Returning officer.

This evening Dr. Scanding gave the third instalment of his Review of Historical Autographs; the preceding parts of which contained matter of considerable interest. To-night the Doctor treated of the autographs of Oxford and Cambridge celebrities.

About two o'clock this morning an alarm of fire was sounded from box 47, corner Gerrard and Church streets. On the engines proceeding thither it was found that some sparks from the chimney had ignited the fireboard in the house of Mr. J. Lugadin, 279 Church street, filling the house with smoke. It was speedily extinguished without need of the engines.

The *Canadian Monthly*, which has not made its appearance this month, is about to be transferred to a joint stock company, which is now being organized.

An arrangement has been made by which the delivery of drop letters is expedited. A receiver has been placed at the north end of the post office, between the ladies' wicket and the general delivery, for the reception of letters posted for parties residing in the city, and all such letters placed in this receiver will be ready for delivery in a very short time after being posted.

The Religious Controversy.

TORONTO, Dec. 10.

The religious controversy still goes on. This evening Archbishop Lynch took for the subject of his weekly lecture: "The Reformation and the Reformers." The Rev. J. Greenfield, of the Church of England, formerly chaplain to the Thirteenth Regiment, preached at Christ Church, Reformed Episcopal, on a kindred topic.

Mr. Mowat at Perth.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.

Mr. Doran's Election Made Sure.

PERTH, Jan. 9.

As had been announced through the press and by posters, the Hon. Oliver Mowat delivered an address to the electors of South Lanark, in the Town Hall here, last night.

On the arrival of the hon. gentleman at the depot, by the six o'clock train, he was received by a very large concourse of electors from all parts of the Riding, and escorted to the residence of Mr. James Bell, Registrar, with whom he was a guest, by a grand torch light procession, the brass band heading the concourse, in its line of march through the principal streets. The wildest enthusiasm prevailed among the assemblage.

About half-past seven o'clock, the meeting was organized by Mr. Wm. Doran, President of the South Lanark Reform Association, taking the chair. The hall was densely packed by a respectable and intelligent audience, numbering perhaps 1,000 persons in all, among whom was most of the clergymen of the town and many ladies.

The Hon. Mr. MOWAT, on the call of the Chairman, rose and commenced his address. He alluded in the first place to the struggle for reform and political and religious liberties that had taken place in the past, particularizing such measures as Responsible Government, Clergy Reserves, Secularization and kindred acts, showing that in all cases Reformers were the first to inaugurate and agitate these beneficial measures, finally securing their passage by the assistance of Liberal Conservatives converted to their views. The Premier then entered into a detail of some of the principal measures passed by the Reform administration since the downfall of the Sandfield-Macdonald Ministry, many of which had been opposed by the Conservatives previously, and voted down by past Tory Governments. Among these were the Ballot Bill; Abolition of Dual Representation; Settlement of the Municipal Loan Fund Indebtedness, by which the county of Lanark so largely benefitted; the railway scheme, by which *bona fide* railway schemes received due aid, each one by a direct vote of the people's representatives; the consolidation of the municipal laws, a work of immense labour and care; the present school law, by which every public school in the province was made free to all, and making the best school law in the world; the reorganization of the Council of Public Instruction, by which the members thereof were made responsible to the intelligent constituents; the Voters' Lists Act, for the further purity of election contests; and many other measures of equal utility, showing that the Government, while not only trying all in their power to work for the best interests of the country, had to an unprecedented extent succeeded in their endeavours. He then dwelt for some time upon the various slanders got up for election purposes to injure the Ministry, explaining all these away in such a satisfactory manner as to convince, if not convert, even the most hardened Tories in the hall of the truthfulness of his statements, and the purity of the Ministry as a Cabinet and as individuals. His explanations regarding the Agricultural Farm and the dismissal of Prof. McCandless was particularly convincing, showing that his or any other Government could not have acted otherwise than his had done while serving the public interests. He concluded, after speaking about two hours, by advising all the Reformers present to unite in bringing about Mr. Doran's election, and show their appreciation of the Government's efforts in doing their very best to advance the interests of the country.

Mr. CODE, who was present, was invited to reply if he wished, which, after some hesitation, he did. He spoke about an hour, evidently with the object of tiring the audience, reiterating the contents of the *Mail* fly sheets, which he had been industriously reading in the meantime, recapitulating the various charges and slanders originated and circulated by the Tory press and politicians since Sandfield Macdonald's defeat.

Mr. MOWAT replied, speaking about another hour, and refuting the various charges brought against his Government and its members so effectually as to cover Mr. Code and his downhearted followers present with discomfiture and confusion. Those not within hearing can have no idea of the thorough manner in which these charges were answered, and the pitiable position of Mr. Code as each of his slanders or mis statements were nailed by the Premier, and the truth sent home to the hearts of the assemblage.

The meeting closed with cheers for the Queen and the Premier, the audience being pleased and struck with the thoroughly honest and conscientious tone of Mr. Mowat's remarks, their force and truth, the ability displayed in his speech, and the measures explained to them.

The meeting on the whole created a most excellent impression in Mr. Doran's favour, and in favour of the Government.

THE TANNERIES INVESTIGATION.

EXAMINATION OF MR. DANSEREAU.

MONTREAL, Jan. 9.

Mr. L. W. SICOTTE was recalled, and cross-examined by Mr. Mousseau. His evidence related to the value of land adjoining the Leduc farm. Several sales had been recently effected at the average rate of 2,000 dollars per acre. Land in the neighbourhood of the Leduc property was rising very rapidly in value, and he knew of purchasers doubling, and even tripling on their bargain within a very short period. He thought the Leduc farm was preferable to the Tanneries property as a site for an hospital for contagious diseases.

DRS. GODFOY, MCCALLUM, DESCHAMPS, and HOWARD were then examined, and all, with the exception of Dr. Deschamps, agreed that the Tanneries property was much better for hospital purposes than the Leduc farm, being nearer and more accessible both for patients, medical men, and supplies, and because, if it were used for a contagious diseases hospital, the shorter the distance travelled by the patients with those diseases the better.

Dr. DESCHAMPS considered that the Leduc property was better for the purpose, because it would be more easy of access when a proposed road to it should be built.

Mr. PIERRE CHICOINE, of Tanneries West, stated that 48,000 dollars had recently been offered for the "Pomville" farm of 32 arpents, which lies east of the Leduc farm. He considered the Leduc farm to be proportionately more valuable than the other.

Mr. FERDINAND FAURE, notary, knew the Tanneries and Leduc properties, and he considered the first to be worth from eighteen to twenty cents per foot, and the latter at 500 dollars per arpent for the part exchanged with the Government.

Mr. J. S. EVANS, merchant, knew the Tanneries property, and considered that at July 1st last, it was worth about twelve and a half cents. He knew the Leduc farm, and about a year ago was in treaty to buy it. The half nearest the city was tendered to him for 10,000 dollars. He wanted to get the other also, and offered 9,000 dollars for the one nearest the city, in the expectation of buying both properties for 20,000 dollars. Mr. Gilbert Leduc since told him that his property was offered him for 12,000 dollars, but witness could not remember it. Witness intended using the upper half to build an homestead upon, but had no idea of selling it in lots. On July 1st last, he thought the property was worth about 400 dollars per acre.

Mr. C. A. DANSEREAU, one of the publishers of the *Minerve*, was the next witness. He stated that during last winter he applied to Hon. M. Ouimet to open negotiations for the purchase of the Tanneries property. Mr. Ouimet replied that it was impossible to sell it, as the Government intended it for hospital purposes. He offered 50,000 or 60,000 dollars for it, and intended to speculate with it. He knew that the English Hospital had asked for it, and also Messrs. Gareau and Harteau, wished to purchase it, and he learned that forty thousand dollars had been offered for it, and decided to offer more. About the beginning of June Mr. Middlemiss came to him to ask for information about the property, saying that he wished to buy. He said that he had been advised to come to him. Middlemiss asked him if he would not help him to acquire it. Witness continued—"I told him it was useless to think of the matter, because the Ministry had already refused to sell it to me."

Mr. LORANGER—Did not Mr. Middlemiss come to you for this purpose because you were a friend and partizan of the Government?

Mr. DANSEREAU evidently thought that was his reason, because he would not have applied to an adversary to negotiate with the Government at that time. I did not enquire whether Mr. Middlemiss was a friend or an opponent of the Government; but he has told me since that he was an opponent.

Mr. LORANGER—Was there any question about the price in your first interview.

Mr. DANSEREAU—I do not think there was. I believe I told him it was impossible to buy the land.

Mr. LORANGER—Did he offer to pay you a commission if you succeeded?

Mr. DANSEREAU—No, nothing of the kind. We concluded no arrangement whatever concerning the matter. He did not say what he wished to do with the land. This might have been between June 8th and 12th. Two days after Mr. Middlemiss came to me again.

Mr. LORANGER—During that interview did you take any steps in regard to the matter.

Mr. DANSEREAU—No; immediately afterwards. The second time he came to see me at the *Minerve* office, with a proposition to change another property, larger than the Tanneries property, because I had always told him that the Government had great difficulty owing to the Tanneries property not being large enough for two hospitals, one for the Catholics and one for the Protestants.

Mr. LORANGER—Had you learned before then that the Catholics had made any opposition to the erection of a hospital such as that contemplated by the Director of the Montreal General Hospital.

Mr. DANSEREAU—Yes. I know they had.

Mr. LORANGER—Who offered that opposition?

Mr. DANSEREAU—I do not wish to say, but I know that it came from authoritative sources.

Mr. LORANGER said he would not press the question at present, but would reserve the right of doing so hereafter if the investigation seemed to demand an answer. He asked—Did you know if this opposition had been made in writing, and if the Government had been officially informed of it?

Mr. DANSEREAU—I have reason to believe the Government was informed of it, but do not know in what way. Witness continued—I told Mr. Middlemiss that the Government had great difficulty in satisfying both religions, and that the Tanneries property was not large enough for two hospitals. Two days after this conversation, he came to me with a new proposition to meet this objection, and that was to give in exchange for the Tanneries property another lot of forty acres, known as the Leduc farm. He had with him a plan of this farm made out and divided into lots from one end to the other. I supposed then that the Leduc farm belonged to him. He made no other proposition then, but asked me to aid in effecting the exchange.

Mr. LORANGER—Did he then ask you to whom he should apply in order to acquire this property?

Mr. DANSEREAU—He asked me if I would introduce him to the Ministers with this plan. The name of any particular Minister was not mentioned. I asked him if he thought the Leduc farm was worth as much as the other, and he said he did. I added that if that was the case the Government would exchange, because they wanted to get land enough for the two hospitals. Shortly after this interview, I cannot say how long, Mr. Middlemiss and myself drove out to visit the Leduc farm.

Mr. LORANGER: Between the second and third visit of Mr. Middlemiss, did you have business with anyone concerning the matter?

Mr. DANSEREAU: No; I paid no attention to it. Mr. Middlemiss did not tell me his intentions in the slightest. He said he thought it would be a good thing for the Government and also for himself. We conversed upon the eligibility of the Leduc farm, and we both thought that it would be a fine position for the two hospitals. We then came back to the Tanneries property. After this visit Mr. Middlemiss came to see me mostly every day, and often several times a day. The day after we visited the Tanneries property he came to me and asked me if I had thought of the exchange of the two properties, and if I did not think it would be a good chance for the Government to make it. I told him I certainly believed that this exchange would relieve the Government from great embarrassment.

Mr. LORANGER: Mr. Middlemiss knew that you would have to enter into negotiations with the Government?

Mr. DANSEREAU: He asked me that formally.

Mr. LORANGER: In what consisted the services that you were required to render Mr. Middlemiss in this affair?

Mr. DANSEREAU: It was to represent the matter to the Government, and put Mr. Middlemiss into relations with them. The first thing I did was to introduce Mr. Middlemiss to Mr. Archambault. Mr. Middlemiss neither spoke nor understood French, and Mr. Archambault understands but little English, and does not speak it at all.

It being two o'clock the Committee adjourned till Monday morning, when Mr. Dansereau's testimony will be continued

THE TIMES

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When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents.
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Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Insolvent Notice—J. Bermingham.
Grand Concerts—Gowan's Hall.
Mesmerist—Rink Music Hall.
London House—Haney & Forgie.
Fur Depot—R. J. Devlin.
Household Furniture—J. Bermingham.
Furniture Warerooms—Angus & Co.
Customs Department—J. Johnson.

The Times.

OTTAWA, MONDAY, JAN. 11, 1875.

It is rumoured that another outbreak of hostilities is likely to occur between China and Japan, owing to the latter power having offered some objections against fulfilling some of the conditions of the Formosa treaty.

Mr. Bonfield has been nominated unanimously by the Reformers at South Renfrew for the Local Legislature at a convention held at the village of Renfrew, on Friday. Mr. Bonfield is an Irish Catholic, an extensive lumberman, commands large influence in that section of the country, and will probably go in unopposed.

EFFICIENCY IN THE STORM SIGNAL SERVICE.

We have been informed by the Marine Department that at one o'clock on the morning of the 8th inst., the director of the meteorological department at Toronto telegraphs orders to the meteorological officers at Halifax, Liverpool, Yarmouth and Digby, Nova Scotia, respectively, to hoist the storm-drum at these places. We have also been informed that twelve hours later the Minister of Marine telegraphed from Dorchester (his residence in New Brunswick at the head of the Bay of Fundy) to his deputy in Ottawa, that a fearful storm was raging there at that time.

THE "LAND SWAP" INVESTIGATION.

The inquiry into the Tanneries "Land Swap" transaction drags along slowly, reminding one very forcibly in its details of the proceedings before the Royal Commission appointed to investigate the Pacific Railway scandal. There is, nevertheless, a good deal of interest in reading the particulars. So far as has yet been apparent from the reports, Mr. Church, the Chairman of the Committee, has offered every facility for conducting the inquiry, but as the questions and answers are not given in detail, it would be impossible to say whether the investigation has been at all a thorough and sifting one. Indeed, it is rather to be feared that it has not, and that the uniformity with which several of the leading actors in that corrupt play have refused when in the witness-box to answer queries pertinent to the issue has had the effect of keeping back some of the vital facts. It will, no doubt, depend upon how much importance the Ministry and the majority of the House may attach to this phase of the subject, whether or not the public will be bound to conclude that the De Boucherville Government are endeavouring to elucidate the truth and punish the perpetrators of the corrupt deed, or whether they mean, while keeping up an impartial outward appearance, to whitewash Mr. Ouimet and his colleagues. It would be too soon to form any judgment upon the point just yet, although there is a very general suspicion that the Government that is and the Ministers that very lately were have a good deal of affection for each other, and would as far as possible help one another out of a difficulty. The amount of evidence taken on some points which are important but not essential is out of all proportion to that adduced on others which are positively vital. For example, the value of the Tanneries property has been estimated by every witness put upon the stand, a large majority of them without the first item of capacity, either professionally or by experience, for forming any judicious opinion on a subject of the kind. Of course there is the plausible excuse for this that the real value of the land may be arrived at the more easily by taking the average over all, and the more general and extensive the evidence, the more certain is it that the final estimate shall be correct. This plan is, however, open to this fatal objection, that the worth of the aggregate opinion in any case of the kind is altogether regulated by the character of those who testify, and applying that rule to many of those whose valuations will doubtless go to form the basis of the final verdict, whatever good there might be justly expected from multiplying testimony is completely negatived by the incompetence of the majority of those expressing opinions. It is simply inconceivable that men having any fair knowledge of the subject regarding which they were called upon to give evidence should form estimates so enormously apart as some of those who have been examined as to the relative value of the Tanneries and the Leduc farm, and yet be consistent with their own consciences. There is but one of two alternatives left us in the premises—either these witnesses, or a large majority of them do not in reality know the relative or actual values of the properties in question, or else they willingly and knowingly swear to statements which are untrue, and express opinions which they do not hold. We certainly could conceive of estimates, varying considerably, being made by men well able to judge, and we can easily understand too how it would assist the committee in arriving at a conclusion as to the actual value were these varying opinions put upon record for their guidance; but it is simply mystifying the subject to take the estimate of every Tom, Dick and Harry that may be placed on the stand in connection with this transaction, altogether apart from their competence to form any reliable opinion. If the tendency to magnify this point signifies anything at all—perhaps it does not—it signifies that the late Ministry will hang their reputation as honest men upon the alleged equality in the value of the properties exchanged, and it may be surmised that in this stand they will have more or less support from their successors.

It is needless now to discuss whether or not the Leduc farm is worth as much as the Tanneries property; it is almost insulting the intelligence of the public to speak of the thing, and this piling up of evidence regarding it seems like carrying water to the sea. And then we have heard comparatively little, and that little nothing new, upon the main subject—that is, the corrupt intention which stimulated the exchange, or the proportion of profit reaped by each of the parties thereto. Of course enough has been proved, had the investigation now proceeding never been instituted at all, to show that the purpose was a corrupt one, and that being corrupt it was more or less successfully carried out. It is to be hoped that this lengthening out of the proceedings for the avowed purpose of elucidating points that are not of vital importance will not blind the public to the main facts, which stand out in bold relief, and which it is impossible for any whitewashing to smooth down. How much more evidence is going to be adduced, and how many more people are to be asked to say what they think the Tanneries and Leduc properties are each worth, it is impossible in the meantime to say. It is evident, however, that the subject is one upon which the members of the Government are themselves by no means agreed. There may be no truth in the rumour that they had a stormy meeting lately at Quebec, and we can conceive no way in which it would be impossible for any one to come by a knowledge of it; but there can be no doubt there is trouble and difference of opinion, and that the situation is causing some uneasiness.

Correspondence.

THE LOCAL MEMBER.

To the Editor of the TIMES:

DEAR SIR,—This is nomination day for our city member for the Ontario Legislature, and notwithstanding the *would-be* hue and cry attempted to be raised against Mr. O'Donoghue, the "Liberal Conservatives" have so far failed to induce one of their party to come forward to be sacrificed on the altar of public opinion. Their reticence is quite amusing; they miss their back bone wonderfully, viz., the Irish Catholic vote. Under the old *regime*, the Irish were patted on the back about election time, and told what splendid fellows they were, and in nine cases out of ten were cajoled with empty promises, which were never fulfilled, and which were never intended to be fulfilled. The knight of Kingston had two parties to please that he constantly coquetted with, viz.: the Orangemen and the Irish Catholics. He managed frequently to get the support of both through promises of office, &c., but the Irish Catholics have found out that while the Orangemen get the substance, they get the bone to pick. If the "Liberal-Conservatives" were sincere in their often-expressed desire to do justice to their Catholic brethren, why their objection now to support a Catholic member? They had no objection to Mr. O'Donoghue last election. But 'tis beyond a doubt that their support last election was simply a bait to try and retain the Catholic vote for the next elections, feeling confident that the Ontario Legislature would only last one session more. But the move was too "thin." The dodge was too transparent, and the Irish Catholics throughout the Dominion have determined to take a stand for their just rights, nothing more and nothing less, in the representation of the country. If I am wrong in my conclusion, let the "Liberal-Conservatives" prove me so, by coming forward to day and supporting Mr. O'Donoghue as heretofore, or they need never look for a Catholic vote again for their party. Under the old rule, money and influence did much in carrying elections, but under our present stringent election law and vote by ballot, that "little game" is pretty well played out. Under that rule many occupied seats in Parliament with the consciousness that the chairs in which they sat cost them or *the country* or *some Sir Hugh Allan*, thousands of dollars. It was the cause of grave evil. No member could be honest to his constituents or the country under such a system. It unsettled honest industry, and as firmly settled a dishonest one. It founded and perpetrated a class of political subordinates, who were generally idle and always vicious, a race of men against whose very existence society is arrayed in self defence. Let us therefore hope that in future our elections will be conducted fairly and squarely, and that men will be elected for their moral, intellectual and political worth, (which latter means honesty of purpose), and not for the length of their purses or the money they can afford to spend to buy their way into Parliament. Who called the "Protestant meeting" for to-night, which turned out such a fizzle? *Were they* ashamed of their bantling? Surely no Protestant of either party wishes to raise a religious cry in the community, and have our elections contested on that principle. If so, woe to the party which raises the cry! We are a mixed community, and for years back peace and good fellowship have existed amongst us, which it is most desirable should continue; and although it has not been openly stated that there is an objection to Mr. O'Donoghue on account of his creed, there is not a doubt but that among a certain class that is the real objection. The Irish Catholics are a very numerous and influential body in this city, and 'tis but fair that they should have a representative in Parliament from time to time, and no one but a bigot will deny them their right.

AN ELECTOR.

Ottawa, 9th January, 1875.

All Flannels reduced at Bryson's.
3695-1m

PUBLICATIONS.

THE OTTAWA MASONIC CALLENDAR AND LODGE GUIDE FOR 1874, &c., Ottawa: Printed by A. S. Woodburn, and published by Bros. Turner and Carruthers.

This is another of that class of publications for the issue of which the press of Mr. Woodburn has obtained considerable *prestige*, and the last is certainly second to none of the series. In addition to the usual almanac, we have inserted opposite the proper dates the nights of meeting of the various City and Hull Lodges, as well as the Carleton R. A. Chapter and Gedaliah Council, together with a list of officers of the Grand Lodge of A. F. & A. M. Grand Chapter of R. A. Masons, Grand Council R. & S. M., Supreme XXXIII Degree. Grand Priory of the Red Cross, and private Lodges in the city and Hull; also, officers of the Orange Association and Royal Black Chapters (Grand and private), Temperance, National, Literary, Benevolent and French Societies, with their nights of meeting, etc., etc. To these are annexed an interesting address on the nature and purposes of masonory, delivered by the Rev. W. R. Meredith on the occasion of laying the foundation stone of the Montevallo (Ala.) Male Institute, on June 24, 1851. The Callendar is an excellent and complete one, and is worthy of the patronage of the order on whose behalf it is issued.

SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TORONTO EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY.

The Toronto Eye and Ear Infirmary, the annual report of which, for the year 1874, is now before us, is one of the most meritorious institutions in the Province, and as such ought to commend itself to the sympathy and assistance of all. From the report it appears that during the year 535 patients have been admitted to the Infirmary, of whom 483 were discharged, and 52 are still under treatment. Of the total number of 535 patients, 420 were eye and 115 ear cases; 81 were in and 454 out patients; 421 were from the city of Toronto, 33 from the county of York, 74 from other counties in the Province of Ontario, 7 were from other countries, including immigrants, foreigners, and aliens. 343 were males (180 bachelors and boys, 121 married men, 42 widowers), 192 were females (114 spinsters and girls, 45 married women, 33 widows.) The 535 were members of the following Churches:—Church of England, 208; Roman Catholic, 164; Wesleyan Methodist, 78; Presbyterian, 47; Baptist, 21; Congregational, 8; Bible Christian, 2; Primitive Methodist, 2; Episcopal Methodist, 1; Catholic Apostolic, 1; New Jerusalem, 1; German Reformed, 1; Lutheran Church, 1. There were natives of the following countries:—England, 190; Canada, 176; Ireland, 139; Scotland, 14; United States, 12; Continental Europe, 2; other countries, 2. They came from all parts of the Province, 16 being from Toronto, and 2 from Montreal. The average stay in the Infirmary was 40 days. The institution has just entered the eighth year of its existence, the number of patients for the first year being 104, with a proportionate increase since then.

The financial statement shows an income of $2,862.48, an expenditure of $2,727.84, and a balance in hand of $134.64—the latter being but somewhat less than one-third of the balance remaining last year. There is reason to believe, however, that the Government will assist in some measure next year, the institution being a provincial, not a local one. The following is the surgeon's report, which gives an excellent idea of the condition and work of the infirmary:

"The total number of *extern* and *intern* patients admitted as new patients during the year ending 30th September is 505, being nine less than the number admitted during the previous sixteen months, which was the period included in the director's report for 1873. This shows an increase of about 33 per cent. for twelve months. The medical statistics may be epitomised as follows: Diseases of the eye under treatment, 30; diseases of the eye cured, 166; diseases of the eye improved, 144; diseases of the eye relieved of discomfort, 71; diseases of the eye incurable, 9; diseases of the ear under treatment, 13; diseases of the ear cured, 33; diseases of the ear improved, 30; diseases of the ear relieved of discomfort, 25; diseases of the ear incurable, 5; total, 535."

In the annual report for 1872 the surgeon's report was as follows: "The surgeons of the Toronto Eye and Ear Infirmary, in presenting their fifth annual report, desire specially to call the attention of the Board of Directors to the need of ampler facilities for the effective working of the institution. The infirmary is conveniently situated, but the accommodation it affords is quite inadequate to meet the requirements of the charity, and its position is not at all adapted to promote the efficacy of medical treatment. The surgeons would therefore strongly recommend the Board to secure a suitable isolated building in a central, healthy locality, with premises large enough to enable patients to take sufficient out-door exercise." This was written more than two years ago; since that time the attendance of patients at the Infirmary has increased more than 80 per cent., and at the present time there are 14 *intern* or in-patients, although the institution cannot accommodate more than 12 patients comfortably. One of these patients has been residing in the building for about five months, during which time he has been nearly cured three times, and has had as many relapses, which we can only attribute to his unhealthy surroundings. There occur, from time to time, also, cases of fever and diarrhœa, which would be less likely to occur if the surroundings of the building were more salubrious. These facts should speak for themselves.

Mr. J. W. Langmuir, Inspector of Asylums, &c., also makes the following report on the institution to the Provincial Government:—

"Toronto, 10th April, 1874.

"In conformity with the requirements of the "Charities Aid Act," of last Session, I this morning made an inspection of the Toronto Eye and Ear Infirmary. Although the internal arrangement of the House is somewhat defective and limited, and its surroundings very objectionable and confined, it was found throughout in a very commendable state of cleanliness and order. The dormitories were neat and tidy, free from vitiated air; the beds and bedding of which fourteen were made up in the Infirmary, were clean and comfortable; and apparently everything was done that can be done to promote the domestic comfort of the inmates. But in view of the defects of location and accommodation, it is to be hoped that the financial prosperity of the establishment will soon, as it deserves, be such as will warrant the Managers in obtaining more suitable premises for the purpose of the charity. There were ten inmates in the Infirmary, viz.: eight males and two females; two of this number were received from the City of Toronto, seven from various parts of the Province, and one had just been received from England. Nine of these patients paid for their board in the house, and the remaining one was a free patient. From an examination of the register, it would appear that eight has been the average of patients in residence during the year, and the total admissions from the 1st October last to the present day have been 71, and during that period no less than 398 persons have received medicine and medical treatment as external patients. These figures show very clearly the value of the Institution, and give an idea of the work it is performing.

"Mr. Hart, the Superintendent, reports a very large increase this year in the subscriptions towards the support of the Infirmary, the amount, so far, being treble the amount received in 1872. This improvement, doubtless, is attributable in a large degree to the zeal and energy of Mr. Hart.

"Drs. Rosebrugh, Coleman, and Agnew, still give their valuable services to the Infirmary.

(Signed) "J. W. LANGMUIR,
"Inspector of Asylums, &c."

GARDENERS' GUIDE AND CATALOGUE.Guelph, W. H. Marcon.

We have rec'd received from Mr. W. H. Marcon, seedsman, Guelph, a copy of his Gardeners' Guide and Catalogue of Seeds for 1875. We notice that parties in various parts of the Dominion who have bought from him recommend his seeds very highly. The work is beautifully printed on toned paper and illustrated by electrotypes of flowers and vegetables. Gardeners and farmers who wish a supply of fresh reliable seeds would do well to send for a copy. It is sent free to all who apply.

ELECTION NEWS.

South Oxford.

The Reformers of South Oxford have been unable to agree upon a candidate, and Mr. Adam Oliva comes out upon his own account. Mr. Benjamin Hopkins is the Tory candidate.

West Lambton.

At a Tory caucus on Friday, held at Sarnia, the following resolution was passed:—"That it is desirable, in the best interests of this Province, to oppose the present Government at the approaching election." Surely the Tories of Sarnia are behind the age, for their leaders in Parliament have been quite agreed upon this point for the past four years. Indeed, it is the only one upon which they have been agreed. The same caucus then nominated Mr. R. Chalmers to oppose Hon. Mr. Pardee, which it is to be presumed they did for the purpose of carrying out the said resolution. The contest, of course, will be got up merely to put Mr. Pardee to trouble.

North Lanark.

Mr. Caldwell is making a quiet but successful canvass, and his re-election by a large majority is already more than assured. Dr. Mostyn and his friends are working hard, but have already concluded that there is no hope of success. They may, however, go to the polls.

East Huron.

Mr. Thomas Gibson is the Ministerial candidate again, and is opposed by Mr. Van Norman, of Brantford, a professed Independent, but a Tory of the dyed-in-the-wool-stamp nevertheless.

South Huron.

Mr. Bishop, recently elected, will be allowed to walk the course in this new constituency.

North Waterloo.

Mr. Moses Springer is again out in the Ministerial interest. The Tories have had two candidates in the field at different times within the past fortnight. The first withdrew himself, and the second is likely to be withdrawn. Success will never perch itself upon the Tory banner in Waterloo

South Grenville.

The Tory nomination for South Grenville has gone a-begging, having been offered to three persons. The last, who is the weakest and worst of the lot, is likely to put Mr. Fraser to the trouble of a contest, out of mere spleen. His name is Mr. J. C. Irvine—we are particular to mention it, because otherwise no one would think of it in that connection—and he tried in vain the other day to get elected as Reeve.

West Toronto.

The contest is hot, although there is no comparison as between the candidates. Mr. Thomson will make a splendid run, and is likely to be elected.

East Toronto.

Mr. Crooks' election is beyond doubt, and Mr. O'Donohoe is also meeting with the greatest encouragement. The joint ticket is likely to be successful.

East York.

Mr. Lane is the Ministerial candidate for this riding, and so far there is no one in the field against him. The Hon. William McDougall went out there to speak in the Opposition interests the other day, and offered, the *Mail* says, to "contest the constituency as an Independent candidate, in the event of a numerously signed requisition being presented him." Well, well, and it has come to that. The Tories are willing to use Mr. McDougall, but they are either afraid to give him a nomination, or they cannot get any constituency to accept him. But that he should positively solicit a requisition is certainly shaving the mark of honour and self-respect very closely. The *Mail* urges that he would, if nominated, carry the riding, indicating that he will be chosen, if chosen at all, to lead some forlorn hope. No one of his stripe would have a ghost of a chance in East York.

Haldimand.

Mr. Waldbrook is the Opposition candidate for this riding, but his chances of election are slim.

Glengarry.

The news from Glengarry is very encouraging for Mr. McNab, notwithstanding the extraordinary exertions being put forth by his opponents. His chances of success are improving every day.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.
Oct. 7, 1874. 3691y d&w.

BERKELEY, Sept, 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable Pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 2805.

FOWLE'S
PILE AND HUMOR CURE.
For Internal and External Use
WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE
For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.
PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 3718
Dec 14 1d

Carpets.

OTTAWA
CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE;
SHOOLBRED & CO.

Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from

Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,

[late Jacques & Hay,] Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.

A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.

SHOOLBRED & CO.
49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

ASHFIELD'S
EMPORIUM.

Flint Glassware, in plain and fancy, a speciality during the holidays. Those beautiful goods are more durable than cut, and much cheaper. Now in stock, Fruit and Cake Dishes, all sizes; covered Bowls, Preserve Dishes, all sizes; Water Jugs, Wine Glasses of all kinds; Decanters, Goblets, from 90c to $5 per dozen; Glass Setts, 4 pieces, from 75c; Candlesticks, Bar Tumblers, Decanters, Bottles, at special prices, in fact nearly everything required in this line.

Lamps of all kinds, sizes, and prices. Chandeliers, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Crystal Light Burners and goods. A very large stock now on hand. China, Crockery and Earthenware—White Granite Tea Setts, 44 pieces, $3 50; White Granite Chamber Setts, $3 00. Bed Pans, Sick Feeders, Toast Racks, Churns, and a general variety in this line.

Kerosene Oil from the United States. The best in the market at market prices. All goods sold both wholesale and retail. A call is solicited. **Happy New Year to All.** Vases and Figures awfully cheap now.

JAMES ASHFIELD,
Duke Street, Chandiere.

THE ELECTIONS.

List of Candidates.

	O.	L.	M.
Addington, Deroche	0	0	1
" Mace	1	0	0
Algoma	0	0	0
Brant, N. R., Finlayson	0	0	1
" S. R., Hardy	0	0	1
Brockville, Fitzsimmons	1	0	0
" Cole	0	0	1
Bruce, N. R., Sinclair (Dr.)	0	1	0
" " Sinclair	0	0	1
" S. R., Wells	0	0	1
Cardwell, Bowles	0	0	1
" Flesher	1	0	0
Carleton, Monk	1	0	0
Cornwall, McIntyre	1	0	0
" Snetsinger	0	0	1
Dufferin	0	0	0
Dundas, Cook	0	0	1
" Broder	1	0	0
Durham, E. R., Rosevear	1	0	0
" " Smith (Seth)	0	0	1
Durham, W. R., McLeod	0	0	1
" " McClung	1	0	0
Elgin, E. R., Askell	1	0	0
" " Wilson	0	0	1
Elgin, W. R., Munro	1	0	0
" " Hodgins	0	0	1
Essex, S. R., Atkin	0	0	1
" " Wigle	1	0	0
Essex, N. R., Prince	0	0	1
" " Patterson	1	0	0
Frontenac, Calvin	1	0	0
Glengarry, Grant	1	0	0
" McNab	0	0	1
Grenville, S. R., Fraser	0	0	1
" " Price	1	0	0
Grey, N. R., Scott	1	0	0
" " McFayden	0	0	1
Grey, S. R., Hunter	0	0	1
Grey, E. R., Lauder	1	0	0
" " Patterson	0	0	1
Haldimand, Baxter	0	0	1
" Waldbrook	1	0	0
Halton, Barber	0	0	1
" Beaty	1	0	0
Hamilton, Williams	0	0	1
Hastings, W. R., Lewis	0	0	1
" " Graham	0	0	1
" " Wills	1	0	0
Hastings, E. R., Appley	1	0	0
" " Wilson	1	0	0
" " Potts	1	0	0
Hastings, N. R., Boulter	1	0	0
" " O'Flynn	0	0	1
Huron, E. R., Vannorman	1	0	0
" " Gibson	0	0	1
Huron, S. R., Bishop	0	0	1
Huron, W. R., Davidson	1	0	0
" " Ross	0	0	1
Kent, E. R., McKellar	0	0	1
" " Laird	1	0	0
Kent, W. R., Coutts	1	0	0
" " White	0	0	1
Kingston, McGammon	1	0	0
" Robinson	0	0	1
Lambton, E. R., Shirley	1	0	0
" " Graham	0	0	1
Lambton, W. R., Pardee	0	0	1
Lanark, N. R., Mostyn	1	0	0
" " Caldwell	0	0	1
Lanark, S. R., Code	1	0	0
" " Doran	0	0	1
Leeds and Grenville, N. R. Merrick	1	0	0
Leeds, S. R., Preston	1	0	0
Lennox, Grange	0	1	0
Lincoln, Rykert	1	0	0
" Neelon	0	0	1
London, Meredith	1	0	0
" Durand	0	0	1
Middlesex, N. R. Macdougall	1	0	1
" " Smith	0	0	1
Middlesex, E. R., Tooley	1	0	0
" " Evans	0	0	1
Middlesex, W. R., Currie (N.)	1	0	0
" " Watterworth	0	0	1
Monck, Haney	0	0	1
" Hill	1	0	0
Muskoka, Long (J.)	1	0	0
" Miller	0	0	1
Norfolk, N. R., Clarke	0	0	1
" " McKnight	1	0	0
Norfolk, S. R., Richardson	0	0	1
" " Austin	1	0	0
Northumberland, E. R., Cochrane	1	0	0
" " Ferris	0	0	1
Northumberland, W. R., Gifford	1	0	0
" " Hargraft	0	0	1
Ontario, N. R., McRae	1	0	0
" " Paxton	0	0	1
Ontario, S. R., Brown	1	0	1
" " Farewell	0	0	1
Ottawa, O'Donoghue	0	0	1
Oxford, N. R., Mowat	0	0	1
Oxford, S. R., Oliver	0	0	1
" " Macdonald	0	0	1
" " Devlin	1	0	0
Peel, Beyon	1	0	0
" Chisolm	0	0	1
Perth, N. R., Daly	1	0	0
" " Towner	1	0	0
" " Hay	0	0	1
Perth, S. R., Leversage	1	0	0
" " Ballantyne	0	0	1
Peterborough, W. R., Scott	1	0	0
" " Cox	0	0	1
Peterborough, E. R., O'Sullivan	1	0	0
" " Stratton	0	0	1
Prescott, Pattee	0	0	1
" Harkin	1	0	0
Prince Edward, Clapp	1	0	0
" Striker	0	0	1
Renfrew, N. R., Deacon	1	0	0
" " Moffatt	0	0	1
Renfrew, S. R., Harrington	0	1	1
" " Stewart	1	0	0
Russell, Ferguson	1	0	0
" Baker	0	0	1
" O'Hanly	0	0	1
" Morgan	0	1	0
Simcoe, W. R., Long (T.)	1	0	0
" " McConkey	0	0	1
" " Simpson	0	0	1
Simcoe, S. R., Boulton	1	0	0
" " Snelling	0	0	1
Simcoe, E. R., Kean	1	0	0
" " Sutherland	0	0	1
Stormont, Bethune	0	0	1
Toronto, E. R., Cameron	1	0	0
" " Crooks	0	0	1
Toronto, W. R., Bell	1	0	0
" " Thomson	0	0	1
Victoria, N. R., McCrea	1	0	0
Victoria, S. R., Wood	0	0	1
" " Cottingham	1	0	0
Waterloo, N. R., Miller	1	0	0
" " Springer	0	0	1
Waterloo, S. R.	0	0	0
Welland, Buchner	1	0	0
" Currie	0	0	1
Wellington, N. R., McKim	0	0	1
Wellington, S. R., Gow	0	0	1
Wellington, C. R., Clarke	0	0	1
Wentworth, N. R., Stock	1	0	1
" " Christie	0	0	0
Wentworth, S. R., Sexton	0	0	1
York, N. R., Jackson	0	1	1
" " Widdifield	0	0	0
York, E. R., Lane	0	0	1
York, W. R., Patterson	0	0	1

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3727

Election Notices.

TO THE
Electors of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—Through the dissolution of the Local Legislature, in a short time you will be called upon to elect a representative to that House for the ensuing term. Elected by a large majority when I had the honor to solicit your suffrages before, I trust that my conduct while in Parliament will meet with the full confidence of the whole people at the ensuing election, and as a consequence I announce myself as a candidate for your suffrages on the occasion. Should I be deemed worthy of your approval in the future as in the past, my humble support will be given to the present government in all measures for the benefit of the whole country. I ask assistance in opposing chicanery and double-dealing, and in favour of one who will neither be cajoled or purchased.

Hoping to meet you all at public meetings, and if possible personally, before the day of polling,

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
DAN. J. O'DONOGHUE.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

TO THE
Electors of Russell.

GENTLEMEN,—I beg respectfully to announce to you that I am a Candidate for your suffrages at the impending General Election for the Ontario Legislature. My political principles are well known to you as contained in detail in my address of 1867; and time and experience have added fresh strength to my convictions of their soundness. As the standard-bearer, who first unfurled the banner of Reform in your Riding, I cannot but rejoice that the good seed then sown, under very adverse circumstances, too, has not only taken deep root, but has already produced fruit.

I congratulate you that many of the measures I advocated before you, particularly those relating to the purity of elections, and without which elective institutions were little better than a farce, are now the law of this great Province; and I am glad to be able to say that some, who then sneered at my humble efforts for the people's good, have since seen the error of their ways, and become zealous workers in the glorious cause of liberty. It is cause of thankfulness that every man can now exercise his franchise without let, hindrance, or fear of consequences, according to his own honest convictions, uninfluenced by any consideration but the general good, and witnessed by no eye but that of his Maker. To the Liberal Government the country owes all these important and beneficial measures. There are many other useful and necessary reforms which will follow in their wake, if the people are true to themselves, and renew their confidence in the present Government by electing men to support them on whom they can rely—men who have a record to point to, whose fidelity to their principles is above suspicion—men who would, if necessary, be ready to follow them into the cold shades of opposition. This is the kind of support they deserve at your hands. Send them not one who veers with every change of political doctrine—a Conservative yesterday, a Reformer to-day, and a Tory again to-morrow if most conducive to his interest or ambition.

In Mr. Mowat's Administration I have the fullest confidence—a confidence inspired by their principles and confirmed by their acts. I heartily endorse not only their legislation, but the economy and efficiency with which they have administered public affairs in promoting education, encouraging settlement and developing our internal resources; and if antecedents be any criterion whereby we may judge our future actions, they shall continue to have my cordial support.

Every scheme for the encouragement of Roads and Railroads shall have my unqualified support, for these are the veins and arteries through which flows the life blood of industry. I shall use every legitimate means to influence aids for such enterprises in your Riding without regard to special interests or particular localities.

I shall devise and promote with my utmost ability a comprehensive scheme for the drainage of your whole county, by which the rich *bottom-lands* now lying waste—preserves for deer stalking—will be converted into blooming fields of golden harvest, increasing your population and enhancing your property.

With a life long devotion—often under very trying circumstances—to the cause of good and cheap Government; with a record, private and public, extending over a quarter of a century on the Ottawa Valley, at which no respectable man need blush, and can challenge fair and honest criticism; with an ambition directed as unerringly as the needle to the pole towards adding my little mite to the stock of human happiness, irrespective of race or creed, clime or color; with a mind free from bigotry as our mountain air from noxious exhalations; I appeal with just confidence to the Liberals of Russell to sustain me, and place me in a position of increased usefulness; and I can safely assure them that their trust will never be betrayed. On Conservative support I base no claim, save that of an honest man, who respects the opinions, nay, the prejudices, of those who differ from him and who in his public capacity shall know none but the people as a whole.

I shall endeavor to see as many of you as it is possible for me in the limited time between this and polling day; and frankly avow my views on any other subject that you may desire to be informed. Those whom I may not be able to see, will, I hope, excuse me, and pass sentence on me according to the principles herein enunciated. On the last occasion that I was before you I addressed, with as much sincerity as ever I uttered a sentence, to large assemblies which happened to be exclusively composed of my own countrymen, and the same I shall now say to all, as follows:—

"You should banish from your minds every consideration except the public good. You should not vote for me simply because I am an Irishman or a Catholic. You should wholly judge me according to the political principles I enunciate before you. If you approve of these, you should support me; and if there is one amongst you who disapproves of them, he is in duty bound to vote against me."

I am,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
J. L. P. O'HANLY.

Ottawa, 26th December, 1874

Miscellaneous.

THE BAZAAR in aid of County of Carleton PROTESTANT HOSPITAL will take place about the third week in FEBRUARY. Full particulars will be given in a future notice.

W. COUSEN,
Secretary Bazaar Committee.
January 7th, 1875. 3736-3

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
BALTIMORE OYSTERS
To be had in perfection, at
James Buchanan's
SUSSEX STREET.
January 6th, 1875. 1m

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established

AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatised, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the Spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEMIEUX,
Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.
Nov. 5, 1875.

Legal Notices.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of THOMAS EDWIN MOORE, An Insolvent.

The creditors of the above-named insolvent are requested to file their claims with the undersigned as soon as possible to enable him to arrive at the total amount of liabilities without delay.

W. H. COOPER,
Interim Assignee.
Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-3

D. R. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.

H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants.
Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 law2

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.
Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-2awk2m

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Walford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnston, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the City of Toronto, as solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt become absolute and indefeasible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.

(Sd.) GEO. S. HOLMESTED,
Referee of Titles.
3715-3w-law

Government Notices

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector MacLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 10? feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on Plan; contents of No. 2, 9,543 feet, and of No. 3, 9,782½ feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.
Ottawa, 1st Janv., 1875.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Saturday, 12th day of December, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 8th and 54th sections of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 6 and intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, And it is hereby Ordered, that the Town of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec, now an Out Port of Customs be and is hereby constituted a Port of Entry and a Warehousing Port, the same to take effect from the first day of January next.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.
3735

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Friday, 18th day of December, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas, by Order of the Council of the 7th day of June, 1871, it is directed that sworn declarations and machinists' certificates be in all cases required preliminary to the admission free of duty, of machinery not manufactured in the Dominion for use in Canadian manufactures, and whereas, by the Act 37 Vic., chap. 6, the same machinery is made subject to an ad valorem duty of ten per cent. to take effect on the first day of January next, and whereas it is desirable to simplify the practice of the Customs in such cases,—due regard being had to the security of the revenue.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. Minister of Customs, and under the provision of the 128th section of the Act 31 Vic., chap. 6, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the first day of January next, the said Order in Council be, and the same is hereby rescinded, and that Collectors of Customs be, and they are hereby authorized and instructed to accept entry of such machinery on and after that date at ten per cent. duty ad valorem, requiring the following affidavit to be filled in each case, and a copy thereof to be attached to the entry.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.

I, A. B., the importer of the following described machinery, viz.:—(here a full description of each machine, giving name of maker and use to which it is to be applied, shall be inserted) do solemnly swear, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, no machine such as that above described, is manufactured in Canada, and that the same is imported for use in the manufactory of which I am the (proprietor or one of the proprietors, or legally authorized agent,) and that the same is not to be offered for sale.

Sworn to before me at on the day of 187 . 26-3

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.

Dec 26, 1874.

Houses to Let.

TO SELL OR RENT.

The house and grounds lately occupied by Mr. Spragge, just outside the city limits, on the Richmond Road. The house and grounds can be divided, the former making two complete dwellings, if required, with every convenience, and ample room in each for a large family. Terms of sale or rental, moderate.

Apply to
WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK.
Dec, 7, 1874. 3715-11

Publications.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

One Copy	$2
Three Copies	5
Five Copies	8
Ten Copies	15

Postage five cents per copy for three months.

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at the same price.

One extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. Additions to clubs received at club rates.

These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

A generous portion of the WEEKLY HERALD will be appropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Pomology and the management of domestic animals. Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets.

The aim will be to make the WEEKLY HERALD superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

Every number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting Intelligence, Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

The price of subscription, whenever practicable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting money by mail.

At small Post Offices in the country where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

Advertisements, to a limited number, will be inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD.

Price of the DAILY HERALD, four cents a copy. Annual subscription price, $12, always in advance.

Write the address on letters to the NEW YORK HERALD, in a bold and legible hand, and give the name of each subscriber, of Post Office, County and State so plainly that no errors in mailing papers will be liable to occur.

APPLETON'S
AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA
NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publications of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

This work is sold to subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages, fully illustrated with several thousand Wood engravings, and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

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Specimen pages of the American Cyclopædia, showing type, illustrations, etc., will be sent gratis, on application.

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ILLUSTRATED.

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The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

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Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year $7 00; postage free.

An Extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy: postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2.25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

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And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

EXPLORATION IN AFRICA.

Lieutenant Cameron's Report from Kawele—His Voyage Round the Southern Part of Lake Tanganyika—Stanley's Englishmen Relate their Experiences.

The following letter has been received at the British Foreign Office from Lieutenant Cameron:—

KAWELE, Ujiji, May 14, 1874.

Since I last wrote from here I have made a successful voyage round the southern part of the Tanganyika, and have discovered its outlet in a river named the Lukuga, a little to the south of the group of islands visited by Captain Speke in 1859. I think also, from what I have heard from the Arabs here that the Lualaba is the Congo. My reasons for saying this are fully stated in the letter and journal I am now sending to the Royal Geographical Society, who will, no doubt, afford every information on the subject. One important fact, if true, mentioned by my Arab informant requires looking into. He said he met no English merchants, although he heard of them and our men-of-war, as all the white merchants he met traded in slaves. This, if true, would point to the Spanish and Portuguese merchants on the Congo.

Of the vast importance to the trading community of England of the Congo and Lualaba proving one there is little for me to say, but I will glance over the principal articles of export. The Guinea palm extends, I believe, from the west coast to here. India rubber is abundant in Manuema. Sem-sem (from which much so-called olive oil is extracted) grows well wherever cultivated. The castor oil plant grows almost wild; ground nuts the same. Copper and gold are found in Katanga. Cotton grows well, and of two or three kinds. Coffee is reported to grow wild. Ivory, it is well known, mostly comes from this portion of Africa. There are many sorts of fibrous substances which might be exported with advantage, and the various millets and maize grow in such abundance that they would form a profitable export. Rice also grows most luxuriantly wherever cultivated. The only obstacles to a free water communication of which I know are the Yellala Falls and the rapids on the Lualaba, a short way above the Nyangwe. The Lukuga is at present obstructed with grass, but a way might easily be cut through that. The trade at present is here about entirely in the hands of Arabs, who, when in Manyuema, live nearly entirely by plunder, and who take the wretched inhabitants as slaves to carry their ivory and other goods.

The efforts of England will, I trust, be successful in putting down the slave trade by sea; but at present they leave untouched an equally crying evil, the internal trade, which is rapidly depopulating vast districts. In going round the lake I was constantly shown places where villages had been, and when I asked where the former inhabitants were, invariably received the same answer, "Killed or carried off for slaves." The price of a slave is only five dots (twenty yards) of calico, while the hire of a passage is five and a half from Unyanyembe here, so that it is far cheaper to buy slaves than to hire porters; besides which, no porters are obtainable in Manyuema, and the whole trade there is carried on by means of slaves. The Arabs take with them a horde of wangwana or freedmen armed with muskets, and carry a few stores by means of domestic slaves; and the ivory, of which they obtain large quantities, is all brought by fresh caught slaves to Ujiji. The numbers of Arabs settling in the country is constantly increasing, and they all have large numbers of slaves for domestic purposes, for cultivating their gardens and for porters. Many of those employed as porters only receive rations while on journeys, and, when not travelling, have to live by plunder.

Of the relations between the various tribes there is little to be said. The agricultural people seldom make war on each other, unless they get mixed up with the quarrels of the Arabs, to any great extent. The predatory tribes prey on all others indiscriminately, carrying off slaves and murdering all who attempt to resist. The cattle they slaughter at once and find a ready market for their slaves among the Arab traders and tribes with whom they are not actually warring. I am afraid that stopping the export of slaves, although it will diminish the evil in the districts round the Nyssa, from whence Kilwa draws its principal supplies, will only exacerbate it elsewhere by causing many now engaged in that trade to settle in the interior, where they will become slaveholders and traders afresh.

In conclusion let me add that in my belief this internal slave trade will continue to increase until the proper means of communication are opened up and the country brought under the influence of civilization and legitimate commerce.

Trusting that the remarks may prove of use and interest, I have, &c.

V. LOVETT CAMERON.

STANLEY'S ENGLISHMEN WRITE TO THEIR PARENTS.—SPICY NARRATIVES OF THEIR EVERYDAY LIFE IN AFRICA.

The subjoined letters sent home by the Francis and Edward Pocock, Englishmen who are accompanying Mr. Stanley in his exploring band in Africa, will be read with interest. The first is dated before the voyage to the Lufiu; the others were written after returning to Zanzibar from that river:—

EDWARD POCOCK'S LETTER.

ZANZIBAR, Sept. 24, 1874.

DEAR PARENTS,—I hope this will find you in good health, as it leaves us all in the best of health at present. We arrived here yesterday, after a fine passage. This place is much better than Aden. It is beautiful weather, something like England in summer, if you wasn't to see the blacks. There is plenty of oranges and all fruits. We are staying at the American Consul's. Plenty of good grub—good beef. I expect we shall be here about a week and then we shall start for the river and try it, and then back to Zanzibar again, so we can write again. Africa is not half so bad as people make out—it is most beautiful; you can walk about with a jacket on and don't sweat. I have just enjoyed myself with a piece of sugarcane. We have nothing to do whatever—get coolies to wait on us for everything we want. The place is swarmed with cocoanut trees. We will send our photographs next letter. All you want here is to keep steady and not drink; you can then get along all right. * * * Your affectionate son, EDWARD POCOCK.

Direction of meals:—Coffee at six a.m.; breakfast, ten; tiffin, two; dinner, five; tea, half-past six. All teetotalers.

ZANZIBAR, East Coast of Africa, Oct. 22, 1874.

* * * We had fifteen days' cruise in the boat up the River Lifiji, about 200 miles along the coast. The boat handles first rate, and Mr. Stanley is very pleased with us and her and the way we sail her. He was taken in a minute, and laid down about one hour and a half. It is just the same as the ague. I have not had a pain since I left home. We sailed up the coast, and anchored at Darra Salaam on the 2nd.

3rd.—Started at daybreak up coast.

4th.—Started at daybreak; anchored at Rawley Island.

5th, Sunday.—Arrived in mouth of River Luiji; anchored at Sanizore.

5th.—Started at seven a. m. up river. Fresh water four miles up; hippopotamus and alligators in great abundance; thickly populated with good-tempered people, most of whom ridiculed the idea of us wanting to see the river. The chiefs came off to barter for physic; they are Arabs, the men which buy and sell the slaves; they thought first we were English men-of-war's men. We passed thirty villages in one day. Chief Jumbe came to see us; his tribe is called Mtupe.

7th.—Went up so far that the river was like a ditch at the foot of the mountain. We soon went back with the tide, which is a very strong ebb-tide; no flood-tide. About ten miles up the river is very much like Burham reeds, very high, where the native people came to look. Anchored at the island of Similine.

8th.—Started anchor at seven a.m. Chased from three to five miles by a hippopotamus.

9th.—From the river went to the Isle of Konde, in another part, which is haunted with wild boar; a beautiful place, like a prairie.

10th.—Left Simbo; wind south southeast, light. There are several ways into this river; one is about half a mile wide; channel deep.

11th.—Visited Chogum, a little island; plenty of wild chicken; enormous turtle.

12th.—Started at eight a.m. toward Mana Island; got milk, eggs, and fowl, then proceeded to Chogum; anchored at sunset; went on shore to bathe.

13th.—Mr. Stanley went on shore to sketch the place, and then we got under way to go home; wind southwest by south, under way all night. Came to anchor off Burgamoya. Layed all night; this place is opposite Zanzibar, on the mainland; it is about thirty miles. Thank the Lord, the river is done! Although a fine place, it is very unhealthy about the many marshy parts; but we have no more to do and we have our health first rate. Me and Fred have to take the boat with goods and people a distance of thirty miles. Mr. Stanley is so pleased to think he can trust us. I pay the slaves we have to work for us cleaning the boat out or anything else that is to be done. The men work all day very hard for twelve pice, that is three annas—four and a half pence. The people here are all fasting for fourteen days on account of the new moon. I cannot say if we shall go away before the next mail. If so the letters will be forwarded over to us. We shall stop on the mainland three weeks before going in the interior.

EDWARD POCOCK.

FRANCIS POCOCK'S LETTER.

ZANZIBAR, East of Africa, Oct. 22, 1874.

MY DEAR BROTHER,—I write with a light heart to send you good news, and that is we are enjoying the best of health, and I hope this will find you all the same. We arrived here on the 21st of September. Since then we have had a cruise of fifteen days to the River Lufigi, which is 200 miles south of Zanzibar. I cannot tell you all that occurred in the river; but we went about 120 miles up to the foot of a mountain. It took us three days to get there. We were ten miles farther up the first day than other white men had been. On the second day Chief Jumbe (his tribe called Mtupe) came to barter, brought chicken and rice, plenty of cocoa-nut, eggs, goats and fruit, and plenty of fights, too. There were thousands to see us, with spears and arrows. One of the chiefs was coming off in our small boat, and Ted sounded the bugle. He jumped overboard flying, afraid of it, but there were thousands looking through the reeds, all ready for a spring had we not hoisted the flag. There is a great deal of slave trade done here, and the Arab masters thought we were an English man-of-war boat. We were six days on the river, which is thickly populated with a good sort of people at the lower part, and all of whom ridiculed the idea of our wishing to see the river. We were chased from four to five miles by an hippopotamus—a very large one. It was a hot chase. We fired two bullets at him, which glided off him. He seemed to come on top of the water like a leopard on shore. When he got close enough, we put two bullets in his breast, which made him turn. They are very numerous in the Lufiji, as well as alligators. After we had explored the river we went to several islands along the coast. Further south, one we went to was strewn with wild chickens and enormous turtles; another with goats; another with coral and crabs. It is very dangerous on the coast, so many reefs and sands. Me and Ted take the boat to the mainland, a distance of thirty miles, with goods and people for the journey.

Mr. Stanley is much pleased with us in the way we handle the boat. He is a good man to be away with. We share just as he does in everything. We get on proper here. Ted blew the bugle to the Sultan of Zanzibar. He was very much pleased. We went to an evening party on Monday evening, and shall go to-night on board Her Majesty's ship Thetis, where Ted will perform. We have plenty of everything. We have just the same as Her Majesty's service and the American Consulate, where we are staying.

Boots & Shoes.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots, Embroidered and Plain Felt Congress. Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress. Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Felt Bals. Felt Overs.

A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter foot-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at RIDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an entire clearance.

Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB, 28 Sussex-st.

Jan. 9, 1875.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA

GENTLEMEN:

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

BOOTS, SHOES, MOCCASINS, MITTS, &c.

AT **W. E. BROWN,** 15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3669y d&w

J. & G. NEELIN, No. 13 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes, Mitts, Rubbers, Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN, Ottawa.

Dec. 24, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st., Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre.

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole, HARNESS, ROBES, &c

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks-

December 28, 1874.

Gift Enterprises.

ANOTHER

OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts	20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each	[illegible]
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each	[illegible]
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each	[illegible]
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each	[illegible]
30 Cash Gifts	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 23, 1874. 3728w2awkd&w

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts,

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000 / Two Prizes, $500 / Five Prizes $100 — Each in Cash

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.

One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth

Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300

Three Gold American Hunting Watches, w $125 each.

Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth 100 each!

1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c

Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,0

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 432, Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874 2554 d&w

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK, VA.

DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature passed March 8th, 1873.

50,000 TICKETS—6000 CASH GIFTS,

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of	$30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	[illegible]
One Grand Cash Gift of	5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	15,000
Cash Gifts of 500 each	14,500
43 Cash Gifts of $250 each	10,750
75 Cash Gifts of $150 each	11,[illegible]
250 Cash Gifts of $100 each	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of $50 each	28,900
5000 Cash Gifts of $10 each	50,000
6000 Cash Gifts, aggregating	$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets, $5; Quarter ticket, $2 50; Eleven tickets, $100.

For Tickets and Circulars, &c., address, HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary, Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 25, 1874 2702d&w

Miscellaneous.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO; Sparks Street, near Bank.

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All parties indebted to

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T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 23 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents,

—AT—

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Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.

Dec. 17, 1874.

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THE BURLINGTON

HAIR-CUTTING, DRESSING AND BATH ROOMS,

74 AND 76 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

The Proprietor respectfully informs his numerous patrons that his

New Establishment

is now complete in every department.

Ladies' Entrance—The door nearest O'Connor-St.

His stock of REAL HAIR cannot be surpassed either in quantity or quality. In price he guarantees 25 per cent. less than any house in the Dominion.

For the Gents' Room he has every comfort possible to obtain for money. With five efficient workmen gentlemen will not have to waste their time in waiting at this establishment.

The Manufacturing Department employs seven hands, and with the large amount of room he now has, will be able to meet the increasing demands of his patrons.

For Combings, he begs to say that although his price may seem a little higher in quotation than some others, when ladies take into consideration what they receive for their money, it will be found cheaper to buy their work at this establishment.

T. E. M. also begs to say that he will continue as a system of business, his sale of Magic Photographs for 50cts. each, both for ladies and gentlemen, which gives the purchaser each time a present varying from 5cts to $100.

Perfumes, Cosmetiques, Combs, Brushes, and all Toilet Goods in endless variety.

T. E. MOORE,

Oct. 28, 1874. 2997

Furniture.

NEW

Furniture Warerooms,

ANGUS & CO.

Dealers in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cornices and Curtains.

85 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite Honey's New Block.

Jan. 11, 1874.

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In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

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Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND OR WEST OF CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874. 2567

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WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

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MANUFACTURERS,

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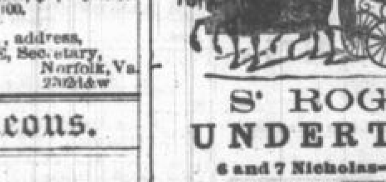
SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

Miscellaneous.



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Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

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OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co, Cincinnati, O. Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N.J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y. &c., &c.

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Oct. 17 1874 3840y

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TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil.

General House-Furnishing Goods,

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The Largest Assortment in the City,

AT THE OIL DEPOT, SUSSEX-ST.

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Jan. 8, 1875.

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You will always find a full stock of Groceries Glass-ware and Crockery at prices that can't be obtained elsewhere.

FINE

Uncolored Japan Tea,

Only 50c. per lb.

Apples wholesale and retail.

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Jan. 9, 1875.

CHRISTMAS CARD.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS.

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OLD PRICES.		NEW PRICES.	
3 lbs. Raisins	38cts.	3 lbs. Raisins	30cts
3 lbs. Currants	27cts.	3 lbs Currants	20cts
Orange Peel	3[illegible]cts.	Orange Peel	25cts
Lemon Peel	35cts.	Lemon Peel	25cts
Sultana Raisins	17cts.	Sultana Raisins	[illegible]cts
Figs in layers	50cts.	Figs in layers	35cts
Mixed Spices	50cts.	Mixed Spices	40cts

Dec. 21st, 1874.

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Use the British Egg and Butter Powder!

A Perfect Substitute for Eggs! A Great Saving in Butter!

FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.

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HAND SAPOLIO,

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Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.

Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

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Restore your Sight!

THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES,

By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

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Agents Wanted,

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First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with alls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.

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GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchical and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer [Trade Mark secured] Montreal.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

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WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874.

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Do Enigmas of Life	1 50
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HENDERSON & Co's.

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Ottawa, Jan. 8, 1872.

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($1.38.) Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course, H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

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Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 26 1874

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

See T. & B. on each Plug.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual pri

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Great variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers. Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystallized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

THOS PATTERSON.

Dec. 24 1874

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 38 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

Aug. 1, 1874 P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT DR. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, [illegible] F.R.I.A., F.G.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often [illegible] for invalids with great success.

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN.

Dec. 5, 1874 371 m1

Ladies' Ware,

LONDON HOUSE!

We are showing

The Cheapest Fancy Dress Silks in the City.

UNEQUALLED FOR RICHNESS.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT

Is under the superior management of MISS M. A. ARMSTRONG. The system we use is the Cornwall Chart, the only method in which a perfect fit can be secured.

HANEY & FORGIE.

Jan. 11, 1875. 5678y

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYAN'S

234 Wellington-St

Dec. 5, 1874 3887

Dry Goods.

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec 21 1874

Tailoring.

TAILORING — **TAILORING.**

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10 50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars

&c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1861, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

AGENCY OF

Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works,

OHIO SANDSTONE

Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Recording or Protecting either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

CITY COUNCIL.—The last meeting of the old City Council takes place this evening.

THE NOMINATION.—The nomination of candidates for the Local Legislature takes place to-day at 12 o'clock at the City Hall. Sheriff Powell is Returning Officer.

PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.—The visitors this week are: Directors, Messrs Robt. Surtees, and James Egleson; Clergy, Revds. T. B. Jones, D. D., and W. J. Hunter; Physician, Dr. James Grant.

PRISON ORDERS.—A circular has been issued by the Inspector of Prisons to the Governors of the different gaols of Ontario, notifying them that no prisoners will be received in Central Prison unless sentenced at least four months. This will be a relief to that institution, as nearly all committals for ordinary crimes were hitherto for periods ranging from two to four months.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—A number of the candidates who passed the entrance examination to the Collegiate Institute a short time ago, have availed themselves of the free scholarships offered by that institution. The disallowance, however, of the large number of 24 out of 65 that passed seriously, interferes with the arrangement. It is said that a different system of examination to that now in vogue will have to be adopted. The attempt to force so many through this ordeal adds nothing to the credit of the Collegiate Institute, and works very detrimental to the interests of the public schools.

POLITICAL CAUCUS AT THE CITY HALL.—An unsuccessful attempt was made to hold a political caucus at the City Hall, at noon on Saturday. About one o'clock, or shortly after, a goodly number collected in response to an anonymous circular sent, it is said, to six persons in each Ward. The lumbering interest at the Chandiere was fully represented in the persons of all the leading merchants in that line of trade. Neither the Conservatives or Liberals, who had received invitations to this compromise arrangement, filed an appearance, consequently the affair fell to the ground. The object was doubtless to nominate a no party man, but the endeavour proved a fruitless one. The names of Messrs. Bronson and Perley were freely spoken of as the probable nominees.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—Yesterday the usual temperance meeting at Rideau street was again largely attended. Addresses were given by the President, Mr. E. McGillivray, and by Mr. Watson, Toronto, bearing on the subject of Temperance work. A reading was also given by Mr. Wagner, which was deservedly appreciated. Reference was made by Mr. McGillivray to the misfortunes which had overtaken their brethren of the Chaudiere Division, saying that if they should require assistance he had no doubt the Bytown Division, and those in the habit of meeting there every Sunday afternoon, would respond liberally. Mr. J. K. Stewart, Chaudiere Division, returned thanks on behalf of the Chaudiere boys, for the sympathy which had been expressed, and said that they had already made up their minds to help themselves, but if they did require assistance they should not fail to apply.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—The churchwardens of the Reformed Episcopal Church have just issued for the benefit of the members a statement of the financial position of the church from April up to 31st December last, which shows a very satisfactory state of affairs for the new church, their being a slight balance on the right side of the ledger. At April there was a balance of $89 51 in favour of the church funds; offertory during the rest of the year, $1,498 14; special subscriptions, $145; general subscriptions, $39; organ fund, $46; sale of prayer books, $9; total, $1,824 85. The total expenditure during the same period amounts to $1 749 73, leaving a balance in the hands of the Treasurer of $75 12. The balance is certainly not a large one, but considering that the Church is only in its infancy, it is pleasant to observe that the expenditure has not exceeded the income. On Thursday evening the children attending the Sabbath School of the Church are to be treated to their first social, which is to take place in the Rideau Street Temperance Hall. The entertainment will be a gratuitous one, the members of the Church voluntarily subscribing to pay the expenses.

HANDSOME ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—Our readers will be pleased to learn that the temperance men of this city gave a complimentary supper to Alderman John Heney, at Mr. Gibson's establishment, on Saturday last. Alderman Heney has been a total abstainer for over a quarter of a century, and has at all times and in all places proclaimed fearlessly against intemperance. Therefore it was after his recent contest against a popular candidate, the various organizations in the city thought it a duty they owed to the cause of temperance to acknowledge the past services of Honest John Heney. The room was tastefully decorated by Bro. Bond with flags, and the tables loaded with everything that was good for a temperance assembly. There were present: Mr. J. M. T. Hannum, Grand Worthy Patriarch of the Province of Ontario; Mr. J. G. Howe, Past Grand Worthy Associate; Mr. H. S. Watson, Grand Lecturer; J. G. Halkett, P. W. P.; Robert Angus, W. P., Bytown Division; J. T. Bartram, P. W. P., and member of the Ontario Prohibitory League Council; J. H. P. Gibson, P. W. P.; Chas. Esplin, J. K. Stewart, Robert Stewart, Jas. Stewart, Geo. Crain, Edward Storr, Grand Templar; Mr. Musgrove, Principal Commercial College; J. A. Bell, M. A., Barrister; Hector McLean, and Martin Battle; James Bermingham, Robert O'Reilly, Ald. W. H. Waller, P. G. Leyden and M. Gallagher, all of the Catholic Hibernian Temperance Association, besides several others. The chair was occupied by Mr. Hannum, and the vice-chair by Mr. Battle, both of whom acquitted themselves in an able manner, and we venture to assert that few chairmen over a similar meeting ever had such a fine list of toasts to submit to any assembly. Bro. Gibson, we fear, was at the bottom of them. All the speeches were happy, and all those who were called upon to respond did so with credit to themselves and the cause they so ably espouse. May these meetings be more frequent, and ere long the temperance men of this city will become a power that every individual will have to acknowledge. We understand the number of pledged total abstainers of this city represented on the occasion was over one thousand; and of the Province over twenty eight thousand. Alderman Heney and his family, as well as his association, may well feel proud of the distinguished honour paid him.

BOSTON PHILHARMONIC CLUB.—This talented company will give two grand concerts in Gowan's Hall this (Monday) and to-morrow (Tuesday) evenings. On the occasion of these concerts, the hall will be put in a proper condition for the reception of the patrons of the club. Their Excellencies the Earl and Countess of Dufferin and suite have promised to attend the concert on Tuesday evening, on which occasion the sale of seats indicates that the audience will be very large, and the side and front galleries will be reserved. Chairs will replace the benches. This is the finest combination of talent in America, and have been the leading artists in the celebrated Thomas Orchestra of New York. None should fail to hear Bernhard Listemann, the great violinist on this continent. The following remarks regarding this company are from a Montreal exchange:—"The attendance at the Mechanics' Hall last night, leaving no seat unoccupied, and comprehending the *elite* of the city, showed that this fine combination of musical talent has won appreciation in Montreal. The performance even surpassed the most eager expectations, and kept the hearers in a trance of continuous delight. The first and last pieces, Auber's Overture, "Crown Diamonds," and an Overture of Offenbach, were played by the Club. The 'Cello Solo, "Souvenir de Bellini," (Piatti), the Horn Solo, "Cujus Animam," the Fantaisie for the Flute (Terschack), and the Concerto for Violin (Beethoven), played by Messrs. A. Hartdegen, A. Belz, E. Weiner and A. Distemann respectively, brought out the rare powers of these gentlemen on their favorite instruments. Miss May Bryant was charming in the song "Sa notta e bella" (Guglielmi), and was so strenuously *encored* that she took pity on her admirers and treated them to a pretty Scotch air, which, in its turn, was rapturously applauded. Her other appearance, in "Peacefully Slumber," (with 'Cello obligato," by Mr. Hartdegen) was also received with enthusiasm. Her voice is a most lovely and expressive one, capable of rendering all the varied emotions that admit of musical interpretation. Miss Bryant's personal appearance, her great musical eyes, and perhaps also, in fact, her elegant toilette, are sufficient to enlist the sympathies of any audience in her favor, but those who were among the privileged ones who heard her sing, will thoroughly understand that anything that can be said in praise of her is no mere *facon de parler* or the conventional phraseology of musical criticism. It is the barest justice to say that the very little which Nature has left unfinished in Miss Bryant's voice has been perfected by art and cultivation. Every low, sweet note she utters, each softly modulated cadence, and above all, the deep expression and feeling that are conveyed in every thrilling tone, impress the listener with the idea that she is one with whom music has become an intense passion, too intense to be restrained, and so given forth to the world in all its perfection. Mr. Hartdegen's violencello playing calls special note. He has perfect command of his instrument, which seems to respond to his touch like a living thing. Under his manipulation it all but speaks. The "Variations and Finale from the Quartette in D Minor" of Schubert, by Messrs. B and F. Listemann, E. Gramm and A Hartdegen was a rare display of musical skill,—indeed of something more than skill; and the "Duo Concertante" of Kalliwoda, played by Messrs. E. Gramm and F. Listemann, was as fine an exhibition of violin music as it has ever been our lot to hear."

BOARD OF PUBLIC SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

Important Reports—School Census—School Attendance—Financial Statement—Non Resident Fees—Rules of Order—Adjournment.

An adjourned Special Meeting of the Board of Public School Trustees was held in the City Hall on Saturday night. Present—Hiram Robinson, Chairman; Messrs. Bronson, Barber, Young, Robertson, Graham and LeSueur.

On motion of Mr. LESUEUR, Mr. James Joynt, jr., was appointed Secretary *pro tem*.

COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Several applications for the position of teacher were read and referred to the Committee on School Management.

An application from Messrs. Gavin and Swinburn, asking for an increase of salary was next read.

On motion of Mr. BARBER, seconded by Mr. ROBERTSON, the salaries of Messrs. Gavin and Swinburn, Janitors of the Central Schools were increased $25 each, making their annual salary $500.

An application from Mr. James Walker for the position of Janitor of one of the new Primary Schools was read, and on motion of Mr. Robertson, was referred to the Committee on School Management.

A number of accounts were referred to the Finance Committee, and the Printing Committee was instructed to report as to the official printing of the Board.

THE MINUTES.

On motion of Mr. LESUEUR, the Inspector was instructed to read all the proofs of the printed minutes of this Corporation, and that unless such facilities were given him, that the said minutes be not accepted.

THE ABBOTT-MCDOWALL DIFFICULTY.

A special report was presented by the Committee of School Management anent the charges against Mr. J. R. McDowall one of the teachers in the Central School West, for maltreatment of one of his pupils named Miss Abbott. He was exonerated of the charge of severity to the child, but was remonstrated with for harsh language to Mr. Abbott, the father of the girl. He apologised for this after which all parties summoned to the investigation were discharged.

On motion of Mr. LESUEUR, seconded by Mr. Graham the report was received and adopted.

REPORT OF SCHOOL MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

Mr. LESUEUR presented the report of the School Management Committee. It referred to the annual examinations in the different schools, adverted to the closing exercises in the Rink Music Hall and the attendance thereat of their Excellencies the Earl and Countess of Dufferin. It stated that His Excellency, His Worship Mayor Featherston and others addressed the children and that the affair was a grand success. The expenses in connection therewith amounted to $115 and the report recommended the issuing a cheque in liquidation of the same. In regard to giving effect to the compulsory clause of the School Act, the Committee concluded to await the annual report of the truant officer, but in the meantime admonished parents to beware of neglecting the privileges afforded them of educating their children. The report also recommended the appointment of Misses P. Steacy, Isabella McMaster and Agnes Forgie to the vacancies at present existing in the schools, these ladies having all the necessary qualifications. The appointment of janitors for the new Primary Schools was left over for further consideration.

On motion of of Mr. Le Sueur, seconded by Mr. Barber, the report of the School Management Committee was adopted.

REPORT OF THE FURNISHING COMMITTEE.

Mr. ROBERTSON presented the report of the Furnishing Committee. It set forth the fact that their was sufficient fuel on hand to meet the requirements of all the public schools for the winter. That forty-six cords of wood were disposed of, as unnecessary after the change to coal furnaces, realizing the sum of $184. It also stated that a number of stoves and other sundry articles were disposed of to the sum of $33.50. The report showed that the supply of stationery for the use of the schools for the past year cost $688.24; the estimate for the same being $1000. It recommended monthly returns and applications by blank form from the principals of the different schools, with a view to economy. It further stated that the term for which the contract was given had expired. It recommended the propriety of delaying the proposed furniture for the Ottawa Ward Primary School until such time as some uniform plan for all furniture for the new Primary Schools was decided upon. It also asked that the committee be empowered to expend the sum of $200 in getting the necessary number of setts of the latest geographical maps for the central schools, as these institutions were nearly destitute of such maps.

On motion of Mr. Robertson, seconded by Mr. Bronson, the report of the Furnishing Committee was received and adopted, and all sums of money mentioned therein ordered to be paid into the City Chamberlain to the credit of the Board.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

Mr. BORTHWICK, Inspector of Schools and presiding Examiner, presented his report relative to the entrance examination to the Collegiate Institute. It showed that this examination had been conducted in the Central Schools East and West, on the 8th and 9th days of December last. The result was as follows:—

Central School West: Number of candidates, 105; number passed, 31. Central School East: Number of candidates, 67; number passed, 22. Other than the Public Schools: Number of candidates, 26; number passed, 12. Total number of candidates, 198; total that passed, 65.

By advices received from the Central Board in Toronto, 24 have been disallowed out of the 65 passed: 20 from the Public Schools and 4 from other institutions.

TRUANT OFFICER'S REPORT.

Mr. Davis, Truant Officer, in accordance with instructions given him, reported as to the census taken of school children in the city. He commenced this work on the 9th day of November and took all children between the ages of 7 and 12 years residing within the limits of the municipality, distinguishing sex, religion, attendance at school and non-attendance at school. Seven weeks were spent in this direction and 4,583 dwellings visited to acquire the statistical information below appended.

CENSUS of Children between the ages of 7 and 12 in the City of Ottawa up to December 31st, 1874.

Ward.	Children.	Boys.	Girls.	Protestant.	R. Catholic.	Pub. Schools.	Sep. Schools.	College.	Convent.	Private.	Col. Inst.	No School.	Non-attnd ce of Protestants
Victoria	397	188	209	186	211	146	105	3	49	6	0	88	25
Wellington	793	421	372	624	169	413	70	33	51	76	15	135	82
St. George	527	258	269	319	208	196	53	36	67	87	7	81	47
By	724	358	366	209	515	154	220	8	163	47	1	131	35
Ottawa	896	476	420	149	747	110	390	9	172	33	1	181	30
Totals	3,337	1,701	1,636	1,587	1,850	1,019	828	89	502	249	24	616	219

Of the 219 Protestant children not attending school at the time of taking the census, at least 150 were at school for a longer or shorter period during the year. Of the remainder many are newly arrived emigrants who have not got acquainted with the localities of the schools, but who promise to send as soon as possible. It will be seen by this that comparatively few Protestant families neglect the education of their children.

On motion of Mr. LeSueur, the reports of the Inspector and Truant Officer were referred to the School Management Committee.

SECRETARY'S FINANCIAL REPORT.

The Secretary presented the usual annual financial exhibit, of which the following is a summary:

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand 31st Dec., 1873	$36,599 33
City assessment, 1874	26,000 00
Government grant, 1874	1,476 00
Debentures for Primary Schools	20,000 00
Non-resident fees	60 80
Total	$84,136 13

EXPENDITURE.

Teachers and official salaries to 31st Dec., 1874	$18,012 48
Prizes and exhibition expenses	141 00
Board of Examiners	301 44
Chemical apparatus	310 00
Paid on Primary Schools	14,845 92
H. Meadows, for coal furnaces	652 08
Mrs. Wright, interest and instalment on lots	1,026 00
Chas. Magee, interest and instalment on lots	201 60
Cordwood from G. A. Harris	825 00
Coal from W. M. Beattie & Co.	817 76
Insurance	233 50
Printing and advertising	171 20
Paid by City Chamberlain for debentures and coupons	7,520 33
Miscellaneous	2,673 22
Balance in favour of Board on Jan. 1st, 1875	37,904 60
Total	$84,136 13

A resolution was passed confirming the statement and ordering that it be published with the minutes.

NON-RESIDENT FEES.

The Inspector next presented a report in regard to non-resident fees for the past year. It gave the receipts from all schools for January, February and March as $47.25; April, $17.25; May, $20.25; June, $18.50; September, $11.25; October, $13.75; November, $17.00, and December, $19.50; making a total of $167.25, which was paid into the hands of the Chamberlain to the credit of the Board.

On motion of Mr. Robertson, seconded by Mr. Bronson, the report was received and adopted.

RULES OF ORDER.

Mr. Robertson next proceeded to take up the new Rules of Order left over from a previous meeting.

Mr. Graham moved an adjournment, but could find no seconder.

Mr. Barber thought Mr. Robertson should leave over for future consideration the Rules of Order, owing to the great political excitement that prevailed.

Mr. Robertson thought sufficient time had been given to consider them. Copies had been placed in the hands of the members of the Board for several weeks, and as there could be no serious objection to the revised Rules, much time would not be lost in the consideration of them.

At this stage Mr. Graham gave signs of great uneasiness, and left the hall, leaving the Board without a quorum.

The meeting then adjourned till Tuesday the 12th inst., at 7.30 p. m., when the Rules of Order will be considered, and the salaries of teachers fixed for the ensuing year.

CANADA GAZETTE.

Saturday's *Gazette* contains the following appointments:

Mr. J. W. Binney of Moncton, N. B., to be a landing waiter and Searcher in Her Majesty's Customs, also W. M. Shaw, of Port Credit, Ontario.

ELECTION RETURNS.

The Clerk of the Crown in Chancery announces the return of the Rt. Hon. Sir J. A. Macdonald for the City of Kingston, and of Mr. Charles J. Campbell for Victoria, in the Province of Nova Scotia, in room of the ex-Minister of Militia.

MEETING OF PARLIAMENT.

Parliament is summoned to meet for the despatch of business on Thursday, the fourth day of February next.

NEW REGULATIONS.

Under the Inland Revenue Act, 37 Vic., chap. 8, which came into force on the 1st instant, to prevent the adulteration of food, drink and drugs, all compounders of spirits must bring themselves under the supervision of the Department of Inland Revenue, by taking out a license for the carrying on of their business as such.

The management and supervision of the measurement and registration of shipping belongs to the Marine and Fisheries Department from the 1st instant.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

The Auditor's statement for the month ending Dec. 31st, 1874, shows receipts to be as follows:—Customs, $892,495 63; Excise, $505,712 14; Post Office, $79,170 82; Public Works, including railways, $85,354 32; Bill Stamps, $22,380 73; Miscellaneous, $58,892 95. Total $1,614,006 59. Expenditure, $1,010,096 13. Surplus $633,910 49.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

The circulation for the week is put at $2,881,440 15. Specie held $3,373,868 36, leaving an excess of specie of $492,428 21.

APPLICATION TO PARLIAMENT.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to Parliament for an act to incorporate "The Kingston and Madoc and Loney Lake Railway Company" to build a road from some point on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway *via* the townships of Sheffield and Hungerford to the iron ore deposits in Madoc, Marmora, thence to the Georgian Bay.

THE PROTESTANT MEETING.

IT ENDS IN A FIZZLE.

THE MEETING DENOUNCED.

An attempt was made on Saturday evening to held a mass meeting under sectarian auspices in the Rink Music Hall, but it ended in a fizzle. There were about 150 people present, many of whom went from curiosity. A considerable number of Roman Catholics were also present. Mr. Wm. Porter was first called upon to act as Chairman, but refused on the ground that he never took any active part in politics. Mr. E. McGillivray was next asked to preside, but he too refused, from the fact that he was ignorant of the object of the meeting. Mr. W. H. Cluff finally consented to act.

Mr. James Lang was the first to address the meeting. He spoke at some length, advocating the claims of the Protestants to representation in the Legislature, and concluded by nominating Mr. James Egleson as a fit and proper person to be a candidate at the forthcoming Local election.

Mr. G. H. Preston followed at some length in the same strain, but suggested nominating Mr. E. McGillivray.

Mr. William Mosgrove was next called upon, and spoke in vigorous terms in denunciation of the meeting and those who endeavoured to foment sectarian cries in a mixed community.

Mr. E. McGillivray, being loudly called for, next addressed the audience. He also denounced the character of the meeting, and deprecated the sectarian issues it raised. He thought the meeting was ill-advised and very imprudent at such a critical juncture. His remarks in this respect seemed to meet with the accord of most of those present. He believed Mr. O'Donoghue was not the right man to represent the city in the Local Legislature, and asserted that many thought as he did. He would like to see a person with more stake and interest in the city selected to be sent to Toronto.

Capt. Bowie followed with a few observations, and concluded by nominating Ald. Rowe.

At this stage of the proceedings a good deal of tumult and confusion ensued, amidst which the gallant captain called for three cheers for Sir John A. Macdonald. The audience responded by making a rush for the door, which summarily broke up the meeting.

A SERIES OF FIRES.

One Serious Conflagration—The Firemen Fight it Obstinately—Loss about $50,000—Another Blaze Last Night.

On Saturday night, about eight o'clock, a fire alarm was sounded from Box No. 2, at the Russell House corner. It soon transpired that the magnificent show window of Messrs. Russell & Watson's dry goods house was all ablaze. It had just been dressed that day with a number of very costly ball dresses, lace and other valuable goods to the value of three or four thousand dollars. The members of the Fire Brigade were out promptly, but their services were unnecessary, as the fire soon spent itself in the window to which it was confined. The use of water on the occasion would undoubtedly have spoiled the fine plate glass.

THE SECOND FIRE.

About midnight on Saturday, another alarm was sounded; this time from box No. 16, on the corner of Queen and Duke Streets. The fire originated in the workshop of Mr. T. Rajotte's clothing store adjoining Pooley's Bridge, and gained considerable headway before the arrival of the brigade. The entire building was destroyed, including the Temperance Hall, which was over the store. Mr. Rajotte saved none of his stock, and the Chaudiere temperance organizations meeting in the hall lose furniture, carpet, a fine Grand piano, recently purchased, and a harmonium with the destruction of the hall. Mr. Rajotte estimates his loss at $30,000, which is covered to the extent of $15,500. There was no insurance on the furniture of the Temperance Hall.

Mr. O. Cayea, watchmaker and jeweller, was also a sufferer to the extent of 3,000 dollars, upon which he had no insurance.

Mr. Joseph Turgeon, boot and shoemaker, in an adjoining tenement, was also burnt out, and will suffer to the extent of 4,000 dollars. He has no insurance, and knew nothing of the fire until yesterday morning.

Mrs. Venn, milliner and dressmaker, was next visited with the fiery element, and her establishment soon succumbed to the flames. She, too, is a loser to the extent of 3,000 dollars, but her loss is partially covered by insurance.

Mr. Perkins is the proprietor of the premises consumed, and will lose heavily, as he had only an insurance of 3,000 dollars upon the buildings.

The fire was a terrific one, and from the combustible character of the buildings almost defied the heroic exertions of the brigade. The two steamers and four hose companies soon brought six splendid streams into play, and enough water was thrown to run all the mills at the Chaudiere, yet the fire stubbornly resisted. The water ran down George street and over the bridge in a regular torrent, but owing to the severe cold night, and the extraordinary inflamable nature of the buildings, it made little impression on the fire. Everything congealed into a solid mass of ice. The working of the steamers was also interfered with by the intensity of the frost, but fortunately the water works stood good to the end, and the reels did fine execution. Had it not been for the plenteous supply of water, and the gallant exertions of the brigade, there is no knowing where it would have ended.

Yesterday, the scene of the fire was visited by numbers of people, who gazed with interest on the still smoking ruins, which looked all the more strange from the icy covering that surrounded every thing. Had the houses been built of snow, and subjected to a sudden thawing process, they could not have presented a more unique appearance. At the rear of the buildings, looking down towards the gully, the remains of the building looked like walls of ice, from which projected and hung beautiful and fantastically shaped stalactites. Some shrubs in the hollow were most beautiful in the icy covering which enveloped them, and the telegraph wires were loaded with ice. Indeed, the whole scene had a very Polar looking aspect, and presented a strange contrast to that of the previous night and early morning.

Several of the firemen suffered dreadfully from the cold, and it was with great difficulty that they were able to continue their arduous work, which lasted till about six o'clock yesterday morning. They were also engaged a considerable part of yesterday lifting their hose, which was firmly imbedded in the ice.

ANOTHER ALARM.

Yesterday evening, a little after five o'clock, the alarm of fire was given from the neighbourhood of Cumberland street. The hose reels proceeded quickly to the spot, and the engines stood in readiness. It was found to be in the house of Mr. Meadows on Cumberland street, and was caused by the explosion of a coal oil lamp. The flames which partially burnt the floor and carpet were quickly subdued. Coming so soon after the previous night's alarm, it caused a good deal of excitement, and many rushed along the streets, but there was reason for congratulation that the scene of the previous night was not repeated.

POLICE COURT.

Before M. O'Gara, P.M.

SATURDAY, Jan. 9th.

Annie Dundas, the girl who was supposed to have been drugged some time ago, on the train between Montreal and this city, by a prisoner now in gaol, named Nestor, was arraigned before the Magistrate and cautioned to leave the city at once.

James Forgie was up on a charge of drunkenness, for which he was fined $3 and costs.

Patrick Green was charged with keeping pigs within proscribed limits. He was remanded till Monday.

Henry Dunbar was arraigned for assaulting one Wm. Briggs. He was fined $1 and costs. He was reprimanded for throwing stones at Mrs. Briggs' window.

James Stewart was up on remand for selling liquor in his store, in violation of the Act, after the hour of 7 o'clock on Saturday night. He was mulcted in the sum of $20 and costs.

Joseph Beaubien was up on a charge of stealing a cap and coat from Jonah Dunning. He was adjudged "Not Guilty," and was discharged.

—DIED.

In this city, on the 10th inst., Ella Eva, youngest daughter of Mr. N. W. Curtis, aged 7 years.

Hatters & Furriers.

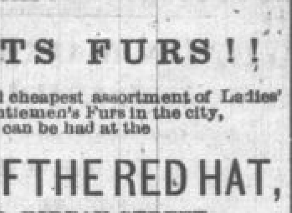
DEVLIN'S
Fur Depots

416 Notre Dame-St., . . . Montreal.
11 Rideau-St., . . . Ottawa.

White Rabbitt Jackets,
LADIES' SOUTH SEA SEAL JACKETS,
Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets,
Ladies Sea Otter Sets.

R. J. DEVLIN, Manufacturer.
Jan. 11, 1875.

ALEX. BROBERY,
FURRIER,
45 Rideau-st.,
Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,
Is offering the balance of his
Stock of Winter Furs
AT REDUCED RATES.
Mink Sets sold at Cost.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3733



LADIES FURS!
GENTS FURS!!
The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the
SIGN OF THE RED HAT,
No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.
A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to odrer by
JAMES PEACOCK, No. 33, Rideau Street.
Dec. 20th, 1874. 3724 ml

BUFFALO ROBES
AND
ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.
—AT—
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS-ST.,
Opposite the British Lion Hotel.
Dec. 21, 1874.

Mails.

POSTOFFICE OTTAWA,
Arrival and Departure of Trains.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.	DELIVERED.	CLOSE.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster etc. by Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N. S., and St. John, N. B.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rate of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York through mail	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith's Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fitzroy, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and Intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 10:10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian line, close every Friday at 12:05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland and Newfoundland can be obtained at this Office

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa Nov. 16, 1874.

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

FROM PORTLAND.

POLYNESIAN	2nd	Jan.
SCANDINAVIAN	9th	"
HIBERNIAN	16th	"
MORAVIAN	23rd	"
PERUVIAN	30th	"
SARMATIAN	6th	Feb.
POLYNESIAN	13th	"

RATES OF PASSAGE.
CABIN....$70 to $80 | STEERAGE........$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE
Glasgow Line
are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
CABIN........$60.
INTERMEDIATE........40.
STEERAGE........25.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

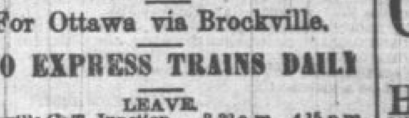
D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa July 22 1873.

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $55 to $80 gold, according to accomoda tions.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.
GOULDTHRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

Railways.



CANADA CENTRAL
—AND—
Brockville & Ottawa Railways
For Ottawa via Brockville.
TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.20 a.m.	4.15 p.m.
Ottawa	10.40 a.m.	5.00 p.m.
Renfrew	9.35 a.m.	4.10 p.m.

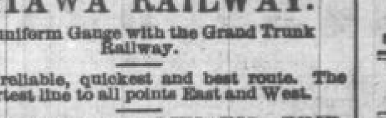
ARRIVE.

Ottawa	1.20 p.m.	7.40 p.m.
Renfrew	2.15 p.m.	8.50 p.m.
Brockville	2.10 p.m.	8.40 p.m.

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER, Managing Director.
Brockville, Jan. 11, 1875.



THE ST. LAWRENCE
AND
OTTAWA RAILWAY.
Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.
And accelleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—
GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.35 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.05 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.35 P.M.
8 Express	10 45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

Dec 15, 1874.

Hotels.

THE
CLARENDON HOUSE,
OTTAWA,
WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the

Corner of Sussex and George Streets,

within three to five minutes' walk of Offices and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 1 th January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,
One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms
are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms
are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms
are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms
are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my Table will be one of the best in Canada.

N. B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.

Dec. 28th, 1874. 3729

ALBION HOTEL,
Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.
ROBERT GRAHAM,

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.
Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD
USE THE
Diamond Yeast Cakes

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,
Corner Bank and Maria Streets,
Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef
FROM GUELPH,
A very large quantity of
MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.
Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!
Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds,
Geese from 8 to 16 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,
Corner of Bank and Maria Streets
Dec. 23, 1874. 3726-tf

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of
FALL GOODS
Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all
THE LATEST NOVELTIES
Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!
Don't forget the place, it is
76 Sparks Street,
Thos. Lawrence.
Sept. 19, 1874. 3876-y

WHOLESALE
Ready-Made
CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTERS
Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.
Sept. 24, 1874. 3880

Hardware, &c.

THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

For sale by all Oilmen.
Dec. 4, 1874. 3710-y

HARDWARE,
HARDWARE.

No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best
Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware
In the city is to be found at
THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

H. MEADOW'S & CO.,
Have in stock the latest and best
COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L. Crannell, Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application

H. MEADOWS & CO., 35 Sussex-St.
Oct. 8, 1874. 3888

OTTAWA
Mills' Supply Agency
OTTAWA ONT.,
No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.
CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.
Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.
March 26, 1874

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00, and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

Insurance.

THE
HAND IN HAND
Insurance Co.
Still continue to take Risks at
20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates
R. C. W. MACCUAIG, Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity.
Jan. 9, 1875. 3757-3m

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.
(FIRE AND LIFE.)
Authorized Capital . . $5,000,000
Subscribed to Date . . $2,000,000

LOCAL DIRECTORS:
RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.

O'CONNOR & WALLER . . AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operations to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.

All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.

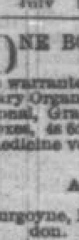
The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.

O'CONNOR & WALLER.
Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-13m

ROYAL CANADIAN
INSURANCE CO.
FIRE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.
Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.
ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,
AGENT,
86 SPARKS STREET, . . OTTAWA
Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"
CONTINUES TO TAKE
FIRE RISKS
On every description of insurable property,
AT REDUCED RATES.
T. M. CLARK, AGENT, Corner Sparks and Elgin St.
Dec. 18, 1874. 3722-13m

Remedies.



THE FOLLOWING IS AN
Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.
July 1874

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS
is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown & Co.

NOTICE.
Morson's Effectual Remedies
Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is Morson's PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½, and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,
Medalists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.
USE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES
Selected, and Shipping orders executed with despatch

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Hena, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

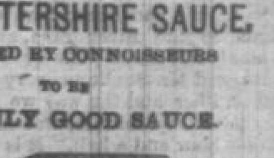
Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

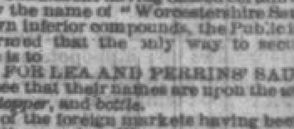
Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Ball and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors



LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietors, at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3740. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

TEACHER WANTED for School Section No. 6, Town ship Cumberland [male or female] holding second or third class certificate Apply to John McArthur Secretary Treasurer, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c.
Jan 6, 1871 3735-d3wtf

WANTED.
A teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O.
Nov 19

HELP WANTED.
100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated, together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO.,
Publishers, London, Ont.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women
A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY
from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having some time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and a ... free.
J. LATHAM & Co.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses ... to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire ... Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY. — Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO. Portland, Maine. y3&5daw.

WORK FOR ALL
At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with ... cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED.
... $5 a week. Proof ... Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8th ST. NEW YORK.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required; thousands earning money. Full instructions and samples [that sell for 5] mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal
Nov. 27, 1874 1mdaw

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & CO. Augusta, Me.

Bank Notices.

BANK OF OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a call of 10 per cent. on the subscribed Capital Stock of the Bank of Ottawa will be due and payable at the office of the Bank in this city, on the EIGHTH DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT.
P. ROBERTSON,
Cashier.
Ottawa, Jan 7, 1875 3737-6

Meetings.

THE OTTAWA

Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company,

(LIMITED.)

The first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company called for Thursday, the 14th instant, is postponed, pending the passing of the amendments to the Act of Incorporation now before the Quebec Legislature.
A general meeting will be called as soon as these Amendments shall have become law, of which due notice will be given.
R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary pro tem.
Jan. 12, 1875.

MONTREAL

Telegraph Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Company's Office, in Montreal, on

Thursday, Fourteenth January Next,

At one o'clock, to elect Directors, and generally to transact the business of the Company.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.
For the half year ending 30th November, has been declared upon the Capital Stock, and will be payable at the offices of the Company on and after Thursday, 14th January.
The Transfer Books will be closed from 4th January till after the General Meeting.
By order of the Board.
JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.
Dec. 31, 1874. 3735-5

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

NOTICE.
The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.
WM. PENNOCK,
J. LURIE,
THOS. PATTERSON
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3734in1

Tenders.

NOTICE
TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to

Thursday, the 14th of January next,

For the construction of a

BRIDGE OVER THE OTTAWA RIVER,

To connect the Calumet Island with the Village of Byron.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Quebec; at the office of Messrs. Cockburn, Wright & Clemow, Ottawa; at the office of the Registrar for the County of Pontiac, at Byron; and at the office of the undersigned.
Tenderers to give the names of two good and sufficient securities willing to become bound for the due execution of the contract.
The Municipal Council of Calumet Island does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
SIMON McNALLY,
Mayor.
Office of the Mu. Council,
Calumet Island,
December 28th, 1874. 3720

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

PAPER RULER, AND

Account Book Manufacturer,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Ruling, Perforating, Numbering

—AND—

GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.

All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
59-63 Sparks street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated.
OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1874. 2426

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

BANK OF OTTAWA.
Office—Victoria Buildings, [opposite Western Block of Parliament Buildings.]
This Bank has now opened for the transaction of a general banking business.
P. ROBERTSON,
Cashier.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875. 3734-6in.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 21, 1874. 3040-8awky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal,
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. Interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. Interest at lowest current rates.
Dec 2 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3085-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa.
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY.
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C.
McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3067

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W. H. WALKER. | R. CASSELS, Jr. | P. PENNOCK.
July 21, 1874.

J. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitors, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. R. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.,
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
J. B. L. FELLOWS, Q. C., MARTIN O'GARA, HORACE LAPIERRE, EDWARD P. REMON
2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
June 7, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Nov. 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa Canada

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3228-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main street, Hull,
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2517y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 26, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, MONTREAL
Sept. 9, 1873. 2882-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 6 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1751

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 29, 1874 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2506-3m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required

DR. J. D. B. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester.
Consultations at all hours. 2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41 Sparks-st. 2722y.

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.
Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.
N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A speciality made of this feature.
BROWNLEE & CO
March 11, 1874. 2815y

Amusements.

Two Grand Concerts!

Under the Patronage of their Excellencies the Earl and Countess of Dufferin.

GOWAN'S HALL, OTTAWA.

Monday & Tuesday, Jan. 11th & 12th.

First Appearance in Ottawa OF THE

BOSTON PHILHARMONIC CLUB,

Consisting of the finest combination of Solo Talent in America, being the Leading Solo Artistes of the celebrated Thomas Orchestra, of New York.

PROGRAMME.

1—Overture....Offenbach.
Philharmonic Club.
2—Horn Solo, "Air d'eglise" [composed 166]...Stradella.
Mr. Adolf Belz.
3—Violin Solo, Witches' Dance......Paganini.
Mr. Bernhard Listemann.
4—Song, Flute Obligato by Mr. Weiner Gounod.
Miss May Bryant.
5—Quartette in G. minor, Allegro, Andante, Rondo.......Mozart.
Messrs. Butler, Listemann, Gramm and Hardegen.
6—Variations from Quartett in D Minor.......Schubert.
7—Flute Solo, Fantasie.............Terschak.
Mr. Eugene Weiner.
8—Paraphrase on Loreley...........Nesvadba.
Philharmonic Club.
9—Song ...."Non ever".........Mattei.
Miss M. Bryant.
10—Duo for Violin and Cello [on English and American Melodies............Servais.
Messrs. Gramm and Hardegen.
11—Overture........"Stradella"........Flotow
Philharmonic Club.
12—GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Seats may be had at Nordheimer's.
Jan 11, 1875. 3739 2

RINK MUSIC HALL,
THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY Evenings, January 14th, 15th and 16th.
THE UNEXPLAINED MYSTERY of the Nineteenth Century,

Miss Annie de Montford,

The famous English Mesmerist, the great European sensation; the envy of the Scientists, the Wonder of the Educated, the Incomprehensible Mystery of the Masses. The most Laughable Entertainment in the World.
Admission, 25 cents Reserved Seats 50 cts.
Reserved Seats can be had at Nordheimer's Music Store, without any extra charge.
CHAS. H. KEESHIN,
Business Agent
Jan 11, 1875. 3739-5

DE MURSKA.

MR. D. DeVIVO has the honor to announce that

MLLE. ILMA DE MURSKA,

The famous Hungarian Nightingale, from Her Majesty's Covent Garden and Drury Lane Theatres, London, will give
Only One Grand Concert,
Under the distinguished Patronage of the Governor General and the Countess of Dufferin,

AT GOWAN'S HALL,

Friday Evening, Jan. 15th, at 8,
On which occasion the following celebrated Musical Artists will appear:
Mlle. Ilma DeMurska.
Mdme. Carreno Sauret, the Brilliant Pianist.
Sig. Ferranti, Prince of Buffos.
Mons. Sauret, the celebrated Violinist.
Sig. Gaetano Braga, King Violoncelist.
Mr. Jas. H. Dank, Accompanist.
Prices as follows: Reserved Seats, $1.50; General Admission, $1. For sale at Nordheimer's Piano Rooms, on and after Wednesday, Jan. 13th.
Knabe Grand Piano used at this Concert.
Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-6

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING
Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Geyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years and will continue the
MANUFACTURING, JEWELLERY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS
in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.
W. YOUNG.
June 23, 1874.

N. MARKS,
Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,
36—*SPARKS STREET*—36
Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine
JEWELLERY,
Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.
A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.
Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and RailwayCompanies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,
Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.
Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.
Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.
West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.
MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.
Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns. Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centreseconds Repeater, Indian, &c.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns. Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.
FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental ateliers of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.
Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.
Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable ... In Electro-plate it is necessary ... to sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No cheap ... is really cheap, at any price, nor worth buying.
Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.
Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.
Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.
The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.
ALEX. ROBERTSON,
Rideau-St.

DR. POMROY,
CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN
May now be consulted in his
ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE
Hours from 10 a.m. until 5 p.m.
Dec. 18 1874. 3711-6w

Auction Sales.

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

BLANKETS

Selling Far Under Cost, by

J. BERMINGHAM.

The subscriber having received last Fall a consignment of 300 Hudson Bay Co.'s Buffalo Robes, has a few left, which he will sell very cheap, to close the consignment.
He has also several large sized Horse Blankets, which will be sold at less than cost.
Private sale every day.
For good and cheap lined and unlined Robes, go to BERMINGHAM'S, opposite the Russell House.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

AUCTION

—OF—

BANKRUPT GOODS!

Consigned to the subscriber, to be sold by Auction and Private Sale, at

50 PER CENT. BELOW COST.

J. BERMINGHAM

Has now on hand a Bankrupt Stock, consisting of
100 White and Gold China Tea Sets,
100 Ladies' Work Boxes—inlaid,
100 Ladies' Writing Desks,
300 very handsome Vases of every design, style and pattern,
100 Toilet Sets,
Cut and Engraved Crystal Water Jugs and Celery Bowls,
50 English Chromos,
Bouquet Holders, Britannia Metal Tea Pots, and several Silver Tea Sets.
All selling (private sale) at 50 per cent. under English cost, at BERMINGHAM'S Sale Rooms opposite the Russell House.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Household Furniture by Auction.

THE subscriber is instructed by Mr. Martin Fahey, to sell by Public Auction, on
FRIDAY, THE 15th INST.,
commencing at 11 o'clock, at his store, Stockdale's Buildings Rideau-st., all the Household Furniture and effects therein, consisting of Sofas, Lounges, Sideboards, Presses, Bureaus, Piano Stool, cane Chairs, common Chairs, round and fall-leaf Tables, Pictures, Wardrobes, Pillows, Blankets, Kitchen Stoves, Hall Coal Stoves, large box Black Giant Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Kitchen Chairs and Tables, and various other articles, all without any reserve whatever, as the premises must be surrendered on the 19th inst.
Don't forget the day and place—Stockdale's Buildings, Rideau-st., on Friday, 15th inst., at 11 o'clock.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Jan. 11, 1875.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869) AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.
J. BOURGET of Sussex street, in the City of Ottawa, Insolvent.

AUCTION SALE

OF
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, BRANDIES,
STOCK, CASKS, FIRE PROOF SAFE, SHOP FIXTURES,
AND LEASE OF PREMISES.

The subscriber is instructed by the Assignees Messrs Riddell and Evans of Montreal, to sell by Public Auction at the store of the Insolvent, Sussex street in the city of Ottawa on Thursday, the 14th inst., commencing at 11 o'clock, a. m., in lots to suit purchasers, the stock of the above insolvent consisting in part of sixteen thousand assorted cigars, several cases champagne, claret, brandy, red, blue and green seal, gin, Rhine wine, Scotch whiskey, sherry, and a large assortment of wines in wood and in bottle. Also the shop fixtures, stock, casks, bottling machine and lease of premises, all to be sold without any reserve,
J. BERMINGHAM.
Auctioneer.
January 11th, 1875

Auction Sale

OF VERY VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS,

Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.

HECTOR McLEAN

Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa on SATURDAY, THE 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:
License No. 181, season of 1873-4 comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 182, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.
License No. 183, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vieille Branch, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.
These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.
Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the
UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,
THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,
Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.
Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.
TERMS CASH.
JAMES SNEDDEN,
Ramsay.
Dec. 30th, 1874. 3731-1d

LAND FOR SALE.
1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land
Near the City, for sale.
The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice as the owner is in want of money.
For particulars apply to
JOHN W. MAGUIRE,
2d, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester.
Or, Ottawa P. O.,
Sept. 2, 1874.

Railways.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

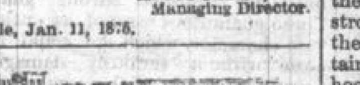
LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.30 a.m.	4.15 p.m
Ottawa	10.40 a.m.	5.00 p.m
Renfrew	9.30 a.m.	4.10 p.m.

ARRIVE.

Ottawa	1.20 p.m.	7.40 p.m
Renfrew	2.15 p.m.	8.50 p.m
Brockville	2.10 p.m.	8.40 p.m.

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.
4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.
A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.
Brockville, Jan. 11, 1875.



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.
And acceleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—
GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction.	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East.......	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.35 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West........	7.10 P.M.

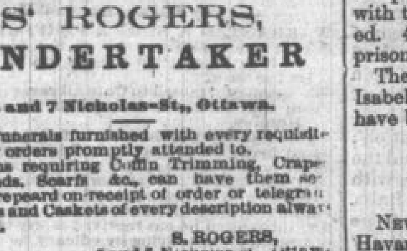
† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.05 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East..........	4.25 P.M.
8 Express	10 45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.
Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 8.
Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.
Time faster than by any other route.
Trains are run on Montreal time.
THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa
Dec 15, 1874.

Miscellaneous.



S. ROGERS,
UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.
Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them so ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.
Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.
S. ROGERS,
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The Canadian Washer
A. R. GILES, Manufacturer, Between Butler and Bolton Streets, Ottawa.
OTTAWA, Nov. 25, 1874.
A. R. GILES,
SIR,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Washing Machines, and have used it in my family for some time, and have found it to be a complete success, on account of its great facility in working, and it is durability; and I think it is an article which is quite indispensable to any family.
Yours truly,
JOHN MOREAU.

BOARD AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at MRS. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets.
Oct 10, 1874.

Summary of News.

A large number of cases of people being frozen to death have occurred during the intense cold of the last few nights, all through the United States.

In the Beecher-Tilton trial on Saturday Judge Morris continued his argument up to the hour of adjournment, and will conclude to-morrow. So far he has developed nothing new.

The Pacific Mail Investigation continues to occupy the minds of our American friends, but as yet nothing definite has been arrived at.

We publish this morning a list of all the candidates nominated yesterday for the Local Legislature, leaving out of course the large leet which the electors of Ottawa have chosen from which to select their man.

It would seem by our telegraphic despatches that peace is not yet in unhappy Spain. Official intelligence has been received of a battle in the Province of Valencia, in which the Carlists were beaten by Royalist troops.

The Masson College at Terrebonne, where so many of our youths go to finish their education, was yesterday totally destroyed by fire. No lives were lost, and the students are being hospitably entertained by the people of the neighbourhood.

The President of the United States, policy with regard to the Southern embroglio has called forth much condemnation, and now it is said that Secretary Fish is about to resign rather than subscribe to the President's dictum It is more than likely that Secretary Bristow, too, will refuse to subscribe to the President's "all of us."

A large and influential meeting was held in the Cooper Institute last night to denounce the outrages recently committed against the political rights of the people of Louisiana. Mayor Wickham presided and said that while the state of Louisiana would tell the world that assassination reigns in the South, their meeting there would tell the world that indignation reigned in the North.

Bismarck is already seeing something wrong in King Alfonso's policy, and has, it is said, intimated that Germany will defer recognition of the Government until the decree suspending the Protestant newspapers and closing the Protestant church in Cadiz is abolished. This looks like as if that wily intriguer was already finding the first grounds for picking a quarrel with Spain. If so Alfonso will soon find how true it is that "uneasy lies the head that wears a crown."

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Bismarck picking a Quarrel with Spain.

LONDON, Jan. 12th, 6 a.m.—The *Times*, this morning, says it has reason to believe that Prince Bismarck has intimated to Spain that the German Government will defer recognition of King Alfonso until the decree suspending two Protestant newspapers and closing the Protestant chapel in Cadiz is repealed.

SPAIN.

More Carlist Engagements.

MADRID, Jan. 11.—Official intelligence has been received by the Minister of War, of an engagement in the Province of Valencia, between the Carlists and Royal troops, in which the former were defeated with the loss of 40 killed and many wounded. 400 of the insurgents were taken prisoners.

The Spanish order of Charles III., Isabella the Catholic, and Marie Louise, have been re-established.

CUBA.

The Cubans and Alfonso.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—A letter from Havana dated January 5th, says—"There is some enthusiasm in the interior towns by the Spaniards over the accession of Alfonso XII. There is no change in military affairs. The number of available troops is barely sufficient to prevent the insurgents from undertaking any movement of magnitude in the Cinco Villas, while the entire central department belongs to that body of troops, whether Spaniards or insurgents, which happens to occupy any particular spot of the ground.

UNITED STATES.

The Beecher Case.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Among the early arrivals at the Court House were Moulton, Tilton and Rev. H. W. Beecher. Judge Morris opened the case in a speech which bids fair to occupy all the afternoon.

The President's Message to Louisiana.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—A Washington despatch to the *Herald* says the President has completed his message to Louisana without having consulted with any member of the investigating committee. The message only waits the preparation of accompanying documents to be sent to Congress.

Arrival of the King.

MADRID, Jan. 11.—King Alphonso will enter the capital on Thursday next.

It is reported that Don Carlos is determined on a vigorous prosecution of the war, notwithstanding the restoration of the monarchy. The Government will accordingly direct the resumption of active operations against him in a few days.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(*By Telegraph.*)

TERREBONNE.

Masson College Destroyed by Fire.

TERREBONNE, Jan. 11.

The Masson College was burnt to ashes this morning at seven a.m. The fire took place in the chapel, and in less than two hours everything was destroyed. The boys' personal apparel was partly saved. Total loss, $100,000; insurance for only $28,000. There was no supply of water, nor powerful engine. All the scholars are well, and well entertained by the population. A part of the scholars have gone by stages and private vehicles to their homes. Parents need not be uneasy; everybody is all right here now.

MANITOBA

Large Fire at Winnipeg—Outlawry of Riel.

FORT GARRY, Jan. 11.

The first large fire in Winnipeg took place this afternoon in Pagrie's restaurant, and burned that block, owned by Mr. McDermott. The adjoining law office, occupied by F. McKenzie, was burned but a great deal of the property and goods was saved. There is but little insurance on the buildings and goods destroyed. The steam engine worked well. The total loss is about $15,000.

The final steps were taken by the sheriff in the outlawry of Riel yesterday at St. Boniface.

The weather is very cold. Forty-two degrees below zero last night.

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa.
3691d&w.

LOCAL LEGISLATURE.

The Nominations Yesterday.

(*By Special Telegrams to the Times.*)

MONDAY, Jan. 12.

The following are the candidates nominated throughout Ontario to represent the various constituencies in the Local Legislature, as far as heard from:—

NORTH BRANT.
H. Finlayson and W. S. Campbell, Ministerialists; J. S. Crawford, Oppposition.

SOUTH BRANT.
A. S. Hardy, Ministerial, by acclamation.

CORNWALL.
Snetzinger and McIntyre.

DUNDAS.
S. S. Cook and A. Brader.

EAST DURHAM.
S. S. Smith and John Rosevear.

WEST DURHAM.
Mr. McLeod and Mr. McCluny.

WEST ELGIN.
F. Hodgins and M. G. Munroe.

NORTH ESSEX.
A. Prince and L. Montreul—J. C. Patterson, Frontenac; Thos. Dawson (Independent), P. Graham.

GLENGARRY.
A. McNab and A. J. Grant.

SOUTH GRENVILLE
C. F. Fraser, and J. C. Irvine.

SOUTH GREY.
J. Hunter, J. Hopkins, and J. Nasmith.

NORTH GREY.
C. McFayden, Thos. Scott.

EAST GREY.
Brown and Lauder.

HALDIMAND.
Baxter and R. Waldbrook.

HALTON.
W. Barber, and W. C. Beatty.

HAMILTON.
J. M. Williams, Ministerial, by acclamation.

WEST HASTINGS.
Thos. Wills, J. Lewis and R. Graham.

NORTH HASTINGS.
Boulter and O'Flynne.

NORTH HURON.
A. Bishop and Geo. Case.

EAST HURON.
F. Van Noonan and F. Gibson.

WEST HURON.
A. M. Ross and J. Davison.

WEST KENT.
Stephen White and Alex. Coults.

EAST KENT.
McKellar and Laird.

KINGSTON.
William Robinson and Dr. McCammon.

NORTH MIDDLESEX.
J. S. Smith and J. McDougall.

MONCK.
Dr. Haney and S. W. Hill.

EAST NORTHUMBERLAND.
Webb and Ferris; E. Cochrane.

WEST NORTHUMBERLAND.
W. Hargraft and M. J. Gifford.

SOUTH NORFOLK.
S. McCall and S. Richardson.

EAST NORFOLK.
Dr. Clark and Jas. McKnight.

NORTH ONTARIO.
Paxton and McRae.

SOUTH ONTARIO.
Fairwell and Brown.

NORTH OXFORD.
Mowat, by acclamation.

SOUTH OXFORD.
A. Oliver, J. McDonald, B. Hopkins and Dr. Devlin.

PEEL.
K. Chisholm and J. W. Beynon.

NORTH PERTH.
D. D. Hay, G. Towner and R. Keays; T. M. Daly.

SOUTH PERTH.
T. Ballantyne and Liversage.

PARRY SOUND AND MUSKOKA.
Miller and Lang, both Ministerial.

EAST PETERBORO.
Jas. Sullivan and Dr. O'Sullivan.

PRESCOTT.
P. Potts and Dr. Harkin.

PRINCE EDWARD.
G. Striker and Robt. Clapp.

STORMONT.
J. Bethume and W. Colquhoun.

EAST TORONTO.
Crooks and Cameron.

WEST TORONTO.
W. Thompson and R. Bell.

SOUTH VICTORIA.
S. C. Wood and W. Cottingham.

SOUTH WATERLOO.
Fleming, Ministerial, by acclamation.

WELLAND.
Currie and Buchner.

WEST LAMBTON.
L. B. Pardle and R. G. Chalmers.

EAST LAMBTON.
P. Graham and Geo. Shirley.

NORTH LANARK.
Caldwell and Dr. Maston.

SOUTH LANARK.
Wm. Doran and A. Code.

NORTH LEEDS.
Merrick, Smith, and Raid, all three Opposition.

SOUTH LEEDS.
Ruben, Fields, and Dr. Preston.

LENNOX.
T. W. Casey, and P. D. Booth, and F. T. Grange.

LINCOLN.
Neelon and Rykert.

LONDON.
Durand and Meredith.

EAST MIDDLESEX.
James Evans and Richard Tooley.

WEST MIDDLESEX.
Watterworth and Currie.

WEST WELLINGTON.
R. McKim and John McGowan.

CENTRAL WELLINGTON.
C. Clark, by acclamation.

SOUTH WELLINGTON.
P. Gow, by acclamation.

NORTH WENTWORTH.
Thos. Stock and Robert Christie.

SOUTH WENTWORTH.
W. Sexton and J. W. Spohn.

EAST YORK.
D. Lane and Willie McDougall.

WEST YORK.
Patterson, Ministerialist, by acclamation.

NORTH YORK.
Dr. Widdifield and E. Jackson.

SIMCOE.
McCankey and Lang.

EAST ELGIN.
Thomas Arkell and Dr. Wilson.

BROCKVILLE.
BROCKVILLE, Jan. 11, 1875.

At the Nomination to-day Col. W. H. Cole was nominated in the Reform interest, and Wm. Fitzsimmons, the late representative, in the Conservative interest. A poll was demanded on behalf of both candidates.

COUNTY OF PRESCOTT.
L'ORIGNAL, Jan. 11.

The nomination was held here to-day. Dr. Harkin, Opposition candidate, was nominated by Mr. E. A. Johnson and Major McLean, and seconded by Messrs. S. Labrosse and P. Garreau. Mr. Philo Pattee, Ministerialist, was nominated by Mr. John Ryan and seconded by Mr. Thomas Higginson. Mr. James Boyd was nominated by Capt. McIntosh and seconded by Duncan Campbell.

The candidates, movers and seconders, made speeches, and at the close of the meeting Mr. Boyd retired in favour of Mr. Pattee, the Reform candidate.

SOUTH RIDING OF LEEDS.
DELTA, Jan. 11.

At the nomination for the Legislative Assembly held here to-day for the South Riding of Leeds, the following gentlemen were nominated: Dr. R. A. Preston, Rouben Fields, W. H. Frendenburgh, Dr. Giles and Wm. Webster. All but Dr. Preston (Opposition) and Reuben Fields (Ministerialist) resigned, and a poll being demanded, the necessary arrangements for such were made, to take place on the 18th instant.

SOUTH LANARK.
PERTH, Jan. 11th.

The nomination for the representation of South Lanark in the Local Legislature took place to-day in the Town Hall here, about 700 people being present. Mr. Abraham Code, the former member was proposed by Mr. John Haggart, M. P., seconded by Mr. Lees, of Bathurst; Mr. William Dorans was proposed by Mr. J. A. Gould, of Smith's Falls, seconded by Mr. Auneas Kippen, of Perth—a poll was demanded. It is expected the vote will be a very large and a very close one.

SOUTH RIDING OF RENFREW.

Mr. Bonfield [Ministerial] Elected by Acclamation.

RENFREW, Jan. 11.

The nomination of a member to represent the South Riding of Renfrew in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario took place at the Town Hall, Renfrew, at noon, to-day. Andrew Irving, of Pembroke, being the Returning Officer. Jas. Bonfield, of Eganville, was nominated by Mr. J. L. McDougall, seconded by Mr. Jas. McKiernan, Reeve of the Township of Grafton. No other nomination being made, the Returning Officer at the expiration of the time for receiving nominations, declared Mr. Bonfield duly elected. Brief speeches were afterwards addressed to the assembled electors by Mr. McDougall and by Mr. Bonfield, followed by a few remarks from Mr. McLachlin, the editor of the Arnprior *Review*. Mr. Bonfield avowed himself a warm supporter of the Reform party which had been the first to invite Catholics to prominent offices both in the Dominion and the Provincial Governments. The proceedings, which were very quiet and unexciting, were brought to a close by a vote of thanks and cheers for the Queen and Returning Officer.

DUNDAS.
WEST WINCHESTER, Jany. 11.

The nomination at Winchester Springs to-day were Mr. F. S. Cook (Ministerial,) nominated by Mr. Thos. McDonald, of Morrisburg, seconded by Mr. Merkley, of Williamsburg, Andrew Brode, (Opposition,) nominated by David Rae, seconded by Dr. Hickey. Both candidates addressed the assembly.

The bad roads prevented many from attending. The meeting was favourable to Mr. Cook.

COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Mr. Monk Elected by Acclamation.

BELL'S CORNERS, Jan. 11.

Mr. Monk elected by acclamation.

NORTH RENFREW.
PEMBROKE, Jan. 11.

The Nomination of candidates to represent North Renfrew in the Local House took place here to-day. Mr. William Moffatt (Ministerialist) was proposed by Mr. Thomas Murray, seconded by Mr. D. E. Mitchell; Mr. Thos. Deacon (Opposition) was proposed by Mr. Peter White, jr., seconded by Mr. M. O'Meara.

RUSSELL.
DUNCANVILLE, Jan. 11.

The nominations took place here at 12 o'clock to-day. The following gentlemen were nominated: Mr. John Maguire nominated, and Mr. Jno. Tyler and Vertal Amard seconded Mr. J. L. P. O'Hanly; Mr. H. Bolton nominated, and Mr. J. W. Loux seconded Robt. Sparks; Mr. Alex. McEwan nominated and Mr. D. McCallum seconded Dr. Ferguson; Mr. S. G. A. Roache nominated and Mr. J. W. Hughs seconded Mr. A. J. Baker; Mr. W. Eadie nominated and Jno. Ronan seconded Mr. Ira Morgan; Mr. W. B. Helmer nominated and Mr. Pierre Bissonnette seconded Mr. Jno. Tyler.

Mr. J. L. P. O'Hanly came forward and claimed he had first raised the banner of Reform in this County, and declared himself in favour of the present Government, and intended going to the polls.

Mr. Robt. Sparks next came forward, and declared himself in favour of the Conservative colours, but owing to the pressure of other business he could not give that attention to their interests he wished to do, and resigned in favour of Mr. Baker.

Dr. Ferguson next came forward, and solicited their suffrages on the grounds that he had been called by a large number of electors, and declared himself in favour of the Hon. Mr. Mowat's Government. He also demanded a poll.

Mr. Baker next came forward in ... the interests of the Conservative ... but he would support every ... He demanded a poll.

Mr. Ira Morgan ... said he would support the ... ment as far as ... deserving of ... at a poll.

THE TIMES

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Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

The Times.

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JAN. 12, 1875.

ALGOMA.

Mr. Dawson's name having been classed with the Opposition in the *Mail* newspaper's list of candidates, we are requested to state that should Mr. Dawson decide on becoming a candidate for the constituency of Algoma, it will not be in opposition to the present Government of Ontario.

THE NOMINATIONS YESTERDAY.

It really does seem as if it were settled that the nominations for the Local Legislature in this city are to be a *fiasco* upon each occasion. There was a good deal of pointed irony in the Sheriff's remarks on the hustings yesterday that there was "only a baker's dozen" of candidates altogether. It was surprising, however, the little that our Tory friends had to find fault with in the Ontario Government. There was one point offered against them and one only. They did not give us an extra member, and thus relieve the Opposition from the quandary in which they find themselves placed to-day; therefore, according to Tory logic, they are worthy of condemnation. That is a poor argument at best, and still poorer in the face of the fact that there is positively no room for complaint as to the manner in which the interests of this section of the country have been treated at the hands of Mr. Mowat and his colleagues. It is remarkable, too, that whenever any one offered to mention some of the evidences of their liberality, such as the Normal School, they were met with the cry that the people of Ottawa could not be bought by any favour of his kind. We wonder whether the people of Ottawa could have been bought by an extra member? That at least is what we should logically conclude to be their opinion from the peculiar way in which they put it, but we venture to say the people themselves will have another story to tell, and do not feel extremely obliged to those who put such sentiments in their mouths. Mr. Rowe fished very hard for popularity. There was not another man there, he said, who declared his principles but himself, and he, forsooth, was a Liberal Conservative since the time he was toddling at his mother's knee? We should like to know how old the worthy Alderman is; for if we are not much mistaken, he had considerably outgrown the height of his mother's apron strings ere there was any such political appellation heard of in Canada as Liberal Conservative. Mr. Rocque is a very witty gentleman, as a rule, and he seemed primed for the occasion yesterday. Mr. Rowe's unfortunate allusion to his maternal parent and the political inspiration she breathed into her promising son was a weapon in his hands which did excellent service. We are sorry for Alderman Rowe. He is likely, from all we hear, to be passed over by the party upon this occasion, and will be permitted to practice the most approved systems of elocution, effects of postures, attitudes, range of voice, &c., for some time to come in the humble City Hall of Ottawa. There he is a useful and respectable member, but he will excuse us for saying that he has reached high enough in the meantime. We might ask him, since we are on the subject, how he became possessed of that Ontario Cabinet secret which leaked forth through his prudent lips yesterday. How did he become aware of the intentions of Mr. Mowat and his colleagues on the subject of additional representation for Ottawa, and of their sudden resolve to abandon the plan? Let his friends beware. He may have "gone back upon his mother," for a time, and been in consultation with a Grit Ministry which would surely be a mortal offence against the Liberal-Conservative principles he sucked out of his little thumbs when he was toddling about his mother's knees in the good old days.

We are informed that the Hon. John O'Connor is likely to become the Opposition candidate upon this occasion. Were it not for the extreme unprobability of his being elected, we would suggest that it was somewhat *infra dig.* in an ex-Post master General of the Dominion of Canada, to enter the more humble House at Toronto; and to be connected with such a miserable set of men as Lauder, Rykert, and Company, too! We live in strange times, and strange things do happen.

THE REV. FATHER STENSON.

If there is one trait in the Irish character more pronounced than another, it must be admitted to be the warm affection they entertain for their clergy. The history of Ireland affords many striking examples of noble self-sacrifice and devotion amongst her sons where the interest of the Church or her priesthood were in question, which, however we may differ in creed, must be admitted to be attributable solely to their deep religious sentiment and ardour. In matters political or social, as well as moral, recurrence has always been had to the priest, whose advice invariably decided the matter in dispute. What the Irishman is at home, he is all over the world; he carries the same fervour towards his Mother Church in all his peregrinations, and his allegiance is of the same unalterable character. In the large cities of the United States, where there is a large Irish population, some of them occupy positions of honour and of usefulness to the country of their adoption, and some, on the other hand, of that class who, *more Hibernico*, like to deal with matters which do not exactly meet their views in a manner neither in harmony with the law of the land, nor pleasing or convenient to their opponents, the civil power, which would on other occasions affect to ignore the influence of the priest, has often been glad to have recourse to his influence; and instances in which much bad feeling and even bloodshed have been averted, and a peaceable solution of a difficult question arrived at, are by no means few. If, then, the priest be a man of broad and moderate views, unswayed by bigotry or party feeling, his influence must exert on his countrymen a beneficial effect the importance of which cannot be over. estimated. Amongst ourselves the Irish are an intelligent, manly, and lawabiding people, whose commercial and political dealings with their neighbours reflect credit on themselves and their nationality. They have a free field for their labour and industry, and have earned their fair share of commercial prosperity and of places of honour and emolument in the state as well as in the other walks of life. But in the days of their prosperity as in the days of Ireland's bitterest story the same warm devotion to their church and firm allegiance to and respect for her clergy is conspicuous. Of this we are afforded an instance in the several addresses and presentations lately made to the Rev. Mr. Stenson, the former breathing deep religious attachment, and in the ovation accorded him on his departure, a report of which appears in another column. That their tributes of esteem were as deservedly received as they were cordially given, will we think, be readily conceded, not only amongst Mr. Stenson's own countrymen, but also by the many admirers of all creeds he has made during his comparatively brief stay in our midst by his unostentatious and gentlemanly deportment, his kindness, and his liberality. As a forcible and ready speaker he stood unrivalled amongst the Catholic clergy of the city, if not indeed amongst those of other denominations, and while we regret the loss the city sustains by his removal, we can congratulate the good people of Almonte on their gain of an able and useful, though quiet and unostentatious clergyman.

Correspondence.

THE PROTESTANT MEETING AT THE RINK.

To the Editor of the TIMES:

Sir,—In your report of the meeting in the Rink on Saturday evening, you represent me as "claiming for Protestants representation in the Ontario Legislature, etc." Now, as no statement made by me at that meeting could possibly bear that construction, I am at a loss to know how your reporter could have received such an impression.

What I did urge in that connection, was that to allow the claim set up by our Irish Roman Catholic fellow-citizens to the representation of this city in the Ontario Legislature would, of course, disfranchise the Protestant portion of the community, and that such an absurd proposition was not to be entertained.

It is not necessary that I should make any further reference to the matter, except to repel the insinuation that the meeting in question tended to excite religious animosity. On the contrary, the object of the meeting was to administer a rebuke to those who sought to make a stalking horse of religious prejudice.

Yours,
James Lang.

Jan. 11th, 1875.

THE AGENT GENERAL.

Canada Government Building,
King street, Westminster, S. W.,
Dec. 21, 1874.

The Editor of the London (Ont.) *Free Press.*

Sir,—The following appeared in your weekly issue of Dec. 3rd, "It is currently reported in Quebec that Mr. Jenkins, M. P., has resigned the office of Canadian Agent in England; his resignation to take effect at the expiration of his first year of office. Mr. Jenkins will, it is understood, be succeeded by a prominent Maritime Province politician."

It may save the ingenious and versatile persons who occupy themselves in concocting *canards* for the press, much trouble if I state that the above and all similar rumours are fiction. I have no intention of resigning the post of Agent General for Canada, and sincerely trust that no "Prominent Maritime Province Politician" is engaged in the futile and protracted occupation of awaiting a chance to succeed me. I am, sir,

Yours faithfully,
Edward Jenkins.

INTERESTING SCENE IN THE VATICAN.

On the Feast of the Immaculate Conception the Vatican witnessed a most interesting scene. The Sovereign Pontiff, surrounded by a great number of prelates, entered the Hall of the Consistory about twelve o'clock, and received, in a general audience, many ladies of the Roman nobility and *bourgeoisie*, who presented his Holiness with a number of vestments for the service of poor churches. Many of these vestments were richly adorned, and others of simpler character were displayed in the hall. When the Holy Father had taken his seat upon the throne, the Marchesa Serlupi Crescenti (*née* Fitzgerald), in the name of the assembled ladies, read the following beautiful epigraph:

"To the Sovereign Pontiff, Pius IX., on the twentieth anniversary of the solemn definition of the dogma of the Immaculate Conception of Mary, his subjects and daughters present their humble offering as an assurance of the desire and hope which they cherish to behold at last the triumph, so ardently desired, which the Mother of God prepares for him in return for the glorious title with which, by an infallible decree, he has declared her to be crowned."

The Holy Father responded to this address in a beautiful discourse, of which we give a translation in another column.

THE TANNERIES INVESTIGATION.

EXAMINATION OF MR. DANSEREAU.

Montreal, Jan. 11.

The Committee met at 11.15 this morning.

The examination of Mr. Dansereau was resumed. Could not say by whom he was informed that the Roman Catholics were opposed to the request of the General Hospital; whether by M. Archambault, M. Chapleau, or M. Ouimet, members of the clergy, or by other persons in private conversation. Had told the Ministers of such opposition; did not think he was the first who spoke to them on this subject. This was before the exchange with Middlemiss was contemplated. Had not spoken of a formal opposition on the part of the Catholics, being unauthorized to do so; but had stated that he had reason to believe that such opposition would cause the Ministry embarrassment. Had opened negotiations with the Government on this regard in June. All his time was given to this matter—to speculations and politics. Was accustomed to meet Middlemiss some four times daily with Ouimet and Archambault. Had not gone to Quebec. Interviews took place in this city. Did not consider it as an ordinary speculation in property. Had three distinct reasons for acting in the interest of Mr. Middlemiss; First,—Because he considered it a fine opportunity for the Government to solve the difficulty. Second,—Because he desired greatly to enter into intimate relations with Middlemiss as agent of a commercial agency, being at issue with other apparently dishonest commercial agencies, besides he counted upon profit from this *liaison*, and to place Middlemiss *au courant* regarding their own affairs, and show how the societies had done them injustice. Desired also to obtain from him credit in the States. Another reason was wholly political. Had remarked that the Government would be embarrassed by opposition, and Middlemiss represented that the affair was viewed favourably by a number of his political friends. Was concerned in contested elections in this district, for Argenteuil, Bagot and L'Assumption. Was not aware what position Middlemiss would take in the settlement of these contestations. Was under the impression that this transaction would greatly aid such settlement. Middlemiss had stated that he had not known exactly how he would manage this matter, but he had strong reasons for believing that he would succeed, had he consulted no other persons in this connection. Had said nothing in this relation to his political chiefs, nor had he mentioned the motives which impelled him to forward the exchange on the 1st of July, or the next day. Had told Mr. Archambault that this transaction would be in the interest of the *Minerve*. This had reference to a sort of prosecution they suffered from mercantile agencies, and he hoped to remove this difficulty. Archambault had probably understood him to say that he (witness) had obtained in this regard bank credit for $3,000 or $4,000, as he told Archambault that Middlemiss was about to alter the agency into a commercial house, with a capital of $20,000, or something to such effect. If they had obtained the confidence of this agency their notes would be guaranteed to this amount in the bank. Did not know whether this conversation took place at his office or Mr. Archambault's room. It was private. Had not told Mr. Archambault that he could obtain such credit. Had only one conversation for two minutes with Mr. Chapleau concerning this matter. Had commenced an explanation of the project, but Mr. Chapleau being pressed referred him to Mr. Archambault. Had remarked that the latter was favourable to the scheme, when he (Mr. Chapleau) said "all right," and left him. Had not mentioned his political hopes. Had not expected to derive any pecuniary advantage relative to this transaction, either for himself or the *Minerve*. Had received, on the 23rd of June, $8,000 from Mr. Middlemiss. Did not know at the time where Mr. Middlemiss obtained the money. Mr. Middlemiss owed him nothing at this period. Had received, on the 8th of July, $40,000 from Mr. Middlemiss, who was not his debtor. The $8,000 was not paid to Mr. Archambault in the discharge of his obligation; but the $4,000 was so paid. Had paid the remaining $4,000 on the 8th of July, with money obtained from Mr. Middlemiss. Had notified Mr. Archambault that he would pay him about the eve of the day on which the deeds were signed. Had paid the first $4,000, he thought, on the 2nd of July, but a receipt was not to be given until the balance was paid. Had given Mr. Archambault a certificate of the deposit of the first $4,000, in the presence of the latter's son, an advocate. Had refused a receipt on the payment of the balance, observing that he would prefer a receipt under his private seal, owing to the fear of attacks from a hostile press. Had not fyled the receipts he afterwards received. Archambault had not said precisely that his son could not be witness to a receipt, but he had observed that it would be better that he would not witness it. The mortgages on his father's property had not been removed. Knew he could utilize the receipt under private seal, which he had received, but expected afterwards to obtain a formal receipt of payment. Had it in view at the time the commotion was made about the exchange, as he knew himself, Archambault, and others were closely watched. Was not aware which receipt he had received on the 8th of July; it bore no date. M. Harteau had placed it, on the day after receipt, in his safe. The receipt was written by Archambault himself. Had paid the second $4000 personally in cash to Archambault. The previous payment was by depositing. Did not remember paying the interest on the loan when he paid the capital; but in any case had paid the amount three weeks or a month after the excitement in this relation was raised. Had told Messrs. Ouimet and Chapleau of the payment of $8,000. Had first spoken to M. Ouimet concerning this transaction about the 20th day of June. Had then been seven or eight days in communication with Middlemiss. Had recommended the scheme, and had shown the plan of the property, which he proceeded with M. Ouimet on the same afternoon to examine. Had told him *en route* that a portion of the Garieau property, then recently sold, had brought 18 cents per foot on the average, the remainder being withdrawn, as the proprietor was dissatisfied with the price. Had told him that Middlemiss desired to exchange. Had represented Middlemiss to be a man of business. M. Ouimet had not inquired how he came to be interested in such a matter. Was not sure that he had conversed with Mr. Ouimet regarding the financial position of the *Minerve*. Had spoke to him, however, on various occasions, touching this subject. Had met both Mr. Ouimet and Mr. Archambault on the day following. Middlemiss had not spoken regarding the value of the Leduc farm in figures. Had told Archambault that he was very anxious to gain favour with Middlemiss by concluding satisfactorily this transaction. Middlemiss had expressed a desire to run a road through the property to the Lachine Road, and Archambault had replied that to this he had no objection, provided that the Government would be at liberty to locate it where they wished. Thought Middlemiss proposed to extend the road through his portion of the property. Did not know why this was not mentioned in the deed, but supposed this was due to neglect on the part of the notary. The deposit of $50,000 at the Jacques Cartier Bank was never intended to form part of an election fund, but was to be returned in fact to Middlemiss. The Ministry did not contemplate ordering the elections at the time. The witnesses examined were Mr. Turcot, who preferred the Government portion of the Leduc farm to the Tanneries property, and Senator Penny who thought there was collusion and fraud on the part of certain members of the Government, whom he could not name, and Mr. A. A. Murphy, merchant, who had heard in conversation that Mr. Middlemiss would probably make $100,000 out of the transaction.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Mr. Dansereau continued his evidence. Had learned from Mr. Archambault on the 28th June, that the order in Council authorising the exchange had been passed. For several reasons it was desirable to pass the deeds as soon as possible, the holidays being at hand when the parties concerned would possibly leave. Neither himself nor the Government were acquainted with the negotiations between Middlemiss and Rice. Only became acquainted with these matters later, when published in the papers. Had not seen the deed passed between Middlmiss and Rice in the hands of Mr. Archambault. Had never seen the Order in Council. Had not known that Middlemiss had borrowed $39,000 from Messrs. Bond Bros. Had not obtained $3,000 from Middlemiss to pay Mr. Archambault, but had employed $4,000 out of this sum for that purpose. Had obtained the $8,000 from Middlemiss without giving security at the time, as Middlemiss said he knew enough of his affairs to justify the loan under such circumstances. Had subsequently given him a sort of provisional receipt. Was not and had not been acquainted with the financial position of Middlemiss. Mention was made in the provisional receipt or *bon*—"For balance received." Did not remember that he had returned this receipt to Middlemiss, but if he had destroyed it, had settled for the entire amount on the eighth of July, when he gave Middlemiss the necessary securities, pledging himself to reimburse the sum at the end of six months. Had no endorser, but had furnished strong guarantees. These guarantees were of an entirely private character, which he could not disclose without seriously damaging his private interests. If these guarantees had reference to any of the Ministers or members of the Legislature, or if they related to the exchange, he wound answer the question. Having no such reference, he refused to reveal their character.

The Committee then adjourned till to-morrow morning, when Mr. Dansereau's evidence will be resumed.

RELIGIOUS CENSUS OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

The South Australian census of 1871 shows 50,849 persons—men, women, and children—described as belonging to the Church of England. This number is 27·39 per cent. of the whole population. The Roman Catholics have 28,688, or 15·44 per cent. of the population; the Wesleyan Methodist, 27,075, or 14·59 per cent.; the Lutherans, 15,415, or 8·30 per cent.; the Presbyterians, 23,371, or 7·20 per cent.; the Baptists, 8,731, or 4·70 per cent., the Primitive Methodists, 8,207, or 4·72 per cent.; the Congregationalists, 7,969, or 4·29 per cent.; the Bible Christians, 7,758, or 4·18 per cent. The remainder of the populotion comprises some members of the smaller denominations, with 5,436 objecting to answer, and 3,082 whose religion is not stated. The Wesleyans and Roman Catholics show the largest numerical increase since 1861. The total population in 1871 was 185,626—males, under 14, 39,926, and above that age, 55,472; females, under 14, 39,192, and above that age, 51,626.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

Oct. 7, 1874. 3691y d&w.

Berkeley, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, Henry Allpass.—To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills. 2695.

FOWLE'S PILE AND HUMOR CURE.

For Internal and External Use

WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE for all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

Price $1 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. 3718

Dec. 14. 18

Carpets.

OTTAWA CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from **Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,**

[late Jacques & Hay,] Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mail Prices.

A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.

SHOOLBRED & CO,
19 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

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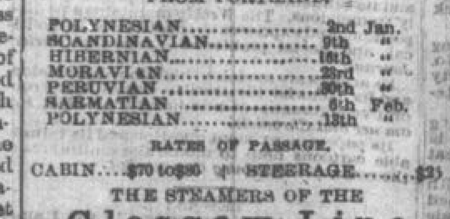
ALLAN LINE OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



FROM PORTLAND.

POLYNESIAN	2nd Jan.
SCANDINAVIAN	9th "
HIBERNIAN	16th "
MORAVIAN	23rd "
PERUVIAN	30th "
SARMATIAN	6th Feb.
POLYNESIAN	13th "

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN....$70 to $80 STEERAGE......$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE Glasgow Line are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN	$60.
INTERMEDIATE	40.
STEERAGE	25.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

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Ottawa July 22 1873.

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Cabin $85 to $90. gold, according to accomodations.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

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GOULDTHRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

THE ELECTIONS.

List of Candidates.

	O.	I.	M.
Addington, Deroche	0	0	1
" Mace	1	0	0
Algoma	0	0	0
Brant, N. R., Finlayson	0	0	1
" S. R., Hardy	0	0	1
Brockville, Fitzsimmons	1	0	0
" Cole	0	0	1
Bruce, N. R., Sinclair (Dr.)	0	1	0
" " Sinclair	0	0	1
" S. R., Wells	0	0	1
Cardwell, Bowles	0	0	1
" Flesher	1	0	0
Carleton, Monk	1	0	0
Cornwall, McIntyre	1	0	0
" Snetsinger	0	0	1
Dufferin	0	0	0
Dundas, Cook	0	0	1
" Broder	1	0	0
Durham, E. R., Rosevear	1	0	0
" " Smith (Seth)	0	0	1
Durham, W. R., McLeod	0	0	1
" " McClung	1	0	0
Elgin, E. R., Askell	1	0	0
" " Wilson	0	0	1
Elgin, W. R., Munro	1	0	0
" " Hodgins	0	0	1
Essex, S. R., Atkin	0	0	1
" " Wigle	1	0	0
Essex, N. R., Prince	0	0	1
" " Patterson	1	0	0
Frontenac, Calvin	1	0	0
Glengarry, Grant	1	0	0
" McNab	0	0	1
Grenville, S. R., Fraser	0	0	1
" " Price	1	0	0
Grey, N. R., Scott	1	0	0
" " McFayden	0	0	1
Grey, S. R., Hunter	0	0	1
Grey, E. R., Lauder	1	0	0
" " Patterson	0	0	1
Haldimand, Baxter	0	0	1
" Waldbrook	1	0	0
Halton, Barber	0	0	1
" Beaty	1	0	0
Hamilton, Williams	0	0	1
Hastings, W. R., Lewis	0	0	1
" " Graham	0	0	1
" " Wills	1	0	0
Hastings, E. R., Appley	1	0	0
" " Wilson	1	0	0
" " Potts	1	0	0
Hastings, N. R., Boulter	1	0	0
" " O'Flynn	0	0	1
Huron, E. R., Vannorman	1	0	0
" " Gibson	0	0	1
Huron, S. R., Bishop	0	0	1
Huron, W. R., Davidson	1	0	0
" " Ross	0	0	1
Kent, E. R., McKellar	0	0	1
" " Laird	1	0	0
Kent, W. R., Coutts	1	0	0
" " White	0	0	1
Kingston, McGammon	1	0	0
" Robinson	0	0	1
Lambton, E. R., Shirley	1	0	0
" " Graham	0	0	1
Lambton, W. R., Pardee	0	0	1
Lanark, N. R., Mostyn	1	0	0
" " Caldwell	0	0	1
Lanark, S. R., Code	1	0	0
" " Doran	0	0	1
Leeds and Grenville, N. R. Merrick	1	0	0
Leeds, S. R., Preston	1	0	0
Lennox, Grange	0	1	0
Lincoln, Rykert	1	0	0
" Neelon	0	0	1
London, Meredith	1	0	0
" Durand	0	0	1
Middlesex, N. R. Macdougall	1	0	1
" Smith	0	0	1
Middlesex, E. R., Tooley	1	0	0
" " Evans	0	0	1
Middlesex, W. R., Currie (N.)	1	0	0
" " Watterworth	0	0	1
Monck, Haney	0	0	1
" Hill	1	0	0
Muskoka, Long (J.)	1	0	0
" Miller	0	0	1
Norfolk, N. R., Clarke	0	0	1
" " McKnight	1	0	0
Norfolk, S. R., Richardson	1	0	0
" " Austin	0	0	1
Northumberland, E. R., Cochrane	1	0	0
" " Ferris	0	0	1
Northumberland, W. R., Gifford	1	0	0
" " Hargraft	0	0	1
Ontario, N. R., McRae	1	0	0
" " Paxton	0	0	1
Ontario, S. R., Brown	1	0	1
" " Farewell	0	0	1
Ottawa, O'Donoghue	0	0	1
Oxford, N. R., Mowat	0	0	1
Oxford, S. R., Oliver	0	0	1
" " Macdonald	1	0	0
" " Devlin	0	0	1
Peel, Beyon	1	0	0
" Chisolm	0	0	1
Perth, N. R., Daly	1	0	0
" " Towner	1	0	0
" " Hay	0	0	1
Perth, S. R., Leversage	1	0	0
" " Ballantyne	0	0	1
Peterborough, W. R., Scott	1	0	0
" " Cox	0	0	1
Peterborough, E. R., O'Sullivan	1	0	0
" " Stratton	0	0	1
Prescott, Pattee	0	0	1
" Harkin	1	0	0
Prince Edward, Clapp	1	0	0
" Striker	0	0	1
Renfrew, N. R., Deacon	1	0	0
" " Moffatt	0	0	1
Renfrew, S. R., Harrington	0	1	1
" " Stewart	0	0	1
Russell, Ferguson	0	0	1
" Baker	1	0	0
" O'Hanly	0	0	1
" Morgan	0	1	0
Simcoe, W. R., Long (T.)	1	0	0
" " McConkey	0	0	1
" " Simpson	0	0	1
Simcoe, S. R., Boulton	1	0	0
" " Snelling	0	0	1
Simcoe, E. R., Kean	1	0	0
" " Sutherland	0	0	1
Stormont, Bethune	0	0	1
Toronto, E. R., Cameron	1	0	0
" " Crooks	0	0	1
Toronto, W. R., Bell	1	0	0
" " Thomson	0	0	1
Victoria, N. R., McCrea	1	0	0
Victoria, S. R., Wood	0	0	1
" " Cottingham	1	0	0
Waterloo, N. R., Miller	1	0	0
" " Springer	0	0	1
Waterloo, S. R.	0	0	0
Welland, Buchner	1	0	0
" Currie	0	0	1
Wellington, N. R., McKim	0	0	1
Wellington, S. R., Gow	0	0	1
Wellington, C. R., Clarke	0	0	1
Wentworth, N. R., Stock	1	0	1
" " Christie	0	0	0
Wentworth, S. R., Sexton	0	0	1
York, N. R., Jackson	0	1	1
" " Widdifield	0	0	0
York, E. R., Lane	0	0	1
York, W. R., Patterson	0	0	1

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Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes; "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P.Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

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Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3727

Election Notices.

TO THE

Electors of Ottawa.

Gentlemen,—Through the dissolution of the Local Legislature, in a short time you will be called upon to elect a representative to that House for the ensuing term. Elected by a large majority when I had the honor to solicit your suffrages before, I trust that my conduct while in Parliament will meet with the full confidence of the whole people at the ensuing election, and as a consequence I announce myself as a candidate for your suffrages on the occasion. Should I be deemed worthy of your approval in the future as in the past, my humble support will be given to the present government in all measures for the benefit of the whole country. I ask assistance in opposing chicanery and double-dealing, and in favour of one who will neither be cajoled or purchased.

Hoping to meet you all at public meetings, and if possible personally, before the day of polling,

I remain,
Yours respectfully,

DAN. J. O'DONOGHUE.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

TO THE

Electors of Russell.

Gentlemen,—I beg respectfully to announce to you that I am a Candidate for your suffrages at the impending General Election for the Ontario Legislature. My political principles are well known to you as contained in detail in my address of 1867; and time and experience have added fresh strength to my convictions of their soundness. As the standard-bearer, who first unfurled the banner of Reform in your Riding, I cannot but rejoice that the good seed then sown, under very adverse circumstances, too, has not only taken deep root, but has already produced fruit.

I congratulate you that many of the measures I advocated before you, particularly those relating to the purity of elections, and without which elective institutions were little better than a farce, are now the law of this great Province; and I am glad to be able to say that some, who then sneered at my humble efforts for the people's good, have since seen the error of their ways, and become zealous workers in the glorious cause of liberty. It is cause of thankfulness that every man can now exercise his franchise without let, hindrance, or fear of consequences, according to his own honest convictions, uninfluenced by any consideration but the general good, and witnessed by no eye but that of his Maker. To the Liberal Government the country owes all these important and beneficial measures. There are many other useful and necessary reforms which will follow in their wake, if the people are true to themselves, and renew their confidence in the present Government by electing men to support them on whom they can rely—men who have a record to point to, whose fidelity to their principles is above suspicion—men who would, if necessary, be ready to follow them into the cold shades of opposition. This is the kind of support they deserve at your hands. Send them not one who veers with every change of political doctrine—a Conservative yesterday, a Reformer to-day, and a Tory again to-morrow if most conducive to his interest or ambition.

In Mr. Mowat's Administration I have the fullest confidence—a confidence inspired by their principles and confirmed by their acts. I heartily endorse not only their legislation, but the economy and efficiency with which they have administered public affairs in promoting education, encouraging settlement and developing our internal resources; and if antecedents be any criterion whereby we may judge our future actions, they shall continue to have my cordial support.

Every scheme for the encouragement of Roads and Railroads shall have my unqualified support, for these are the veins and arteries through which flows the life blood of industry. I shall use every legitimate means to influence aids for such enterprises in your Riding without regard to special interests or particular localities.

I shall devise and promote with my utmost ability a comprehensive scheme for the drainage of your whole county, by which the rich *bottom-lands* now lying waste—preserves for deer stalking—will be converted into blooming fields of golden harvest, increasing your population and enhancing your property.

With a life long devotion—often under very trying circumstances—to the cause of good and cheap Government; with a record, private and public, extending over a quarter of a century on the Ottawa Valley, at which no respectable man need blush, and can challenge fair and honest criticism; with an ambition directed as unerringly as the needle to the pole towards adding my little mite to the stock of human happiness, irrespective of race or creed, clime or color; with a mind free from bigotry as our mountain air from noxious exhalations; I appeal with just confidence to the Liberals of Russell to sustain me, and place me in a position of increased usefulness; and I can safely assure them that their trust will never be betrayed. On Conservative support I base no claim, save that of an honest man, who respects the opinions, nay, the prejudices, of those who differ from him and who in his public capacity shall know none but the people as a whole.

I shall endeavor to see as many of you as it is possible for me in the limited time between this and polling day; and frankly avow my views on any other subject that you may desire to be informed. Those whom I may not be able to see, will, I hope, excuse me, and pass sentence on me according to the principles herein enunciated. On the last occasion that I was before you I addressed, with as much sincerity as ever I uttered a sentence, to large assemblies which happened to be exclusively composed of my own countrymen, and the same I shall now say to all, as follows:—

"You should banish from your minds every consideration except the public good. You should not vote for me simply because I am an Irishman or a Catholic. You should wholly judge me according to the political principles I enunciate before you. If you approve of these, you should support me; and if there is one amongst you who disapproves of them, he is in duty bound to vote against me."

I am,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,

J. L. P. O'HANLY.

Ottawa. 26th December, 1874

Miscellaneous.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'

CELEBRATED

BALTIMORE OYSTERS

To be had in perfection, at

James Buchanan's

SUSSEX STREET.

January 6th, 1875. 1m

ASHFIELD'S EMPORIUM.

Flint Glassware, in plain and fancy, a speciality during the holidays. Those beautiful goods are more durable than CUT, and much cheaper. Now in stock, Fruit and Cake Dishes, all sizes; covered Bowls, Preserve Dishes, all sizes; Water Jugs, Wine Glasses of all kinds; Decanters, Goblets, from 90c to $5 per dozen; Glass Setts, 4 pieces, from 75c; Candlesticks, Ba Tumblers, Decanters, Bottles, at special prices, in fact nearly everything required in this line.

Lamps of all kinds, sizes, and prices. Chandeliers, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Crystal Light Burners and goods. A very large stock now on hand. China, Crockery and Earthenware—White Granite Tea Setts, 44 pieces, $3 50; White Granite Chamber Setts, $3.50, Bed Pans, Sick Feeders, Toast Racks, Churns, and a general variety in this line.

Kerosene Oil from the United States. The best in the market at market prices. All goods sold both wholesale and retail. A call is solicited. **Happy New Year to All.** Prices and Figures awfully cheap now.

JAMES ASHFIELD,
Duke Street, Chaudiere.

Legal Notices.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of THOMAS EDWIN MOORE, An Insolvent.

The creditors of the above-named insolvent are requested to file their claims with the undersigned as soon as possible to enable him to arrive at the total amount of liabilities without delay.

W. H. COOPER,
Interim Assignee.

Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-3

DR. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.

H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants.

Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 laws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-2awkim

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Walford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnston, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the City of Toronto, as solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt become absolute and indefeasible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.

(Sd.) GEO. S. HOLMSTED,
Referee of Titles.

3715-3w-lawk

Government Notices

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector MacLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale.

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 101 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Monsgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,543 feet, and of No. 3, 9,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the room of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Janr., 1875.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Saturday, 12th day of December, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 8th and 9th sections of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 6 and intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, And it is hereby Ordered, that the Town of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec, now an Out-Port of Customs be and is hereby constituted a Port of Entry and a Warehousing Port, the same to take effect from the first day of January next.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.

3735

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Friday, 18th day of December, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas, by Order of the Council of the 7th day of June, 1871, it is directed that sworn declarations and machinists' certificates be in all cases required preliminary to the admission free of duty, of machinery not manufactured in the Dominion for use in Canadian manufactures, and whereas, by the Act 37 Vic., chap. 6, the same machinery is made subject to an *ad valorem* duty of ten per cent, to take effect on the first day of January next, and whereas it is desirable to simplify the practice of the Customs in such cases,—due regard being had to the security of the revenue.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. Minister of Customs, and under the provision of the 12th section of the Act 31 Vic., chap. 6, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the first day of January next, the said Order in Council be, and the same is hereby rescinded, and that Collectors of Customs be, and they are hereby authorized and instructed to accept entry of such machinery on and after that date at ten per cent. duty *ad valorem*, requiring the following affidavit to be filled in each case, and a copy thereof to be attached to the entry.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.

I, A. B., the importer of the following described machinery, viz.:—here a full description of each machine, giving name of maker and use to which it is to be applied, shall be inserted) do solemnly swear, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, no machine such as that above described, is manufactured in Canada; and that the same is imported for use in the manufactory of which I am the (proprietor or one of the proprietors, or legally authorized agent,) and that the same is not to be offered for sale.

Sworn to before me at on the day of 187 . 20-3

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr., SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.

Dec 28, 1874. 3743y

Houses to Let.

TO SELL OR RENT.

The house and grounds lately occupied by Mr. Spragge, just outside the city limits, on the Richmond Road. The house and grounds can be divided, the former making two complete dwellings, if required, with every convenience, and ample room in each for a large family.

Terms of sale or rental, moderate.

Apply to
WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK.

Dec. 7, 1874. 3713-tf

Publications.

PROSPECTUS OF THE New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

One Copy	$2
Three Copies	5
Five Copies	8
Ten Copies	15

Postage five cents per copy for three months.

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at the same price.

One extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. Additions to clubs received at club rates.

These rates make the Weekly Herald the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

A generous portion of the Weekly Herald will be appropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Pomology and the management of domestic animals. Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets.

The aim will be to make the Weekly Herald superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

Every number of the Weekly Herald will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the Weekly Herald will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence. Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The Herald employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the Weekly Herald should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

The price of subscription, whenever practicable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting money by mail.

At small Post Offices in the country where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

Advertisements, to a limited number, will be inserted in the Weekly Herald.

Price of the Daily Herald, four cents a copy. Annual subscription price, $12, always in advance.

Write the address on letters to the New York Herald, in a bold and legible hand, and give the name of each subscriber, Post Office, County and State so plainly that no errors in mailing papers will be liable to occur.

APPLETON'S AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA

NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of The New American Cyclopædia was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled The American Cyclopædia.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publications of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

This work is sold to subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages, fully illustrated with several thousand Wood engravings, and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

Price and Style of Binding.

In extra Cloth, per vol	$5 00
In Library Leather, per vol	6 00
In Half Turkey Morocco, per vol	7 00
In Half Russia, extra gilt, per vol	8 00
In Full Morocco, antique, gilt edges, per vol	10 00
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Nine volumes now ready. Succeeding volumes, until completion, will be issued once in two months.

Specimen pages of the American Cyclopædia, showing type, illustrations, etc., will be sent gratis, on application.

First-class canvassing Agents Wanted.

Address the Publishers,

D. APPLETON & Co.,
549 & 551 Broadway, N. Y.

TALMAGE'S PAPER.

THE CHRISTIAN AT WORK.

"THE BEST RELIGIOUS PAPER."

A CHOICE OF

TWO BEAUTIFUL PREMIUMS.

An Illuminated Portfolio of Twelve Gems by Hendschel, each 8½ x 10½ in., or the superb Chromo, "The Twins," 22x28 in., after Landseer. Price $3.25, including postage. No extras of any kind. Without Premium, $3 per annum.

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Liberal commission and exclusive territory. Samples and circulars free. Send Postal Card at once to

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Publisher,
Oct. 28. Box 5105, New York

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

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$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy: postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete set of Harper's Magazine, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2.25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express orders of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

Hatters & Furriers.

DEVLIN'S

Fur Depots

416 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.
11 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

White Rabbitt Jackets,

LADIES' SOUTH SEA SEAL JACKETS,

Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets,

Ladies Sea Otter Sets.

R. J. DEVLIN,
Manufacturer.

Jan. 11 1875.

ALEX. BROBERY,

FURRIER,

45 Rideau-st.,

Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,

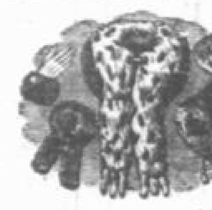
Is offering the balance of his

Stock of Winter Furs

AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3731



LADIES FURS!

GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,

No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to order by

JAMES PEACOK,
No. 33, Rideau Street.

Dec. 10th, 1874. 3724 ml

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.

—AT—

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Mails.

POSTOFFICE OTTAWA,

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS	CLOSE.	DELIVERED.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster etc. by Ra. way. Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B. Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S. Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor Oil and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor Oil, Detroit and Sanfrancisco. Rate, 12 postage same as to other parts of the Dominion. United States, via Ogdensburg. New York, through mail. Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway. North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway. Ingoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway. Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway. Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway. The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction. Pakenham, Pembroke, &c. Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage. Onslow and March via Aylmer. Aylmer, Hull. Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc. Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices Monday, Wednesdays and Fridays. Templeton. Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 10:10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packs the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12:00 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland and Newfoundland can be obtained at this Office.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
Nov. 1, 1874.

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established

AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the Spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEMIEUX,
Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.

Nov. 5, 1874.

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street,

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 3875-y

WHOLESALE

Ready-Made

CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTERS

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 21 1874.

Hardware, &c.

THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

For sale by all Oilmen.

Dec. 4, 1874. 3710-y

HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

In the city is to be found at

THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—For prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 1, 1874.

H. MEADOW'S & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City references given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L Crannell, Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
35 Sussex-St.

Oct. 3, 1874.

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency

OTTAWA CONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26 1874.

Hotels.

THE

CLARENDON HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the **Corner of Sussex and George Streets,** within three to five minutes' walk of Post Office and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 1st January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,

One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms

are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms

are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms

are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms

are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my Table will be one of the best in Canada.

N.B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.

Dec. 28th, 1874.

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM,

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families, combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874.

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD USE THE

Diamond Yeast Cakes

Gift Enterprises.

ANOTHER

OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts	20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 28, 1874. 3726 lw2wkdaw

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts,

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize, $1,000 }
Two Prizes, $500 } Each in Cash
Five Prizes, $100 }

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600

One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth

Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300

Three Gold American Hunting Watches, w $125 each.

Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth 100 each!

1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c.

Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,000

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 82,
Cincinnati, O.

Office: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 26, 1874. 3654 daw

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK, VA.

DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature passed March 8th, 1873.

50,000 TICKETS—6000 CASH GIFTS.

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of	$30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	[illegible]
One Grand Cash Gift of	5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	15,000
28 Cash Gifts of 500 each	14,000
43 Cash Gifts of $250 each	10,750
79 Cash Gifts of $150 each	11,850
250 Cash Gifts of $100 each	25,000
572 Cash Gifts of $50 each	28,600
5000 Cash Gifts of $10 each	50,000
6000 Cash Gifts, aggregating	$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets, $5; Quarter Ticket, $2 50; Eleven tickets, $100.

For Tickets and Circulars, &c., address,

HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary,
Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 25, 1874.

Miscellaneous.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO.,
Sparks Street, near Bank.

NOTICE

All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 28 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.

Dec. 2, 1874.

Furniture.

NEW

Furniture Warerooms.

ANGUS & CO.

Dealers in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cornices and Curtains.

85 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite Honey's New Block.

Jan. 11, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND OR WEST OF CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874.

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874.

Boots & Shoes.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots, Embroidered and Plain Felt Congress, Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress.

Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Felt Bals. Felt Overs.

A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter feet-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at REDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an entire clearance.

Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB,
28 Sussex-St.

Jan. 9, 1875.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA

GENTLEMEN:

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

BOOTS,
SHOES,
MOCCASINS,
MITTS, &c.

AT

W. E. BROWN,
15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3688y daw

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 18 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes,
Mitts, Rubbers,
Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN, Ottawa.

Dec. 24, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS., Wellington-st., Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre.

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats, Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH.

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds,
Geese from 8 to 16 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets.

Dec. 22, 1874.

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole, HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables, outside credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

December 28, 1874.

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co., Cincinnati O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N.J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y, &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE .... 70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874. 3640y

Hardware.

MOORE BROS.,

TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil.

General House-Furnishing Goods,

And Lawn Mowers.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS. OTTAWA.

Jan. 7, 1875. 3673

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES.

J. T. MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces. Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Lamps & Chandeliers

The Largest Assortment in the City.

AT THE OIL DEPOT, SUSSEX-ST.

C. S. SHAW & CO.

Jan. 8, 1875.

Grocers.

GO TO

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE'S

FOR YOUR

GROCERIES.

You will always find a full stock of Groceries, Glassware and Crockery at prices that can't be obtained elsewhere.

FINE

Uncolored Japan Tea,

Only 50c. per lb.

Apples wholesale and retail.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE.
Cor. Kent and Wellington-sts.

Jan. 9, 1875.

CHRISTMAS CARD.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS.

Thanking their numerous friends and customers for the patronage bestowed upon them since commencing business, would remind them that being in a position (through purchasing their Goods previous to advance in wholesale markets) to sell cheap, they will offer to them during the Holidays, value in quality and cheapness that cannot be surpassed in the city, viz.:

OLD PRICES.		NEW PRICES.	
3 lbs. Raisins	30cts.	3 lbs. Raisins	30cts
3 lbs. Currants	27cts.	3 lbs. Currants	20cts
Orange Peel	8cts.	Orange Peel	25cts
Lemon Peel	35cts.	Lemon Peel	25cts
Sultana Raisins	17cts.	Sultana Raisins	3cts
Figs in layers	50cts.	Figs in layers	35cts
Mixed Spices	50cts.	Mixed Spices	40cts

Dec. 21st, 1874.

SOMETHING NEW

To Economical Housekeepers!

Use the British Egg and Butter Powder!

A Perfect Substitute for Eggs!
A Great Saving in Butter!

FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.

Agents for Ottawa—

CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.

3 and 4 Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3m

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

SAPOLIO,

For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.

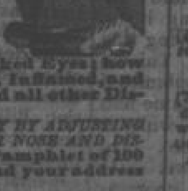
HAND SAPOLIO,

For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artizans and mechanics.

Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.

Dec. 29, 1874. 3750-3awk

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!



SAVE YOUR EYES!

Restore your Sight!

THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES,

By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957,) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with alls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own tables. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender,
738 Broadway, New York.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer (Trade Mark secured) Montreal.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874. 3679

Books & Stationery.

NEW BOOKS.

Grey's Creed of Christendom, 2 vols.	$1.50
Do Enigmas of Life	1 50
John Stuart Mill's Posthumous Essays on Religion	2 50
Draper's The Conflict between Religion and Science	1 75
Popular Science Monthly, vols. 1 to 5 each	2 50
Proctor's The Transits of Venus	2 50
Around the Tea Table, by Talmage, Illustrated	3 00

For sale at

HENDERSON & Co's.

39 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 8, 1875.

SACRED MUSIC BOOKS

FOR 1875

RIVER OF LIFE.

(35 cts.) A most beautiful Sunday School Book. H. S. Perkins and W. W. Bentley.

LEADER.

[$1.38.] Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

THOMAS'S QUARTETS AND ANTHEMS

[$2.50.] Perfect music of the best class, for Quartet Choirs. J. R. Thomas.

DANKS' ANTHEM SERVICES.

[$2.50.] Anthem music of excellent quality for all the services of the Episcopal Church. H. P. Danks.

PERKINS' ANTHEM BOOK.

[$1.50.] Easy Anthems. Very full, good, and already popular collection. W. O. Perkins.

SONG MONARCH.

[75cts.] For Singing Schools. Not much sacred music, but an admirable preparatory course, with a large quantity of secular music for practice. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

All books sent post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 28 1874.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

See T. & B. on each Plug.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874-5.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual price

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerisbell's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Pease Meal.

Dec. 24 1874. THOS PATTERSON.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 28 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest: let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

Aug. 1, 1874. P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT Dr. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, [illegible] F.R.I.A., F.G.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is [illegible] for invalids with great success.

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN.

Dec. 5, 1874. 3711ml

Ladies' Ware,

LONDON HOUSE!

We are showing

The Cheapest Fancy Dress Silks in the City.

UNEQUALLED FOR RICHNESS.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT

Is under the superior management of MRS. M. A. ARMSTRONG. The system we use is the Cornwall Chart, the only method in which a perfect fit can be secured.

HANEY & FORGIE.

Jan. 11, 1875. 3678y

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYANS

234 Wellington-St.

Dec. 5, 1874.

Dry Goods.

Special Bargains in Shawls,

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap,
AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs,
AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats,
AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles,
AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs,
AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING TAILORING.

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $21.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50.
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10 50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward.

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars

&c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. H. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt not in his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 186_, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railing and Building Castings.

AGENCY OF

Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works.

OHIO SANDSTONE

Drain Pipes & Fancy Chimney Goods.

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor,

The largest and best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch, Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries, &c.

A well-arranged stock of MANTELS, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and choice designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Including all other Plain or Mounted.

June 25, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

CHURCH LITERARY SOCIETY.—A regular meeting of this society took place last night in the basement of the Metcalfe Street Wesleyan Methodist Church.

TRUSTEE MEETING.—A special meeting of the Board of Public School Trustees takes place this evening in the City Hall, to dispose of some unfinished business of the past year.

NEW STYLE OF UPHOLSTERING.—Don't fail to see the beautiful Drawing Room Set on exhibition in the window of Angus & Co's new furniture warerooms, 85 & 87 Sparks street. 3740-2

COLD WATER INFLUENCE.—The return of Mr. John Heney for By-Ward as Alderman is attributed to the extraordinary exertions put forth by the temperance men. There is doubtless more truth than poetry in the observation.

BEING REBUILT.—Ald. Bangs has set to work repairing the building on Elgin Street recently occupied as a Custom House, and destroyed a short time ago by fire. The Dominion Telegraph Company purpose making this building, when completed, its headquarters in this city.

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.—Messrs. Angus & Co., have removed their wholesale warehouse to No. 85, on the south side of Spark street. There is a set of drawing-room furniture in the window that reflects creditably on the manufacturers. It is beautifully upholstered in a new style of their own.

MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.—The Boston Philharmonic Club will visit the Ladies College this forenoon, at 11 o'clock, and give one of their first class entertainments in that institution. This fine treat to the young ladies is again due to the exertions of Prof. Butler, the energetic Professor of Music in the College.

READINGS.—The usual weekly readings took place in New Edinburgh last night, and were attended with great success. The amateur vocal and instrumental talent was, all that the most fastidious could desire, and as the performers came forward or retired, they were rewarded with merited applause.

IMPORTS.—The following goods for this city, in the manifest of the steamship "Hibernian," just arrived at Portland from Liverpool:—Hon. Secretary of State, 2 cases; Magee and Russell, 4 bales and 20 packages; Garland, Mutchmor & Co., 20 packages; Russell and Watson, 1 bale.

REMOVAL.—The Rev. Father Dandurand has taken leave of his former position in connection with the Roman Catholic Cathedral in this city. Hull will be the future seat of that gentleman's Christian labours. It is pleasing to know that his removal is not far away, for our citizens will now and then have the pleasure of seeing this genial and warm-hearted man.

THE SIDEWALKS.—Through the continued treading of many feet and the occasional sliding of a good few, whom our policemen ought to look after, the sidewalks have become very slippery and dangerous. Yesterday, however, a few men were employed picking up the beaten tracks in various parts of the city, and though their beauty has been destroyed, they are much safer to tread upon.

GOWAN'S HALL TO-NIGHT.—On the occasion of the Boston Philharmonic Club concert, at which their Excellencies the Governor General and the Countess of Dufferin and suite are to be present, Gowan's Hall will be thoroughly cleansed and comfortably heated. The reserved space will be furnished with sofas from the firm of Messrs. Shoolbred & Co. The gallery will also be reserved and comfortable seats provided.

TORY MASS MEETING.—The Tories sat in solemn conclave last night in the Odd Fellow's Hall. About 100 persons filed an appearance to the tocsin of alarm sounded by the *Citizen* of the same evening. It was rather a tame affair, but the situation was, nevertheless, carefully surveyed by those present. A committee of fifteen was appointed to name a candidate. These gentleman retired for a short time after which they returned with a report recommending that the Hon. John O'Connor, Q. C., be selected as their candidate at the approaching election. The report was adopted unanimously, although a good deal of relutance was manifested by the high strung Tories preseut. It is a desperate resort and is made doubtless with the hope that Rykert & Co. may have a slight increase of the quarette during the next parliament in Ontario.

THE CONQUEROR FIRE COMPANY.—At a meeting of this company held last night the following officers were elected for the current year:—Captain, Mr. George Peacock; 1st Lieut. Mr. John Holt; 2nd Lieut. Mr. S. Shore; Secretary, Mr. H. A. Palmer (re-elected); Treasurer, Mr. S. Cherry (re-elected); 1st Branchman, Mr. D. Wait: 2nd Branchman, Mr. S. Anderson; 3rd Branchmanchman, Mr. J. Brewer; 4th Branchman, Mr. R. Wait; Foreman of Suction, Mr. James Hamilton; Assistants, Messrs. S. Cherry and Blyth. The men of this company have very prudently resolved to insure their lives against accident. This is a good investment of the funds of the Company.

BOSTON PHILHARMONIC CLUB.—The lovers of music in this city were furnished last night with a rich treat, such an one as seldom even falls to the lot of the capital. The Boston Philharmonic Club, composed of some half-dozen first-class musicians, the majority of whom lately belonged to Mr. Thomas's choir, gave the first of two select concerts, which was attended by a medium but appreciative audience, comprising most of the musical amateurs of Ottawa society. The programme was happily selected, and of convenient length, while the execution of the various *morceaux* announced was far beyond anything we have been accustomed to in this city. It would be almost invidious to select any one performer for particular praise, but the repeated plaudits of the audience testified to their appreciation of Herr Weiner's flute solo, a *fantasia* by Briccialdi, of Herr Belz's horn, and Herr Listemann's violin solos. The latter's first production, a variation of Paganini, did not meet with the full approval it deserved, but the performer speedily took the gauge of his audience, and astounded them with a most brilliant piece of execution, which elicited rapturous applause. To our mind the gem of the evening was the 'cella solo by Herr Belz, "Sounds from the Alps," introducing the *Bang des vaches*, and a charming horn effect. This was followed by a *Danse Hollandaise*, a lively spirited production, almost rivalling the celebrated Neapolitan *Tarantella*. Both of these were admirably calculated to bring out the capacities of both instrument and performer. The violin and flute performances of the members of the club were all well received, as they deserved to be—notably the Beethoven "Adante Scherzando" from the quartette in "c minor," and the "Visions of a Dream" with zither obligato. The zither is an instrument too little known and still less cultivated in this country, but in Europe and the German settlements in the States it is highly esteemed for its sweet tones and varied effects. As an instrument for the drawing-room it is eminently calculated to give satisfaction, possessing in addition to its musical properties the advantages of costing comparatively a small sum and requiring but little room. Miss Bryant's singing took the audience by surprise. This young lady possesses a rich and powerful contralto voice, the value of which is enhanced by a clear enunciation and a total absence of anything approaching affectation. She won a couple of richly merited *encores*, to which she responded without the slightest indication of fatigue. The Philharmonic Club give their second and last concert in this city to-night. True lovers of music will miss a real treat if they fail to attend, and all those who possess one spark of musical taste cannot fail to be delighted.

CITY COUNCIL.

The last Meeting—Finance Report—Main Sewer Contract—Health Report—The Fire Brigade—Retiring Allowance to the Mayor and Vote of Thanks

The last regular meeting of the old council was held in the City Hall last night. Present:—His Worship Mayor Featherston, Aldermen Bangs, Pratt, David, Bronson, Rowe, Robertson, Rocque, McDougal, Groulx, O'Connor, Heney, Waller, Durocher, Birkett and Christie.

COMMUNICATIONS &C.

A number of communications, accounts petitions, &c., were presented and read and referred to the respective committees.

MARKET STALLS.

Ald. Durocher enquired if instructions had been given to collect the market rents weekly in accordance with the terms of a previous report.

Ald. Bangs replied that the necessary instructions had been given the Chief of Police.

VICTORIA WARD SEWER.

A report was read from the City Engineer setting forth the specifications and probable cost of the main sewer in Victoria Ward. It also recommended a uniform dimension for the sewer throughout and suggested the propriety of increasing the 3ft. by 2ft. to 4ft. by 2ft. 8in.

The report was referred to the Board of Works.

HEALTH REPORT.

Ald. Rowe presented the regular monthly report of the Health Officer. It set forth the present sanitary condition of the City and recommended further precautions to guard against the spread of small pox.

On motion of Ald. Rowe the report was received and ordered to be printed with the minutes.

FINANCE REPORT.

Ald. Waller presented the final report of the Finance Committee. It recommended the payment of the following:

Real Estate	7,425.86
Main Sewer Contract	3,930.76
By Ward Market	125.00
New City Hall	875.00
Bridges, to Jas. Goodwin	5,499.71
Official Salaries	2,150.00
Police Dept	1,076.67
Board of Health	284.75
Fire Department	3,632.82
Board of Works	5,889.59
Miscellaneous	3,484.81
Total	$31,374.97

On motion of Ald. Waller the report of the Finance Committee was received and adopted.

THE MAIN SEWER TENDERS.

Ald. Pratt moved a resolution that the tender of George Crain be accepted for the construction of the Main Sewer in Victoria Ward, for the sum of $32,041.16, provided he and his sureties enter into the necessary contract within six days from this date, to the satisfaction of His Worship the Mayor and the City Solicitor for the performance of the work.

Ald. Robertson desired to know if the Board of Works had a report in regard to the tenders sent to them for their consideration.

Ald. Pratt said the Committee did not have an opportunity to decide upon any tender, but he felt safe in moving the resolution on the strength of the engineer's report.

Ald. Heney thought the matter should go back to the Committee, in order to have a more satisfactory report.

Ald. Birkett thought the Board of Works should have reported on the tenders. He did not feel called upon to support the resolution if those having lower tenders were reliable men.

Ald. Waller expressed himself to a similar effect, and concluded by moving an amendment to refer the tenders back to the Board of Works to report all particulars in regard thereto.

Ald. Bangs could see no object in delay and would support the original resolution.

Ald. Robertson would support the amendment, as he believed no committee should shirk any responsibility devolving upon it. He thought time should be taken in order to avoid extras in the contract, owing to the contemplated changes in the dimensions of the sewer. He would support the original resolution except for these two considerations.

Ald. Bronson thought the last speaker need not be apprehensive on the score of changes, as the present dimensions of the sewer would answer all purposes. He thought the contract should be given out without delay, as labour was cheap, and work would be afforded many who were now out of employment.

The amendment was then lost on the following division:—

Yeas: Birkett, Rowe, Robertson, Waller, Durocher, Heney, and Rowe.

Nays: Bangs, Pratt, David, Bronson, Rocque, O'Connor, Groulx, and McDougal.

The original resolution was then carried on division.

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY.

Ald. McDougal presented a special re-report from the Finance Committee, recommending that the prayer of the petition of Messrs Lamb & Rodden for aid to establish a boot and shoe manufactory be granted.

On motion of Ald. McDougal the report was received, and instructions given the Finance Committee to take action towards exempting from taxes and granting a bonus to said manufactory.

GEORGE STREET.

Ald. Pratt brought in a resolution to widen and otherwise improve George street, between Wellington street and Pooley's bridge.

Ald. McDougal expressed strong dissent in taking any action in this direction until it was first ascertained what the rights of the Corporation were, and who were the rightful owners of much of the property in that unfortunate locality.

Ald. Robertson agreed with the previous speaker as to the advisability of giving this subject the fullest consideration, and concluded by moving in amendment that the matter be referred to the Board of Works, to ascertain the probable cost and practicability of the proposed scheme.

The amendment was carried on division, by 6 yeas and 9 nays.

COMPLIMENTARY.

On motion of Ald. Christie, His Worship the Mayor, Alds. Birkett, O'Connor, Heney, David and the mover were appointed a committee to make arrangements to convey in some marked way the thanks of the Corporation for the gallant services of the Volunteer Fire Brigade, now about to be disbanded.

FIRE ALARM.

On motion of Ald. Bangs the Chief of the Police was authorised to have a general alarm repeated from the City Hall bell after the lapse of 5 minutes in giving the first alarm.

THE RETIRING MAYOR.

His Worship the Mayor by resolution vacated the chair, and Ald. Bangs took the same.

Ald. Waller moved, seconded by Ald. Bronson, that the thanks of this Council do be and are hereby given His Worship the Mayor for the able and dignified manner in which he discharged the duties of his office during the past year, and that a cheque for the sum of $1000, be granted him as an indemnification for incidental expenses incurred during that period.

Ald. McDougal thought the Aldermen should get $500 each for their services. (Laughter.)

The Mayor who had left the hall returned when Ald. Bangs conveyed to him the terms of the resolution.

His Worship returned thanks for the manifestations of regard by the Council for his conduct during the year. He was pleased to have his endeavours thus appreciated. He felt he was among friends who would at all times assist him in the discharge of his duty. He congratulated the members of the Council on their re-election and trusted the experience gained during the last year would enable them to deal in a way with all matters coming before them to the best interests of the City. He again thanked them for their courtesy and kindness, and trusted he might long enjoy their confidence. (Cheers.)

The Council then adjourned.

LOCAL LEGISLATURE.

CITY NOMINATIONS.

A BAKER'S DOZEN OF THEM.

Yesterday being the day appointed for the Nomination of Candidates for the Local Legislature, a large number of the "free and independent electors" were early gathered in the neighborhood of the City Hall. The supporters of Mr. D. J. O'Donoghue were the first to file an appearance, which they did in considerable numbers, and occupied their time in eagerly discussing the prospects of their favourite's return. Up till the hour of nomination, there was not a breath of suspicion as to who would be nominated in opposition to the late member, but as twelve o'clock drew near, and when a goodly part of the crowd had betaken themselves to the shelter of the City Hall, it was seen that there was a subdued excitement which betokened something unusual. There were about half a dozen Aldermen and as many others whose faces plainly showed that they knew a thing or too, and the certainty grew upon those present that there would be at least three or four candidates nominated.

The writ having been duly read by Sheriff Powell, in the open air, a large crowd followed him into the hall, where the nominations were made, and certainly their number took everybody by surprise.

The following are the gentlemen duly nominated with their proposers, seconders, and financial agents:

NOMINATION.

1. John G. Davis, nominated by C. S. Shaw, seconded by Francis Grant—Agent, J. H. P. Gibson.
2. William Mosgrove, nominated by D. T. Brown, seconded by John Heney—Agent, A. Holland.
3. Amos Rowe, nominated by Wm. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Groulx—Agent, Weldon Champness.
4. Hon. John O'Connor, nominated by J. M. Currier, M. P., seconded by J. F. Caldwell—Agent, Geo. O'Doherty.
5. F. C. Clemow, nominated by H. Baldwin, seconded by R. W. Cruice—Agent, G. Tailon.
6. Richard Nagle, nominated by E. McGillivray, seconded by P. O'Meara—Agent, W. H. Nagle.
7. D. J. O'Donoghue, nominated by John Heney, seconded by P. Foisy—Agent, W. Case.
8. O. A. Rocque, nominated by C. W. Bangs, seconded by W. H. Waller.—Agent, H. Lapierre.
9. J. P. Featherston, nominated by W. Pennock, seconded by H. Lapierre—Agent, P. Pennock.
10. E. H. Bronson, nominated by C. W. Bangs, seconded by O. A. Rocque—Agent, R. S. Cassels, jr.
11. W. H. Waller, nominated by Dr. Sweetland, seconded by William Kehoe—Agent, Wm. Wall.
12. C. H. McIntosh, nominated by W. Mosgrove, seconded by F. Clemow—Agent, G. C. Holland.
13. Dr. Sweetland, nominated by Ald. Waller, seconded by James Russell—Agent R. Lees.

After these gentlemen were nominated, Sheriff Powell called the attention of the electors to the fact that there were only thirteen candidates, and that they had still time for some more, if they would only be quick. (Laughter.)

No more candidates having been proposed, the crowd adjourned to the outside, where a still larger crowd awaited them, their eager, upturned, frost bitten countenances presenting quite a curious sight. The Sheriff again intimated the result briefly, and caused the list to be read over. Some of the candidates' names were greeted with considerable enthusiasm, while others were received with shouts of derision and hisses, as well as marks of approval.

At the conclusion of the list, the Sheriff intimated that the candidates would make arrangements for addressing them, but as there were so many he would have to limit them to one hour each. (Laughter.) The candidates were then called upon to come forward in the order in which they had been nominated, when

Mr. JOHN G. DAVIS replied to the invitation by at once coming to the front. He (Mr. Davis) said that he had seen a letter in one of the city newspapers, asking him why he was in favour of compulsory voting. This was easily explained, in Mr. Davis' opinion, and he proceeded to state how he thought every man who had a right to a vote should be compelled to exercise it. Such a law, he said, would be the surest and best safeguard against bribery and corruption. He expressed himself as being a firm advocate of the rights of the working man, who required more representation in the Legislature than they had. He was in favour of trades' unions, which had it in their power to do a great deal of good, but which sometimes abused their power. He then entered at some length into the question of redistribution of seats, and did not think that Ottawa had got justice in that respect. He trusted, whoever they elected, he would be a man who would represent them faithfully and equitably, and that they would remember him (Mr. Davis) next Monday at the polls. (Laughter.) He then entered upon the reading of a long and windy paper on the subject of Canada's water power and physical geography, which, however, the audience did not seem to relish, and which he had to desist from amidst mingled cheers and hootings.

At this stage there was a slight difficulty as to who should next address the electors, there being mingled shouts for "O'Donoghue," and the "next man."

Mr. MOSGROVE then came forward, and said he wished to give way in favour of Mr. O'Donoghue, who, he thought, as the late member, should have been the first to address them, and give them an account of his stewardship. He regretted that Mr. O'Donoghue had not done this, as he (Mr. Mosgrove) was one of those who gave him a hearty and loyal support at his last candidature. On that occasion Mr. O'Donoghue had came and got their suffrages under the wing of the Liberal-Conservatives, and had he fulfilled his pledges it would have been his pleasure to support him now. He thought Mr. O'Donoghue had not done his duty when the redistribution bill was before the House in not staunchly opposing it, or advocating the necessity of giving the City of Ottawa another member. This he had not done, but had tamely submitted to Mr. Mowat's bill which gave some half a dozen members to the West, while it left Ottawa with what it had before. He spoke of the importance of Ottawa. He then attacked the Government, charging them with having while in Opposition advocated the calling for tenders for Public Works, while, since they had come into power, they had given away the work of the Central Prison without making it open to public competition. He announced that he did not intend to go to the polls himself, but hoped that they would unite in supporting the Hon. John O'Connor, who, he was sorry to say, was unable to be present, but who would give a consistent support to the Liberal Conservatives, and would if able to be present have come boldly forward and said so.

There were loud calls for Alderman Rowe, who was next on the list, but he did not respond, and could not be found.

Alderman WALLER, after expressing the opinion that the several candidates should appear and speak in the order of their nomination, remarked upon the manner in which Messrs. Mosgrove and Rowe, who had been nominated by the Tories, were evading a fair expression of their views by one of them calling upon the former member to speak, and the other hiding around the corner, or at any rate not disposed to face the music. He was himself far down upon the list, but rather than that the electors should be dismissed under the impression that he (Mr. Waller) was also afraid to face the music, he thought it best to say the few words he had to say. He acknowledged the dignity and the responsibility of occupying a seat in the Local Legislature, and thanked his friends who had submitted his name among the other candidates, giving, as they had thereby done, their testimony to a belief that he was possessed of abilities which would enable him to do justice to the position. He described the condition of affairs as a game of chess between the Reform and Conservative Associations, each having so many candidates in nomination, and yet no one knew who among them all, if any, meant to face the music to the end. He did not know whether he might not himself be one of the candidates. There was the possibility that he would, but a strong probability that he would not. If he did happen to be, he would take an early opportunity of meeting the electors, and explaining his views upon the situation. (Cheers.)

Mr. O'DONOGHUE agreed with the last speaker that there was to all appearance a game of chess being played in this matter, and thought it was scarcely in the usual order to call upon any one to speak except in their proper turn. Although many of those who had been nominated before him had not spoken, he was yet ready to come forward, being afraid of no man, but trusting that his friends would approve of the course he had taken during the time he had represented them and their interests in the Local Legislature. It was unnecessary to remind them that it was but a short time since he had before successfully solicited their suffrages, when by him and through him had to be fought a great many prejudices—the prejudices of class and section. He was proud to think that his people were not ashamed of his career, and he could assure them in turn that all the ability he possessed and that sincerity of purpose which he brought to bear upon everything he did had been exercised on their behalf in the discharge of his duties. (Hear, hear.) He was not a learned man, and when in the House that, added to the circumstances under which he was elected, made him be very careful of what he said and of what he did. In the minds of some, the fact that he was a working man and a poor man to boot militated against him. His experience in the Legislature had nevertheless led him to see there were many members there—men of money, and what was known as social position—who had never been able to open their months. Money did not give a man any power in the House if he had no ability to back it up; it was the man of brains and energy, who was able to express his ideas forcibly and clearly, who was in a position to command the attention of the Legislature. He was proud to be able to say that during the short period he had been there he was not the last man in the estimation of his fellow members nor in the powers that be. It had been made a charge against him that he sold his friends, but to this he gave a complete and distinct denial, and he was equally explicit in denying that he had been elected as a Conservative. It was true that he was asked to make pledges to the Conservative Association on behalf of himself and his friends. He stated to them that he intended at the Dominion election which was then pending to vote for the Conservative candidate, he being a personal friend of his own, but he distinctly and decisively refused to make any pledge or promise on behalf of his friends, and was equally prompt in refusing to ally himself any further with any party. The promise he had made as to voting he had carried out, and would have acted in the same manner whether he had promised or not. To this statement of the fact there were many gentlemen present who could bear their testimony. He went to the House of Assembly at Toronto for the purpose of exercising his own judgment, and determined to give his adhesion to the party he found most willing to deal fairly and justly with the interests committed to his case—he referred more particularly to the particular interests of this section of the country and the working classes. On taking his seat in the House, he found the Opposition opposing every measure which was in the true interest of the country, as well as those most favourably affecting this portion of the Province. Their leader declared himself opposed to the ballot upon principle, and when the Government proposed to put the franchise upon a more popular footing in one particular respect, the same gentleman exclaimed with an air of horror that this was positively putting the franchise within the reach of every working man. He need scarcely say that under the circumstances he was not very favourably impressed with the idea of ranging himself with such a leader in opposition to a Government proposing such liberal and popular measures. (Hear, hear.) He defended himself for not having insisted upon an additional member for Ottawa, on the ground that to be consistent, he must have at the same time conceded some thirteen or fourteen more to the West. The fact was that he was opposed to the entire scheme, and had voted against it, believing that there should have been no increase at all. With the exception of once or twice, there were no measures brought down by the Government that he, as an Ottawa man, could not support. He found the Government particularly favourable to the lumber interests, which to him was naturally, as member for this city, a matter of very great interest; and indeed he soon ascertained that the Ministerial policy was much more liberal towards that interest than the lumbermen themselves expected. Taking that view of the matter into consideration, and remembering the attitude of the Government towards the working men, in giving them the ballot and a more extended franchise, he scarcely thought he was called upon to give them a factious opposition. He was especially pleased with the ballot, which would give perfect freedom to the working men and everybody, and would remove poor men from the stigma of being purchasable. He had often heard the remark made in political contests in this city, that in order to secure a candidate's election, he had simply to go and buy up the votes of the working men. It would be impossible for them to buy their way in upon this occasion, and in any case there would be but little fear of him (Mr. O'Donoghue) doing so. His friends, who had stood at his back before, and would stand at his back again, were men who could not be purchased.

A VOICE—Who do you call your people?

Mr. O'DONOGHUE—I speak of the whole people who supported me at last election. (Hear, hear.) Having again referred to the measure for extending the franchise, for which he claimed that the Government deserved credit, he said the only other measures of first importance brought before the Legislature was the Redistribution Bill and the Lien Law, the latter being, while in no way antagonistic to the interests of employers and capitalists, of especial benefit to the artisans and mechanics. He concluded by saying that he had not frequently forced himself upon the attention of the House, and when he did speak, he tried to speak briefly and to the point; and he felt satisfied that were he returned upon this occasion, he would be able to attend to their interests and advocate their just claims with as much success as one who claimed to be better educated and higher in the social scale. He would take frequent opportunities during the forthcoming week of meeting the electors and explaining his views to them on the situation. (Cheers.)

Mr. ROWE was the next to speak. He thanked the gentleman who had nominated him as a fit and proper person to be a member for the Local Legislature, and said that he had not been dodging round the corner, as was hinted by Mr. Waller, and that he was not afraid to face the music. He had simply been absent at the time. He wished it to be distinctly understood that he was a Liberal-Conservative, and had imbibed Liberal-Conservative principles at the time his mother nursed him upon her knee. He was also a native Canadian, and wished to say that he looked to his country first, and politics after. Mr. Waller had said that there was a game of chess being played by the Liberal-Conservatives just now, but he thought they had seen a game of chess being played in that city by the Reform Association, which was disgraceful to it. He claimed that the city of Ottawa was Conservative, and he had no doubt but that the vote next Monday would show that to be the case. He charged Mr. O'Donoghue with inconsistency, saying that he had gone to Parliament with those who were out, but had come back with the party who were in power. He (Mr. Rowe) did not intend to address them there upon the politics of the country, but would refer to the way in which the Redistribution of Seats Bill had been carried out, and condemned the Government for neglecting to give Ottawa an additional member. Sir John A. Macdonald had given them an extra member for the Dominion Legislature, and though it was the least that the Ontario Government could do to have done the same. He would have liked that Mr. O'Donoghue had come out fair and square, either as a Reformer or as a Conservative. But none of the previous speakers had done so. He animadverted briefly on what he had called the crimes of the Ministerial party, but the sentiments expressed by Mr. Rowe did not seem to meet with much approval from the electors present, and he sat down amid repeated interruptions.

Mr. R. NAGLE then addressed the electors, saying that he came before them as an out and out Reformer, and claimed to have been so for over thirty years, defying any one to say anything to the contrary. He denied that there was any disgrace connected with the Reform Association, as was said by Mr. Rowe to be the case. Adverting to the question of the sale of Crown timber limits, he said that he had bought some of that Government property and would be willing to give them back their limits if they gave him back his money. He had no doubt that other purchasers would do the same. He said he would not detain them now, as he hoped to have an opportunity of speaking to them frequently during the week.

Alderman ROCQUE said a former speaker had advocated nailing their colours to the mast, and he would do so by proclaiming himself a Liberal Reformer. (Cheers.) He might say, however, that unlike Ald. Rowe, his mother had nothing to do with his political principles. (Loud Laughter.) Mr. Rowe said he had learned his principles from his mother, but he (Alderman Rowe) very much doubted that, for he had only lately joined the Reformed Church. He (Mr. Rocque) wished he had joined the Reform Association at the same time. Cheers and laughter.) In spite of what had been said by Alderman Rowe, the City of Ottawa would return a representative to support the Mowat administration, and he proceeded to give reasons why he believed this would be the case. Mr. Rowe had forgotten to tell the meeting that he had joined the Canada First Party, although he had told them that Canada was his birth place, and he believed in country before party and before everything else. It would thus appear that upon the very first opportunity that offered the worthy Alderman went back upon his poor mother. (Great laughter.) He defended the Reform Association, and claimed that it was as respectable a body as the Conservative Association at all events. As to the record of the Tory party, he need only point to the Pacific Scandal, and the revelations recently made by Mr. Brydges with reference to the Intercolonial Railway, of which more would be heard during the forthcoming session of Parliament. He contended that it was in the interest of this city to support a candidate who was in sympathy with the Liberal Government of Ontario, and who would continue to give them his aid in all good measures until they were guilty of something which deserved the condemnation of the country, as did the Pacific Scandal. He also referred to the Tanneries transaction as one of the most recent instances of the innate corruption of the Tory party. Mr. Rocque repeated his speech in French, and was loudly applauded.

Mr. CURRIER, M. P., explained that his nominee, the Hon. John O'Connor, was unavoidably absent through sickness, but he had no doubt his friend would meet them some time during the week, and satisfactorily explain his views. He (Mr. Currier) regretted that politics entered so largely into the Local Legislature, which, he thought, ought to be more like a County Council than anything else. He believed those were the views of the gentleman he nominated, who, if he went into the Ontario House, would do what was fair and right irrespective of party and party politics.

Dr. SWEETLAND said they had heard their late member, and he felt sure they must have been disappointed. Instead of being treated to a *resume* of the measures passed during his term in the Legislature or the issues before the country, they only heard about the difficulties arising from his social position. He claimed that what Mr. O'Donoghue said upon that subject was untrue. There was no man in the City of Ottawa who would take the working man, without a dollar in his pocket, more warmly by the hand than he (Dr. Sweetland) would, provided he were possessed of the intelligence and ability they deserved to see in their representative in the Legislature. He deprecated any appeal to the leanings or prejudices of a faction, and he urged that as an intelligent people, proud of our educational institutions, and the handsome buildings for the purposes of instruction which were springing up around us—occupying too, as the city did, the proud position of capital of the Dominion, we ought not to permit men with party or social cries to foist themselves upon us unless they had the requisite qualifications to represent us. He asserted that Mr. O'Donoghue was returned at the last election by the Conservative party, and they had become heartily sick of their legacy. If it was true, as Mr. O'Donoghue said, that he gave no pledges, then the greater the disgrace. There was no denying, however, that Mr. O'Donoghue went upon a missionary tour to Kingston and Hamilton, as an advocate of the Conservative party and their defender in the great scandal which had shook the heart of this country, and which received the condemnation of the press of this continent and the whole of Europe. He contended that in the past Mr. O'Donoghue had been a Tory of the Tories, and now he came forward and attempted to palm himself upon the electors as a Reformer. (Cries of "no, no," "yes, yes," and confusion.) If Mr. O'Donoghue was not a Reformer, what was he? He supported the Government in the Legislature, although elected to oppose them, without any apparent reason for his change of sentiment, and without any measures in the meantime cropped up that would at all form a plausible excuse for his action. It was apparently a mere matter of expediency with him; the party in power was a strong party, who he saw would rule the country for many years to come. (Cries of "no they won't," "yes they will," and so on.) Not only so, but he came before them now repudiating his friends of a year ago, and claiming to be the nominee of those who did not recognise him. He was sorry for the position occupied by Mr. Currier to-day, and he thought he should not have come upon the platform and made such a spectacle of himself. Mr. O'Donoghue claimed to be Independent, but he (Dr. Sweetland) contended that no man who under our constitutional system of Government gave that attention to the affairs of the country which other citizens did, could be what was called an "Independent," a man, to be useful, must have opinions on political subjects, and having such opinions he must ally himself to one party or the other. He did not know who the candidate of the Reformers was going to be, but he would advise them to select a man who stated openly and distinctly what his politics were, and whose record would give confidence in his assertions. Let him combine in favour of such a man, and return him at the head of the poll. There were several gentlemen who had requested him to become a candidate himself, but his professional duties forbade him making the sacrifice.

Mr. O'DONOGHUE attempted an explanation, but the Sheriff decided that he was not in order.

Mr. MACINTOSH made a lengthy speech, in which he strongly condemned the course pursued by Dr. Sweetland in opposing Mr. O'Donoghue for supporting the Government, while he eulogised much of what Mr. O'Donoghue had done as an independent member of the Ontario Legisture, and was sorry he did not run again on the same principles. He referred to the Proton "outrage," and hoped that on next Monday the electors would return the Hon. John O'Connor at the top of the poll.

Mayor FEATHERSTON said there could be no question, from the tone of the speeches of Conservatives to-day, that there was no just cause for opposition to the present Government of Ontario. He expected to have heard Act of Parliament after Act of Parliament to be taken up and torn to pieces, but nothing of the kind had been attempted. The truth was that the Government was one in which Conservatives as well as Reformers ought to have confidence. He agreed with Alderman Waller that there had been a good deal of chess playing during the past few weeks, because he believed there had been a desire to send to Toronto one would worthily represent them, and who it was thought might be a moderate Reformer or a moderate Conservative without making the matter of any great consequence. In connection with the Local Legislature, he was of opinion that they ought to moderate the political feeling very considerably. It was not in his opinion a matter of extreme importance whether their representative was a Conservative or a Reformer, so long as he was moderate, and willing to support the Government, which was doing fairly and honestly by the country. Some words of disrespect had been used towards the Reform Association, which he resented warmly, declaring that although that body had committed some mistake and acted unwisely, there was not a more respectable or influential society in the city, and no men were more willing faithfully to discharge their duty to the country than were its members. The manner in which they had secured the election of a member to the Dominion Parliament was proof that they were powerful and respectable. From the speeches he had heard, he believed that Messrs. Rowe, O'Connor and O'Donoghue were likely to be candidates, and he gave reasons why he was opposed to them. Ald. Rowe was a worthy man, and a man of intelligence, for whom he entertained considerable friendship, but he came out fairly opposed to the Government, and there were many reasons why the Government should not be opposed. Mr. O'Connor, he presumed, would take the same course. He had heard about him a good deal, and had listened to him speaking in the House of Commons, and believed that the hon. gentleman would go to the Ontario Legislature, notwithstanding what had been said by Mr. Currier, to oppose and thwart the Government at every point. (Cries of "no, no.") He believed Mr. O'Connor would corrobate this statement were he here himself, and he thought he ought to have been there, too. He believed Mr. O'Donoghue came forward as a Reformer, but at the last election he was a Liberal Conservative. ("No, no," and cheers.) Prior to that election, he was always a Conservative. (No, no.) No man for a moment denied that he went to Kingston, nor yet did they deny the purpose for which he went—to support the leader of the Conservative party. Why did not Mr. O'Donoghue at least abstain from going there upon that critical occasion if he were an Independent. The same was true of his visit to Hamilton. He (the Mayor) judged of a man's independence by his action. There was really no plausible excuse for Mr. O'Donoghue turning round and supporting the Ontario Government after he went to Parliament, and if he were brought out as a Reform candidate now, they had no guarantee that at a critical moment he would not desert them as he had deserted the Liberal Conservatives of this city. He did not therefore think it was fair to expect the Reformers to support him. He did not believe for a moment that the workingmen of this city were prepared to stand by and occupy a neutral position, for if they examined history from year to year they could not fail to see that the Liberal party in all countries had been the friends of the workingmen, and had supported them faithfully and effectually in their efforts to obtain the position of advantage they now occupied. All of us were workingmen in this country; and was not the leading statesman of the present day in Canada, the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie, at one time not only a workingman in the sense mentioned, but working as a stonecutter? As a matter of fact, Mr. Mackenzie worked harder now than he did then—working not only hard but faithfully and successfully in the interests of the people of this country. He believed the working-classes of this country would give in their adherence generally to the Reform party. He defended the railway policy of the Government of Ontario, and denied as ridiculously untrue the assertion that $300,000 were lost upon the Central Prison. The contracts, wherever it had been possible, had been given out by public tender. As far as Ottawa was concerned, he had not yet met with the lumberman who did not approve of their Crown Lands policy, which had given thorough satisfaction to the country. He also highly approved of the Municipal Loan Fund Distribution, which successive Governments had promised to deal with but were afraid to, and the result of which had been that the city of Ottawa was relieved of a burden of debt to the amount of $250,000. He did not ask them to support the Government because of those measures, but they of course told more or less in their favour. In the matter of the Normal School, too, the Mowat Government acted towards us generously. There was not a Normal School in the east at all, and young men and girls who were to become teachers had nowhere to go and study except at Toronto. The Opposition endeavoured to keep this boon from us, and they also were the leading spirits in opposing the location of the next Provincial Exhibition here, the motion to bring it to Kingston having been moved by Mr. Mackenzie Bowell, M.P., and seconded by Mr. Charles Rykert. The secret of this was that Kingston was felt to be somewhat unsafe politically, but Ottawa must be visited with vindictiveness because it had become exceedingly liberal. As to Mr. George Brown, who was spoken of by Mr. McIntosh as having imprisoned the printers, that was an action which he (the Mayor) had always condemned, and he belived Mr. Brown himself ere now sincerely regretted it. Bnt it came badly from the mouth of Mr. McIntosh, the Editor of the *Citizen*, to make any mention of this, for the *Citizen* had themselves hauled up printers on a similar occasion, dragged them to the Police Court, and had them fined just as Mr. Brown did. (Cheers.) It had not yet been decided who of the Reformers nominated would go to the polls, but whoever it was would have his most hearty support, and if it were himself he hoped for the same at the hands of his friends. They should at least see that the gentleman returned was not in antagonism to the Government. (Cheers.)

Alderman HENEY expressed the regret he felt that the Hon. John O'Connor was not there, and entered into explanations at considerable length, to prove that the hon. gentleman was really ill and unable to be present, as had been represented.

Mr. BRONSON said he believed he was one of the "baker's dozen" submitted to them from whom to choose a member to represent them in the Local Legislature. He had resided for twenty years in the city, and as a member of the City Council he was not unknown to those who paid any attention to the proceedings of that body. Whether he would stand for the Local Legislature or not would be a matter for future decision. After the speeches which had been delivered, he begged to be excused for not entering at length into the political situation, which had already been thoroughly discussed. This city required some one who would represent its interests. A very large portion of the revenue of the Province of Ontario came from this district, and we had consequential rights which any Government must recognize. Whoever was selected by the Reformers to contest the city in their interest would doubtless meet them soon and explain the situation to them. If he were selected he would do so.

Mr. ANDREW HOLLAND, of the *Citizen*, came to the front desiring a word of explanation in regard to the charge made by Mayor Featherston against the proprietors of that newspaper. He wished to state that the case in point was merely a test one, and that the printer in question had desired that he should be arrested in order that it might be tried in court. They (the employers) were entitled to a week's notice from the men, and they had struck work without giving such notice. The case when tried resulted in the conviction of the offender, and he himself had been instrumental in having the fine revoked. Mr. Holland's explanation, though loudly called for, was not much appreciated, and his voice was drowned amongst shouts of "That's not politics, Holland," "Hurry up," "That'll do," and such like.

The candidates having all expressed their views so far,

Sheriff POWELL said before dispersing he had a duty to perform. He had been much pleased with the addresses of the various candidates, and regretted that his official position prevented him from joining in the conversation. He was very much pleased with the way in which the nomination had been carried on. He had never seen so orderly an election crowd, and the city deserved credit for the behaviour of its residents on that occasion. He said they had now a baker's dozen of candidates before them, and he hope that they would see that they neither got bad bread nor light weight. (Cheers.) He concluded by calling for three cheers for their glorious sovereign, Queen Victoria, which were enthusiastically responded to.

A voice from the crowd called for three cheers for Mr. O'Donoghue, which were also enthusiastically given, after which the crowd quietly dispersed.

DEPARTURE OF THE REV. E. J. J. STENSON.

The departure of the Rev. Mr. Stenson on yesterday morning for Almonte, the scene of his future labours as parish priest, was made the occasion of a grand demonstration in his honour by the parishioners of Mount St. Patrick, and the Roman Catholics of the city generally. About half-past nine o'clock, parties on foot and in sleighs began to assemble in front of the residence of the Rev. Mr. Collins, which gradually increased till the street was filled by a thoughtful and respectable looking crowd. The St. Patrick's Society, marshalled by Mr. E. J. O'Neil, was drawn up in front of the house from which the reverend gentleman emerged shortly afterwards, accompanied by the Rev. Mr. Collins, Dr. Lynn and Mr. T. Dunn, his appearance being greeted with loud cheers. These gentlemen having taken their places in the sleigh in waiting for them, the other equipages were quickly occupied, and a start was made for the Canada Central Station. Here another crowd had collected, amongst which were a number of ladies and of juvenile "Sons of St. Patrick," and the entry of the long line of pageant into the station, was the signal for a loud outburst of cheering. The revd. gentleman who seemed quite overcome by the magnitude of the ovation, manifestations of kindly feeling and expressions of hope for his future welfare, mingled among the throng, bidding adieu to all, and took his place in the train which left the station amidst loud and long continued cheering.

POLICE COURT.

Before M. O'Gara, P.M.

MONDAY, Jan. 11th.

Martin Dillon was arraigned for drunk and disorderly conduct on the public streets. He was fined $3 and costs. In default he went to gaol for a week.

Patrick Hanley was up on a charge of furious driving. He was remanded.

Joseph Deault was charged with a breach of the peace. He was fined $10 and costs.

Xavier Deault was arraigned on a similar charge and was fined a like amount.

Joseph Lavigne another bruiser, was also mulcted in $10 and costs.

Henry Larken was charged with larceny at the fire at Pooley's Bridge. He was remanded till Wednesday.

James Thompson, arraigned for the larceny of a sum of money from a man named Larocque. He was sent to gaol for a month at hard labour.

THE DE MURSKA CONCERT.—Lovers of high class music are having excellent opportunities for enjoying their *penchant* just now. To-night they have the Philharmonic Club concert, and on Friday the De Murska concert comes off in the same Hall, which promises also to be a treat of no ordinary kind.

THE LATE FIRE AT POOLEY'S BRIDGE.—Our citizens will be glad to learn that the Bytown Division, Sons of Temperance, at their meeting last evening, decided to have an entertainment on Friday evening in the Temperance Hall, Sappre's Bridge, in aid of the Chaudiere Division, which has suffered so severe a loss by the late fire. We trust the friends throughout the city will respond nobly by crowding the above hall on Friday evening. Ladies will be around selling tickets; encourage them and help a noble cause.

SEPARATE SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—The retiring members of the Separate School Board to-morrow are as follows: Victoria Ward: Mr. Chouinard, who declines re-election, and will probably be succeeded by Mr. G. Martineau. Wellington Ward: Mr. Larose retires, but who will succeed him is as yet a query. Mr. Sims the retiring man will be opposed in his candidature by Mr. W. H. Waller, and the contest has every indication of being a keen one. St. George's Ward: Mr. E. A. Lapierre is the retiring man and will probably be re-elected should he again offer. By Ward: Mr. J. W. Peachy is the retiring candidate, but will no doubt be re-elected. Ottawa Ward: Mr. Coursolles is the retiring Trustee, and should he seek re-election will no doubt be returned by acclamation.

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732.

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists.

Insurance.

THE HAND IN HAND Insurance Co.
Still continue to take Risks at
20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates
R. C. W. MacCUAIG, Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity.
Jan. 9, 1875 3737-3m

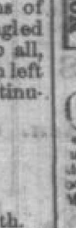
STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.
(FIRE AND LIFE.)
Authorized Capital . $5 000,000
Subscribed to Date . $2 000,000
LOCAL DIRECTORS:
RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.
O'CONNOR & WALLER . . AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.
All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.
The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.
O'CONNOR & WALLER.
Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-13m

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE CO.
FIRE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.
Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.
ROB. ANGUS, Jr., AGENT,
36 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA
Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"
CONTINUES TO TAKE
FIRE RISKS
On every description of insurable property,
AT REDUCED RATES.
T. M. CLARK, AGENT, Corner Sparks and Elgin St.
Dec. 18, 1874. 3722 12m

Remedies.

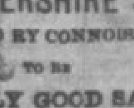
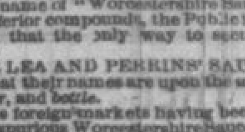
THE FOLLOWING IS AN Extract from a Letter


Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."
To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.
July 1874

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.
Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists. Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown & Co.

NOTICE.
Morson's Effectual Remedies
Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.
PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules, and as Wine in ½, ¼ and 1 pint bottles.
CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.
GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.
Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.
THOMAS MORSON & SON,
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions,
31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.
PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed with dispatch.

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.
Patronised by all the World.
Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Jasmin, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.
Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.
Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.
Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.
Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.
Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Bal and Parties.
Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Lead, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.
Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.


LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietors, at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3741. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 13, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

TEACHER WANTED for School Section No. 6, Township of Cumberland [male or female] holding second or third class certificate. Apply to John McArthur, Secretary Treasurer, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c.
Jan 6, 1875. 3735-d3wtf

WANTED.
A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O.
Nov 19

HELP WANTED.
100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated. Together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO.,
Publishers, London, Ont.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women
A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY
from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and a fires.
J. LATHAM & Co.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to states costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. y265daw.

WORK FOR ALL.
At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with ten cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED.
Men or women. $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8th st. New York.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $80 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples [that retail for $5] mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & Co. Augusta, Me.

Board & Lodging.

BOARD AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at Mrs. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets.
Oct 10, 1874. 5

Bank Notices.

BANK OF OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a call of 10 per cent. of the subscribed Capital Stock of the Bank of Ottawa will be due and payable at the office of the Bank in this city, on the EIGHTH DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT.
P. ROBERTSON,
Cashier.
Ottawa, Jan 7, 1875. 3737-6

Meetings.

Reform Association.
OF THE
CITY OF OTTAWA.

A Special General Meeting of the Reform Association will be held
THIS EVENING,
the 13th day of January, 1875, at the Reform Rooms, Baag's Block, Sparks Street, at 7:30 p.m.
Every member is urgently requested to attend.
BUSINESS: General Routine; Local Election, and other matters.
By order.
J. P. ROBERTSON.
January 13th, 1875.

THE OTTAWA
Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company,
(LIMITED.)

The first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company called for Thursday, the 14th instant, is postponed, pending the passing of the amendments to the Act of Incorporation now before the Quebec Legislature.
A general meeting will be called as soon as these Amendments shall have become law, of which due notice will be given.
R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary pro tem.
Jan. 12, 1875.

MONTREAL
Telegraph Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Company's Office, in Montreal, on
Thursday, Fourteenth January Next;
At one o'clock, to elect Directors, and generally to transact the business of the Company.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.
For the half year ending 30th November, has been declared upon the Capital Stock, and will be payable at the offices of the Company on and after Thursday, 14th January.
The Transfer Books will be closed from 4th January until after the General Meeting.
By order of the Board.
JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.
Dec. 31, 1874. 3735-5

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.
NOTICE.
The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.
WM. PENNOCK,
J. DURIE,
THOS. PATTERSON
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

Tenders.

NOTICE
TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to
Thursday, the 14th of January next,
For the construction of a
BRIDGE OVER THE OTTAWA RIVER,
To connect the Calumet Island with the Village of Byron.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Quebec; at the office of Messrs. Cockburn, Wright & Clemow, Ottawa; at the office of the Registrar for the County of Pontiac, at Byron; and at the office of the undersigned.
Tenderers to give the names of two good and sufficient securities willing to become bound for the due execution of the contract.
The Municipal Council of Calumet Island does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
SIMON McNALLY,
Mayor.
Office of the Mu. Council, Calumet Island, December 28th, 1874. 3730

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
88 Sparks street, Ottawa. 2

DONALD M. GRANT.
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1874. 2426

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

BANK OF OTTAWA.
Office—Victoria Buildings, [opposite Western Block of Parliament Buildings.]
This Bank has now opened for the transaction of a general banking business.
P. ROBERTSON,
Cashier.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875. 3731-6m.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct 21, 1874. 3040-sawky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal.
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin—10 per cent. interest at lowest current rates.
Dec 3, 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3885-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
Money to lend on Real Estate.
3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa.
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HONBLE R. W. SCOTT, Q. C.
McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. | W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3687

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W.H. WALKER. | R.CASSELS,Jr. | P. PENNOCK
July 21, 1874.

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
3y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
G. B. L. FELLOWS, Q. C., | HORACE LAPIERRE
MARTIN O'GARA, | EDWARD P. REMON
2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. | F. H. CHRYSLER
June 2, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY | A. J. CHRISTIE, | H. P. HILL
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3228-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT.
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 28, 1874. 248

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, MONTREAL
Sept. 9, 1873. 2362-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 6 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1751

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1874 2401

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2556-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester.
Consultations at all hours. 2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st. 2122y.

The Victoria Stables
Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.
Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.
N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.
BROWNLEE & CO
March 11, 1874. 2513y

Amusements.

Two Grand Concerts!
Under the Patronage of their Excellencies the Earl and Countess of Dufferin.
GOWAN'S HALL, OTTAWA.
Monday & Tuesday, Jan. 11th & 12th.
First Appearance in Ottawa
OF THE
BOSTON PHILHARMONIC CLUB,
Consisting of the finest combination of Solo Talent in America, being the Leading Solo Artistes of the celebrated Thomas Orchestra, of New York.

PROGRAMME.

1—Overture .... Offenbach.
Philharmonic Club.
2—Horn Solo, "Air d'eglise" [composed 1661]... Stradella.
Mr. Adolf Belz.
3—Violin Solo, Witches' Dance ..... Paganini.
Mr. Bernhard Listemann.
4—Song. Flute Obligato by Mr. Weiner Bounded.
Miss May Bryant.
5—Quartette in G. minor, Allegro, Andante, Rondo .... Mozart.
Messrs. Butler, Listemann, Gramm and Hartdegen.
6—Variations from Quartett in D Minor ..... Schubert.
7—Flute Solo, Fantasie .... Terschak.
Mr. Eugene Weiner.
8—Paraphrase—Lorelei .... Nesvadba.
Philharmonic Club.
9—Song .... "Never" .... Mattel.
Miss M. Bryant.
10—Duo for Violin and Cello [on English and American Melodies .... Servais
Messrs. Gramm and Hartdegen.
11—Overture .... "Stradella" .... Flotow
Philharmonic Club.
12—GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
Seats may be had at Nordheimer's.
Jan 11, 1875. 3739-2

RINK MUSIC HALL,
THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY Evenings, January 14th, 15th and 16th.
THE UNEXPLAINED MYSTERY
of the Nineteenth Century,
Miss Annie de Montford,
The famous English Mesmerist, the great European sensation, the envy of the Scientists, the Wonder of the Educated, the Incomprehensible Mystery of the Masses. The most Laughable Entertainment in the World.
Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cts.
Reserved Seats can be had at Nordheimer's Music Store, without any extra charge.
CHAS. H. KEESHIN,
Business Agent.
Jan 11, 1875. 3739-5

DE MURSKA.
MR. D. DeVIVO has the honor to announce that
MLLE. ILMA DE MURSKA,
The famous Hungarian Nightingale, from Her Majesty's Covent Garden and Drury Lane Theatres, London, will give
Only One Grand Concert,
Under the distinguished Patronage of the Governor General and the Countess of Dufferin,
AT GOWAN'S HALL,
Friday Evening, Jan. 15th, at 8,
On which occasion the following celebrated Musical Artists will appear:
Mlle. Ilma DeMurska.
Mdme. Carreno Sauret, the Brilliant Pianist,
Sig. Ferranti, Prince of Buffos,
Mons. Sauret, the celebrated Violinist.
Sig. Gaetanno Braga, King Violoncellist,
Mr. Jas. H. Dank, Accompanist.
Prices as follows: Reserved Seats, $1.50; General Admission, $1. For sale at Nordheimer's Piano Rooms, on and after Wednesday, Jan. 13th.
Knabe Grand Piano used at this Concert.
Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-6

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING
Watchmaker and Jeweller.
Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Geyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years, and will continue the
MANUFACTURING, JEWELLERY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS
in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.
W. YOUNG.
June 20, 1874.

N. MARKS,
Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,
36—SPARKS STREET—36
Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine
JEWELLERY,
Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.
A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.
Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,
Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.
Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.
Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.
West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.
MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.
Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory, Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds, Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.
FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental ateliers of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.
Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of bijouterie, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.
Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to ... so and materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price nor worth ...
Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.
Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.
Jan. 17 1874. 2457-1wly

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.
The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.
ALEX. ROBERTSON,
Rideau-St.

DR. POMROY,
CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN
May now be consulted in his
ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE
Hours from 10 a.m. until 5 p.m.
Dec. 15 1874. 3711ptw

Auction Sales.

BUFFALO ROBES
AND
BLANKETS
Selling Far Under Cost, by
J. BERMINGHAM.

The subscriber having received last Fall a consignment of 300 Hudson Bay Co.'s Buffalo Robes, has a few left, which he will sell very cheap, to close the consignment.
He has also several large sized Horse Blankets, which will be sold at less than cost.
Private sale every day.
For good and cheap lined and unlined Robes, go to BERMINGHAM'S, opposite the Russell House.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

AUCTION
—OF—
BANKRUPT GOODS!
Consigned to the subscriber, to be sold by Auction and Private Sale, at
50 PER CENT. BELOW COST.
J. BERMINGHAM
Has now on hand a Bankrupt Stock, consisting of
100 White and Gold China Tea Sets,
100 Ladies' Work Boxes—inlaid,
100 Ladies' Writing Desks,
300 very handsome Vases of every design, style and pattern,
100 Toilet Sets,
Cut and Engraved Crystal Water Jugs and Celery Bowls,
50 English Chromos,
Bouquet Holders, Britannia Metal Tea Pots, and several Silver Tea Sets.
All selling (private sale) at 50 per cent. under English cost, at BERMINGHAM'S Sale Rooms opposite the Russell House.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Household Furniture by Auction.
THE subscriber is instructed by Mr. Martin Fahey, to sell by Public Auction, on
FRIDAY, THE 15th INST.,
commencing at 11 o'clock at his store, Stockdale's Buildings, Rideau-st., all the Household Furniture and effects therein, consisting of Sofas, Lounges, Sideboards, Presses, Bureaus, Piano Stool, cane Chairs, common Chairs, round and fall-leaf Tables, Pictures, Wardrobes, Pillows, Blankets, Kitchen Stoves, Hall Coal Stoves, large box Black Giant Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Kitchen Chairs and Tables, and various other articles, all without any reserve whatever, as the premises must be surrendered on the 19th inst.
Don't forget the day and place—Stockdale's Buildings, Rideau-st., on Friday, 15th inst., at 11 o'clock.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Jan. 11, 1875.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869 AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.
J. BOURGET of Sussex street, in the City of Ottawa, Insolvent.
AUCTION SALE
OF
WINES,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
BRANDIES,
STOCK,
CASKS,
FIRE PROOF SAFE,
SHOP FIXTURES,
AND LEASE OF PREMISES.
The subscriber is instructed by the Assignees Messrs Riddell and Evans of Montreal, to sell by Public Auction at the store of the insolvent, Sussex street in the city of Ottawa, on Thursday, the 14th inst., commencing at 11 o'clock, a. m., in lots to suit purchasers, the stock of the above insolvent consisting in part of sixteen thousand assorted cigars, several cases champagne, claret, brandy, red, blue and green seal, gin, Rhine wine, Scotch whiskey, sherry, and a large assortment of wines in wood and in bottle. Also the shop fixtures, stock, casks, bottling machine and lease of premises, all to be sold without any reserve,
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
January 11th, 1875

Auction Sale
OF VERY VALUABLE
TIMBER LIMITS,
Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.
HECTOR McLEAN
Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, THE 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:
License No. 161, season of 1873-4 comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.
License No. 163, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vieille Branch, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.
These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.
Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.
Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the
UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,
THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,
Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.
Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.
TERMS CASH.
JAMES SNEDDEN,
Ramsay.
Dec. 20th, 1874 3731 td

LAND FOR SALE.
1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land
Near the City, for sale.
The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice as the owner is in want of money.
For particulars apply to
JOHN W. MAGUIRE,
21, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester
Or, Ottawa P. O.
Sept. 3, 1874.

Summary of News.

It is reported that Pampeluna has been captured by the Carlists, and it is further reported the Republican standard has been already raised in the Sierra Morino.

There has been excessive cold in the North West, the thermometer registering 40° below zero at Fort Garry. It is likely that this section will experience a little of it in a day or two.

A sad shipping disaster is reported in our home despatches—the loss of a steamer and twenty six lives in the Bay of Biscay. No particulars are yet to hand.

The Legislature of Virginia have passed resolutions in which they express their opinion that President Grant's action in the Louisiana matter is one of "gross usurpation," and that he should receive the condemnation of the American people.

It does not appear likely from our telegrams that there will be any new developments in the great scandal trial, now in progress, beyond those which have already appeared in the church trial and the "statements."

Don Carlos is not at all satisfied with the arrangement which cuts him out of the Spanish throne, for which he has been fighting so long. He seems to pity young Alfonso, but says he will remain faithful to his holy mission, and keep the flag unstained.

Yesterday Gov. Tilden sent a message to the Legislature of the State of New York in which he says that if the White Leaguers are declared banditti, and dealt with according to martial law, those who carry such law into effect, as well as those who sanctioned it would be guilty of murders—neither more nor less.

We notice the arrival in Ottawa of Mr. James Barber, Surveyor of Shipping for the Port of St. John, New Brunswick, who, we understand, is here transacting business at the Department of Marine and Fisheries in connection with the registration and measurement of shipping, which branch of the public service has recently been transferred to that Department.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Corn Trade.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The *Mark Lane Express*, in its review of the corn trade for the past week, says there has been an extraordinary thaw throughout Europe, which causes an altered market. The relaxation of prices is general, and samples have become much deteriorated. Prussia officially reports a better crop than for seven years past.

A Steamship and Twenty-six Lives Lost.

The steamer Corfes, belonging to North Shields, has been lost in the Bay of Biscay. Twenty-six persons were drowned.

GERMANY.

The Landsturm Bill.

BERLIN, Jan. 11.—In the Reichstag today the Landsturm Bill passed its second reading. The members of the Fortschritt and the Centre voted with the minority.

SPAIN.

Don Carlos on the Situation.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—A London special to the *Herald* says Don Carlos has issued a proclamation dated at his head-quarters at Vera Tany, 6th, in which he says that as head of the Spanish Bourbons he contemplates with profound sorrow the attitude of his cousin, Alfonso, whose inexperience has led him to consent to being the instrument of the same persons who expelled him and his mother. Notwithstanding he makes no protest. The dignity of himself and army is the only protest. He avers he will remain faithful to his holy mission, and keep the flag unstained.

Entry of King Alfonso.

MADRID, Jan. 11.—King Alfonso will enter the Capital on Thursday next. It is reported that Don Carlos is determined on a vigorous prosecution of the war, not withstanding the restoration of monarchy. The Government will accordingly direct the resumption of active operations against him in a few days.

King Alfonso.

MADRID, Jan. 12.—King Alfonso arrived at Valencia to-day, and was enthusiastically received by the people.

Reported Carlist Victory.

PARIS, Jan. 12.—*Le Soir* says rumours are circulated in the lobbies of the Assembly to-day that the Carlists had taken Pampeluna, and that Genl. Mariot, commanding the national troops in the north, had pronounced against Alfonso.

The Latest Revolt.

LONDON, Jan. 13, 5-30 a.m.—The *Daily News* correspondent at Hendaye, telegraphs that it is said that Deputy Leon Merino has left Madrid with 500 followers, to raise the standard of the republic in the Sierre Morina.

UNITED STATES.

Military Appointment.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Captain Gildersleeve, one of the successful shots of the American team, last summer, was last night elected Colonel of the Ninth Regiment.

The Southern Embroglio.

A New Orleans despatch to the *Times* says the opposition to the new election scheme grows stronger among the Democrats. Senator West telegraphed to Kellogg from Washington yesterday, saying—"There will be no new election. Be firm and we will win the fight." The same despatch says Sheridan, while acting from correct motives, has had advisers. He has undoubtedly allowed himself to be influenced by the most corrupt politicians there. United States Marshal Packard has been in frequent consultation with him, and is known to have furnished greater part of the data for the outrage portion of Sheridan's despatch.

The committee in the Republican Legislature appointed to prepare a statement of the proceedings of January 4th, yesterday submitted a long report, and recommended that it be forwarded to Congress. There is nothing in the report giving information not already made public.

Gov. Tilden on Grants Louisiana Policy.

ALBANY, Jan. 12.—Gov. Tilden to-day sent a message to the Legislature regarding affairs in Louisiana. His positions are fortified by abundant legal citations. He argues that the suggestion contained in General Sheridan's letter that certain portions of the population were banditti and should be delivered up to be dealt with according to martial law was of a character, should it be applied, to involve all those who aided and abetted such action, from the President down, in the crime of murder as principals. He calls upon the Legislature of the State to make its protest against this act of usurpation, and this suggestion of indiscriminate murder, and to denounce the act of the military as a violation of the laws and constitution of Louisiana, of the laws and constitution of the United States, and of the liberties of the people.

Resigned.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—General Superintendent Rikert, Western Union Telegraph, has resigned, to take effect immediately. The resignation was promptly accepted. Vice-President Mumford takes charge of Rikert's Department.

A Missing Expedition.

OMAHA, Jan. 12.—Apprehensions are felt for the command, under Capt. Henry, which left Fort Loramie a few days since.

A Convict Revolt.

OMAHA, Nev., Jan. 12.—The convicts in the penitentiary at Lincoln, Nev., under the leadership of the notorious McWalters, about three p.m. to-day, overpowered the inside guards and gained possession of the armoury. They then drove the outside guards from the walls, shooting Julius Gashen in the knee and wounding him severely, and another who is reported to be dying. They also fired several shots at the citizens, who were approaching with arms, and wounded two of them. The warden was absent in the city, and his wife, children and a female convict are locked up in the upper part of the building. Grave apprehensions are felt for the safety of the guards and the warden's family, as the convicts are desperate men. The warden and a large body of armed citizens are patrolling outside the prison. The convicts having procured citizens' clothes by stripping the guards, are momentarily expected to sally forth. Gov. Farmas having applied to Gen Ord for aid, a company of troops left to-night on a special train for Lincoln.

The Effect of Eating Diseased Pork.

CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—A special despatch from Kankankee, Ill., says there are sixteen cases of trychinia in that place from eating diseased pork. Two of the victims have died and several others are in a critical condition.

The Duty Laws.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—In view of the conflicting interpretation given to the laws now in force, Secretary Bristow today sent an inquiry to the House as to whether any and if so what changes had been made or ordered to be made in the rates or subjects of duties collected at any of the ports of the United States, because of any provisions of the United States statutes as passed at the first session of Congress.

An Honest Restoration.

NEW YORK, Jan 12.—A cable despatch announced two months ago that a portion of Murello's picture's in the Cathedral of Seville, containing a picture of St. Anthony of Paul, had been cut out of the canvas and stolen. It was supposed the fragment was taken to America. This turns out to be true. Mr. Schaus, the well-known art dealer on Broadway, was recently offered, by two Spaniards, the missing picture, and after its coming purchased it for $250. Mr. Shaus has voluntarily and unconditionally placed the work of art, which was stolen, at the disposition of the Spanish Government through Senor De Uriarte, its consul in this city.

Death of Gov. Bramlette.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 12.—Ex-Governor Thos. E. Bramlette died at his residence in this City to-day.

Fire.

DAYTON, Jan. 12.—At nine o'clock tonight the large carriage and waggon manufactory and repository of A. W. F. Decamp, with its contents, was totally destroyed by fire. Loss, $6,000. The building and stock were fully insured.

The Beecher Tilton Trial.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—In the City Court to-day Mr. Morris continued his speech in the Beecher trial. The one thing notably revealed so far as it has gone is that the public is already in possession of the facts upon which the Jury is to pass. It is also made clear that Mr. Tilton's hopes for a verdict are based upon letters written by Mr. Beecher, and published in Mr. Tilton's first statement. After some general discussion the following letter of resignation, which Mr. Beecher in his agony had drawn up and would have sent to Plymouth Church but for Mr. Moulton's intervention, was read:

"May 31, 1873.

"To the Trustees of Plymouth Church,—I tender herewith my resignation of the sacred ministry of Plymouth Church. For two years I have stood with great sorrow among you in order to shield from shame a certain household, but a recent publication makes this no longer possible. I therefore resign my ministry.

"(Signed),
"HENRY WARD BEECHER."

Hard on President Grant.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 12.—The following are the resolutions before the Legislature, and which will probably be added on Thursday: "Resolved by the General Assembly of Virginia that Ulyses S. Grant, President of the United States, by the employment of the army to determine the election returns of the qualification of members of the Legislature of Louisiana, has plainly transended his power, committed an act of gross usurpation, and should receive the condemnation of the American people." "Resolved, that we tender the people of Louisiana our profound sympathy, as well as our assurance that their patient forbearance will be rewarded with speedy delivery from military power."

The Rumoured Cabinet Changes.

WASHINGTON Jan. 12.—There are no further developments to-day regarding the rumours of Cabinet changes. The President's message on Louisiana affairs not having been completed until a late hour this afternoon, it will be transmitted to Congress to-morrow.

New Telegraph Laws.

The bill introduced by Representative McCrary, of Iowa, to amend the telegraph law of 1866 "Provides that all telegraph companies in the United States shall mutually interchange messages, and transmit and deliver them at the regular tariff rates of each company between the points of transmission, without any additional charge for words indicating the route, or manner of transmission, and punishes by fine not exceeding $2,000, or imprisonment not exceeding two years, and by liability for damages to the party injured any officer or employee of any telegraph company, who shall refuse to receive, or who shall fail promptly to transmit and deliver messages at the rates and in all respects in the manner above provided." The bill introduced by Representative White, of Alabama, for cheapening telegraphic communication, &c., "provides that the rate for telegraphing upon every telegraph line in the United States shall be, for 20 words or less, and under 200 miles, 30 cents; under 500 miles, 50 cents; under 700 miles, 75 cents; under 1,000 miles, $1; and any greater distance, $1 25. For night telegrams: Under 1,000 miles, 30 cents; for all greater distances, 50 cents. For transmitting special telegrams to newspapers and commercial and news associations: For each 100 words for each circuit of 200 miles, not exceeding 75 cents at night, and $1 during the day. For copies of the same telegram dropped off at one or more offices, not exceeding 50 cents at night, or 75 cents during the day. For special telegrams for two or more newspapers, 10 cents additional for each 100 words for manifolding. No charge for telegrams for press associations or special telegrams to exceed those now paid by the New York Associated Press or similar associations. The bill also provides that where lines of the competing telegraph companies extend over the same territory, and afford equal facilities, all government business shall be equally divided between them. Both bills were referred to the House in Judiciary Committee, which has in turn referred them to a committee consisting of Butler (of Mass.), Wilson (of Ind.), and Fink.

Cold Weather.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Reports from the west show intensely cold weather from the extreme north-west to-night, indicating another cold snap in this section by Thursday night or Friday morning. The thermometer at Breckenridge, Minn., is 20° below zero; at Bismarck, Dak., 30°; at Cheyenne, 20 below zero, Virginia and Montana, 38 below zero.

THE PACIFIC MAIL INVESTIGATION.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.

In the Pacific Mail investigation a long list of recipients of bribes and needless gratuities to messengers of the House and hangers on were exposed, who altogether received a sum total of $120,000 disbursed between March 6th and September 6th, 1872. Some of the recipients were Hersey, assistant door-keeper or messenger of the House of Representatives; John Boyd, assistant door-keeper of the House; and Chittenden, a lawyer.

John Boyd was asked what service he rendered to Irwin, and replied that Irwin wanted some papers and pamphlets to reach the hands of certain members, and delivered them. The money was a gratuity.

John Hersey testified that he was a messenger of the 42nd Congress, and received from Abert eleven thousand dollars. He had been attentive and courteous to Irwin, and brought him around to the House. Witness was now a messenger in the House of Representatives.

Irwin says the money paid Don Piatt had nothing whatever to do with the Pacific Mail subsidy; that Piatt fought the subsidy from first to last. After the subsidy had passed, he loaned Piatt the money, which the latter had since paid.

The Louisiana Interference Condemned

BALTIMORE, Jan. 11th.—Both branches of the City Council unanimously adopted resolutions to-night characterizing the military interference in Louisiana as arbitrary, threatening the existence of Republican institutions.

Change of Directors.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12th.—T. A. Alexander, president, and Messrs. Talcott and Guoin, directors of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, have resigned, and Albert Hatch and Russell Sage, have been elected in place of two latter.

Fire.

A fire in James M. Shaw's crockery store, on Duane street, confined to that establishment, caused a loss on the building of $40,000; on the stock, $100,000; insurance, $130,000.

Fire in Boston.

BOSTON, Jan. 12th.—Bartlett & Cullings' paper mill at Dalton, Mass., was burned last night. Loss, $100,000. Insurance, $40,000.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(By Telegraph.)

TORONTO.

Larceny—Philharmonic Concert.

TORONTO, Jan. 12.

A man named Wm. Brown was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of stealing a pair of boots from a store on Yonge street.

The Philharmonic association last night gave a performance of "The Messiah" at the Grand Opera House, which was crowded from parquette to gallery. The soloists were Mrs. Granger Dow (soprano), Mr. Simpson (tenor), and Mr. Egan (bass). Our local talent was represented by Mr. Wright, the Misses Dexter and Miss Madison. The orchestra was supplemented by Emil Wable's band and Mrs. Morrison's orchestra.

MONTREAL.

Drowned—Coroner's Inquest—Mr. Devlin Elected by a Majority of 84! Splendid Victory.

MONTREAL, Jan. 12.

A young man named Charles Reilly, an Irishman by birth, was drowned on Saturday while crossing the ice from St. Helen's Island, by falling into an air hole. The body has not yet been found.

Yesterday morning Coroner Jones held an inquest over the bodies of Madame Choquette and the man Gerard who met their death by suffocation at the recent fire in St. Paul street. The jury after hearing evidence relative to the finding of the body, rendered a verdict of "Accidental death from suffocation."

The election here to-day has been the cause of considerable excitement. Mr. Ryan's scrutineers tried to keep up the spirits of their party throughout the day by publishing bogus returns giving him large and increasing majorities. The result is one of the most splendid victories of the season. To show the tactics resorted to by Mr. Ryan's supporters we subjoin the following statement of the poll at four o'clock, as given by the scrutineers of each candidate:—East Ward: Mr. Devlin's scrutineers gave the following as the state of the poll:—Devlin, 210; Ryan, 208; majority for Devlin, 2. Mr. Ryan's scrutineers' report gives Devlin, 186; Ryan, 232; majority for Ryan, 44. Centre Ward: Mr. Devlin's scrutineers give Devlin, 245; Ryan, 186; majority for Devlin, 59. Mr. Ryan's scrutineers give Devlin, 193; Ryan, 238; majority for Ryan, 45. West Ward: Mr. Devlin's scrutineers give Devlin, 283; Ryan, 419; majority for Ryan, 136. Mr. Ryan's scrutineers give Devlin, 199; Ryan, 503; majority for Ryan, 304. St. Ann's Ward: Mr. Devlin's scrutineers give Devlin, 1624; Ryan, 1074; majority for Devlin, 550. Mr. Ryan's scrutineers give Devlin, 1329; Ryan, 1369; majority for Ryan, 40.

Jacques Cartier 146½; Merchants 116½. Mechanics, 91; Montreal Telegraph, 187½.

BARRIE.

Destructive Fire.

BARRIE, January 12th.

At 9:30 a.m. on Sunday a fire was discovered to have broken out in the livery stables of Mr. Alexander McDonald, situated on College street, and facing the Episcopal Church. The alarm bell was at once rung, but great difficulty was experienced in getting up steam to work the fire engine owing to the intense frost. The proprietor, Mr. McDonald, occupied a room in the upper part of the premises, and directly after discovering them to be on fire, he proceeded to unloosen the six horses which were in the stables, and with the aid of the inhabitants, who had turned out *en masse*, two of the horses were saved, but four were burnt to cinders. Although there was not a high wind blowing at the time, the fire soon spread to a row of adjoining tenements, owned by Dr. Crookshanks, one of which was occupied by Mr. T. H. Robinson, but the other two were untenanted. The former being nearest the stables was soon in flames, and in spite of the efforts of the brigade and townspeople, it was found impossible to save them. The fire raged furious, and soon spread. To prevent its spreading to the houses owned by Mrs. O'Neill, and occupied by Mr. E. Hinds, the firemen attempted to pull down the intervening structure. At about twelve o'clock the fire was got under, but during the whole day the engine was throwing water on the charred embers. Great fears were entertained in the event of a high wind arising during the night that the flames would extend to the front street. The furniture of the various houses was saved, but Mr. McDonald has lost considerably. Fortunately two teams and double sleighs were out of the stables. Insurances, so far as ascertained, are as follows:—Mr. McDonald, insured for $1,000 in the Provincial Insurance Company; Dr. Crookshanks, insured for $1,800 in the Western Insurance Company; Mrs. O'Neil, houses for various sums. Several tanks of water were emptied, and the engine had finally to be brought down to the Bay. The four horses burnt are valued at $600.

ANGUS.

Frozen to Death.

ANGUS, Jan. 12.

A man of this village named Ambrose Kite, was frozen to death on the pine plains on Saturday night.

PRESCOTT.

An Ice Bridge.

PRESCOTT, Jan. 12.

The weather is cold and clear. Teams have been crossing between here and Ogdensburg all day, the ice having taken since Saturday.

STRATHROY.

Board of Trade.

STRATHROY, Jan. 12.

Burrows H. Bothwell and Chas. Grist are appointed delegates from the Strathroy Board of Trade to attend the meeting of the Dominion Board at Ottawa. They are specially charged to favour reciprocity, the enlargement of the canals, and the management of express business by the Government.

ST. CATHARINES.

Almost Drowned.

ST. CATHARINES, Jan. 12.

Mr. Oille, while engaged in cutting ice above Lock 4 in the Canal, in attempting to drag a piece of ice out of the water, slipped and went under. Fortunately he came up in the open space, when he was rescued.

METCAFLE.

Withdrawal of two of the Candidates.

METCALFE, Jan. 12.

At a convention held in Duncanville last night, Mr. O'Hanly, Dr. Ferguson and Mr. Morgan each appointed three of their friends, who agreed to withdraw O'Hanly and Ferguson. Mr. Morgan and Barber are now the only candidates in the field. Morgan (Ministerial), and Barber (Opposition).

QUEBEC.

Union Prayer Meetings—Chess Tournament—Wholesale Vaccination—Death of Col. Sewell—Misreported.

QUEBEC, Jan. 12.

The Union Prayer meetings will be continued all this week.

The Chess tournament of the Quebec Chess Club commenced yesterday at the club rooms.

As a precautionary measure, all the inmates of the Beauport Lunatic Asylum have been vaccinated.

Lieut.-Col. A. R. Sewell, late of the 15th Regiment of Foot, died here on Sunday.

The *Chronicle* of this morning publishes a letter from M. Joly, in which he states that there is not a word of truth in the report which appears in the *Le Canadien* of his speech at the Montreal dinner.

ORANGEVILLE.

Found Dead in Bed.

ORANGEVILLE, Jan. 12.

Last evening a coroner's jury was empanelled by Dr. Corbert, Coroner, to enquire into the cause of the death of Wm. McKettrick, who was found dead in bed this morning. The jury returned a verdict that deceased had come to his death from old age and the inclemency of the weather. It appears he has for about two years past been living alone in a house provided by his sons, he having stubbornly refused to live either with them or his wife. Every attention had been paid to his wants, and it is uncertain whether death resulted from exposure or sudden illness. He was 82 years of age, and when last seen he was in apparent good health.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Wreck of a Brig, and all hands lost.

HALIFAX, Jan. 12.

The report of a sad case of shipwreck reached town last night. On Thursday night last, during a snow storm, the brig Agnes Raymond, Captain Randall, ran ashore at White Island, near Dover, about thirty miles from Halifax, and became a total wreck. When a fisherman discovered the wreck on Friday morning no person was on board, and no doubts exists that all hands have been lost. The crew, doubtless, took to the boats, and were swamped, as two boats have been washed ashore in the neighbourhood, one of them much broken. There would probably be about eight persons on board. The vessel was four years old, owned by Mr. Joseph P. Raymond, of Beaver River, Digby County, and was laden with salt from Inarigua for Halifax. At latest accounts the masts had all gone, and the side was out of the vessel.

ST. HYACINTHE.

Banquet.

ST. HYACINTHE, Jan. 12.

The weather yesterday was all that could be desired for the success of the banquet, or rather *fete* as it might be called, the occasion being in augmentation of McMartin, Hamel & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, late of Montreal, but now of this City. The corporation of St. Hyacinthe having granted an immunity from taxation for twenty years and a bonus of $4,000 for the expense of moving. The building is completed, and will be in full operation within the next two weeks. In the evening a banquet was given by the citizens, which was largely attended. The Mayor of the City, J. C. Desaulles presided, and was supported by Mr. E. Clarke, of Sherbrooke, President of the Co., on the right and Judge Sicothe on the left. Among those present were Moussean, Q.C., M.P.; D'Elorme, M.P. etc.

After dinner, which was provided by Mr. Victor of the Hotel Du France, Montreal, in excellent style, the usual loyal toasts were proposed and duly honored. The toast of the members of the House of Commons was responded to by Mr. Delorme, M.P. for St. Hyacinthe, and Mr. Mousseau, Q.C., M.P., both of whom spoke of the advantage, both to the town of St. Hyacinthe and the company, by the establishment of the company in the city. "The Province of Quebec" was replied to by Mr. Bachaud, M.P.P., and Mr. Marchand, M.P.P. The Secretary read a letter from Mr. Genderon, M.P.P., wishing success to the new company. Hon. Mr. Laframboise also replied. The toast of the evening, "McMartin, Hamel & Co.," was replied to by S. J. Doran, president of the company, and E. Clarke, of Sherbrooke, one of the directors, both of whom returned their most hearty thanks for the welcome extended to them by the citizens of St. Hyacinthe, and recapitulated the circumstances of their settling in this city. Mr. Doran proposed the health of the Mayor and Corporation of St. Hyacinthe, which was responded to by Mayor Dessaulles and Ald. Bourgeois. Mayor Dessaulles then proposed "The Clergy and Educational Establishments of St. Hyacinthe," which was responded to by Pere Graville, Pere Ouillet, and Pere Bourgeois; and the other usual toasts were proposed and responded to, after which the Company separated, well satisfied with the success of their evening's *fete*.

THE GREAT FAMILY MEDICINE OF THE AGE.—There is, probably, no family medecine so favourably and so widely known as Davis' Pain Killer. It is extensively used in India, China, Turkey—and in every civilized country on earth, not only to counteract the climatic influences, but for the cure of Bowel troubles, Cholera and Fevers. It is used internally for all diseases of the bowels, and externally for wounds, burns, bruises, &c. Sold by druggists generally. 374

THE TIMES

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Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50c, and deaths with funeral notices attached $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents. When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Horse Blankets—W. Borbridge.
Views—Smith & Stewart.
Reform Association—J. P. Robertson.

The Times.

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 13, 1875.

THE RUSSELL CONTEST.

We rejoice to see that the Ministerial party in Russell have at last admitted the anomalous position in which they placed themselves by keeping three candidates in the field, while their opponents had wisely resolved to sink their differences and forego their personal aspirations for the purpose of concentrating their force upon one man. While Dr. Ferguson continued in the contest, as the nominee of the majority at the Convention, we gave him a loyal and hearty support, and had he considered it his duty to continue in the field, we should have given him that support to the end. We believe the doctor to be a gentleman in every way fitted to make an excellent member of the Legislature, and regret that circumstances were such that his withdrawal from the contest became not only prudent but necessary. Having given him our allegiance, however, we see no reason why that allegiance should not be transferred to the candidate in whose favour he has retired, and accordingly we are prepared to advise all our friends in the County of Russell who would have supported Dr. Ferguson had he gone to the polls to go in and secure the victory for Mr. Morgan.

We must also acknowledge that Mr. O'Hanly has done a graceful and a creditable act in retiring when he was convinced that to persist in going to the polls would not have helped his own case, and would be a weakness to the party of whose principles he has been a life-long advocate. Mr. O'Hanly may have done one or two things in connection with this same contest which we regret, and could scarcely be blamed if we condemned; but we are convinced that the feelings which inspired him in these instances were the product of the moment, and are ere now heartily repented of. This last act should go a fair way to restore him in the confidence and esteem of his friends and political associates. We hope that every voter whose ballot would have been cast for him had he gone to the polls will also be cast for Mr. Morgan.

MR. O'CONNOR'S ADDRESS.

They have all withdrawn in favour of Mr. John O'Connor—that is, the Tories whose names were put upon the list of nominations at the City Hall on Monday, Mr. John G. Davis among the rest. It is especially graceful in Mr. Davis to withdraw, for he could have been elected—to stay at home—with more certainty than any man in Ottawa. It is a pity that the magnificent oration be delivered to the "free and independent" of Ottawa for Monday should have been thrown away upon such an unappreciative multitude, and it would have been so pleasing to the grave legislators at Toronto to hear that eloquent manuscript—written by Mr. Davis himself, of course—rendered with exquisite accent and delightful cadence (the cadence of the sea in a storm) in the "marble halls" of the Local Parliament. But alas for the evanescence of political preferment and sacrifices to which men of talent have to make for their country and their friends! Of course it was a most gallant and unselfish thing to step "down and out" in favour of Mr. O'Connor, who has no doubt fully appreciated the favour, and probably feels not a little elated that he should be permitted to stand in the shoes of such an eminent philanthrophist and thoroughly representative man as Mr. Davis.

Mr. O'Connor has issued an address, and we confess to some surprise that it contains no acknowledgment of Mr. Davis's patriotic resolve to quit the field in favour of his friend. However, since the thing bears upon the face of it the evidence of having been gotten up in a hurry, Mr. Davis will probably give a further proof of his patriotism and remarkable self-abnegation by generously pardoning and excusing the oversight. If we did not know Mr. O'Connor's history pretty well already, we would have some difficulty in finding out from this address to which political party he belongs. He is evidently stirred by no such hallowed remembrances of the days of "bib-and-tucker" as his friend and supporter Mr. Rowe, and indeed pretends to look upon political parties in the Local Legislature as more or less of an evil. It is somewhat surprising to find the worthy alderman, after his earnest and eloquent advocacy of Monday in favour of the local Conservatism which he imbibed from his mother, coming out and supporting a weak-kneed straddle-the-fence who professes to be willing to support good measures, even if they do come from the Grit Ontario Government. But then it is only another instance of Tory magnanimity. Mr. O'Connor's disquisition upon society and social order is an admirable addition to the literature of the age. For profundity—that surpassing erudition which the common herd cannot and ought not aspire to understand—we back Mr. O'Connor's elucidation of class-legislation and representation with their effects upon the "frame of society" and "social order" against any literary production of the century. The logic which attempts to prove that "a man unconnected with that of branch trade" could do something in the Legislature to relieve the lumber depression, which one connected with it could not, would require a fuller explanation than Mr. O'Connor has vouchsafed, before we are prepared to admit its absolute correctness. The organ, which espouses the Hon. gentleman's cause gives him great credit for his perseverance and the success he has thus attained in his profession. We are willingly to give this advertisement a free insertion in our columns, but we sincerely trust we are not going to be asked to send all the successful lawyers in the Province to the Legislature. Of course it was a very proper thing to pat him on the back, tell him how he had raised himself in the world, how he had been long in the Dominion Parliament, and latterly in the Dominion Cabinet, but it would have been less enobling perhaps had these things not been recapitulated, for if Mr. O'Connor's own expressed estimate of the Local Legislature be correct, he must admit that it is coming down a peg to consent to contest the constituency on this occasion, especially with certain defeat staring him in the face.

MONTREAL CENTRE.

As will be seen from our Montreal despatch, Mr. Devlin has been elected for the Centre Division of that city by a majority of eighty-four over Mr. M. P. Ryan, the unseated member. The matter of one seat either way is not one which affects the status of the Liberal party in this country, or the position of the Liberal Government, and over an ordinary victory we should not be disposed to be exceedingly jubilant. It must be admitted, however, that this victory is no ordinary one. About this time last year, with the Pacific Scandal weighing him down, Mr. Ryan got the handsome majority of 350 over his victorious opponent of to-day. That this handsome majority should now be turned into a minority of 84, won on the simple merits of the Government, is not only a sufficient reply to the deduction attempted to be drawn from the reduced majority of Mr. Fred. Mackenzie, but is also an excellent indication of the feeling of satisfaction which is prevailing throughout this entire Dominion. It is certainly a victory won at a most auspicious moment—a time when a stray election won, as was South Norfolk, or a reduced majority recorded for a Government supporter, was perpetually attempted to be used as a means of proving that the popularity of Mr. Mackenzie and his colleagues was on the wane. There can be no questioning that upon the merits of the Government and that issue alone was the contest in Montreal Centre fought, and upon that issue a verdict has been pronounced which we trust will have its legitimate effect in putting a stop to that continual carping and detraction with which the Conservatives have attempted to coerce the public of Canada back to their old allegiance. Detraction may not be without its effects, even if those at whom it is levelled are not very deserving of it, provided it is resorted to skilfully, and the point at which it begins is gradually arrived at. But no sooner were the Conservative party and press turned into the cold shades of Opposition than they took up the well worn weapons which not many days before they had found fault with their opponents for using, and they wielded them with a recklessness which of itself convinced the public of their insincerity. The result is that the public still refuses to believe them, and should the time come when they will have a real grievance, they can scarcely complain if their protests fall upon unheeding, incredulous ears. We were told that the election of Mr. Wallace for South Norfolk, and the reduced majority of Mr. Fred. Mackenzie in Montreal were sure signs of dissatisfaction with the Mackenzie Administration. Suppose that so far as these two constituencies are concerned we are willing to accept of their statement as an accurate rendering of the facts, we ask the Conservatives in all sincerity if the balance of the evidence is not still against the assumption that the Government are one whit more unpopular to-day than they were when a year ago the whole country was almost as one man in their favour. With North Renfrew, Argenteuil, and Montreal Centre won over, and but the single constituency of South Norfolk lost to the Administration, with the diminution of the Montreal West majority pitted against Sir John Macdonald's narrow shave at Kingston, what confidence, we ask, do our Tory friends expect the public to put in any of their statements, when they have the effrontery to say that the Government is growing unpopular? Surely it would be the more manly course, as it would be the more just one to their party, if they admitted that public opinion was against them, that the Government had so far really done nothing to forfeit the confidence of the people, but that on the contrary they had acted in full accord with the sentiments and desires of the vast majority of the electors. What speculations they might see fit to indulge in regarding the future, what promises to make of good behaviour on their own behalf, and what prophecies of evil regarding the conduct they expected on the part of their opponents, we could well pardon them for. That at least would be a legitimate thing to do, and so far as their own promises were concerned, the electors might, and no doubt would, some day take them at their word, and give them an opportunity of redeeming them. Under our constitutional form of Government, this is one of the things which would happen just as surely and just as naturally as that the sun which rose in the east this morning should set in the evening in the west, if they were only willing to permit the laws which govern these things to run their natural course. In this battle with nature and common sense, they must surely continue to come off worsted, the more especially that they refuse to admit their own errors—crimes we should rather say—in the past, and hold that their conduct has been perfectly just and honest, the unequivocal verdict of the electors to the contrary notwithstanding.

We cannot close this notice without tendering our humble mead of credit to the popularity and ability of the candidate by whom and through whom the battle of yesterday was successfully fought. Mr. Devlin well deserves the honour which the Liberals of Montreal Centre have conferred upon him, not only on account of his personal fitness for the high and responsible office to which they have elected him, but more especially on account of his fidelity to Liberal principles under all circumstances, and the fact that he carried the banner in Montreal Centre when these principles were far less popular than they are to-day. Mr. Devlin was always ready and willing to sacrifice his own personal interests for the sake of the cause which he has ever had so deeply at heart, when that sacrifice meant something, and it is but just, now that the cause is in the ascendant, that its representatives should rally round him and thus fittingly recognise their appreciation of his conduct. In electing Mr. Devlin, Montreal Centre has not only done honour to him, but has been equally honoured itself, and the electors of that constituency may at least be assured that their interests, or the interests of the country at large, will never suffer for the lack of able, fearless, and independent advocacy while their present representative has a seat upon the floor of the Dominion Parliament.

Of his defeated opponent we have not a word to say except of respect. He is a man of fair ability and considerable influence, but of somewhat rabid party leanings. As a speaker he certainly did not excel, but he had the graceful merit of never intruding upon the patience of his fellow-members, and he seldom dabbled in the discussion of questions which he did not understand. On commercial matters he was accustomed to express himself forcibly, if at times his allegiance to his party did not permit him to be exceedingly sincere. If he was not one of the most prominent members of the House of Commons, he was at least far from being the most obscure, and, all things considered, the fact that Mr. Devlin has been successful in beating him is a high compliment to the personal qualities of that gentleman, as well as a proof of the still waning popularity of Toryism as embodied in and represented by Mr. Ryan. The greatest stain—perhaps, indeed, the only stain—upon Mr. Ryan's reputation as a public man was that he supported the Pacific Charter-sellers to the very last, and like them has never yet expressed his regret for the part he played in connection with that scandalous transaction.

Correspondence.

PROHIBITION.

To the Editor of the TIMES:

SIR,—The subjoined letter is copied from the Chicago *Advance*, to which it was addressed by the Honble. Gerrit Smith; and in giving it to his readers the editor states that this was "almost the last act" of that noble philanthropist's life. Let the advocates of Prohibition but remember that the writer was a man of superior intelligence, culture, social position and moral worth, and they may perhaps be led to admit it as possible that other good men may be just as honestly averse to legal coercion in respect of what they shall eat or drink. Mr. Gerrit Smith, as most people know, was one of the chief actors and leaders in the long abolition struggle which cost millions of dollars, employed thousands of devoted and self-sacrificing agents, culminated in a terribly severe war, and finally swept away the curse of slavery from the United States. He had inherited large advantages. His father was a judge and a wealthy man, and appreciating the benefits of a thorough education bestowed them upon his son, who, in his turn, made the most of his opportunities and became as eminent in polemics as he was in moral worth. Few men ever spent so much money, time and effort, or endured so much obloquy in connection with a purely benevolent object, and it may safely be said that few men united in their character so many of the essential features of the true patriot and Christian—and this is what Mr. Gerrit Smith said a few days before his death, which, as you know, occurred only some weeks ago.

OMEGA.

"I accede to your request for something upon the temperance question. While I emphatically agree with the temperance men in the duty of total abstinence from all intoxicating drinks. I am, nevertheless, very far from agreeing with them in their demands upon the Government. I do not complain of them, for I would not like to resemble the obstinate juror who complained that the other eleven jurors would not agree with him. I am conscious that the mass of the temperance men are against me, and that I stand comparatively alone. For nearly forty years I have cherished such views of civil government as only a small minority hold to. In all that time I have made its province much narrower than the majority make it. The sole work of government is to protect person and property, and it is but natural that the more closely it is confined to its work the more thoroughly it performs it. Just here let me say that government is not to be called on to protect us from all perils, but only from such as we cannot protect ourselves from, and only from such as greatly and immediately endanger the public interest and threaten the very life of society. Surely such are our perils from the dram shop, that den of horrors where madness rules the hour and murder is the frequent outcome. Government is to leave large latitude of conduct to individuals and families. In many a private dwelling there is lewdness; in many there is gambling, and in many there is drunkenness. Nevertheless government must not enter them to suppress these vices. These cases do not call for coercion, but for moral influence. Let, however, the safety of the community be assailed by a public brothel, or a public gaming-house, or by that great drunkard-maker, the public dram-shop, and there is an occasion for the suppressing hand of government. I was, perhaps, wrong in going to the National Temperance Convention at Chicago in 1869. The Convention was not prepared to adopt my views of the narrow province of government. It was more disposed to accord great breadth to it. I was, perhaps, wrong in devoting so much time and money, through several subsequent years, to the task of persuading the temperance men to ask nothing more of government than the suppression of dram-selling. And mark that I would not be guilty of the inconsistency of asking even this much from government in the name and in behalf of temperance. I would require it simply in virtue of its obligation to protect person and property. Government owes nothing even to the great and sacred cause of temperance. The only aid that cause can legitimately desire from it is what is incidental to the faithful work of government in protecting person and property. And what say I of lager beer? Happily I neither know nor desire to know the taste of it. If it be simply stupefying, I would not have Government class it with dram-shop drinks, and therefore forbidden drinks. Let me here remark, by the way, that whether lager beer be or be not intoxicating (I suppose it is only slightly so, unless the drinker be a very behemoth) I would not have government array itself against German beer gardens. I never saw but one. I was at St. Louis, and although it was nearly twenty years ago, I have not yet lost the very pleasant impression it made upon me. Families seated quietly around small tables, with nothing on them but a pitcher of lager beer, goblets, and a plate of cake, contrasted so widely with the noisy and mad whiskey-drinkings of the Yankees and Irish, that my rigid total abstinence relaxed if not into an approval, at least into the toleration of the scene before me. This usage of fatherland, so dear to the heart of every German, has strong claims to forgiveness and favour if over against its many pleasant features there be one that is to be regretted. The friends of temperance are very numerous and very honest. They have failed in their political action simply because they have grasped at too much and exacted more from Government than it has the right to render. Government will never prohibit all traffic in intoxicating drinks. It will never be guilty of such an invasion of the domain of individual liberty. The Prohibitionists are extremists. They would not so much as let the housewife make her keg of currant wine. Let the friends of temperance be content to ask of the Government only so much as the Government has the right to grant. Let the temperance men come together on this sure ground, and stand there at the elections, and the accessions to them will soon make them the majority. I will not say that, come what will, every temperance man must stand there at every election or be justly called a traitor. We old Abolitionists, who have worn out our lives in the battle against slavery, must, if ever we shall see the bloody old dragon threatening to return upon us, be allowed to make secondary the claims of temperance and to vote again as Abolitionists.

Peterboro, N. Y.

THE TANNERIES' INVESTIGATION.

MONTREAL, Jan. 12.

M. C. DANSEREAU continued his evidence: He said on the 17th June he drew a check on the Jacques Cartier Bank for $7,000; that related entirely to his private business, and no part had been paid to any one on account of the Tanneries. On the 21st July Boivin of Quebec, a partner of witness's in the land transactions, drew a check on the same bank, payable to Dansereau, for $9,000. This sum also referred to private transactions between us, during last summer. The telegrams of Aug. 10th, produced by Dakers, requested the deeds of the Tanneries property. Imagined they were the titles to the Government for these lands. Witness had no connection last summer with Hon. Mr. Archambault in purchases of land. In conversation the latter told him to see some one about the buying of some property. Afterwards he had a telegram from Archambault not to interest himself further about it. Thought the telegram was addressed to Middlemiss and referred to an investigation directed by the Ministry. M. Chapleau, at the Tanneries meeting a few days after the exchange, referred to the investigation. It was notorious that the members of the Ministry asked for an investigation. Middlemiss on learning there was to be an enquiry wrote or telegraphed to witness asking if such were to be the case. Middlemiss did not express any apprehension to witness in reference to the investigation. On the other hand, he desired to have an immediate trial of titles in court. Witness had himself called on the Ministry to test the question of title in court, as Middlemiss was anxious to know if what he had done was legal. The *Minerve* was not in need of Middlemiss's money to support it. Could state from his own knowledge that Hon. Mr. Archambault would not draw the $50,000 from the bank for his private use. That money had been deposited as a guarantee, and was to be returned to Middlemiss. The committee decided that witness should state whether or not he had drawn from the Jacques Cartier Bank the $50,000 with which he had discharged his debt to Middlemiss. He declined to answer. The committee insisted, but the witness remained firm and refused to reply. He thought he had shown by Mr. Cote's testimony that the $17,000 had nothing to do with the Tanneries. Had no communication with Mr. Mousseau about the exchange before it was finished. Was positive that Mosseau had nothing to do with the transaction.

Mr. DANSEREAU was interrupted in order to ask Mr. H. Cote, Cashier of the Jacques Cartier Bank, the following questions:—

Are you willing to state now how much time elapsed between the making of the deposit of the check of $50,000, and the substitution of the cash for that cheque?

M. COTE declined to answer, as he was bank cashier.

The examination of Dansereau was then resumed. He said—Chapleau and Ouimet did not know of the $48,000 loaned to witness. He positively stated that no member of the Government derived any benefit from the exchange directly or indirectly, so that the $48,000 was a legitimate transaction.

M. LOUIS-DENIS DUVERNAY, one of the proprietors of the *Minerve*, stated—Did not know of deposits made on 23rd June and 7th July to the credit of Dansereau at the Jacques Cartier Bank by Middlemiss. All witness knew of the affair was through the papers. Dansereau never told witness before the transaction the part he was taking, nor did he tell him that a good opportunity was offered to assure the credit of the *Minerve*. Archambault spoke of the transaction before witness. Neither witness nor any of his partners derived pecuniary gain from the transaction.

Mr. LORANGER requested Duvernay to give an extract statement from the books of the firm of the money transactions from the 1st June to the 1st October last, but witness declined on the grounds that such a statement would expose private affairs.

A. M. Delisle, J. S. C. Murtelle, Q. C. and John Dunlop, Secretary of the Municipality of Notre Dame De Grace, considered the Tanneries to be worth at ranges from 10c to 15c a foot, and the Leduc at $400 to $700 per arpent.

Middlemiss then signed his deposition, and was allowed to add that while at Murray Bay last summer, he was nearly bothered to death by people's interrogations, and in order to quiet two very inquisitive greenhorns, whom he believed to have been set upon him by others, he was determined they should know more than any living man, himself included, and he told them a great many things which caused their eyes to start from their sockets, and they left the room like a flash of lightning. He afterwards learned that their names was Pacand.

This Committee adjourned to meet at Quebec.

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

THE ELECTIONS.

List of Candidates.

	O.	I.	M.
Addington, Deroche	0	0	1
" Mace	1	0	0
Algoma	0	0	0
Brant, N. R., Finlayson	0	0	1
" S. R., Hardy	0	0	1
Brockville, Fitzsimmons	1	0	0
" Cole	0	0	1
Bruce, N. R., Sinclair (Dr.)	0	1	0
" " Sinclair	0	0	1
" S. R., Wells	0	0	1
Cardwell, Bowles	0	0	1
" Flesher	1	0	0
Carleton, Monk	1	0	0
Cornwall, McIntyre	1	0	0
" Snetsinger	0	0	1
Dufferin	0	0	0
Dundas, Cook	0	0	1
" Broder	1	0	0
Durham, E. R., Rosevear	1	0	0
" " Smith (Seth)	0	0	1
Durham, W. R., McLeod	0	0	1
" " McClung	1	0	0
Elgin, E. R., Askell	1	0	0
" " Wilson	0	0	1
Elgin, W. R., Munro	1	0	0
" " Hodgins	0	0	1
Essex, S. R., Atkin	0	0	1
" " Wigle	1	0	0
Essex, N. R., Prince	0	0	1
" " Patterson	1	0	0
Frontenac, Calvin	1	0	0
Glengarry, Grant	1	0	0
" McNab	0	0	1
Grenville, S. R., Fraser	0	0	1
" " Price	1	0	0
Grey, N. R., Scott	1	0	0
" " McFayden	0	0	1
Grey, S. R., Hunter	0	0	1
Grey, E. R., Lauder	1	0	0
" " Patterson	0	0	1
Haldimand, Baxter	0	0	1
" Waldbrook	1	0	0
Halton, Barber	0	0	1
" Beaty	1	0	0
Hamilton, Williams	0	0	1
Hastings, W. R., Lewis	0	0	1
" " Graham	0	0	1
" " Wills	1	0	0
Hastings, E. R., Appley	1	0	0
" " Wilson	1	0	0
" " Potts	1	0	0
Hastings, N. R., Boulter	1	0	0
" " O'Flynn	0	0	1
Huron, E. R., Vannorman	1	0	0
" " Gibson	0	0	1
Huron, S. R., Bishop	0	0	1
Huron, W. R., Davidson	1	0	0
" " Ross	0	0	1
Kent, E. R., McKellar	0	0	1
" " Laird	1	0	0
Kent, W. R., Coutts	1	0	0
" " White	0	0	1
Kingston, McGammon	1	0	0
" Robinson	0	0	1
Lambton, E. R., Shirley	1	0	0
" " Graham	0	0	1
Lambton, W. R., Pardee	0	0	1
Lanark, N. R., Mostyn	1	0	0
" " Caldwell	0	0	1
Lanark, S. R., Code	1	0	0
" " Doran	0	0	1
Leeds and Grenville, N. R. Merrick	1	0	0
Leeds, S. R., Preston	1	0	0
Lennox, Grange	0	1	0
Lincoln, Rykert	1	0	0
" Neelon	0	0	1
London, Meredith	1	0	0
" Durand	0	0	1
Middlesex, N. R. Macdougall	1	0	1
" " Smith	0	0	1
Middlesex, E. R., Tooley	1	0	0
" " Evans	0	0	1
Middlesex, W. R., Currie (N.)	1	0	0
" " Watterworth	0	0	1
Monck, Haney	0	0	1
" Hill	1	0	0
Muskoka, Long (J.)	0	0	1
" Miller	0	0	1
Norfolk, N. R., Clarke	1	0	0
" " McKnight	0	0	1
Norfolk, S. R., Richardson	1	0	0
" " Austin	0	0	1
Northumberland, E. R., Cochrane	1	0	0
" " Ferris	0	0	1
Northumberland, W. R., Gifford	0	0	1
" " Hargraft	0	0	1
Ontario, N. R., McRae	1	0	0
" " Paxton	0	0	1
Ontario, S. R., Brown	1	0	1
" " Farewell	0	0	1
Ottawa, O'Donoghue	0	0	1
Oxford, N. R., Mowat	1	0	0
Oxford, S. R., Oliver	1	0	0
" " Macdonald	0	0	1
" " Devlin	0	0	1
Peel, Beyon	1	0	0
" Chisolm	0	0	1
Perth, N. R., Daly	1	0	0
" " Towner	1	0	0
" " Hay	1	0	0
Perth, S. R., Leversage	1	0	0
" " Ballantyne	0	0	1
Peterborough, W. R., Scott	0	0	1
" " Cox	0	0	1
Peterborough, E. R., O'Sullivan	1	0	0
" " Stratton	0	0	1
Prescott, Pattee	0	0	1
" Harkin	1	0	0
Prince Edward, Clapp	1	0	0
" Striker	0	0	1
Renfrew, N. R., Deacon	1	0	0
" " Moffatt	0	0	1
Renfrew, S. R., Harrington	0	1	1
" " Stewart	0	0	1
Russell, Ferguson	0	0	1
" Baker	1	0	0
" O'Hanly	0	0	1
" Morgan	0	1	0
Simcoe, W. R., Long (T.)	1	0	0
" " McConkey	0	0	1
" " Simpson	0	0	1
Simcoe, S. R., Boulton	1	0	0
" " Snelling	0	0	1
Simcoe, E. R., Kean	1	0	0
" " Sutherland	0	0	1
Stormont, Bethune	0	0	1
Toronto, E. R., Cameron	1	0	0
" " Crooks	0	0	1
Toronto, W. R., Bell	1	0	0
" " Thomson	0	0	1
Victoria, N. R., McCrea	1	0	0
Victoria, S. R, Wood	0	0	1
" " Cottingham	1	0	0
Waterloo, N. R., Miller	1	0	0
" " Springer	0	0	1
Waterloo, S. R.	0	0	0
Welland, Buchner	1	0	0
" Currie	0	0	1
Wellington, N. R., McKim	0	0	1
Wellington, S. R., Gow	0	0	1
Wellington, C. R., Clarke	0	0	1
Wentworth, N. R., Stock	1	0	1
" " Christie	0	0	0
Wentworth, S. R., Sexton	0	0	1
York, N. R., Jackson	0	1	1
" " Widdifield	0	0	0
York, E. R., Lane	0	0	1
York, W. R., Patterson	0	0	1

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrised. 3727

Election Notices.

TO THE

Electors of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—Through the dissolution of the Local Legislature, in a short time you will be called upon to elect a representative to that House for the ensuing term. Elected by a large majority when I had the honor to solicit your suffrages before, I trust that my conduct while in Parliament will meet with the full confidence of the whole people at the ensuing election, and as a consequence I announce myself as a candidate for your suffrages on the occasion. Should I be deemed worthy of your approval in the future as in the past, my humble support will be given to the present government in all measures for the benefit of the whole country. I ask assistance in opposing chicanery and double-dealing, and in favour of one who will neither be cajoled or purchased.

Hoping to meet you all at public meetings, and if possible personally, before the day of polling,

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
DAN. J. O'DONOGHUE.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

Carpets.

OTTAWA

CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from

Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,

[late Jacques & Hay,] Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.

A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.

SHOOLBRED & CO.
49 Sparks Street.

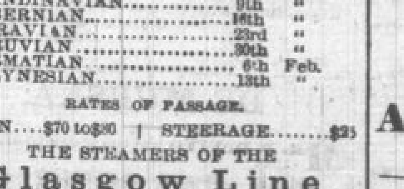
Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



FROM PORTLAND.

POLYNESIAN	2nd Jan.
SCANDINAVIAN	9th "
HIBERNIAN	16th "
MORAVIAN	23rd "
PERUVIAN	30th "
SARMATIAN	6th Feb.
POLYNESIAN	13th "

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN....$70 to $80 | STEERAGE........$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE

Glasgow Line

are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN	$60.
INTERMEDIATE	40.
STEERAGE	25.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa July 22 1873.

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo.
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:
Cabin $55 to $80 gold, according to accomodations.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

GOULDTHRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

Miscellaneous.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

BALTIMORE OYSTERS

To be had in perfection, at

James Buchanan's

SUSSEX STREET.

January 6th, 1875. 1m

ASHFIELD'S

EMPORIUM.

Flint Glassware, in plain and fancy, a speciality during the holidays. Those beautiful goods are more durable than CUT, and much cheaper. Now in stock. Fruit and Cake Dishes, all sizes; covered Bowls, Preserve Dishes, all sizes; Water Jugs, Wine Glasses of all kinds; Decanters, Goblets, from 90c to $5 per dozen; Glass Setts, 6 pieces, from 75c; Candlesticks, Ba Tumblers, Decanters, Bottles, at special prices, in fact nearly everything required in this line.

Lamps of all kinds, sizes, and prices. Chandeliers, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Crystal Light Burners and goods. A very large stock now on hand. China, Crockery and Earthenware—White Granite Tea Setts, 44 pieces, $3 50; White Granite Chamber Setts, $3.50. Bed Pans, Sick Feeders, Toast Racks, Churns, and a general variety in this line.

Kerosene Oil from the United States. The best in the market at market prices. All goods sold both wholesale and retail. A call is solicited. **Happy New Year to All.** Vases and Figures awfully cheap now.

JAMES ASHFIELD,
Duke Street, Chaudiere.

CLARKE'S
WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

[illegible] Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
[illegible]—Elliot & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Shapter & Owen
[illegible]—Winer & Co.
[illegible]—Avery, Brown & Co.

Aug 2 1872

DATURA TATULA,

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-St., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

Legal Notices.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of THOMAS EDWIN MOORE, An Insolvent.

The creditors of the above-named insolvent are requested to file their claims with the undersigned as soon as possible, to enable him to arrive at the total amount of liabilities without delay.

W. H. COOPER,
Interim Assignee.

Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-3

DR. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.

H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants.

Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 law

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-2awk2m

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Walford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnston, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the City of Toronto, as Solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt become absolute and indefeasible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.

(Sd.) GEO. S. HOLMESTED,
Referee of Titles.

3715-3w-1awk

Government Notices

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector MacLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 107 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,543 feet, and of No. 3, 9,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Saturday, 12th day of December, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 8th and 54th sections of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 6 and intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, And it is hereby Ordered, that the Town of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec, now an Out Port of Customs be and is hereby constituted a Port of Entry and a Warehousing Port, the same to take effect from the first day of January next.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.

3735

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Friday, 18th day of December, 1874.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas, by Order of the Council of the 7th day of June, 1871, it is directed that sworn declarations and machinists' certificates be in all cases required preliminary to the admission free of duty, of machinery not manufactured in the Dominion for use in Canadian manufactures, and whereas, by the Act 37 Vic., chap. 6, the same machinery is made subject to an *ad valorem* duty of ten per cent., to take effect on the first day of January next, and whereas it is desirable to simplify the practice of the Customs in such cases,—due regard being had to the security of the revenue.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. Minister of Customs, and under the provision of the 125th section of the Act 31 Vic., chap. 6, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the first day of January next, the said Order in Council be, and the same is hereby rescinded, and that Collectors of Customs be, and they are hereby authorized and instructed to accept entry of such machinery on and after that date at ten per cent. duty *ad valorem*, requiring the following affidavit to be filled in each case, and a copy thereof to be attached to the entry.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.

I, A, B., the importer of the following described machinery, viz.:—(here a full description of each machine, giving name of maker and use to which it is to be applied, shall be inserted) do solemnly swear, that to the best of my knowledge and belief, no machine such as that above described, is manufactured in Canada, and that the same is imported for use in the manufactory of which I am the (proprietor or one of the proprietors, or legally authorized agent,) and that the same is not to be offered for sale.

Sworn to before me at .... on the ...... day of .... 187 . 26-3

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.

Dec 26, 1874. 3584y

Houses to Let.

TO SELL OR RENT.

The house and grounds lately occupied by Mr. Spragge, just outside the city limits, on the Richmond Road. The house and grounds can be divided, the former making two complete dwellings, if required, with every convenience, and ample room in each for a large family. Terms of sale or rental, moderate.

Apply to
WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK.

Dec. 7, 1874. 3718-tf

Publications.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

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Five Copies	[illegible]
Ten Copies	15

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During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence, Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

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Write the address on letters to the NEW YORK HERALD, in a bold and legible hand, and give the name of each subscriber, of Post Office, County and State so plainly that no errors in mailing papers will be liable to occur.

APPLETON'S

AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA

NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publications of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

This work is sold to subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages, fully illustrated with several thousand Wood engravings, and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

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Specimen pages of the American Cyclopædia, showing type, illustrations, etc., will be sent gratis, on application.

First-class canvassing Agents Wanted.

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Publisher,
Box 5105, New York.

Oct. 28.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

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A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased, digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

if they fail to attend, and all those who possess one spark of musical taste cannot fail to be delighted.

(Cheers.)

The Council then adjourned.

face the music. He was himself far down upon the list, but rather than that the

Canadian, and wished to say that he looked to his country first, and politics after. Mr.

requested him to become a candidate

some one who would represent

For sale by all druggists.

A STAGE EXPERIENCE IN NEVADA.

Attack by Highwaymen—A Brave Messenger.

A telegram to the San Francisco *Chronicle* gives the following account of a highway robbery:

"The stage leaving Eureka, Nev., last night at 9 o'clock, on arriving at Diamond Wells, eight miles from here, was stopped by two highwaymen, who made the usual demand for Wells, Fargo & Co.'s treasure box. The first intimation that those on board the stage had that something was wrong was the appearance of a man on the road, who ordered the driver to hold on. The team was a spirited one, and the order had to be repeated several times before it was brought to a standstill, when another individual stepped to the side of the stage and ordered the driver to pass down the box—a request that was acceded to without hesitation.

While the man at the box was endeavouring to burst it open or knock the lid off, Jim Miller, the special messenger, was preparing for work. At first he intended to use his revolver, but wishing to make a sure shot, changed his mind and went for his shot-gun which was behind him. In attempting to draw the weapon out, the other man, who was standing guard in front, observed his action and ordered him to keep quiet. Not heeding the caution, he succeed in getting the gun out, and immediately fired on the treasure robber. The robber on guard fired at him and the driver. The latter narrowly escaped being riddled with shot. Miller was less fortunate, he being severely wounded in the right arm and left foot, and which incapacitated him from rendering further service. The man at the box ceased work and also fired a shot from a revolver, but without effect. The driver, not knowing that Jim Miller had been shot, said:—"Jim, go after them with your revolver," and started the team, which was very restless, and with difficulty kept standing. Hardly had the team started than the leaders were suddenly plunged to the ground, caused by their being tripped up by a rope extended across the road. The robbers to make sure of their game, had taken a rope from the granary to the station. The horses, now frantic with fright, became entangled, and the leaders, breaking the swinging pole, freed themselves and were lost, but with the remaining four animals the coach returned to town. John Lambert, one of the passengers, got out of the stage, and returned to the scene of the conflict, secured the treasure box, which was uninjured.

"The passengers inside, one lady and three gentlemen, though frightened at first, took in the situation, and kept their seats during the excitement, which lasted but a few moments, after which they rendered valuable assistance in securing the box and temporarily dressing the wounds of the messenger. The return of the stage at twelve o'clock last night occasioned considerable surprise among those who were still on the streets, but when the cause was explained the most intense excitement prevailed. Miller was taken to the International Hotel, and on examination of his wounds it was feared that he was more badly hurt than at first was supposed.

RUSSIA—POLICY IN CENTRAL ASIA.

Profiting by our experience in India, the Russian Government, by allowing the chiefs of Central Asia to remain in nominal independence, is obtaining all the advantages of an extension of frontier without having to incur any of the expenses and anxieties of direct administration. Khiva has been so shattered by last year's campaign that it is doubtful how long this policy can be maintained towards it; but Bokhara, though humbled and greatly impoverished by the loss of Samarkand, appears still to possess the elements of regular government, and in the meantime is losing no opportunity of manifesting its regard for Russia. A letter from Tashkend gives some idea of the civilities the Emir pays to his Christian visitors. Several Russian officers from Tashkend left that place on a tour in the Bokhara territory, with a view of taking photographs of the people and scenery. Having learned at Samarkand that the Emir had gone to Shuhr Subz for the Fast of Ramzan, they left for that place. A native official met them at the Bokhara frontier and welcomed them in the name of the Bey of Kitab, a place at which they arrived the following day, and were received in state by the Bey, at the head of a regiment of "Surbayes." They afterwards arrived at Shuhr Subz, where they were received in great state by the Bey, an old man of seventy, named Abdool Kureen Divan Begee. All the troops cantoned at Shuhr Subz, about 2,000 men, lined the streets leading to the Palace. They presented arms as the travellers passed them, and seven bands of music are said to have struck up various tunes. The Emir arrived at Shuhr Subz on the 17th ult., and the reception of the travellers was fixed for the 20th. The evening before they sent the Emir photographs of scenes in Tashkend and Kokand, and also portraits of Khodayar Khan and persons of his Court, at which the Emir expressed great delight. On the morning of the 20th they were received in State by the Emir, who expressed to them the pleasure their arrival had caused him. Lieut. Bochourich, political assistant to Gen. Golovacheff, the commander of Samarkand, then communicated complimentary messages from his chief. The Emir replied as follows:—"I thank you. I am very much pleased. Your coming has been very agreeable to me. All you see here is at your disposal. Be exactly as if you were at home; visit all the places you like, and go everywhere. The more people come from Russia to see us and the more that go from Bokhara to Russia to see you, the better will it be for both countries. There will be greater friendship, and that is my great desire."

Photographs having been mentioned, the Emir expressed the greatest desire to know all about the art, and gave two officers permission to photograph any thing they liked. One of the party, a Mr. Krifyoff, took advantage of this permission to go and photograph the ancient citadel of the place, and the Emir, who suddenly came upon him while he was at work, begged that his portrait and those of several of his courtiers might be taken, a request which was, of course, acceded to immediately. The party then left for Kapshi and Bokhara, and expected to return to Tashkend by the 17th inst.—*English paper.*

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.
Oct. 7, 1874. 329ly d&w.

BERKELEY, Sept. 1859.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried every remedy prescribed, but without deriving any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable Pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted. I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS.

FOWLE'S
PILE AND HUMOR CURE.
For Internal and External Use
WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE
For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.
One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.
This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.
PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Dec. 14, 1874. 3712

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence.
Sept. 19, 1874. 3676y

WHOLESALE
Ready-Made
CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTERS

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

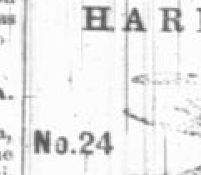
Mr. GEORGE DIXON

So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.
Sept. 24, 1874.

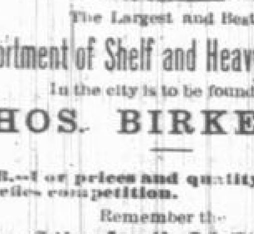
Hardware, &c.



THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

For sale by all Oilmen.
Dec. 4, 1874. 3710-y

HARDWARE.
HARDWARE.



No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware

In the city is to be found at

THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—For prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 11, 1874.

H. MEADOW'S & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L. Crannell, Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application

H. MEADOWS & CO.
35 Sussex-St.
Oct. 2, 1874. 3889

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency

OTTAWA ONT.

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO., Managers.

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874.

Hotels.

THE

CLARENDON HOUSE,

OTTAWA.

WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the Corner of Sussex and George Streets, within three to five minutes' walk of Post Office and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 1st January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,

One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms

are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms

are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms

are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms

are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my Table will be one of the best in Canada.

N.B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.

Dec. 28th, 1874. 372

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines Spirits, Liquor and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.
Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD
USE THE
Diamond Yeast Cakes

Gift Enterprises.

ANOTHER
OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts	$20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.
Dec. 23, 1874. 3701w2awkd&w

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts,

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000
Two Prizes, $500 } Each in Cash
Five Prizes $100

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.
One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth
Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300
Three Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.
Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth 100 each.
1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,000.
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 432.
Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.
Dec. 28, 1874. 3764 d&w

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK, VA.

DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature passed March 8th, 1873.

40,000 TICKETS—6000 CASH GIFTS,

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of	$30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	[illegible]
One Grand Cash Gift of	[illegible]
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of	[illegible]
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	[illegible]
Cash Gifts of each	[illegible]
43 Cash Gifts of $250 each	[illegible]
7 Cash Gifts of $150 each	[illegible]
250 Cash Gifts of $100 each	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of $50 each	28,900
5000 Cash Gifts of $10 each	50,000
6000 Cash Gifts, aggregating	$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.
Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets, $5; Quarter Ticket, $2 50; Eleven tickets, $100.

For Tickets and Circulars, &c., address,
HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary,
Norfolk, Va.
Nov. 25, 1874. 3705d&w

Miscellaneous.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO.,
Sparks Street, near Bank.

NOTICE

All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.
Feb. 23 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.
Dec. 17, 1874.

Furniture.

NEW

Furniture Warerooms,

ANGUS & CO.

Dealers in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cornices and Curtains.

85 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite Heney's New Block.
Jan. 11, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND OR WEST OF CONNOR-ST.
May 9, 1874.

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.
March 12, 1874. 2514

Boots & Shoes.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots, Embroidered and Plain Felt Congress.
Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress.
Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Felt Bals. Felt Overs.
A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter feet-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at REDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an entire clearance.
Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB,
28 Sussex-st.
Jan. 9, 1875.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN:

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

BOOTS,
SHOES,
MOCCASINS,
MITTS, &c.

AT

W. E. BROWN,
15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.
Dec. 24, 1874. 3880v d&w

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 12 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes,
Mitts, Rubbers,
Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand, Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN,
Ottawa.
Dec. 24, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS., Wellington-st., Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Fhilion & Lefebvre.

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats, Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH.

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds,
Geese from 8 to 16 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets.
Dec. 23, 1874. 3738-1f

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer, Sparks-st.
December 28, 1874.

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co., Cincinnatti, O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N. J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y. &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE.......70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.
Oct. 17 1874 3840y

Hardware.

MOORE BROS.,

TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil,

General House-Furnishing Goods,

And Lawn Mowers.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS. OTTAWA.
Jan. 7, 1875. 3853

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES

J. T. MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces. Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Lamps & Chandeliers

The Largest Assortment in the City.

AT THE OIL DEPOT, SUSSEX-ST.

C. S. SHAW & CO.
Jan. 8, 1875.

Grocers.

GO TO

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE'S

FOR YOUR

GROCERIES.

You will always find a full stock of Groceries Glass-ware and Crockery at prices that can't be obtained elsewhere.

FINE

Uncolored Japan Tea,

Only 50c. per lb.

Apples wholesale and retail.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE.
Cor. Kent and Wellington-sts.
Jan. 9, 1875.

CHRISTMAS CARD.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Thanking their numerous friends and customers for the patronage bestowed upon them since commencing business, would remind them that being in a position (through purchasing their Goods previous to advance in wholesale markets) to sell cheap, they will offer to them during the Holidays, value in quality and cheapness that cannot be surpassed in the city, viz.:

OLD PRICES.		NEW PRICES.	
3 lbs. Raisins	38cts.	3 lbs. Raisins	30cts
3 lbs. Currants	27cts.	3 lbs Currants	20cts
Orange Peel	35cts.	Orange Peel	25cts
Lemon Peel	35cts.	Lemon Peel	25cts
Sultana Raisins	15cts.	Sultana Raisins	8cts
Figs in layers	50cts.	Figs in layers	35cts
Mixed Spices	50cts.	Mixed Spices	40cts

Dec. 21st, 1874.

SOMETHING NEW

To Economical Housekeepers!

Use the British Egg and Butter Powder!

A Perfect Substitute for Eggs!
A Great Saving in Butter!

FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.

Agents for Ottawa—

CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.

3 and 4 Victoria Chambers,
Wellington Street
Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3m

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

SAPOLIO,

For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.

HAND SAPOLIO,

For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artizans and mechanics.

Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.
Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES!
Restore your Sight!
THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES,
By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957.) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own tables. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender
738 Broadway, New York.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer [Trade Mark secured] Montreal.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.
Dec. 30, 1874. 3879

Books & Stationery.

NEW BOOKS.

Grey's Creed of Christendom, 2 vols.	$1 50
Do Enigmas of Life	1 50
John Stuart Mill's Posthumous Essays on Religion	2 50
Drapers' The Conflict between Religion and Science	1 75
Popular Science Monthly, vols. 1 to 5 each	3 50
Proctor's The Transits of Venus	2 50
Around the Tea Table, by Talmage, illustrated	3 00

For sale at

HENDERSON & Co's.

39 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 8, 1875.

SACRED MUSIC BOOKS
FOR 1875

RIVER OF LIFE.
(35 cts.) A most beautiful Sunday School Book. H. S. Perkins and W. W. Bentley.

LEADER.
($1.38.) Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

THOMAS'S QUARTETS AND ANTHEMS
($2.50.) Perfect music of the best class, for Quartet Choirs. J. R. Thomas.

DANKS' ANTHEM SERVICES.
($2 50.) Anthem music of excellent quality for all the services of the Episcopal Church. H. P. Danks.

PERKINS' ANTHEM BOOK.
($1.50.) Easy Anthems. Very full, good, and already popular collection. W. O. Perkins.

SONG MONARCH.
(75cts.) For Singing Schools. Not much Sacred Music, but an admirable preparatory course, with a large quantity of secular music for practice. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.
All books sent post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.
OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.
Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.
The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.
Dec 28. 1874.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

See T. & B. on each Plug.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874-5.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain,

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual price

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

Dec. 24 1874. THOS PATTERSON.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 26 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

Aug. 1, 1874. P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT DR. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, [illegible] F.R.I.A., F.G.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success."

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN.
Dec. 5, 1874. 3711mt

Ladies' Ware.

LONDON HOUSE!

We are showing

The Cheapest Fancy Dress Silks in the City.

UNEQUALLED FOR RICHNESS.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT

Is under the superior management of MISS M. A. ARMSTRONG. The system we use is the Cornwall Chart, the only method in which a perfect fit can be secured.

HANEY & FORGIE.
Jan. 11, 1875. 3873y

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYANS

234 Wellington-St.
Dec. 5, 1874 3867

Dry Goods.

Special Bargains in Shawls,

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874. AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Tailoring.

TAILORING TAILORING.

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $21.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7.50 upward.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50.
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, fr $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10 50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward.

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.
Nov. 11, 1874. 3671atm

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars &c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.
Jan. 7, 1875.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1863, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings

AGENCY OF

Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works,

OHIO SANDSTONE

Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projecting, either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

William Borbridge, 68 Sparks street, is selling off the balance of his splendid stock of horse blankets, whips, &c., at reduced prices. 3741-6

TESTIMONIAL.—Mr. A. Groulx, brother of Alderman Groulx, has been the recipient from the employees of the firm of a handsome liquor stand valued at $30.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Herndon, the manager of the Herndon Dramatic Troupe, has arrived in the city to make arrangements for a short season in Ottawa with his talented company.

THE REFORM CANDIDATE.—At noon today it will be known which of the candidates nominated in the Government interest will contest the approaching election.

POLICE COURT.—There was but one victim before the Police Magistrate. John McDonohue was up on a charge of drunk and disorderly conduct in the public streets. He was relieved of $2 and costs.

MEETING OF CREDITORS.—The creditors of Mr. T. E. Moore met yesterday afternoon at the office of Mr. Cooper, Official Assignee. After taking some preliminary measures towards securing possession of the estate, they adjourned for two weeks.

ILLUMINATION.—Last night while the Reform Association was assembled in their rooms the result of the Montreal Election was announced. Tremendous applause followed, which lasted several minutes. The rooms were forthwith illuminated to mark the glorious victory.

ANOTHER CITY.—Steps are being now taken towards incorporating Hull as a city. This place, which has been for years but a small suburb of this city, has grown so rapidly lately that its population now exceeds 10,000. In this respect it stands the third city in the Province of Quebec.

Messrs. Smith & Stewart, Centre Town, and J. H. Langford, Upper Town, booksellers, have shown their usual enterprise in obtaining a magnificent set of views in the City of Winnipeg, including one showing the place of Scott's execution "outside the ramparts of Fort Garry," where they will be on exhibition for a few days. 3741tf

ANNIE DE MONTFORD.—This somewhat celebrated English mesmerist makes her appearance again in this city to-morrow (Thursday) night. The curious are in ecstacies at the prospect of a return to the city of this wonderful woman. The Rink Music Hall will doubtless be crowded to hear and see this celebrated psychologist.

LIVELY BETTING.—There is a good deal of speculation as to the results of the local election. Heavy bets are freely made on the respective candidates. The general impression prevails that if Reformers throw in their influence with Mr. O'Donoghue he will achieve a triumphant victory for the Mowat Administration.

SCHOOL TRUSTEE MEETING.—The Board of Public School Trustees made an endeavour to hold a meeting last night but had no quorum. Messrs. Robinson, Young, Taylor and Robertson were all that filed an appearance. The intense political excitement at present prevailing seems to militate against the proceedings of ordinary organizations.

NEW JOURNAL.—The Smith's Falls *News* is a new journal that has just come to hand. It is published in the Village of Smith's Falls, and in the Reform interest. It is neatly printed, evinces considerable editorial ability, and promises well for its proprietor as a business enterprise. This rising village and surrounding country can well afford to sustain a newspaper.

LADIES' COLLEGE.—The Boston Philharmonic Club visited the Ladies' College yesterday morning at the invitation of Prof. Butler. The members of the club entertained the young ladies for over an hour to one of their series of performances, to which a hearty appreciation was tendered by those present. The young ladies in attendance at this institution are under great obligations to Prof. Butler for these periodical musical treats.

CALEDONIAN SPRINGS.—The new hotel at Caledonian Springs is nearly completed. Shinglers are busy roofing the fine building and it will be entirely finished by the time the travelling season arrives. Steps are also being taken under the new charter to have railway facilities to the Springs from the Ottawa River. We bespeak for our affable friend, Mr. J. Kenly, an extensive patronage as manager of this new enterprise a one of Canada's first watering resorts.

PUBLIC SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—The retiring members of the Board of Public School Trustees will have to appear before their constituents this morning at 9 o'clock in the different polling booths used at the recent municipal elections. Those interested should turn out in large numbers and hear for themselves in regard to the present and prospective conditions of our Public Schools. The chances are that the retiring trustees Messrs. H. Robinson, A. H. Taylor, J. P. Robertson, E. C. Barber and E. H. Bronson will be re-elected by acclamation.

A LIVELY SCENE.—A policeman had a lively time of it yesterday afternoon, at the corner of Sussex and Rideau streets. He endeavored to arrest a "drunk," but the individual was not so incapable as to be unable to resist, and he did so with all his might. The man in blue got him down, and held him by the throat until he was blue in the face, but still the fellow hit out, and it was only when assistance was got and the "bracelets" attached to his arms that he was marched off to limbo. He will doubtless figure this morning before Mr. O'Gara.

SEPARATE SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—The election for Separate School Trustees begins this morning at 9 o'clock, in the different polling booths used at the municipal elections. There will be a few changes in some of the wards, and opposition will be offered in others, to those seeking re-election. In Victoria Ward Mr. G. Martineau will probably succeed Mr. G. Chouinard, who retires altogether. In Wellington Ward Mr. C. P. Dorion will in all probability replace Mr. Larose, who declines the position. Mr. Sims the retiring member in this ward will be opposed by Mr. W. H. Waller. It would seem that Mr. B. Sulte will be a candidate in opposition to Mr. E. A. Lapierre in St. George's Ward. In By and Ottawa Wards, Messrs. Peachy and Coursolles will be returned by acclamation.

THE BOSTON PHILHARMONIC CLUB.—This Club gave last night the second and last of their season's concerts in this city previous to their departure for Toronto and Hamilton. A larger audience was present on this than on the previous occasion, a fact which is perhaps to be attributed rather to the presence of the Governor General than to any genuine taste for high class music. However, this may be, it is certain that all who came went home perfectly satisfied with their evening's entertainment, and loud in their praises of the unaccustomed superiority of the *artistes*, who were assisted on this occasion by Professor E. J. Butler. The programme opened with the overture to "Tancredi," by the members of the Club, which was followed by a horn solo, "air d' eglise" (Stradella) performed with great taste and feeling by Herr Adolf Belz. The third on the list was a concerto for two violins, which was replaced by Paganini's "Witch Dance," in which Herr Listemann surpassed himself and perfectly electrified the audience, evoking a storm of applause. Miss May Bryant then sang Gounod's "Smile, Sweet Sleep," with flute obligato by M. Weiner, and although she was apparently suffering from fatigue, she responded to an enthusiastic *encore* with Lady Dufferin's "O, Bay of Dublin." The next selection, quartette in G minor, by Mozart, "Allegro Andante," and "Rondo," was a thought too long for a concert of this kind, although the audience did not seem to think so. The Rondo was especially delightful, and Mr. Butler's execution on the pianoforte was worthy of his wide reputation, and appeared to be particularly acceptable to his many friends present. No. 6 on the list was "Variations from Quartett in D minor," by Schubert, a lovely production, played with a correctness of taste and a perfection of manipulation remarkable even for a thoroughly trained German orchestra. No. 7 was announced as a duo for horn and flute, but this was replaced by one of Herr Weiner's charming flute solos. The audience certainly lost nothing by the change, for Herr Weiner is a perfect master of his instrument. The programme was completed by a "Paraphrase on Loreley," by the members of the club; a couple of songs by Miss Bryant, who seemed to have completely recovered from fatigue, and sang with her usual vigour and taste; a duo for violin and 'cello, on "God Save the Queen," and "Yankee Doodle," in which Messrs. Gramm and Hartdegen accomplished a triumph, and the Stradella overture ("Flotow"), by the members of the club. In addition to those artistes whom we mentioned more particularly last night, we should not forget to speak of Messrs. Hartdegen (whose name should have taken the place of that of Mr. Belz in our notice of yesterday), Gramm and the two Listemanns. The musical portion of the community will long feel grateful to the Philharmonic Club for the treat they have provided the last two nights, and will look forward with anticipation to their next visit to Ottawa, which will take place, we believe, in April next.

MANITOBA AND THE NORTH WEST.—The following requisition, signed by Mr. G. W. Monk, M. P. P., Mr. W. McKay Wright, M. P., Judge Lyon, Mayor Featherston, and a number of influential citizens, has been sent to Mr. A. O'Leary, Delegate of the Labourers' Union:—"Ottawa, 12th January, 1875.—Sir,—Learning that you were delegated by the Labour Association of Ireland and England to examine into the capacity and resources of this country for attracting and sustaining a large emigration, and have spent some months in our North West for that purpose, and feeling as we do that all who feel a patriotic interest in the settlement of that vast country will be glad to listen to the impressions of one of a class from whom we hope to draw large accessions to our population in the future, we hereby take the liberty of requesting you, if your engagements will allow it, to meet the citizens of Ottawa for that purpose at as early a date as will suit your convenience." We understand that Mr. O'Leary has consented to meet the citizens, and arrangements will be made to that effect, of which due notice as to time and place will be made. We also understand that the Hon. Alex. Mackenzie will preside on the occasion. From Mr. O'Leary's well known ability as a lecturer, and as a judge of the agricultural capabilities of a country, together with the lively interest that is felt in the "Great North West," we have no doubt that a large audience will attend the lecture.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

DANIELS' HOTEL.—Thomas Smith, Iroquois; James McFerggan, Galt; A L McMillan, Montreal; James Irvine, Toronto; E T Hogson, Whitehall, N Y; C H Gordon, Montreal; John Burgess, do; O Belaire, do; Thomas Smith, Rome; A Wright, Kemptville; A B West, Brockville; J G Bell, Carleton Place; John Brown, Prescott; W J Fowler, Ogdensburg, N Y; Jos Bertrand, Prescott; H McFarlane, Stratford; C Massack, and two ladies, Buckingham.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

FRESH OYSTERS IN SHELL.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

NEW YORK BAY OYSTERS IN SHELL.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732.

NEW STYLE OF UPHOLSTERING.—Don't fail to see the beautiful Drawing Room Set on exhibition in the window of Angus & Co's new furniture warerooms, 85 and 87 Sparks street. 3740.2in.

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732.

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

Gents, try MacLaren & Chalmers' cutter. One trial will secure to them your patronage. 3698

Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695-1m

FALSE MODESTY.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

TURKEY—THE FAMINE IN ASIA MINOR.

The need for help continues to be great. At Angora, 3,000 persons are dependent for their daily bread on charity. The Governor of the place, who is highly spoken of for integrity and energy, is doing his utmost, and deals out some three-quarters of a pound of flour daily to each of these poor people, out of the supplies that reach him. Rain has fallen pretty heavily, and plowing and sowing are carried on apace—by those who have oxen and grain. It is hoped that if timely supplies are sent in, there will be no more deaths from starvation, and that next harvest will put an end to the distress. The public districts have to a large extent been depopulated, the peasants flocking to the towns to be near supplies of food. A person who has come recently from the interior states that he passed through a great extent of a once populous district, and found it absolutely deserted. The vineyards of the district were laden with fruit, but as there was no one to gather it, it was rotting away. On the other hand the Government is doing what it can to send the villagers back to their homes on the strength of the promise that they will send them supplies as these come to hand. It is in the villages that we may look for the most hardship during the coming winter. Cold has already set in, and as the winter advances the want of means wherewith to procure fuel will make itself felt. Portions of Galatia are high upland, and the cold in these districts is severe in winter. The poverty of the people is great after so long a period of famine. Many who were formerly well off have been obliged to part with their jewellery and other valuables for a low price in order to exist. What, then, it is very important to understand clearly is—that much more is requisite than to save people from dying from starvation. To do even that, great efforts are necessary, but when that is done there will be still an immense amount of distress to be relieved. Touching incidents have been related which reveal the misery which prevails in these regions better than any laboured accounts of it. An English friend who had occasion to travel through that country during the summer met two children, a boy of nine, with his sister about four, trying in their simplicity to make their way down to Smyrna, where they had relatives, in order to flee from the land of death. The same friend, when relieving a hungry crowd, heard a Moslem woman exclaim, "That is the kind of infidel I should wish for my father." Another English friend, who distinguished himself by his efforts for the famine distress, had his feet kissed again and again by the objects of his kindness. The Christ-like work of feeding the hungry and blessing the poor still may be done, and the public only needs to be assured that this is the case in order to act nobly.

IRISHMEN IN ART.

A distinguished historian has written: "Brayed in a mortar for centuries, scourged by every English ministry, and traduced by almost every English writer, as Ireland has been, it is delightful to witness her unconquerable spirit, soaring with immortal pinions over the proudest pinnacles of art and science owned by her heartless sister, and perching wherever she wills on those devoted to science, art, music, poetry, arms, eloquence, literature, and mechanicism." Those words were written many years ago (in 1857), when the artistic opportunities and educational facilities open to the Irish race were far more limited than at the present day. Yet, even seventeen years since, the words were literally true. Passing over the familiar fields of literature and science, and coming to the domain of art, we find that Hogan was then classed with Carnova, by competent critics, for the grace and beauty of his sculptures. Oldham (a native of Dublin) was at the summit of his fame, so fairly won by his marvellous mechanical inventions. He it was who invented the intricate machines for engraving, printing, and numbering banknotes, thereby making forgery almost impossible. Without this apparatus modern banking would be a perpetual risk. Then, too, worked Maclise, "the greatest living master of the human figure," whose frescoes adorn the English Parliament House, and one of whose pictures stands above the royal throne in the House of Lords. This Parliament house itself is a monument to Irish genius. When the old house was destroyed by fire, the committee advertised over the whole continent of Europe for plans and specifications. Three hundred plans were received from famous architects. That which was adopted, and which carried off the premium, had appended to it the name of Barry, a native of Waterford. Then, too, Martin A. Shea was president of the London Academy of Painting, and Doyle was convulsing the world with the trenchant satire of his pencil. Balfe, the composer, was just winning his way to a splendid reputation, which is in no danger of declining now, for his ballads and operas grow more popular every day. Fowler and Carew were working marble into life with their chisels; as was Baily also, whose statue of "Eve at the Fountain" is a recognised masterpiece, fit to stand beside the finest relics of Grecian art. Haverty, Burton, Mulvany, Ingham, and many others were well known as painters.

We might extend the list at will, but it is not our purpose now to exhaust it. Coming down to our own day, it is gratifying to know that the mantle of Hogan and Baily has fallen upon a worthy Irish-American successor in the person of Mr. Flannery, of Washington, a young and talented sculptor. He is no mere copyist of other men's ideas, nor does he belong to that class of eager aspirants who work out crude ideas into meaningless groups and figures. On the contrary, there is evidence of healthy originality, vigour, and thorough culture in his work, and though yet a young man he has won for himself a place among the brotherhood of genuine artists. In 1865, an association was formed for the purpose of erecting a statue to the memory of President Lincoln, and the best talent of the country was invited to furnish designs for the work. Among many competitors, Mr. Flannery bore off the palm, and in due time completed the imposing figure of "Old Abe," now familiar to every visitor at the national capital. He has distanced competition in several other trials of the same kind, and the creations of his hands are scattered over the country. His genius reflects credit on our element, and to no one else so appropriately as to him could be committed the execution of the statue which St. Louis proposes to erect to the memory of O'Connell. Such a choice would make the work Irish-American in a double sense.

For Christmas and New Year's presents, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724-tf.

The best value in Winceys at Bryson's. 3695 1m.

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Musca Wine. 3698

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

Soiled Blankets cheap at Bryson's. 3695-1m

PAIN-KILLER.

After thirty-five years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Physicians of the first respectability recommend it as a most effectual preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but for Dysentery, or Cholera, or any sort of Bowel complaint, it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency, and rapidity of action. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

It is used Internally and Externally.

Sold everywhere, Price 25 cts.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Sole Proprietors.

January 13th, 1875. 3741

Commercial.

GOLD IN NEW YORK - - - 112¼

London Markets.

LONDON, 12.30 p.m., Jan. 12.

Consols for money 92¼ to 92¼; for account 92⅜ to 92½; U. S. 5.20 bonds 1867 $107¼; Erie 26½; do preferred.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, 1.30 p. m., Jan. 12.

Cotton—Demand firm and middling. Uplands 7⅞; middling Orleans 7⅞; sales, 16,000 bls., including 3,000 bls. for speculation and export; receipts—wheat for the past three days has been 18,000 qrs., including 15,000 American.

Montreal Markets.

MONTREAL, Jan 12.

Wheat: Market quiet. Quotations nominal.

Oatmeal, per brl. of 200 lbs.: Quiet, at $5 20 to 5 30.

Corn: Quiet, at 82½c per 56 lbs.

Oats: Quiet, at 42c for new.

Peas: Market quiet. Quotations are 95c per 66 lbs.

Barley: Steady, at 95c to $1 per bush. of 48 lbs.

Cheese: quiet, at 13¾c to 14c for good to choice lots.

Butter: Market quiet; rates are 22c to 27c, according to quality, for tubs and firkins. Roll is dull and nominal, at 22c to 23c.

Pork: Quiet, at $23 00 to 23 50 for Inspected New Mess, and $21 00 for Thin Mess.

Lard, per lb.: Quiet, at 14½c to 15c pails.

Canadian Lumber.

An interesting account is given in the Bay City *Lumberman's Gazette*, by Benj. Wait, of the state of the lumber trade in Canada. The facts and figures were obtained while on a recent visit to the Ottawa Valley. His figures, which relate to forty-eight miles owned by thirty-three different firms, are as follows:

	FEET.
The product for 1874	497,000,000
The amount now at mills	187,250,000
Sold of 1874 product	309,750,000
Add for what was sold as held over stock for 1873	147,250,000
And we have sales of the year	457,000,000
We find above holding over	187,250,000
Add logs at Ottawa and for Ottawa mills 500,000 standards, a standard being 200 feet	100,000,000
250,000 ditto at and for the other mills	50,000,000
And we have for the early market at least	337,250,000
Now add what is proposed by the mill men to cut this winter, one-third this year's sales	152,333,333
And we have for the market	489,583,333
Amount, most probably for United States	457,000,000
Left in Canada	32,583,333

This is more than was sold this year from this manufacturing point. Now to this we must add the gleanings from the mills marketing in Toronto and other points as far down as Kingston, and with them embrace the stock wintering at Oswego and Ogdensburg, showing in the whole an array of figures startling indeed. It must be remembered that these statements do not cover any part of the stock made into deals and other stuff for the European market:

	FEET.
Held on the Ontario front and at the various mills sending there for shipment	166,750,000
At Ogdensburg, leaving out home stock	46,500,000
At Oswego, leaving out home sawn	37,250,000
At Tonawanda, leaving out home sawn	31,000,000
At Buffalo, leaving out home sawn	27,000,000
The amount at Ottawa and vicinity	187,250,000
Total	495,750,000
Then 500,000 standard logs for Ottawa, 250,000 standard logs for outside mills, 375,000 standard logs in Upper Ontario	225,000,000
An amount to be ready for early trade	720,750,000

This needs no comment, though it looks like exhibiting a fabulous pile, to be crowded upon the United States market ahead of the Michigan lumbermen's stock. We can assure the reader that there are over two score fair average mills manufacturing a goodly amount of lumber exclusively for the eastern trade, whose reserves (passably large) have not been embraced in this summary, because they and their owners were entirely out of range of our pathway, but whom we may yet reach.

Mr. Wait says that Canadian lumbermen are keeping faith with their agreement to cut only one-third of what they did last winter.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE,
WEDNESDAY, Jan. 12th.

FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	6 00 to 6 25
Extra	5 75 to 6 00
Superfine, No. 1	5 25 to 5 50
Cornmeal, per brl	4 50 to 4 75
Oatmeal, do	5 00 to 5 50
Bran, per cwt	0 80 to 0 90
GRAIN.	
Spring Wheat, per bushel	$1 00 to 1 10
Fall Wheat	1 10 to 1 25
Oats	0 40 to 0 45
Peas	0 60 to 0 70
Barley	0 80 to 0 90
Rye	0 90 to 1 00
Corn	0 75 to 0 80
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	1 25 to 1 40
DAIRY, VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 28 to 0 30
Tub Butter do	0 27 to 0 28
Cheese, do	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 25 to 0 00
Potatoes, per bush	0 50 to 0 60
Carrots, do	0 35 to 0 40
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbages, each	0 10 to 0 15
Onions, per bush	1 40 to 1 50
Beets	0 45 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	3 50 to 3 75
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Ducks, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Turkeys, each	1 00 to 1 15
Geese, each	0 50 to 0 60
Patridges, per pair	0 50 to 0 60
Feathers	0 60 to 0 75
Wool	0 40 to 0 45
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	5 00 to 5 50
Pork, do	9 00 to 9 75
Mutton, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Lamb, do	0 08 to 0 10
Veal, do	0 07 to 0 10
Lard, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tallow, do	0 15 to 0 20
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 20
Bacon, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 35
Venison	0 12 to 0 15
FISH.	
White Fish, do	0 10 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 17 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	6 50 to 7 00
Oysters, per can	0 35 to 0 40
Haddock, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Cod, do	0 07 to 0 08
Trout, do	0 10 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality, per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 75 to 4 25
Hemlock, per cord	2 75 to 3 50
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Egg, do	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Soft, do	9 00 to 9 50
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 6½ to 0 00
Sheepskins, each	0 85 to 0 90
Calfskins, per lb	0 00 to 0 00
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	18 00 to 20 00
Hay, Clover, do	16 00 to 17 00
Straw, do	8 00 to 10 00

Shipping of the Port of St. John.

Last year the registered shipping of this port was 247,527 tons. This year it is 263,410 tons. It is classified as follows:

98 ships,	measuring	119,555 tons.
121 barques,	"	78,151 "
9 barquentines	"	4,468 "
8 brigs,	"	2,622 "
61 brigantines,	"	16,358 "
316 schooners,	"	27,154 "
142 woodboats,	"	8,889 "
3 sloops,	"	54 "
50 steamers,	"	6,159 "
Total		263,410 tons.

This tonnage represents a capital of more than twelve millions of dollars, and despite the depression in shipping, the returns made on the capital are fairly remunerative. The ships, we need hardly say, are the basis of large transactions in exchange and make a respectable contribution to the income of owners of our tonnage resident here and elsewhere.

Irishmen in the Prelacy.

The number of Irish ecclesiastics distinguished by his Holiness the Pope for advancement in dignity is very remarkable. The following appeared in the list published at the recent Consistory: Church of Melbourne, (Australia), erected into a Metropolitan See: Mgr. James A. Goold, Archbishop of that See. Archiepiscopal Church of Damietta (in partibus): Rev. P. Lyons, Dominican, Delegate, Apostolic of Mesopotamia, of Kurdistan, and of Armenia Minor. Cathedral Church of Hamilton: Rev. Peter Crinnon, V. G., London. Cathedral Church of Wellington, New Zealand, Rev. Father Redwood, Marist. Church of Ballarat, (Australia), elevated to the rank of cathedral: Rev. Michael O'Connor, of the diocese of the Dublin Church of Sandhurst, (Australia), elevated to the rank of cathedral: Rev. William Fortune, rector of the All Hallows, Dublin. Episcopal Church of Alabenda (in partibus): Rev. William O'Carroll, Dominican, Coadjutor of Mgr. Gouin, Archbishop of Port of Spain.

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,

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Ruling, Perforating, Numbering

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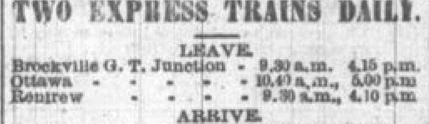
All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.

Aug. 12 2589v

Railways.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY.

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction - 9.30 a.m. 4.15 p.m.
Ottawa - - - 10.40 a.m., 5.00 p.m.
Renfrew - - - 9.30 a.m., 4.10 p.m.

ARRIVE.

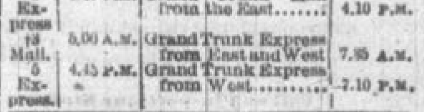
Ottawa - - - 1.20 p.m., 7.40 p.m.
Renfrew - - - 2.15 p.m., 8.50 p.m.
Brockville - - - 2.10 p.m., 8.40 p.m.

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.

Brockville, Jan. 11, 1875.



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AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

And accelleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction.	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.49 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.35 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.05 P. M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.25 P. M.
8 Express	10 45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A. M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

Dec. 15, 1874.

THE DOMINION ATLAS.

WALKER & MILES, PUBLISHERS,

Montreal and Toronto.

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THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

J. W. MINTHORN
Box "U" ORILLIA, Ont.

Oct 1. 34m2

MINERAL WATER.

The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town.

Oct. 27th 1874. 78-3m

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

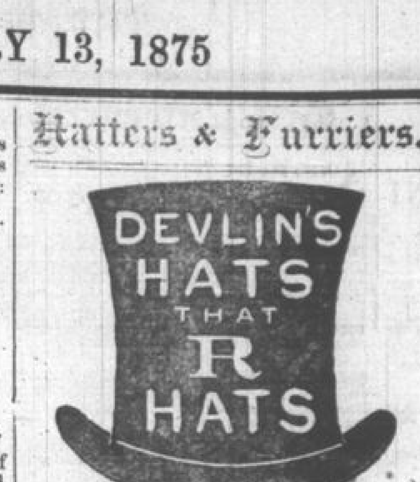
For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00, and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists.

Hatters & Furriers.



DEVLIN'S

Fur Depots

416 Notre Dame-St., . . . Montreal.
11 Rideau-St., ... Ottawa.

White Rabbitt Jackets,

LADIES' SOUTH SEA SEAL JACKETS,

Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets,

Ladies Sea Otter Sets.

R. J. DEVLIN,
Manufacturer.

Jan 11 1875

ALEX. BROBERY,

FURRIER,

45 Rideau-st.,

Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,

Is offering the balance of his

Stock of Winter Furs

AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3733

LADIES FURS!

GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,

No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to order by

JAMES PEACOCK,
No. 33, Rideau Street.

Dec. 29th, 1874. 3724 m1

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.

—AT—

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Mails.

POSTOFFICE OTTAWA,

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc. by Ex. way	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont. and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York, through mail	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 10.10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packag the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland and Newfoundland can be obtained at this Office

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 0 p.m.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
Nov. 16 1874.

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established

AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the Spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEMIEUX,
Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.

Nov. 6, 1874.

Miscellaneous.

S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them so ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa

No 18 248

"A Repository of Fashion Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveller.*

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates, in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patrons for the children's clothes, to pater familias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year $4 00

$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two *Harper's Periodicals*, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The seven numbers of HARPER'S BAZAR, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."—"The Best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Weekly* is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the *Weekly* is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The *Weekly* maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations are often corroborative arguments of no small force.—*N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle.*

Its papers on existent question and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year........$4 00

$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publisher.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of *Harper's Periodicals*, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete Sett comprising Eighteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per. vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS New York

All Flannels reduced at Bryson's. 3695-1m

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acrimonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only Medicine having control over this class of diseases is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE!

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the first time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

A BLESSING TO THE POLICE.

MONTREAL, 18th June, 1864.

DEVINS & BOLTON:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been one of the many martyrs of rheumatism that I meet on my every day rounds, I was induced to try the celebrated DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. I had suffered the last five or six weeks the most terrible acute pains across my loins and back, so severe indeed that I could hardly walk with the help of a stick. I commenced the Diamond Remedy—following the directions carefully. Relief came immediately with the first bottle, improved rapidly with the second, completely cured and freed from pain after finishing my fifth small bottle. You are at perfect liberty either to refer to me privately or publicly, as I feel very thankful for the relief, and sympathise with my fellow sufferers from rheumatism.

Yours respectfully,
J. B. CARDINAL,
Sanitary Police Officer,
51 Labelle street.

In simple cases, sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send or it to

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto.

Or to DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec.

Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.

May 18. 1874

The Canadian Washer

A. RUGLES, Manufacturer, west side King-st., between Rideau and Bolton-sts., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Nov. 18, 1874.

A. R. GILES, Sir,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Washing Machines, and my family have used it in my house for some time, and have found it to be a complete success, on account of its great facility in working and solid durability; and I think it is an article which is quite indispensable to any family.

Yours truly,
JOHN MOREAU.

Insurance.

THE

HAND IN HAND

Insurance Co.

Still continue to take Risks at

20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates

R. C. W. MACCUAIG,
Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity.

Jan. 8, 1875. 3737-3m

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

Authorized Capital . . $5 000,000
Subscribed to Date . . $2,000,000

LOCAL DIRECTORS:

RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, . . AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.

All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.

The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.

O'CONNOR & WALLER.

Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-12m

ROYAL CANADIAN

INSURANCE CO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.

Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.

ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,

AGENT,

36 SPARKS STREET, . . . OTTAWA

Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"

CONTINUES TO TAKE

FIRE RISKS

On every description of insurable property,

AT REDUCED RATES.

T. M. CLARK, AGENT,
Corner Sparks and Elgin St

Dec. 18, 1874. 3722-12m

Remedies.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN

Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

July 1874

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown & Co.

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is Morson's Pepsine, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules, and as Wine in ½, and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in 1 oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

81, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,

RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed with despatch

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Bouna, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Bal and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other immitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietor at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3742. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

TEACHER WANTED for School Section No. 6, Town ship of Cumberland [male or female], holding second or third class certificate. Apply to John McArthur, Secretary Treasurer, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c.
Jan. 6, 1871. 3735-d3wtf

WANTED.
A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O.
Nov 13

HELP WANTED.
100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated. Together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO.,
Publishers, London, Ont.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women
A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY
from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently doas well as men. Particulars and address
J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St., Boston, M.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY. — Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. y3675daw.

WORK FOR ALL.
At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED.
Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to
F. M. REED, 8TH ST., NEW YORK.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $50 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required; thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples [that cost for 5] mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 508 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874 1mdaw

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & Co., Augusta, Me.

Lost.

LOST.—Last Monday night, in Lower Town, a ... containing clothing, &c., belonging to a poor woman. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving information as to its whereabouts at W. Godsoe Brown's, 37 Sparks street.

Board & Lodging.

BOARD AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at Mrs. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets.
Oct 10, 1874.

Bank Notices.

BANK OF OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a call of 10 per cent. on the subscribed Capital Stock of the Bank of Ottawa will be due and payable at the office of the Bank in this city, on the EIGHTH DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT.
P. ROBERTSON,
Cashier.
Ottawa, Jan. 7, 1875. 3737-6

Meetings.

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.
The Sixth Lecture of the Course will be delivered on THURSDAY EVENING, the 14th inst., by I. H. BROCK, Esq., at 8 o'clock, in the Lecture Room of the Society. Subject: "The Progress of Literature; its Social and Political Influence." Admission 10 cents.
H. P. HILL,
Secretary.
January 14th, 1875. 3712

THE OTTAWA
Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company,
(LIMITED.)
The first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company called for Thursday, the 14th instant, is postponed, pending the passing of the amendments to the Act of Incorporation now before the Quebec Legislature.
A general meeting will be called as soon as these Amendments shall have become law, of which due notice will be given.
R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary pro tem.
Jan. 12, 1875.

MONTREAL
Telegraph Company.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Company's Office, in Montreal, on
Thursday, Fourteenth January Next,
At one o'clock, to elect Directors, and generally to transact the business of the Company.
A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.
For the half year ending 30th November, has been declared upon the Capital Stock, and will be payable at the offices of the Company on and after Thursday, 14th January.
The Transfer books will be closed from 4th January till after the General Meeting.
By order of the Board.
JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.
Dec. 31, 1874. 3735-5

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.
NOTICE.
The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.
WM. PENNOCK,
J. DURIE,
THOS. PATTERSON
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.
Jan. 7, 1874. 3734m1

Tenders.

NOTICE
TO CONTRACTORS.
SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to
Thursday, the 14th of January next,
For the construction of a
BRIDGE OVER THE OTTAWA RIVER,
To connect the Calumet Island with the Village of Byron.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Quebec; at the office of Messrs. Cockburn, Wright & Clemow, Ottawa; at the office of the Registrar for the County of Pontiac, at Byron; and at the office of the undersigned.
Tenderers to give the names of two good and sufficient securities willing to become bound for the due execution of the contract.
The Municipal Council of Calumet Island does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
SIMON McNALLY,
Mayor.
Office of the Mu. Council, Calumet Island, December 28th, 1874. 3730

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
38 Sparks street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nov. 27 1874. 2420

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

BANK OF OTTAWA.
Office—Victoria Buildings, [opposite Western Block of Parliament Buildings.]
This Bank has now opened for the transaction of a general banking business.
P. ROBERTSON,
Cashier.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875. 3731-6in.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 20, 1874. 3680-Sawky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal.
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 8, 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3685-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
Money to lend on Real Estate.
3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa
Hon. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C.
MCLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3697

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W. H. WALKER. | R. CASSELS, Jr. | P. PENNOCK
July 27, 1874. 3625

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitors, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. R. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
269 y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
G. B. L. FELLOWS, Q. C., | HORACE LAPIERRE
MARTIN O'GARA, | EDWARD P. REMON
3485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER
June 5, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. A. J. CHRISTIE. H. P. HILL
Feb. 5, 1874. 684-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3228-6m.

C. W. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2517y

O. ARCHAMBAULT.
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 26, 1874. 346-

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, . . MONTREAL
Sep. 9, 1873. 2382-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 6 to 10 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753

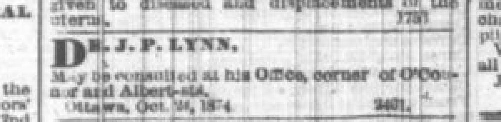
DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1874 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal, Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry, Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2558-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester.
Consultations at all hours.
3454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st.
2722y.



The Victoria Stables
Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.
Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.
N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.
BROWNLEE & CO
March 11, 1874. 2517y

Amusements.

RINK MUSIC HALL,
THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY Evenings, January 14th, 15th and 16th.
THE UNEXPLAINED MYSTERY
of the Nineteenth Century,
Miss Annie de Montford,
The famous English Mesmerist, the great European sensation, the envy of the Scientists, the Wonder of the Educated, the Incomprehensible Mystery of the Masses. The most Laughable Entertainment in the World.
Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cts.
Reserved Seats can be had at Nordheimer's Music Store, without any extra charge.
CHAS. H. KEESHIN,
Business Agent.
Jan 11, 1875. 3739-5

DE MURSKA.
MR. D. DeVIVO has the honor to announce that
MLLE. ILMA DE MURSKA,
The famous Hungarian Nightingale, from Her Majesty's Covent Garden and Drury Lane Theatres, London, will give
Only One Grand Concert,
Under the distinguished Patronage of the Governor General and the Countess of Dufferin,
AT GOWAN'S HALL,
Friday Evening, Jan. 15th, at 8,
On which occasion the following celebrated Musical Artists will appear:
Mlle. Ilma DeMurska.
Mdme. Carreno Sauret, the Brilliant Pianist.
Sig. Ferranti, Prince of Buffos.
Mons. Sauret, the celebrated Violinist.
Sig. Getanno Braga, King Violoncellist.
Mr. Jas. H. Dank, Accompanist.
Prices as follows: Reserved Seats, $1 50; General Admission, $1. For sale at Nordheimer's Piano Rooms, on and after Wednesday, Jan. 13th.
Knabe Grand Piano used at this Concert.
Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-6

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
PAPER RULER, AND
Account Book Manufacturer,
RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.
Ruling, Perforating, Numbering
—AND—
GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.
All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.
Aug. 12. 2689y

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING
Watchmaker and Jeweller.
Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 18 years and will continue the
MANUFACTURING, JEWELLERY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS
in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.
W. YOUNG.
June 26, 1874.

N. MARKS,
Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,
36—SPARKS STREET—36
Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine
JEWELLERY,
Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.
A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.
Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and RailwayCompanies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER.
Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.
Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.
Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.
West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.
MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.
Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory, Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, CentreSeconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.
FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental ateliers of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.
Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of bijouterie, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.
Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.
Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.
Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.
Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,
SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c
Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.
A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.
Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.
Dec 26, 1874.

Houses to Let.

TO SELL OR RENT.
The house and grounds lately occupied by Mr. Scragge, just outside the city limits, on the Richmond Road. The house and grounds can be divided, the former making two complete dwellings, if required, with every convenience, and ample room in each for a large family.
Terms of sale or rental, moderate.
Apply to
WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK:
Dec. 7, 1874. 3712-tf

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.
The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.
ALEX. ROBERTSON,
Rideau-St.

Summary of News.

The municipal council of Fitzroy have determined to present a petition to the Senate and the House of Commons, asking for the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating drinks.

The great scandal trial is now fairly launched, and Frank Moulton is having an opportunity of making his "statement" over again. So far the evidence is a bare repetition of what was given in the Plymouth Church Investigation.

President Grant's special message to Congress, in relation to the Louisiana embroglio, is substantially the same as his message two years ago. He expresses his reluctance at having to interfere in the affairs of a State, and advises Kellogg to be temperate in the exercise of his authority. It appears that the President has no desire to enforce a policy of his own against the popular will, but his actions have scarcely borne that out.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Steamer and Crew Lost.

LONDON, Jan. 14, 6 a. m.—The British steamer Bride, from Alexandria, for Hull, has been lost, and twenty of her crew and passengers were drowned.

GERMANY.

Indemnity Wanted.

BERLIN, Jan. 13.

The *Provincial* correspondence says the German Government has taken preliminary steps to insure satisfaction to the German flag, and indemnity for the owners of the German vessel Gustav, which was fired upon while in distress, and afterwards plundered by the Carlists.

SPAIN.

Defeat of Carlist Troops.

MADRID, Jan. 12.—The Minister of War has received despatches announcing that several bands of Carlists have been badly defeated by the National troops in the Departments of Barcelona and Nevarre.

Capture of a Carlist Leader.

MADRID, Jan. 13.—The priest Atcalon, a Carlist leader, has been brought to this city a prisoner.

The Madrid government has informed Germany that complete satisfaction will be given for the outrage on the Gustav immediately upon the receipt of full despatches from its representive at Berlin. It is thought in Berlin that a speedy reparation will be made, because it is of great interest to the Spanish government to deprive the opposition of the opportunity to attack it, which foreign reprisals on the Carlists would afford. The truth of yesterday's disquieting reports from Spain is denied. The rumours were set on foot by the Carlists that the Duke of Parma denies that either the Counts Coserta and Bari, or himself are about to abandon the cause of Don Carlos.

FRANCE.

Election Order.

PARIS, Jan. 12.—Elections to fill six vacancies in the Assembly for the Departments of Cotes du Nord and Seine et Oire, have been ordered to be held on the 7th of Feby.

Marshal Serrano.

L'Union states that Marshal Serrano has arrived in Paris.

Ambassadorship Declined.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—Senor Segasta has declined the Spanish Ambassadorship at Paris.

UNITED STATES.

Another Condemnation.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 13.—The board of Aldermen of this City, last night passed a resolution condemning the action of the United States military in interfering in the organization of the Louisiana Legislature. The resolution was offered by Ald. Stone, Republican, and was carried by a vote of 21 to 8.

The Descamp Fire.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 13.—The loss by burning of Descamp carriage manufactory at Dayton, Ohio, last night is now aid to reach $100,000; insurance $50,000.

An Investigation Demanded.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 13.—Both Houses of the Legislature to-day passed resolutions requesting Congress to immediately institute a thorough investigation into the affairs of Louisiana.

Senator Pinchback.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 12.—Mr. Pinchback was re-elected United States Senator by the Legislature to-day.

A Negligent Operator.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—John S. McLelland, telegraph operator, was found guilty of manslaughter, in Jersey city, yesterday, in having, by negligence of duty, caused a fatal railroad accident. No sentence as yet.

Fire.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 13.—A fire at Montarri station, near Parker City, Pa., last night, destroyed the railroad depot, two stores, a dwelling-house and a livery stable. The fire originated in the depot, and is supposed to have caught from a defective flue. The loss is not ascertained,—probably about $20,000.

President Grant's Special Message.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—A Washington special to the *Times* gives the following sketch of the Presidents's forthcoming message:—It is decided as being, in a large part, a narrative of events in Louisiana, and of the action of the Administration in relation thereto. It is understood that it refers the whole matter again to Congress in substantially the same manner as the message two years ago. The message describes the reluctance of the President to interfere in the affairs of a State, and his very great reluctance to employ the Federal army for the preservation of peace or the support of the State Government. The message quotes a telegram from the President to Governor Kellogg, which expresses his desire to avoid interference in State affairs, and advises Kellogg to be sure to be in the right, and to be moderate and temperate in his exercise of power, and assures him of the Federal support to maintain his rightful authority. The key of the President's action seems to be the belief that the White League party are determined by any means whatever, whether peaceful or violent, to obtain possession of the State Government, and that they will not scruple to employ any means to accomplish that object. He was committed to the support of the Kellogg Government by the action of the Courts, and by his message of two years ago, coupled with the failure of Congress to establish a policy for the government executive towards the Kellogg Government. If any blame should fall anywhere, for the action of the Government in Louisiana, it ought to fall largely upon Congress, which, by its discussion, debate and inaction, left the whole subject to the President, who, in case of such inaction, was already committed to support the Kellogg Government. It will appear from the message the President has no disposition to enforce a policy of his own against the popular will, and there is no doubt he would greatly prefer that Congress should take definite and affirmative action, and establish a line of policy for the executive to pursue and enforce.

The Louisiana Troubles

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.

To the Senate of the United States:

I have the honour to make the following answer to a Senate resolution of the 8th inst., asking for information as to any interference by any military officers, or any part of the army of the United States, with the organization or proceedings of the general assembly of the State of Louisiana in regard to the existence of armed organizations in that State hostile to the Government thereof, and intent on overturning such Government by force. To say that lawlessness, turbulence and bloodshed have characterized the political affairs of that State since its reorganization under the reconstruction acts, is only to repeat what has become well known as a part of its unhappy history, but it may be proper here to refer to the election of 1868, by which the Republican vote of the State through fraud and violence was reduced to a few thousands, and the bloody riots of 1866 and 1868, to show that the disorders are not due to any recent causes, or to any late action of the Federal authorities preparatory to the election of 1872. A shameful and undisguised conspiracy was formed to carry that election against Republicans, without regard to law or right, and to that end the most glaring frauds and forgeries were committed in the returns. After many colored citizens had been denied registration, and others deterred by fear from casting their ballots, when the time came for a canvass of the votes in view of the foregoing facts, Wm. Kellogg the Republican candidate for Governor brought a suit upon the equity side of the United States Circuit Court for Louisana, against Warmouth and others, who had obtained possession of the returns of the election, representing that several thousand voters of the State had been deprived of the election franchise on account of their colour, and praying that steps might be taken to have their votes counted, and for general relief to enable the court to inquire as to the truth of these objections. A temporary restoring order was issued against the defendants, which was at once wholly disregarded and treated with contempt by those to whom it was directed. These proceedings have been already denounced as an unwarrantable interference by the Federal Judiciary with the election of State officers, but it is to be remembered that by the fifteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States the political equality of coloured citizens is secured, and under the second section of that amendment, providing that Congress shall have power to enforce its provisions by appropriate legislation. An act was passed on 31st of May, 1870, and amended in 1871, the object of which was to prevent the denial or abridgement of suffrage to citizens on account of race, colour, or previous condition of servitude, and it has been held by all the Federal judges before whom the question has arisen, including Justice Strong, of the Supreme Court, that the protection afforded by this amendment and these Acts extend to States, as well as to other elections, and that it is the duty of the Federal Courts to enforce the provisions of the Constitution of the United States, and the laws passed in pursuance thereof are too clear for controversy. Sec. 15 of the said Act, after numerous provisions therein to prevent an evasion of the 15th amendment, provides that the jurisdiction of the Circuit Court of the United States shall extend to all cases in law or equity arising under the provisions of the said Act, and of the Act amendatory thereof. Congress seems to have contemplated equitable as well as legal proceedings to prevent the denial of the suffrage to colored citizens, and it may safely be asserted that if Kellogg's bill in the above named case did not present a case for the equitable interposition of the Court, but no such case can arise under the Act that the Courts of the United States have the right to interfere in various ways with State elections, so as to maintain political equality and rights therein irrespective of race or color is comparatively new, and to some seem to be a startling idea, but it results as clearly from the 15th amendment of the constitution, and the acts that have been passed to enforce the amendment, as the abrogation of State laws upholding slavery results from the 13th amendment to the constitution. While the jurisdiction of the court in the case of Kellogg *versus* Warmouth and others is clear to my mind, it seems that some of the orders made by the judge in that and the other kindred case of Antoine were illegal, but while they are so held and considered it is not to be forgotten that the mandate of his court had been contemptiously defied, and they were made wild while scenes of anarchy were sweeping away all restraint of law and order. Doubtless the judge of this court made grave mistakes, but the law allows the chancellor great latitude, not only in punishing those contemning his orders and injunctions, but in preventing the consummation of wrong, which he has judicially forbidden. Whatever may be said or thought of those matters, it was only made known to me that a process of the United States Court was resisted, and as the said acts specially provides for the use of army and navy, when necessary, to enforce judicial process arisen thereunder, I considered it my duty to see that the process was executed according to the judgment of the court, resulting from these proceedings. Through various controversies and complications a state administration was organized, with Mr. P. Kellogg as Governor, which in the discharge of my duty under section 4, article 4, of the constitution, I have recognized as the government of the States. It has been bitterly and persistently alleged that Kellogg was not elected. Whether he was or not, is not altogether certain, nor is it any more certain that his competitor, McEnery, was chosen. The action was a gigantic fraud, and there are no reliable returns of its result. Kellogg obtained possession of the office, and in my opinion has more right to it than his competitor. On the 20th of July, 1873, the committee on privileges and elections of the Senate made a report, in which they say that they are satisfied by the testimony that the manipulation of election machinery by Warmouth and others was equivalent to the twenty thousand votes, and they add that to recognize the McEnery government would be recognizing a government based upon fraud in defiance of the wishes and intention of the voters of the State. "Assuming the correctness of the statements in this report, and they seem to have been generally accepted by the country, the great crime in Louisiana, about which so much has been said, is that one is holding the office of Governor who was cheated out of 20,000 votes, against another whose title to office is undoubtedly a fraud, and in defiance of the wishes and intentions of the voters of the State. Misinformed and misjudging as to the nature and extent of this report, the supporters of McEnery proceeded to displace by force, in the same parts of the State, the appointees of Governor Kellogg, and on the 13th of April, in an effort of that kind, a butchery of citizens was committed at Calfax which in bloodthirstiness and barbarity is hardly surpassed by any act of savage warfare. To put matters beyond controversy, I quote from the charge of Judge Woods, of the United States Circuit Court to the jury in the case of the United States v. S. Cruikshank and others, in New Orleans. In March, 1874, he said: In the case on trial there are many facts not in the controversy. I proceed to state some of them in presence and in hearing of counsel on both sides, and if I state as a conceded fact any matter that is disputed, they can correct me after stating: A reign of difficulty, which grew out of an attempt of white persons to drive the parish judge and sheriff, appointees of Kellogg, from office, and their attempted protection of coloured persons, which led to some fighting, in which quite a number of negroes were killed, the Judge states most of those who were not killed were taken prisoners. Fifteen or sixteen of the blacks had lifted the boards and taken refuge under the floor of the House. They were all captured. About thirty-seven men were taken prisoners. The number is not definitely fixed, they were kept under guard until dark, they were led out two by two and shot. Most of the men were shot to death, a few were wounded not mortally, and by pretending to be dead were afterwards, during the night able to make their escape. Among them was Levi, Nelson named in the indictment. The dead bodies of the negroes killed in the affair were left unburied until Tuesday, April 15th, when they were buried by a Deputy Marshall and an officer of the Militia from New Orleans. These persons found 59 dead bodies. They showed pistol shot wounds, the great majority in the heart, and most of them in the back of the head. In addition to the dead found some charred remains of the dead bodies were discovered near the Court House. Six dead bodies were found under a warehouse, all shot in the heart, but one or two which were shot in the breast. The only man injured, from the beginning of these troubles to their close, were Hadnot and Harris. The Court House and its contents were entirely consumed, but there is no evidence that any one in the crowd of whites bore any lawful warrant for the arrest of any of the blacks. There is no evidence that either Nash or Caseobrat, after the affair, ever demanded offices to which they had set up a claim, but the registrar continued to act as parish judge, and Shaw as sheriff. These are the facts in this case, as I understood them to be admitted. To hold the people of Louisana generally responsible for these atrocities would not be just, but it is a lamentable fact that insuperable obstructions were thrown in the way of punishing the murderers, and the so called Conservative papers of the State not only justified the massacre, but denounced as Federal tyranny and despotism the attempt of United States officers to bring them to justice. Fierce denunciations ring through the country about office holding and election matters in Louisiana, while every one of the Colfax miscreants goes unwhipped of justice, and no way can be found in this boasted land of civilization and Christianity to punish the perpetrators of this bloody and monstrous crime. Not unlike this was the massacre in August last. Several Northern young men of capital and enterprise had started the little and flourishing town of Conshatta. Some of them were republicans and office holders under Kellogg. They were therefore doomed to death. Six of them were seized and carried away from their homes and murdered in cold blood. No one has been punished, and the Conservative press of the State denounced all efforts to that end, and badly justified the crime. Many murders of a like character have been committed in individual cases, which cannot here be detailed. For example, T. S. Crofford, Judge Parish, and the District Attorney of the 12th Judicial district of the State, on their way to court were shot from their horses by men in ambush on the 8th Oct., 1873, and the wife of the farmer in a communication to the Department of Justice tells a piteous tale of the persecution of her husband because he was a Union man. If the efforts made to screen those who had committed a crime, which, to use her language, left two widows and nine orphans desolate, to say that the murderer of a negro or a white Republican is not considered a crime in Louisiana would probably be unjust to a great part of the people; but it is true that great numbers of such murders have been committed, and no one has been punished therefore. The spirit of hatred and violence is stronger than law. Representations have been made to me that the presence of troops in Louisiana was unnecessary, and I, replying to the people, said that there was no danger of public disturbance if they were taken away. Consequently early in last summer the troops were withdrawn with the exception of a small garrison at New Orleans barracks. It was stated that a comparative state of quiet had supervened. Political excitement as to Louisiana affairs seemed to be dying out, but the November election was approaching, and it was necessary, for party purposes, that the flame should be re-kindled. Accordingly on the 14th September, D. Penn, claiming he was elected Lieut-Governor, in 1872, issued an inflammatory proclamation calling upon the militia of the State to arm, assemble and to drive the usurpers, as he designated the officers, from the State. The White Leagues, armed and ready for the conflict, promptly responded. On the same day the Governor made a formal requisition upon me, in pursuance of Act 1,795, and section 4, article 4, of the Constitution, to aid in suppressing domestic violence. On the next day I issued my proclamation commanding the insurgents to disperse within five days from the date thereof, but before the proclamation was published in New Orleans, the organized and armed forces reorganizing a usurping Governor, had taken forcible possession of the State House, and temporarily subverts the government. "Twenty or more people were killed, including a number of the police of the city. The streets of the city were stained with blood. All that was desired in the way of excitement had been accomplished. That there was intimidation of Republican voters at the election, notwithstanding these precautions, admits of no doubt. The following are specimens of the means used on the 14th of Oct. Eighty persons signed and published the following at Shreveport: We, the undersigned merchants of the City of Shreveport, in obedience to a request of the Shreveport Campaign Club, agree to use every endeavour to get our employees to vote the people's ticket at the ensuing election, and in the event of their refusal so to do, or in case they vote the Radical ticket, to refuse to employ them at the expiration of their present contracts. On the same day another large body of persons published in the same place a paper in which they used the following language:—"We the undersigned merchants of the city of Shreveport, alive to the great importance of securing good and honest Government to the State, do agree and pledge ourselves not to advance any supplies, or money to any planter during the coming year who will give employment or rent lands to laborers who vote the radical ticket in the coming elections." I have no information of the proceedings of the returning board for the said election, which may not be found in its report which has been published; but it is a matter of public information that a great part of the time taken to canvass the votes was consumed by the arguments of lawyers, several of whom represented each party before the board. I have no evidence that the proceedings of this Board were not in accordance with the law under which they acted. Whether in excluding from their Court certain returns, they were right or wrong is a question that depends upon the evidence they had before them, but it is very clear that the law gives them the power, if they choose to exercise it, of deciding that way and, *prima facie*, the persons whom they return as elected are entitled to the offices for which they are candidates. Respecting the alleged interference by the military with the organization of the Legislature of Louisiana on the 4th inst., I have no knowledge or information which has not been received by me since that time, and published. My first information was from the papers of the morning of the 5th January. I did not know that any such thing was anticipated, and no orders, no suggestions were given to any military officer in that State upon that subject prior to the occurrence. I am well aware that any military interference by the officers or troops of the United States with the organization of a State Legislature, or any of its proceedings, or with any civil department of the Government, is repugnant to our ideas of Government. I can conceive of no case not involving rebellion or insurrection where such interference by authority of the general Government ought to be permitted or can be justified, but there are circumstances connected with the late Legislature embroglio in Louisiana which seem to exempt the military from any intentional wrong in that matter, knowing that they had been placed in Louisiana to prevent domestic violence, and aid to repress it. The revolution was apparently, though it is believed not really, abandoned, and the cry of Federal usurpation in Louisiana was renewed with redoubled energy. Troops had been sent to the State under the requisition of the Governor, and as other disturbances seemed imminent they were allowed to remain there to render the executive such aid as might become necessary to enforce the laws of the State and repress the continued violence which seemed inevitable, the moment Federal support should be withdrawn, prior to, and with a view to the late election in Louisiana, while men associated themselves together in armed bodies called White Leagues, and at same time threats were made in the Democratic journals of the State that the election should be carried against Republicans at all hazards, which very naturally greatly alarmed the coloured voters. By section 8 of the Act of February, 28th, 1871, it is made the duty of United States marshals and their deputies at the polls where votes are cast for representatives in Congress to keep the peace, and prevent any violation of the so-called enforcement acts, and other offences against the laws of the United States, and upon a requisition of the Marshal of Louisiana, in view of the said armed organization and other portentious circumstances, I caused detachments of troops to be stationed in various localities in the State, to aid him in the performance of his official duties and the enforcement of State laws and officers and troops of the United States may well have supposed that it was their duty to act when called upon by the Government for that purpose. Each branch of a Legislative Assembly is the judge of the election and qualifications of its own members, but if a mob or a body of unauthorized persons seize and hold the legislative hall in a tumultous and riotous manner, and so prevent any organization by those legally returned as elected, it might become the duty of the State Executive to interpose if requested by a majority of members elect to suppress the disturbance, and enable the persons elected to organise the House. Any exercise of this power would be justifiable under most extraordinary circumstances, and it would then be the duty of the Governor to call upon the constabulary, or if necessary the military force of the State. But with reference to Louisiana, it is to be borne in mind that any attempt by the Governor to use the police force of that State at this time would have undoubtedly precipitated a bloody conflict with the White League, as it did on the 14th September. There is doubt that the presence of United States troops on that occasion prevented bloodshed and loss of life. Both parties appear to have relied upon them as conservators of public peace. The first call was made by Democrats, to remove persons obnoxious to them from the Legislative hall, and the second was from Republicans, to remove persons who had usurped seats in the Legislature without legal certificates authorising them to seats, and in sufficient numbers to change the majority. No body was disturbed by the military, who had a legal right at that time to occupy seats in the Legislature; that the Democratic minority of the House undertook to seize its organization by fraud and violence; that in this attempt they trampled under foot the law; that they undertook to make persons not returned as elected, members, so as to create a majority; that they acted under a preconcerted plan, and under false pretences introduced into the hall a body of men to support their pretensions by force if necessary, and that conflict, disorder and riotous proceedings followed are facts that seem to be well established, and I am credibly informed that these violent proceedings were a part of a premeditated plan to have organized in this way, what has been called the McEnery Senate, then to depose Gov. Kellogg, and so revolutionize the State Government. When it was wrong for Gov. Kellogg, at the request of a majority of the members returned as elected to the House, to use such means as were in his power to defeat those lawless and revolutionary proceedings is perhaps a debatable question, but it is quite certain that there would have been no trouble if those who now complain of illegal interference had allowed the House to be organized in the lawful and regular manner. When those who inaugurated the disorder and anarchy disavow such proceedings, it will be time enough to condemn those who by such means as they have used prevent success of their lawless and desperate schemes. General Sheridan was requested by me to go Louisiana to observe and report the situation there, and if in his opinion it was necessary to assume the command, which he did on the 4th after the legislative disturbances had occurred, at 9 p.m., a number of hours after the disturbances. No party motives nor prejudices can reasonably be imputed to them, but, honestly convinced of what he has seen and heard there, he has characterized the leaders of the White Leaguers in severe terms, and suggested summary modes of procedure against them, which, though they cannot be adopted, would, if legal, soon put an end to troubles and disorder in that State. Gen. Sheridan was looking at the facts and possibly not thinking of proceedings which would be the only proper ones to pursue in time of peace. He thought more of the utterly lawless condition of society surrounding him at the time of his despatch, and of what would prove a sure remedy. He never proposed to do an illegal act, nor expressed a determination to proceed beyond what the law in future might authorize, for the punishment of the atrocities which have been committed and which cannot be successfully denied. It is a deplorable fact that political crimes and murder have been committed in Louisiana, which have gone unpunished, and which have been justified or apologized for, which must rest as a reproach upon the State and country long after the present generation has passed away. I have no desire to have United States troops interfere in the domestic concerns of Louisiana or any other State.

(*To be Continued.*)

The gleeful laugh of happy children is the best home music, and the graceful figures of childhood are the best statuary.

"I don't see what water always wants to freeze with the slippery side up for," blubbered an urchin who had just verified the fact.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(*By Telegraph.*)

Quebec Legislature.

Second Parliament—Fourth Session.

QUEBEC, Jan. 13.

The Assembly met to-day, after the Christmas recess, most of the members being in attendance.

The Speaker took the chair at half past three.

Several petitions were received.

Hon. Mr. GARNEAU presented the report of the Minister of Agriculture and Public Works for 1874.

Mr. BELLINGHAM gave notice that on Friday next he would move for a committee composed of Hon. Messrs. Church and Trudel, Messrs. Joly, Verault, Bachand, and the mover, to enquire into all matters connected with the loan of £800,000 sterling, advertised in the London *Times* of July, 1874, signed by the Provincial Treasurer, and all matters connected with the paying of subsidies to railway companies, the re-loaning of the $2,307,961.69 borrowed in England; and to send for persons, papers and documents, and report from time to time to the House.

A few bills were read a second time, and the House adjourned at 4.30.

TORONTO.

Nipped in the Bud—Division Court—Society of Artists—Window Breaking—Larceny—Masonic.

TORONTO, 13th Jan.

Charles Morell, King Street East, was arrested on a warrant and lodged in No. 1 Police Station for threatening to assault his wife.

The Division Court was held yesterday—His Honour Judge Boyd on the bench. There were about seventy cases on the docket, which were disposed of. They were of no public interest.

It has been rumoured that the Ontario Society of Artists has ceased to exist. So far from this being a fact, it may be stated that the Ontario Society of Artists was never in so flourishing a condition in all respects as it is at present.

About midnight last night Thos. Christie and John Moran, while in a beastly state of intoxication, were found breaking a window belonging to Alexander Simpson, corner of King and Sherbourne Streets.

W. H. Coen, of 267 Adelaide Street, while leaving his horse and vehicle at the front of his door, had a white wolfskin robe stolen out of the vehicle. The owner's name is marked thereon.

At the regular meeting of Stevenson Lodge, 216, A. F. & A. M. on Monday evening, Bro. G. H. Chanter, P.M., was presented with a handsome Past Master's jewel, accompanied with expressions of the high esteem in which Bro. Chanter is held by the brethren. There was a numerous attendance of the craft present.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Jan. 13.

The stock market here, this morning, was entirely without animation, there being no disposition to speculate. Merchants', 116¼, closing 116⅛ to 116¼. People's, 112¼, closing 112 to 112¼. Montreal, 185¾ to 186. Commerce, 133 to 133¼. Telegraph, 186¼ to 187¼.

HAMILTON.

Seduction Case—Daring Escape—Robbery.

HAMILTON, Jan. 13.

In the Hamilton seduction case, the jury awarded the plaintiff, Mrs. Baldwin, mother of the lady (?) seduced, the sum of twenty-five cents. The amount claimed was $1,000. The jury took two hours to agree on the matter.

On Friday night a man named Rodgers was arrested near Rocton on a charge of larceny, and imprisoned in a room in the bailiff's house. To prevent his escape his shoes, socks and hat were taken from him. He, however, managed to break out during the night and clear from the locality. The night was a bitterly cold one, and it is feared that Rodgers, who had neither boot or sock on, took refuge in the swamp and while there perished from the cold. He has not yet been heard of.

On Saturday morning a very cool robbery of valuable silks was effected from Messrs. J. I. Mackenzie & Co's store, King street. On Friday afternoon two men came there and priced a lot of silks, which they examined carefully. They made no purchase. On Saturday morning before eight o'clock they returned with a carpet bag, when no one was in but the porter. Saying that they had come to have another look at some goods they had seen the day before, they ran up stairs and paid no attention to the man below. When descending, they still had the bag with them, and in it several pieces of valuable black silk, which were not missed till later in the day. The robbers seem to have as cleverly got away with the booty as they secured it, though much cannot be said for the intelligence of the porter.

NOVA SCOTIA.

The Loss of a Crew—Another Fatal Marine Disaster—Breakwater damaged—Death of a Veteran—Re-opened.

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 13.

The following are the names of the persons lost by the wreck of the brig Agnes Raymond:—J. H. Randall, master; J. H. Melanson, Louis Melanson, Norman Gray, C. Aylmar, Daniel Heins, W. Comean, H. R. Morissey.

On the 2nd inst. the brig Hilda, Captain T. Larkin, was found a total wreck on the Island of Chelicamp, Cape Breton, with no cargo, and her bottom gone. One man was found frozen to death in the woods in the neighbourhood of the wreck. There were no marks on his clothing or person except S. W. W., 1850, in India ink on his right arm. No other bodies have been discovered, but all hands have no doubt been lost.

One hundred and fifty feet of the Government breakwater at Cow Bay, C. B., have been carried away by an easterly gale.

A coloured man named Robert Griffin, 84 years old, died yesterday. He was on board the Chesapeake when that ship was taken by the Shannon, and came here as a prisoner of war.

The Intercolonial Railway is again clear of snow.

BERLIN.

Daring Burglary.

BERLIN, Jan. 13.

At about two o'clock on Sunday morning the dry goods store of Mr. John Kaiser was entered by means of skeleton keys. An inspection of the cellar appears to have been made with a view it is supposed of gaining admittance into the jewellery shop of Mr. Fox next door. Failing to obtain an entrance, the thieves thoroughly ransacked the premises, and decamped with about $300 worth of goods.

THE GREAT FAMILY MEDICINE OF THE AGE.—There is, probably, no family medecine so favourably and so widely known as Davis' Pain Killer. It is extensively used in India, China, Turkey—and in every civilized country on earth, not only to counteract the climatic influences, but for the cure of Bowel troubles, Cholera and Fevers. It is used internally for all diseases of the bowels, and externally for wounds, burns, bruises, &c. Sold by druggists generally.
374.

THE TIMES

Is published every lawful morning. Price 15 cents per week, sent to subscribers in any part of Canada, SIX DOLLARS per annum.

The rate for Transient Advertisements is TEN CENTS PER LINE, nonpareil measure, for each insertion. For Special Notices TEN CENTS PER LINE, and for Paragraphs, Reports of Meetings, Financial Statements of Banks, Railway Companies, Insurance Companies, and matters of like description, inserted amongst the Reading Matter, FIFTEEN CENTS PER LINE.

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BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50c and deaths with funeral notices attached $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents. When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Election Notice: J. P. Featherston.
Coal Oil: W. Hearn.
Sale of City Lots: J. Bermingham.
Lost: W. Brown.
Music: Ditson & Co.
Election Card: J. P. Featherston.
Russell Election: Ira Morgan.
Russell Election: A. J. Baker.
Auction Sale: J. Bermingham.
Ontario Legislature: W. P. Powell.
Ottawa Scientific Society: H. P. Hill.

The Times.

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JAN. 14, 1875.

THE CONTEST IN THE CITY.

We have all along expressed the hope and the belief that by some means unity in the Liberal ranks would be attained in this contest, and that the supporters of the Ontario Government in this city, taking a leaf out of the book of their friends and sympathizers in Russell, would unite upon some one whom all could support. We regret that so far this desirable end has not been reached, and that there are three avowed supporters of Mr. Mowat's Administration seeking the suffrages of the citizens of Ottawa against one Conservative. This is a matter of such serious consequence that we must look it fairly in the face. It is simply very bold guessing on the part of Mr. O'Connor's friends to assert that he will poll any considerable proportion of the votes of the electors of this city. His nomination was admittedly the last resort in a sore extremity, and we have not yet been offered any test of the temper of the constituency, which would be in any measure a justification for their affected confidence. With but one supporter of the Government in the field, we have not the slightest hesitation in saying that Mr. O'Connor has not the ghost of a chance; even with three of them, the probability is that he will be elected to stay at home. But the friends of the Government must see that they are positively inviting defeat unless they are prepared to make mutual concessions and sacrifice their personal ambitions. If defeat does not respond to the invitation—and we are confident it won't—that will be accounted for by the great popularity of the Government and the innate strength of the successful Liberal candidate. Of the three supporters of the Government now in the field, Mr. Featherston is unquestionaby the strongest, and we commend to all sensible citizens his address to the electors, which will be found in another column. We are not without hope that some satisfactory arrangement is yet possible: but if is not possible, as between the candidates, we have every confidence that with the electors who approve of the policy of Mr. Mowat and his colleagues better counsels will prevail, and that among them at least there will be unanimity at the ballot box. If, as we believe to be the case, Mr. Featherston is the most certain of the three to carry the election against Mr. O'Connor, how can the other candidates, consistently with their professed desire to support the Government, stand in the way?

THE COAL OIL SEIZURE.

Messrs. Levens, Parsons, and Chevrier, of this city, have had a letter inserted in the columns of both our evening contemporaries, which is intended to counteract the effect of a paragraph which recently appeared in the local columns of THE TIMES. In this letter they state that the seizure referred to was not made through any vigilance on the part of Mr. Battle, the Collector of Inland Revenue here, and that the credit—or discredit, as they would have the public believe it to be—was entirely due to what they are pleased to call a "combination" of oil refiners in London." We are not particular as to who was originally instrumental in putting Mr. Battle in possession of the information which led to the seizure, and at the time the paragraph was written we did not consider the matter of sufficient importance to do more than ascertain that the oil had been seized and by whom. It may be true that two members of the London Association did call the attention of the Inland Revenue officers to the arrival of the oil, and it may be that they demanded that it be tested; indeed, since Messrs Levens, Parsons, and Chevrier say that it is so, we are prepared to accept their statement as correct. The point in any case is quite immaterial. If it was attempted to show in this way that Mr. Battle got credit for more business capacity than he possesses, which we presume to be the fact, we need only to say that that gentleman requires no defence at our hands. His ability and competency in the discharge of his duties are matters with which we have nothing to do, and which his official superiors are alone competent to pronounce upon; but we may say with a great deal of safety that they will bear very favourable comparison with those of the majority of his fellows. Neither do we think it of any great importance to discuss with Messrs. Levens & Co. whether the London refiners were responsible for raising the price of oil from fourteen to twenty-five cents per gallon, nor whether they threatened to make every car of American oil cost $500; but we do undertake to assert very boldly that it would be far better for the people of Ottawa to pay fifty cents per gallon for good, safe oil, than take stuff that explodes at eighty-six degrees for nothing. If the Canadian article of which Messrs. Leven & Co. complain were so inferior as they say, certainly it was their duty to their customers and the public not to accept it; but they stopped short in their duty just a little too soon, for they should also have submitted the consignment to the necessary test, and if it did not stand it, the public elsewhere would have been warned and protected. This they do not say they did, and since the transaction appears to have been entirely a private one, it would be hard to divine the reason for its being explained publicly. If the intention was to assign motives to the so-called London "combination" for giving the information they did to the Department of Inland Revenue, which led to the oil being seized and tested, we need only say that is a subject with which neither we nor the public have anything to do. It is simply sufficient for us to know that, the oil having been tested, it was found to be under the standard, dangerous to public safety, and consequently condemned. We all know the cats catch the rats with anything but a good intention, but who that has his premises infested with rats waits to enquire what the motive may be which induces pussy to rid him of the pest!

The statement that the samples were tested by the two members of the London oil "combination" while Mr. Battle looked on must have been made under misapprehension, or from incorrect information; at any rate it is quite untrue. The oil was tested by the officers of the Department of Inland Revenue in the usual official way, in terms of the Act of Parliament, and according to specific instructions, framed by scientific men upon scientific principles, for the purpose of ascertaining the standard of productions of this kind.

We readily admit that the certificate produced by Messrs. Levens & Co., as being from the Cleveland Inspector of Petroleum, may be correct, and doubtless is correct, in every particular. Indeed, we stated in the paragraph in question that the oil was so guaranteed to them. It does not make a bit of difference that the certificate alluded to holds good in every country except Canada. That is simply another proof of the excellence of our Canadian laws, and the unrivalled assurance they give to life and property. We challenge the Messrs. Levens & Co. to deny that their oil did not successfully stand the test provided by the statutes of Canada, and if they are not prepared to assert that it did, they have written in defence of the quality of the article, or whatever else their purpose in writing was, in vain. We are further prepared to assert without fear of successful contradiction, that the certificate accompanying the consignment to the Messrs. Levens & Co., a copy of which they have published, was not a true statement of the quality or fire test of the oil. We have reason to believe that the officers of the Inland Revenue tested the oil on both the United States and Canadian plans, and that upon applying the former it ignited at 96 degrees Fah. as if it were turpentine, while on the application of the latter mode of testing it took fire at 86 degrees Fah. We need only ask Messrs. Levens & Co., why, if their importations were of such a high class, they shipped the consignment in question out of the country with so much despatch upon being notified by the authorities? If they can give any other explanation than a knowledge that it was below the required standard, and therefore subject to seizure, we should like to hear of it. The truth is that so far Messrs. Levens & Co. had been completely exonerated from all blame in the matter, but their action in coming out and publicly defending what is perfectly indefensible makes them *particeps criminis*. We may add that we have ground for believing that it is not true that the tests by which the oil was condemned were arrived at on account of any action by the London refiners.

Correspondence.

RUSSELL ELECTION.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

SIR,—In this day's issue in speaking of my connection with the Russell election, you say "in retiring when he was convinced that to persist in going to the polls would not have helped his own case." I beg to inform that I had no such conviction. But, though as confident of success as one could reasonably be—my friends believing the more candidates the better for me—like a *disinterested Liberal* as I have ever been, I acquiesced in a decision to which I submitted in the hope that it might tend to strengthen and consolidate the Reform party in the Riding. You cannot understand that it is only true Liberals who will sacrifice their own just claims, and loyally bow to a verdict, even though that verdict should reject the gold for the base metal.

I wish also to state that during this contest I have done naught for which I am penitent. It is now a little over twenty years since I made my *debut* in political letter-writing. In all that time I have written nothing that I regret or would wish to retract, except one—a criticism of the Hon. James Skead about separate schools. This, though in my opinion well deserved, I regretted to be the administrator, for in all my acquaintances with Mr. Skead, I believed him an honest man and a good citizen; whatever I wrote or spoke in this contest was said deliberately and in the firm belief of its truth. You will never find me like your informant, convicted of a falsehood.

Be assured I value not the opinions of men who veer with every change of the political weather-cock, and who are so exceedingly *loyal* that they cannot find it in their hearts to oppose any Government.

Yours, &c., &c.,
J. L. P. O'HANLY.

Ottawa, 13th Jan., 1875.

THE ELECTIONS.

List of Candidates.

	O.	L.	M.
Addington, Deroche	0	0	1
" Mace	1	0	0
Algoma, Dawson	0	0	1
Brant, N. R., Finlayson	0	0	1
" Campbell	0	0	1
" Crawford	1	0	1
Brockville, Fitzsimmons	1	0	0
" Cole	0	0	1
Bruce, N. R., Sinclair (Dr.)	0	1	0
" Sinclair	0	0	1
" S. R., Wells	0	0	1
" " Ross	0	1	0
Cardwell, Bowles	0	0	1
" Flesher	1	0	0
Cornwall, McIntyre	1	0	0
" Snetsinger	0	0	1
Dufferin	0	0	0
Dundas, Cook	0	0	1
" Broder	1	0	0
Durham, E. R., Rosevear	1	0	0
" Smith (Seth)	0	0	1
Durham, W. R., McLeod	0	0	1
" " McClung	1	0	0
Elgin, E. R., Askell	1	0	0
" " Wilson	0	0	1
Elgin, W. R., Munro	1	0	0
" " Hodgins	0	0	1
Essex, S. R., Atkin	0	0	1
" " Wigle	1	0	0
Essex, N. R., Prince	0	0	1
" " Montreal	0	0	1
" " Patterson	1	0	0
Frontenac, Graham	1	0	0
" Dawson	0	0	1
Glengarry, Grant	1	0	0
" McNab	0	0	1
Grenville, S. R., Fraser	0	0	1
" Irvine	1	0	0
Grey, N. R., Scott	1	0	0
" " McFayden	0	0	1
Grey, S. R., Hunter	0	0	1
" " Hopkins	1	0	0
" " Nasmith	1	0	0
Grey, E. R., Lauder	1	0	0
" " Brown	0	0	1
Haldimand, Baxter	0	0	1
" Waldbrook	1	0	0
Halton, Barber	0	0	1
" Beaty	1	0	0
Hastings, W. R., Lewis	0	0	1
" " Graham	0	0	1
" " Wills	1	0	0
Hastings, E. R., Appley	1	0	0
" " Wilson	1	0	0
" " Potts	1	0	0
Hastings, N. R., Boulter	1	0	0
" " O'Flynn	0	0	1
Huron, E. R., Vannorman	1	0	0
" " Gibson	0	0	1
Huron, S. R., Bishop	0	0	1
" " Case	1	0	0
Huron, W. R., Davidson	1	0	0
" " Ross	0	0	1
Kent, E. R., McKellar	0	0	1
" " Laird	1	0	0
Kent, W. R., Coutts	1	0	0
" " White	0	0	1
Kingston, McGammon	1	0	0
" Robinson	0	0	1
Lambton, E. R., Shirley	1	0	0
" " Graham	0	0	1
Lambton, W. R., Pardee	0	0	1
" " Chalmers	1	0	0
Lanark, N. R., Mostyn	1	0	0
" " Caldwell	0	0	1
Lanark, S. R., Code	1	0	0
" " Doran	0	0	1
Leeds and Grenville, N. R. Merrick	1	0	0
" " Smith	1	0	0
" " Reid	1	0	0
Leeds, S. R., Preston	1	0	0
" " Fields	0	0	1
Lennox, Grange	0	1	0
" Casey	0	0	1
" Booth	0	0	1
Lincoln, Rykert	1	0	0
" Neelon	0	0	1
London, Meredith	1	0	0
" Durand	0	0	1
Middlesex, N. R. Macdougall	1	0	1
" " Smith	0	0	1
Middlesex, E. R., Tooley	1	0	0
" " Evans	0	0	1
Middlesex, W. R., Currie (N.)	1	0	0
" " Watterworth	0	0	1
Monck, Haney	0	0	1
" Hill	1	0	0
Muskoka, Long (J.)	1	0	0
" Miller	0	0	1
Norfolk, N. R., Clarke	0	0	1
" " McKnight	1	0	0
Norfolk, S. R., Richardson	1	0	0
" " McCall	0	0	1
Northumberland, E. R., Cochrane	1	0	0
" " Ferris	0	0	1
" " Webb	0	0	1
Northumberland, W. R., Gifford	1	0	0
" " Hargraft	0	0	1
Ontario, N. R., McRae	1	0	0
" " Paxton	0	0	1
Ontario, S. R., Brown	1	0	0
" " Farewell	0	0	1
Ottawa, O'Donoghue	0	0	1
" Nagle	0	0	1
" Featherston	0	0	1
" O'Connor	1	0	0
Oxford, S. R., Oliver	0	0	1
" " Macdonald	0	0	1
" " Devlin	0	0	1
" " Hopkins	0	0	1
Peel, Beyon	1	0	0
" Chisolm	0	0	1
Perth, N. R., Daly	1	0	0
" " Towner	1	0	0
" " Hay	1	0	0
Perth, S. R., Leversage	1	0	0
" " Ballantyne	0	0	1
Peterborough, W. R., Scott	1	0	0
" " Cox	0	0	1
Peterborough, E. R., O'Sullivan	1	0	0
" " Stratton	0	0	1
Prescott, Pattee	0	0	1
" Harkin	1	0	0
Prince Edward, Clapp	1	0	0
" Striker	0	0	1
Renfrew, N. R., Deacon	1	0	0
" " Moffatt	0	0	1
" Baker	1	0	0
" Morgan	0	0	1
Simcoe, W. R., Long (T.)	1	0	0
" " McConkey	0	0	1
" " Simpson	0	0	1
Simcoe, S. R., Boulton	1	0	0
" " Snelling	0	0	1
Simcoe, E. R., Kean	1	0	0
" " Sutherland	0	0	1
Stormont, Bethune	1	0	0
" Colquhoun	1	0	0
Toronto, E. R., Cameron	1	0	0
" " Crooks	0	0	1
Toronto, W. R., Bell	1	0	0
" " Thomson	0	0	1
Victoria, N. R., McCrea	1	0	0
Victoria, S. R., Wood	0	0	1
" " Cottingham	1	0	0
Waterloo, N. R., Miller	1	0	0
" " Springer	0	0	1
Welland, Buchner	1	0	0
" Currie	0	0	1
Wellington, N. R., McKim	0	0	1
" " McGowan	1	0	0
Wentworth, N. R., Stock	1	0	1
" " Christie	0	0	0
Wentworth, S. R., Sexton	0	0	1
" " Sphon	0	1	0
York, N. R., Jackson	0	1	1
" " Widdifield	0	0	0
York, E. R., Lane	0	0	1
" " McDougall	1	0	0

MEMBERS ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION.

	G.	O.	I.
Brant South—Hardy	1	0	0
Hamilton—Williams	1	0	0
Oxford North—Mowat	1	0	0
Wellington Centre—Clarke C.	1	0	0
York West—Patterson	1	0	0
Renfrew South—Bonfield	1	0	0
Waterloo South—Fleming	1	0	0
Carleton—Monk	0	1	0
	7	1	0

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.
Oct. 7, 1874. 369y d&w.

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 2805

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf

CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

Minutes of Council.

28th November, 1874.

Present: The Reeve and Messrs. Mohr, Marshall, Elliott and McLaren.

The minutes of last session were read.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that the Reeve sign petitions on behalf of this Corporation, to the Senate and Commons of Canada, for the passing of an Act prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as beverages. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, and seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that the Clerk be authorized to subscribe for one copy of "Harrison's Municipal Manual," for the use of this Corporation.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the Clerk sign a cheque in favour of Mr. A. S. Woodburn, Ottawa, for printing for use of this Corporation.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that the Clerk sign a cheque on the Treasurer, in favour of Mr. John Craig, for the sum of thirty dollars and fifty cents for opening up and making a road on the Township line between Fitzroy and Torbolton, across Lots twenty-four and twenty-five.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that this Council grant the sum of five dollars to each of the following parties, they being indigent, namely, widows Brown, McHale and Farrell, and John Johnston, and that the Clerk give an order on the Treasurer for the same. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that this Council do now adjourn for one hour.

The Council resumed, all the members present.

Moved by Mr. Marshall, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Collector be required to return his collection roll and settle with the Treasurer not later than the twenty-fifth day of January next.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that Messrs. Archibald Riddell and James Fetherston be instructed by this Council to examine the road between lots 20 and 21, in the eighth and ninth concessions, made by James McCarthy, and that David MacLaren give a copy of his agreement, and when it is made to their satisfaction, give the Clerk a line to that effect.

Moved by Mr. Marshall, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the by-law to appoint an arbitrator on behalf of this Corporation in the matter of the proposed road through lot number twenty-two in the seventh concession, be now read for the first, second and third time, and passed any rule to the contrary notwithstanding. Carried. By-lay No. 239 read first, second and third time, and passed accordingly.

Moved by Mr. Maclaren, and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that Thomas Hamilton be authorized by this Council to advertise for and receive tenders for furnishing materials and building a bridge on the twelvth concession line, near Michael Costello's, and report to this Council at its next meeting, said bridge to be built next spring; plan and specification to be shown on the ground. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall, and seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that the Clerk notify Mr. Riddell of his appointment as Arbitrator, on behalf of this Corporation, in reference to the passing of a road across the corner of Lot number twenty-two, in the seventh concession, and also notify him and James Featherston that they are appointed to examine the road made between lots 20 and 21 in the eight and ninth concessions by James McCarthy.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren, and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the By-law to authorize the Reeve to act in behalf of this Corporation in the matter in dispute between William Wilson and the Corporation, now referred to arbitration, be now read for the first, second and third time, and passed, any rule to the contrary notwithstanding.—Carried.

By-law No. 240 read first, second and third time, and passed accordingly.

Moved by Mr. Marshall, seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that the Council grant the sum of ten dollars to open the ninth concession from the Old Chats road to the centre of lot No. 22, on the said line, and that Augustus Marshall superintend the same. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that the clerk grant Mr. William Whyte an order on the Treasurer for twenty-five dollars for work done on the side road between lots numbers fifteen and sixteen, in the second concession, the work being done to the satisfaction of Hugh McDonald and Robt. Howe—Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren, seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the by-law to appoint Returning Officers for municipal purposes be now read a first, second and third time and passed, any rule to the contrary notwithstanding.—Carried.

By-law No. 241 was then read for the first, second and third time and passed accordingly.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the Council do now adjourn until the twenty-ninth day of December next.—Carried.

December 2nd, 1874.

Present—The Reeve and Messrs. Mohr, Marshall, Elliott and Maclaren.

The minutes of last session was read and passed.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that Mrs. Brown and Mrs. McCarthy be exempt from taxes for the present year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. McLaren, seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the clerk give William Howe an order on the Treasurer for four dollars for keeping the Big Creek bridge in repair. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall, and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the Clerk sign cheques in favour of Hart & Rawlinson for manual labour, $5.83, and J. H. Nicholson, for printing nomination notices, $2. Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren, and seconded by Mr. Mohr. that the Clerk be authorized to sign a cheque in favour of George Anderson, for repairing and making bridges on the ninth line, opposite lots 14 and 16. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that the Clerk grant Samuel Allison an order on the Treasurer for eighty dollars, for building bridge on Big Creek, between lots ten and eleven in the first concession. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that the Clerk give George Dack an order on the Treasurer for nine dollars and fifty cents, for bolts furnished for the bridge across the Big Creek, in the first concession, between lots 10 and 11. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall, seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that this Council grant James Moulton the sum of seven dollars for two cords stone filled in piers of bridge on Big Creek, on the said road, between lots ten and eleven on the first concession. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the clerk grant William Whyte an order on the Treasurer for ten dollars, for drawing plank to McVicar's Bridge, and for superintending the opening of the side road between lots number twenty and twenty-one. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that William Latimer be instructed to notify Noble Dean to remove his fences off the second concession line before the tenth day of May next, otherwise legal proceedings would be taken against him. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that Mr. Latimer be directed to procure sixty cedar logs to build culverts and bridges on the side road between lots numbers ten and eleven in the second concession. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall, and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the clerk sign cheques in favour of the undermentioned members of the Council and officers for sums set against their respective names:—Reeve: Mr. John Neil, $18; Deputy Reeve: Charles Mohr, $16.50; Councillor, T. Marshall, $16.50; J. Elliott, $18; D. Maclaren, $15. Auditors, Thos. G. Somerville, $3; John Forbes, $3. Selector of Jurors, J. Neil, $4; F. O'Neil, $4; W. P. Taylor, $6. Clerk, W. P. Taylor, sundries per account, $15.08. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall, and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that this Council grant William Latimer the sum of three dollars and 50 cents for cedar logs delivered at the Big Creek Bridge, in the first concession, between lots 10 and 11. Carried.

Moved by Mr. McLaren, and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that this Council do now adjourn for one hour. Carried.

The Council resumed, all the members present.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that the Treasurer pay Mr. John Neil the sum of seven dollars for superintending work in Lowry's Gully, the same to be paid from the county grant for that purpose. Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that this Council accept the tender of William Craig to build a bridge opposite lot 25, on the twelfth concession, his being the lowest tender, the bridge to be subject to the inspection and approval of Thomas Hamilton, appointed to oversee the work, the tender being $90. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall, and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the clerk sign an order in favour of the Treasurer for one dollar and fifty cents, for examining and reporting on bridge on lot twenty-five, twelfth concession, and that the same amount be paid for the same purpose to Thomas G. Somerville. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, and seconded by Mr. Marshall, that this Council do now adjourn.

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparts, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3727

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

MARRIED.

In the Church of St. Bartholomew, on Wednesday morning, the 13th inst., by the Rev. N. Higginson, M.A., Mr. Henry Pace, to Rosina, second daughter of J. G. G. Layton, Esq., Department of Agriculture.

DIED.

At Rochesterville, on the 13th instant, Sarah Ann, beloved wife of Mr. Joseph Forster, aged 32 years.

Funeral to-day at eleven o'clock, at Hull Cemetery.

PAIN-KILLER.

After thirty-five years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Physicians of the first respectability recommend it as a most effectual preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but for Dysentery or Cholera, or any sort of Bowel complaint, it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency and rapidity of action. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

It is used Internally and Externally.

Sold everywhere, Price 25 cts.

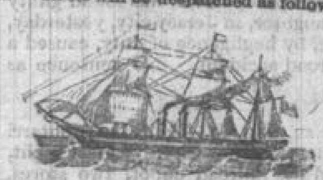
PERRY DAVIS & SON, Sole Proprietors
January 13th, 1875. 3741

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



FROM PORTLAND.

POLYNESIAN	2nd Jan.
SCANDINAVIAN	9th "
HIBERNIAN	16th "
MORAVIAN	23rd "
PERUVIAN	30th "
SARMATIAN	6th Feb.
POLYNESIAN	13th "

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN....$70 to $80 | STEERAGE.......$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE

Glasgow Line

are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN.........$60.
INTERMEDIATE.........40.
STEERAGE.........25.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa July 22 1873.

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:

Cabin $55 to $80 gold, according to accomodations.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

GOULTHRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

J. W. MINTHORN
Box "U" Orillia, Ont.
Oct. 1. 3433

MINERAL WATER.

The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town.
Oct. 27th 1874. 772-3m

Election Notices.

YOUR

VOTE AND INFLUENCE

—ARE—

Respectfully Solicited

—FOR—

J. P. FEATHERSTON,

To Represent the City of Ottawa in the Local Legislature.

Jan. 14, 1875.

TO THE ELECTORS

OF THE

CITY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN:—Having been nominated as a candidate to represent the City of Ottawa in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, and having been requested by numerous and influential voters, representing all classes and political parties of my fellow-citizens, to accept the position, and to submit myself for your suffrages, I assent, with full confidence that you will take into consideration the fact that I have endeavoured, while sitting at your Council Board, and while acting as your Mayor, to discharge with zeal and fidelity the duties you have so frequently imposed upon me.

I am an adherent of the Reform party of Ontario, and as such, if elected, while claiming and exercising the right to think and decide independently, shall give an honest, but not servile, support to the present Government.

I shall carefully watch every action of the Executive, and shall not hesitate to criticise, and, if necessary, condemn any wrong doing.

To the important interests of the lumber trade I shall give special attention, convinced that the prosperity of the City of Ottawa is deeply involved therein, and to be able to do so with accurate knowledge shall seek the aid of those of my fellow-citizens who are best qualified to give reliable information and safe advice.

In these matters, and in all others that affect the welfare of the eastern section of the Province of Ontario, I shall be willing, and shall labour to co-operate with its representatives regardless of political associations.

Believing that the future greatness of Canada depends entirely upon the strength and prosperity of its workingmen, I shall be ever anxious to attend to their interests, and to give to all measures submitted for their benefit a just and fair consideration.

The welfare of your schools and charitable institutions, and especially the completion and organization of the Normal and Model Schools, shall be to me subjects of constant care.

I desire to represent the moderate men of all parties, and my earnest efforts shall be directed, as a supporter of a Liberal Government, to act with justice and impartiality to the various nationalities that form the mixed population of our common country.

I have made Ottawa my home. I have no local attachment elsewhere. My interests and yours are identical.

Grateful for the confidence you have reposed in me during the past eight years that I have served in the City Council, I seek your good-will and suffrages to place me in a higher and more responsible position than any I have heretofore occupied, and if honoured with your confidence, you may rest assured that as your representative in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, I shall do my best, earnestly and assiduously, to promote the general prosperity and good government of our Province, and to give special attention to the interests of the City of Ottawa and the Ottawa District.

J. P. FEATHERSTON.

Ottawa, January, 14th, 1875.

TO THE

Electors of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—Through the dissolution of the Local Legislature, in a short time you will be called upon to elect a representative to that House for the ensuing term. Elected by a large majority when I had the honor to solicit your suffrages before, I trust that my conduct while in Parliament will meet with the full confidence of the whole people at the ensuing election, and as a consequence I announce myself as a candidate for your suffrages on the occasion. Should I be deemed worthy of your approval in the future as in the past, my humble support will be given to the present government in all measures for the benefit of the whole country. I ask assistance in opposing chicanery and double-dealing, and in favour of one who will neither be cajoled or purchased.

Hoping to meet you all at public meetings, and if possible personally, before the day of polling,

I remain,

Yours respectfully,

DAN. J. O'DONOGHUE.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

Ontario Legislature.

CITY OF OTTAWA.

The Candidates for Election to the Ontario Legislature for the City of Ottawa, have, in accordance with the Act in that behalf, appointed their Agents as follows:—

Candidate.	Agent.
J. P. FEATHERSTON, Esq.	P. Pennock.
RICHARD NAGLE, Esq.	W. H. Nagle.
D. J. O'DONOGHUE, Esq.	John Casey.
Hon J. O'CONNOR	G. O'Doherty
W. H. WALLER, Esq.	Wm. Wall.

W. F. POWELL,
Returning Officer.

OTTAWA, Jan. 11th, 1875.

Russell Election.

MR. IRA MORGAN

Has appointed Mr. EDWARD TURNBULL, of Russell, his Financial Agent.

MR. ADAM J. BAKER

Has appointed Mr. WILLIAM STRINGER, of Osgoode, his Financial Agent.

Jan. 14, 1875. 3742 3

Carpets.

OTTAWA

CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from

Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,

[late Jacques & Hay,] Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.

A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.

SHOOLBRED & CO.
49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

DR. POMROY,

CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN

May now be consulted in his

ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE

Hours from 10 a.m. until 5 p.m.

Dec. 10 1874. 3718

THE DOMINION ATLAS,

WALKER & MILES, PUBLISHERS,

Montreal and Toronto.

MARA & MAINGY,

General Agents for Central Canada, P.O. Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Legal Notices.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of THOMAS EDWIN MOORE, An Insolvent.

The creditors of the above-named insolvent are requested to file their claims with the undersigned as soon as possible to enable him to arrive at the total amount of liabilities without delay.

W. H. COOPER,
Interim Assignee.

Jan. 8, 1875. 3738-3

DR. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.

H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants.

Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 laws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-2awk3m

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Walford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnston, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the City of Toronto, as solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt become absolute and indefeasible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.

(Sd.), GEO. S. HOLMESTED,
Referee of Titles.

3715-3w-lawk

Government Notices

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector MacLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 101 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Mosgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,548 feet, and of No. 3, 7,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Janv., 1875.

Miscellaneous.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

BALTIMORE OYSTERS

To be had in perfection, at

James Buchanan's

SUSSEX STREET.

January 6th, 1875. 1m

ASHFIELD'S

EMPORIUM.

Flint Glassware, in plain and fancy, a speciality during the holidays. Those beautiful goods are more durable than CUT, and much cheaper. Now in stock, Fruit and Cake Dishes, all sizes; covered Bowls, Preserve Dishes, all sizes; Water Jugs, Wine Glasses of all kinds; Decanters, Goblets, from 90c to $5 per dozen; Glass Setts, 6 pieces, from 75c; Candlesticks, Ba Tumblers, Decanters, Bottles, at special prices, in fact nearly everything required in this line.

Lamps of all kinds, sizes, and prices. Chandeliers, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Crystal Light Burners and goods. A very large stock now on hand. China, Crockery and Earthenware—White Granite Tea Setts, 44 pieces, $3 50; White Granite Chamber Setts, $3.50. Bed Pans, Sick Feeders, Toast Racks, Churns, and a general variety in this line.

Kerosene Oil from the United States. The best in the market at market prices. All goods sold both wholesale and retail. A call is solicited. **Happy New Year to All.** Vases and Figures awfully cheap now.

JAMES ASHFIELD,
Duke Street, Chaudiere.

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It
Cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

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Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliot & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Shapter & Owen
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co
Aug 7 '87.

DATURA TATULA,

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins, Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

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SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-St., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil with out nausea or indigestion.

Publications.

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OF THE

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JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

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These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

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The aim will be to make the WEEKLY HERALD superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

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During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence, Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence, and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers. None are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The company has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

The price of subscription, whenever practicable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting money by mail.

At small Post Offices in the country where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

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AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA

NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publications of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press, it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

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The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

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ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

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A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

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CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased, digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA, Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

AGRICULTURAL AND DOMESTIC.

The Cultivator vs. The Plow.

The long-protracted conflict between the advocates of deep and shallow plowing is now joined by a third party, namely, those who think that no plowing at all is best.

It was a senseless contest, just as would be a dispute whether men are all six feet high or all five feet six inches, the fact being that there are many of both heights and many more between them. So deep plowing might suit one soil, and shallow plowing another, and there would be many intermediate depths of soil requiring intermediate depths of plowing.

The new theory, however, or rather the theory which is as old as Eastern agriculture, namely, that the surface should only be scratched, is a formidable rival to both theories of plowing, and it is supported by plausible arguments.

So bountifully is nature that though the earth has a diameter of some eight thousand miles, all the food that supplies the myriad of men and animals on its surface is grown upon a crust of a few inches in depth. That depth of the crust is fertilized by sun and air and showers, and it teems with vegetation whose decay in one shape or another renders it more and more fertile. Of these few inches usually the three or four on the surface are by far the most fertile, and hence to turn them down and bring up less fertile mineral earths in their place is obviously bad economy.

It is now well known that manure on the surface or barely covered in, is much more advantageous for plant life than the same manure buried deeper, and in like manner the fertilized soil of the surface, if turned down a few inches, will not be half as available for plant life as if left where it is. The shallowest plowing, therefore, is likely to do harm in this respect, unless it be of the kind practised in the East with a crooked stick.

But here another element comes in, which is also of great importance, and which is neglected in Eastern culture—namely, opening and stirring the subsoil. Though it is in most cases dangerous to bring this up, it is in all cases most important to stir and open it. This process allows the air and the sun's heat to permeate it, promotes drainage of the surface in time of rain, and moistening of the surface earth from below in time of drouth. In thus facilitating the ascent of subsoil moisture, it furnishes the surface soil with the mineral salts dissolved in nature's slow laboratory, which that moisture brings up.

Whilst, therefore, it is argued, the surface earth should only be stirred and not turned down at all, the subsoil should also be stirred and loosened as deeply as it can be reached; and hence the whole process should be performed not by the plow but by the cultivator or subsoil plow.

Whilst, however, this might be and probably is the best plan for land after root or other hoe crops, it would not suit for stubble or grass land. For these, it is evident, the plow must still be used, though the furrow slice may be made quite thin, except where the soil below is rich and mellow.

Should experience confirm the alleged advantage of cultivating instead of plowing, the labors of the farm will be less, and the produce will be greater, but there will still be enough of the farm requiring plowing to enable us to use the time-honoured salutation, "Speed the plow."—*N. Y. Witness.*

CLOVER HAY FOR STOCK.—Many stock feeders seem to have a poor opinion of clover hay, but we have long believed that for milk or fattening purposes, good, bright clover hay was superior to timothy. A correspondent of the *New England Farmer* furnishes the following evidence of its value:—After having finished feeding fodder corn in connection with good hay to my cows, I commenced feeding from the top of the mow, which consisted of a good quality of mixed hay. With a hay knife I cut a space about three feet wide, from the end of the mow next to the barn floor, and fed the hay to my cows, and there was no perceptible increase in the flow of milk, from what it was when they were fed one-half fodder corn. But when the lump of mixed hay was consumed, and I came to the clover, which was beneath it, I found there was an increased flow of milk at least one-third, and at next week's churning there was nearly the same increase in butter. But after I had used off the clover hay in this space and began again at the top to feed the mixed hay, the cows shrank both in the quality of milk and butter and continued at the former stand, till the clover was again reached when they increased again in their milk as at the first instance. This hay was cut the 21st of June, just as it was in full bloom, received two days' sun, and was housed during the driest week of the season, and there is now a very rich aroma arising from it as it is taken in flakes and fed to my stock, for I feed not only my cows with it, but my horses and calves.

CLASSIFICATION OF EGGS.—Since the new classification of butter by the Produce Exchange in New York has proved so convenient and complete, the Exchange has decided to classify eggs, so that quotations may be uniform in all seasons, and in all markets. Eggs are classed under three heads, designated by and depending on locality whence shipments are made. New York and Pennsylvania form one locality for quotation, Canada forms another, and the third comprises all the Western States whence eggs find their way to New York market. The eggs from each locality named are classed into four grades: extras, firsts, seconds and thirds. The following are the rules for classification:

"*Extras* shall comprise the very fanciest marks of fresh laid eggs in season, put up in the finest manner, where every condition necessary to place fancy eggs in this market has been complied with.

"Firsts shall comprise fine marks of eggs, such as come in car load lots, and are packed in fine order, fresh in season, and reasonably clean; such stock as gives satisfaction to most consumers.

"Seconds shall comprise all stock that is merchantable and inferior to firsts.

"Thirds shall comprise all poor stock in bad order, rotten, etc.,—stock considered not really merchantable."—*Cultivator.*

Wood for Rustic Work.—The comparatively leisure time for gardeners in winter, enables them to execute various articles of rustic work, and for this purpose red cedar is particularly recommended on account of its durability, and next to this locust, chestnust, etc. It is important hat the wood be durable, especially if exposed to the weather and the bark on which causes the young limbs of trees used for this purpose to decay much sooner than if stripped of the bark. Nothing can appear much worse than rustic work decaying at the joints and twisting and coming to pieces. But it is not necessary to use the above-mentioned durable kinds of wood. Any wood will answer, even basswood, provided it is thoroughly soaked with light petroleum after the article is constructed, especially at the joints. Put the oil on with a whitewash brush, rather warm so as to be more liquid, and repeat the application as long as the wood will take in any more. It will not decay in your day.—*Albany Cultivator.*

CULTIVATING ORCHARDS.—Our readers are aware that we have always recommended the cultivation of the soil in orchards, especially while young, unless the soil is so rich or so highly manured as not to need it. But we have seen a recommendation lately in an exchange that goes farther, stating that so great is the loss resulting from stunted growth, occasioned by neglected cultivation, that if nine-tenths of all the trees in such neglected orchards were cut down, and the labour expended on the remaining tenth, more and better fruit would be raised.—*Country Gentleman.*

Every man thinks that Cæsar's wife ought to be above suspicion; but he is far less particular as to what Cæsar himself ought to be.

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 876-y

WHOLESALE

Ready-Made

CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTER

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

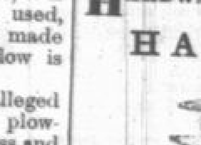
So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 24, 1874. 880

Hardware, &c.



THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

For sale by all Oilmen.

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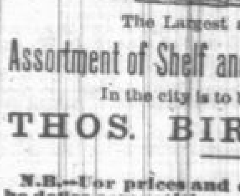
HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.



No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware

In the city is to be found at

THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L. Crannell, Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application

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Oct. 3, 1874. 3988

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency

OTTAWA, ONT.,

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CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers'

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.

Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY &c.

March 26, 1874 61

Hotels.

THE

CLARENDON HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the

Corner of Sussex and George Streets,

within three to five minutes' walk of Post Office and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 1st January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,

One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms

are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms

are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms

are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms

are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my Table will be one of the best in Canada.

N. B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.

Dec. 28th, 1874. 3729

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD

USE THE

Diamond Yeast Cakes

Gift Enterprises.

ANOTHER

OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts	20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 23, 1874. 3728w2awkd&w

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts,

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000 } Each in Cash
Two Prizes $500 }
Five Prizes $100 }

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.

One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth

Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300

Three Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.

Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth 100 each!

1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c.

Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 432, Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874 3554 d&w

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK, VA.

DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature passed March 8th, 1873.

50,000 TICKETS—6000 CASH GIFTS.

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of	$30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	10,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	15,000
28 Cash Gifts of 500 each	14,000
43 Cash Gifts of $250 each	10,750
79 Cash Gifts of $150 each	11,850
250 Cash Gifts of $100 each	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of $50 each	28,900
5000 Cash Gifts of $10 each	50,000
6000 Cash Gifts, aggregating	$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets, $5; Quarter Ticket, $2 50; Eleven tickets, $100.

For Tickets and Circulars, &c., address, HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary, Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 25, 1874 3702d&w

Miscellaneous.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO., Sparks Street, near Bank.

NOTICE

All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 23 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents,

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.

Dec. 17, 1874.

Furniture.

NEW

Furniture Warerooms,

ANGUS & CO.

Dealers in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cornices and Curtains.

85 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite Heney's New Block.

Jan. 11, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND OR WEST OF O'CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874.

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

Boots & Shoes.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots, Embroidered and Plain Felt Congress.

Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress.

Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Felt Bals. Felt Overs.

A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter feet-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at REDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an entire clearance.

Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB, 28 Sussex-st.

Jan. 9, 1875.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN:

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

BOOTS,
SHOES,
MOCCASINS,
MITTS, &c.

AT

W. E. BROWN, 15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3969y d&w

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 13 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes,
Mitts, Rubbers,
Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN, Ottawa.

Dec. 24, 1874.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of!

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS., Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre.

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH.

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds,
Geese from 8 to 16 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 23, 1874. 3728-1f

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Carlole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. With months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks-st.

December 28, 1874.

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co. Cincinnati O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N.J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y. &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE........ 70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3562y

Hardware.

MOORE BROS.,

TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil,

General House-Furnishing Goods,

And Lawn Mowers.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS. OTTAWA.

Jan. 7, 1875. 3878

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES

J. T MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces. Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Lamps & Chandeliers

The Largest Assortment in the City,

AT THE OIL DEPOT, SUSSEX-ST.

C. S. SHAW & CO.

Jan. 8, 1875.

Grocers.

GO TO

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE'S

FOR YOUR

GROCERIES.

You will always find a full stock of Groceries Glassware and Crockery at prices that can't be obtained elsewhere.

FINE

Uncolored Japan Tea,

Only 50c. per lb.

Apples wholesale and retail.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE, Cor. Kent and Wellington-sts.

Jan. 9, 1875.

CHRISTMAS CARD.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Thanking their numerous friends and customers for the patronage bestowed upon them since commencing business, would remind them that being in a position (through purchasing their Goods previous to advance in wholesale markets) to sell cheap, they will offer to them during the Holidays, value in quality and cheapness that cannot be surpassed in the city, viz.:

OLD PRICES.		NEW PRICES.	
3 lbs. Raisins	35cts.	3 lbs. Raisins	30cts
3 lbs. Currants	27cts.	3 lbs Currants	20cts
Orange Peel	35cts.	Orange Peel	25cts
Lemon Peel	35cts.	Lemon Peel	25cts
Sultana Raisins	17cts.	Sultana Raisins	12cts
Figs in layers	50cts.	Figs in layers	35cts
Mixed Spices	50cts.	Mixed Spices	40cts

Dec. 21st, 1874.

SOMETHING NEW

To Economical Housekeepers!

Use the British Egg and Butter Powder!

A Perfect Substitute for Eggs! A Great Saving in Butter!

FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.

Agents for Ottawa—

CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.

3 and 4 Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3m

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

SAPOLIO,

For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.

HAND SAPOLIO,

For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artizans and mechanics.

Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.

Dec. 29, 1874. 3780-3awk

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES! Restore your Sight! THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES, By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957.) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender, 738 Broadway, New York.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer (Trade Mark secured) Montreal.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874. 3879

Books & Stationery.

NEW BOOKS.

Grey's Creed of Christendom, 2 vols	$4 50
Do Enigmas of Life	1 50
John Stuart Mill's Posthumous Essays on Religion	2 50
Draper's The Conflict between Religion and Science	1 75
Popular Science Monthly, vols. 1 to 5 each	3 50
Proctor's The Transits of Venus	2 50
Around the Tea Table, by Talmage, illustrated	3 00

For sale at

HENDERSON & Co's.

29 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 5, 1872.

SACRED MUSIC BOOKS

FOR 1875

RIVER OF LIFE.

(35 cts.) A most beautiful Sunday School Book. H. S. Perkins and W. W. Bentley.

LEADER.

[$1.38.] Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

THOMAS'S QUARTETS AND ANTHEMS

($2.50.) Perfect music of the best class, for Quartet Choirs. J. R. Thomas.

DANKS' ANTHEM SERVICES.

[$2 50]. Anthem music of excellent quality for all the services of the Episcopal Church. H. P. Danks.

PERKINS' ANTHEM BOOK.

[$1 50.] Easy Anthems. Very full, good, and already popular collection. W. O. Perkins.

SONG MONARCH.

[75cts.] For Singing Schools. Not much Sacred Music, but an admirable preparatory course, with a large quantity of secular music for practice. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

All books sent post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 28, 1874.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

See T. & B. on each Plug.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874-5.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual price

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

Dec. 21 1874. THOS. PATTERSON.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 86 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

Aug. 1, 1874. P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT Dr. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, F.R.S.E., M.R.I.A., F.C.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success.

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN.

Dec. 5, 1874 3711m1

Ladies' Ware,

LONDON HOUSE!

We are showing

The Cheapest Fancy Dress Silks in the City.

UNEQUALLED FOR RICHNESS.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT

Is under the superior management of MISS M. A. ARMSTRONG. The system we use is the Cornwall Chart, the only method in which a perfect fit can be secured.

Jan. 11, 1875. HANEY & FORGIE.

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYANS,

234 Wellington-St.

Dec. 5, 1874.

Dry Goods.

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING TAILORING.

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $18 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward.

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars &c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1860, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

AGENCY OF

Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works,

OHIO SANDSTONE

Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projecting either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

Non-explosive Coal Oil, test 115, at W. Hearn's, Sapper's Bridge. 3742

MESMERISM.—Our readers will bear in mind that Annie De Montford will hold the first of her seances in Gowan's Hall this evening.

MASS MEETING.—Mr. Featherston will address a mass meeting of the electors this evening at the Rink Music Hall. For particulars see small placards to be posted this morning.

AUCTION SALE.—We call attention to Mr. Bermingham's advertisement of sale of city lots in Winnipeg, the capital of the North West. Western property is now very much sought after, and this offer will bear examination into.

HORSES DROWNED.—A fine span of horses, belonging to the Messrs. Gilmour, were drowned up the Gatineau last week. It would appear that while engaged in drawing timber over the ice on one of the lakes, that they fell through and were drowned.

CONTRACT.—The contract for wrought iron hinges for the doors, and wrought iron balusters for the several staircases of the Parliament Library has been awarded to M. G. Bailey of this city, whose tender was the lowest.

THE WEATHER.—During the last few days the weather has been of a very wintry character. An easterly wind has prevailed, accompanied by a strong, blustering snow storm. It has not fallen in great quantity, but it renders outside travel anything but agreeable.

LITERARY SOCIETY.—The sixth lecture under the auspices of the Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society will be delivered in their hall, Sparks Street, this evening, by Mr. I. H. Brock. The subject is "The Progress of Literature, its Social and Political Influences."

MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST.—Mr. O'Leary, representative of the Irish Agricultural Labourer's Union, will deliver a lecture on "Manitoba and the North-West," on Thursday evening, the 20th inst., in the Rink Music Hall. The Premier will occupy the chair on the occasion.

POSTPONED.—The usual readings, under the auspices of the St. Patrick's Literary Society, are adjourned from this evening for a week, owing to the great political excitement which prevails. A good programme is in store for Thursday night next, the 20th inst.

ENGLISH MAIL.—An English mail will close at the city Post Office to-morrow (Friday), the 15th instant at 12.05 o'clock p.m., destined for the steamship Hibernian, which sails from Portland on Saturday. A supplementary bag will close at 1.25 p.m. for the same destination, but will contain only unregistered matter.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—E. J. Langevin, W. Hunt, Mrs. Moore, Quebec; D. A. Cameron, North Nation Mills; E. T. Galt, E. E. Gilbert and wife, Montreal; Ralph B. Holland H. Morgan, Toronto; George Hunter, W. F. Ewart, England; Mr. and Mrs. Melroy, Hamilton; C. H. Keefer, Ottawa; William Quinn.

POSTPONED.—Owing to the water being let out of the Canal, Mr. Fooks was obliged to postpone the proposed carnival of last night until Wednesday of next week. Many will doubtless be disappointed, but a week will soon pass over and then our skating friends can enjoy themselves to their heart's content.

TROTTING MATCH.—Sporting circles are somewhat excited just now over a trotting match that is to take place on Saturday next on the Rideau Canal. It is for $1,000 a side, of which amount $500 has already been staked. A good time is expected and there will doubtless be a large representation of the sporting fraternity.

CENTRAL HOOKS.—At the annual meeting of the Central Hook and Ladder Company, held in their station house on Tuesday, the 12th instant, with Chief Young in the chair, the following gentlemen were elected as officers for the current year: Captain Donald Robertson, re-elected; 1st Lieut., John Gooden, re-elected; 2nd Lieut., Alfred Ardley; Secretary, John Hume; Treasurer, Geo. Higman; Engineer, Albert McLean.

POLITICAL MEETING.—A mass meeting of Mr. O'Donoghue's friends took place last night in St. Patrick's Hall. There was a large and enthusiastic gathering. Mr. O'Donoghue addressed the meeting at considerable length, during which he recounted his various acts while at Toronto, and pledged himself to give the present Government a cordial support. Resolutions in support of his candidature were put to the meeting and carried unanimously.

WEDDING.—A large number of the fair residents of New Edinburgh assembled yesterday morning in the Church of St. Bartholomew, to witness the marriage of Miss Rosina Layton, second daughter of the able and popular Chief Compiler of the Census, to Mr. Henry Pace, of this city. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. G. N. Higginson, and the happy couple left after the wedding breakfast for Montreal. The bride, who always looks charming, looked particularly so on this occasion.

PRESENTATION.—Last night a very pleasant time was spent at the residence of Mr. John Brown on Cumberland street, where his bible class, of the King street Wesleyan Church, waited upon this gentleman to present him with an address and suitable testimonial. The gift consisted of a heavy gilt frame with a photograph of each member of his class. An appropriate address was presented at the same time, to which Mr. Brown made a suitable reply. Mr. Brown was taken completely by surprise, as he was not aware of the presentation until they had entered his house. The frame was prepared by Messrs. Wilson & Orr, and the photographs were taken by Mr. Topley.

ANNIVERSARY SOIREE.—A very pleasant time was spent on Tuesday evening in the York street Methodist Episcopal Church, it being the occasion of the Anniversary Soiree. The basement of the Church was beautifully decorated for the occasion, revealing much artistic taste on the part of the young ladies who did the work. The tables were richly laden with all the good things that it was possible to contribute and were attended to by Mrs. Dr. Bell, Mrs. Stapleton, Mrs. Reid, Mrs. N. Morrison, Mrs. Chevrier, Mrs. D. Morrison and Mrs. Robt. Grant. Very pleasing and instructive addresses were delivered up stairs by the Rev. Mr. Young, from the Chaudiere; Rev. Mr. Pope and other gentlemen. In the course of the evening the Rev. Mr. Pope, pastor of the Church was presented with a handsome testimonial by the young men of the Church, accompanied by an address. The Rev. gentleman responded in fitting terms. The festival was a decided success and all present enjoyed themselves exceedingly well.

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

POLICE COURT.

Before M. O'Gara, P.M.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 13.

Thomas Willett was up on a charge of assault. He was ordered to pay a fine of $10 and costs.

Patrick Green was arraigned for keeping swine on Bolton street. He was allowed to go on payment of costs as he had sold the hogs.

Thomas Finn was up for drunk and disorderly conduct on the public streets. He was asked to pay a fine of $3 and costs or go to gaol for a week.

Richard Clark was up for larceny at the late fire at Pooley's Bridge. He was sent to gaol for a week at hard labour.

Susan Colter charged with receiving stolen goods, was sent down to the Assizes for a trial.

Henry Larkin charged with the larceny of a couple of pairs of boots, was remanded till Saturday.

CIVIL SERVICE LODGE, A.F. & A.M.

At the regular communication of this Lodge, held in the Masonic Hall on Tuesday evening, the installation of officers (unavoidably postponed from the Festival of St. John the Evangelist), took place. The following officers were installed for the present Masonic year by the Rt. Worthy Bro. J. J. Gemmell, Past District Deputy Grand Master:—

Wor. Bro. John Walsh, W.M.
" " N. W. McLean, J.P.M.
" " W. M. Goodeve, S.W.
" " T. N. Christie, J.W.
" " J. W. Harper, Treasurer.
" " W. C. Blythe, Secretary.
" " Rev. John May, Chaplain.
" " Le F. A. Maingy, S.D.
" " A. N. McNeill, J.D.
" " Colin Campbell, D. of C.
" " James Adamson, } Stewards.
" " Fred. A. Dixon, }
" " E. J. Butler, Organist.
" " John Moore, Inner Guard.
" " John Sweetman, Tyler.

Worshipful Bro. A. J. Cambie and Bro. W. R. Wright were appointed members of the Committee of General Purposes, and Bro. John Moore as the representative of the Lodge upon the General Board of Relief.

THE AYLMER CONVENT.

Successful Concert.

The concert given by the pupils of the Aylmer Convent, on last Thursday night, was a most successful one. The spacious hall of the Convent never looked to finer advantage than it did on that occasion. On entering one would fain forget that the chill snows of winter reigned supreme in the outer world, so alluringly did the vernal scene within enchain the fancy. This impression was heightened during the evening by some very pleasant personalities, of which more anon.

To the great joy of the pupils of the Convent, His Lordship, Monseigneur Duhamel, honoured them with his presence accompanied by a number of clergymen, and Mr. Charles Devlin, Mayor of Aylmer. This kind encouragement on behalf of their beloved pastor, no doubt, had its due effect, stimulating them to achieve perfection in their different *roles*. A great partiality on the part of the audience was clearly indicated for the "Song of the Shamrock."

Miss Queen Devlin, was the central figure in this charming scene. Crowned with a wreath of shamrocks, she advanced gracefully, attended on either side by Miss M. Rainboth and Miss M. McConnell, each bearing the immortal trefoil in their hands, when with looks of love directed to their shamrocks, their united voices sang its praises in words and tones so beautiful as to produce a marked effect upon the audience. The chorus was then taken up by a number of their companions, each little one singing with the utmost animation and spirit, while holding up to view the shamrocks clasped in each tiny hand. They were loudly and repeatedly encored.

A representation that gave unqualified pleasure was that entitled "Floral Recreation" wherein each fair performer personated the gorgeous or the lovely flower she held in her hand. This floral spectacle, and the sweet voices of the flowers, each one conveying its own beautiful lesson, transformed the stage, for the nonce, into a woodland green, where nature held her court. The solos were assigned to Miss Lizzie Haldane and Miss Emma Woods, and were rendered very sweetly.

One of the most pathetic and successful representations of the evening was "The Orphan's Song," ending with a very fine tableau. The two little orphans were personated by Miss Nellie Bourgean and Miss Clara Rirpel. The former, identified herself well with the character and sang with great expression and sweetness, while the latter did remarkably well for her age. The words of this song were beautiful, but the touching manner in which it was rendered, was far more so, and drew tears from the eyes of many in the audience. As the last touching prayer to the Angels of heaven for protection, died away on the orphans' lips, sweet sounds of music faintly reached the ear, and suddenly a bright tableau of Angels appeared high in the back ground singing an angelic strain, while two central ones held golden crowns, over the heads of the little orphans. In answer to a burst of applause, the curtain was raised a second time and the tableau again loudly applauded.

Before summing up the performance of the little ones, who always enjoy the warm sympathies of the audience, mention must be made of a very pretty impersonation of "Flower Girls," by Miss Emma Woods and Miss Addie McArthur. They sang together in sweet strains the song "Buy my Flowers." The songs and choruses of the evening were choice and well rendered. Noticeable amongst the solos were those of Miss Eugenie Charlebois in "La Matinee est Belle," Miss L. Haldane and Marceline Lauzon in "Voices of the Night," and Miss Jessie Rowney and M. Lauzon in "Chiming Bells." The concert concluded with a French operatte entitled "La part a Dieu." The solos were entrusted to Misses Larue, Charlebois, Lauzon and Beaubien. Miss Larue as "Mdme de Felberg," acquitted herself with much grace. The spirited acting of Miss Beaubien as the servant "Gertrude," contributed vastly to the merriment of the evening and drew forth the warmest plaudits of the audience. An address in French to the Bishop was then read by Miss E. Charlebois, and one in English by Miss M. A. Harty. His Lordship in his reply thanked them for the beautiful sentiments he had the pleasure of listening to during the evening. Between the first and second part of the programme, Mr. Owen Devlin came forward and read a selection from Mrs. Hemans, in his well known lucid and agreeable manner. He also made a few remarks on education, and paid a high tribute to the Sisters of Charity, which was received with loud applause.

By request the concert will be repeated on the 22nd inst. Tickets 25 cents.

For Christmas and New Year's presents, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724-tf.

The best value in Winceys at Bryson's. 3695 1m.

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Musca Wine. 3698

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

Gents, try MacLaren & Chalmers' cutter. One trial will secure to them your patronage. 3698

Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695-1m

FALSE MODESTY.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3720

REFORM ASSOCIATION.

Election of Office-Bearers, 1875—Ratification of Mayor Featherston's Candidature.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Reform Association was held in their rooms last night for the transaction of general business.

After a large amount of routine business, the election of officers for the ensuing year was proceeded with, and resulted as follows:—

President, Dr. Sweetland; 1st Vice-President, W. H. Waller; 2nd Vice President, C. W. Bangs; 3rd Vice-President, O. A. Rocque; 4th Vice-President, M. Starrs; Secretary, J. P. Robertson; Treasurer, William Fingland; Executive Committee, Messrs. T. H. Kirby, Wm. Pennock, D. M. Grant, P. O'Meara, H. Lapierre, W. H. Walker, E. H. Bronson, J. W. Russell, I. H. Brock, George Crain, John Henderson, and P. A. Egleson.

EXECUTIVE REPORT.

A report was presented from the Executive Committee recommending the candidature of Mayor Featherston.

A resolution adopting the report was put to the meeting and carried with but few dissentient voices.

One of the minority afterwards suggested the propriety of making the choice unanimous, which was carried amid loud cheering.

Mr. Featherston, in accepting the nomination, made a powerful and eloquent speech.

Messrs. Allan Gilmour, R. Blackburn, James MacLaren, Hon. M. Cameron, E. McGillivray, and Dr. St. Jean were named an Associate Committee to assist in promoting to a successful issue the candidature of his Worship the Mayor.

After striking the several Ward Committees, the Association adjourned.

SEPARATE SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

The election of trustees to the Separate School Board took place yesterday in the various wards of the city. In a couple of wards there was a spirited contest.

VICTORIA WARD.

Mr. G. Chouinard, having declined re-election, was succeeded by Mr. G. Martineau.

WELLINGTON WARD.

In this ward there was a lively contest, for a time, between Messrs. Waller and Sims, and ended as follows:

Waller	95
Sims	35

Mr. C. P. Dorion succeeded to the vacancy created by the retirement of Mr. Larose.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

In this ward the contest was even more lively than that of Wellington ward, between Messrs. B. Sulte and E. A. Lapierre. Little or no interest was taken in the contest till near the close of the poll. Vehicles were brought into requisition the last hour, when nearly all the votes were cast. The result of the vote was

Lapierre	44
Sulte	42

BY WARD.

Mr. J. W. Peachy was re-elected by acclamation in this ward.

OTTAWA WARD.

There was no contest in this ward and Mr. Coursolles was re-elected by acclamation.

PUBLIC SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

The retiring trustees of the Public School Board were all re-elected yesterday with one exception. The elections took place in the same place as the Municipal elections.

VICTORIA WARD.

In this Ward Mr. E. H. Bronson was returned again by acclamation.

WELLINGTON WARD.

No oppoisition having been offered in this Ward, Mr. E. C. Barber was declared duly elected for the ensuing year.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

Mr. J. P. Robertson was returned for this Ward again by acclamation.

BY WARD.

This was the only Ward in which a contest offered, Mr. A. H. Taylor, the retiring candidate, being opposed by Mr. W. G. Bedard. The retiring member evinced no disposition to contest the election, and retired early. Little or no interest was manifested in the election, which stood thus at the close of the poll:

Bedard	39
Taylor	26

OTTAWA WARD.

Mr. Hiram Robinson, Chairman of the Board, was returned for this Ward by acclamation, no opposition being offered to his return.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724t.

FRESH OYSTERS IN SHELL.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

NEW YORK BAY OYSTERS IN SHELL.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732

NEW STYLE OF UPHOLSTERING.—Don't fail to see the beautiful Drawing Room Set on exhibition in the window of Angus & Co's new furniture warerooms, 85 and 87 Sparks street. 3740.2in.

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

The lash that a man does not object to have laid on his shoulder—the eyelash of a pretty girl.

Said Pat, "Faix, whare wid ye find a modern house that has lasted so long as the ancient?"

Commercial.

GOLD IN NEW YORK - - - 112¼

London Markets.

LONDON, 12.30 p.m., Jan. 13.

Rate for money at Stock Exchange is 3¼ per cent.; Erie 27¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, 12.30 p.m., Jan. 13.

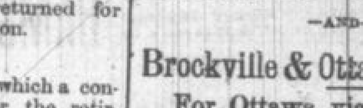
Cotton market firm. Middling Uplands, 7¾; Orleans, 7⅞. Sales, 20,000 bales, including 4,000 for speculation and export.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, WEDNESDAY, Jan. 12th.

FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	6 00 to 6 25
Extra	5 75 to 6 00
Superfine, No. 1	5 25 to 5 50
Cornmeal, per brl	4 50 to 4 75
Oatmeal, do	5 00 to 5 50
Bran, per cwt	0 80 to 0 90
GRAIN.	
Spring Wheat, per bushel	$1 00 to 1 10
Fall Wheat	1 10 to 1 25
Oats	0 40 to 0 45
Peas	0 60 to 0 70
Barley	0 80 to 0 90
Rye	0 90 to 1 00
Corn	0 75 to 0 80
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	1 25 to 1 40
DAIRY, VEGATABLES AND FRUITS.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 28 to 0 30
Tub Butter do	0 27 to 0 28
Cheese, do	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 25 to 0 00
Potatoes, per bush	0 50 to 0 60
Carrots, do	0 35 to 0 40
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbages, each	0 10 to 0 15
Onions, per bush	1 40 to 1 50
Beets	0 45 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	3 50 to 3 75
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Ducks, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Turkeys, each	1 00 to 1 15
Geese, each	0 50 to 0 60
Patridges, per pair	0 50 to 0 60
Feathers	0 60 to 0 75
Wool	0 40 to 0 45
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	5 00 to 5 50
Pork, do	9 00 to 9 75
Mutton, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Lamb, do	0 08 to 0 10
Veal, do	0 07 to 0 10
Lard, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tallow, do	0 15 to 0 20
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 20
Bacon, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 35
Venison	0 12 to 0 15
FISH.	
White Fish, do	0 10 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 17 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	6 50 to 7 00
Oysters, per can	0 35 to 0 40
Haddock, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Cod, do	0 07 to 0 08
Trout, do	0 10 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality, per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 75 to 4 25
Hemlock, per cord	2 75 to 3 50
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Egg, do	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Soft, do	9 00 to 9 50
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 6½ to 0 00
Sheepskins, each	0 85 to 0 90
Calfskins, per lb	0 00 to 0 00
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	18 00 to 20 00
Hay, Clover, do	16 00 to 17 00
Straw, do	8 00 to 10 00

Railways.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY.

LEAVE.		
Brockville G. T. Junction	9.30 a.m.	4.15 p.m
Ottawa	10.40 a.m.,	5.00 p.m
Renfrew	9.30 a.m.,	4.10 p.m
ARRIVE.		
Ottawa	1.20 p.m.,	7.40 p.m
Renfrew	2.15 p.m.,	8.50 p.m
Brockville	2.10 p.m.,	8.40 p.m

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER, Managing Director.

Brockville, Jan. 11, 1875.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME. And acceleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.35 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.05 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.25 P.M.
8 Express	10 45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

Dec 15, 1874.

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00, and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists.

Auction Sales.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

200 City Lots

—IN—

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer the above by Public Auction, at his Rooms, Elgin street, opposite the Russell House, on

Tuesday, 26th January,

At 11 o'clock, a.m., and 7.30 p.m.

Sale to be peremptory, every Lot offered being sold. No reserve bid; no upset price.

Title guaranteed. Terms: half cash and half in six months.

Plans of the Property, Pamphlets—"Winnipeg as it Is and Was," &c., may be obtained at the Auction Rooms, where Mr. Burrows will be found in attendance from 10 till 12 o'clock a.m., each day, till time of sale, and will be glad to furnish information respecting this property, Winnipeg and the North West generally.

References as to title—Messrs. Walker, Cassels & Pennock.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Jan. 14, 1875.

AUCTION

—OF—

BANKRUPT GOODS!

Consigned to the subscriber, to be sold by Auction and Private Sale, at

50 PER CENT. BELOW COST.

J. BERMINGHAM

Has now on hand a Bankrupt Stock, consisting of

100 White and Gold China Tea Sets,
100 Ladies' Work Boxes—inlaid,
100 Ladies' Writing Desks,
300 very handsome Vases of every design, style and pattern,
100 Toilet Sets,
Cut and Engraved Crystal Water Jugs and Celery Bowls,
50 English Chromos,
Bouquet Holders, Britannia Metal Tea Pots and several Silver Tea Sets.

All selling (private sale) at 50 per cent. under English cost, at BERMINGHAM'S Sale Rooms opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Household Furniture by Auction.

THE subscriber is instructed by Mr. Martin Fahey, to sell by Public Auction, on

FRIDAY, THE 15th INST.,

commencing at 11 o'clock, at his store, Stockdale's Buildings Rideau-st., all the Household Furniture and effects therein, consisting of Sofas, Lounges, Sideboards, Presses, Bureaus, Piano Stool, cane Chairs, common Chairs, round and fall-leaf Tables, Pictures, Wardrobes, Pillows, Blankets, Kitchen Stoves, Hall Coal Stoves, large box Black Giant Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Kitchen Chairs and Tables, and various other articles, all without any reserve whatever, as the premises must be surrendered on the 19th inst.

Don't forget the day and place—Stockdale's Buildings, Rideau-st., on Friday, 15th inst., at 11 o'clock.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Jan. 11, 1875.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869 AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

J. BOURGET of Sussex street, in the City of Ottawa, Insolvent.

AUCTION SALE

OF

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, BRANDIES, STOCK, CASKS, FIRE PROOF SAFE, SHOP FIXTURES, AND LEASE OF PREMISES.

The subscriber is instructed by the Assignees, Messrs Riddell and Evans of Montreal, to sell by Public Auction at the store of the insolvent Sussex street in the city of Ottawa, on Thursday, the 14th inst., commencing at 11 o'clock, a.m., in lots to suit purchasers, the stock of the above insolvent consisting in part of sixteen thousand assorted cigars, several cases champagne, claret, brandy, redbine and green seal, gin, Rhine wine, Scotch whiskey, sherry, and a large assortment of wines in wood and in bottle. Also the shop fixtures, stock, casks, bottling machine and lease of premises, all to be sold without any reserve,

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

January 11th, 1875

Auction Sale

OF VERY VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS,

Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.

HECTOR McLEAN

Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on **SATURDAY, THE 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875,** at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:

License No. 161, season of 1873-4, comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.

License No. 163, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vielle Branch, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.

These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN, Ramsay.

Dec. 30th, 1874. 3731-td

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land

Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice, as the owner is in want of money.

For particulars apply to

JOHN W. MAGUIRE, 25, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester

Or, Ottawa P. O.

Sept. 8, 1874.

Hatters & Furriers.

DEVLIN'S

Fur Depots

416 Notre Dame-St., . . . Montreal.
11 Rideau-St., ... Ottawa.

White Rabbitt Jackets,

LADIES' SOUTH SEA SEAL JACKETS,

Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets,

Ladies Sea Otter Sets.

R. J. DEVLIN, Manufacturer.

Jan. 11, 1875

ALEX. BROBERY,

FURRIER,

45 Rideau-st.,

Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store.

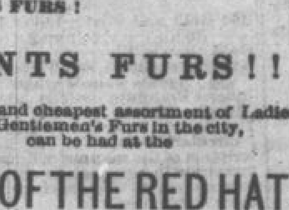
Is offering the balance of his

Stock of Winter Furs

AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3733



LADIES FURS!

GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,

No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to order by

JAMES PEACOCK, No. 33, Rdeau Street.

Dec. 29th, 1874. 3724 m1

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.

—AT—

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Mails.

POSTOFFICE OTTAWA,

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS	CLOSE A.M. P.M.	DELIVERED A.M. P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc., by Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich. British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and Sanfrancisco, Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York—through mail	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pakenham, Pembroke, &c	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, &c., Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 10.10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland and Newfoundland can be obtained at this Office

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa Nov. 16 1874.

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well-known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established

AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the Spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEMIEUX, Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.

Nov. 8, 1874.

Miscellaneous.

S. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape Hat-bands, Scarfs, &c., can have them ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS, 6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa.

"A Repository of Fashion Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveller*.

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates, in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patrons for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post*.

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year $4 00

$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two *Harper's Periodicals*, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The seven numbers of HARPER'S BAZAR, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."—"The Best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY. ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Weekly* is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the *Weekly* is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The *Weekly* maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—*Louisville Courier-Journal*.

Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations are often corroborative arguments of no small force.—*N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle*.

Its papers on existent question and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—*Pittsburg Commercial*.

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year...........$4 00

$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publisher.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for year, $10 00; or, two of *Harper's Periodicals*, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete Set comprising Eighteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per. vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS New York

All Flannels reduced at Bryson's. 3695-1m

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital regeneration. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these scremonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only Medicine having control over this class of diseases is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE!

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the first time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

A BLESSING TO THE POLICE.

MONTREAL, 18th June, 1864.

DEVINS & BOLTON:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been one of the many martyrs of rheumatism that I meet on my every day rounds, I was induced to try the celebrated DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. I had suffered the last five or six weeks the most terrible acute pains across my loins and back, so severe indeed that I could hardly walk with the help of a stick. I commenced the Diamond Remedy—following the directions carefully. Relief came immediately with the first bottle, improved rapidly with the second, completely cured and freed from pain after finishing my fifth small bottle. You are at perfect liberty either to refer to me privately or publicly, as I feel very thankful for the relief, and sympathize with my fellow sufferers from rheumatism.

Yours respectfully,
J. B. CARDINAL,
Sanitary Police Officer,
51 Labelle street.

In simple cases, sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto.

Or to DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec.

Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.

May 18, 1874.

The Canadian Washer

A. R. GILES, Manufacturer, west side King-st., between Rideau and Besserer-sts., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Nov. 25, 1874.

A. R. GILES.

SIR,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Washing Machines, and family have used it in my family for some time, and have found it to be a complete success, on account of its great facility in working and I think it is an article which is quite indispensable to any family.

Yours truly,
JOHN MOREAU.

Insurance.

THE

HAND IN HAND Insurance Co.,

Still continue to take Risks at

20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates

R. C. W. MACCUAIG, Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity.

Jan. 9, 1875.

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y. (FIRE AND LIFE.)

Authorized Capital	$5,000,000
Subscribed to Date	$2,000,000

LOCAL DIRECTORS:

RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, . . AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution, on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.

All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.

The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.

O'CONNOR & WALLER.

Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874.

ROYAL CANADIAN

INSURANCE CO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS

Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.

ROB. ANGUS, Jr., AGENT,

36 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"

CONTINUES TO TAKE

FIRE RISKS

On every description of insurable property,

AT REDUCED RATES.

T. M. CLARK, Agent, Corner Sparks and Elgin Sts.

Dec. 18, 1874.

Remedies.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN

Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown & Co.

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is Morson's PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, Morson & Son have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., ½ oz., and 1 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

81, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row*,

RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON.

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed with care and despatch.

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Rose, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

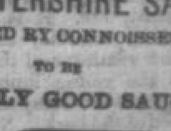
Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton.

Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.



LEA & PERRINS'

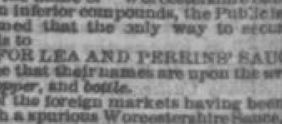
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, *labels, stopper, and bottle*.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers and Vendors* of such, or any other immitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilman universally.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietors, at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3743. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 15, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

TEACHER WANTED for School Section No. 6, Township of Cumberland [male or female], holding second or third class certificate Apply to John McArthur, Secretary Treasurer, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c.
Jan. 6, 1874. 3735-d3wtf

WANTED.
A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 8, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O.
Nov 18

AGENTS WANTED.
Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED 8th st. New York.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and address
J. LATHAM & Co. Washington St. Boston M.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

HELP WANTED.
100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated. Together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO., Publishers, London, Ont.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICERY & Co. Augusta, Me.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY. — Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. y365daw.

WORK FOR ALL.
At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

Lost.

LOST.—Last Monday night, in Lower Town, a trunk, containing clothing, &c., belonging to a poor woman. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving information as to its whereabouts at W. Godbee Brown's, 37 Sparks street.

Board & Lodging.

BOARD AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at MRS. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets.
Oct 16, 1874.

Bank Notices.

BANK OF OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a call of 10 per cent. on the subscribed Capital Stock of the Bank of Ottawa will be due and payable at the office of the Bank in this city, on the EIGHTH DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT.
P. ROBERTSON, Cashier.
Ottawa, Jan. 7, 1875. 3737-6

Meetings.

CITY OF OTTAWA Agricultural Society.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the Society will take place on WEDNESDAY, the 20th January instant, at 2 o'clock p.m., in the City Hall, when a statement of the affairs of the past year will be submitted and the election of directors and office-bearers for the current year will take place.
A. S. WOODBURN, Sec.-Treas.
Jan. 15, 1875. 3743-3

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

The Sixth Lecture of the Course will be delivered on THURSDAY EVENING, the 14th inst., by I. H. BROCK, Esq., at 8 o'clock, in the Lecture Room of the Society. Subject: "The Progress of Literature; its Social and Political Influences." Admission 10 cents.
H. P. HILL, Secretary.
January 14th, 1875. 3742

THE OTTAWA Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company, (LIMITED.)

The first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company called for Thursday, the 14th instant, is postponed, pending the passing of the Amendments to the Act of Incorporation now before the Quebec Legislature.
A general meeting will be called as soon as these Amendments shall have become law, of which due notice will be given.
R. W. CRUICE, Secretary pro tem.
Jan. 12, 1875.

MONTREAL Telegraph Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Company's Office, in Montreal, on
Thursday, Fourteenth January Next,
At one o'clock, to elect Directors, and generally to transact the business of the Company.
A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.
For the half year ending 30th November, has been declared upon the Capital Stock, and will be payable at the offices of the Company on and after Thursday, 14th January.
The Transfer Books will be closed from 4th January till after the General Meeting.
By order of the Board.
JAMES DAKERS, Secretary.
Dec. 31, 1874. 3735-5

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.
NOTICE.
The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.
WM. PENNOCK, J. DURIE, THOS. PATTERSON, JAS. PEACOCK, A. ROWE.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

Tenders.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to
Thursday, the 14th of January next,
For the construction of a
BRIDGE OVER THE OTTAWA RIVER,
To connect the Calumet Island with the Village of Byron.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Quebec; at the office of Messrs. Cockburn, Wright & Clemow, Ottawa; at the office of the Registrar for the County of Pontiac, at Byron; and at the office of the undersigned.
Tenderers to give the names of two good and sufficient securities willing to become bound for the due execution of the contract.
The Municipal Council of Calumet Island does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
SIMON McNALLY, Mayor.
Office of the Mu. Council, Calumet Island, December 28th, 1874. 3739

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE, Architect and Measurer. 63 Sparks street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT, Insurance and Real Estate Agent. Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1874. 2409

MARRIAGE LICENSES. OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House Besserer Street, Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

BANK OF OTTAWA. Office—Victoria Buildings, [opposite Western Block of Parliament Buildings.] This Bank has now opened for the transaction of a general banking business.
P. ROBERTSON, Cashier.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875. 3734-6in.

P. D. BROWNE, Banker, Montreal. Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 20, 1874. 3680-3awky.

BOND BROTHERS, Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal. Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. Interest: Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 3, 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO., BANKERS, BROKERS, —AND— **GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.** 384 NOTRE DAME-ST. MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3665-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE, Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery. Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary. Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa. HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY.
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY, Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c. Bell's Block, Elgin-st. HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C. McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OTTAWA, ONT. DANIEL O'CONNOR. W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3667

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK, Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c. Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House. W.H. WALKER. R. CASSELS, Jr. P. PENNOCK.
July 21, 1874.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister, Attorney, Solicitors, &c. Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 2639y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON, Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c. Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House). G. B. L. FELLOWS, Q.C., MARTIN O'GARA, HORACE LAPIERRE, EDWARD P. REMON 2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c. Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street. G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER.
June 8, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c., (Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.) OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa. C. H. PINHEY. A. J. CHRISTIE. H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON, Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c. Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa Canada

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L., Barrister, Advocate, &c. Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3228-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND, Advocate. Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public and Advocate, Has opened an office in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 26, 1874. 248

THOMAS P. FORAN, Advocate, Solicitor, &c. No. 12 St. James Street, MONTREAL.
Sept. 8, 1873. 2362-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN, Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1751

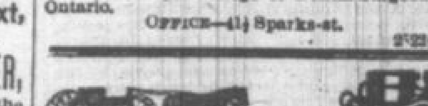
DR. J. P. LYNN, May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1874. 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O., Graduate McGill University, Montreal, Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry, Late Associate Coroner N. and D. Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2556-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher, OTTAWA, ONT. Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL, Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultations at all hours. 2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S., Surgeon Dentist, Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario. OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st.



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.
Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.
N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.
BROWNLEE & CO
March 11, 1874. 2513y

Amusements.

RINK MUSIC HALL.
THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY Evenings, January 14th, 15th and 16th.
THE UNEXPLAINED MYSTERY of the Nineteenth Century,
Miss Annie de Montford,
The famous English Mesmerist, the great European sensation; the envy of the Scientists, the Wonder of the Educated, the Incomprehensible Mystery of the Masses. The most Laughable Entertainment in the World.
Admission, 25 cents Reserved Seats 50cts.
Reserved seats can be had at Nordheimer's Music Store, without any extra charge.
CHAS. B. KEESHIN, Business Agent
Jan 11, 1875. 3739-5

DE MURSKA.

MR. D. DeVIVO has the honor to announce that
MLLE. ILMA DE MURSKA,
The famous Hungarian Nightingale, from Her Majesty's Covent Garden and Drury Lane Theatres, London, will give
Only One Grand Concert,
Under the distinguished Patronage of the Governor General and the Countess of Dufferin,
AT GOWAN'S HALL,
Friday Evening, Jan. 15th, at 8,
On which occasion the following celebrated Musical Artists will appear:
Mlle. Ilma DeMurska.
Mdme. Carreno Sauret, the Brilliant Pianist.
Sig. Ferranti, Prince of Buffos.
Mons. Sauret, the celebrated Violinist.
Sig. Gaetanno Braga, King Violoncelist.
Mr. Jas. H. Dank, Accompanist.
Prices as follows: Reserved Seats, $1 50; General Admission, $1. For sale at Nordheimer's Piano Rooms, on and after Wednesday, Jan. 13th.
Knabe Grand Piano used at this Concert.
Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-6

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER, BOOKBINDER, PAPER RULER, AND Account Book Manufacturer, RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.
Ruling, Perforating, Numbering —AND— GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.
All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.
Aug. 12.

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING Watchmaker and Jeweller.
Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years and will continue the MANUFACTURING, JEWELLERY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.
W. YOUNG.
June 29, 1874.

N. MARKS, Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,
36—SPARKS STREET—36
Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine
JEWELLERY,
Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.
A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.
Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON, WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,
Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.
Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.
Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.
West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.
MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.
Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns. Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds, Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns. Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.
FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.
Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c. &c.
Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.
Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.
Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.
Jan. 17 1874. 2487-1wly

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr., SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c
Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.
A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.
Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.
Dec 26, 1874.

Houses to Let.

TO SELL OR RENT.
The house and grounds lately occupied by Mr. Sprague, just outside the city limits, on the Richmond Road. The house and grounds can be divided, the former making two complete dwellings, if required, with every convenience, and ample room in each for a large family. Terms of sale or rental, moderate.
Apply to WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK.
Dec. 7, 1874. 3712-tf

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.
The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.
ALEX. ROBERTSON, Rideau-st.

Auction Sales.

AUCTION SALE —OF— 200 City Lots —IN— WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer the above by Public Auction, at his Rooms, Elgin street, opposite the Russell House, on
Tuesday, 26th January,
At 11 o'clock a.m., and 7.30 p.m.
Sale to be peremptory, every Lot offered being sold. No reserve bid; no upset price. Title guaranteed. Terms: half cash and half in six months.
Plans of the Property, Pamphlets—"Winnipeg as it is and Was," &c., may be obtained at the Auction Rooms, where Mr. Burrows will be found in attendance from 10 till 12 o'clock a.m. each day till time of sale, and will be glad to furnish information respecting this property, Winnipeg and the North West generally.
References as to title—Messrs. Walker, Cassels & Pennock.
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Jan. 14, 1875.

AUCTION —OF— BANKRUPT GOODS!
Consigned to the subscriber, to be sold by Auction and Private Sale, at
50 PER CENT. BELOW COST.
J. BERMINGHAM
Has now on hand a Bankrupt Stock, consisting of
100 White and Gold China Tea Sets,
100 Ladies' Work Boxes—inlaid,
100 Ladies' Writing Desks,
300 very handsome Vases of every design, style and pattern,
100 Toilet Sets,
Cut and Engraved Crystal Water Jugs and Celery Bowls,
50 English Chromos,
Bouquet Holders, Britannia Metal Tea Pots. and several Silver Tea Sets.
All selling (private sale) at 50 per cent. under English cost, at BERMINGHAM'S Sale Rooms opposite the Russell House.
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Household Furniture by Auction.
THE subscriber is instructed by Mr. Martin Fahey, to sell by Public Auction, on
FRIDAY, THE 15th INST.,
commencing at 11 o'clock, at his store, Stockdale's Buildings Rideau-st., all the Household Furniture and effects therein, consisting of Sofas, Lounges, Sideboards, Presses, Bureaus, Piano Stool, cane Chairs, common Chairs, round and fall-leaf Tables, Pictures, Wardrobes, Pillows, Blankets, Kitchen Stoves, Hall Coal Stoves, large box Black Giant Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Kitchen Chairs and Tables, and various other articles, all without any reserve whatever, as the premises must be surrendered on the 19th inst.
Don't forget the day and place—Stockdale's Buildings, Rideau-st., on Friday, 15th inst., at 11 o'clock.
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Jan. 11, 1875.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869, AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.
J. BOURGET of Sussex street, in the City of Ottawa, Insolvent.
AUCTION SALE OF WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, BRANDIES, STOCK, CASKS, FIRE PROOF SAFE, SHOP FIXTURES, AND LEASE OF PREMISES.
The subscriber is instructed by the Assignees, Messrs Riddell and Evans of Montreal, to sell by Public Auction at the store of the insolvent Sussex street in the city of Ottawa, on Thursday, the 14th inst., commencing at 11 o'clock, a.m., in lots to suit purchasers, the stock of the above insolvent consisting in part of sixteen thousand assorted cigars, several cases champagne, claret, brandy, red blue and green seal, gin, Rhine wine, Scotch whiskey, sherry, and a large assortment of wines in wood and in bottle. Also the shop fixtures, stock, casks, bottling machine and lease of premises, all to be sold without any reserve.
J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
January 11th, 1875

Auction Sale OF VERY VALUABLE TIMBER LIMITS,
Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.
HECTOR McLEAN
Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, THE 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:
License No. 161, season of 1873-4, comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.
License No. 163, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vielle Branch, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.
These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.
Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.
H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.
Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the
UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,
THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,
Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.
Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.
TERMS CASH.
JAMES SNEDDEN, Ramsay.
Dec. 30th, 1874 3731-td

LAND FOR SALE.
1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land
Near the City, for sale.
The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice as the owner is in want of money.
For particulars apply to JOHN W. MAGUIRE, 21, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester
Or, Ottawa P. O.
Sept. 2, 1874.

Summary of News.

The evidence in the Tilton-Beecher case continues to be unimportant, being mainly a recapitulation of evidence and identifying letters read before the Investigating Committee. Mr. and Mrs. Beecher, Mrs. Tilton, and others of the chiefly interested parties are in daily attendance in the body of the court.

President Grant has sent another long message to the Senate, this time expressing approval of the Specie Payment Bill. He suggests the establishment of several additional mints, and several other arrangements in order that the country may be prepared for the change, and also that the specie may be retained in the country. The message, otherwise, is not of general interest.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Steamer Ashore.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The ss. City of London, which sailed from Liverpool to-day for New York, is ashore at Carnsor Point, Ireland, and is reported to be in a dangerous condition.

A Vessel Attacked by Savages—Crew Massacred.

A report has been received from New Zealand, that the cutter Lapwing was recently attacked by natives of Santa Cruz Island, her crew overpowered and massacred, and the vessel burned.
The savages afterwards attacked the British war ship Sand Fly, but were driven off.

The Dutch in Acheen.

A despatch from Padany announces that the Dutch troops in Acheen have made a general assault on the works of the Atcheneez, and carried nine forts, with a loss of 20 killed and 65 wounded. The enemy lost 171 killed, and a large number wounded.

GERMANY.

A Raid on Trades Unions.

BERLIN, Jan. 14.—The police have closed all socialist Democratic workingmen's societies and Trades Unions in Frankfort.

UNITED STATES.

Heavy Failure.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 14.—The dry goods firm of Dawson, Judd & Co., failed yesterday. Liabilities, $200,000; assets, about $50,000, the loss falling principally on A. T. Stewart & Co., and New York firms.

Big Fire.

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—A special despatch received here at a late hour last night reports a destructive fire raging at Galena, Ill. At the hour the despatch was sent the clothing store of A. J. Louscheim, dry goods store of R. H. Fiddick, and dry goods store of Chandler were burned, and the fire was still spreading.

Wreck of a Steamer.

PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 14. — A despatch from Tenant's Harbour yesterday hour says the steamship Georgia was wrecked last night on the Triangles. A steam tug has gone to rescue those who remain on the wreck. The chief engineer, with fifteen men arrived here, and have gone in the revenue cutter to assist the wrecked steamer. The steamer appears from land to be broke in two. Further particulars will be given as soon as the revenue cutter returns.

LATER.

The steam tug has returned from the wreck of the Georgia. The vessel is a total wreck, but no lives have been lost.

Daring Bank Robbery.

SCRANTON, Pa., Jan. 14.—A most daring and successful descent was made upon the First National Bank of Carbondale, at 12.25 o'clock p.m. to-day. The cashier, James Stott, was alone in the bank. Mr. Stott is quite an old man, suffering from illness, and is very feeble. Two men came in and asked for change of a five-dollar bill. Mr. Stott stooped over to comply with the request, when one of the men seized him by the head, pinning it to the desk, and the other jumped over the counter and bound and gagged him. The robbers then hastily gathered up all the currency they could find, amounting to about $10,000, fortunately overlooking a package containing $15,000. They were disturbed by a woman coming to a front door, and retreated by a back door, crossing the river on ice. At 1.40 p.m. two men were arrested on suspicion, and are now having a hearing. Mr. Stott thinks they are the robbers, but cannot swear positively.

Senator Pinchback.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—New Orleans despatches indicate that the action of the Legislature in electing Pinchback to the United States Senate forms another disturbing element in the case. Pinchback was elected in 1872 for six years, and unless the Legislature of Deal session there was illegal, there is no vacancy now. Governor Kellogg and the Legislature, however, seems to think there is a vacancy, and thereby implies that there was no legal assembly in 1872-73, and as that was an assembly which declared Kellogg Governor, and named the present returning board, some very disagreeable complications are presented to Kellogg.

Ice Men on Strike.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N.Y., Jan. 14.—Reports from up river say the ice men who were on strike went to work at Stuyvesant this morning for $1.25 per day, and at Coxaclie the men talk of marching up there and driving them off.

The Galena Fire.

GALENA, Ill., Jan. 14.—The loss on the fire here last night is now estimated at $125,000, the insurance $90,000.

Hosiery Mill Burned.

HUDSON, N.Y., Jan. 14.—At an early hour this morning the hosiery mill of Robert Atkin, situated in the town of Claverock, took fire and was totally destroyed. Loss, $13,000; insurance $6,600 in the Ætna, of Hartford, Conn., the Insurance Company of North America of Philadelphia, and the Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool.

Four Chinamen Frozen to Death.

HELENA, Montana, Jan. 14.—Last night the mercury in thermometers all froze. Small quantities of mercury in phials became congealed and proof whiskey placed out of doors froze solid in half an hour. Four Chinamen were found on Wednesday morning, about half a mile from town, frozen to death, and whiskey which they had with them in small kegs was frozen solid.

The Senate—Specie Payments and the South.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—General Babcock announced to the Senate at two o'clock this afternoon, that the President has approved the bill to provide for the resumption of specie payments. The sub-committee, which was at New Orleans, made its report this morning to the full special committee on Southern States, and it was discussed for some time. The committee has not yet decided whether it will give publicity to the report of the sub committee. The abstracts beforehand given by the press were very fair indications of the contents of the report.

Fatal Accident.

PORT JERVIS, N.Y., Jan. 14.—The daughter of Nicholas Theobald, at Cocherecteon, Sullivan Co., N.Y., on Tuesday, attempting to jump on a loaded sleigh, fell, and was run over by a sleigh coming in the rear. She was terribly injured, and expired after twenty hours of great suffering

Weavers on Strike.

FALL RIVER, Jan. 14.—All the weavers of Crescent mill, about 150 in number, struck at noon to-day for an advance in their pay.

Destructive Fire.

CANTON, Mass., Jan. 14.—The Kingsley Iron Machine Co.'s works, covering several acres, were burned this forenoon, involving a loss of $250,000. 500 to 600 men are thrown out of employment.

A Nice Crowd Let Loose.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Jan. 14.—Very nearly a general delivery occurred at the City Prison yesterday. During the absence of the jailor, advantage was taken of the removal of a sick prisoner to overpower two turnkeys, two prisoners being armed with revolvers, with the butts of which they knocked down the turnkeys. A rush for liberty was made, and nine got away. They were all under sentence, or awaiting trial for murder, robbery or horse stealing.

The Tilton-Beecher Trial.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—The usual throng was in attendance in the Tilton-Beecher trial to-day, including Mr. and Mrs. Beecher, Mrs. Tilton and her friends. Moulton resumed his testimony which was mainly the identification of correspondence, all of which had been published. Moulton continued his testimony up to the hour of adjournment. As in yesterday's proceeding, he confined himself to points already published in his statements.

CUBA.

A Denial.

HAVANA, Jan. 14.—A telegram received here from the Madrid Government denies the report of the proposed removal of Captain-General Conchs.

The Louisiana Troubles

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

[*Concluded from our last.*]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.

To the Senate of the United States;

Upon the same day I made the following answer, since which no communication has been sent to him: "Your despatch of this date just received. It is exceedingly unpalatable to use troops in anticipation of dangers. Let the State authorities be right, and then proceed with their duties without apprehension of danger. If they are then molested, the question will be determined whether "the United States is able to maintain law and order or not." I have deplored the necessity which seemed to make it my duty, under the Constitution and laws, to direct such interference. I have always refused, except where it seemed to be my imperative duty to act in such a manner. I have repeatedly and earnestly entreated the people of the South to live together in peace, and obey the laws, and nothing would give me more pleasure than to see reconciliation and tranquility everywhere prevail, and thereby remove all necessity for the presence of troops among them. I regret, however, to say that this state of things does not exist, nor does its existence seem to be desired in some localities; and, as to those, it may be proper for me to say that to the extent that Congress has conferred power on me to present it, either Kuklux Klans, White Leagues, nor any other association using arms and violence to execute their unlawful purposes can be permitted in that way to govern any part of this country. Nor can I see with indifference Union men or Republican ostracised, persecuted and murdered on account of their opinions, as they now are in some localities. I have heretofore urged the case of Louisiana upon the attention of Congress, and I cannot but think its inaction has produced great evil. To summarize,—In September last, an armed organized body of men in the support of candidates who had been put in nomination for the office of Governor and Lieut.-Governor, at the November election, in 1872, and who had been declared not elected by the board of canvassers, recognized by all courts to which the question had been submitted, undertook to subvert and overthrow the State Government, that had been recognized by me in accordance with previous precedents. The recognized Governor was driven from the State House, and but for his finding shelter in the United States Custom House, in the capital of the State of which he was Governor, it is scarcely to be doubted he would have been killed. From the State House, before he had been driven to the Custom House, a call was made in accordance with the fourth section, fourth article of the Constitution of the United States, for the aid of the general government to suppress domestic violence. Under these circumstances, and in accordance with my sworn duties, my proclamation of the 15th September, 1874, was issued. This served to reinstate Governor Kellogg to his position nominally, but it cannot be claimed that the insurgents have to this day surrendered to the State authorities arms belonging to the State, or that they have in any sense disarmed. On the contrary, it is known that the same armed organizations that existed on the 14th Sept., 1874, in opposition to the recognized State Government, still retain their organization, equipments and commanders, and can be called out at any hour to restrict the State Government. Under the circumstances the same military force had been continued in Louisiana as was sent under the first call, and under the same general instructions. I repeat that the task assumed by the troops is not a pleasant one to them. The army is not composed of lawyers capable of judging at a moment's notice of just how far they can go in the maintenance of law and order, and it was impossible to give specific instructions providing for all possible contingencies that might arise. The troops were bound to act on the judgment of the commanding officer on each sudden contingency that arose, or wait instructions which could only reach them after threatened wrongs had been committed, which they were called on to prevent. It should be recollected, too, that upon my recognition of the Kellogg Government, I reported the fact, with my grounds of recognition, to Congress, and asked that body to take action in the matter, otherwise I should regard their silence as an acquiescence in my course. No action has been taken by that body, and I have maintained the position marked out. If error has been committed by the army in these matters, it has always been on the side of preservation of good order, the maintenance of law, and the protection of life. Their bearing reflects credit on the soldiers, and if wrong has resulted, the blame is with the turbulent elements surrounding them. I now earnestly ask that such action be taken by Congress as to leave my duties perfectly clear in dealing with the affairs of Louisiana, giving assurance at the same time that whatever may be done by that body in the premises will be executed according to the spirit and letter of the law, without fear or favour. I herewith transmit copies of documents containing more specific information as to the subject-matter of the resolution.

(Signed), U. S. GRANT.
Executive Mansion, January 13th, 1873.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(*By Telegraph.*)

Quebec Legislature.

Second Parliament—Fourth Session.

QUEBEC, Jan. 14.

The Speaker took the chair at 3.30.
Several reports and petitions were received.
Seven private bills were introduced.
Mr. BACHAND moved for the names of the railways entitled to provincial aid. Carried.
Two private bills were read a second time, and referred to the Committee on Private Bills.
Mr. IRVINE asked when the Treasurer would move for Committee of Supplies.
Hon. Mr. ROBERTSON said at the beginning of next week.
The House adjourned at 4 o'clock.

TORONTO.

Rowdy Arrested—Burglaries—York Assizes—Two Fatal R. R. Accidents.

TORONTO, Jan. 14.

A rough, whose ear bore marks as if it had been bitten in a recent fight, ran out of a house of ill fame on Queen street yesterday about noon, and jumped into a cutter standing near, which had been hired from Kennedy's livery stables by Mr. Miller, the lawyer. Immediate pursuit resulted in the capture of the culprit, who was taken into custody by a policeman who just then came up.

The York Winter Assizes Court opened yesterday, at ten o'clock, Mr. Justice Patterson presiding. The case of James L. Miller, charged with false pretences in giving a chattel mortgage on goods which were not good security, was brought up for hearing. After several witnesses had been examined, a verdict of "Not Guilty" was found. John Stewart and Alex. Wilson, accused of entering a house with intent to commit burglary, and also with intent to commit a criminal assault, were also acquitted.

Numerous burglaries occur of which the public know nothing, as few detections result. On Monday, a pane of glass was cut from the window of Richards' lamp store, on Queen street East, and goods to the value of $35 stolen. Watley's grocery was robbed in the same way on Tuesday night. At two o'clock yesterday morning an attempt was made to force an entrance into the dwelling house of Dr. Zimmerman, 346 Jarvis street. Mr. Zimmerman heard the noise of breaking glass in a rear window, and immediately went down stairs, when the fellow made off.

About half-past five yesterday evening, Mr. John McGivern, between sixteen and seventeen years of age, a student at the Upper Canada College, and son of Colonel McGivern, of Hamilton, lost his life by being run over by a Great Western Railway train. With the intention of riding down to the station at the foot of Yonge street, where he expected to meet his sister from Hamilton, he attempted to jump on the cars as they were proceeding slowly eastward through the Union Station, but his foot slipping on some snow he fell under the wheels and was dragged some twenty yards. The unfortunate youth was picked up in a frightfully mangled condition, and was carried into the baggage-room, where he shortly afterwards expired. He did not speak after the accident, and had only strength to swallow a glass of water. Colonel McGivern was immediately notified by telegraph and arrived by last night's train. Coroner De la Hooke held an inquest this morning at Crosby Hall, when a verdict in accordance with the facts was returned. Another distressing accident happened shortly afterwards, Mr. John Gray, the well-known and highly respected Brockton nurseryman, being killed. He was on the Queen Street crossing, when a Great Western and a Grey and Bruce train came up, and, seemingly getting confused the unfortunate gentleman was run over by the latter. The railway officials, not knowing the deceased, brought him to the station at the Queen's Wharf, but Captain Gray, of the Toronto Field Battery, his son, drove into town as soon as he heard of the accident, and took possession of the body. Coroner De la Hooke is to hold an inquest this evening.

MONTREAL.

Interments—Incendiarism—Lumber—Stock Market.

MONTREAL, Jan. 14.

Total number of interments in the Roman Catholic cemetery during the past week was 90, and in the Protestant cemetery, 19.

Joseph Mercier, the grocer committed for trial for arson, by Messrs. Austin and Desnoyers, was admitted to bail upon an application for *habeas corpus* by Judge Monk yesterday morning; personal recognizances in £50 and two sureties each in £25. He will be tried before the Court of Queen's Bench.

At a meeting of the Montreal Lumber Company held yesterday, Messrs. J. Rae, J. Molson, James Little, A. Allan, C. J. Brydges, T. Cramp and A. H. Torrance were elected Directors, and at a subsequent meeting of the latter Mr. Brydges was elected President, Mr. Allan, Vice-president, and Mr. Little managing Director.

The stock market this morning was very quiet. Montreal Telegraph was firmer. The annual meeting was held to-day, and it was decided to issue ten per cent additional stock at par, one-half to be paid on the 1st February and one half on the 1st of July, but with no privilege of paying in advance, as the directors cannot find use for the money sooner. The profits for the year have been 12 per cent on the paid up capital and the contingent fund amounts to $119,000. Commerce 133¼, closing at 133 to 133½. Montreal 185½ to 186. Telegraph 187 to 187¾. Merchants 116¼ to 116½.

ST. JOHN, N.B.

Government Railways—Minister of Marine—Appointment—Burned at Sea—Board of Trade.

ST. JOHN, N.B., Jan. 14.

Mr. Lewis Carvell, general superintendent of the Government railways in the Maritime Provinces, has resigned, and his principal officials are ordered to report direct to Mr. Brydges, at Montreal.

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries will arrive in St. John on Thursday night, and leave for Ottawa on Friday morning.

George T. Everett, druggist, is appointed superintendent of the Money Order Department, N. B., *vice* James Hale, deceased.

The barque Willie S. Thomson, 846 tons, owned in St. John, was burned at sea near Cape Horn; the master, steward and five seamen were picked up; the rest of the crew have not been heard from.

The St. John Board of Trade nominated two additional delegates to the Dominion Board, Wm. Elder and R. S. DeVeber; the delegates previously appointed were C. H. Fairweather and Jas. M. Harding.

SMITH'S FALLS.

Fatal Accident.

SMITH'S FALLS, Jan. 14.

John Small, *alias* John McNeil, of Montague, was accidentaly killed to-day by the falling of a tree. He and Thomas McEwen were working at the same tree. McEwen noticed it was going to fall, when he told Small to run, but before he could move the tree fell, killing him instantly. He leaves a wife and family to mourn his loss.

ROCHESTERVILLE.

Sabbath School Festival.

ROCHESTERVILLE, Jan. 14.

The annual Festival of the Union Sabbath School, Rochesterville, was held in the school house on the evening of Wednesday, the 13th inst., at 5:30 p.m. About 200 children met with their teachers, who had kindly prepared tea for their entertainment. After signing grace the pupils took their places at the tables, which were abundantly supplied for the occasion. The children showed their appreciation of the good things provided by the way in which they disposed of them and the apparent enjoyment they felt at being assembled together.

Mr. Jackson was then called to the chair and proceeded to make some well chosen remarks, congratulating the school on its present condition. The Chairman then called on Mr. J. Fowler to read the annual report, which proved the school to be highly prosperous. After singing by the children, Mr. Houston spoke in glowing terms of the Sabbath School and in language of encouragement to the teachers. Mr. T. H. Bide followed, who said he had the honour of being the first superintendent of this Sabbath School and that he rejoiced to see how the infant of three years had grown to its present magnitude. The Chairman then called on the Rev. H. McMeekin, who addressed the audience on "Patriotism," giving many historical incidents in the lives of eminent men of ancient and medieval times as examples, and calling upon all present to cherish love for this beautiful Canada of ours with its noble institutions. The Rev. Mr. Young next spoke of the advantages Sabbath School children now had compared with what they had when the Sabbath School was first established. He hoped the Sabbath School would prosper, and although he was in favour of each denomination having their own Sabbath School, he thought that in most cases where Union Sabbath Schools existed nothing better could be done.

The Chairman then said they had another pleasing piece of business to perform, and called upon the Rev. H. McMeekin to read an address to Mr. Fowler, accompanied by a beautiful album, from the teachers and children of the school over which he presides as superintendent. The address expressed the deep regard and esteem in which they held him, and how he is ever ready to extend a helping hand in all that affects their interests, both temporal and spiritual, hoping also that he may long retain the same position and relationship to the Rochesterville school. Mr. Fowler was taken by surprise and thanked them very sincerely for the kind expressions embodied in their address. Taken so unexpectedly, he said he could not make a suitable reply nor adequately express his feelings. If he had ever done anything either for their temporal or spiritual welfare it was his duty. If his services were acceptable they should freely have them, trusting in God to direct him in his efforts for their good. This beautiful album he would ever regard as a substantial proof of their kindness toward him. After singing a hymn, and prayer, the proceedings of a most enjoyable evening were brought to a close.

HAMILTON.

Arrested—Fire—Presbytery.

HAMILTON, Jan. 14.

The supposed thief who stole Dr. Aikman's horse has been arrested, he gives his name as Arnold.

Last night a barn with its contents, belonging to Mr. Land on Waterloo Road, between Dundas and Gullock's Corners, was burnt to the ground: nineteen tons of hay with a large quantity of grain, and a set of farming implements were among the contents of the barn; the loss is fully $3,000, and the fire was the work of an incendiary, as the house near by was robbed of $41, while the fire was raging and the family at the scene of the conflagration; there was no insurance on the barn or contents.

The Hamilton Presbytery met last night, and re-elected Rev. D. M. Fletcher, Moderator; Rev. Mr. Hanlock reported his resignation of the Pastoral charge of Port Colborne, Crownland and Welland.

HALIFAX

Arrived—George Brown—Shipping Casualities.

HALIFAX, N.S., Jan. 14.

The steamer Nova Scotian arrived at seven o'clock yesterday morning from Liverpool *via* Newfoundland; she experienced very severe weather.

George Brown, the champion oarsman, is very sick.

The brig Volanti of St. Johns, N. F., went ashore at the mouth of North Sydney Harbor on Saturday night. The brig Iris, of St. John, N. B., struck on Swirrel Point on Saturday night as she was going out of Sydeny Harbor with a load of coal for St. Johns; she endeavoured to return but was caught in the ice where she now remains leaking. The ship Peter Maxwell, of St. John, N. B., is caught in the ice at Sydney and is not likely to get away before spring. The schooner Xiphido, from Sydeny for Newfoundland went ashore at Ingouish on Friday, and became a total wreck; crew saved.

LONDON.

Desecration—Fire Department—Presentation—Mass Meeting.

LONDON, Jan. 14.

It has come to light that during the removal of the remains of deceased persons during the last fall from the old cemetery to the new, the coffins in many cases were desecrated by the removal of the plates, under the idea that they were of unusual value. Some of the mutilated plates have been found.

The annual report of the Chief of the Fire Department states that there were 58 alarms during the year, 34 genuine fires; the losses by fire during the year amounted to $97,000, covered by $73,000 insurance. Property to the amount of $95,000 has been burned in the same period in the suburbs of the city, the insurance being $76,000. The Department is now in a very high state of efficiency. Its annual expenses are $6,882.

The annual celebration of the Congregational Church took place last night, when Mr. A. F. H. Johnson was presented with a magnificent easy chair by the Sabbath School children.

A mass meeting of the friends of Mr. James Durand, Ministerial candidate, is being held to-night.

FOWLE'S PILE AND HUMOR CURE.
For Internal and External Use
WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.
One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.
This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.
PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Dec. 14, 18

FALSE MODESTY.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

THE TIMES

Is published every lawful morning. Price ? cents per week, sent to subscribers in any part of Canada, SIX DOLLARS per annum.

The rate for Transient Advertisements TEN CENTS PER LINE, nonpareil measure for each insertion. For Special Notices TEN CENTS PER LINE, and for Paragraphs, Reports of Meetings, Financial Statements of Banks, Railway Companies, Insurance Companies, and matters of like description, inserted amongst the Reading Matter, FIFTEEN CENTS PER LINE.

Special Contracts are made for a definite period.

Condensed Advertisements on the First page, when not exceeding Twenty Words, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, and ONE-AND-A-HALF CENTS for each word over twenty. The Advertisements referred to are as follows:—

Any one specified article—

For Sale or Wanted.
Lost or Found.
Board Wanted.
Business for Sale.
Business Wanted.
Houses for Sale.
Houses to Rent.
Houses Wanted.
Board and Lodging.
Cattle Strayed or Stolen.
Farms Wanted.
Farms for Sale or to Rent.
Live Stock for Sale or to Rent.
Money Wanted or to Loan.
Situations Wanted.
Situations Vacant, &c., &c.

Professional and business cards inserted on the first page for one year, when not exceeding twenty words, once a week, $8; twice a week, $12; and every day, $18, each word over twenty in the same proportion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, &c and deaths with funeral notices attached $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents. When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Election Notices—D. J. O'Donoghue.
Provincial Elections—D. M. Grant.
Agricultural Society—A. S. Woodburn.

The Times.

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JAN. 15, 1875.

PROFESSIONS OF INDEPENDENCE.

Mr. John O'Connor, the Tory candidate of this constituency may well pray to be saved from his zealous friends. The *Citizen* of last evening calls upon all Liberal-Conservatives—whoever they may be—not to swerve from their party allegiance upon this occasion, and to be aware of any candidate who, while professing independence, contests the constituency as the nominee of the Reform Association. "Let the contest," says the organ, "be a square and honest one, fought upon political principles." Mr. J. M. Currier, M.P., the gentleman who nominated Mr. O'Connor, and who spoke for him in his absence, told the electors that he was averse to politics in the Local Legislature, and that he thought the business there should be conducted upon similar principles to those prevailing in County Councils. Mr. Currier added that he believed these were the sentiments of the gentleman he nominated; and accordingly, so far as we have been enabled to understand the production which is dignified with the name of an address to the electors, Mr. O'Connor expresses himself in terms very much the same. Now, between the *Citizen*, Mr. Currier, and Mr. O'Connor, there is apparently a very important difference of opinion. We presume, however, that the difference is only one of appearance. The organ would like to whip an unwilling party into line with the political lash, while Messrs. Currier and O'Connor belie their own political history and connections by professing independence, if thereby they might mayhap win over an unsuspecting Liberal here and there to their camp. Mr. O'Connor must be either one of the two things represented; he must, as he claims to be himself, be independent, or he must be a Tory, as the *Citizen* represents him. If the issue is fairly understood to be political, we are not afraid; with a fair field and no favour, we are prepared gladly to take up the glove; but we desire that the electors should see through this double-game: Mr. O'Connor cannot be a Tory and an Independent both, and we believe, his own address and Mr. Currier's election speech to the contrary notwithstanding, that he is a dyed-in-the-wool Tory in Provincial as he is well-known to be in Dominion politics. This mask of independence, then, has at last fallen off. Mr. O'Connor, if elected, will go to Toronto bound hand and foot to the Lauder-Rykert party. If Mr. Cameron is not in the House, and Mr. Rykert is, Mr. Rykert will be Mr. O'Connor's leader, and Mr. O'Connor would be bound to follow him, or submit to be stigmatised as a renegade. And Mr. O'Connor would follow him just as certainly as the planets are followed by their satellites. He could not help himself, for he would be sent there to do it; if he could help himself,—and we say this with all the respect to the hon. gentleman which his political record commands—he would not. His sympathies are in that groove, for the very satisfactory reason that Mr. Rykert, Mr. Lauder, Mr. Boultbee, and that disreputable crowd, were the only sympathizers he and his colleagues had in the whole Province when their Pacific Railway transactions were the subject of public condemnation. What are the questions upon which Mr. O'Connor takes issue with the present Government of Ontario, and what the policy he will advocate if he gets there? We read his learned disquisition upon social order, class legislation, and so on, for the purpose of finding this out, but we failed to find it. We are thus forced to the conclusion that Mr. O'Connor desires to go to Toronto for no other purpose than to thwart a Government which, not only for its general, but especially for its Crown Lands policy, has been most liberal to the Ottawa district,—a Government whose administration of public affairs has been marked by fewer blunders and by more general popularity and success than any that has ever guided the destinies of the Province. The cry of party—the loud call upon Liberal-Conservatives to support the Opposition candidate—is merely so much sound. We ask the supporters and advocates of Mr. O'Connor why they wish to send him to Toronto, why they wish to oppose the Government, and the answer is — Liberal-Conservatives, vote for Mr. O'Connor; What does this term Liberal-Conservative mean? In what respect are the members of the party expected to be liberal, and what are they called upon to conserve? They have been liberal with the country's money in days not long gone past, when Mr. O'Connor and his colleagues entered into a conspiracy to sell the Pacific Railway Charter for filthy dollars with which to buy their way to Parliament and power. What assurance have we that Mr. O'Connor would not repeat the offence? Is it not more likely than otherwise that he would be again found taking part in equally disreputable transactions if sent to the Legislature of Ontario, with the interests of the people of Ottawa committed to his care? Would the man who did not scruple to despoil the country, and barter its most valued interests for Sir Hugh Allan's gold, shrink from sacrificing the interests of this city did the opportunity offer? We ask the electors to put these questions to their own consciences, and have a satisfactory reply before they cast their ballots. We are willing to believe that Mr. O'Connor is not, like his political chief, past repenting the part he played in that disgraceful transaction, but he must make his confession before he can expect absolution at the hands of the public; and that confession he has not yet made. And even if he had repented and been forgiven, who are the men whom he proposes to go to Toronto to support? Are they men of high character and great ability, who are simply in opposition because the fluctuating tide of public opinion has temporarily turned against them, but who, if that tide should soon turn in their favour, would be capable of conducting the Government of the country with dignity and efficiency, as well as likely to administer them faithfully and honestly? Let their political record and their personal characters be the answer. We prefer not to express an opinion on these. We need scarcely say that there are people not a hundred miles from Ottawa who know something of the professional honesty of Mr. Lauder, neither need we say that out of the probable thousands and thousands of dollars corruptly pocketed by Mr. Rykert for the illegitimate exercise of his influence as representative of the people, the Special Committee of last session was successful in showing the source from which he derived a thousand or two. Yet these are the men who would be Mr. O'Connor's leaders and associates, if he went to Toronto as representative of the City of Ottawa; by his connection with them he would become a party to their chicanery and dishonesty, and everlasting disgrace would be cast upon the constituency. Whatever may come, we are not afraid that the electors of the Capital of the Dominion will ever send a representative to the Local Legislature who will be a friend and associate of Mr. Rykert, or his followers in the amusing but degrading occupation of bringing our federal system of Government into disgrace and ridicule. If we ask what are the great issues upon which these gentlemen and their party appeal to the country, what have we to point to? Days spent in discussing who bought a picture of "Little Mrs.——" and divisions of an august assembly insisted upon to decide the propriety of permitting a few Government workmen to have a half-holiday at an election. We might add to this, as one of the important issues upon which the electors of Ottawa are asked to pronounce, that one of the great constitutional questions at stake is whether the Government did not pay 50 cents too much for a counterpane. Are the citizens of Ottawa going to send Mr. O'Connor to the Legislature under such circumstances? We trow not.

THE CONTESTANTS ON THE REFORM SIDE.

At an earlier period in the history of the present election contest we regarded the then proposed opposition to Mr O'Donoghue as undeserved by that gentleman and imprudent with regard to party interests. We are bound to confess that we share in that feeling still, but we are not thereby placed under any obligation to aid in the promotion of the interest of either individual candidate. There being two candidates in the field avowedly in the Ministerial cause we are free to take that course which may seem to us the best in the public interest. The friends of Mr. O'Donoghue claim for their candidate that he is fully the equal of Mr. Featherston in respect of those qualities that go to make the representative man and the legislator; but this pretension of theirs will hardly succeed. There is a marked and substantial difference, amounting in some respects to absolute contrast, between the two gentlemen, in whose favour is so manifest that we need not be more personal in our remarks. Nevertheless, Mr. O'Donoghue made a very respectable appearance and effort at the Gowan's Hall meeting last night. His speech was admirable in many respects. Although there were several Conservative orators on the platform, not one of them succeeded in proving the reverse of Mr. O'Donoghue's story of his late relations with the Conservative party and his obligations to it. And it was apparent that he carried the meeting with him, although perhaps neither eloquence nor the best of the argument was necessary to secure that object.

As a representative Reformer, Mr. Featherston is without a rival amongst the available material in the city, and we shall hail with pleasure his election, which we trust may be accomplished, notwithstanding the prevailing dissensions in the Reform ranks, and without having the unfortunate effect of making a permanent rupture of those relations between creeds and nationalities that, a year ago, did such good service to the Liberal cause generally, and in this city especially.

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

ONTARIO ELECTION LAW.

Since the last general election for Ontario, the law on the above subject has been amended and made more stringent. We deem it therefore advisable to publish a short summary of the principal provisions of the Act, which will doubtless be of interest, and may be of use to over-zealous canvassers:—

DIRECTIONS FOR THE GUIDANCE OF VOTERS IN VOTING BY BALLOT.

The voter is to vote for one candidate.

The voter will go into one of the compartments, and with the pencil provided in the compartment place a cross on the right-hand side of the ballot paper, opposite the name of the candidate for whom he votes; thus, X.

The voter will then fold the ballot-paper across, so as to show the name or initials of the Deputy Returning Officer on the back; and hand it to the Deputy Returning Officer and quit the place.

If the voter inadvertently spoils a ballot paper, he can return it to the Officer, who will, if satisfied of such inadvertence, give him another ballot paper.

If the voter votes for more than one candidate, or places any mark on the ballot paper by which he may be afterwards identified, his ballot paper will be void and will not be counted.

Taking a ballot-paper out of the polling place, or depositing in the box any other paper than his own, subjects the offender to six months' imprisonment.

In the following form of ballot-paper, given for illustration, the candidates are J. P. Featherston, John O'Connor, D. J. O'Donoghue. An elector desiring to vote for Mr. Featherston will mark his ballot as below:—

Election for Ottawa City, 1875.

I.	1 J. P. FEATHERSTON MERCHANT, City of Ottawa.	X
II	2 JOHN O'CONNOR, LAWYER, City of Ottawa.	
III	3 D. J. O'DONOGHUE, PRINTER, City of Ottawa.	

Under section 24 of the Ballot Act, any elector at any polling place may, in the absence of any person authorised in writing to act as the agent of an absent candidate, declare himself to be and may act as the agent of such candidate without producing any authority in writing.

OATH TO BE PUT TO A VOTER.

"You swear [or solemnly affirm] that you are the person named [or purporting to be named by the name of] on the list of voters now shown unto you, [showing the list to the voter]; that at the time of the last final revision and correction of the assessment roll on which this list is based for this township [city or town, as the case may be], you were [and if the fact be so, still are] actually, truly, and in good faith possessed to your own use and benefit as owner, [or tenant, or occupant as the case may be] of the real estate in respect of which your name [or the said name of] is entered on the said list of voters, [or if the party has parted with such possession, then insert these words: "that you are still a resident of this electoral division,"] and as such entitled to vote at this election; and that you are a subject of her Majesty by birth or naturalization, and you are of the full age of twenty-one years; that you have not voted before at this election, either at this or any other polling place; and that you have not received anything nor has anything been promised you, either directly or indirectly, either to induce you to vote at this election or for loss of time, travelling expenses, hire of team, or any other service connected therewith; *and that you have not, directly or indirectly, paid or promised anything to any person, either to induce him to vote or to refrain from voting at this election.* So help you God."

TAKING THE VOTES.

The following are the provisions for the taking and recording of the votes:—

When any person claiming to be entitled to vote presents himself for the purpose of voting, the Deputy Returning Officer shall proceed as follows:—

1. He shall ascertain that the name of such person is entered, or purports to be entered, upon the voters' lists for the subdivision for which such Deputy Returning Officer is appointed to act.

2. He shall record, or cause to be recorded, in the proper columns of the voters' list, the residence and the legal addition of such person.

3. If such person shall take the oath or affirmation required to be taken by voters in the manner directed by the Election Law of 1868, the Deputy returning Officer shall enter or cause to be entered, opposite such person's name in the proper column of the said voters list the word "sworn," or "affirmed," according to the fact.

4. Where the vote is objected to by any candidate or his agent, the Deputy Returning Officer shall enter the objection, or cause the same to be entered in the voters' list, by writing opposite the name of such person, in the proper column, the words "objected to," stating at the same time by which candidate or on behalf of which candidate the objection has been made, by adding after the words "objected to" the name only of such candidate.

5. Where such person as aforesaid has been required to take the oath or affirmation, and refuses to take the same, the Deputy Returning Officer shall enter or cause to be entered opposite the name of such person, in the proper column of the voters' list, the words "refused to be sworn," or "refused to affirm," according to the fact; and the vote of such person shall not be taken or received; and if taken and received it shall be null and void; and the Deputy Returning Officer shall for having taken and received such vote, or caused the same to be taken and received, incur a penalty of two hundred dollars.

6. Where the proper entries respecting the person so claiming to vote have been made in the voters' list in the manner prescribed, the Deputy Returning Officer shall sign his name or initials upon a ballot-paper and upon the counterfoil attached thereto.

7. The ballot-paper shall be detached from the counterfoil and shall be delivered to such person.

8. The counterfoil shall be retained in the book by the Deputy Returning Officer who shall write or otherwise mark upon such counterfoil the number prefixed to the name of such person upon the voters' list; and opposite the name of such person in the voters' list a mark shall be placed to denote that he has received a ballot-paper, but not showing the particular ballot-paper which he has received.

9. The Deputy Returning Officer shall take all necessary precaution for concealing, and shall conceal as far as possible from all persons present (including the Poll Clerk and the Agents of the Candidates, as well as all other persons) the number printed upon the ballot paper delivered to any person, and upon the counterfoil which was attached thereto, and shall not permit the counterfoil to be inspected by any person.

10. The Deputy Returning Officer may, and upon request shall, either personally or through his clerk, explain to the voter, as concisely as possible, the mode of voting and the colours in which the numbers and names of candidates are printed on the ballot paper.

VOTES OF DEPUTY RETURNING OFFICERS AND POLL CLERKS.

By chapter 3 of the Statutes of Ontario for 1874, section 25, every Deputy Returning Officer and Poll Clerk, who is otherwise qualified to vote at an election for a member to serve in the Legislative Assembly, shall be entitled to vote at such election; and so much of section 3 of the Election Law of 1868 as prohibits the said officers from voting is hereby repealed.

Deputy Returning Officers, Poll Clerks and Agents may vote at polling places where they are employed.

By the same Act, section 26 provides that the Returning Officer, on the request of any elector entitled to vote at one of the polling stations who shall be appointed Deputy Returning Officer or Poll Clerk, or who shall be named the Agent of any of the candidates for a polling station other than the one where he is entitled to vote, shall give to such elector a certificate that such Deputy Returning Officer, Poll Clerk or Agent is entitled to vote at such election at the polling station where such elector shall be stationed during the polling day; and such certificate shall also state the property or other qualification in respect of which he is entitled to vote; and on the production of such certificate, such Deputy Returning Officer, Poll Clerk or Agent shall have the right to vote at the polling station where he shall be placed during the polling day, instead of at the polling station of the polling sub-division where he would otherwise have been entitled to vote, and the Deputy Returning Officer shall attach the certificate to the voters' list; but no such certificate shall entitle any such elector to vote at such polling station unless he has been actually engaged as such Deputy Returning Officer, Poll Clerk or Agent during the day of polling, or shall entitle any Agent to vote who is disqualified under section 3 of the Election Law of 1868.

COUNTING THE BALLOTS.

Immediately after the close of the poll the Deputy Returning Officer is to open the ballot box and count the votes, keeping the ballot papers with their printed faces upwards, and allowing no person to see the number printed on the back.

Any ballot paper which has not on its back the name or initial of the Deputy Returning Officer, or on which votes are marked for more candidates than one, or on which anything except the name and initials of the Deputy Returning Officer are written or marked by which the voter can be identified, shall be void and shall not be counted.

The word "rejected" is to be marked on any ballot papers that are laid aside, and if any objection is raised, the words "objected to" are also to be written on the paper.

The Deputy Returning Officer is then to make out a statement as follows:—

Name of electoral division, subdivision, and date of election.

Number of votes for each candidate.

Papers wanting signatures or initials of Deputy Returning Officer.

Papers rejected at voting for more than one candidate.

Papers rejected because so marked that they may be identified.

Papers registered as unmarked or void for uncertainty.

Upon the completion of this statement it is to be signed by the Deputy Returning Officer, the Poll Clerk, and candidates or Agents present.

Not more than two agents for any candidate are to be present while the votes are being counted.

OFFENCES.

By section 27 of the Ballot Act, it is provided that no person shall

1. (*a*) Forge or counterfeit, or fraudulently alter, deface, or fraudulently destroy any ballot paper or the name or initials of the Deputy Returning Officer signed thereon; or

(*b*) Without due authority supply any ballot paper to any person; or

(*c*) Fraudulently put into any ballot-box any paper other than the ballot paper which is authorised by law to be put in; or

(*d*) Fraudulently take out of the polling place any ballot paper; or

(*e*) Without due authority destroy, take, open, or otherwise interfere with any ballot box or packet of ballot papers then in use for the purpose of the election.

2. No person shall attempt to commit any offence specified in this section.

3. Any person guilty of any violation of this section shall be liable, if he be a Returning Officer, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years, with or without hard labour; and if he be any other person, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months, with or without hard labour.

ILLEGAL ACTS.

The use of any party colours, flags, or ensigns.

Carrying arms, staves, swords, or bludgeons, or other offensive weapons within two miles of the polling place on the day of election.

The penalty for the commission of these offences is one hundred dollars.

Any person convicted of battery committed on the day of election, within two miles of any place where polling is going on, is liable to a penalty of fifty dollars.

Wilfully voting without the requisite qualification renders the offender liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Double voting or "repeating" is also punishable with a fine of two hundred dollars.

Fraudulent conveyance of land in order to give the right to vote, is an offence punishable with a fine of two hundred dollars.

EXPENSES OF ELECTIONS.

By the Statute of Ontario, 1873, section 7, it is provided that no payment (except in respect of the personal expenses of a candidate), and no advance, loan or deposit for the purposes of the election shall be made by or on behalf of any candidate at an election, before or during or after such election, otherwise than through an agent or agents, whose name and address or names and addresses has or have been declared in writing to the Returning Officer on or before the day of nomination, or through an agent or agents to be appointed in his or their place as herein provided; and no person shall make any such payment, advance, loan, or deposit for the purpose of the election, otherwise than through such agent or agents, under a penalty of being deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 8 provides for the publication by the Sheriff of the names of such agents.

Section 9 provides for the appointment of a substitute on the death or incapacity of an agent.

And by the Statute of Ontario, 1870-71, it is provided that

(1.) When it is found, upon the report of a Judge upon an election petition, that any corrupt practice has been committed by any candidate at an election, or by his agent, *whether with or without* the actual knowledge and consent of such candidate, the election of such candidate, if he has been elected, shall be void.

(2.) When it is found, by the report of a Judge upon an election petition, that any corrupt practice has been committed by or with the actual knowledge or consent of any candidate at an election, in addition to his election, if he has been elected, being void, he shall, during the eight years next after the date of his being so found guilty, be incapable of being elected to and of sitting in the Legislative Assembly, and of being registered as a voter, and of voting at any election, and of holding any office at the nomination of the Crown or of the Lieutenant-Governor in Ontario, or any municipal office.

CORRUPT PRACTICES AT ELECTIONS.

By the 1st section of chapter 2 of the Statutes of Ontario for 1873, it is declared that "corrupt practices" or "corrupt practice" shall mean bribery, treating, and undue influence, or any of such offences, as defined by said or any Act of the Legislature, or recognized by the common law of the Parliament of England; also any violation of the 46th, 61st, or 71st sections of the Election Law of 1868; and any violation of the 66th section of such last mentioned Act during the hours appointed for polling.

The 46th section of said Act provides: If, at any election of a member to serve in the Legislative Assembly, any person knowingly personates and falsely assumes to vote in the name of another person whose name appears on the proper list of voters—whether such other person be then living or dead, or if the name of the said other person be the name of a fictitious person—every such person shall incur a penalty of $200.

The 61st section provides: That no candidate shall, nor shall any other person either provide or furnish drink or other entertainment, at the expense of such candidate or other person, to any meeting of electors assembled for the purpose of promoting such election, previous to or during such election, or pay or promise to pay, or promise or engage to pay for any such drink or other entertainment; except that nothing herein contained shall extend to any entertainment furnished to any such meeting of electors, by or at the expense of any person or persons, at his, her, or their usual place of residence.

The 71st section provides: That the hiring or promising to pay or paying for any horse, team, carriage, cab or other vehicle by any candidate, or by any person on his behalf to convey voters, or near, or from the poll or from the neighbourhood thereof, at any election, or the payment by any candidate, or by any person on his behalf, of the travelling and other expenses of any voter in going to or returning from any election, shall be illegal acts, and the person so offending shall thereby incur a penalty of $100, and any elector who shall hire any horse, cab, cart, waggon, sleigh, carriage, or other conveyance, for any candidate or for any agent of a candidate, for the purpose of conveying electors to or from the polling place or places, shall *ipso facto* be disqualified from voting at such election, and for such offence shall incur a penalty of $100.

The 66th section provides: That every hotel, tavern, and shop in which spirituous liquors or drinks are ordinarily sold, shall be closed during the day appointed for polling in the wards or municipalities in which the polls are held, and no spirituous or fermented liquors or drinks shall be sold or given to any person within the limits of such municipality during such period, under a penalty of one hundred dollars in every such case.

By the 67th section of the Act of 1868–'69 the following persons shall be deemed guilty of bribery, and shall be punishable accordingly:

(1.) Every person who shall directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, give, lend, or agree to give or lend, or shall offer or promise any money or valuable consideration, to or for any voter, or to or for any person on behalf of any voter, or to or for any person in order to induce any voter to vote or refrain from voting, or shall corruptly do any such act as aforesaid on on account of such voter having voted or refrained from voting at any such election.

(2.) Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, give or procure, or agree to give or procure, or offer or promise, any office, place or employment, or promise to procure, or endeavour to procure any office, place or employment to or for any voter, or to or for any person, in order to induce such voter to vote or refrain from voting, or shall corruptly do any such act as aforesaid on account of any such voter having voted or refrained from voting at any election.

(3.) Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, make any gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement or agreement as aforesaid, to or for any person, in order to induce such person to procure or endeavour to procure the return of any person to serve in Parliament, or the vote of any voter at any election.

(4.) Every person who shall, upon or in consequence of any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement, or agreement, procure or engage, promise or endeavour to procure, the return of any person to serve in Parliament, or the vote of any voter at any election.

(5.) Every person who shall advance or pay, or cause to be paid, any money to or to the use of any other person, with the intent that such money or any part thereof shall be expended in bribery at any election, or who shall knowingly pay or cause to be paid any money to any person in discharge or repayment of any money wholly or in part expended in bribery at any election.

(6.) Any person so offending shall incur a penalty of two hundred dollars: Provided always, that the actual personal expenses of any candidate, his expenses for actual professional services performed, *bona fide* payments for the fair cost of printing and advertising, shall be held to be expenses lawfully incurred, and the payment thereof shall not be a contravention of this Act.

Section 68 provides that the following persons shall also be deemed guilty of bribery, and punishable accordingly:—

(1.) Every voter who shall, before or during any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, receive, agree or contract for any money, gift, loan, or valuable consideration, office, place or employment, for himself or any other person, for voting or agreeing to vote, or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting at any election.

(2.) Every person who shall, after any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, receive any money or valuable consideration on account of any person having voted or refrained from voting, or having induced any other person to vote or to refrain from voting at any election.

2. Any person so offending shall incur a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparts, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3727

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732

NEW STYLE OF UPHOLSTERING.—Don't fail to see the beautiful Drawing Room Set on exhibition in the window of Angus & Co's new furniture warerooms, 85 and 87 Sparks street. 3740-2m.

HONOUR TO WHOM HONOUR.

We have pleasure in giving space to the following resolution and reply, addressed to the editor of the Goderich *Star*. The gentleman to whom the compliment is paid is one of the most competent and efficient men in the Public Works service:—

At a meeting of the Municipal Council of the Township of Ashfield, held in the village of Dungannon, a short time since, it was moved by A. C. Hawkins, seconded by Andrew Dreany, that this Council tender a vote of thanks to William Kingsford, Esq., Engineer in charge of the Harbour Works at Port Albert, for his promptness in having said work performed, and that the Clerk be instructed to forward a copy of this resolution to the said Engineer, care Blake & Kingsford, Toronto.—Carried. Mr. Kingsford acknowledges the vote of thanks as follows:

John Cooke, Esquire, Township Clerk of Ashfield.

Ottawa, 15th Dec., 1874.

SIR,—I have the honour to acknowledge your letter of the 11th inst., which I received this morning, in which you are good enough to communicate to me a vote of thanks of the Council, to myself as Engineer in charge of the Harbour Works, for what you kindly consider my promptness in having the work performed. I assure you I am highly flattered by the expression of the good opinion of the Council. It is one of the few rewards to which men of my profession can look. It is generally our fate to experience stern criticism and little allowance for much that is inevitable. And for this reason I more highly value your good opinion, and consider myself more than rewarded for any effort I may have made with regard to the interests of the Township of Ashfield.

Yours faithfully,
[Signed] WILLIAM KINGSFORD,
Engineer in charge.

Port Albert, 22nd Dec., 1874.

Vote for D. J. O'Donoghue, who has so well represented your Interests in the Local Legislature.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

FRESH OYSTERS IN SHELL.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

NEW YORK BAY OYSTERS IN SHELL.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

For Christmas and New Year's presents, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724-tf.

The best value in Winceys at Bryson's. 3695 1m.

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Musca Wine. 3698

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

Gents, try MacLaren & Chalmers' cutter. One trial will secure to them your patronage. 3698

Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695-1m

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732.

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

Carpets.

OTTAWA CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,

[late Jacques & Hay,] Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.

A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.

SHOOLBRED & CO.
49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

Miscellaneous.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

BALTIMORE OYSTERS

To be had in perfection, at

James Buchanan's

SUSSEX STREET.

January 6th, 1875. 1m

ASHFIELD'S EMPORIUM.

Flint Glassware, in plain and fancy, a speciality during the holidays. Those beautiful goods are more durable than cut, and much cheaper. Now in stock, Fruit and Cake Dishes, all sizes; covered Bowls, Preserve Dishes, all sizes; Water Jugs, Wine Glasses of all kinds; Decanters, Goblets, from 90c to $5 per dozen; Glass Setts, 6 pieces, from 75c; Candlesticks, Bar Tumblers, Decanters, Bottles, at special prices, in fact nearly everything required in this line.

Lamps of all kinds, sizes, and prices. Chandeliers, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Crystal Light Burners and goods. A very large stock now on hand. China, Crockery and Earthenware—White Granite Tea Setts, 44 pieces, $3 50; White Granite Chamber Setts, $3.50. Bed Pans, Sick Feeders, Toast Racks, Churns, and a general variety in this line.

Kerosene Oil from the United States. The best in the market at market prices. All goods sold both wholesale and retail. A call is solicited. **Happy New Year to All.** Vases and Figures awfully cheap now.

JAMES ASHFIELD,
Duke Street, Chandiere

DR. POMROY,

CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN

May now be consulted in his

ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE

Hours from 10 a.m. until 5 p.m.

Dec. 1s 1874. 3?1ld&w

THE ELECTIONS.

List of Candidates.

Constituency	Candidate	G.	O.	I.
Addington,	Deroche	0	0	1
"	Mace	1	0	0
Algoma,	Dawson	0	0	1
Brant, N. R.,	Finlayson	0	0	1
"	Campbell	0	0	1
"	Crawford	1	0	1
Brockville,	Fitzsimmons	1	0	0
"	Cole	0	0	1
Bruce, N. R.,	Sinclair (Dr.)	0	1	0
" "	Sinclair	0	0	1
" S. R.,	Wells	0	0	1
" "	Ross	0	1	0
Cardwell,	Bowles	0	0	1
"	Flesher	1	0	0
Cornwall,	McIntyre	1	0	0
"	Snetsinger	0	0	1
Dufferin		0	0	0
Dundas,	Cook	0	0	1
"	Broder	1	0	0
Durham, E. R.,	Rosevear	1	0	0
" "	Smith (Seth)	0	0	1
Durham, W. R.,	McLeod	0	0	1
" "	McClung	1	0	0
Elgin, E. R.,	Askell	1	0	0
" "	Wilson	0	0	1
Elgin, W. R.,	Munro	1	0	0
" "	Hodgins	0	0	1
Essex, S. R.,	Atkin	0	0	1
" "	Wigle	1	0	0
Essex, N. R.,	Prince	0	0	1
" "	Montreal	0	0	1
" "	Patterson	1	0	0
Frontenac,	Graham	1	0	0
"	Dawson	0	0	1
Glengarry,	Grant	1	0	0
"	McNab	0	0	1
Grenville, S. R.,	Fraser	0	0	1
" "	Irvine	1	0	0
Grey, N. R.,	Scott	1	0	0
" "	McFayden	0	0	1
Grey, S. R.,	Hunter	0	0	1
" "	Hopkins	1	0	0
" "	Nasmith	1	0	0
Grey, E. R.,	Lauder	1	0	0
" "	Brown	0	0	1
Haldimand,	Baxter	0	0	1
"	Waldbrook	1	0	0
Halton,	Barber	0	0	1
"	Beaty	1	0	0
Hastings, W. R.,	Lewis	0	0	1
" "	Graham	0	0	1
" "	Wills	1	0	0
Hastings, E. R.,	Appley	1	0	0
" "	Wilson	1	0	0
" "	Botts	1	0	0
Hastings, N. R.,	Boulter	1	0	0
" "	O'Flynn	0	0	1
Huron, E. R.,	Vannorman	1	0	0
" "	Gibson	0	0	1
Huron, S. R.,	Bishop	0	0	1
" "	Case	1	0	0
Huron, W. R.,	Davidson	1	0	0
" "	Ross	0	0	1
Kent, E. R.,	McKellar	0	0	1
" "	Laird	1	0	0
Kent, W. R.,	Coutts	1	0	0
" "	White	0	0	1
Kingston,	McGammon	1	0	0
"	Robinson	0	0	1
Lambton, E. R.,	Shirley	1	0	0
" "	Graham	0	0	1
Lambton, W. R.,	Pardee	0	0	1
" "	Chalmers	1	0	0
Lanark, N. R.,	Mostyn	1	0	0
" "	Caldwell	0	0	1
Lanark, S. R.,	Code	1	0	0
" "	Doran	0	0	1
Leeds and Grenville, N. R.	Merrick	1	0	0
" "	Smith	0	0	1
" "	Reid	1	0	0
Leeds, S. R.,	Preston	1	0	0
" "	Fields	0	0	1
Lennox,	Grange	0	1	0
"	Casey	0	0	1
"	Booth	0	0	1
Lincoln,	Rykert	1	0	0
"	Neelon	0	0	1
London,	Meredith	1	0	0
"	Durand	0	0	1
Middlesex, N. R.	Macdougall	1	0	1
" "	Smith	0	0	1
Middlesex, E. R.,	Tooley	1	0	0
" "	Evans	0	0	1
Middlesex, W. R.,	Currie (N.)	1	0	0
" "	Watterworth	0	0	1
Monck,	Haney	0	0	1
"	Hill	1	0	0
Muskoka,	Long (J.)	1	0	0
"	Miller	0	0	1
Norfolk, N. R.,	Clarke	0	0	1
" "	McKnight	1	0	0
Norfolk, S. R.,	Richardson	1	0	0
" "	McCall	0	0	1
Northumberland, E. R.,	Cochrane	1	0	0
" "	Ferris	0	0	1
" "	Webb	0	0	1
Northumberland, W. R.,	Gifford	1	0	0
" "	Hargraft	0	0	1
Ontario, N. R.,	McRae	1	0	0
" "	Paxton	0	0	1
Ontario, S. R.,	Brown	1	0	0
" "	Farewell	0	0	1
Ottawa,	O'Donoghue	0	0	1
"	Nagle	0	0	1
"	Featherston	0	0	1
"	O'Connor	1	0	0
Oxford, S. R.	Oliver	0	0	1
" "	Macdonald	0	0	1
" "	Devlin	0	0	1
" "	Hopkins	0	0	1
Peel,	Beyon	1	0	0
"	Chisolm	0	0	1
Perth, N. R.,	Daly	1	0	0
" "	Towner	1	0	0
" "	Hay	0	0	1
Perth, S. R.,	Leversage	1	0	0
" "	Ballantyne	0	0	1
Peterborough, W. R.,	Scott	1	0	0
" "	Cox	0	0	1
Peterborough, E. R.,	O'Sullivan	1	0	0
" "	Stratton	0	0	1
Prescott,	Pattee	0	0	1
"	Harkin	1	0	0
Prince Edward,	Clapp	1	0	0
"	Striker	0	0	1
Renfrew, N. R.,	Deacon	1	0	0
" "	Moffatt	0	0	1
"	Baker	1	0	0
"	Morgan	0	0	1
Simcoe, W. R.,	Long (T.)	1	0	0
" "	McConkey	0	0	1
" "	Simpson	0	0	1
Simcoe, S. R.,	Boulton	1	0	0
" "	Snelling	0	0	1
Simcoe, E. R.,	Kean	1	0	0
" "	Sutherland	0	0	1
Stormont,	Bethune	1	0	0
"	Colquhoun	1	0	0
Toronto, E. R.,	Cameron	1	0	0
" "	Crooks	0	0	1
Toronto, W. R.,	Bell	1	0	0
" "	Thomson	0	0	1
Victoria, N. R.,	McCrea	1	0	0
Victoria, S. R.,	Wood	0	0	1
" "	Cottingham	1	0	0
Waterloo, N. R.,	Miller	1	0	0
" "	Springer	0	0	1
Welland,	Buchner	1	0	0
"	Currie	0	0	1
Wellington, N. R.,	McKim	0	0	1
" "	McGowan	1	0	0
Wentworth, N. R.,	Stock	1	0	1
" "	Christie	0	0	0
Wentworth, S. R.,	Sexton	0	0	1
" "	Sphon	0	1	0
York, N. R.,	Jackson	0	1	1
" "	Widdifield	0	0	0
York, E. R.,	Lane	0	0	1
" "	McDougall	1	0	0

MEMBERS ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION.

	G.	O.	I.
Brant South—Hardy	1	0	0
Hamilton—Williams	1	0	0
Oxford North—Mowat	1	0	0
Wellington Centre—Clarke C.	1	0	0
York West—Patterson	1	0	0
Renfrew South—Bonfield	1	0	0
Waterloo South—Fleming	1	0	0
Carleton—Monk	0	1	0
	7	1	0

PAIN-KILLER.

After thirty-five years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Physicians of the first respectability recommend it as a most effectual preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but for Dysentery or Cholera, or any sort of Bowel complaint it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency, and rapidity of action. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

It is used Internally and Externally.

Sold everywhere, Price 25 cts.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Sole Proprietors

January 13th, 1875. 3741

MINERAL WATER.

The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town.

Oct. 27th 1874. 173-3m

Election Notices.

Provincial Elections.

CITY OF OTTAWA.

The Liberal and moderate men of all parties in Ottawa, who desire to see Ottawa creditably represented in the next Legislature of Ontario by the election of our fellow-citizen Mr. John P. Featherston, are reminded that all who can possibly supply horses and vehicles, without hire, on the 18th of January, the day of election, are requested to send in their names to the following gentlemen, in order that arrangements may be made in due time:

VICTORIA WARD......E. H. BRONSON
WELLING'N WARD...C. W. BANGS
ST. GEORGE'S WARD...DR. SWEETLAND
BY WARD......MICHAEL STARRS
OTTAWA WARD......A. O. ROCQUE

D. M. GRANT,
Secretary General Committee.

YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE

—ARE—

Respectfully Solicited

—FOR—

J. P. FEATHERSTON,

To Represent the City of Ottawa in the Local Legislature.

Central Cmmittee Rooms:

Bangs' Block, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets.

Jan 14, 1875.

TO THE ELECTORS

OF THE

CITY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN:—Having been nominated as a candidate to represent the City of Ottawa in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, and having been requested by numerous and influential voters, representing all classes and political parties of my fellow-citizens to accept the position, and to submit myself for your suffrages, I assent, with full confidence that you will take into consideration the fact that I have endeavoured, while sitting at your Council Board, and while acting as your Mayor, to discharge with zeal and fidelity the duties you have so frequently imposed upon me.

I am an adherent of the Reform party of Ontario, and as such, if elected, while claiming and exercising the right to think and decide independently, shall give an honest, but not servile, support to the present Government.

I shall carefully watch every action of the Executive, and shall not hesitate to criticise, and, if necessary, condemn any wrong doing.

To the important interests of the lumber trade I shall give special attention, convinced that the prosperity of the City of Ottawa is deeply involved therein, and to be able to do so with accurate knowledge shall seek the aid of those of my fellow-citizens who are best qualified to give reliable information and safe advice.

In these matters, and in all others that affect the welfare of the eastern section of the Province of Ontario, I shall be willing, and shall labour to co-operate with its representatives regardless of political associations.

Believing that the future greatness of Canada depends entirely upon the strength and prosperity of its workingmen, I shall be ever anxious to attend to their interests, and to give to all measures submitted for their benefit a just and fair consideration.

The welfare of your schools and charitable institutions, and especially the completion and organization of the Normal and Model Schools, shall be to me subjects of constant care.

I desire to represent the moderate men of all parties, and my earnest efforts shall be directed as a supporter of a Liberal Government, to act with justice and impartiality to the various nationalities that form the mixed population of our common country.

I have made Ottawa my home. I have no local attachment elsewhere. My interests and yours are identical.

Grateful for the confidence you have reposed in me during the past eight years that I have served in the City Council, I seek your good-will and suffrages to place me in a higher and more responsible position than any I have heretofore occupied, and if honoured with your confidence you may rest assured that as your representative in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario I shall do my best, earnestly and assiduously, to promote the general prosperity and good government of our Province, and to give special attention to the interests of the City of Ottawa and the Ottawa District.

J. P. FEATHERSTON.

Ottawa, January, 14th, 1875.

TO THE

Electors of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—Through the dissolution of the Local Legislature, in a short time you will be called upon to elect a representative to the House for the ensuing term. Elected by a large majority when I had the honor to solicit your suffrages before, I trust that my conduct while in Parliament will meet with the full confidence of the whole people at the ensuing election, and as a consequence I announce myself as a candidate for your suffrages on the occasion. Should I be deemed worthy of your approval in the future as in the past, my humble support will be given to the present government in all measures for the benefit of the whole country. I ask assistance in opposing chicanery and double-dealing, and in favour of one who will neither be cajoled or purchased.

Hoping to meet you all at public meetings, and if possible personally, before the day of polling,

I remain,
Yours respectfully,

DAN. J. O'DONOGHUE.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

Ontario Legislature.

CITY OF OTTAWA.

The Candidates for Election to the Ontario Legislature for the City of Ottawa, have, in accordance with the Act in that behalf, appointed their Agents as follows:—

Candidate.	Agent.
J. P. FEATHERSTON, Esq.	P. Pennock.
RICHARD NAGLE, Esq.	W. H. Nagle.
D. J. O'DONOGHUE, Esq.	John Carey.
Hon J. O'CONNOR	G. O'Doherty
W. H. WALLER, Esq.	Wm. Wall.

W. F. POWELL,
Returning Officer.

OTTAWA, Jan. 11th, 1875.

Russell Election.

MR. IRA MORGAN

Has appointed Mr. EDWARD TURNBULL of Russell, his Financial Agent.

MR. ADAM J. BAKER

Has appointed Mr. WILLIAM STRINGER of Osgoode, his Financial Agent.

Jan. 14, 1875. 3745 ?

Election Notices.

1875. 1875.

Public Notice.

Election for the Province of Ontario.

As Returning Officer for the Electoral District of the City of Ottawa, I hereby give public notice that the following sub-divisions of the said Municipality have been made, and are hereby made known for the information of the public in accordance with the statute in that behalf:—

Victoria Ward.

Sub-Division No. 1.

All that part of Victoria Ward, lying north of Queen street, from Victoria bridge to the Bay.

POLLING PLACE—Market House on Lot 1 C.

No. 2—North by Queen street, South by Richmond road, East by Victoria Bridge, West by City Limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 12 I, Queen street, facing Lloyd street.

No. 3—All north of Wellington street, from Dufferin Bridge to Victoria Bridge.

POLLING PLACE—Lot A 4, Wellington street north.

Wellington Ward.

No. 4.—East by Concession Line A, West by Division street, North by George street and Victoria Terrace, South by City Limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 40 (Sherwood Block) Concession Line A.

No. 5.—East by Sally street and Frank street to intersection of Maria street, through centre of said street to intersection of Hugh street and thence south to City Limits, West by Concession, North by Wellington street. South by City Limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 11, Maria street North.

No. 6.—West by Sally and Frank streets to intersection of Maria street, thence in a line through the centre of said street, to intersection of Hugh street and thence south to city limits, East by Bank street, North by Wellington street. South by City Limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 11, Sally street East (Engine House).

No. 7.—West by Bank street, East by O'Connor and Tyler street, North by Wellington street. South by City Limits.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot 42, Albert street South.

No. 8—West by O'Connor street, east by Metcalfe street, north by Wellington street, south by city limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 14, Queen street, south (east of A).

No. 9—West by Metcalfe and Moberly streets, east by Rideau Canal, north by Wellington street, south by city limits.

POLLING PLACE—City Hall.

St. George's Ward.

No. 10—North by George street and Rideau street north to Cumberland street, Rideau street south to lot 4, Cumberland street, west by Rideau Canal, east by Cumberland street.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 17, St. Paul street (engine house.)

No. 11—Both sides of St. Paul street. South by Theodore street. West by Rideau Canal, East by Cumberland street.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 2, Besserer street south (Armstrong's).

No. 12—Both sides of Rideau street, south by Besserer street, west by Cumberland street, east by Rideau Canal.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 21, Rideau street north.

No. 13—North by Besserer street. South by Stewart street. West by Cumberland street. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 37, Daly street north.

No. 14.—North by Stewart street. South by city limits. West by Cumberland street, till it intersects with Theodore street, thence westerly to Canal. East by Rideau river.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 27, Wilbrod street.

By Ward.

No. 15.—South by George street. North by York street. West by Major's Hill, including Lots A to G on Sussex street west. East by Nelson street.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 8, George street north (Engine House.)

No. 16.—South by a line running in rear of Lots facing Rideau street north. North by a line running in rear of lots facing Parry and Franklin streets. West by Nelson street. East by Rideau river.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 24, Parry street south.

No. 17.—South by York street and a line running in rear of lots facing Parry and Franklin streets. North by Clarence, Parry and Franklin streets. West by Major's Hill, including lots on Sussex street west, from Lot H. to S., both inclusive. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 13, North York street.

No. 18.—South by Clarence, Parry and Franklin streets. North by Murray street, and a line running in rear of lots facing Ottawa street. West. by Sussex street. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 27, Murray street (Engine House.)

No. 19.—South by Murray street and a line running in rear of lots facing Ottawa street. North by Patrick and Ottawa streets. West by Sussex street. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 16, Murray street north (Engine House.)

Ottawa Ward.

No. 20.—South by Patrick street. North by rear of and including lots on Church street north. West by Government Reserve, including lots 1 to 16 on Sussex street west. East by King street.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot 16, Church street north.

No. 21.—South by Ottawa street. North by Cathcart street. West by King street. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot D, Park street south.

No. 22.—South, includes both sides of St. Andrew's street; North by Cathcart street, (to Lot 32); West by Sussex street; East by King street.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot 16, Bolton street, north (Ordnance.)

No. 23.—South by Cathcart street, North by McTaggart street, West by the Ottawa river, East by the Rideau river.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot.

No. 24.—South by McTaggart street, North by the Ottawa river, West by the Ottawa river, East by the Rideau river.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot 12, Emigration Office.

W. F. POWELL,
Returning Officer.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.
Oct. 7, 1874. 369ly d&w.

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 2605.

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

☞ Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence

Sept. 19, 1874. 3878-y

WHOLESALE

Ready-Made

CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTERS

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 24, 1874. 3880

Hardware, &c.

THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

☞ For sale by all Oilmen.

Dec. 4, 1874. 3710-y

HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.

No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware

In the city is to be found at

THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—For prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

H. MEADOW'S & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L. Crannell, Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
35 Sussex-St.

Oct. 3, 1874. 3888

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency

OTTAWA, ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO., - - Managers.

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.

Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 26, 1874. 61

Hotels.

THE

CLARENDON HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the **Corner of Sussex and George Streets,** within three to five minutes' walk of Post Office and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 1th January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,

One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms

are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms

are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms

are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms

are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my Table will be one of the best in Canada.

N. B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.

Dec. 28th, 1874. 3729

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

☞ ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD USE THE

Diamond Yeast Cakes

Gift Enterprises.

ANOTHER

OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

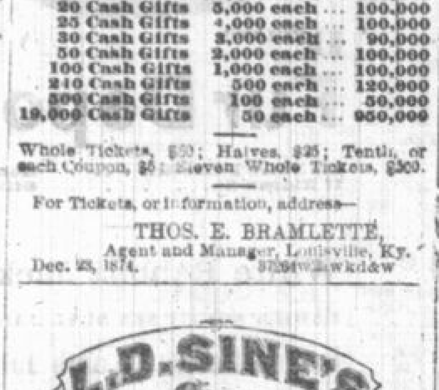
One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts	20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 23, 1874. 3729twkd&w



GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts,

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000 }
Two Prizes, $500 } Each in Cash

Five Prizes $100

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.

One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth

Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300

Three Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.

Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth 100 each!

1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c.

Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,000.

☞ Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 437,
Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874. 2554 d&w

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK, VA.

DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature passed March 8th, 1873.

50,000 TICKETS—6000 CASH GIFTS.

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of	$ 30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	[illegible]
One Grand Cash Gift of	5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	15,000
[illegible] Cash Gifts of 500 each	14,000
43 Cash Gifts of $250 each	10,750
79 Cash Gifts of $150 each	11,850
250 Cash Gifts of $100 each	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of $50 each	28,900
5000 Cash Gifts of $10 each	50,000
6000 Cash Gifts, aggregating	$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets, $5; Quarter Ticket, $2 50; Eleven tickets, $100.

For Tickets and Circulars, &c., address,

HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary,
Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 25, 1874. 2702d&w

Miscellaneous.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO.,
Sparks Street, near Bank.

NOTICE

All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 23 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

☞ Call and see them. ☜

Dec. 19, 1874.

Furniture.

NEW

Furniture Warerooms,

ANGUS & CO.

Dealers in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cornices and Curtains.

85 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite Heney's New Block.

Jan. 11, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

☞ SMALL ADVANCE ON COST. ☜

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2nd OR WEST OF CONNOR-ST.
May 9, 1874.

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

☞ 60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

Boots & Shoes.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots, Embroidered and Plain Felt Congress.

Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress.

Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Felt Bals.

Felt Overs.

A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter feet-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at REDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an entire clearance.

Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB,
28 Sussex-st.

Jan. 9, 1875.

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 19 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes, Mitts, Rubbers, Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand, Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN,
Ottawa.

Dec. 24, 1874.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN:

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

BOOTS, SHOES, MOCCASINS, MITTS, &c.

AT

W. E. BROWN,
15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.

Dec. 21, 1874. 3686y d&w

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

☞ Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st., Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre,

F 348 -ly

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH.

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds,
Geese from 8 to 18 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 23, 1874. 3726-1f

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. SIX months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN
December 22, 1874. Auctioneer, Sparks-st.

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

☞ SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co., Cincinnati, O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N.J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y, &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE........................70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874. 3580y

Hardware.

MOORE BROS.,

TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil,

General House-Furnishing Goods,

And Lawn Mowers.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS. OTTAWA.

Jan. 7, 1875. 3878

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES

J. T. MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces ☞ Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Lamps & Chandeliers

The Largest Assortment in the City,

AT THE OIL DEPOT, SUSSEX-ST.

Jan. 8, 1875. **C. S. SHAW & CO.**

Grocers.

GO TO

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE'S

FOR YOUR

GROCERIES.

You will always find a full stock of Groceries Glassware and Crockery at prices that can't be obtained elsewhere.

FINE

Uncolored Japan Tea,

Only 50c. per lb.

☞ Apples wholesale and retail.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Cor. Kent and Wellington-sts.

Jan. 9, 1875.

CHRISTMAS CARD.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Thanking their numerous friends and customers for the patronage bestowed upon them since commencing business, would remind them that being in a position (through purchasing their Goods previous to advance in wholesale markets) to sell cheap, they will offer to them during the Holidays, value in quality and cheapness that cannot be surpassed in the city, viz.:

OLD PRICES.		NEW PRICES.	
3 lbs. Raisins	38cts.	3 lbs. Raisins	30cts
3 lbs. Currants	27cts.	3 lbs Currants	20cts
Orange Peel	35cts.	Orange Peel	25cts
Lemon Peel	35cts.	Lemon Peel	25cts
Sultana Raisins	17cts.	Sultana Raisins	13cts
Figs in layers	50cts.	Figs in layers	35cts
Mixed Spices	50cts.	Mixed Spices	40cts

Dec. 21st, 1874.

SOMETHING NEW

To Economical Housekeepers!

Use the British Egg and Butter Powder!

A Perfect Substitute for Eggs!
A Great Saving in Butter!

FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.

Agents for Ottawa—

CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.

3 and 4 Victoria Chambers,
Wellington Street

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3m

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

SAPOLIO,

For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.

HAND SAPOLIO,

For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artizans and mechanics.

Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.

Dec. 29, 1874. 3720-3awk

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES!

Restore your Sight!

THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES,

By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957,) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender
738 Broadway, New York
797

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer [Trade Mark secured] Montreal.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874. 3870

Books & Stationery.

NEW BOOKS.

Grey's Creed of Christendom, 2 vols.	$4 50
Do Enigmas of Life	1 50
John Stuart Mill's Posthumous Essays on Religion	2 50
Drapers' The Conflict between Religion and Science	1 75
Popular Science Monthly, vols. 1 to 5 each	3 50
Proctor's The Transits of Venus	2 50
Around the Tea Table, by Talmage, illustrated	3 00

For sale at

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Ottawa, Jan. 8, 1875.

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Dec. 24 1874. THOS PATTERSON.

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HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 26 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

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Jan. 11, 1875. 3673y

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

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Dec. 8, 1874. 234 Wellington-St.

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Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

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Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING **TAILORING.**

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7 50 upward.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50
Scotch Tweed, from $8 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward.

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Nov. 11, 1874. 3673

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

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Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars

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A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875.

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Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

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A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and choice designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projecting Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

PERSONAL.—Lieut.-Col. Worsley, Commandant of the Grand Trunk Volunteer Brigade, is in the city and staying at the Russell House.

TEMPERANCE CONCERT.—A temperance concert, under the auspices of the Chaudiere Sons of Temperance, will be given this evening, in the Temperance Hall, Rideau street.

C. O. O. F.—A regular meeting of Metropolitan Lodge, No. 50, of the Canadian Order of Odd-Fellows, takes place this evening, in the Odd-Fellow's Hall, Rideau street. A good attendance of members is desirable.

ANOTHER MASS MEETING.—A mass meeting in the interest of Mr. Featherston, will be held in the Duke Street School House, Chaudiere, this (Friday) evening. For particulars see small bills, which will be circulated this morning.

LECTURE POSTPONED.—The lecture which was to have been delivered last night under the auspices of the Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society, was unavoidably postponed. It is astonishing how election contests interfere with the course of ordinary things.

BOARD OF SEPARATE SCHOOLS.—At the meeting of the Board of Separate School Trustees on the 12th inst., the members present were, J. W. Peachy, Chairman; Messrs. Finly, O'Connor, Lapierre and Chouinard. There was thus no quorum. L. Tasse, Secretary.

SMALL POX.—This terrible disease has reached the districts of the Upper Ottawa, and has become epidemic to an alarming extent. It has also penetrated the wigwams of Indians and the lumbering shanties, where a great number of cases have proved of a fatal character. The surrounding municipalities had better adopt vigorous sanitary measures to arrest the progress of this contagious disease.

NEW OFFICE.—The City Chamberlain has removed to one of the new buildings recently erected on Wellington Street by Messrs. Rajotte and Robinson. His office has been comfortably fitted up, and its central location will much better suit the general public than the premises previously occupied in Rowe's block, on Rideau Street. This, however, is only temporary, pending the fitting up of the old office in the City Hall.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—J C Smith, E Sawtell, J Starke, D McNaughton, W T Farriman, G F Johnston, Montreal; A Balles and wife, Mrs Brouse, Brockville; W M Sayer, jr, New York; R S Griffin, Worcester, Mass; A McDonnell, Bathurst, N B; A McDonell, Quebec; W P Miles, Belleville; W H Stubbs, city; E Ward, St Johns, P Q; G Bremner, A Muirhead, Toronto; A Lutherford, Hamilton; E H Middleton, Rimouski; W McD Dawson, Three Rivers.

A FAVOURITE.—Mrs. Daniel Morrison, the well known actress, is at present on a visit to the city to see her many friends. She is the owner of the Grand Opera House in Toronto, which has become the great fashionable resort in that great city. The hope is expressed that this celebrated actress will arrange with Mr. Gowan to open his new Opera House, now on the eve of completion. Should she succeed, the citizens of Ottawa will doubtless echo a hearty response to this queen of the Canadian stage.

INSPECTION OF ORDNANCE.—Lieut.-Col. Jackson, D. A. A. G., who has been in the city for a couple of days, has just completed an inspection of the military stores in the city. Major Irvine and Lieut.-Col. Egleson, of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery, accompanied the inspector in his military duties. They seem to think that a better system of maintenance is desirable in the interest of ordnance stores. A new drill shed and a garrison on the point opposite the Roman Catholic Cathedral are absolutely necessary and must come sooner or later. The matter would be well worthy the attention of the Government.

THE CONTEST FAIRLY BEGUN.—Flags flaunt in the breeze from the Central Committee Rooms of the different candidates, and the city is alive with the political excitement that prevails. The Reform Rooms in Bang's block are open day and night, and the most heroic exertions are being put forward in the interest of the Mayor. The time for his canvass is a short one, but this will be more than counterbalanced by the personal strength of the candidate and the weight and strength of his supporters. Party feelings have to a great extent been sunk, doubtless with a view to secure the return of the best man.

THE CONTEST IN RUSSELL.—News from the neighbouring county of Russell is most gratifying. Mr. Morgan is prosecuting a vigorous canvass and is meeting with unbounded success. The Reformers of Russell are leaving no stone unturned to achieve a brilliant victory. They desire to fall into line with their sister counties on the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Rivers and return a supporter of the present Administration. Mr. Morgan's return is almost a certainty. Let the Liberals of Russell, however, not be too sanguine, but work with the ardency of beavers until the close of the polls on Monday night.

CARD OF THANKS.—The Sisters of the Good Shepherd gratefully acknowledge the receipt of $44.30, the proceeds of a collection taken up in St. Patrick's Church at a charity sermon, delivered by the Rev. Father Stenson, for the benefit of their Magdelane Asylum. The Sisters would also take the opportunity of tendering their sincere thanks to the charitable public who so generously contributed to their support on Christmas week, and also to Mrs. J. F. Caldwell for $7.50, the proceeds of a temperance collection, and a handsome gold watch presented by that lady to be disposed of for the benefit of their institution.

A POLITICAL INCIDENT.—Two well-known canvassers of Tory proclivities called at a private house in Centre Town yesterday to solicit the vote and influence of the proprietor. He happened to be out, but the wife, in his absence, replied, in response to a question put, that she thought her husband, living in a progressive age like this, had become thoroughly Liberal in his political opinions. The next resort was to influence her with a view to secure his vote, but they got "a Roland for their Oliver." She replied that she was even a more staunch Reformer than her husband, and that she would take good care to exercise her utmost influence for Mr. J. P. Featherston, who was the only undoubted standard-bearer of Reform principles now in the field. They left, smarting severely under the castigation they received.

MISS ANNIE DE MONTFORD.—This famous mesmerist and electro-biologist appeared last evening, in the Rink Music Hall, before a large audience. The programme gone through was different from that brought forward on the occasion of her last visit, but was none the less interesting. Having requested the presence on the stage of some thirty of the audience, she selected from amongst this number seven, with whom she performed some most interesting and wonderful feats which kept her audience in a roar of laughter from beginning to end. These seven were made to imagine they were clowns, negro minstrels, and statesmen; and their natural and true pourtrayal of the various characters engrossed the undivided attention of the audience. One subject was made to imagine he was a lady, and further shewed himself capable of singing, with a soprano voice, the well known ballad "Out on the Wide World," with a pathos and distinctness truly wonderful. Other astounding feats, too numerous to recapitulate, were also performed which are well worth seeing. Miss DeMontford appears again this evening with an enlarged programme.

GOWAN'S HALL.

MASS MEETING OF THE ELECTORS.

A NOISY ASSEMBLAGE.

A large assembly of people congregated at Gowan's Hall last night to hear the different candidates offering for the suffrages of the electors on Monday next. The streets of Lower Town were fairly cleaned out and the hall pretty well filled before the hour, so that many electors were prevented from gaining admittance to the hall at all. The early part of the meeting was orderly, but later on anything that did not accord with the candidature of the respective favourite candidate, was hissed down with all the whistling and cat-calls that could be brought into play.

Dr. Sweetland was called to the chair, and had a pretty onerous responsibility thrown upon him. On the platform with him were Messrs. D. J. O'Donoghue, J. P. Featherston, R. Nagle, W. H. Waller, E. McGillivray, J. P. Taylor, C. H. McIntosh, W. Mosgrove, and W. McKay Wright.

Mr. Featherston was the first to address the meeting. He began by thanking all for turning out in such large numbers to hear discussed the political questions of the day. He submitted himself for their suffrages, and would, if elected, do the utmost to represent their interests in the Legislature of Ontario. If rejected, he would even then assist whoever might be sent by any advice or aid that he could give a representative of the city. He had no desire to engender ill-feeling between any of the candidates and hoped it would be conducted in an amicable manner. He was satisfied the electors would carefully consider the question and come to a wise decision in the choice of a representative. (Cheers.) They had had experience of him already as a public man. He had assisted in promoting all the great public works of the city. His opponents must even admit that he had sacrificed a great deal of time in the interest of his fellow-citizens. (Cheers.) He came before them as a supporter of the present Government. He was not a violent party man—his views were moderate, and he always advocated moderation in politics in such a place as the capital. In other countries great evils had arisen from too much political excitement. He was pleased to find that in their city harmony and common sense prevailed. There were actually three candidates in the field, and it would be for them carefully to consider who should be their representative. He objected to the candidates who were opposed to him for a variety of reasons. It was said of him that he was ambitious, but he thought this a good fault if rightly directed. He cited the Mayoralty of last year, and even the present contest, as evidences of a lack of ambition, as he only became a candidate in both cases at the eleventh hour. He regretted himself that Mr. Waller had not been selected as a candidate in the Reform interest, as he thought it would have resulted in the election of that gentleman by acclamation. He opposed the Hon. John O'Connor, because he believed if that gentleman were elected he would oppose a Government which it was to the interest of this city at present to support. He would unquestionably offer them a factious opposition, and this course he felt satisfied would not meet the approval of a large majority of the citizens of Ottawa. (Applause.) In Mr. O'Donoghue he found a man who was not a Reformer, and who represented a class of our citizens as distinguished from other classes. This representing of classes did not meet the approval of many of the electors, who desired to have a man who would fully represent all classes alike. (Cheers.) Another objection he had to the Hon. John O'Connor was that he was a stranger in our midst, and as a consequence his interests were altogether foreign to theirs. He was entirely unacquainted with the city or its immediate wants, having never taken part in its public affairs. In short, he was not an Ottawa man at all. He thought the Conservatives might have surely got a man from amongst themselves without taking the rejected of Essex. It must be admitted on all sides that a great mistake had been made in selecting the Hon. John O'Connor as a candidate for the Local Legislature in this city. (Cheers.) He (the speaker) fearlessly avowed himself to be a Liberal, and that if sent to Toronto he would be found according the Government a cordial support, as he believed that Government the only true friends of this city and the Ottawa Valley. They had given the city the Normal School, which would have the effect of educating our young men and young women into a profession that would better fit them to instruct the rising generation in Central Canada. He believed it would have the effect of making Ottawa an educational as well as a political centre. (Loud cheers.) Another thing that the citizens of Ottawa were under a deep obligation to the Government for was the removal from their shoulders of the vexed question of the Municipal Loan Fund debt. He did not, in speaking thus, desire that they should barter their franchise for pecuniary advantages, but he thought that the fairness and impartiality of the Government in dealing with them merited some consideration at their hands. The action of the Government towards that staple industry, the lumber trade, had proved satisfactory to those who were most interested, and for this reason he also thought they should merit the support of our citizens. The Government had also fostered many railway enterprises that had greatly promoted the prosperity of the Province. They had to thank the Mowat Government too, for an increase of grants to the various charitable institutions of the city. He had heard many accusations against the Ontario Government, but none of them had ever been successfully maintained. He concluded by deprecating the corruption that had characterized previous Administrations and warned all to guard against this deadly evil that too often sapped the foundations from our institutions. The speaker retired amid long and continued applause.

Mr. Waller being called upon declined to make any remarks at this stage until he had heard some of the other speakers.

Mr. D. J. O'Donoghue next spoke. He said through the courtesy of Mr. Featherston he had the honour of addressing the meeting. He thought that if Mr. Featherston had not been a candidate he would have believed he was speaking on his behalf. The Ontario Legislature, which Mr. Featherston had so greatly lauded, had decided at its previous session that he (Mr. O'Donoghue) had a perfect right to sit in Parliament. He was pleased to know that all aspiring candidates were satisfied with his career. It had been said that he was not a representative man, because he was not rich, and as a consequence he did not represent the wealthy. Did the rich man he wondered include the poor when he was a representative. He had been scanning the addresses of his two opponents and he found one man to be a Reformer and the other was much like himself a supporter of the Government in all good measures. (Derisive cheers.) He was independent in politics, and claimed that his peculiar situation in that house as compared with other members enabled him to be so. In representing a certain class of men he represented men of all shades of politics. The platform to which he subscribed was that he would support that party which would accord a meed of justice to those he more particularly represented. The ballot system to which he was sorry Mr. Featherston did not refer was a measure that gave him much pleasure to assist in placing on the statute book, as it enabled men to vote conscientiously irrespective of the party or parties with whom they were employed. (Cheers.) The franchise he opposed, as it was not in the interest of the poorer classes. It was not low enough, for it benefitted only those who would have over $800 of an income. He found fault with the Opposition for opposing the ballot bill. On the franchise bill he disagreed with them again, and he was astonished when he heard the Leader of the Opposition remark that it would give a working man a vote. He emphatically denied ever committing himself to the Conservative party. They came to the Canadian Institute at the last election and proferred to support him, he was not justified in kicking them out, but on the contrary he was thankful for the favours received. He had supported the Government from conviction and not from any favours received. In the Normal School measure he was greatly instrumental in procuring it for Ottawa, but the Conservative party were just as bitter against it. A road was also advocated in the lumbering interest at the Mattawan, and this was again opposed by the Opposition, so he thought he was justified in opposing them. In the Central Prison affair the Opposition raised a tremendous howl over $250 for a half day's work allowed men to vote; but they let go without criticism large amounts for champagne spreads and visits to Asylums. The Opposition would fight over a foot and a half of a fence around the Buildings, or a cane that a person had bought—wasting more time and gas-light than would pay for these things ten-fold. (Cheers.) He had been instrumental in passing the Lien Law Act that protected alike the mechanic, contractor, and owner, in the matter of public works. (Loud cheers.) The Redistribution Scheme was such that the city could not benefit from it, as the population was not 36,000. He might, if he chose to give the West more members, have succeeded, but he thought reducing the number of members would be preferable to that. He was pleased to find that by care and economy the Government had a surplus of $5,000,000. (Cheers.) He was surprised to find His Worship the Mayor in opposition to him, considering that the Government itself was in favour of his candidature. If he thought the Mayor was the voice of the people he would retire in his favour, but that was a question he yet very much doubted. (Cheers.) If returned he would do his duty conscientiously, supporting the Government in all good measures. He absolved himself from the charge of defiance to the two associations of the city. He thought the poorer people would not be bribed at the polls and that they would prove the efficiency of the ballot. He trusted the Hon. John O'Connor would be able to appear before the public soon. It was unfortunate that he had always an invalid opposed to him. (Tremendous cheering.) He thought the people of Ottawa would not allow their city to become the cabbage garden for the refuse of the County of Essex. He retired amidst the most enthusiastic applause.

Mr. Nagle said he was a candidate a year ago in the Reform interest. He was then defeated, and he bowed to the decision of the people. He found no fault with the course of Mr. O'Donoghue, and he was not disposed to offer any serious opposition to his candidature.

Mr. J. P. Taylor next spoke, and in sarcastic terms unmercifully lacerated the conductors of the *Citizen* for their cowardly attacks upon many citizens of late in connection with meetings in the Reform Association. He was proceeding at some length, when the crowd in the gallery became impatient and commenced a series of cat-cries and whistling, to the annoyance of the audience. He retired, disgusted with the way in which he was interrupted.

Mr. Mosgrove appeared as a representative for the Hon. John O'Connor. He regretted that the hand of Providence had laid him low, but he trusted that he would soon be able to be out. He admired to a great extent the ability displayed by Mr. O'Donoghue. He was in accord with the Administration of the day and he did not see why he was thrown aside by those led by Mayor Featherston. (Cheers.) In the Ontario Government there was not a strong political feeling. This was evident in the part that the Hon. Mr. O'Connor was a member of a Government that appointed Reformers to rule the newly made Province. He believed the Hon. John O'Connor was too true a patriot to offer a factious opposition to the good measures of the Administration. Great point had been made out of the Normal School, but was there not more credit due to a Government that brought the Parliament Buildings to this city and spent millions of money in it. He disclaimed the idea of the Conservative party not being a progressive party. He apprehended that the support of the lumberers to the present Government was due to selfish motives, as they thought they could secure a sale of all the timber limits. He deprecated the reckless policy of the Government in assisting railway enterprises. He would not detain them long, as there were others who would present the Conservative views more forcibly than he could do. (Applause.)

Mr. W. McKay Wright next spoke. He paid a compliment to the sitting member, Mr. O'Donoghue. He agreed with that gentleman that no men or set of men had a right to say who should be the candidate of the people. He appealed to them that an understanding prevailed that representation should be based on religious grounds. The seat that was vacant belonged to an Irish Catholic by this right, and he advocated the supporting of a candidate far superior in ability to the sitting member. (Hisses and groans.) He asked all to weigh the matter carefully and support the Hon. John O'Connor.

Mr. Waller did not come with a view to making a speech. They had three candidates in the field, and he said he would determine his course at a future meeting and tell them who he would support.

Mr. McIntosh essayed to address the audience on behalf of Mr. O'Connor, but was forced to shorten his remarks from the hissing and yelling that belched forth from the urchins in the gallery.

His Worship the Mayor replied with difficulty to several perversions made of his words, but was forced also to yield to the power of the rabble.

A resolution was put to the meeting by Mr. O'Donoghue's friends, but in the putting of it the meeting broke up in confusion and disorder.

Your vote and influence are respectfully solicited for D. J. O'Donoghue.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—Messrs. John Henderson and Robert Surtees have been re-elected school trustees of the village of New Edinburgh.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH SUNDAY SCHOOL FESTIVAL.—A very pleasant re-union of the Sunday School teachers and scholars in connection with the above church was held last evening in the Temperance Hall. The friends and relations of those connected with the Sunday School attended in large numbers. The chair was occupied by Mr. J. Johnson, Assistant Commissioner of Customs, and amongst those present were the Rev. Johnson McCormac, Messrs. Lees, Alexander and a number of other prominent gentlemen. The entertainment opened with a hymn by the choir. A plentiful supply of tea, coffee, cakes and other good-things was then done full justice to, after which an impromptu programme of songs and music was disposed of in a very successful manner. This part was ably sustained by the Misses. Perkins, Story and Rowe, accompanied on the piano by Mr. Mercer. A number of magic lantern views, under the management of Mr. McAgy, added considerably to the evening's amusement, which was brought to a close by the singing of the doxology by the choir.

Workingmen, rally around your Candidate, and give him a hearty support.

THE DOMINION ATLAS,

WALKER & MILES, PUBLISHERS,

Montreal and Toronto.

MARA & MAINGY,

General Agents for Central Canada, P.O. Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Legal Notices.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of THOMAS EDWIN MOORE, An Insolvent.

The creditors of the above-named insolvent are requested to file their claims with the undersigned as soon as possible, to enable him to arrive at the total amount of liabilities without delay.

W. H. COOPER, Interim Assignee.

Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-3

D. R. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.

H. J. GIBBS, Solicitor for Applicants.

Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 laws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Solicitors for the Company.

Dec. 21, 1874. 3727-2awk2m

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

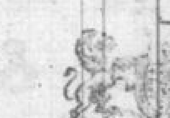
NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Walford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnstown, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the City of Toronto, as solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt become absolute and indefeasible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.

(Sd.), GEO. S. HOLMESTED, Referee of Titles.

3715-3w-lawk

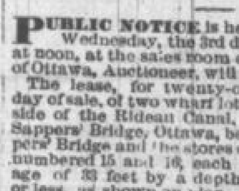
Government Notices



CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON, Commissioner of Customs.



ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector McLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 101 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on Plan; contents of No. 2, 9,543 feet, and of No. 3, 9,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

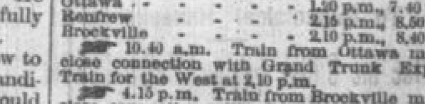
Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by, this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order,
E. A. MEREDITH, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.

Railways.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY.

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.30 a.m.	4.35 p.m
Ottawa	10.40 a.m.	5.00 p.m
Renfrew	9.30 a.m.	4.10 p.m

ARRIVE.

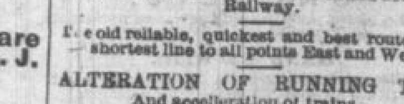
Ottawa	1.20 p.m.	7.40 p.m
Renfrew	2.15 p.m.	8.50 p.m
Brockville	2.10 p.m.	8.40 p.m

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER, Managing Director.

Brockville, Jan. 11, 1875.



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME. And acceleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East.	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.35 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.05 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.25 P.M.
8 Express	10 45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa

Dec 15, 1874.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

See T&B, on each Plug.

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

FROM PORTLAND.

POLYNESIAN	2nd Jan.
SCANDINAVIAN	9th "
HIBERNIAN	16th "
MORAVIAN	23rd "
PERUVIAN	30th "
SARMATIAN	6th Feb.
POLYNESIAN	13th "

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN....$70 to $80 | STEERAGE........$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE

Glasgow Line

are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN	$60.
INTERMEDIATE	40.
STEERAGE	25.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa July 22 1873.

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:

Cabin $55 to $80 gold, according to accomodations.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

GOULTHRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

Publications.

PROSPECTUS OF THE New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

One Copy	$2
Three Copies	5
Five Copies	8
Ten Copies	15

Postage five cents per copy for three months.

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at the same price.

One extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty.

Additions to clubs received at club rates.

These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

A generous portion of the WEEKLY HERALD will be appropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Pomology and the management of domestic animals. Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets.

The aim will be to make the WEEKLY HERALD superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

Every number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

The price of subscription, whenever practicable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting money by mail.

At small Post Offices in the country where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

Advertisements, to a limited number, will be inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD.

Price of the DAILY HERALD, four cents a copy. Annual subscription price, $12, always in advance.

Write the address on letters to the NEW YORK HERALD, in a bold and legible hand, and give the name of each subscriber, of Post Office, County and State so plainly that no errors in mailing papers will be liable to occur.

APPLETON'S AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publication of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

This work is sold to subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages, fully illustrated with several thousand Wood engravings, and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

Price and Style of Binding.

In extra Cloth, per vol	$5 00
In Library Leather, per vol	6 00
In Half Turkey Morocco, per vol	7 00
In Half Russia, extra gilt, per vol	8 00
In Full Morocco, antique, gilt edges, per vol	10 00
In Full Russia, per vol	10 00

Nine volumes now ready. Succeeding volumes, until completion, will be issued once in two months.

Specimen pages of the American Cyclopædia, showing type, illustrations, etc., will be sent gratis, on application.

First-class canvassing Agents Wanted.

Address the Publishers,

D. APPLETON & Co., 549 & 551 Broadway, N. Y.

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto.

Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

J. W. MINTHORN, Box "U" Orillia, Ont.

Oct. 1. 3462

Hatters & Furriers.

DEVLIN'S

Fur Depots

416 Notre Dame-St., . . . Montreal.
11 Rideau-St., ... Ottawa.

White Rabbitt Jackets,

LADIES' SOUTH SEA SEAL JACKETS,

Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets,

Ladies Sea Otter Sets.

R. J. DEVLIN, Manufacturer.

Jan. 11, 1875.

ALEX. BROBERY,

FURRIER,

45 Rideau-st.,

Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,

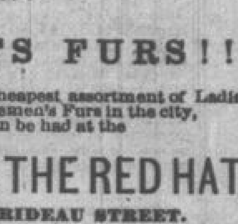
Is offering the balance of his

Stock of Winter Furs

AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3783



LADIES FURS!

GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,

No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to order by

JAMES PEACOCK, No. 33, Rideau Street.

Dec. 20th, 1874. 3724 ml

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.

—AT—

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Mails.

POSTOFFICE OTTAWA,

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS

Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc. by Railway.
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.
United States, via Ogdensburg.
New York, through mail.
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway.
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway.
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway.
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway.
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway.
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage.
Onslow and March via Aylmer.
Aylmer, Hull.
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Templeton.
New Edinburgh.
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Matter posted up to 10.10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.05 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland and Newfoundland can be obtained at this Office

POST OFFICE SAVINGS-BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum. and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa Nov. 16 1874.

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well-known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established

AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatised, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the Spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEMIEUX, Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.

Nov. 4, 1872.

Miscellaneous.

S. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS, 6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa.

No 18 3749

"A Repository of Fashion Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveller.*

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates, in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patrons for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year $4 00

$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two *Harper's Periodicals*, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The seven numbers of HARPER'S BAZAR, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."—"The Best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY. ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Weekly* is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the *Weekly* is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The *Weekly* maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations are often corroborative arguments of no small force.—*N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle.*

Its papers on existent question and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year........$4 00

$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publisher.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of *Harper's Periodicals*, to one address for one year, $7 00: postage free.

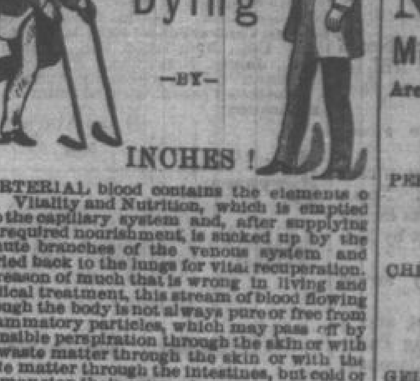
Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete set comprising Eighteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS New York

All Flannels reduced at Bryson's. 3695-1m



ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pustules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acrimonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to extend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only Medicine having control over this class of diseases is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE!

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the first time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

A BLESSING TO THE POLICE.

MONTREAL, 18th June, 1864.

DEVINS & BOLTON:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been one of the many martyrs of rheumatism that I meet on my every day rounds, I was induced to try the celebrated DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. I had suffered the last five or six weeks the most terrible acute pains across my loins and back, so severe indeed that I could hardly walk with the help of a stick. I commenced the Diamond Remedy—following the directions carefully. Relief came immediately with the first bottle, improved rapidly with the second, completely cured and freed from pain after finishing my fifth small bottle. You are at perfect liberty either to refer to me privately or publicly, as I feel very thankful for the relief, and sympathise with my fellow sufferers from rheumatism.

Yours respectfully,

J. B. CARDINAL, Sanitary Police Officer, 51 Labelle street.

In simple cases, sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send or it to

NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Agents for the Province of Ontario, Scott street, Toronto.

Or to DEVINS & BOLTON, Notre Dame street, Montreal, General Agents for the Province of Quebec.

Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.

May 19, 1874.

The Canadian Washer

A. R. GILES, Manufacturer, west side King-st., between Boteler and Bolton-sts., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Nov. 19, 1874.

A. R. GILES,

SIR,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Washing Machines, and have used it in my family for some time, and have found it to be a complete success, on account of its great facility in working and its durability; and I think it is an article which is quite indispensable to any family.

Yours truly, JOHN MOREAU.

Insurance.

THE HAND IN HAND

Insurance Co.

Still continue to take Risks at

20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates

R. C. W. MacCUAIG, Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity.

Jan. 9, 1875.

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

Authorized Capital	$5,000,000
Subscribed to Date	$2,000,000

LOCAL DIRECTORS:

RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operations to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposits made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.

All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.

The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.

O'CONNOR & WALLER.

Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874.

ROYAL CANADIAN

INSURANCE CO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.

Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.

ROB. ANGUS, Jr., *AGENT,*

36 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"

CONTINUES TO TAKE

FIRE RISKS

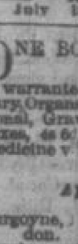
On every description of insurable property

AT REDUCED RATES

T. M. CLARK, Agent, Corner Sparks and Elgin Sts.

Dec. 18, 1874.

Remedies.



THE FOLLOWING IS AN Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts:—"I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

July 1874

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbidge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is Morson's Pepsine, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules, and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, Morson & Son have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., ½ oz., and 1 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON, Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

81, 33 & 124 Southampton Row, RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed with despatch.

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

Patronized by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Rose, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

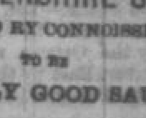
Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costume and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton.

Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.



LEA & PERRINS'

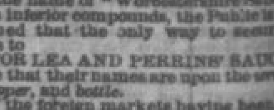
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, *labels, stopper,* and *bottle.*

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietors, at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3744. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

TEACHER WANTED for School Section No 6, Town ship of Cumberland [male or female] holding second or third class certificate Apply to John McArthur, Secretary Treasurer, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c. Jan. 6, 1874. 3735-23wtf

WANTED.

a Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South Marsh P. O. Nov 19

AGENTS WANTED.

Men or women $25 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. ☞ A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8TH ST., NEW YORK.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY from $4 to $5 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and address J. LATHAM & Co. Washington St. Boston M

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

HELP WANTED.

100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated. Together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures For particulars address SCHUYLER SMITH & CO., Publishers, London, Ont.

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $80 a week guaranteed, business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples [that retail for $] mailed free. Address R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded. A. D. CABLE, 598 Craig-st., Montreal. Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & Co. Augusta, Me.

$5 TO **$20** PER DAY.—Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free, Post Card to Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. y3675-1aw.

WORK FOR ALL.

At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

Board & Lodging.

BOARD AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at Mrs. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets. Oct. 10, 1874.

Meetings.

THE L'ORIGINAL AND CALEDONIA RAILWAY COMPANY.

A Meeting of the Provisional Directors of this Company will be held at the Russell House in the City of Ottawa, on THURSDAY THE TWENTY-FIRST DAY OF JANUARY INST., at 4 o'clock p.m., for the Election of Officers, Opening of Stock Books, receiving Subscriptions for Stock, and the General Business of the Company.

W. F. POWELL,
JOHN BOWES PETTER, M.P.,
FRANCIS CLEMOW,
E. McGILLIVRAY,
HON. JAMES SKEAD,
J. M. CURRIER, M.P.
R. BLACKBURN, M.P.
JOHN SWEETLAND, M.D.

Ottawa, January 16th, 1875. 3744

PROTESTANT ORPHANS' HOME.

The Annual Meeting of the Corporation of the Orphans' Home will be held on WEDNESDAY, 20TH JANUARY, at 3 o'clock p.m, in the Rooms of the Institution, Albert street. The public are invited to attend. A Preliminary Meeting of the Board will be held on TUESDAY EVENING at 7 o'clock.

ALISON SCOTT,
Cor. Secretary, P. O. H.

Ottawa, January 16th, 1875. 3744

CITY OF OTTAWA

Agricultural Society.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the Society will take place on WEDNESDAY, the 20th January instant, at 2 o'clock p.m., in the City Hall, when a statement of the affairs of the past year will be submitted and the election of directors and office-bearers for the current year will take place.

A. B. WOODBURN,
Sec.-Treas.

Jan. 15, 1875. 3743-3

THE OTTAWA

Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company,

(LIMITED.)

The first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company called for Thursday, the 14th instant, is postponed, pending the passing of the Amendments to the Act of Incorporation now before the Quebec Legislature.

A general meeting will be called as soon as these Amendments shall have become law, of which due notice will be given.

R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary pro tem.

Jan. 12, 1875.

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.

WM. PENNOCK,
J. DURIE,
THOS. PATTERSON
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

Tenders.

OTTAWA

Water Works.

TENDERS FOR

Cedar Timber and Scantling Wanted.

Tenders will be received until noon of

MONDAY, THE 25th INSTANT,

For Round, Flatted, or Sawn Cedar Timber and Scantling, sound and straight, for aqueduct fencing, and for valve chambers, and in long or short lengths, at option of contractor.

Specifications, quantities, and forms of tender can be seen at the Commissioners' Office, Sapper's Bridge, or at Engineer's Office, Pooley's Bridge, on and after Monday next, the 18th inst.

By order. C. S. CUNNINGHAM,
Secy. W.W.C.

Water Commissioners' Office,
Rideau-st., Ottawa, Jan. 14, 1875. 3741-3

Carpets.

OTTAWA

CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE,

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from Messrs. R. May & Co., Slate Jacques & Hay, Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.

A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.

SHOOLBRED & CO.
49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
☞ 53 Sparks street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated.
OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa
Nov. 27 1874. 2435

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Bessette Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital,
Oct. 10, 1874.

Bankers.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 24, 1874. 3680-3awky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal,
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. Interest Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 3, 1874. 3709y2wk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 986-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
☞ Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
☞ Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
☞ Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C.
McLEOD STEWART, J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. W. D. HOGG
Sept. 9, 1874. 3267

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOUK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W. H. WALKER. R. CASSELS, Jr. P. PENNOUK
July 21, 1874. 2525

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
2287y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
S. B. L. FELLOWES, Q.C., | HORACE LAPIERRE,
MARTIN O'GARA, | EDWARD P. REMON
2185

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
O. TAILLON, F. H. CHRYSLER.
June 5, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. A. J. CHRISTIE. | M. P. HILL
Feb. 5, 1874. 466-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P.Q. 3228-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2612y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 20, 1874. 2461

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, MONTREAL
Sept. 9, 1873. 2262-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 6 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1751

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1874. 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2556-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester.
☞ Consultations at all hours. 2454

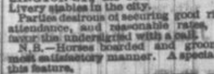
W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st. 2522y.

OUR BRANDS OF ARCTIC —AND— Heavy Engine Oil

ARCTIC OIL. ARCTIC HEAVY ENGINE OIL.

Are unequalled by any Machine Oils in the market. Guaranteed not to freeze. Orders solicited from consumers.

W. J. CRAVEN & Co.,
444 St. Paul-st., Montreal.
Agents for Ottawa District:—
3744y CALDWELL & Co., Sparks-st.



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favour the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO
March 11, 1874. 2612r

Amusements.

RINK MUSIC HALL,

THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY Evenings, January 14th, 15th and 16th.

THE UNEXPLAINED MYSTERY
of the Nineteenth Century,

Miss Annie de Montford,

The famous English Mesmerist, the great European sensation, the envy of the Scientists, the Wonder of the Educated, the Incomprehensible Mystery of the Masses. The most Laughable Entertainment in the World.

Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cts.

Reserved Seats can be had at Nordheimer's Music Store, without any extra charge.

CHAS. H. KEESHIN,
Business Agent.

Jan 11, 1875. 3739-5

DE MURSKA.

MR. D. DeVIVO has the honor to announce that

MLLE. ILMA DE MURSKA,

The famous Hungarian Nightingale, from Her Majesty's Covent Garden and Drury Lane Theatres, London, will give

Only One Grand Concert,

Under the distinguished Patronage of the Governor General and the Countess of Dufferin,

AT GOWAN'S HALL,

[Saturday Evening, Jan. 16th, at 8,

On which occasion the following celebrated Musical Artists will appear:

Mlle. Ilma DeMurska.
Mdme. Carreno Sauret, the Brilliant Pianist,
Sig. Ferranti, Prince of Bufos,
Mons. Sauret, the celebrated Violinist,
Sig. Gaetanno Braga, King Violoncellist,
Mr. Jas. H. Dank, Accompanist.

Prices as follows; Reserved Seats, $1.50; General Admission, $1. For sale at Nordheimer's Piano Rooms, on and after Wednesday, Jan. 13th.

Keabe Grand Piano used at this Concert.

Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-6

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

PAPER RULER, AND

Account Book Manufacturer,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Ruling, Perforating, Numbering

—AND—

GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.

All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.

Aug. 15. 2207

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Geyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years, and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLERY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

W. YOUNG,

June 20, 1874.

N. MARKS,

Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,

☞ 36—SPARKS STREET—36 ☜

Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine

JEWELLERY,

Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone rings, Opera and Vicorta Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.

A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.

Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment); and to several Indian Princes, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental sculptors of the highest reputations, moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite design, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of Jewellery, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2487-1wly

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,
SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c
Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.
☞ A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.
Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.
Dec 20, 1874. 3744y

Houses to Let.

TO SELL OR RENT.

The house and grounds lately occupied by Mr. Spragge, just outside the city limits, on the Richmond Road. The house and grounds can be divided, the former making two complete dwellings, if required, with every convenience, and ample room in each for a large family.

Terms of sale or rental, moderate.

Apply to
WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOUK.
Dec. 7, 1874. 3712-tf

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.

The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letts-ris, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.

ALEX. ROBERTSON,
Rideau-st.

Auction Sales.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

200 City Lots

—IN—

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer the above by Public Auction, at his Rooms, Elgin street, opposite the Russell House, on

Tuesday, 26th January,

At 11 o'clock, a.m., and 7.30 p.m.

Sale to be peremptory, every Lot offered being sold. No reserve bid; no upset price.

Title guaranteed. Terms: half cash and half in six months.

Plans of the Property, Pamphlets—"Winnipeg as it is and Was," &c., may be obtained at the Auction Rooms, where Mr. Burrows will be found in attendance from 10 till 12 o'clock a.m., each day, till time of sale, and will be glad to furnish information respecting this property, Winnipeg and the North West generally.

References as to title—Messrs. Walker, Cassels & Pennock.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Jan. 14, 1875.

AUCTION

—OF—

BANKRUPT GOODS!

Consigned to the subscriber, to be sold by Auction and Private Sale, at

50 PER CENT. BELOW COST.

J. BERMINGHAM

Has now on hand a Bankrupt Stock, consisting of

100 White and Gold China Tea Sets,
100 Ladies' Work Boxes—inlaid,
100 Ladies' Writing Desks,
300 very handsome Vases of every design, style and pattern,
100 Toilet Sets,
Cut and Engraved Crystal Water Jugs and Celery Bowls,
50 English Chromos,
Bouquet Holders, Britannia Metal Tea Pots, and several Silver Tea Sets.

All selling (private sale) at 50 per cent. under English cost, at BERMINGHAM'S Sale Rooms opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Household Furniture by Auction.

THE subscriber is instructed by Mr. Martin Fahey, to sell by Public Auction, on

FRIDAY, THE 15th INST.,

commencing at 11 o'clock, at his store, Stockdale's Buildings, Rideau-st., all the Household Furniture and effects therein, consisting of Sofas, Lounges, Sideboards, Presses, Bureaus, Piano Stool, cane Chairs, common Chairs, round and fall-leaf Tables, Pictures, Wardrobes, Pillows, Blankets, Kitchen Stoves, Hall Coal Stoves, large box Black Giant Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Kitchen Chairs and Tables, and various other articles, all without any reserve whatever, as the premises must be surrendered on the 19th inst.

Don't forget the day and place—Stockdale's Buildings, Rideau-st., on Friday, 15th inst., at 11 o'clock.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Jan. 14, 1875.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869 AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

J. BOURGET of Sussex street, in the City of Ottawa, Insolvent.

AUCTION SALE

OF

WINES,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
BRANDIES,
STOCK,
CASKS,
FIRE PROOF SAFE,
SHOP FIXTURES,

AND LEASE OF PREMISES.

The subscriber is instructed by the Assignee, Messrs Riddell and Evans of Montreal, to sell by Public Auction at the store of the insolvent Sussex street in the city of Ottawa, on Thursday, the 14th inst., commencing at 11 o'clock, a.m., in lots to suit purchasers, the stock of the above insolvent consisting in part of sixteen thousand assorted cigars, several cases champagne, claret, brandy, red-hive and green seal, gin, Rhine wine, Scotch whisky, sherry, and a large assortment of wines in wood and in bottle. Also the shop fixtures, stock, casks, bottling machine and lease of premises, will be sold without any reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM.
Auctioneer.

January 11th, 1875.

Auction Sale

OF VERY VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS,

Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.

HECTOR McLEAN

Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, THE 30th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:

License No. 161, season of 1873-4, comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petawawa River.

License No. 163, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the East Lake Vielle Branch, River Petawawa and Great Opeongo Lake.

These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN,
Ramsay,

Dec. 30th, 1874 3731-1d

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land

Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice as the owner is in want of money.

For particulars apply to

JOHN W. MAGUIRE,
3½ Second Con., O.F., Gloucester
Or, Ottawa P. O.

Sept. 2, 1874. 3331

Legal Notices.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of THOMAS EDWIN MOORE, An Insolvent.

The creditors of the above-named insolvent are requested to file their claims with the undersigned as soon as possible, to enable him to arrive at the total amount of liabilities without delay.

W. H. COOPER,
Interim Assignee.

Jan. 8, 1875. 3736-3

DR. E. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.

H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants.

Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 1aws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.

Dec. 21, 1874. 3727-2awk2in

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Walford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnstown, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the City of Toronto, as Solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt will become absolute and indefeasible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.

(Sd.) GEO. S. HOLMESTED,
Referee of Titles.

3715-3w-1awk

Government Notices

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on American invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector M. cLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 100 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also—lease, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying and being on the southeast side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Nash Factory," shown as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,943 feet, and of No. 3, 8,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by the Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.

Railways.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY.

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.30 a.m.	4.15 p.m.
Ottawa	10.45 a.m.	5.00 p.m.
Renfrew	9.35 a.m.	4.10 p.m.

ARRIVE.

Ottawa	1.50 p.m.	7.40 p.m.
Renfrew	2.50 p.m.	8.50 p.m.
Brockville	2.10 p.m.	8.40 p.m.

☞ 10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

☞ 4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director

Brockville, Jan. 11, 1875.

THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

And acceleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction.	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East.....	4.10 P.M.
19 Mail.	6.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West.	7.35 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West.....	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.05 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East.....	4.35 P.M.
6 Express	10.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 4.

Since connecting with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West, Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. K. NEWSON,
Managing Director, Ottawa

Dec 15, 1874.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A Series of Shipping Disasters.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The steamship Alice, from Cardiff for Constantinople, has been lost at sea. Twenty persons were drowned.

The vessel ashore on Carnsore Point, Ireland, is not the steamship City of London, from Liverpool for New York, as was reported, but the ship City of London, from San Francisco for Liverpool.

Colliers' Strike.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A strike is in progress among the Colliers of Dean Forest, Gloucestershire, and the strikers have become riotious. Military will be sent to quell the disturbance.

SPAIN.

Reception of King Alfonso.

MADRID, Jan. 15.—King Alfonso arrived in the Capital to-day. Immense crowds witnessed his entrance, and gave him an excellent reception. The King drove through the streets this evening. Bands on the squares are playing the royal march. Illuminations are numerous and brilliant. Gen. Martinez Campos has been created Marquis of Sagunto. The Protestant journals which were suspended have been permitted to resume publication.

FRANCE.

Mr. Bourgoing's Election.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—The committee appointed by the Assembly to enquire into Mr. Bourgoing's election in the Nievre is composed of nine Deputies of the Left and six of the Right, all strong anti-Bonapartists.

TURKEY.

The Famine in Asia Minor.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 15.—The committee of relief for the famine striken people of Asia Minor urgently request the English and American press to let it be known that their funds are exhausted, while the distress is increasing. They state that it will be necessary to clothe, feed and give medical assistance to several hundred thousand persons until next June.

UNITED STATES.

Fire at Utica.

UTICA, N.Y., Jan. 15.—About two a.m. a fire broke out in the Gardner block, owned by the Gardner estate. The entire block was consumed. The first floor was occupied by three stores; the second storey by various offices, and the third by the business college of McCreary and Shields. The principal losers are the Gardner estate, on the block $30,000; insured for $25,000. Hanour, furnishing and goods, $10,000; insured for $8,500. C. Bamber, gentlemen's furnishing goods; stock nearly all saved, but damaged 40 per cent, covered by insurance. Vivian, ladies furnishing goods, stock partly saved, but damaged 15 per cent. G. Water, Hackett block, adjoining Gardner block, damaged by water and otherwise. Condon Hackett, confectioner, sustained a loss of about $1,000 on his stock, damaged by water.

The Louisiana Affair.

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—In the Illinois House of Representatives yesterday, the resolutions passed last week by the Senate, condemning the action of the Government in the Louisiana affairs, was tabled by a vote of 83 to 63.

Cold Weather.

Despatches from all parts of the North-West report extremely cold weather. In some portions of Dakota it is reported that cattle are freezing to death, and great suffering is feared among the settlers on the borders of the Western States.

Serious Conflagration.

RUTLAND, Vt., Jan. 14.—To-night a fire broke out in Kingley's grocery store, communicating to the Central House adjoining. Thirty minutes after the first fire, a second fire broke out on Centre-st. stone store of Ryan & Batchellor, and the grocery and provision store of J. Hayward is on fire, and at this time it is not known where it will stop.

The fire here last night was the most disastrous that has occurred in this town for many years. It was bitter cold at the time of the fire and the wind blew hard, striking terror almost to the hearts of every one. The fire department worked nobly. The insurance under writers are busy making up a list of the losses. The insurance companies will probably lose about $100,000. The nett loss of property will probably reach $200,000.

Compensation.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—In the case of the Russian baroness Olger De Fraloff vs. the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Co., in which the plaintiff brought a suit in the United States Circuit Court to recover $70,000, the alleged value of laces which she claims were lost through the carelessness of railroad officials, the jury after being out all night brought in a verdict for the plaintiff of $10,000, without interest. On the application of defendant's counsel a stay of the proceedings for 45 days was given. A motion for a new trial will be made on Monday.

The Kellogg Government.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—A Washington dispatch to the *Times* says there was another conference of Southern Republicans last night, at which it was unanimously agreed to support the Kellogg Government in Louisiana, and to demand its support from the Republican party. It is the intention of Republicans in the Senate to admit Pinchback to his seat as soon as he arrives in Washington. Some senators state very emphatically that he will be seated. There are, within the last two days signs of reaction among Republicans in favour of endorsing the policy that has been pursued, and of recognizing and sustaining the Kellogg Government. The opinion is still vacilitating, however, and governed by feeling rather than action.

The Great Trial.

Moulton is again on the stand in the Tilton-Beecher case, and is still being examined as to published documents. Judge Morris is sick and unable to be present today.

New York Senate.

ALBANY, N.Y., Jan 15.—After the journal was read the Louisiana resolutions were taken up. They read as follows:—"Resolved, That we, the representatives of the people of the State of New York in Senate assembled, while affirming our unshaken confidence in the patriotism, fidelity and integrity of Gen. Sheridan, we, nevertheless, hereby condemn the sentiments of his despatch, dated New Orleans, Jan. 5th, to the Secretary of War, which suggests that Congress should pass a law declaring a large class of the people of Louisiana banditti, in order that they could be tried by a military commission, and which also suggests it is poss

THE TIMES

Is published every lawful morning. Price 15 cents per week, sent to subscribers in any part of Canada, SIX DOLLARS per annum.

The rate for Transient Advertisements is TEN CENTS PER LINE, nonpareil measure, for each insertion. For Special Notices TEN CENTS PER LINE, and for Paragraphs, Reports of Meetings, Financial Statements of Banks, Railway Companies, Insurance Companies, and matters of like description, inserted amongst the Reading Matter, FIFTEEN CENTS PER LINE.

Special Contracts are made for a definite period.

Condensed Advertisements on the First page, when not exceeding Twenty Words, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, and ONE-AND-A-HALF CENTS for each word over twenty. The Advertisements referred to are as follows:

Any one specified article—

For Sale or Wanted.
Lost or Found.
Board Wanted.
Business for Sale.
Business Wanted.
Houses for Sale.
Houses to Rent.
Houses Wanted.
Board and Lodging.
Cattle Strayed or Stolen.
Farms Wanted.
Farms for Sale or to Rent.
Live Stock for Sale or to Rent.
Money Wanted or to Loan.
Situations Wanted.
Situations Vacant, &c., &c.

Professional and business cards inserted on the first page for one year, when not exceeding twenty words, once a week, $5; twice a week, $12; and every day, $18, each word over twenty in the same proportion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50c, and deaths with funeral notices attached, $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents. When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Oysters—Dominion Restaurant.
Gowan's Hall—DeMurska.
Rideau Hall—At Home.
Machine Oil—T. E. Wood & Co.
Protestant Orphans Home—Allison Scott.
L. & C. R. Co.—Meeting.
Water Works—R. C. Cunningham.
Cheap Coal Oil—J. W. Ashfield.
Choice Liquors—Dominion Restaurant.
Manitoba—J. Bermingham.
Dominion Restaurant—Harris & Close.
A 1 Havanas—Dominion Restaurant.
To the Electors—John Casey.

The Times.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JAN. 16, 1875.

MR. O'CONNOR'S CANDIDATURE.

To hear Mr. O'Connor's friends on the platform, and to read the arguments of his newspaper organ, people who did not know better would be disposed to think that a very giant in intellect and a perfect paragon of all that is good and great, politically and personally, was offering his services to the electors of Ottawa. We object to the discussion of the personal character of candidates for political preferment, unless under very extraordinary circumstances, and in cases where a man's reputation is of such a nature as to carry with it more or less unfitness and disqualification for the proper discharge of the various duties which a representative owes to his constituents. Happily for the people, and happily for the press of Ottawa, that subject needs form no part of the discussion in which we are now engaged. Primarily and chiefly that which we have to decide is whether or not the present Government of Ontario is worthy of support and confidence. That, indeed, has practically been solved already. It is true that some of Mr. O'Connor's friends have professed a desire to see the Government condemned, but Mr. O'Connor himself, in the only instance where he has publicly expressed his views so far—we refer to his address—does not dare to risk his chances of election upon that issue. He knows that the people of Ottawa are not prepared to condemn Mr. Mowat's Administration, and therefore he attempts to draw the wool over their eyes by professing independence. There is thus no candidate before the people who openly opposes the Government, or dares to say that on a party test he would vote no confidence in them. The question of whether the Government is worthy of support and confidence being thus answered in the affirmative, what the people have to next decide is, who of the candidates before them can they repose the greatest amount of reliance in, by whom would the interests of the city be best served in the Legislature of Ontario, and whose ability as a legislator would be likely to reflect the most credit upon the constituency? When we proceed to reply to the first of these questions, we may with great safety dismiss the name of Mr. O'Connor summarily. It is perfectly impossible to expect that those who have watched the career of the hon. gentleman could give any credence to his professions of independence. We are really surprised that he has the boldness to make such professions publicly, and just as much surprised that his political friends have consented to become parties to the attempted deception. Mr. O'Connor is not an Independent—except, indeed, for the purpose of catching votes; and for the very reason that he appears to be willing to deceive the people in the hope of getting elected, we submit that he would be equally ready, once those votes were given and he was elected, to deceive them again by his course in the Legislature. Mr. O'Connor is not, never was, and never will be an Independent: on the contrary, he is a most violent partizan, and would go to Toronto to clog the wheels of administrative legislation by factious and unreasoning opposition, belying his promises of independence with as much facility and insincerity as he has made them. He does not have the courage to say that he would oppose the Ministry, but he would oppose them nevertheless, and as the price of his political cowardice, he ought to be and will be elected to stay at home. The people of Ottawa can have no confidence in one whose duplicity is so transparent; they ought to have and will have no political chameleon whose hue is changed at every turn, to represent them in the Legislature. For our own part, we believe that either from Mr. Featherston or Mr. O'Donoghue the Government would have that generous support which they have both of them pledged, and that in either of them we would have a representative who would give Mr. Mowat and his colleagues that sincere and intelligent assistance which their measures and their principles deserve. The second qualification referred to is one of considerable importance, and one in reference to which Mr. O'Connor endeavours to practice another piece of that deception which is characteristic of his candidature. We have before drawn attention to the peculiar sophistry which asserts that the lumber interest can be better served, and the depression in the trade more effectually relieved by having a representative in the Local House who is not himself a lumberman, and we are desirous that the strange logic by which this most extraordinary conclusion is arrived at should be explained. We fail to see how any member of the Legislature as such, whether connected or unconnected with the lumber trade, could do anything towards relieving the existing depression in that business; and it surely betrays a most unpardonable ignorance of the interest he aspires to represent, as well as a most extraordinary lack of common sense, for Mr. O'Connor to lay down any such nonsensical proposition. The lumbermen themselves ought to be, and as a matter of fact are the best judges of who is most fitted to represent that leading industry with which they are connected, and upon which such a large proportion of the people, not only of this city, but of the whole Ottawa District, are dependent for a living. Granting that they are the best judges, which we presume Mr. O'Connor and his friends dare not dispute, it must be admitted that Mr. Featherston, on whom the trade are united almost to a man, is the candidate who has the preference over all the others.

In respect of ability, Mr. O'Connor's friends make considerable pretensions on his account, not one of which they can bring forward one single fact to prove or justify. Mr. O'Connor has been moderately successful as a criminal lawyer, but we have yet to learn that bullying witnesses, twisting depositions, torturing the brains of honest jurymen by extracting conclusions from evidence which the facts do not justify, and splitting hairs on points of law, form a course of training which especially fits a man for a legislator. They certainly do fit one for such a position as Mr. O'Connor would occupy if he goes to Toronto; that is to obstruct the legitimate progress of public business very successfully, to assist in protracting the session of the Legislature to great and unnecessary length by resorting to those quibbles which carping lawyers find permissible by the rules of parliamentary procedure and, no matter with what small show of consistency, to embarrass the Administration he promises now to support independently, even when they are doing that which the whole voice of the country approves of and encourages. These objections would be very strong and tenable reasons why Mr. O'Connor should not be sent to the Legislature, even if he had no previous record which proves how nearly his conduct would agree with the estimate we have just made of the qualities which his training would induce. Mr. O'Connor was for seven or eight years in Parliament, for some portion of which he was a Minister of the Crown, and we ask what did he during that time to prove his possession of that ability which is now claimed for him? Absolutely nothing. He was a mere nonentity as a member, and he was taken into the Government of Sir John Macdonald because—well, certainly not because of his fitness for the position. He never was the author of a single measure of importance, never made a speech which rose above mediocrity, and indeed when he did speak his utterances would have been far more appropriate in a criminal court, where he is quite in his element, than in the high court of Parliament. As a member of the Government, his incapacity was remarkable, and the simple fact that he was a party to the sale of the Pacific Railway Charter should be sufficient to ensure his exclusion from any office of public trust in the gift of the people for many years to come. Mr. O'Donoghue, with a record of but two sessions in the Legislature, where the field in which to gain distinction is much more limited, has done more for his constituents, and more for the good of the Province generally, than Mr. O'Connor accomplished in quadruple the time and with far greater opportunities. In Mr. Featherston, however, we have capacities of a far higher order than those possessed by either of his rivals. As a speaker he would take the front rank in the Legislature; indeed, if we except Mr. Scott of Peterborough, he would have no equal among the new men who are just now before the people, asking for election to that House. As a sound reasoner and a profound thinker we are safe to assert that he would have no superior, while it is unnecessary to say to the people of Ottawa that he is possessed of legislative and administrative abilities of the highest order. His record at the Council Board, both as Alderman and Presiding Officer, has brought those abilities very prominently before his fellow-citizens, and we are justified in asserting that never was there a Mayor in this city who distinguished himself as Mr. Featherston has done during the past year, nor one who displayed more capacity and zeal in the discharge of his duties. That the citizens are not insensible of this is proved by the fact that but the other day he was re-elected to the Mayor's chair by acclamation. On the whole, while we would be quite satisfied to see Mr. O'Donoghue re-elected, and while we still think the steps originally taken to oppose him were not advisably taken, we are bound to acknowledge the vastly superior abilities of Mr. Featherston, which we are thoroughly of the opinion would ensure for the City of Ottawa, within a comparatively brief space of time, not only a representative second to none in the House, but in all probability a voice in the Government of the Province.

The average Canadian, when transplanted to the Western Prairies, becomes a more enterprising and daring individual, laying broad and deep the foundations of mighty cities and provinces that will in the future control the destinies of the Dominion.

False Modesty.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

ONTARIO ELECTION LAW.

Since the last general election for Ontario, the law on the above subject has been amended and made more stringent. We deem it therefore advisable to publish a short summary of the principal provisions of the Act, which will doubtless be of interest, and may be of use to over-zealous canvassers:—

DIRECTIONS FOR THE GUIDANCE OF VOTERS IN VOTING BY BALLOT.

The voter is to vote for one candidate.

The voter will go into one of the compartments, and with the pencil provided in the compartment place a cross on the right-hand side of the ballot paper, opposite the name of the candidate for whom he votes; thus, X.

The voter will then fold the ballot-paper across, so as to show the name or initials of the Deputy Returning Officer on the back; and hand it to the Deputy Returning Officer and quit the place.

If the voter inadvertently spoils a ballot paper, he can return it to the Officer, who will, if satisfied of such inadvertence, give him another ballot paper.

If the voter votes for more than one candidate, or places any mark on the ballot paper by which he may be afterwards identified, his ballot paper will be void and will not be counted.

Taking a ballot-paper out of the polling place, or depositing in the box any other paper than his own, subjects the offender to six months' imprisonment.

In the following form of ballot-paper, given for illustration, the candidates are J. P. Featherston, John O'Connor, D. J. O'Donoghue. An elector desiring to vote for Mr. Featherston will mark his ballot as below:—

Election for Ottawa City, 1875		
I	1 J. P. FEATHERSTON MERCHANT, City of Ottawa.	X
II	2 JOHN O'CONNOR, LAWYER, City of Ottawa.	
III	3 D. J. O'DONOGHUE, PRINTER, City of Ottawa.	

Under section 24 of the Ballot Act, any elector at any polling place may, in the absence of any person authorised in writing to act as the agent of an absent candidate, declare himself to be and may act as the agent of such candidate without producing any authority in writing.

OATH TO BE PUT TO A VOTER.

"You swear [or solemnly affirm] that you are the person named [or purporting to be named by the name of] on the list of voters now shown unto you [showing the list to the voter]; that at the time of the last final revision and correction of the assessment roll on which this list is based for this township [city or town, as the case may be], you were [and if the fact be so, still are] actually, truly, and in good faith possessed to your own use and benefit as owner, [or tenant, or occupant as the case may be] of the real estate in respect of which your name [or the said name of] is entered on the said list of voters, [or if the party has parted with such possession, then insert these words: "that you are still a resident of this electoral division,"] and as such entitled to vote at this election; and that you are a subject of her Majesty by birth or naturalization, and you are of the full age of twenty-one years; that you have not voted before at this election, either at this or any other polling place; and that you have not received anything nor has anything been promised you, either directly or indirectly, either to induce you to vote at this election or for loss of time, travelling expenses, hire of team, or any other service connected therewith; *and that you have not, directly or indirectly, paid or promised anything to any person, either to induce him to vote or to refrain from voting at this election.* So help you God."

TAKING THE VOTES.

The following are the provisions for the taking and recording of the votes:—

When any person claiming to be entitled to vote presents himself for the purpose of voting, the Deputy Returning Officer shall proceed as follows:—

1. He shall ascertain that the name of such person is entered, or purports to be entered, upon the voters' lists for the subdivision for which such Deputy Returning Officer is appointed to act.

2. He shall record, or cause to be recorded, in the proper columns of the voters' list, the residence and the legal addition of such person.

3. If such person shall take the oath or affirmation required to be taken by voters in the manner directed by the Election Law of 1868, the Deputy returning Officer shall enter or cause to be entered, opposite such person's name in the proper column of the said voters list the word "sworn," or "affirmed," according to the fact.

4. Where the vote is objected to by any candidate or his agent, the Deputy Returning Officer shall enter the objection, or cause the same to be entered in the voters' list, by writing opposite the name of such person, in the proper column, the words "objected to," stating at the same time by which candidate or on behalf of which candidate the objection has been made, by adding after the words "objected to" the name only of such candidate.

5. Where such person as aforesaid has been required to take the oath or affirmation, and refuses to take the same, the Deputy Returning Officer shall enter or cause to be entered opposite the name of such person, in the proper column of the voters' list, the words "refused to be sworn," or "refused to affirm," according to the fact; and the vote of such person shall not be taken or received; and if taken and received it shall be null and void; and the Deputy Returning Officer shall for having taken and received such vote, or caused the same to be taken and received, incur a penalty of two hundred dollars.

6. Where the proper entries respecting the person so claiming to vote have been made in the voters' list in the manner prescribed, the Deputy Returning Officer shall sign his name or initials upon a ballot-paper and upon the counterfoil attached thereto.

7. The ballot-paper shall be detached from the counterfoil and shall be delivered to such person.

8. The counterfoil shall be retained in the book by the Deputy Returning Officer who shall write or otherwise mark upon such counterfoil the number prefixed to the name of such person upon the voters' list; and opposite the name of such person in the voters' list a mark shall be placed to denote that he has received a ballot-paper, but not showing the particular ballot-paper which he has received.

9. The Deputy Returning Officer shall take all necessary precaution for concealing, and shall conceal as far as possible from all persons present (including the Poll Clerk and the Agents of the Candidates, as well as all other persons) the number printed upon the ballot paper delivered to any person, and upon the counterfoil which was attached thereto, and shall not permit the counterfoil to be inspected by any person.

10. The Deputy Returning Officer may, and upon request shall, either personally or through his clerk, explain to the voter, as concisely as possible, the mode of voting and the colours in which the numbers and names of candidates are printed on the ballot paper.

VOTES OF DEPUTY RETURNING OFFICERS AND POLL CLERKS.

By chapter 3 of the Statutes of Ontario for 1874, section 25, every Deputy Returning Officer and Poll Clerk, who is otherwise qualified to vote at an election for a member to serve in the Legislative Assembly, shall be entitled to vote at such election; and so much of section 3 of the Election Law of 1868 as prohibits the said officers from voting is hereby repealed.

Deputy Returning Officers, Poll Clerks and Agents may vote at polling places where they are employed.

By the same Act, section 26 provides that the Returning Officer, on the request of any elector entitled to vote at one of the polling stations who shall be appointed Deputy Returning Officer or Poll Clerk, or who shall be named the Agent of any of the candidates for a polling station other than the one where he is entitled to vote, shall give to such elector a certificate that such Deputy Returning Officer, Poll Clerk or Agent is entitled to vote at such election at the polling station where such elector shall be stationed during the polling day; and such certificate shall also state the property or other qualification in respect of which he is entitled to vote; and on the production of such certificate, such Deputy Returning Officer, Poll Clerk or Agent shall have the right to vote at the polling station where he shall be placed during the polling day, instead of at the polling station of the polling sub-division where he would otherwise have been entitled to vote, and the Deputy Returning Officer shall attach the certificate to the voters' list; but no such certificate shall entitle any such elector to vote at such polling station unless he has been actually engaged as such Deputy Returning Officer, Poll Clerk or Agent during the day of polling, or shall entitle any Agent to vote who is disqualified under section 3 of the Election Law of 1868.

COUNTING THE BALLOTS.

Immediately after the close of the poll the Deputy Returning Officer is to open the ballot box and count the votes, keeping the ballot papers with their printed faces upwards, and allowing no person to see the number printed on the back.

Any ballot paper which has not on its back the name or initial of the Deputy Returning Officer, or on which votes are marked for more candidates than one, or on which anything except the name and initials of the Deputy Returning Officer are written or marked by which the voter can be identified, shall be void and shall not be counted.

The word "rejected" is to be marked on any ballot papers that are laid aside, and if any objection is raised, the words "objected to" are also to be written on the paper.

The Deputy Returning Officer is then to make out a statement as follows:—

Name of electoral division, subdivision, and date of election.

Number of votes for each candidate.

Papers wanting signatures or initials of Deputy Returning Officer.

Papers rejected at voting for more than one candidate.

Papers rejected because so marked that they may be identified.

Papers registered as unmarked or void for uncertainty.

Upon the completion of this statement it is to be signed by the Deputy Returning Officer, the Poll Clerk, and candidates or Agents present.

Not more than two agents for any candidate are to be present while the votes are being counted.

OFFENCES.

By section 27 of the Ballot Act, it is provided that no person shall

1. (*a*) Forge or counterfeit, or fraudulently alter, deface, or fraudulently destroy any ballot paper or the name or initials of the Deputy Returning Officer signed thereon; or

(*b*) Without due authority supply any ballot paper to any person; or

(*c*) Fraudulently put into any ballot-box any paper other than the ballot paper which is authorised by law to be put in; or

(*d*) Fraudulently take out of the polling place any ballot paper; or

(*e*) Without due authority destroy, take, open, or otherwise interfere with any ballot box or packet of ballot papers then in use for the purpose of the election.

2. No person shall attempt to commit any offence specified in this section.

3. Any person guilty of any violation of this section shall be liable, if he be a Returning Officer, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years, with or without hard labour; and if he be any other person, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months, with or without hard labour.

ILLEGAL ACTS.

The use of any party colours, flags, or ensigns.

Carrying arms, staves, swords, or bludgeons, or other offensive weapons within two miles of the polling place on the day of election.

The penalty for the commission of these offences is one hundred dollars.

Any person convicted of battery committed on the day of election, within two miles of any place where polling is going on, is liable to a penalty of fifty dollars.

Wilfully voting without the requisite qualification renders the offender liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Double voting or "repeating" is also punishable with a fine of two hundred dollars.

Fraudulent conveyance of land in order to give the right to vote, is an offence punishable with a fine of two hundred dollars.

EXPENSES OF ELECTIONS.

By the Statute of Ontario, 1873, section 7, it is provided that no payment (except in respect of the personal expenses of a candidate), and no advance, loan or deposit for the purposes of the election shall be made by or on behalf of any candidate at an election, before or during or after such election, otherwise than through an agent or agents, whose name and address or names and addresses has or have been declared in writing to the Returning Officer on or before the day of nomination, or through an agent or agents to be appointed in his or their place as herein provided; and no person shall make any such payment, advance, loan, or deposit for the purpose of the election, otherwise than through such agent or agents, under a penalty of being deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 8 provides for the publication by the Sheriff of the names of such agents.

Section 9 provides for the appointment of a substitute on the death or incapacity of an agent.

And by the Statute of Ontario, 1870-71, it is provided that

(1.) When it is found, upon the report of a Judge upon an election petition, that any corrupt practice has been committed by any candidate at an election, or by his agent, *whether with or without* the actual knowledge and consent of such candidate, the election of such candidate, if he has been elected, shall be void.

(2.) When it is found, by the report of a Judge upon an election petition, that any corrupt practice has been committed by or with the actual knowledge or consent of any candidate at an election, in addition to his election, if he has been elected, being void, he shall, during the eight years next after the date of his being so found guilty, be incapable of being elected to, and of sitting in the Legislative Assembly, and of being registered as a voter, and of voting at any election, and of holding any office at the nomination of the Crown or of the Lieutenant-Governor in Ontario, or any municipal office.

CORRUPT PRACTICES AT ELECTIONS.

By the 1st section of chapter 2 of the Statutes of Ontario for 1873, it is declared that "corrupt practices" or "corrupt practice" shall mean bribery, treating, and undue influence, or any of such offences, as defined by said or any Act of the Legislature, or recognized by the common law of the Parliament of England; also any violation of the 46th, 61st, or 71st sections of the Election Law of 1868; and any violation of the 66th section of such last mentioned Act during the hours appointed for polling.

The 46th section of said Act provides: If, at any election of a member to serve in the Legislative Assembly, any person knowingly personates and falsely assumes to vote in the name of another person whose name appears on the proper list of voters—whether such other person be then living or dead, or if the name of the said other person be the name of a fictitious person—every such person shall incur a penalty of $200.

The 61st section provides: That no candidate shall, nor shall any other person either provide or furnish drink or other entertainment, at the expense of such candidate or other person, to any meeting of electors assembled for the purpose of promoting such election, previous to or during such election, or pay or promise to pay, or promise or engage to pay for any such drink or other entertainment; except that nothing herein contained shall extend to any entertainment furnished to any such meeting of electors, by or at the expense of any person or persons, at his, her, or their usual place of residence.

The 71st section provides: That the hiring or promising to pay or paying for any horse, team, carriage, cab or other vehicle by any candidate, or by any person on his behalf to convey voters, or near, or from the poll or from the neighbourhood thereof, at any election, or the payment by any candidate, or by any person on his behalf, of the travelling and other expenses of any voter in going to or returning from any election, shall be illegal acts, and the person so offending shall thereby incur a penalty of $100, and any elector who shall hire any horse, cab, cart, waggon, sleigh, carriage, or other conveyance, for any candidate or for any agent of a candidate, for the purpose of conveying electors to or from the polling place or places, shall *ipso facto* be disqualified from voting at such election, and for such offence shall incur a penalty of $100.

The 66th section provides: That every hotel, tavern, and shop in which spirituous liquors or drinks are ordinarily sold, shall be closed during the day appointed for polling in the wards or municipalities in which the polls are held, and no spirituous or fermented liquors or drinks shall be sold or given to any person within the limits of such municipality during such period, under a penalty of one hundred dollars in every such case.

By the 67th section of the Act of 1868–'69 the following persons shall be deemed guilty of bribery, and shall be punishable accordingly:

(1.) Every person who shall directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, give, lend, or agree to give or lend, or shall offer or promise any money or valuable consideration, to or for any voter, or to or for any person on behalf of any voter, or to or for any person in order to induce any voter to vote or refrain from voting, or shall corruptly do any such act as aforesaid on account of such voter having voted or refrained from voting at any such election.

(2.) Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, give or procure, or agree to give or procure, or offer or promise, any office, place or employment, or promise to procure, or endeavour to procure any office, place or employment to or for any voter, or to or for any person, in order to induce such voter to vote or refrain from voting, or shall corruptly do any such act as aforesaid on account of any such voter having voted or refrained from voting at any election.

(3.) Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, make any gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement or agreement as aforesaid, to or for any person, in order to induce such person to procure or endeavour to procure the return of any person to serve in Parliament, or the vote of any voter at any election.

(4.) Every person who shall, upon or in consequence of any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement, or agreement, procure or engage, promise or endeavour to procure, the return of any person to serve in Parliament, or the vote of any voter at any election.

(5.) Every person who shall advance or pay, or cause to be paid, any money to or to the use of any other person, with the intent that such money or any part thereof shall be expended in bribery at any election, or who shall knowingly pay or cause to be paid any money to any person in discharge or repayment of any money wholly or in part expended in bribery at any election.

(6.) Any person so offending shall incur a penalty of two hundred dollars: Provided always, that the actual personal expenses of any candidate, his expenses for actual professional services performed, *bona fide* payments for the fair cost of printing and advertising, shall be held to be expenses lawfully incurred, and the payment thereof shall not be a contravention of this Act.

Section 68 provides that the following persons shall also be deemed guilty of bribery, and punishable accordingly:—

(1.) Every voter who shall, before or during any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, receive, agree or contract for any money, gift, loan, or valuable consideration, office, place or employment, for himself or any other person, for voting or agreeing to vote, or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting at any election.

(2.) Every person who shall, after any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, receive any money or valuable consideration on account of any person having voted or refrained from voting, or having induced any other person to vote or to refrain from voting at any election.

2. Any person so offending shall incur a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparts, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil. I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3727

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732.

New Style of Upholstering.—Don't fail to see the beautiful Drawing Room Set on exhibition in the window of Angus & Co's new furniture warerooms, 85 and 87 Sparks street. 3740-3m

THE ELECTIONS.

List of Candidates.

	O.	I.	M.
Addington, Deroche	0	0	1
" Mace	1	0	0
Algoma, Dawson	0	0	1
Brant, N. R., Finlayson	0	0	1
" Campbell	0	0	1
" Crawford	1	0	1
Brockville, Fitzsimmons	1	0	0
" Cole	0	0	1
Bruce, N. R., Sinclair (Dr.)	0	1	0
" " Sinclair	0	0	1
" S. R., Wells	0	0	1
" " Ross	0	1	0
Cardwell, Bowles	0	0	1
" Flesher	1	0	0
Cornwall, McIntyre	1	0	0
" Snetsinger	0	0	1
Dufferin	0	0	0
Dundas, Cook	0	0	1
" Broder	1	0	0
Durham, E. R., Rosevear	1	0	0
" " Smith (Seth)	0	0	1
Durham, W. R., McLeod	0	0	1
" " McClung	1	0	0
Elgin, E. R., Askell	1	0	0
" " Wilson	0	0	1
Elgin, W. R., Munro	1	0	0
" " Hodgins	0	0	1
Essex, S. R., Atkin	0	0	1
" " Wigle	1	0	0
Essex, N. R., Prince	0	0	1
" " Montreal	0	0	1
" " Patterson	1	0	0
Frontenac, Graham	1	0	0
" Dawson	0	0	1
Glengarry, Grant	1	0	0
" McNab	0	0	1
Grenville, S. R., Fraser	0	0	1
" " Irvine	1	0	0
Grey, N. R., Scott	1	0	0
" " McFayden	0	0	1
Grey, S. R., Hunter	0	0	1
" " Hopkins	1	0	0
" " Nasmith	1	0	0
Grey, E. R., Lauder	1	0	0
" Brown	0	0	1
Haldimand, Baxter	0	0	1
" Waldbrook	1	0	0
Halton, Barber	0	0	1
" Beaty	1	0	0
Hastings, W. R., Lewis	0	0	1
" " Graham	0	0	1
" " Wills	1	0	0
Hastings, E. R., Appley	1	0	0
" " Wilson	1	0	0
" " Potts	1	0	0
Hastings, N. R., Boulter	1	0	0
" " O'Flynn	0	0	1
Huron, E. R., Vannorman	1	0	0
" " Gibson	0	0	1
Huron, S. R., Bishop	0	0	1
" " Case	1	0	0
Huron, W. R., Davidson	1	0	0
" " Ross	0	0	1
Kent, E. R., McKellar	0	0	1
" " Laird	1	0	0
Kent, W. R., Coutts	1	0	0
" " White	0	0	1
Kingston, McGammon	1	0	0
" Robinson	0	0	1
Lambton, E. R., Shirley	1	0	0
" " Graham	0	0	1
Lambton, W. R., Pardee	0	0	1
" " Chalmers	1	0	0
Lanark, N. R., Mostyn	1	0	0
" " Caldwell	0	0	1
Lanark, S. R., Code	1	0	0
" " Doran	0	0	1
Leeds and Grenville, N. R. Merrick	1	0	0
" " Smith	0	0	1
" " Reid	1	0	0
Leeds, S. R., Preston	1	0	0
" Fields	0	0	1
Lennox, Grange	0	1	0
" Casey	0	0	1
" Booth	1	0	0
Lincoln, Rykert	1	0	0
" Neelon	0	0	1
London, Meredith	1	0	0
" Durand	0	0	1
Middlesex, N. R. Macdougall	1	0	1
" " Smith	0	0	1
Middlesex, E. R., Tooley	1	0	0
" " Evans	0	0	1
Middlesex, W. R., Currie (N.)	0	0	1
" " Watterworth	1	0	0
Monck, Haney	0	0	1
" Hill	1	0	0
Muskoka, Long (J.)	1	0	0
" Miller	0	0	1
Norfolk, N. R., Clarke	0	0	1
" " McKnight	1	0	0
Norfolk, S. R., Richardson	1	0	0
" " McCall	0	0	1
Northumberland, E. R., Cochrane	1	0	0
" " Ferris	0	0	1
" " Webb	0	0	1
Northumberland, W. R., Gifford	1	0	0
" " Hargraft	0	0	1
Ontario, N. R., McRae	1	0	0
" " Paxton	0	0	1
Ontario, S. R., Brown	1	0	0
" " Farewell	0	0	1
Ottawa, O'Donoghue	0	0	1
" Nagle	0	0	1
" Featherston	0	0	1
" O'Connor	1	0	0
Oxford, S. R. Oliver	0	0	1
" " Macdonald	0	0	1
" " Devlin	0	0	1
" " Hopkins	0	0	1
Peel, Beyon	1	0	0
" Chisolm	0	0	1
Perth, N. R., Daly	1	0	0
" " Towner	0	0	1
" " Hay	0	0	1
Perth, S. R., Leverage	1	0	0
" " Ballantyne	0	0	1
Peterborough, W. R., Scott	1	0	0
" " Cox	0	0	1
Peterborough, E. R., O'Sullivan	1	0	0
" " Stratton	0	0	1
Prescott, Pattee	0	0	1
" Harkin	1	0	0
Prince Edward, Clapp	1	0	0
" Striker	0	0	1
Renfrew, N. R., Deacon	1	0	0
" " Moffatt	0	0	1
" Baker	1	0	0
" Morgan	0	0	1
Simcoe, W. R., Long (T.)	1	0	0
" " McConkey	0	0	1
" " Simpson	0	0	1
Simcoe, S. R., Boulton	1	0	0
" " Snelling	0	0	1
Simcoe, E. R., Kean	1	0	0
" " Sutherland	0	0	1
Stormont, Bethune	1	0	0
" Colquhoun	1	0	0
Toronto, E. R., Cameron	1	0	0
" " Crooks	0	0	1
Toronto, W. R., Bell	1	0	0
" " Thomson	0	0	1
Victoria, N. R., McCrea	1	0	0
Victoria, S. R., Wood	0	0	1
" " Cottingham	1	0	0
Waterloo, N. R., Miller	1	0	0
" " Springer	0	0	1
Welland, Buchner	1	0	0
" Currie	0	0	1
Wellington, N. R., McKim	0	0	1
" " McGowan	1	0	0
" S. R., Gow	0	0	1
Wentworth, N. R., Stock	1	0	1
" " Christie	0	0	0
Wentworth, S. R., Sexton	0	0	1
" " Sphon	0	1	0
York, N. R., Jackson	0	1	1
" " Widdifield	0	0	0
York, E. R., Lane	0	0	1
" " McDougall	1	0	0

MEMBERS ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION.

	G.	O.	I.
Brant South—Hardy	1	0	0
Hamilton—Williams	1	0	0
Oxford North—Mowat	1	0	0
Wellington Centre—Clarke C.	1	0	0
York West—Patterson	1	0	0
Renfrew South—Bonfield	1	0	0
Waterloo South—Fleming	1	0	0
Carleton—Monk	0	1	0
	7	1	0

PAIN-KILLER.

After thirty-five years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Physicians of the first respectability recommend it as a most effectual preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but for Dysentery or Cholera, or any sort of Bowel complaint it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency and rapidity of action. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

It is used Internally and Externally.

Sold everywhere. Price 25 cts.
PERRY DAVIS & SON, Sole Proprietors.
January 15th, 1875. 3741

MINERAL WATER.

The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Cair's, Lower Town.
Oct. 8th, 1874.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Fresh Oysters in Shell.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

New York Bay Oysters in Shell.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

Photography.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

For Christmas and New Year's presents, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724-tf.

The best value in Winceys at Bryson's. 3695 1m.

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Musca Wine. 3698

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

Gents, try MacLaren & Chalmers' cutter. One trial will secure to them your patronage. 3698

Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695 1m

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732.

Skin Diseases, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3589-tf.

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 35 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

FOWLE'S

PILE AND HUMOR CURE.

For Internal and External Use

WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 3718
Dec. 14, '75

Election Notices.

ELECTORS

OF THE

CITY OF OTTAWA.

Friends and Supporters of Mr. D. J. O'Donoghue having Teams at their disposal, and wishing to render a service to the popular Candidate, will please send in their name to the Undersigned, at Mr. McCaffrey's Hotel as early as possible.

JOHN CASEY.

January 16th.

Russell Election.

MR. IRA MORGAN

Has appointed Mr. EDWARD TURNBULL, of Russell, his Financial Agent.

MR. ADAM J. BAKER

Has appointed Mr. WILLIAM STRINGER, of Osgoode, his Financial Agent.

Jan. 14, 1875. 3742-5

Miscellaneous.

Vote for

FEATHERSTON,

And buy your

China, Crockery, Glassware, Lamp Goods, Cutlery, Baskets and

COAL OIL!

—AT—

JAMES ASHFIELD'S,
Duke Street.

Jan. 16, 1875.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

BALTIMORE OYSTERS

To be had in perfection, at

James Buchanan's

SUSSEX STREET.

January 6th, 1875. 1m

Election Notices.

Provincial Elections.

CITY OF OTTAWA.

The Liberal and moderate men of all parties in Ottawa, who desire to see Ottawa creditably represented in the next Legislature of Ontario by the election of our fellow-citizen Mr. John P. Featherston, are reminded that all who can possibly supply horses and vehicles, without hire, on the 18th of January, the day of election, are requested to send in their names to the following gentlemen, in order that arrangements may be made in due time:

VICTORIA WARD.........E. H. BRONSON.
WELLINGTON WARD....C. W. BANGS.
ST. GEORGE'S WARD....DR. SWEETLAND.
BY WARD....................MICHAEL STARRS.
OTTAWA WARD.............A. O. ROCQUE.

D. M. GRANT.
Secretary General Committee.

Your

VOTE AND INFLUENCE

—ARE—

Respectfully Solicited

—FOR—

J. P. FEATHERSTON,

To Represent the City of Ottawa in the Local Legislature.

Central Cmmittee Rooms;

Bangs' Block, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets.

Jan. 14, 1875.

To the Electors

OF THE

CITY OF OTTAWA

Gentlemen:—Having been nominated a candidate to represent the City of Ottawa in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, and having been requested by numerous and influential voters, representing all classes and political parties of my fellow-citizens, to accept the position, and to submit myself to your suffrages, I assent, with firm confidence that you will take into consideration the fact that I have endeavoured, while sitting at your Council Board, and while acting as your Mayor, to discharge with zeal and fidelity the duties you have so frequently imposed upon me.

I am an adherent of the Reform party of Ontario, and as such, if elected, while claiming and exercising the right to think and decide independently, shall give an honest, but not servile, support to the present Government.

I shall carefully watch every action of the Executive, and shall not hesitate to criticise, and, if necessary, condemn any wrong doing.

To the important interests of the lumber trade I shall give special attention, convinced that the prosperity of the City of Ottawa is deeply involved therein, and to be able to do so with accurate knowledge shall seek the aid of those of my fellow-citizens who are best qualified to give reliable information and safe advice.

In these matters, and in all others that affect the welfare of the eastern section of the Province of Ontario, I shall be willing, and shall labour to co-operate with its representatives regardless of political associations.

Believing that the future greatness of Canada depends entirely upon the strength and prosperity of its working men, I shall be ever mindful to attend to their interests, and to give to all measures submitted for their benefit a careful and fair consideration.

The welfare of our schools and charitable institutions, and especially the completion and organization of the Normal and Model Schools, shall be to me subjects of constant care.

I desire to represent the moderate men of all parties, and my earnest efforts shall be directed, as a supporter of a Liberal Government, to act with justice and impartiality to the various nationalities that form the mixed population of our common country.

I have made Ottawa my home. I have no local attachment elsewhere. My interests and yours are identical.

Grateful for the confidence you have reposed in me during the past eight years that I have served in the City Council, I seek your good will and suffrages to place me in a higher and more responsible position than any I have heretofore occupied, and if honoured with your confidence you may rest assured that as your representative in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, I shall do my best, earnestly and assiduously, to promote the general prosperity and good government of our Province, and to give special attention to the interests of the City of Ottawa and the Ottawa District.

J. P. FEATHERSTON

Ottawa, January, 14th, 1875.

To the

Electors of Ottawa.

Gentlemen,—Through the dissolution of the Local Legislature, in a short time you will be called upon to elect a representative in the House for the ensuing term. Elected by a large majority when I had the honor to solicit your suffrages before, I trust that my conduct while in Parliament will meet with the full confidence of the whole people at the coming election, and as a consequence I once more present myself as a candidate for your suffrages on the occasion. Should I be deemed worthy of your approval in the future as in the past, my humble support will be given to the present government in all measures for the benefit of the whole country. I ask assistance in opposing chicanery and double-dealing, and in favour of one who will neither be cajoled or purchased.

Hoping to meet you all at public meetings, and if possible personally, before the day of polling,

I remain,
Yours respectfully,

DAN. J. O'DONOGHUE.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1874.

Ontario Legislature.

CITY OF OTTAWA.

The Candidates for Election to the Ontario Legislature for the City of Ottawa, have, in accordance with the Act in that behalf, appointed their Agents as follows:—

CANDIDATE.

J. P. FEATHERSTON, Esq., P. Pennock, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Solicitor, Agent.

Hon J. O'CONNOR ..... G. O'Doherty, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Solicitor, Agent.

D. J. O'DONOGHUE, Esq., John ..., of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Merchant, Agent.

W. H. WALLER, Esq., ... Wm. ..., of the City of Ottawa, of the County of Carleton, Merchant, Agent.

RICHARD NAGLE, Esq., W. H. Nagle, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Importer, Agent.

W. F. POWELL,
Returning Officer.

Ottawa, Jan. 11th, 1875.

Workingmen, rally around your Candidate, and give him a hearty support.

Your vote and influence are respectfully solicited for D. J. O'Donoghue.

Vote for D. J. O'Donoghue who has so well represented your interests in the Local Legislature.

Election Notices.

1875. 1875.

Public Notice.

Election for the Province of Ontario.

As Returning Officer for the Electoral District of the City of Ottawa, I hereby give public notice that the following sub-divisions of the said Municipality have been made, and are hereby made known for the information of the public in accordance with the statute in that behalf:—

Victoria Ward.

Sub-Division No. 1.

All that part of Victoria Ward, lying north of Queen street, from Victoria bridge to the Bay.

POLLING PLACE—Market House on Lot 1 C.

No. 2—North by Queen street, South by Richmond road, East by Victoria Bridge, West by City Limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 12 I, Queen street, facing Lloyd street.

No. 3—All north of Wellington street, from Dufferin Bridge to Victoria Bridge.

POLLING PLACE—Lot A 4, Wellington street north.

Wellington Ward.

No. 4.—East by Concession Line A; West by Division street, North by George street and Victoria Terrace, South by City Limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 40 (Sherwood Block) Concession Line A.

No. 5.—East by Sally street and Frank street to intersection of Maria street, through centre of said street to intersection of High street and thence south to City Limits, West by Concession, North by Wellington street. South by City Limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 11, Maria street North.

No. 6.—West by Sally and Frank streets to intersection of Maria street, thence in a line through the centre of said street, to intersection of Hugh street and thence south to city limits, East by Bank street, North by Wellington street. South by City Limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 11, Sally street East (Engine House).

No. 7.—West by Bank street, East by O'Connor and Tyler street, North by Wellington street. South by City Limits.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot 42, Albert street South.

No. 8—West by O'Connor street, east by Metcalfe street, north by Wellington street, south by city limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 14, Queen street, south (east of A).

No. 9—West by Metcalfe and Moberly streets, east by Rideau Canal, north by Wellington street, south by city limits.

POLLING PLACE—City Hall.

St. George's Ward.

No. 10—North by George street and Rideau street north to Cumberland street, Rideau street south to lot 4, Cumberland street, west by Rideau Canal, east by Cumberland street.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 17, St. Paul street (engine house.)

No. 11—Both sides of St. Paul street. South by Theodore street. West by Rideau Canal, East by Cumberland street.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 2, Besserer street south (Armstrong's).

No. 12—Both sides of Rideau street, south by Besserer street, west by Cumberland street, east by Rideau Canal.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 21, Rideau street north.

No. 13—North by Besserer street. South by Stewart street. West by Cumberland street. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 37, Daly street north.

No. 14.—North by Stewart street. South by city limits. West by Cumberland street, till it intersects with Theodore street, thence westerly to Canal. East by Rideau river.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 27, Wilbrod street.

By Ward.

No. 15.—South by George street. North by York street. West by Major's Hill, including Lots A to G on Sussex street west. East by Nelson street.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 8, George street north (Engine House.)

No. 16.—South by a line running in rear of Lots facing Rideau street north. North by a line running in rear of lots facing Parry and Franklin streets. West by Nelson street. East by Rideau river.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 24, Parry street south.

No. 17.—South by York street and a line running in rear of lots facing Parry and Franklin streets. North by Clarence, Parry and Franklin streets. West by Major's Hill, including lots on Sussex street west, from Lot H. to S., both inclusive. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 13, North York street.

No. 18.—South by Clarence, Parry and Franklin streets. North by Murray street, and a line running in rear of lots facing Ottawa street. West by Sussex street. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 27, Murray street (Engine House.)

No. 19.—South by Murray street and a line running in rear of lots facing Ottawa street. North by Patrick and Ottawa streets. West by Sussex street. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 16, Murray street north (Engine House.)

Ottawa Ward.

No. 20.—South by Patrick street. North by rear of and including lots on Church street north. West by Government Reserve, including lots 1 to 16 on Sussex street west. East by King street.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot 16, Church street north.

No. 21.—South by Ottawa street. North by Cathcart street. West by King street. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot D, Park street south.

No. 22.—South, includes both sides of St. Andrew's street; North by Cathcart street, (to Lot 32); West by Sussex street; East by King street.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot 16, Bolton street, north (Ordnance.)

No. 23.—South by Cathcart street, North by McTaggart street, West by the Ottawa river, East by the Rideau river.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot

No. 24.—South by McTaggart street. North by the Ottawa river, West by the Ottawa river, East by the Rideau river.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot 12, Emigration Office.

W. F. POWELL,
Returning Officer.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.
Oct. 7, 1874. 369ly d&w.

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 365.

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 369ldw.

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

☞ Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 367d-y

WHOLESALE
Ready-Made
CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favorably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand the requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTERS

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 19, 1874. 8203

Hardware, &c.

THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

☞ For sale by all Oilmen.

Oct. 4, 1874. 3716-y

HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.

No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware

In the city is to be found at

THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods be defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 11, 1874.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Hobson & Weston, L. Crannell, Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
35 Sussex-St.

Oct. 3, 1874. 3229

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency

OTTAWA, ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO., - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.

Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 28, 1874. 14 61

Hotels.

THE CLARENDON HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the **Corner of Sussex and George Streets,** within three to five minutes' walk of Post Office and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 1st January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort, unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,

One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms

are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms

are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms

are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms

are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my Table will be one of the best in Canada.

N. B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.

Dec. 26th, 1874. 372

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronize the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; commodious sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

☞ Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 369

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD

USE THE

Diamond Yeast Cakes

Gift Enterprises.

A NOTHER

OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The managements are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts	$20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each	100,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 23, 1874. 372d&2awkdaw

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 17th Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000 } Each in Cash
Two Prizes, $500 }
Five Prizes $100
1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.
One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth
Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300
Three Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.
Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth 100 each!
1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,000.

☞ Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twenty Tickets $20; Twenty-five Tickets $25.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 427,
Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 26, 1874. 364 d&w

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK, VA.

DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature passed March 8th, 1873.

50,000 TICKETS—6000 CASH GIFTS,

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of	$ 30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	10,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	9,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	15,000
28 Cash Gifts of 500 each	14,000
43 Cash Gifts of $250 each	10,750
70 Cash Gifts of $150 each	11,250
250 Cash Gifts of $100 each	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of $50 each	28,900
5,000 Cash Gifts of $10 each	50,000
6,000 Cash Gifts, aggregating	$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $10; Halves, $5; Quarter Tickets, $2 50; Eleven tickets, $100.

For Tickets and Circulars, &c., address,

HENRY V. MOORE, Sec'retary,
Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 25, 1874. 270d&w

Miscellaneous.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON,)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO.,
Sparks Street, near Bank.

NOTICE

All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. E. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 23 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents,

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

☞ Call and see them. ☜

Dec. 17, 1874.

Furniture.

NEW

Furniture Warerooms.

ANGUS & CO.

Dealers in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cornices and Curtains.

85 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite Henry's New Block.

Jan. 11, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

☞ SMALL ADVANCE ON COST. ☜

Call and Judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND DOOR WEST OF COGNIN'S.

May 9, 1874. 284y

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

☞ 60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2149

Boots & Shoes.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots.

" Embossed and Plain Felt Congress.

Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress.

Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Felt Balt.

Felt Overs.

A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter foot-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at REDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an entire clearance.

Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB,
25 Sussex-st.

Jan. 9, 1875.

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 19 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes, Mitts, Rubbers, Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN,
Sign of the Big Boot.

Dec. 24, 1874.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN:

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

BOOTS, SHOES, MOCCASINS, MITTS, &c.

AT

W. E. BROWN,
15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.

Dec. 24, 1874. 369r d&w

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

☞ Remember the place, PRATT BROS.
Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Chillon & Lefebvre.

F 366 3y

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets.

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH,

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds,
Geese from 8 to 16 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 22, 1874. 372-tf

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

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P. BUCKLEY,
Agent.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1874.

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MACHINERY DEPOT,

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Oct. 17 1874 364y

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MOORE BROS.,

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Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil.

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And Lawn Mowers.

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Jan. 7, 1875. 3673

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BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES

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ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces. ☞ Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

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Only 50c. per lb.

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Thanking their numerous friends and customers for the patronage bestowed upon them since commencing business, would remind them that being in a position (through purchasing their Goods previous to advance in Wholesale markets) to sell cheap, they will offer to them during the Holidays, value in quality and cheapness that cannot be surpassed in the city, viz.:

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5 lbs. Raisins	80cts.	3 lbs. Raisins	30cts
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Dec. 21st, 1874.

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To Economical Housekeepers!

Use the British Egg and Butter Powder!

A Perfect Substitute for Eggs!
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FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.

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Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3m

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Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.

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Restore your Sight—

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By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overcome Sore Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eye.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY BURTHENING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

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STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

Irish Nolans Bevel, 8 x 10 tables, complete with cues, &c., and having the celebrated

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of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $200 gold.

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successor to Phelan & Collender
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☞ GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchical and Throat Affections. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY GRAY, Chemist, 2009 Kentucky Street (Trade Mark secured) Montreal.

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Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

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FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crockery variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Squeezers; Curtis's Sugar Wafers; Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer Also Glasgow Pease Meal.

Dec. 24 1874. THOS. PATTERSON.

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HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 38 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, Teas and Sugar in particular at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not honesty lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

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LONDON HOUSE!

We are showing

The Cheapest Fancy Dress Silks in the City.

UNEQUALLED FOR RICHNESS.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT

is under the superior management of Mr. S. A. ARMSTRONG. The system we use is the Cornwall Chart, the only method in which a perfect fit can be secured.

HANEY & FORGIE.

Jan. 11, 1875. 367y

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens, Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYAN'S,

Dec. 5, 1874. 234 Wellington-St

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Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING TAILORING.

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $18 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7 50 upward.

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Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $6.50 to $8.50.
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $8.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upwards.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward.

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

☞ 55 SPARKS STREET. ☜

Nov. 11, 1874. 367 3m

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars

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A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875. 368

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N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor unless he signs receipts himself.

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The largest and Best-selected assortment of

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☞ The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries. ☜

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian and Coloured Marbles of new and elegant designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Reading to Fireplace either Flush or Mounted.

June 26, 1874.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 23, 1874. 3679

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Grey's Creed of Christendom, 2 vols	$4 50
Do Enigmas of Life	1 50
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Popular Science Monthly, vols. 1 to 5 each	2 50
Proctor's The Transits of Venus	2 50
Around the Tea Table, by Talmage, illustrated	3 00

For sale at

HENDERSON & Co's,

39 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 8, 1875.

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FOR THE

PIANOFORTE.

It Stands the Test! Sells 25,000 Yearly, and is gaining friends everywhere.

No piano instruction book ever issued approaches it for real merit and worth, and no teachers regret using it in their course of instruction. This work is a power to the musical advance of the day, and has been a most important agent in the recent tremendous increase of musical knowledge of the Pianoforte.

This discovery of

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is world-wide, and prompts many competitors to take advantage that of all others "OMBLESO," and it stands to-day incontestably superior to all other Piano Methods.

Used by thousands of Music Teachers and sold by all Book and Music Dealers in the Country and Canada.

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BOOKS!

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10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. SAUGHTER'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Every bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 500 odd boxes of Stationery.

Dec 21, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

Put your mark X opposite the red lines on the ballot paper.

GOT BAIL.—Mr. Ezra McCrea, who has been in gaol awaiting his trial for being implicated in the robbery of the mail on the Canada Central Railway, was yesterday liberated on bail.

The Rev. Chas. Chapman, M.A., late of Bath, England, will lecture in the Congregational Church, Elgin street, on Monday evening, at 8 o'clock. Subject, "Oliver Cromwell," instead of "Common things," as at first announced.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S.—At this church, New Edinburgh, we understand that on Sunday next (to-morrow), Ven. Archdeacon Gilson, of Stafford, England, will preach at the morning service, commencing at 11 o'clock.

The Rev. Chas. Chapman, M.A., late of Bath, England, will lecture in the Congregational Church, Elgin Street, on Monday Evening, at 8 o'clock. Subject, "Oliver Cromwell," instead of "Common Things," as at first announced. 3744-2

Mark your ballot paper thus X in the blank space at the end of Featherston's name.

GUARD'S ASSEMBLY.—The third assembly under the auspices of the G. G. F. G. will take place on Monday evening, the 18th inst., at the Russell House, when we have no doubt it will be as successful as those which have preceded it.

L'ORIGNAL AND CALEDONIA RAILWAY CO.—By reference to another column, it will be seen that a meeting of the Provisional Directors of the above company, will be held at the Russell House on Thursday the 21st of January.

IN PURSUIT.—Detective Hamilton has proceeded to Montreal in search of Stewart the confidence-game man, who has gained some notoriety in the city. He will doubtless be able to apprehend him if at all within the precincts of the Commercial City.

L'ORIGINAL RAILWAY.—As will be seen in another column, a meeting of the Directors of the L'Original and Caledonia Railway will take place at the Russell House on Thursday next, the 21st inst. A good meeting is desirable, with a view to the successful promotion of this enterprise.

O'Connor's supporters took the blues yesterday.

THE DOMINION.—We don't allude to the whole broad area in this matter, but if any of its sons, or any other man, requires a dish of prime Princess Bay oysters, a steak from Satchell's, or an old glass of ale, call at the "Dominion" Restaurant, Rajotte's Block, Wellington street, opposite Parliament Buildings.

MESSRS. SMITH & STEWART, Centre Town, and J. H. Langford, Upper Town, booksellers, have shown their usual enterprise in obtaining a magnificent set of views in the city of Winnipeg, including one showing the place of Scott's execution "outside the ramparts of Fort Garry." They will be on exhibition for a few days. 3744

NEW CIVIC BODY.—On Monday next, at noon, the members elect of the Board of Aldermen will meet for organization for the current year. It is questionable whether a quorum can be got together at that hour, but should it so happen, it is more than probable that an adjournment will take place. It is rather unfortunate that the election clashes with the organization of the various municipalities throughout Ontario.

It's a blue look-out for O'Connor, judging from his choice of colour yesterday.

UNAVOIDABLY POSTPONED.—The De Murska concert company who were to have given their concert last night, were detained by snow between here and Prescott. This unavoidable postponement, no doubt caused some disappointment, but it will be amply compensated by their appearance to night. We bespeak for this talented company a bumper house, and from the expectation which their advent has raised, we anticipate that this will be the case.

SAD ACCIDENT.—Yesterday an accident occurred in the vicinity of the gas house, that almost proved fatal to J. B. Lambkin, eldest son of Sergt. Lambkin, of the Governor General's Foot Guards. He had been engaged at work on a scaffold on the new gasmeter, when falling off a plank, he fell to the ground, a distance of over 20 feet, fracturing his arm and dislocating his hip. Dr. Beaubien was immediately summoned and rendered all the surgical aid necessary. It is a miracle that he was not killed.

Vote for the Royal Red—Featherston's victorious colour.

THE WEATHER.—Since the recent fall of snow an intense frost has set in, and the temperature yesterday marked a very low degree indeed, at one time, going as low as 20°. Last night was even colder and it is believed that a much lower temperature will again be recorded this morning. This weather will have a decided effect in regulating the temperature of the different candidates who are now seeking legislative honors. The Tory candidate had better enjoy the pleasures of his fireside retreat, than face the terrible severity of such weather.

THE GREAT TROTTING MATCH.—The great trotting match for $1,000 a side, between the nags of Sheriff Powell and Mr. Baxter Cutler, takes place to-day at two o'clock p. m., on the Ottawa river. It was at first contemplated to hold the race on the Rideau Canal, but the withdrawal of the water therefrom by the authorities has necessitated a change to the place before mentioned. Pools were sold last night in the Union House, and betting was pretty lively in sporting circles. The issue of the race is considered very doubtful, as both horses are very evenly matched.

O'Connor's supporters took the blues yesterday.

THE JOHN HENEY.—The annual meeting for the election of officers of the John Heney steam fire engine company was held on Wednesday evening when the following gentlemen were returned to the various positions:—W. McCaffrey, Captain; James Gleeson, 1st Lieut.; John Burgess, 2nd Lieut.; John Casey, Secretary; Thomas Burgess, Treasurer; James Burns, 1st branchman; Frank Taylor, 2nd branchman. A vote of thanks was tendered to Chief Young, who courteously discharged the duties of the chair during the meeting.

MISS DE MONTFORD'S MESMERIC ENTERTAINMENT.—The Rink Music Hall was again well filled last night to witness this talented lady's performances. As on the previous evening, she was successful in putting a number of young men under her mesmeric influence, and as then kept the audience in roars of laughter over the grotesque antics of her dupes, if such they could be called. In addition to the usual delusions put upon the spell-bound youths, one was made to personate His Excellency the Governor General, while another fancied himself the Hon. the leader of Her Majesty's opposition in the Canadian Parliament, and in an able speech showed why he should be returned to Parliament. Altogether the entertainment was highly amusing, and the best testimony than can be paid Miss DeMontford, perhaps was that at this exciting political crisis several of the leading spirits of the city took time to witness a really amusing entertainment. Miss DeMontford gives another entertainment to-night, when she will introduce "Miss Maria's Tea Party." The invited guests will doubtless show how they can bear themselves at table, as well as the extent of their appetites.

MASS MEETING AT THE CHAUDIERE.

The Local Election in Victoria Ward.

Featherston the Unanimous Choice.

A large and influential meeting of the electors of Victoria Ward was held last night in Duke Street School House. The building was crowded to suffocation. Many of the leading men in that district were present, among whom were Messrs. Perley, Booth, Bronson, Young, Baldwin, Merrill and many others. The feeling from the start was manifestly in favor of Mr. Featherston, whose entry was greeted with rounds of applause.

Ald. David was moved into the chair and briefly explained the object of the meeting.

Mr. Featherston was the first to address the meeting. He reviewed at some length the course of the Ontario Administration, and marked his approval of their policy. He dwelt in detail on the many useful and practical measures they had passed in the interest of the country, especially the Valley of the Ottawa, and deemed it the height of folly to elect a man that would not give them a cordial support. The principal points of his speech of the evening before were again adduced and one after the other loudly applauded. He concluded by stating, that if returned for the city he would use his utmost endeavors to promote its interests and trusted in the discharge of that duty to faithfully represent all classes of the citizens irrespective of creed or nationality. (Great applause.)

Mr. O'Donoghue followed in much the same strain as he spoke in his very able address at Gowan's Hall. He acknowledged the great ability and experience of the Mayor, but thought the citizens should leave him in that capacity. He had been told that the lumbermen were going to coerce their employees into voting for Mr. Featherston, and he trusted that they would vote conscientiously under the ballot. If money were offered he advised them to take it and then vote in accordance with their consciences. He reiterated his determination to give a cordial support to the Government, and resented strongly the charge that they had tampered with him. He had become a convert from the conviction that they were the most interested in the welfare of the country, and in the interest of those who elected him. He explained at length the system of voting by ballot, and told them that his colour was green, and asked the electors to make the sign of the cross to the right. Mr. Featherston's colour was red, and that of the Tory candidate blue; but he felt satisfied that they would put their mark in his favour, who had endeavoured to do his duty by them to the best of his ability.

In response to a question why he went to Kingston and Hamilton, he explained that he did not do it from a party motive, but to assist his friend Mr. Witton at the latter city. He did not deny that at Kingston he resigned in favour of Sir John A. Macdonald. After some further observations Mr. O'Donoghue retired amid the cheers of some friends.

Mr. Mosgrove next addressed the meeting on behalf of the Hon. John O'Connor, but the audience did not seem disposed to listen to him, and he was obliged to retire.

Mr. Bronson, was the next to speak. He returned thanks for the liberal support proffered him in the event of his being a candidate. It was considered, however, that Mr. Featherston was by far, from his experience in public affairs, the most able man to represent their interests and to this he gave his cordial assent and retired in his favour. He repelled the insinuation that the Reform Association had no right to name a candidate. He said that even two men could select a candidate, but it was for the people to say whether they would elect him or not. He did not reflect upon the candidature of Mr. O'Donoghue on account of his poverty, but owing to his want of decision, and only representing a class of the citizens. As to Mr. O'Connor, he had no stake in the city and no interest in its people, and if there were any honours to bestow, why not give it to those who had been mainly instrumental in promoting the welfare of the city. (Cheers.) He then went into the general policy of the Government, and cited many instances of their attention to the interests of this city and the surrounding country. He approved of the projected Free Trade policy of the Dominion, in which he foresaw a great and prosperous future for the Capital of Canada. He deprecated the idea of sending a person either to Toronto or Ottawa who would oppose progressive measures. He resented the insinuation of Mr. O'Donoghue that the lumbermen intended coercing their men in this election; this he looked upon as unnecessary, for the men were sufficiently intelligent to judge for themselves as to the best man to represent them. He intended supporting Mr. Featherston, and he was satisfied all in the room would use their utmost exertion to secure the return of that gentleman on Monday. (Immense cheering.)

Mr. Wm. Pennock next spoke, and in a few remarks disposed pretty effectually of the criticisms of Mr. Mosgrove on the general features of the Government policy. He denied that the Hon. John O'Connor was a member of the Dominion Government when it named Sanfield McDonald as the first Premier under the new order of things. He looked upon the Hon. John O'Connor as an extreme party man and not at all suitable for a representative. He concluded by recommending the candidature of Mr. Featherston, and thought all should accord him a cordial support. (Cheers.)

Mr. Rowe was next called upon. He did not believe in any one giving a servile support to any Government, or cringing to them. He thought a Government which looked to Washington for its advice should not receive the support of British subjects. (Groans and hisses.) He thought all the favors they had received from the Government they were perfectly entitled to. He thought Mr. O'Connor was a gentleman that would have their cordial support. (Never, never; and cries of Who is he?) Mr. Rowe retired, disgusted at the lack of sympathy manifested for his candidate in this important section of the city.

Mr. Brock followed and dressed off Messrs. Mosgrove and Rowe in fine style for their attempts to pervert facts in relation to the policy of the Government. He adverted to the fact that Mr. O'Connor was not only a non-resident but had sworn allegiance to a foreign state. Mr. Rowe was the last man who should speak of disloyalty when he advocated the claims of an alien. (Cheers.)

Mr. Perley was the next speaker, and spoke in an able manner. He did not desire to look upon the present contest as a purely party one. It was more a question as to who was the best man to represent their interests in the Ontario Legislature. He indignantly spurned the insinuation of Mr. O'Donoghue in regard to the lumbermen going to shackle their men. He appealed to all employees present if he had ever or if any other man in the trade, had ever coerced them to vote otherwise than their consciences dictated. (Never! never!) He referred at some length to the policy of the Government, and said he approved of their action towards the lumbering interest. He would ask all in the ward to give a cordial support to Mr. Featherston, for he believed him to be the ablest man in the field, and the most likely to advance and promote their interests. (Cheers.)

Mr. Featherston then briefly replied, disposing of the points urged against him by the different speakers, and retired after thanking them for the cordial manner in which his candidature had been received by the electors of Victoria Ward. (Loud and prolonged cheering.)

A resolution was then moved by Ald. Bronson, pledging the support of the meeting to Mr. J. P. Featherston, which was carried unanimously.

Three cheers were then given for Mr. Featherston, after which the meeting dispersed.

Mark your ballot paper thus X in the blank space at the end of Featherston's name.

PARTING ADDRESS TO FATHER DANDURAND.

On Sunday last, the Very Rev. Father Dandurand, V. G., preached his farewell sermon in the Cathedral. On Monday evening he was escorted by a large concourse of people and a torch light procession to his present residence at Hull, where the house was brilliantly illuminated for his reception. Previous to his departure he was presented with the following address:—

To the Very Rev. Damose Dandurand, V. G., Parish Priest of the Cathedral of Ottawa.

VERY REV. SIR,—It is with the most painful feelings of regret that we, the Irish Catholics, have learned of the call made upon you by your superiors to labour in another field, and sever your long connection with this parish, in which you have so lovingly, zealously and successfully laboured for about thirty years. The noble monuments of religion which have sprung into existence under your fostering care, attest more eloquently than any words we can employ, the spirit of self-sacrifice and devotedness which has animated you in the interest of religion. We have all felt the benefit of your ministrations and of your fatherly care, and we would be ungrateful indeed if we could permit you to pass away from us to another field without most warmly acknowledging the great benefit we have received from your great self-sacrifice in your behalf, and that of our families. We pray that God may always help your labour in whatever sphere your superiors may direct, and hoping that He may shower down every blessing on you, and asking remembrance in your prayers, and especially at the altar, we are,

On behalf of the Irish Catholic Population,

Signed, JOHN HENEY, Alderman,
D. J. O'DONOGHUE, M.P.P.

Correspondence.

THE CIVIL SERVICE AND THE APPROACHING LOCAL ELECTION.

To the EDITOR of THE TIMES:

SIR,—As I hear it whispered about the street corners that Mr. O'Connor hopes to derive a very considerable support from the gentlemen of the Civil Service, I think it well, before the election comes on, to offer one or two considerations, why the officers, clerks, or servants of this large and influential body should not range themselves for Mr. O'Connor as against Mr. Featherston. In the first place, Mr. O'Connor, although personally a most estimable gentleman, was a member of a Government which for many years, although strong and powerful in Parliament not only did absolutely nothing for the great body of the public *employees*, but opposed every movement looking to their amelioration. When finally the force of public opinion drove Sir John Macdonald, for very shame's sake, to do something towards improving the position and prospects of the Civil Service, so as to enable its members at all events to live—not exist merely, as they had done for a very long time. That something, it is well known, was bestowed grudgingly, and was given as a bonus, not as a permanent increase of salaries; and in the case of the messengers, the poorest of all, they did not even get the bonus until Mr. Mackenzie's accession to power. Now, I would ask what possible claim can Mr. O'Connor, as a member of the Government which treated the Civil Service so cavalierly and harshly—what claim, I say, has he to the votes and influence of the Civil Service? None whatever that I can see. On the contrary, he merits only their most determined opposition; that is, if it be right and proper for civil servants, and I will not undertake to say that it is, to take part in political contests. On the other hand, we have Mr. Featherston and Mr. O'Donoghue (it is to be hoped that before election day either one or the other of these gentlemen will retire, so that there may be but one Reform candidate before the people), supporting a Government with which Mr. Mackenzie and his Cabinet are, as it were, in alliance, and which Mr. Mackenzie warmly supports and wishes to have sustained. Mr. Featherston is a most excellent citizen and a man in every respect qualified for the position to which he has been nominated. Perhaps of all the Ottawa public men he is exactly the man for the situation; so much so, indeed, that I have heard more than once that had he appeared as a candidate at first all parties would have cheerfully allowed him to walk the course, and he would have gone in by acclamation. There can, therefore, be no discredit in the gentlemen of the public service voting, if they vote at all, in favour of such a man. A man of education and culture, a man of talent and enterprise, John Peter Featherston would adorn the highest position in the gift of the people. There is also the fact that Mr. Mackenzie's Government desire the success of the Reform Government in Ontario. Now, Mr. Mackenzie has acted justly and generously by the Civil Service, and intends doing much more. Although but twelve months in office, and having matters of much greater moment to consider, he has found time to devise and prepare a measure, which will be submitted to Parliament next session, for the reorganization of the Civil Service, with a complete readjustment of salaries, from the highest to the lowest. I have said that he has been but twelve months in power and he has given attention to this subject—one that touches the pocket of all and is naturally of deep moment to all, or nearly all. Now I would simply ask, had Sir John remained in power, how long would these gentlemen have had to wait for such an act of justice—which in this case, with Mr. Mackenzie and his Cabinet comparative strangers to the majority of the *employees*,—becomes an act of the greatest liberality and generosity? And what return do some of the Civil Service intend making for the boon about to be conferred? In homely phrase, they will certainly be cutting their own noses if they vote for Mr. O'Connor. Their duty is plain. Let them vote for Mr. Featherston or not all.

Respectfully yours,
SPECTATOR.

Ottawa, January 15th, 1874.

Put your mark X opposite the red lines on the ballot paper.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—W. P. McGuirk, E. J. Joseph, Fred. Burke, W. L. Ogle, H. F. Blogg, Frank Cushing, Frank Mayer, Montreal; John Baztede, Toronto; Charles P. Reidcliffe, St. Catharines; W. H. Cooper, Ottawa; Eric Harrington, Arnprior; Edward Faye, St. Johns, N.B.; George Dickinson, Ed. Kidd, M.D., Manotick; J. C. Brown, Aylmer; R. G. Lunt, St. Johns, N.B.; G. A. Watson, Pembroke.

Vote for the Royal Red—Featherston's victorious colour.

ELECTION MEETING.—A large meeting was held in the Canadian Institute yesterday evening, which was addressed by the Hon. John O'Connor, followed by Mr. D. J. O'Donoghue. Dr. Beaubien presided, and having called for the voice of the meeting, it was very unmistakeably tendered in favour of Mr. O'Donoghue. The "free and independent" were wonderfully quiet and orderly, and the candidates were allowed to express their views without interruption.

It's a blue look-out for O'Connor, judging from his choice of colour yesterday.

CANADA PACIFIC SURVEY.

The Season's Work.

From the "British Colonist," Dec. 23.

The various parties employed in surveying for the Canadian Pacific Railway in this Province have gone into winter quarters, and having watched closely the progress and operation of the routes, a brief glance at the season's work may not be considered out of place. The programme as detailed in Mr. Smith's report of Jan. 1st 1874, was as follows:—

1st. "A line should be surveyed from the valley of the North Thompson up that of Blue River, thence across to the Fraser by the route partly explored last autumn."

2nd. "The survey should be continued across the Fraser and Chilcotin plains, with the object of avoiding or reducing the heaviest portions of the work on the line surveyed in 1872."

3rd. "Should this line not prove satisfactory and it be deemed advisable to try a route further North, then a survey should be made on a line as direct as practicable from Tatla Lake to Giscome Portage, at the great bend of the Fraser above Fort George."

Early in May an exploration was made from the North Thompson by Blue River across the Clearwater, joining a line of exploration made in the Autumn of 1873 from the wagon road eastward. That part of this line from the North Thompson to Clearwater proving unsatisfactory, an exploration was subsequently made up the Clearwater to its source, and thence across the divide to the Cariboo Fork of the North Thompson, with no favourable result.

On the 9th of May, the Deputy Chief Engineer, Marcus Smith, with four Divisional Engineers and staff, arrived in Victoria. Three full parties were immediately organized and despatched to the main land. Two of those parties undertook the survey of Fraser from Tete Jaune Cache to Fort George—one proceeding up the North Thompson to the Cache, the other up the Fraser to Fort George, commencing the line to meet each other from these respective points.

The third party was sent to Tatla Lake to survey from thence by the Chilcotin, Black River and Chilaco to Fort George. By the end of June all the parties, completely equipped, with pack trains and full supplies of provisions, had got to their several destinations, and work was vigorously commenced.

In the meantime the Chief Engineer organized two supplementary exploring parties. One to examine the country between the Valley of the Lower Fraser, from the Coquahalla River southwards and the Semilkamen country—with a view of thoroughly testing the possibility of avoiding the rough Canons above Yale by entering the Fraser valley below them, the other to test the practicability of penetrating from some of the inlets lying north of the 52nd parallel through the Cascade Range to the plateau or lake country in order to give a more direct westward course to the line from Fort George and at the same time to avoid the heavy works on the Homathco. Both these exploring parties were visited and directed by the Chief Engineer. Two more parties were subsequently formed—one of which was engaged in improving the line across the Fraser and Chilcotin Plains, and latterly in surveying from Yale up the Valley of the Fraser, the other in running a line from Hope towards Burrard Inlet.

The Chief Engineer, after having made all arrangements necessary for the vigorous prosecution of the surveys, made up a party for the purpose of exploring that part of the country lying between the Fraser River and the Cascades, and bounded on the north and south by the 54th and 53rd parallel of north latitude respectively. This party, under the personal management of the Engineer-in-Chief, struck westward from Quesnel, crossed the divide or watershed of the lake country to a tributary of Salmon, or Dean River; then turned boldly northward along the eastern skirts of the Cascades, crossing seven summits and innumerable streams, to Francois Lake, which was explored to its eastern extremity.

It is expected that the party exploring along the coast will join this line at one or more points. Exhaustive explorations have also been made by the Chief Engineer of the country by Nicola, Kamloops, Okanagon, &c. All the parties finished their work by the end of October or early in November, in a manner which reflects infinite credit on both the general organization and efficiency of the staff. The results of the above surveys are very important, as reducing the problem of route to nearly a manageable shape, and although more information of a practical nature may yet be required, it is almost certain that all the formidable difficulties have been overcome, and that at an early day the location will be commenced.

The exploratory surveys cover a vast area of country, and extended over a distance of about 1050 miles. The instrumental surveys amount to not less than 625 miles, making a grand total of about 1700 miles explored and surveyed from the end of June till the end of October. During no other season since the first chain was stretched on the C. P. R. surveys in British Columbia has such a vast amount of valuable information been gained, and we do not think it would be too much to say that a greater amount of really useful work has been accomplished than during all the former seasons—certainly at a very much less outlay. The staff is in the highest state of efficiency, and the whole arrangements for the past season have been carried out with a zeal, ability, and care worthy of the eminent engineer in charge of the western section of our great continental highway—that is to be.

POLICE COURT.

Before M. O'Gara, P.M.

FRIDAY, Jan. 15.

Fred. Glenn was arraigned on a charge of being found drunk. He was ordered to pay a fine of $2 and costs. Not having the needful he was committed to jail for one month.

John White was up for the maltreating of his better half. He had been reconstructing her with a club. The heartless wretch was righteously rewarded with a month's imprisonment at hard labour.

A covered sleigh will leave the corner of Rideau and Agusta streets this afternoon, at 3 o'clock sharp, and from the corner of Rideau and Dalhousie streets at 3:10 o'clock, for Rideau Hall "At Home," returning at 7 o'clock. Fare, twenty-five cents.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.

Cotton: Quiet; 15c for middling uplands.

Flour: Dull, and still strongly in buyers' favour; receipts, 9,000 brls; sales, 7,000 brls. Quotations unchanged.

Rye Flour: Quiet and unchanged, at $4.10 to $5.25.

Wheat: Dull, and strongly in buyers' favour; receipts, 5,000 bush; sales, 36,000 bush, at $1.05 to 1.11 for No. 2 Chicago; $1.12 to 1.14 for No. 2 Milwaukee; $1.16 to 1.21 for No. 1 spring; $1.19 to 1.25 for winter red western; $1.26 to 1.29 for amber do.

Rye: Quiet.

Corn: Firm and quiet; receipts, 29,000 bush; sales, 41,000 bush, at 87c and 88c for new western mixed, and 88c and 89c for do yellow.

Barley: Quiet and unchanged; receipts, none; sales, 3,000 bush; two rowed State at $1.30.

Oats: Dull; receipts, 24,000 bush; sales, 28,000 bush at 67c and 69c for mixed western; 68c and 70c for white do.

Pork: Dull, at $20 50 for new and old mess.

Lard: 14½c for steam; 14½c for kettle rendered.

Cheese: 12c and 15½c for common to prime.

Butter: 26c and 42c for State and Pennsylvania.

Petroleum: Crude, 6½c and 6¾; refined 12¾c and 12¾c.

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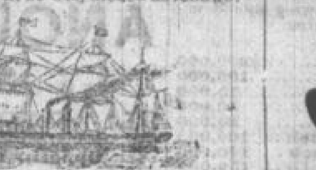

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POLYNESIAN .... 2nd Jan.
SCANDINAVIAN .... 9th "
HIBERNIAN .... 16th "
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SARMATIAN .... 6th Feb.
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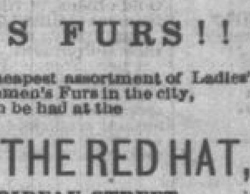

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ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acrimonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only Medicine having control over this class of diseases is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE!

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the first time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

A BLESSING TO THE POLICE.

MONTREAL, 18th June, 1864.

DEVINS & BOLTON:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been one of the many martyrs of rheumatism that I meet on my every day rounds, I was induced to try the celebrated DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. I had suffered the last five or six weeks the most terrible acute pains across my loins and back, so severe indeed that I could hardly walk with the help of a stick. I commenced the Diamond Remedy—following the directions carefully. Relief came immediately with the first bottle, improved rapidly with the second, completely cured and freed from pain after finishing my fifth small bottle. You are at perfect liberty either to refer to me privately or publicly, as I feel very thankful for the relief, and sympathise with my fellow sufferers from rheumatism.

Yours respectfully,
J. B. CARDINAL,
Sanitary Police Officer,
St Labelle street.

In simple cases, sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto,

Or to DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec.

Price $1 per bottle; Large Bottles $2

May 18, 1874.

The Canadian Washer

MR. GILES, Manufacturer, Waterside King-st., between Rideau and Bolton-sts., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Nov. 18, 1874.

A. R. GILES,—Sir,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Machines, and have used it in my family for some time, and have found it to complete its great account of its work in quite a saving; and I think it is quite indispensable to any family.

Yours truly,
JOHN MOREAU.

Insurance.

THE HAND IN HAND Insurance Co.

Still continue to take Risks at

20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates

R. C. W. MACCUAIG,
Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity.

Jan. 9, 1875.

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

Authorized Capital $5,000,000
Subscribed to Date $2,000,000

LOCAL DIRECTORS:

RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, . . AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a Joint Stock Company confining its operations to the Dominion; on having carefully managed funds and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.

All losses will be adjusted by the Local BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.

The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c. in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.

O'CONNOR & WALLER.

Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874.

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE CO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.

Available Funds to meet Claims, over One Million Dollars.

ROB. ANGUS, Jr.

AGENT,

38 SPARKS STREET.

Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"

CONTINUES TO TAKE

FIRE RISKS

On every description of insurable property

AT REDUCED RATES.

T. M. CLARK, Agent,
Corner Sparks and Elgin

Dec. 16, 1874.

Remedies.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN

Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts:—"I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully,"

To the Proprietors of
Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

July 1874.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.

Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.

Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.

Sanger & Son, Oxford street, London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., & Lymans & Clare.

Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.

Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists; Shapter & Owen.

Hamilton—Winer & Co.

Halifax—Avery Brown & Co.

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, lozenges, Globules, and as Wine in ½, 1 and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in 1 oz., 1½ oz., and 4 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

81, 33 & 124 Southampton Row, RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON.

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed with despatch.

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

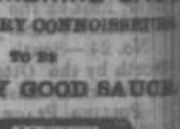
Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Cream and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to Shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton.

Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.



LEA & PERRINS'

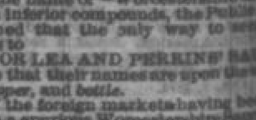
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander Mackintosh and John Charles Roper, sole proprietors, at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3745. OTTAWA, MONDAY, JANUARY 18, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

TEACHER WANTED for School Section No. 6, Town ship of Cumberland [male or female] holding second or third class certificate. Apply to John McArthur, Secretary Treasurer, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c.
Jan. 6, 1874. 3735-dswtf

WANTED.
A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O.
Nov. 17.

AGENTS WANTED.

Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8th st., New York.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and a three-
J. LATHAM & Co.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

HELP WANTED.
100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic beautifully illustrated, together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO., Publishers, London, Ont.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples [that retail for $5] mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & Co. Augusta. Me.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland. Maine. y3676daw.

WORK FOR ALL
At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with ten cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

Board & Lodging.

BOARD AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at MRS. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets.
Oct 10, 1874.

Meetings.

THE L'ORIGINAL AND CALEDONIA RAILWAY COMPANY.

A Meeting of the Provisional Directors of this Company will be held at the Russell House in the City of Ottawa, on THURSDAY THE TWENTY-FIRST DAY OF JANUARY INST., at 4 o'clock p.m., for the Election of Officers, Opening of Stock Books, receiving Subscriptions for Stock, and the General Business of the Company.

W. F. POWELL,
JOHN ROCHESTER, M.P.,
FRANCIS CLEMOW,
E. McGILLIVRAY,
HON. JAMES SKEAD,
J. M. CURRIER, M.P.,
R. BLACKBURN, M.P.,
JOHN SWEETLAND, M.D.

Ottawa, January 16th, 1875. 3741

PROTESTANT ORPHANS' HOME.

The Annual Meeting of the Corporation of the Orphans' Home will be held on WEDNESDAY, 20th JANUARY, at 3 o'clock p.m., in the Rooms of the Institution, Albert street. The public are invited to attend. A Preliminary Meeting of the Board will be held on TUESDAY EVENING at 7 o'clock.

ALISON SCOTT, Cor. Secretary, P. O. H.
Ottawa, January 18th, 1875. 3744

CITY OF OTTAWA

Agricultural Society.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the Society will take place on WEDNESDAY, the 20th January instant, at 2 o'clock p.m., in the City Hall, when a statement of the affairs of the past year will be submitted and the election of directors and office-bearers for the current year will take place.

A. S. WOODBURN, Sec.-Treas.
Jan. 15, 1875. 3743-3

THE OTTAWA

Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company,

(LIMITED.)

The first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company called for Thursday, the 14th instant, is postponed, pending the passing of the amendments to the Act of Incorporation now before the Quebec Legislature.

A general meeting will be called as soon as these Amendments shall have become law, of which due notice will be given.

R. W. CRUICE, Secretary pro tem.
Jan. 12, 1875.

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.

WM. PENNOCK,
J. DURIE,
THO. PATTERSON,
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

Tenders.

OTTAWA

Water Works.

TENDERS FOR

Cedar Timber and Scantling Wanted.

Tenders will be received until noon of

MONDAY, THE 25th INSTANT.

For Round, Flatted, or Sawn Cedar timber and Scantling, sound and straight, for aqueduct fencing, and for valve chambers, and in long or short lengths, at option of contractor.

Specifications, quantities, and forms of tender can be seen at the Commissioners' Office, Sapper's Bridge, or at Engineer's Office, Pooley's Bridge, on and after Monday next, the 18th inst.

By order. C. K. CUNNINGHAM, Secy. W. W. C.
Water Commissioners' Office, Rideau-st., Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1875. 3744-3

Carpets.

OTTAWA

CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from

Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,

[late Jacques & Hay,] Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.

A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.

SHOOLBRED & CO.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875. 49 Sparks Street.

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
38 Sparks Street, Ottawa

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block. Elgin-st., Ottawa
Nov. 27 1874. 243o

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 23, 1874. 3380-eawky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal,
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. Interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. Interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 8. 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL
Sept. 30, 1874. 3885-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
Money to lend on Real Estate.
3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C.
McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. | W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3867

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W. H. WALKER. | R. CASSELS, Jr. | P. PENNOCK
July 21, 1874. 355

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
2839 y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
R. B. L. FELLOWS, Q.C. | HORACE LAPIERRE
MARTIN O'GARA. | EDWARD P. REMON
2185

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. | F. H. CHRYSLER
June 5, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL
Feb. 3, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa Canada

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3628-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2812y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 28, 1874. 246

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, . . MONTREAL
Sept. 9, 1873. 2362-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1751

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1874. 3403

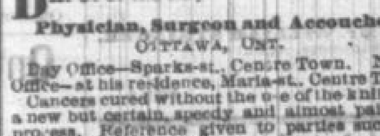
DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C. P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence;—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2556-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultations at all hours. 2454

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41 Sparks-st. 2522y

OUR BRANDS OF
ARCTIC
—AND—
Heavy Engine Oil
Are unequalled by any Machine Oils in the market. Guaranteed not to freeze. Orders solicited from consumers.
W. J. CRAVEN & Co., 444 St. Paul-st., Montreal.
Agents for Ottawa District—
CALDWELL & Co., Sparks-st.
3744y



The Victoria Stables
Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.
Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.
N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.
BROWNLEE & CO
March 11, 1874. 2813y

Amusements.

RINK MUSIC HALL.
THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY [illegible]
THE UNSURPASSED [illegible]
Miss Annie [illegible]
The [illegible] English [illegible] great European sensation, the envy of the Scientists, the Wonder of the Educated, the Incomprehensible Mystery of the Masses. The most Laughable Entertainment in the World.
Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cts.
Reserved seats can be had at Nordheimer's Music Store, without any extra charge.
CHAS. B. KEESHIN, Business Agent
Jan 11, 1875. 3739-5

DE MURSKA.

MR. D. DeVIVO has the honor to announce that

MLLE. ILMA DE MURSKA,

The famous Hungarian Nightingale, from Her Majesty's Covent Garden and Drury Lane Theatres, London, will give

Only One Grand Concert,

Under the distinguished Patronage of the Governor General and the Countess of Dufferin,

AT GOWAN'S HALL,

Saturday Evening, Jan. 16th, at 8,

On which occasion the following celebrated Musical Artists will appear:
Mlle. Ilma DeMurska,
Mdme. Carreno Sauret, the Brilliant Pianist,
Sig. Ferranti, Prince of Buffos,
Mons. Sauret, the celebrated Violinist,
Sig. Gaetanno Braga, King Violoncellist,
Mr. Jas. H. Dank, Accompanist.

Prices as follows: Reserved Seats, $1 50; General Admission, $1. For sale at Nordheimer's Piano Rooms, on and after Wednesday, Jan. 13th.
Knabe Grand Piano used at this Concert.
Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-6

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
PAPER RULER, AND
Account Book Manufacturer,
RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA,
Ruling, Perforating, Numbering
—AND—
GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.
All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.
Aug. 13.

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING
Watchmaker and Jeweller.
Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years, and will continue the
MANUFACTURING, JEWELLERY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS
in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.
W. YOUNG.
June 20, 1874.

N. MARKS,
Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,
36—SPARKS STREET—36
Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine
JEWELLERY,
Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.
A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.
Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,
Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.
Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.
Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.
West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.
MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.
Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory, Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds, Repeaters, [illegible]ndian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, in exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.
FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental ateliers of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.
Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of bijouterie, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.
Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.
Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.
Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.
Jan. 17 1874. 2467-1wly

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,
SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c
Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.
A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.
Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St
Dec 28, 1874.

Houses to Let.

TO SELL OR RENT.

The house and grounds lately occupied by Mr. Scragge, just outside the city limits, on the Richmond Road. The house and grounds can be divided, the former making two complete dwellings, if required, with every convenience, and ample room in each for a large family.
Terms of sale or rental, moderate.
Apply to
WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK.
Dec. 7, 1874. 3712-tf

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.
The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, etc, by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.
ALEX. ROBERTSON, Rideau-St.

Auction Sales.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
200 City Lots
—IN—
WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer the above by Public Auction, at his Rooms, Elgin street, opposite the Russell House, on

Tuesday, 26th January,

At 11 o'clock, a.m., and 7.30 p.m.

Sale to be peremptory, every Lot offered being sold. No reserve bid; no upset price. Title guaranteed. Terms: half cash and half in six months.

Plans of the Property, Pamphlets—"Winnipeg as it Is and Was," &c., may be obtained at the Auction Rooms, where Mr. Burrows will be found in attendance from 10 till 12 o'clock a.m., each day till time of sale, and will be glad to furnish information respecting this property, Winnipeg and the North West generally.

References as to title—Messrs. Walker, Cassels & Pennock.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Jan. 14, 1875.

AUCTION
—OF—
BANKRUPT GOODS!

Consigned to the subscriber, to be sold by Auction and Private Sale, at

50 PER CENT. BELOW COST.

J. BERMINGHAM

Has now on hand a Bankrupt Stock, consisting of
100 White and Gold China Tea Sets,
100 Ladies' Work Boxes—inlaid,
100 Ladies' Writing Desks,
300 very handsome Vases of every design, style and pattern,
100 Toilet Sets,
Cut and Engraved Crystal Water Jugs and Celery Bowls,
50 English Chromos,
Bouquet Holders, Britannia Metal Tea Pots and several Silver Tea Sets.

All selling (private sale) at 50 per cent. under English cost, at BERMINGHAM'S Sale Rooms, opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Household Furniture by Auction.

THE subscriber is instructed by Mr. Martin Fahey, to sell by Public Auction, on

FRIDAY, THE 15th INST.,

commencing at 11 o'clock, at his store, Stockdale's Buildings, Rideau-st., all the Household Furniture and effects therein, consisting of Sofas, Lounges, Sideboards, Presses, Bureaus, Piano Stool, cane Chairs, common Chairs, round and fall-leaf Tables, Pictures, Wardrobes, Pillows, Blankets, Kitchen Stoves, Hall Coal Stoves, large box Black Giant Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Kitchen Chairs and Tables, and various other articles, all without any reserve whatever, as the premises must be surrendered on the 19th inst.

Don't forget the day and place—Stockdale's Buildings, Rideau-st., on Friday, 15th inst., at 11 o'clock.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Jan. 11, 1875.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869 AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

J. BOURGET of Sussex street, in the City of Ottawa, Insolvent.

AUCTION SALE
OF
WINES,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
BRANDIES,
STOCK,
CASKS,
FIRE PROOF SAFE,
SHOP FIXTURES,
AND LEASE OF PREMISES.

The subscriber is instructed by the Assignees, Messrs. Riddell and Evans of Montreal, to sell by Public Auction at the store of the Insolvent Sussex street in the city of Ottawa on Thursday, the 14th inst., commencing at 11 o'clock, a. m., in lots to suit purchasers, the stock of the above insolvent consisting in part of sixteen thousand assorted cigars, several cases champagne, claret, brandy, red blue and green seal, gin, Rhine wine, Scotch whiskey, sherry, and a large assortment of wines in wood and in bottle. Also the shop fixtures, stock, casks, bottling machine and lease of premises, all to be sold without any reserve,

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
January 11th, 1875

Auction Sale
OF VERY VALUABLE
TIMBER LIMITS,
Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.

HECTOR McLEAN

Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, THE 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:

License No. 161, season of 1873-4, comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.

License No. 163, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vieille Branch, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.

These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN, Ramsay.
Dec. 30th, 1874 3731-td

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land

Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice as the owner is in want of money.
For particulars apply to
JOHN W. MAGUIRE, 2nd Second Con., O.F., Gloucester.
Or, Ottawa P. O.
Sept. 3, 1874. 2883.

Legal Notices.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of THOMAS EDWIN MOORE
An Insolvent.
The creditors of the above-named insolvent are requested to file their claims with the undersigned as soon as possible, to enable him to arrive at the total amount of liabilities without delay.
W. H. COOPER, Interim Assignee.
Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-6

DR. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.
H. J. GIBBS, Solicitor for Applicants.
Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 Iawa

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.
COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Solicitors for the Company.
Dec. 24, 1874. 3721-3awkim

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Walford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnston, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the city of Toronto, as solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt become absolute and indefeasible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.

(Sd.), GEO. S. HOLMESTED, Referee of Titles.
3715-3w-lawk

Government Notices

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, Jan 18 1874.
AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.
J. JOHNSON, Commissioner of Customs.

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sale room of Hector McLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale, The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the store of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 100 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

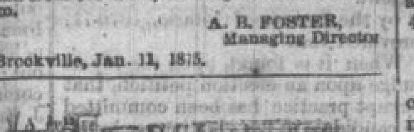
Also leases for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Mosgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,543 feet, and of No. 3, 9,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by, this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.
By order,
E. A. MEREDITH, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands
Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.

Railways.



CANADA CENTRAL
—AND—
Brockville & Ottawa Railways
For Ottawa via Brockville.
TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.30 a.m.	4.15 p.m.
Ottawa	10.41 a.m.	5.00 p.m.
Renfrew	9.30 a.m.	4.10 p.m.

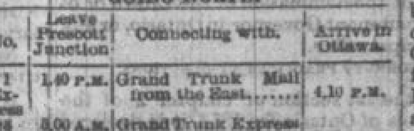
ARRIVE.

Ottawa	1.20 p.m.	7.40 p.m.
Renfrew	2.10 p.m.	8.50 p.m.
Brockville	2.10 p.m.	8.40 p.m.

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER, Managing Director
Brockville, Jan. 11, 1875.



THE ST. LAWRENCE
AND
OTTAWA RAILWAY.
Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.
The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.
And acceleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West.	7.35 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West.	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.05 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East.	4.25 P.M.
8 Express	10.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.
Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 2 and 8.
Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.
Time faster than by any other route.
Trains are run on Montreal time.
THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa
Dec 15, 1874.

Summary of News.

The obsequies of Col. William Mercer Wilson, Grand Master of the A. F. and A. M. of Ontario, will take place in the town of Simcoe, in the County of Norfolk, on Wednesday the 20th inst., at two o'clock p.m.

Our telegrams continue to carry us news of endless protests against General Sheridan's action in carrying out a military occupation of New Orleans, as well as indignation against President Grant for sanctioning that movement. It would appear however, that such a policy is not wholly unnecessary when the same telegrams show the wantonness with which the people of the South sacrifice each other's lives, and more especially their reckless destruction of the lives of their late bondmen. On the other hand it must be confessed that these bond men sometimes take the law into their own hands and retaliate upon their white neighbours.

Mr. Gladstone, leader of Her Majesty's Opposition in the Imperial Parliament, who for a considerable time has been "thinking about" resigning, has at last done so. The leading men of the Liberal party have taken into consideration which of their number is worthy to wear the mantle so worthily worn by William Ewart Gladstone, and their choice is likely to fall upon Mr. W. E. Forster, a young and rising statesman, who earned considerable distinction in his connection with the "stamping out" of the cattle plague, afterwards by his educational bill, and since then by his generally good administrative abilities.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Retirement of Mr. Gladstone.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The leading men of the Liberal party, with the exception of the Duke of Argyle, Viscount Cardwell, Lord Wolverton and Mr. John Bright, met at the residence of Earl Grenville to-day for consultation in view of Mr. Gladstone's retirement. It is understood that the prevailing opinion at the meeting was in favour of the election of the Right Hon. W. E. Foster, as the future leader of the party. All present were [illegible] that Mr. Gladstone ought to retire from Parliament. It is stated that the constituency of Greenwich will present a requisition calling upon the ex-Premier to resign his seat for that city. His resignation of the Liberal leadership surprises his supporters. It is not anticipated that a successor will be formally announced until the reopening of Parliament, when a general meeting of the party will be held. The names of the Marquis of Hartington and Sir Wm. Harcourt are mentioned, as well as that of Mr. Foster, in connection with the leadership, but the indications are strong that Mr. Forster will be chosen.

GERMANY.

The German Armament in Spain.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—When the additional vessels ordered to be sent to the coast of Spain shall have arrived there, the total armament of the German fleet in those waters will consist of fifty guns, with a combined horse power of 6,800.

The Prussian Diet.

The Prussian Diet was opened to-day by Herr Camphausen, Minister of Finance. The King's speech was devoted to local affairs.

The German Fleet.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The *Times* special despatch from Berlin says the corvette Nautilus will await the arrival of other vessels at Guetaris on the Spanish coast, near the scene of the outrage on the Gustav. She will abstain from hostilities unless attacked. Negotiations are not progressing as favorably with the Madrid Government as was expected. The Admiralty have been ordered to prepare for the despatch of three corvettes and three more gunboats to that portion of the northern part of Spain occupied by the Carlists. This will raise the number of vessels in the Bay of Biscay to eight.

SPAIN.

Alfonso.

MADRID, Jan. 16.—King Alfonso gave a dinner last evening to the members of his Cabinet, and the diplomatic corps.

The New Order.

A decree is published in the *Official Gazette* reducing the punishment in cases of violating the ordinary criminal laws.

General Primo de Rivera will accompany the King on his visit to the army of the north.

UNITED STATES.

Divorce.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—On the 12th inst., the Hon. John Greenwood, referee in the divorce suit brought by Thomas W. Field against his wife, Emmiline Field, made his report, and transmitted it to plaintiff's attorney. The suit was brought on the ground of adultery committed with Thos. Kinsella, at Lake George. No defence was offered. Judge Greenwood, it is said, reports that the plaintiff's allegations have been sustained and an absolute divorce should be granted.

Rather Cold.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 16.—Extreme cold weather throughout the North West still continues. Telegrams from Fort Fetterman says the mercury congealed there, and that the spirit thermometer registers 45 degrees below zero.

No Time for Dancing.

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 17.—Four prisoners confined in the county jail escaped last night while the officials of the prison were enjoying a dance on the floor immediately over the cells. Their names are Shafer, committed for murder; Scott, larceny; McClure, rape; and Barton, witness in a murder case.

A Female Strike.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 17.—The female operatives have resolved to strike on Monday at the Merchants' Granite and Crescent mills.

Nitro-Glycerine Explosion.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Yesterday afternoon a nitro-glycerine factory, situated on a small artificial island in North River, a short distance below Coummunipaw, was blown up and four men killed. The bodies of James Laverty, Alfred Hopkins and George Brown were recovered terribly disfigured. The body of the other man, Long Low, was not recovered. Shortly after the explosion another workman was seen leaving the island in a boat which sunk. His fate is unknown.

Fire.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 17.—A fire here yesterday burned out two storeys of the Consolidated Real Estate and Fire Insurance Company's building, corner of German and South streets. Loss on the building, $10,000. John Y. Slater, job printer, and Ryan & Reckett's, type foundry, lost all their stock. Loss about $20,000.

Frozen to Death.

On Saturday four Canarsie fishermen, named P. Appan, H. Slateney, J. Holmes, and J. Sommes, the two latter being colored, went out to the bay for the purpose of getting some clams. On Wednesday the two colored men were found on one of the sandbars in the bay, frozen to death. The other two men were found in an old house on Little Island with their feet and hands badly frozen, and nearly famished for want of food.

Poisoned.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 17.—Mrs. Susanna Bowling died here this morning from the effects of a dose of belladonna, which had been purchased from a druggist for syrup of zenia.

The Louisiana Troubles.

TOPEKA, KANS., Jan. 17.—A series of resolutions endorsing Gen. Sheridan's and the President's action in the Louisiana matter, were offered in the Kansas Legislature yesterday, and made a special order for Tuesday next.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A Washington despatch says the House Committee on judiciary to-day considered Gen. Butler's bill providing for a new election in Louisiana, and decided against it, only three votes being given in its favour by Butler, Poland and Tremain.

A Desperate Prisoner.

AUBURN, N Y., Jan. 17.—Tom Ballard, the notorious Buffalo counterfeiter, who escaped from the county jail in this city in December last, in company with four other prisoners, and was recaptured, made an unsuccessful attempt last evening to again break jail, on exactly the same plan as before. He would have accomplished his object but for the timely discovery of the plot by the jailor.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 17.—A special despatch to the *Times* says a passenger train going east on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad was thrown from the track near Arcola, Ind., this morning by a broken rail, and totally wrecked. It is reported that two persons were killed and a large number seriously injured.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—The despatch from Cincinnati relative to the accident on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad this morning, near Acola, was incorrect in stating that the train was wrecked. It is learned from passengers who were on board the train, and who have arrived here, that the train was not damaged nor delayed. They say also that only one man who was in a waggon was killed. The attempt to cross the track in front of the train was a reckless one and resulted as above stated.

Escape of a Murderer from Jail.

STANBURY, Pa., Jan. 17.—John Flynn, convicted a few days ago of a murder in the second degree, escaped from jail last night, with another convict, whom he forced to burn a hole through their cell door, and pick the lock, Flynn keeping guard with a revolver.

Fire.

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—A fire at Beverly, Mass., this forenoon, destroyed four buildings, with their stocks of goods. Loss about $15,000; insurance light.

Unsafe Reservoirs.

The report of the Reservoir Commissioner of Massachusetts shows that no less than twenty-seven unsafe reservoirs and dams exist in the State, and that the loss of the breaking away of these structures last year foots up $1,250,000 in Hampshire County, and $48,000 in South Hampden; Boston and Albany Railroad lost $10,000, and New Haven and Northampton $5,000.

Hosiery Mill Burned.

PHILAMONT, Jan. 17.—The High Rock hosiery mill, P. M. Harden & Son, proprietors, has been burned. It was insured for $32,000. The loss is not stated.

Conviction of a Desperado.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 17.—John B. Anderson, who entered the shops of the Wallingford Wheel Company last March with a revolver in each hand, and fired eleven shots at the workmen against whom he had a grudge, killing Horatio G. Hall, of Wallingford, and wounding two or three others, has been convicted of murder in the first degree.

Wm. M. Tweed "At Home."

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The grand jury yesterday visited the penitentiary at Blackwell's Island. They found Wm. M. Tweed occupying a small elevated room, and dressed in the prison garb. The room formerly occupied by the prisoner was also visited. It is said by the *Herald* to be one such as is to be found in the poorest boarding house in New York.

Kidnapping.

The *Mercury* announces that the Spaniard named Fernando Garcia, who sold the stolen murrillo, pointing to Mr. Shons, was kidnapped by Spanish spies a week ago, on Broadway, and taken aboard the steamer City of Vera Cruz shortly previous to her departure for Havana.

Giving In.

East River longshoremen, who have been holding out for forty cents an hour, are reported to have decided to resume work at the same rate as the North River men, thirty cents per hour.

A "Rough" Shot.

James Elroy, a drunken rough, was fatally shot last night in Brooklyn, by Louis Beakman, liquor dealer.

Judge Lynch.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 17.—G. W. Ullery, who was arrested for rape on a girl nine years old, near Urband, O., on Tuesday, was hanged this morning by forty masked men, who went to the jail, captured and bound the guards, battered down the doors, took the prisoner out, and after giving him a few minutes to pray hanged him to a tree in front of the Court House. A large crowd witnessed the scene.

A Cold Time in Utah.

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 17.—A terrific snow storm was prevailing throughout the territory on Thursday and yesterday, the canons of Cotton Wood were completely blockaded with avalanches occurring hourly. The citizens of Alta, Utah, fearing the destruction of their town from snow, had guards out daily for the purpose of warning the people. Four men who were killed by an avalanche on Tuesday, were buried yesterday under the auspices of the Masonic fraternity.

Another Outrage on Negroes.

CLINTON, La., Jan. 17.—Friday afternoon, just after dark, as three negroes with their wagons loaded with shingles had gone into camp, six miles from Clinton, they were visited by white men who were mounted, and who proposed buying their shingles, when after a few words, one of the white men pulled out a pistol and shot two of the negroes, killing them instantly. The third negro escaped and gave the alarm. From evidence given at the coroner's inquest, the jury came to the conclusion that the murders were committed by Lawson Blunt. A posse have gone in pursuit.

A New Field on which to Squat.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—A commissioner of engineers on the alluvial basis of the Mississippi, will send a report to the President to-morrow recommending government aid for the purpose of reclaiming the alluvial lands, and suggesting appropriations of one and a half millions for Louisiana, and half a million each for Arkansas and Mississippi to close the existing breaks and crevasses. The permanent reclamation of these lands will, the commission say, require forty-six million dollars.

Put your mark X opposite the red lines on the ballot paper.

Choice Liquors, Ales, and cigars, oysters, steaks, game, &c., &c., at Close's, "Dominion" Restaurant, Rajotte's Block, Wellington street, opposite Parliament Buildings.

Rare old Ale, A 1 Havanas, Princess Bay and Saddle Rocks, at Close's, "Dominion" Restaurant, opposite Parliament Buildings.

Put your mark X opposite the red lines on the ballot paper.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(By Telegraph.)

THE TANNERIES INVESTIGATION.

Afternoon Session.

QUEBEC, Jan. 16.

PATRICK DUNN, of Cote, St. Paul, nail manufacturer, said—On 1st July last, according to the way in which property is sold in that neigbourhood, he considered that the Tanneries property was worth fifteen hundred dollars an acre, though he would not have given that price himself. The Leduc property might be worth $900 or $1000 an acre. The portion of the Leduc farm belonging to the Government he considered, except for distance, very eligible for an hospital.

PETER JACKSON, jr., Cote, St. Paul, valued the Tanneries property on 1st July last at 8 cts., the Leduc farm being then worth five. He was examined at some length as to the values of other property upon which he claims to base his valuations.

CALIXTE AIME DUGAS, Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipality of St. Henri, produced the valuation roll of the municipality, revised on the 15th June last, upon which, however, neither of the properties in question appeared. From the valuation roll it appeared that the Coursolle property of thirty arpents was valued at $40,000. The Delisle and Workman property, of from ten to thirteen acres, was put down at $60,000. The Greene and Atwater property, mentioned on the roll of 1872 as containing sixty arpents, was put down at $60,000. It was situated close to the Tanneries property. One property of James Fox situated on the brow of the hill, containing six acres, was valued at $1,000 on the roll of 1872. The thirty-eight arpents, formerly belonging to Gilbert Leduc, was put down at $3,500, and the other farm of Benjamin, thirty-eight and a half acres, $3,000.

OCTAVE PREVOST, Cote des Neiges, valued the Tanneries property on the 1st July last at 9c, and the forty acres now belonging to the Government were on that day worth $1,200 an acre.

JOSEPH OCTAVE FONTAINE, Civil Service employee, Quebec, testified that the Hon. Mr. Archambault had often spoken to him of the Tanneries matter in August, and had desired to have a thorough investigation in order that he might retire from politics with a clear record. Mr. Archambault had not told him that by this transaction the *Minerve* had been benefitted, but Mr. Archambault had told him that the existence of *La Minerve* was assured. He had told him this on the 3rd July, at L'Assomption, in presence of his brother and Mr. Rocher. This was on Mr. Archambault's return from the Cartier Club dinner, at which he said he had a conversation with Dansereau, who told him that the affairs of *La Minerve* were in a flourishing condition, and that the young men of the party were confident and hopeful.

TORONTO.

Accident—New Hall—Tory Caucus—West Toronto.

TORONTO, Jan. 16.

Yesterday morning, near the City Hall, while a farmer's team attached to a sleigh on which there was a hay-rick and a pole sticking out at some length behind, two boys hung on the pole for the purpose of getting a ride, one of the boys fell off and was knocked down by a team which was coming up behind, and the runner of the sleigh passed over his body. The boy was badly injured, and was taken to his home, where he received medical assistance.

An entertainment consisting of musical selections and readings was held yesterday evening by the Society of the Royal Black Knights of Malta, on the occasion of the opening of their new hall, on Adelaide street, Sir Knight Commander Dr. C. C. Hall presiding. The new hall is a handsome and spacious one, and its attractive appearance was enhanced by the members appearing in full regalia. These entertainments will be continued monthly during the winter.

Last night a meeting, called in the interest of Mr. C. Cameron, candidate for East Toronto, took place in the Music Hall. There was a numerous audience, but a large proportion of those present were mere boys, who had evidently attended for the sake of the fun which they expected might be got out of the proceedings. The meeting was addressed by Mr. Cameron and Mr. Gordon, and there was quite a scene between Mr. Witten and Mr. Allen, who struggled for possession of the floor.

Mr. Bell's supporters held a meeting at Bailey's Hall last night, Mr. Barwick occupying the chair. The meeting was not of a very enthusiastic or interesting description.

MONTREAL.

The Mayoralty—Irish Agitator Curlians—Irregular Trains—Personal—Stock Market.

MONTREAL, Jan. 16.

Dr. Hingston accepts the nomination for the Mayoralty. J. L. Beaudry and Laframboise are also out.

Mitchell, the Irish agitator, is in town and will shortly lecture.

The annual match between the Thistle and Caledonia Curling Clubs took place on Monday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week, and resulted in favour of the Caledonians, by a majority of 16 shots.

The snow drifted very badly last night. The trains were all late, the Western express due 9:30 a.m., reached here at 3:30 p.m. The Rouse's Point train was four hours late, No. 2 East two hours late, and others for corresponding periods.

Messrs. Budden, Crawford and Bourinot of the Bank of Montreal left last evening, by rail for Hamilton, to enter the agency of the Bank in that city. The latter gentleman goes to Goderich.

Stock market firm. Royal Canadian 97 closing at 96½ to 97; Merchants 116½ closing at 111 to 111½; Commerce 133¾ to 134; Montreal 186 to 186½; Telegraph 179¼ to 179½.

HALIFAX.

Railroad Extension—Resigned—Trains Blocked—Brig Wrecked.

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 16.

A meeting of the City Council, appointed to consider the question of railroad extension into the city, was held last night, at which citizens were invited to express their opinions. A large number attended, but nothing definite was done. The feeling of the meeting was evidently in favour of having the depot at the south end of the dock yard, and against having the passenger depot at North street and the freight depot at another place.

Archdeacon McCawley has resigned the presidency of King's College, Windsor, which office he has held for forty years.

The Intercolonial Railway trains were blocked in the snow at Amherst last night.

Brig Hilda reported wrecked at Chelcamp, and all hands lost; was from P. E. Island for Great Britain with a cargo of oats and deals.

Mark your ballot paper thus X in the blank space at the end of Featherston's name.

Non-explosive Coal Oil, test 115, at W. Hearn's, Sapper's Bridge. 3742

Vote for the Royal Red—Featherston's victorious colour.

THE TIMES

Is published every lawful morning. Price 15 cents per week, sent to subscribers in any part of Canada, SIX DOLLARS per annum.

The rate for Transient Advertisements is TEN CENTS PER LINE, nonpareil measure, for each insertion. For Special Notices TEN CENTS PER LINE, and for Paragraphs, Reports of Meetings, Financial Statements of Banks, Railway Companies, Insurance Companies, and matters of like description, inserted amongst the Reading Matter, FIFTEEN CENTS PER LINE.

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Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50c and deaths with funeral notices attached $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents.
When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

The Times.

OTTAWA, MONDAY, JAN. 18, 1875.

LEEDS AND GRENVILLE.

In the list of candidates, for the Local Legislation published in our colums, Mr. Smith's name has by some oversight become classed among the Opposition candidates. Mr. Smith is a supporter of the Mowat Government, and his chances are reported to be very good.

DOMINION BOARD OF TRADE.

Mr. W. J. Patterson, Secretary of the Dominion Board of Trade, has arrived in the city and is staying at the Russell House. A number of the Eastern delegates will arrive this afternoon. The representation from the various localities promises to be larger than at any previous meetings. There will be a meeting of the Executive this evening at the Russell House at 7:30 o'clock, to make the needful preliminary arrangements for the meeting to-morrow. Mr. W. J. B. Patterson, Assistant-Secretary, has also arrived.

"COMMENDABLE."

Such is the heading with which it is announced in the issue of Mr. O'Connor's organ of Saturday that the Irish Catholics of North Essex are supporting Mr. J. C. Patterson, the Tory candidate for the Local Legislature in that constituency, "to a man." The statement is published over the signature of Mr. Patterson, and we are loth to call that gentleman by the name which the falsity of the assertion merits. The organ, while attempting to curry favour and votes with a certain class, and while it impudently gives currency to the untruthful assertion that Mr. Patterson drove Mr. Prince out of the field, forgets to say that Mr. Patterson's opponent, the Government candidate, is Mr. L. Montreul, a French-Canadian, and that the French-Canadians are going to vote for the Government candidate—not to a man, perhaps, but in the proportion of one hundred to one. The French Canadian population of Ottawa would do well to remember that the Reformers of Essex were the first to bring out a French Canadian for any Western constituency, and that they mean to elect their man, Mr. Prince, who represented the County formerly, and who was a staunch supporter of Mr. Mowat's administration, having voluntarily retired from the contest in order to insure Mr. Montreul's return by a triumphant majority. We have the best reason to believe that the French-Canadians of Ottawa will also vote for the Government candidate today.

THE DAY AND THE ISSUE.

The time for arguing is now past, and that for working has now come. We do not suppose that anything we can say, or anything that could be said at this moment, would alter a single vote or affect in the slightest degree the issue which will be arrived at in this contest. We look forward to the result of the struggle with all the confidence which, as supporters of a Liberal and popular Government, appealing to a constituency which ought to be able, and we believe is able, to judge fairly of the claims thus established upon its good will and confidence, have a right to entertain. We caution our friends against over confidence. Let them remember that they have two candidates in the field that the party vote will be divided, and that not a vote must be lost that can be brought to the poll. We regret that this division in the Liberal ranks could not have been healed, but since it could not and is not, there is but one course open for all the supporters of the Government—to concentrate their force upon the strongest candidate. We have no hesitation in saying that the strongest candidate is J. P. Featherston, and although we would have liked to see Mr. O'Donoghue elected, we have reason to believe that it is now impossible, that he can be. The issue, then, should decide each friend of the Government as to his conduct under the circumstances. Much as many of these might desire, on personal grounds, to see Mr. O'Donoghue victorious, they would not, we feel sure, contemplate the defeat of the Government to which he has pledged his loyalty with other than the most undisguised regret. It cannot do their candidate the slighest good, and it will not advance a single political principle which he holds in common with them, should they vote for him and lose the election for the Government, and they must remember that to persist in voting for him, in the face of the fact that his candidature is hopeless, is to court the defeat of their principles—and principles, after all has been said and done, are of a thousand times more importance than persons. On the other hand, it will injure Mr. O'Donoghue, because it will leave him open to the charge that he did not hesitate, on account of his personal aspirations, to imperil the success of the Government which he professes to be desirous, and which we believe he is really and truly desirous, of supporting. To do so in a crisis like the present is a risk that a good, loyal Reformer would hesitate to do, and which when done ought to cause him regret. The issue for the electors to decide is—Shall the Government be supported, or shall it not? If the individual answer is in the affirmative, VOTE FOR MR. FEATHERSTON, for a vote for Mr. O'Donoghue now means a vote for Mr. O'Connor, who desires to go to Toronto to oppose the Government at every stage, to obstruct public business, and to support the Lander-Rykert quartette in their unreasonable and unreasoning course. We can see no course open for the friends of Mr. Mowat's Administration than to VOTE FOR MR. FEATHERSTON.

THE CIVIL SERVICE VOTE.

Mr. John O'Connor claims to be a gentleman, and his friends claim that he is more of a gentleman than almost any other person who could possibly ask the suffrages of the people of Ottawa. We have given him in this contest all the fair play that could be accorded to a gentleman and a political opponent, and we expected to be treated fairly in return. A correspondent on Friday sent us a letter on the subject of the votes of the Civil Servants, in which he asserted that Mr. O'Connor's friends were boasting that they would get a large majority of the votes of that portion of the community for their candidate, and in which he gave what in his opinion were good reasons why it should be otherwise. We neither endorsed nor controverted the sentiments there set forth, we were in no way responsible for them, and the letter was inserted as any other letter would be. Mr. O'Connor asks: "Who but Mr Mackenzie "could write, or at least inspire, such a "letters. Who else could tell what his pre-"sent intention in that respect is, or "know that he is to bring in such a bill?" Mr. Mackenzie made a statement in Parliament last year on the subject, which we presume formed the foundation of our correspondent's assertion, and as Mr. Mackenzie is in the habit of doing everything he promises—something which neither Mr. O'Connor nor his political allies have ever been in the habit of doing—there is the possibility, indeed the probability, that "Spectator" is right. We do not know, and we do not pretend to know, whether "Spectator" is right or wrong; but we can and will answer Mr. O'Connor's questions—not in the bullying, impertinent language in which they are put, but truthfully, and we trust decorously. We are quite free to admit that it was natural in Mr. O'Connor to think that the members of the present Dominion Government should follow in the footsteps of their predecessors, and take means of this description to influence votes. It so happens, however, that they do not, and that neither the Premier nor any member of the Government had anything to do with "Spectator" or his letter. When Mr. O'Connor says that the letter bears internal evidence of having come from Mr. Mackenzie, he simply makes a very broad assertion, which he knows to be false, but which he hopes may carry conviction to the minds of those to whom it is addressed by the boldness with which it is assumed to be the fact. We do not care to enter into the merits of this latest production of Mr. O'Connor's, either as a literary effort, in which respect it is nearly as remarkable as his address, nor as a specimen of the language made use of by an ex-Minister of the Crown regarding those who have succeeded him in office. We do not know that it is "internal evidence" of a gentleman to speak of the Prime Minister of Canada as "Mackenzie," but it seems to be the most polished and respectful language which Mr. O'Connor's education and refinement, and the respect in which he holds the highest office which the people's representatives may aspire to hold, permits him to make use of. Had it been one of those Radicals for whom Mr. O'Connor and the high Tory breed which he is fain to claim kinship with profess to look upon with such supreme contempt—had it been from one of those whom Mr. O'Connor and his high-toned "Liberal-Conservative" friends love to call gutter-snipes, whose coats are not made after the latest fashion, and whose feet would soil their fine carpets—but don't, except at election times—had it been one of these, we say, who spoke of the Premier of Canada as "Mackenzie," why, there would be some way of accounting for it; but in the "Hon. John O'Connor"—ex-member of the Parliament of Canada—ex-minister of the Dominion Government—and aspirant (with what small hope of success will to-day appear) to a seat in the Legislature of Ontario, the thing is simply disgraceful and in the worst taste. We declare unhesitatingly that Mr. O'Connor's insinuations are false and foundationless from beginning to end, and as untruthful as they are uncalled for. If his hopes of election are based upon such slender chances as his letter to the *Citizen* would lead the public to infer he has foolishly sacrificed himself upon the altar of his party. We know he made the sacrifice unwillingly, and were it not for the unappropriateness of the simile, we would add that an unwilling horse is a difficult one to ride.

Mr. O'Connor's conception of the duty of the Premier in respect to his policy on this subject is somewhat unique in its way—almost equal, indeed, to his advanced and profound meditations on "society and social order," the "frame and interests of society," and "property, capital, and labour." Indeed, it would undoubtedly be a great pity that such a bright constitutional luminary should be content to shine in the "pent up Utica" in Toronto. Upon this principle, and upon several others, Mr. O'Connor will be left at home, as he deserves to be.

The average Canadian, when transplanted to the Western Prairies, becomes a more enterprising and daring individual, laying broad and deep the foundations of mighty cities and provinces that will in the future control the destinies of the Dominion.

False Modesty.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

ONTARIO ELECTION LAW.

Since the last general election for Ontario, the law on the above subject has been amended and made more stringent. We deem it therefore [illegible] to publish a short summary of the [illegible] provisions of the Act, which will doubtless be of interest, and may be of use to over-zealous canvassers:—

DIRECTIONS FOR THE GUIDANCE OF VOTERS IN VOTING BY BALLOT.

The voter is to vote for one candidate.

The voter will go into one of the compartments, and with the pencil provided in the compartment place a cross on the right-hand side of the ballot paper, opposite the name of the candidate for whom he votes; thus, X.

The voter will then fold the ballot-paper across, so as to show the name or initials of the Deputy Returning Officer on the back; and hand it to the Deputy Returning Officer and quit the place.

If the voter inadvertently spoils a ballot-paper, he can return it to the Officer, who will, if satisfied of such inadvertence, give him another ballot-paper.

If the voter votes for more than one candidate, or places any mark on the ballot paper by which he may be afterwards identified, his ballot paper will be void and will not be counted.

Taking a ballot-paper out of the polling place, or depositing in the box any other paper than his own, subjects the offender to six months' imprisonment.

In the following form of ballot-paper, given for illustration, the candidates are J. P. Featherston, John O'Connor, D. J. O'Donoghue. An elector desiring to vote for Mr. Featherston will mark his ballot as below:—

Election for Ottawa City, 1875

I	1 J. P. FEATHERSTON MERCHANT, City of Ottawa.	X
II	2 JOHN O'CONNOR, LAWYER, City of Ottawa.	
III	3 D. J. O'DONOGHUE, PRINTER, City of Ottawa.	

Under section 24 of the Ballot Act, any elector at any polling place may, in the absence of any person authorised in writing to act as the agent of an absent candidate, declare himself to be and may act as the agent of such candidate without producing any authority in writing.

OATH TO BE PUT TO A VOTER.

"You swear [or solemnly affirm] that you are the person named [or purporting to be named by the name of] on the list of voters now shown unto you [showing the list to the voter]; that at the time of the last final revision and correction of the assessment roll on which this list is based for this township [city, or town, as the case may be], you were [and if the fact be so, still are] actually, truly, and in good faith possessed to your own use and benefit as owner, [or tenant, or occupant as the case may be] of the real estate in respect of which your name [or the said name of] is entered on the said list of voters, [or if the party has parted with such possession, then insert, these words: "that you are still a resident of this electoral division,"] and as such entitled to vote at this election; and that you are a subject of her Majesty by birth or naturalization, and you are of the full age of twenty-one years; that you have not voted before at this election, either at this or any other polling place; and that you have not received anything nor has anything been promised you, either directly or indirectly, either to induce you to vote at this election or for loss of time, travelling expenses, hire of team, or any other service connected therewith; *and that you have not, directly or indirectly, paid or promised anything to any person, either to induce him to vote or to refrain from voting at this election.* So help you God."

TAKING THE VOTES.

The following are the provisions for the taking and recording of the votes:—

When any person claiming to be entitled to vote presents himself for the purpose of voting, the Deputy Returning Officer shall proceed as follows:—

1. He shall ascertain that the name of such person is entered, or purports to be entered, upon the voters' lists for the subdivision for which such Deputy Returning Officer is appointed to act.

2. He shall record, or cause to be recorded, in the proper columns of the voters' list, the residence and the legal addition of such person.

3. If such person shall take the oath or affirmation required to be taken by voters in the manner directed by the Election Law of 1868, the Deputy returning Officer shall enter or cause to be entered, opposite such person's name in the proper column of the said voters list the word "sworn," or "affirmed," according to the fact.

4. Where the vote is objected to by any candidate or his agent, the Deputy Returning Officer shall enter the objection, or cause the same to be entered in the voters' list, by writing opposite the name of such person, in the proper column, the words "objected to," stating at the same time by which candidate or on behalf of which candidate the objection has been made, by adding after the words "objected to" the name only of such candidate.

5. Where such person as aforesaid has been required to take the oath or affirmation, and refuses to take the same, the Deputy Returning Officer shall enter or cause to be entered opposite the name of such person, in the proper column of the voters' list, the words "refused to be sworn," or "refused to affirm," according to the fact; and the vote of such person shall not be taken or received; and if taken and received it shall be null and void; and the Deputy Returning Officer shall for having taken and received such vote, or caused the same to be taken and received, incur a penalty of two hundred dollars.

6. Where the proper entries respecting the person so claiming to vote have been made in the voters' list in the manner prescribed, the Deputy Returning Officer shall sign his name or initials upon a ballot-paper and upon the counterfoil attached thereto.

7. The ballot-paper shall be detached from the counterfoil and shall be delivered to such person.

8. The counterfoil shall be retained in the book by the Deputy Returning Officer who shall write or otherwise mark upon such counterfoil the number prefixed to the name of such person upon the voters' list; and opposite the name of such person in the voters' list a mark shall be placed to denote that he has received a ballot-paper, but not showing the particular ballot-paper which he has received.

9. The Deputy Returning Officer shall take all necessary precaution for concealing, and shall conceal as far as possible from all persons present (including the Poll Clerk and the Agents of the Candidates, as well as all other persons) the number printed upon the ballot paper delivered to any person, and upon the counterfoil which was attached thereto, and shall not permit the counterfoil to be inspected by any person.

10. The Deputy Returning Officer may, and upon request shall, either personally or through his clerk, explain to the voter, as concisely as possible, the mode of voting and the colours in which the numbers and names of candidates are printed on the ballot paper.

VOTES OF DEPUTY RETURNING OFFICERS AND POLL CLERKS.

By chapter 3 of the Statutes of Ontario for 1874, section 25, every Deputy Returning Officer and Poll Clerk, who is otherwise qualified to vote at an election for a member to serve in the Legislative Assembly, shall be entitled to vote at such election; and so much of section 3 of the Election Law of 1868 as prohibits the said officers from voting is hereby repealed.

Deputy Returning Officers, Poll Clerks and Agents may vote at polling places where they are employed.

By the same Act, section 26 provides that the Returning Officer, on the request of any elector entitled to vote at one of the polling stations who shall be appointed Deputy Returning Officer or Poll Clerk, or who shall be named the Agent of any of the candidates for a polling station other than the one where he is entitled to vote, shall give to such elector a certificate that such Deputy Returning Officer, Poll Clerk or Agent is entitled to vote at such election at the polling station where such elector shall be stationed during the polling day; and such certificate shall also state the property or other qualification in respect of which he is entitled to vote; and on the production of such certificate, such Deputy Returning Officer, Poll Clerk or Agent shall have the right to vote at the polling station where he shall be placed during the polling day, instead of at the polling station of the polling sub-division where he would otherwise have been entitled to vote, and the Deputy Returning Officer shall attach the certificate to the voters' list; but no such certificate shall entitle any such elector to vote at such polling station unless he has been actually engaged as such Deputy Returning Officer, Poll Clerk or Agent during the day of polling, or shall entitle any Agent to vote who is disqualified under section 3 of the Election Law of 1868.

COUNTING THE BALLOTS.

Immediately after the close of the poll the Deputy Returning Officer is to open the ballot box and count the votes, keeping the ballot papers with their printed faces upwards, and allowing no person to see the number printed on the back.

Any ballot paper which has not on its back the name or initial of the Deputy Returning Officer, or on which votes are marked for more candidates than one, or on which anything except the name and initials of the Deputy Returning Officer are written or marked by which the voter can be identified, shall be void and shall not be counted.

The word "rejected" is to be marked on any ballot papers that are laid aside, and if any objection is raised, the words "objected to" are also to be written on the paper.

The Deputy Returning Officer is then to make out a statement as follows:—

Name of electoral division, subdivision, and date of election.

Number of votes for each candidate.

Papers wanting signatures or initials of Deputy Returning Officer.

Papers rejected at voting for more than one candidate.

Papers rejected because so marked that they may be identified.

Papers registered as unmarked or void for uncertainty.

Upon the completion of this statement it is to be signed by the Deputy Returning Officer, the Poll Clerk, and candidates or Agents present.

Not more than two agents for any candidate are to be present while the votes are being counted.

OFFENCES.

By section 27 of the Ballot Act, it is provided that no person shall

1. (*a*) Forge or counterfeit, or fraudulently alter, deface, or fraudulently destroy any ballot paper or the name or initials of the Deputy Returning Officer signed thereon; or

(*b*) Without due authority supply any ballot paper to any person; or

(*c*) Fraudulently put into any ballot-box any paper other than the ballot paper which is authorised by law to be put in; or

(*d*) Fraudulently take out of the polling place any ballot paper; or

(*e*) Without due authority destroy, take, open, or otherwise interfere with any ballot box or packet of ballot papers then in use for the purpose of the election.

2. No person shall attempt to commit any offence specified in this section.

3. Any person guilty of any violation of this section shall be liable, if he be a Returning Officer, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years, with or without hard labour; and if he be any other person, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months, with or without hard labour.

ILLEGAL ACTS.

The use of any party colours, flags, or ensigns.

Carrying arms, staves, swords, or bludgeons, or other offensive weapons within two miles of the polling place on the day of election.

The penalty for the commission of these offences is one hundred dollars.

Any person convicted of battery committed on the day of election, within two miles of any place where polling is going on, is liable to a penalty of fifty dollars.

Wilfully voting without the requisite qualification renders the offender liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Double voting or "repeating" is also punishable with a fine of two hundred dollars.

Fraudulent conveyance of land in order to give the right to vote, is an offence punishable with a fine of two hundred dollars.

EXPENSES OF ELECTIONS.

By the Statute of Ontario, 1873, section 7, it is provided that no payment (except in respect of the personal expenses of a candidate), and no advance, loan or deposit for the purposes of the election shall be made by or on behalf of any candidate at an election, before or during or after such election, otherwise than through an agent or agents, whose name and address or names and addresses has or have been declared in writing to the Returning Officer on or before the day of nomination, or through an agent or agents to be appointed in his or their place as herein provided; and no person shall make any such payment, advance, loan, or deposit for the purpose of the election, otherwise than through such agent or agents, under a penalty of being deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 8 provides for the publication by the Sheriff of the names of such agents.

Section 9 provides for the appointment of a substitute on the death or incapacity of an agent.

And by the Statute of Ontario, 1870-71, it is provided that

(1.) When it is found, upon the report of a Judge upon an election petition, that any corrupt practice has been committed by any candidate at an election, or by his agent, *whether with or without* the actual knowledge and consent of such candidate, the election of such candidate, if he has been elected, shall be void.

(2.) When it is found, by the report of a Judge upon an election petition, that any corrupt practice has been committed by or with the actual knowledge or consent of any candidate at an election, in addition to his election, if he has been elected, being void, he shall, during the eight years next after the date of his being so found guilty, be incapable of being elected to and of sitting in the Legislative Assembly, and of being registered as a voter, and of voting at any election, and of holding any office at the nomination of the Crown or of the Lieutenant-Governor in Ontario, or any municipal office.

CORRUPT PRACTICES AT ELECTIONS.

By the 1st section of chapter 2 of the Statutes of Ontario for 1873, it is declared that "corrupt practices" or "corrupt practice" shall mean bribery, treating, and undue influence, or any of such offences, as defined by said or any Act of the Legislature, or recognized by the common law of the Parliament of England; also any violation of the 46th, 61st, or 71st sections of the Election Law of 1868; and any violation of the 66th section of such last mentioned Act during the hours appointed for polling.

The 46th section of said Act provides: If, at any election of a member to serve in the Legislative Assembly, any person knowingly personates and falsely assumes to vote in the name of another person whose name appears on the proper list of voters—whether such other person be then living or dead, or if the name of the said other person be the name of a fictitious person—every such person shall incur a penalty of $200.

The 61st section provides: That no candidate shall, nor shall any other person either provide or furnish drink or other entertainment, at the expense of such candidate or other person, to any meeting of electors assembled for the purpose of promoting such election, previous to or during such election, or pay or promise to pay, or promise or engage to pay for any such drink or other entertainment; except that nothing herein contained shall extend to any entertainment furnished to any such meeting of electors, by or at the expense of any person or persons, at his, her, or their usual place of residence.

The 71st section provides: That the hiring or promising to pay or paying for any horse, team, carriage, cab or other vehicle by any candidate, or by any person on his behalf to convey voters, or near, or from the poll or from the neighbourhood thereof, at any election, or the payment by any candidate, or by any person on his behalf, of the travelling and other expenses of any voter in going to or returning from any election, shall be illegal acts, and the person so offending shall thereby incur a penalty of $100, and any elector who shall hire any horse, cab, cart, waggon, sleigh, carriage, or other conveyance, for any candidate or for any agent of a candidate, for the purpose of conveying electors to or from the polling place or places, shall *ipso facto* be disqualified from voting at such election, and for such offence shall incur a penalty of $100.

The 66th section provides: That every hotel, tavern, and shop in which spirituous liquors or drinks are ordinarily sold, shall be closed during the day appointed for polling in the wards or municipalities in which the polls are held, and no spirituous or fermented liquors or drinks shall be sold or given to any person within the limits of such municipality during such period, under a penalty of one hundred dollars in every such case.

By the 67th section of the Act of 1868–'69 the following persons shall be deemed guilty of bribery, and shall be punishable accordingly:

(1.) Every person who shall directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, give, lend, or agree to give or lend, or shall offer or promise any money or valuable consideration, to or for any voter, or to or for any person on behalf of any voter, or to or for any person in order to induce any voter to vote or refrain from voting, or shall corruptly do any such act as aforesaid on on account of such voter having voted or refrained from voting at any such election.

(2.) Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, give or procure, or agree to give or procure, or offer or promise, any office, place or employment, or promise to procure, or endeavour to procure any office, place or employment to or for any voter, or to or for any person, in order to induce such voter to vote or refrain from voting, or shall corruptly do any such act as aforesaid on account of any such voter having voted or refrained from voting at any election.

(3.) Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, make any gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement or agreement as aforesaid, to or for any person, in order to induce such person to procure or endeavour to procure the return of any person to serve in Parliament, or the vote of any voter at any election.

(4.) Every person who shall, upon or in consequence of any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement, or agreement, procure or engage, promise or endeavour to procure, the return of any person to serve in Parliament, or the vote of any voter at any election.

(5.) Every person who shall advance or pay, or cause to be paid, any money to or to the use of any other person, with the intent that such money or any part thereof shall be expended in bribery at any election, or who shall knowingly pay or cause to be paid any money to any person in discharge or repayment of any money wholly or in part expended in bribery at any election.

(6.) Any person so offending shall incur a penalty of two hundred dollars: Provided always, that the actual personal expenses of any candidate, his expenses for actual professional services performed, *bona fide* payments for the fair cost of printing and advertising, shall be held to be expenses lawfully incurred, and the payment thereof shall not be a contravention of this Act.

Section 68 provides that the following persons shall also be deemed guilty of bribery, and punishable accordingly:—

(1.) Every voter who shall, before or during any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, receive, agree or contract for any money, gift, loan, or valuable consideration, office, place or employment, for himself or any other person, for voting or agreeing to vote, or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting at any election.

(2.) Every person who shall, after any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, receive any money or valuable consideration on account of any person having voted or refrained from voting, or having induced any other person to vote or to refrain from voting at any election.

2. Any person so offending shall incur a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3727

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732

New Style of Upholstering.—Don't fail to see the beautiful Drawing Room Set on exhibition in the window of Angus & Co's new furniture warerooms, 85 and 87 Sparks street. 3740.3in.

THE ELECTIONS.

List of Candidates.

	O.	L.	M.
Addington, Deroche	0	0	1
" Mace	1	0	0
Algoma, Dawson	0	0	1
Brant, N. R., Finlayson	0	0	1
" Campbell	0	0	1
" Crawford	1	0	1
Brockville, Fitzsimmons	1	0	0
" Cole	0	0	1
Bruce, N. R., Sinclair (Dr.)	0	1	0
" " Sinclair	0	0	1
" S. R., Wells	0	0	1
" " Ross	0	1	0
Cardwell, Bowles	0	0	1
" Flesher	1	0	0
Cornwall, McIntyre	1	0	0
" Snetsinger	0	0	1
Dufferin	0	0	0
Dundas, Cook	0	0	1
" Broder	1	0	0
Durham, E. R., Rosevear	1	0	0
" " Smith (Seth)	0	0	1
Durham, W. R., McLeod	0	0	1
" " McClung	1	0	0
Elgin, E. R., Askell	1	0	0
" " Wilson	0	0	1
Elgin, W. R., Munro	1	0	0
" " Hodgins	0	0	1
Essex, S. R., Atkin	0	0	1
" " Wigle	1	0	0
Essex, N. R., Prince	0	0	1
" " Montreal	0	0	1
" " Patterson	1	0	0
Frontenac, Graham	1	0	0
" Dawson	0	0	1
Glengarry, Grant	1	0	0
" McNab	0	0	1
Grenville, S. R., Fraser	0	0	1
" Irvine	1	0	0
Grey, N. R., Scott	1	0	0
" " McFayden	0	0	1
Grey, S. R., Hunter	0	0	1
" " Hopkins	1	0	0
" " Nasmith	1	0	0
Grey, E. R., Lauder	1	0	0
" " Brown	0	0	1
Haldimand, Baxter	0	0	1
" Waldbrook	1	0	0
Halton, Barber	0	0	1
" Beaty	1	0	0
Hastings, W. R., Lewis	0	0	1
" " Graham	0	0	1
" " Wills	1	0	0
Hastings, E. R., Appley	1	0	0
" " Wilson	1	0	0
" " Potts	1	0	0
Hastings, N. R., Boulter	1	0	0
" " O'Flynn	0	0	1
Huron, E. R., Vannorman	1	0	0
" " Gibson	0	0	1
Huron, S. R., Bishop	0	0	1
" Case	1	0	0
Huron, W. R., Davidson	1	0	0
" " Ross	0	0	1
Kent, E. R., McKellar	0	0	1
" " Laird	1	0	0
Kent, W. R., Coutts	1	0	0
" " White	0	0	1
Kingston, McGammon	1	0	0
" Robinson	0	0	1
Lambton, E. R., Shirley	1	0	0
" " Graham	0	0	1
Lambton, W. R., Pardee	0	0	1
" " Chalmers	1	0	0
Lanark, N. R., Mostyn	1	0	0
" " Caldwell	0	0	1
Lanark, S. R., Code	1	0	0
" " Doran	0	0	1
Leeds and Grenville, N. R. Merrick	1	0	0
" " Smith	0	0	1
Leeds, S. R., Preston	1	0	0
" " Fields	0	0	1
Lennox, Grange	0	1	0
" Casey	0	0	1
" Booth	0	0	1
Lincoln, Rykert	1	0	0
" Neelon	0	0	1
London, Meredith	1	0	0
" Durand	0	0	1
Middlesex, N. R. Macdougall	1	0	1
" " Smith	0	0	1
Middlesex, E. R., Tooley	1	0	0
" " Evans	0	0	1
Middlesex, W. R., Currie (N.)	0	0	1
" " Watterworth	0	0	1
Monck, Haney	1	0	0
" Hill	1	0	0
Muskoka, Long (J.)	1	0	0
" Miller	0	0	1
Norfolk, N. R., Clarke	0	0	1
" " McKnight	1	0	0
Norfolk, S. R., Richardson	1	0	0
" " McCall	0	0	1
Northumberland, E. R., Cochrane	1	0	0
" " Ferris	0	0	1
" " Webb	0	0	1
Northumberland, W. R., Gifford	1	0	0
" " Hargraft	0	0	1
Ontario, N. R., McRae	1	0	0
" " Paxton	0	0	1
Ontario, S. R., Brown	1	0	0
" " Farewell	0	0	1
Ottawa, O'Donoghue	0	0	1
" Nagle	0	0	1
" Featherston	1	0	0
" O'Connor	0	0	1
Oxford, S. R. Oliver	0	0	1
" " Macdonald	0	0	1
" " Devlin	0	0	1
" " Hopkins	0	0	1
Peel, Beyon	1	0	0
" Chisolm	0	0	1
Perth, N. R., Daly	1	0	0
" " Towner	1	0	0
" " Hay	0	0	1
Perth, S. R., Leversage	1	0	0
" " Ballantyne	0	0	1
Peterborough, W. R., Scott	1	0	0
" " Cox	0	0	1
Peterborough, E. R., O'Sullivan	1	0	0
" " Stratton	0	0	1
Prescott, Pattee	0	0	1
" Harkin	1	0	0
Prince Edward, Clapp	1	0	0
" Striker	0	0	1
Renfrew, N. R., Deacon	1	0	0
" " Moffatt	0	0	1
" Baker	1	0	0
" Morgan	0	0	1
Simcoe, W. R., Long (T.)	1	0	0
" " McConkey	0	0	1
" " Simpson	0	0	1
Simcoe, S. R., Boulton	1	0	0
" " Snelling	0	0	1
Simcoe, E. R., Kean	1	0	0
" " Sutherland	0	0	1
Stormont, Bethune	1	0	0
" Colquhoun	1	0	0
Toronto, E. R., Cameron	1	0	0
" " Crooks	0	0	1
Toronto, W. R., Bell	1	0	0
" " Thomson	0	0	1
Victoria, N. R., McCrea	1	0	0
Victoria, S. R., Wood	0	0	1
" " Cottingham	1	0	0
Waterloo, N. R., Miller	1	0	0
" " Springer	0	0	1
Welland, Buchner	1	0	0
" Currie	0	0	1
Wellington, N. R., McKim	0	0	1
" " McGowan	1	0	0
" S. R., Gow	0	0	1
Wentworth, N. R., Stock	1	0	1
" " Christie	0	0	0
Wentworth, S. R., Sexton	0	0	1
" " Sphon	0	1	0
York, N. R., Jackson	0	1	1
" " Widdifield	0	0	0
York, E. R., Lane	0	0	1
" " McDougall	1	0	0

MEMBERS ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION.

	G.	O.	I.
Brant South—Hardy	1	0	0
Hamilton—Williams	1	0	0
Oxford North—Mowat	1	0	0
Wellington Centre—Clarke C.	1	0	0
York West—Patterson	1	0	0
Renfrew South—Bonfield	1	0	0
Waterloo South—Fleming	1	0	0
Carleton—Monk	0	1	0
	7	1	0

PAIN-KILLER.

After thirty-five years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Physicians of the first respectability recommend it as a most effectual preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but for Dysentery or Cholera, or any sort of Bowel complaint. It is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency, and rapidity of action. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

It is used Internally and Externally.

Sold everywhere. Price 25 cts.
PERRY DAVIS & SON, Sole Proprietors.
January 13th, 1875. 3741

MINERAL WATER.

The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town, Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town. Oct. 27th, 1874. 175-3m.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Fresh Oysters in Shell.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

New York Bay Oysters in Shell.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

Photography.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

For Christmas and New Year's presents, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

The best value in Winceys at Bryson's. 3695 1m.

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Musca Wine. 3698

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

Gents, try MacLaren & Chalmers' cutter. One trial will secure to them your patronage. 3698

Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695 1m

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732.

Skin Diseases, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groceries, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

FOWLE'S PILE AND HUMOR CURE.

For Internal and External Use
WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE
For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

Price $1 per Bottle. Sold by all Druggists. 3718
Dec. 14, 18

Election Notices.

ELECTORS

OF THE

CITY OF OTTAWA.

FRIENDS and Supporters of Mr. D. J. O'DONOGHUE having Teams at their disposal, and wishing to render a service to the popular Candidate, will please send in their name to the Undersigned, at Mr. McCAFFREY'S HOTEL as early as possible.

JOHN CASEY.

January 16th.

Russell Election.

MR. IRA MORGAN

Has appointed Mr. EDWARD TURNBULL, of Russell, his Financial Agent.

MR. ADAM J. BAKER

Has appointed Mr. WILLIAM STRINGER, of Osgoode, his Financial Agent.

Jan. 14, 1875. 3742-3

Miscellaneous.

VOTE FOR

FEATHERSTON,

And buy your

China, Crockery, Glassware, Lamp Goods, Cutlery, Baskets and

COAL OIL!

—AT—

JAMES ASHFIELD'S,
Duke Street.

Jan. 16, 1875.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

BALTIMORE OYSTERS

To be had in perfection, at

James Buchanan's

SUSSEX STREET.

[illegible] 9th, 1875.

Election Notices.

Provincial Elections.

CITY OF OTTAWA.

The Liberal and moderate men of all parties in Ottawa, who desire to see Ottawa creditably represented in the next Legislature of Ontario by the election of our fellow-citizen Mr. John P. Featherston, are reminded that all who can possibly supply horses and vehicles, without hire, on the 18th of January, the day of election, are requested to send in their names to the following gentlemen, in order that arrangements may be made in due time:

VICTORIA WARD	E. H. BRONSON
WELLING'N WARD	C. W. BANGS
ST. GEORGE'S WARD	Dr. SWEETLAND
BY WARD	MICHAEL STARRS
OTTAWA WARD	A. O. ROCQUE

D. M. GRANT,
Secretary General Committee.

Vote for D. J. O'Donoghue, who has so well represented your interests in the Local Legislature.

YOUR

VOTE AND INFLUENCE

—ARE—

Respectfully Solicited

—FOR—

J. P. FEATHERSTON,

To Represent the City of Ottawa in the Local Legislature.

Central Cmmittee Rooms:

Bangs' Block, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets.

Jan 14, 1875.

TO THE ELECTORS

OF THE

CITY OF OTTAWA.

Gentlemen:—Having been nominated as a candidate to represent the City of Ottawa in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, and having been requested by numerous and influential voters, representing all classes and political parties of my fellow-citizens, to accept the position, and to submit myself for your suffrages, I assent, with full confidence that you will take into consideration the part that I have endeavoured, while sitting at your Council Board, and while acting as your Mayor, to discharge with zeal and fidelity the duties you have so frequently imposed upon me.

I am an adherent of the Reform party of Ontario, and as such, if elected, while claiming and exercising the right to think and decide independently, shall give an honest, but not servile, support to the present Government.

I shall carefully watch every action of the Executive, and shall not hesitate to criticise, and, if necessary, condemn any wrong doing.

To the important interests of the lumber trade I shall give special attention, convinced that the prosperity of the City of Ottawa is deeply involved therein, and to be able to do so with accurate knowledge shall seek the aid of those of my fellow-citizens who are best qualified to give reliable information and safe advice.

In these matters, and in all others that affect the welfare of the eastern section of the Province of Ontario, I shall be willing, and shall labour to co-operate with its representatives regardless of political associations.

Believing that the future greatness of Canada depends entirely upon the strength and prosperity of its workingmen, I shall be ever anxious to attend to their interests, and to give to all measures submitted for their benefit a just and fair consideration.

The welfare of your schools and charitable institutions, and especially the completion and organization of the Normal and Model Schools, shall be to me subjects of constant care.

I desire to represent the moderate men of all parties, and my earnest efforts shall be directed, as a supporter of a Liberal Government, to act with justice and impartiality to the various nationalities that form the mixed population of our common country.

I have made Ottawa my home. I have no local attachment elsewhere. My interests and yours are identical.

Grateful for the confidence you have reposed in me during the past eight years that I have served in the City Council, I seek your good-will and suffrages to place me in a higher and more responsible position than any I have heretofore occupied, and if honoured with your confidence you may rest assured that as your representative in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, I shall do my best, earnestly and assiduously, to promote the general prosperity and good government of our Province, and to give special attention to the interests of the City of Ottawa and the Ottawa District.

J. P. FEATHERSTON.

Ottawa, January, 14th, 1875.

Your vote and influence are respectfully solicited for D. J. O'Donoghue.

TO THE

Electors of Ottawa.

Gentlemen,—Through the dissolution of the Local Legislature, in a short time you will be called upon to elect a representative to that House for the ensuing term. Elected by a large majority when I had the honor to solicit your suffrages before, I trust that my conduct while in Parliament will meet with the full confidence of the whole people at the ensuing election, and as a consequence I announce myself as a candidate for your suffrages on the occasion. Should I be deemed worthy of your approval in the future as in the past, my humble support will be given to the present government in all measures for the benefit of the whole country. I ask assistance in opposing chicanery and double-dealing, and in favour of one who will neither be cajoled or purchased.

Hoping to meet you all at public meetings, and if possible personally, before the day of polling,

I remain,
Yours respectfully,

DAN. J. O'DONOGHUE.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1875.

Ontario Legislature.

CITY OF OTTAWA.

The Candidates for Election to the Ontario Legislature for the City of Ottawa, have, in accordance with the Act in that behalf, appointed their Agents as follows:—

CANDIDATE.

J. P. FEATHERSTON, Esq. .. F. Pennock, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Solicitor, Agent.

Hon J. O'CONNOR ..... G. O'Doherty, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Solicitor, Agent.

D. J. O'DONOGHUE, Esq .. John Casey, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Merchant, Agent.

W. H. WALLER, Esq. ... Wm. Wall, of the City of Ottawa, of the County of Carleton, Merchant, Agent.

RICHARD NAGLE, Esq. . W. H. Nagle, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Importer, Agent.

W. F. POWELL,
Returning Officer.

Ottawa, Jan. 11th, 1875.

Workingmen, rally around your Candidate, and give him a hearty support.

Election Notices.

1875. 1875.

Public Notice.

Election for the Province of Ontario.

As Returning Officer for the Electoral District of the City of Ottawa, I hereby give public notice that the following sub-divisions of the said Municipality have been made, and are hereby made known for the information of the public in accordance with the statute in that behalf:—

Victoria Ward.

Sub-division No. 1.

All that part of Victoria Ward, lying north of Queen street, from Victoria bridge to the Bay.

POLLING PLACE—Market House on Lot 1 C.

No. 2—North by Queen street, South by Richmond road, East by Victoria Bridge, West by City Limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 12 I, Queen street, facing Lloyd street.

No. 3—All north of Wellington street, from Dufferin Bridge to Victoria Bridge.

POLLING PLACE—Lot A 4, Wellington street north.

Wellington Ward.

No. 4.—East by Concession Line A, West by Division street, North by George street and Victoria Terrace, South by City Limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 40 (Sherwood Block) Concession Line A.

No. 5.—East by Sally street and Frank street to intersection of Maria street, through centre of said street to intersection of Hugh street and thence south to City Limits, West by Concession, North by Wellington street. South by City Limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 11, Maria street North.

No. 6.—West by Sally and Frank streets to intersection of Maria street, thence in a line through the centre of said street, to intersection of Hugh street and thence south to city limits, East by Bank street, North by Wellington street. South by City Limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 42, Albert street South.

No. 8—West by O'Connor street, east by Metcalfe street, north by Wellington street, south by city limits.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 14, Queen street, south (east of A).

No. 9—West by Metcalfe and Moberly streets, east by Rideau Canal, north by Wellington street, south by city limits.

POLLING PLACE—City Hall.

St. George's Ward.

No. 10—North by George street and Rideau street north to Cumberland street, Rideau street south to lot 4, Cumberland street, west by Rideau Canal, east by Cumberland street.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 17, St. Paul street (engine house.)

No. 11—Both sides of St. Paul street. South by Theodore street. West by Rideau Canal, East by Cumberland street.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 2, Besserer street south (Armstrong's).

No. 12—Both sides of Rideau street, south by Besserer street, west by Cumberland street, east by Rideau Canal.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 21, Rideau street north.

No. 13—North by Besserer street. South by Stewart street. West by Cumberland street. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 37, Daly street north.

No. 14.—North by Stewart street. South by city limits. West by Cumberland street, till it intersects with Theodore street, thence westerly to Canal. East by Rideau river.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 27, Wilbrod street.

By Ward.

No. 15.—South by George street. North by York street. West by Major's Hill, including Lots A to G on Sussex street west. East by Nelson street.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 8, George street north (Engine House.)

No. 16.—South by a line running in rear of Lots facing Rideau street north. North by a line running in rear of lots facing Parry and Franklin streets. West by Nelson street. East by Rideau river.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 24, Parry street south.

No. 17.—South by York street and a line running in rear of lots facing Parry and Franklin streets. North by Clarence, Parry and Franklin streets. West by Major's Hill, including lots on Sussex street west, from Lot H. to S., both inclusive. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 13, North York street.

No. 18.—South by Clarence, Parry and Franklin streets. North by Murray street, and a line running in rear of lots facing Ottawa street. West by Sussex street. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 27, Murray street (Engine House.)

No. 19.—South by Murray street and a line running in rear of lots facing Ottawa street. North by Patrick and Ottawa streets. West by Sussex street. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE—Lot 16, Murray street north (Engine House.)

Ottawa Ward.

No. 20.—South by Patrick street. North by rear of and including lots on Church street north. West by Government Reserve, including lots 1 to 16 on Sussex street west. East by King street.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot 16, Church street north.

No. 21.—South by Ottawa street. North by Cathcart street. West by King street. East by Rideau River.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot D, Park street south.

No. 22.—South, includes both sides of St. Andrew's street; North by Cathcart street, (to Lot 32); West by Sussex street; East by King street.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot 16, Bolton street, north (Ordnance.)

No. 23.—South by Cathcart street, North by McTaggart street, West by the Ottawa river, East by the Rideau river.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot.

No. 24.—South by McTaggart street, North by the Ottawa river, West by the Ottawa river, East by the Rideau river.

POLLING PLACE.—Lot 12, Emigration Office.

W. F. POWELL,
Returning Officer.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

Oct. 7, 1874. 399y d&w.

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for Wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried every every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicly for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS.

2205.

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes; at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fits guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, It is

76 Sparks Street.

THOS. LAWRENCE.

Sept. 19, 1874. 1876-y

WHOLESALE
Ready-Made
CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTERS

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

MR. GEORGE DIXON

So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 24, 1874. 1866

Hardware, &c.

THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

For sale by all Oilmen.

Dec. 4, 1874. 1716-y

HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.

No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware

In the city is to be found at

THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 1, 1874.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City references given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School Rest, Magee & Russell, G May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Brouson & Weston, L Chamell, Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application

H MEADOWS & CO.,
35 Sussex-St

Oct. 5, 1874. 389

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency

OTTAWA Cont.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Roe's Little Giant Injector.

Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY &c.

March 23, 1874 1 1 65

Hotels.

THE

CLARENDON HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the **Corner of Sussex and George Streets,** within three to five minutes walk of Post Office and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business portion of the city. Will be opened to the public about the 1 th January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refitted this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,

One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms

are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms

are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms

are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms

are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given, to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my Table will be one of the best in Canada.

N B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.

Dec. 28th, 1874. 379

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines Spirits, Liquors, and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 262

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD

USE THE

Diamond Yeast Cakes

Gift Enterprises.

A NOTHER

OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27 h of February next, of their 5th and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift	$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift	100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	75,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
5 Cash Gifts, 20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts, 14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts, 10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts, 5,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts, 2,000 each	60,000
50 Cash Gifts, 1,000 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts, 500 each	50,000
200 Cash Gifts, 300 each	60,000
500 Cash Gifts, 200 each	100,000
19,000 Cash Gifts, 40 each	760,000

Whole Tickets, $10; Half Tickets, $5; Tenth, or each Coupon, $1; Eleven Whole Tickets, $100.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 23, 1874. 372d&w2wkd&w

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000 } Each in Cash
Two Prizes, $500 }

Five Prizes $100
1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.
One Five-toned Rosewood Piano, worth
Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $250
Three Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.
Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth 100 each!
1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c
Number of Gifts 7,001! Tickets limited to 7,500

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 637,
Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874 264 d o w

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK, VA.

DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature passed March 5th, 1873.

40,000 TICKETS—6000 CASH GIFTS,

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of	$ 30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	15,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	10,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	15,000
20 Cash Gifts of $500 each	10,000
65 Cash Gifts of $250 each	16,250
77 Cash Gifts of $150 each	11,550
250 Cash Gifts of $100 each	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of $50 each	28,900
1000 Cash Gifts of $10 each	10,000
6000 Cash Gifts, aggregating	$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets, $5; Quarter ticket, $2 50; Eleven tickets, $100.

For Tickets and Circulars, &c., address,

HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary,
Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 25, 1874 372d&w

Miscellaneous.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO
Sparks Street, near Bank.

NOTICE

All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co

Feb. 12 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents,

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.

Dec. 17, 1874.

Furniture.

NEW

Furniture Warerooms.

ANGUS & CO.

Dealers in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cornices and Curtains.

85 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite Henry's New Block.

Jan. 11, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST.

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and Judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2nd DOOR WEST OF CONNOR-ST.

May 4, 1874. 1365

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,
Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 1514y

Boots & Shoes.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising

Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots,
" Embroidered and Plain Felt Congress,
Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress,
Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Felt Bals.
Felt Overs,

A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter Foot-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at REDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an entire clearance.

Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB,
38 Sussex-st.

Jan. 9, 1875.

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 14 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes, Mitts, Rubbers, Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN,
Dec. 24, 1874 Ottawa.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA

GENTLEMEN:

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

BOOTS, SHOES, MOCCASINS, MITTS, &c.

AT

W. E. BROWN,
15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.

Dec. 21, 1874. 3[illegible] d&w

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS.
Wellington-st.,
Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre.

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH,

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds,
Geese from 8 to 16 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 23, 1874. 3726-tf

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Carlole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

SCOTTON McLEAN
Auctioneer, Sparks-

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,
MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co., Cincinnati, O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co., Boston, N. J.; Joseph Dail, Manufacturing Co'y, &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE, 70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3[illegible]y

Hardware.

MOORE BROS.,

TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil,

General House-Furnishing Goods,

And Lawn Mowers.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS. OTTAWA.

Jan. 7, 1875. 3[illegible]

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES

J. T MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsuiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces above lines on application. Estimates for work any of the Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Lamps & Chandeliers

The Largest Assortment in the City,

AT THE OIL DEPOT, SUSSEX-ST.

Jan. 8, 1875. C. S. SHAW & CO.

Grocers.

GO TO

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE'S

FOR YOUR

GROCERIES.

You will always find a full stock of Groceries Glassware and Crockery at prices that can't be obtained elsewhere.

FINE

Uncolored Japan Tea,

Only 50c. per lb.

Apples wholesale and retail.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE.
Cor. Kent and Wellington-sts.

Jan. 9, 1875.

CHRISTMAS CARD.

CAMPBELL, having run off the gentlemen as Chairman, Dec. 25th, 1874.

Thanking their numerous friends for the favors for the patronage bestowed upon them, and fully commencing business, would remind them that, being in a position through purchasing their Goods previous to advance (in wholesale markets) to sell cheap, they will offer to them during the Holidays, value in quality and cheapness that cannot be surpassed in the city, viz.:

OLD PRICES.	NEW PRICES.	OLD PRICES.	NEW PRICES.
3 lbs. Raisins	38cts.	3 lbs. Raisins	30cts.
3 lbs. Currants	27cts.	3 lbs. Currants	20cts.
Orange Peel	8cts.	Orange Peel	25cts.
Lemon Peel	35cts.	Lemon Peel	25cts.
Sultana Raisins	17cts.	Sultana Raisins	8cts.
84 s in layers	50cts.	Figs in layers	35cts.
Mixed Spices	50cts.	Mixed Spices	40cts.

Dec. 21st, 1874.

SOMETHING NEW

To Economical Housekeepers!

Use the British Egg and Butter Powder!

A Perfect Substitute for Eggs!
A Great Saving in Butter!

FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.

Agents for Ottawa—

CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.
3 and 4 Victoria Chambers,
Wellington Street

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3m

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

SAPOLIO,

For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.

HAND SAPOLIO,

For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artisans and mechanics.

Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.

Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES!

Restore your Sight!

THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES,

By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to

DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957.)
No. 31 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD
AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with cues, &c., and having the celebrated

Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own tables. Price per table, packed and delivered on Cars here, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender
738 Broadway, New York

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all drug stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer [Trade Mark secured] Montreal.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

Mr. Wigle, Opposition candidate for this constituency, by

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874. 3[illegible]

Books & Stationery.

NEW BOOKS.

Grey's Creed of Christendom, 2 vols	$4 50
Do Religion of Life	1 50
John Stuart Mill's Posthumous Essays on Religion	2 50
Draper's The Conflict between Religion and Science	1 75
Popular Science Monthly, vols. 1 to 5 each	3 50
Proctor's The Transits of Venus	2 50
Around the Tea Table, by Talmage, Illustrated	3 00

For sale at

HENDERSON & Co's.

39 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 5, 1872.

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

FOR THE

PIANOFORTE.

It Stands the Test! Sells 25,000 Yearly, and is gaining friends everywhere.

No piano instruction book ever issued approaches it for real merit and worth, and so teachers regard it, using it in their course of instruction. This work is a power in the musical advance of the day, and has been a most important agent in the recent tremendous increase of musical knowledge of the Pianoforte.

The success of

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

is world-wide, and prompts many competitors but its sale surpasses that of all others COMBINED, and it stands to-day incontestably superior to all other Piano Methods.

Used by thousands of Music Teachers and sold by all Book and Music Dealers in this Country and Canada.

Price, - - - $3.75.

All books sent, post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, N.Y.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 28, 1874.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at lowest price

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY.

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Conserves variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Marmalade; Crosse & Blackwell's Patent Foods for Children; Colman's Prepared Mustard; Crosse & Blackwell's Sugar Wafers; Goldthwaite's Fruits, fresh and preserved; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

Dec. 24 1874 THOS PATTERSON.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 36 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in the city. Our Wines and Liquors are of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest: let not less say lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

Aug. 1, 1874. P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

(The oldest Bottlers in France.)

HEAR WHAT Dr. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, Chemist, M.R.I.A., F.G.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success."

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WARHOUSEMEN.

Dec. 5, 1874 371lm

Ladies' Ware,

LONDON HOUSE!

We are showing

The Cheapest Fancy Dress Silks in the City.

UNEQUALLED FOR RICHNESS.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT

Is under the superior management of MI S. M. A. ARMSTRONG. The system we use is the Cornwall Chart, the only method in which a perfect fit can be secured.

HANEY & FORGIE.

Jan. 11, 1875 3[illegible]

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens, Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYAN'S,

234 Wellington-St

Dec. 5, 1874.

Dry Goods.

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec 21, 1874

Tailoring.

TAILORING TAILORING

As we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $21.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Melton, all colors, from $7.50 upward.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $6.50.
Scotch Tweed, from $5 to $5.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upwards.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot, Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10 50 upwards.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars

&c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, now acknowledge my receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1861, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa,

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Range and Building Coverings

AGENCY OF

Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works,

OHIO SANDSTONE

Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones, Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Colored Marbles of new and classic designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Rooms, Roseding or Projecting either Plain or Mounted.

June 16, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

Put you mark X opposite the red lines on the ballot paper.

The crossing of the Pembina branch railroad into Winnipeg, at Point Douglas will fix that place as the crossing of the C. P. R. R. branch also.

LIQUOR DEALERS BEWARE!—All places in which liquor is sold have to be closed to-day. Inspector McVeity vows vengeance on all violators of the law.

NOT YET CAUGHT.—Detective Hamilton has not yet succeeded in capturing the confidence man Stewart, who is presumed to be concealed from the eyes of the law in Montreal.

Vote early this morning for Featherston! A Vote before noon is worth two after!

PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.—The visitors this week are: Directors—Messrs. Thomas McGarity and I. B. Taylor. Clergy: Revds. J. Johnson and W. Hall. Physician: Dr. James Grant.

CITY COUNCIL.—The new civic body should meet to-day at eleven o'clock a.m., but there is a blue look out for a quorum. Should there be a quorum present, the meeting will be formally opened and adjourned to a fixed time.

Let Mr. Featherston's committee work strenuously from 9 till 5 o'clock to-day!

GUARDS' ASSEMBLY.—The Guards' assembly will take place this evening in the Russell House. The *elite* of the city are looking forward for a happy time. The fine orchestra of the Foot Guards' band will contribute some excellent music for the occasion.

NEW PULLMAN CAR.—A fine Pullman Car has just been added to the rolling stock of the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway at a cost of over $5,000. Mr. Dan Rice has been appointed to superintend this new institution. Mr. Reynolds is ever enterprizing, and always keeps pace with the age in the matter of railway accommodation.

Put your mark X opposite the red lines on the ballot paper.

TROTTING MATCH.—The great trotting match which has been on the tapis for some time came off on Saturday afternoon on Rideau Canal, between Sheriff Powell and Mr. Baxter Cutler's horses. A great many sports were in attendance, and a good deal of excitement prevailed. Money changed hands freely as to the result. The Sheriff came out second best, his opponent winning the $2,000 stakes.

Let each man as he goes to the poll, take a neighbour with him to vote for Mr. Featherston, the candidate for the people!

SUNDAY TEMPERANCE MEETING.

Interesting Addresses.

Yesterday the temperance meeting at the Rideau Street Temperance Hall was of an unusually interesting nature.

Mr. E. MCGILLIVRAY again occupied the chair, and a numerous staff of speakers occupied the platform. After the usual devotional exercises had been engaged in,

The Rev. Mr. SANDERSON, was called upon to address the meeting, but that gentleman in a few words, explained that he would defer addressing them until some future occasion, and in the meantime he would make room for the gentlemen from a distance who occupied the platform along with him.

The CHAIRMAN courteously thanked Mr. Sanderson for having waived his privilege, seeing that they had able speakers whom they might not be able to call upon again, while they had Mr. Sanderson always with them. He then called upon

Mr. O'LEARY, delegate of the Irish Labourers Union to this country, who in an eloquent and forcible speech demonstrated the advantages of being a teetotaler as against the disadvantages of intemperance and drunkenness. He painted in glowing language the experiences he had had as a man who earned his bread by the sweat of his brow, and how he had always been able to give a good day's work for a good day's wages without the use of stimulants. He had carried the hod and weilded the hammer, working his sixty hours a week along side of those who spent much of their earnings in drink, and he was always more fit for his work than they. In the county of Staffordshire, which was like one great city with Birmingham for its centre, where the thousands of blazing furnaces made night like day, and in the great gas works of London he had himself toiled, and though many said no one could work at these occupations without drink he had always done so. From these occupations he had been sent on an organizing tour through Ireland, and from one end of that country to the other he had always managed to travel without the aid of drink, and had found himself physically and intellectually the better that he did without them. Since then he had travelled over a great part of this great continent. He had seen the influence of the drink on all classes, on the Indian as well as the white man of every nationality, and it was always the same—the ruin of all who used it. He had visited North America when it was almost at a tropical heat, he had travelled over the Rocky Mountains to the great North West, and here he was back again in their very severe winter sound and well, and that he thought a good argument that a man was better without drink, and could live without no matter what the circumstances were. In conclusion, he made a strong appeal to his hearers to sign the pledge and keep it, and he had no doubt prosperity would bless their efforts. Mr. O'Leary was frequently and loudly applauded throughout his address, which was delivered in a manner that the most fastidious scholar or intellect could not but admire, and promises a rare treat to those who go to hear his lecture on the North West, which takes place this week.

Mr. PATTERSON, Montreal, Secretary of the Dominion Board of Trade was next introduced, and expressed his pleasure in coming to Ottawa, and the still greater pleasure of taking part in its Sunday temperance meetings, which he was bound to say were much more successful than their meetings in Montreal, and more especially was he pleased because he knew these meetings were not the outcome of any special effort, but a regular weekly occurrence, the popularity of which was evident. He also paid a very high compliment to Mr. O'Leary for his eloquent address, saying there was no eloquence like that of the eloquence of an honest man, believing firmly in the truth of his statements. As an illustration of what was done by temperance, he pointed to the soldiers under the command of the late Gen. Havelock, in India, who were all temperance men, who, if there was anything requiring more than the daring and enduring were the men selected for the work. He regretted the fact that poets sang the praises of "the flowing bowl" so much, and wished he were a poet that he might write a temperance song, and set it to some of the splendid music that it is used in the praise of Bacchus. He thought that was one of the worst things that temperance workers had to fight against, as there was no doubt a very great influence in these songs, united as they generally were to such fine music. He continued a most interesting and encouraging address at some length, being frequently applauded, and was followed by his son,

Mr. PATTERSON, junr., who also ably advocated the cause his parent has so much at heart. He said it was a safe thing as a general rule to follow a parent's example and advice, and he was glad to say that he had endeavoured to do so, for he did not know the taste of strong drink. He urged on his listeners the necessity of seeking the grace of God in their efforts, as without that they could not hope to succeed.

A member of the St. Patrick's Sister Society, whose name we did not hear, was then asked to say a few words, but as the hour was late, he declined, beyond expressing the pleasure he had felt in listening to Mr. O'Leary. He said that Mr. O'Leary could return and tell his countrymen that if they would but come to this Canada of ours, and be sober and steady they could not but prosper.

The doxology was then sung, and Mr. Saunderson pronounced the benediction, after which the meeting dispersed, a few staying to add their names to the pledge book.

GOWAN'S HALL.

Ilma de Murska.

The appearance on Saturday evening on our boards of the five brilliant *artistes* who compose the Ilma de Murska troupe must mark an era in the history of our musical entertainments. Our resources do not seem to have been hitherto sufficient to attract single or combined talent of the highest excellence; and, with but very few exceptions, notably the Boston clubs who have lately visited us, we have been dependent for entertainment, and for the formation of our musical taste and knowledge on such displays as have from time to time been vouchsafed by that class of wandering minstrels at once semi-professional and untaught, or on the efforts of our local amateurs. Being removed by long and tedious journeys from all the great populous centres, we have naturally been at a disadvantage in bidding for high talent, which, like its humbler equivalent, labour, is regulated by a grim law of demand and supply. Great *artistes* are subject to human weaknesses just as much as other people, and are said, in common with the rest of men, to be prone to this little failing, that they always go wherever they find the pay best, and the accommodation provided for them most suitable. Few of them have, however, been known to amass considerable fortunes, excepting, perhaps, Adelina Patti, who, under the guidance of a prudent and intelligent father, saved a considerable sum which, busy rumour would have it, has been fast disappearing since her marriage; but if their individual attention is elevated above mere considerations of gain, they have invariably with them a man of the world as agent, who, like Mr. De Vivo, has a keen eye to business, and knows at a glance where most profit is to be made. Now, however, that the city is beginning to attain proportions of something like importance, and that we are on the eve of having a bright and cosy theatre, which, when completed, will (thanks to the commendable enterprise of Mr. Gowan) afford unsurpassed accommodation for the best of troups, we shall henceforth be in a position to assert stronger claims to recognition, and to induce *artistes* of fame, such as those who performed on Saturday evening, to pay us an occasional visit.

That the hall was crowded from the roof to the floor by a brilliant audience is nothing more than was expected from our essentially musical citizens, who are always willing to patronize liberally first-class art. Tickets for the reserved seats sold briskly at Messrs. Nordheimers; and long before the doors were opened a crowd had been waiting patiently outside ready to make a rush to secure a good place. Their Excellencies the Governor General, and the Countess of Dufferin, accompanied by Colonel and Lady Harriett Fletcher and Miss Hamilton, and attended by Lieut. Hamilton, A. D. C., arrived at eight o'clock, and by this time the gallery too had become filled by a fashionable audience of ladies as well as gentlemen.

The performance opened with Mendelssohn's Trio, for piano, violin and violoncello, in C minor, one of the most impassioned outpourings of sadness existing in instrumental music, written by the great composer on his return home from England after the death of Madame Hensel; and the rendering of it by Mme. and Mons. Sauret and Signor Braga with unison, delicacy and finish, must leave a lasting impression on all who had the good fortune to be present. Signor Ferranti, the celebrated buffo-baritone, gave *L'incito alla danza Napolitana* in a manner to completely captivate his audience, his clear powerful notes, and his easy and distinct rendering of florid passages atoning amply for his foreign tongue and mirth which the majority of a Canadian audience must naturally have a difficulty in appreciating. Signor Ferranti re-appeared later in the evening, and was simply immense in his rendering of Campana's "See Naples and Die," and in reply to a tumultuous *encore*, he gave, if possible, in a more successful manner Ricci's *Papero il mio padrone*. Signor Braga's superb violoncello playing was such as has never before been heard in our midst; and that it was thoroughly appreciated was evinced in the loud applause which greeted his efforts, and the eager calls for an *encore*, to which he replied after his last piece. The announcement made previous to the appearance of Mdlle. de Murska herself, that she was suffering from the fatigue of a long journey and from a cold, caused a feeling of deep disappointment amongst the audience. Her appearance, nevertheless, was the signal for an outburst of applause enthusiastic in the highest degree. She wore a pink satin dress *a la pompadour*, with train, trimmed with *pointe de Valenciennes*, a magnificent diamond necklace with cross, and head-dress of pink flowers. The same lithe and graceful blonde, the idol of old frequenters of opera, was indeed before us; but her first notes in the *aria* from "Linda" showed that her voice had lost considerably in freshness, although the same extensive compass and astonishing facility of execution were still there. The marvellous ease with which she can perform the greatest feats of vocalism was, however, shown to best advantage in the "Variations on Hungarian Songs," part of which was repeated in reply to a vociferous *encore*. The songs themselves were of the simple *pastorale*; but were embellished with chromatic flights and sparkling *jeux d'octave* which displayed to perfection her wonderful notes in the extreme upper register, and aroused the utmost enthusiasm amongst her hearers. Madame Sauret's performance on the piano throughout the evening displayed a striking beauty and brilliancy of execution, and in two solos, a nocturne by Chopin, and a waltz of her own composition, won loud applause. Mons. Sauret's performances on the violin also contributed much to the pleasure of the evening. A duet from *Don Pasquale* by Mdlle. de Murska and Signor Ferranti, which was tumultuously applauded, brought the entertainment to a close.

Don't cast your votes for O'Connor, a stranger, and without stake in the city.

POLICE COURT.

Before M. O'Gara, P.M.

SATURDAY, Jan. 16.

Theodore Brooker was arraigned for being found drunk on the public streets. He had both his ears frozen. He was fined $2 and costs for his imprudence.

James McCastlin was up on a charge of vagrancy, and was remanded till Monday.

Henry Larkin was charged with larceny at the Rajotte fire, but was again remanded.

THE EVENT OF THE NEW YEAR.—The holidays are ended, and the serious work of the New Year begins. The first important event before us is the last drawing of the Library Gift Concerts, which takes place in Louisville, Ky., February 27th. This drawing will as certainly take place on that date as the day arrives, and to guarantee this Gov. Bramlette offers to return their money to ticket holders if the drawing is not had at the time appointed. What more could be asked? All that is needed is to buy your tickets *in time*, and you may count on having your prizes on the 27th day of next February. 3745 d&w

Red is to be the triumphant colour to-day! Put your X after it.

The Local Election.

Mass Meeting in St. George's Ward.

Cordial Reception of Mr. Featherston.

A large and respectable meeting of electors was held in the Temperance Hall, St. George's Ward, on Saturday night. The friends of the different candidates put in an early appearance, in fact so eager was the rush that long before the hour the hall was crowded to its utmost capacity. The entry of Mr. Featherston was greeted with a perfect outburst of applause.

After some difficulty Mr. Wm. Porter was called to the chair. He explained the object of the meeting, and trusted that the audience would accord a fair hearing to all who might address them.

Mr. FEATHESTON was the first to address the meeting. He expressed himself pleased with so large a meeting in the ward in which he was most deeply interested from a local point of view. St. George's Ward was the first to usher him into public life, and he owed all his success as a public man, to the efforts put forth at different times on his behalf by the electors of this part of the city. He felt satisfied that all men this evening would receive every attention at the hands of the intelligent audience before him. He explained to the satisfaction of the Hon. Mr. O'Connor what the *Citizen* newspaper chose to characterize as an insult to that gentleman on nomination day. He next set forth his claims for their suffrages at the approaching election to the Local Legislature. His interest and theirs were identical, and it was but natural that he would promote those interests better than on who was entirely disinterested, and who knew but very little of their material affairs. Taking this view of it he felt satisfied that he would be returned one Monday by a handsome majority. (Cheers.) His record as a public man was before them for the last eight years in the City Council and the Mayor's chair. He felt that apart from party cries and side issues, they would select the best man. If elected he would to the utmost of his ability advocate their material interest irrespective of creed or nationality, and if he failed it would not be through any lack of activity on his part. (Cheers.) He then adverted to the report going the rounds, that he was to resign the Mayoralty in favor of Mr. Waller, provided he received the support of that gentleman, to which he gave a flat contradiction, stating that he would not retire unless the people manifested a desire that he should do so. He again explained that the support of Mr. Waller was from a firm conviction that he would prove the most acceptable Irish Catholic to the Reformers of the city. (Cheers.) He next stated that it was his intention to give a hearty support to the present administration—not a servile support, for he would reserve to himself the right to criticise and judge of all measures submitted for the consideration of Parliament. (Cheers.) He exposed the fallacy of the attempt made by the Hon. John O'Connor, the evening before at the Canadian Institute, to reflect on the conduct of the Government in the sale of the municipal debentures in the English market. He then gave reasons why a representative from this city should not be in antagonism to either the Ontario or Dominion Governments. Both had evinced every disposition to do what was fair by the city, in fact they had received many assurances already of good faith not only to the city but to the whole Ottawa Valley. (Cheers.) He opposed the Hon. John O'Connor because he believed him to be an inveterate opponent of the present Government, and would seek the earliest opportunity to overthrow it. He was a non-resident too, and was in no way identified with the local interests of this section of the country. (Cheers.) To Mr. O'Donoghue he also objected on the ground that he was not a Reformer, that he lacked stability of character and was wanting in political consistency. He had been elected as a Conservative and went in that interest on a missionary tour to Kingston and Hamilton. He professed to be independent, as a representative of the workingmen. To this the speaker also objected, as he disapproved of class legislation. He believed the workingmen would give a hearty support to the Liberal party, as they were the true friends of the working classes. (Cheers.) He next contradicted a statement published in that evening's *Courrier D'Outouais*, to the effect that he had received a letter from the Premier of Ontario, asking him to retire in fa[illegible] O'Donoghue. He trust[illegible] the subject [illegible] and place him[illegible] on Monday evening[illegible] applause.)

The Hon[illegible] O'CONNOR next addressed those present. He expressed the great large an assemblage of the electors, and regretted that the feeble state of his health rendered it necessary that he should address them sitting down. He would apologize for being a stranger to many of them, yet he thought a residence of 45 years in the Province of Ontario did not make him such a great stranger after all, especially as he had spent some of that time in their midst at his parliamentary duties. He thought the intelligence of the audience was such that it would not be led away by such narrow-minded cries as non-residence or being a stranger. He then proceeded to the question which they were particularly called upon to consider, that of the Local election. He at the outset would thank the many noble Conservative friends who had placed him in nomination for this election. (Cheers.) He pronounced Conservatism to be the defence of the bulwarks of the British Constitution, and he denied the imputation that its advocates were desirous of standing still or opposed to progressive legislation. They pruned the branches of the old tree to give it vitality, but Reformers were striving to cut the roots and destroy the tree altogether. (Groans and hisses.) He entered at some length upon the politics of the day, and criticised severely many of the measures of the Ontario Administration. He viewed the Redistribution scheme as a violation of the Constitution, and thought it was somewhat inconsistent in the way of Liberal legislation. He made an attempt to parry the criticism of Mr. Featherston in regard to the Municipal Debenture Loan. He expressed his sympathy with the Reformers in their recent dissensions, but it being a family quarrel he would not dip into it further. He agreed with Mr. Featherston in the early part of his remarks as regards the non-political character of the Ontario Legislature, but he was sorry to see him wind up strongly partizan as far as the Government were concerned. He would go to that Legislature free and untrammelled, and would judge of all measures submitted and vote upon them in the interest of the community interested. He expressed the utmost contempt for a letter appearing in a morning paper, and thought it an intimidation to secure a certain vote. He should deem it a pride to represent the Capital of the Dominion, and he thought that if elected his course of action would be such that they would not regret it in four years. (Cheers.)

Mr. O'DONOGHUE followed, and was glad to have the opportunity of addressing so large and intelligent an audience. He regretted the action of the last speaker in mimicing an elector who chose to express dissent at some of his remarks. The Debenture question of the Government had his support and he believed they were disposed to do what was right in the matter, and he repelled the insinuation that the Government had speculated in the Debentures. He opposed the Redistribution bill and thought it was not to the advantage of the country to adopt such a scheme, and had heard for the first time that the measure was unconstitutional. The lumbering interest had determined to support Mr. Featherston, but he trusted under the ballot that their employees would vote according to their consciences. He would not oppose the lumbering interest notwithstanding their opposition, yet he considered other interests were entitled to equal consideration. Mr. Featherston had made lavish promises to the workingmen, but he forgot that they had a representative in whom they had every confidence. (Cheers.) He could not see why that gentleman opposed him, especially when he advocated the same principles as himself. He then announced himself openly as a Reformer, but said he did not do so on the hustings, as it might be said he was bidding for a certain vote. He next explained the principle of the ballot, and gave explicit directions as to how people should vote under the new system. He repudiated the idea that he represented a class of citizens, but did his utmost in the interest of all classes. He stated that if again elected he would to his utmost to pursue the same course, and trusted his friends would rally to his support on Monday. (Cheers.)

After cheers for the respective candidates the meeting dispersed at about midnight.

Mark your ballot paper thus X in the blank space at the end of Featherston's name.

Pity the Sorrows of a Poor Man.

CROCODILE TEARS.

If Mr. O'Connor's name is not found at the bottom of the poll to-night after the following attempt to work on the feelings of voters, it will be more than surprising. It is news to us to hear that because a man is sick he ought to be elected:—

"Voice—You are sick O'Connor, go home! (Laughter.)

"Mr. O'CONNOR, (sorrowfully)—Yes gentlemen I am sick, I am sorry to say it (solemnly,) and God alone knows who next amongst us may have the heavy hand of disease upon him. (Impressively.) Let no man presume lightly to challenge the decree of his creator! Mr. O'Connor raised his voice, his bosom heaved, his eyes sparkled, and he fairly electrified his audience as he pointed in the direction from whence the sneering question came, and said, "Does he who talks so lightly know that he too may be stricken down? Let that impudent individual, whoever he may be, turn to the Sacred Volume, where he will find recorded that 'whom the Lord loveth he chasteneth.' There was a hush among the crowd; strong men held their breath as a thrill ran through them at the solemn words of the speaker, while the man who challenged him shrunk up like a punctured spider, and felt that he would like to run through a knot hole. Then followed a burst of applause that shook the building. Mr. O'Connor concluded by predicting a great future for Ottawa, and pointing to the important position which its representative must hold in the Legislature of the Province."

The foregoing is from the *Citizen's* report of the meeting at the Canadian Institute on Friday evening last.

O'Connor's supporters have taken the blues.

The Rev. Chas. Chapman, M.A., late of Bath, England, will lecture in the Congregational Church, Elgin Street, on Monday Evening, at 8 o'clock. Subject, "Oliver Cromwell," instead of "Common Things," as at first announced. 3744-2

It's a blue look-out for O'Connor, judging from his choice of colour.

MESSRS. SMITH & STEWART, Centre Town and J. H. Langford, Upper Town, book sellers, have shown their usual enterprise in obtaining a magnificent set of views in the city of Winnipeg, including one showing the place of Scott's execution "outside the ramparts of Fort Garry." They will be on exhibition for a few days. 3744

O'Connor's supporters have taken the blues.

It's a blue look-out for O'Connor, judging from his choice of colour.

Correspondence.

THE CIVIL SERVICE AND THE ELECTION TO-DAY.

To the EDITOR of THE TIMES:

SIR,—Mr. O'Connor and h[illegible] yesterday given to my [illegible] a di[illegible] of importance that [illegible] accorded to private newspaper [illegible] communications. It is a good joke! [illegible] know, Mr. Mackenzie had no more to do with the "quasi-official document" (*vide Citizen*) than the King of the Sandwich Islands or Mr. John O'Connor himself. I am glad, however, that the few words I ventured to address to the gentlemen of the Civil Service have had their effect. Far be it from me to tender advice to these gentlemen. I take it they are well able to guide themselves without any outside interference. But in view of the fact that Opposition canvassers *were* boasting of their influence over a few gentlemen in the Departments (*whose names were freely mentioned in the sheets*), I deemed it a duty to point out to these gentlemen the want of honesty and the want of British fairness they would evince were they to vote against the friends of the very man who is now proving himself to be so good and so true a friend of theirs. Here would be an "outrage" of the very worst kind; and I put it squarely to Mr. O'Connor and his friends, whether, when they were in office, they would for one moment have tolerated anything of the same kind? I well remember when Mr. O'Connor's friends reigned, the case of a young man employed as a compositor in the Queen's Printing Office in Toronto. This young fellow at the election contest in 1858 between Messrs. George Brown and J. H. Cameron, deemed it right and proper to vote for the former. He was not a public servant, but being employed by the Queen's Printer he could be reached, and reached he was accordingly, for on the very next Saturday he was turned about his business, at the instance of the Government. It is true we have got the ballot, and Mr. O'Connor's friends urge that it cannot, possibly be known how any one votes now. So *they* say. On the other hand, I have heard several well informed gentleman declare that the ballot is not by any means so safe an institution. However, should any Government *employee* desire to breach faith with the head of the Government by voting against his interest, let him do so and reconcile the "outrage" with his own conscience. He will be helping by that vote to restore the old order of things with small salaries and no promotion, and to kill off those who are now endeavouring, honestly and faithfully, to make the Civil Service a profession both of honour and emolument.

Respectfully yours,

SPECTATOR.

CANADA GAZETTE.

The *Gazette* of Saturday contains the following appointments:—

Mr. Henry William Smith, of the City of Halifax, N. S., has been appointed a Judge of the Supreme Court *vice* the Hon. Edmund Murray Dodd, resigned.

Mr. George E. Everett, of St. John, N.B., has been appointed Superintendent of the Money Order Branch of the Post Office Department of the Province *vice* Mr. James Hale, resigned.

NEW MEMBERS.

The Clerk of the Crown in Chancery announces the return of Mr. G. T. Orton for Centre Wellington, Ontario; and Mr. Amable Joidin, jr., for Chambly, Quebec.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

The weekly report shews the circulation to be $2,807,483.35, specie held $3,147,992.75. Excess of specie $340,510.40.

AMERICAN INVOICES.

Authorized discount on American invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

Vote for the Royal Red—Featherston's

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

FROM PORTLAND.

POLYNESIAN.................2nd Jan.
SCANDINAVIAN...............9th "
HIBERNIAN..................16th "
MORAVIAN...................23rd "
PERUVIAN...................30th "
SARMATIAN..................6 h Feb.
POLYNESIAN.................13th "

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN....$70 to $80 | STEERAGE.........$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE

Glasgow Line

are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN.............$60.
INTERMEDIATE......40.
STEERAGE..........25.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

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Ottawa July 22 1873.

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PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown or Belfast:

Cabin $55 to $80 gold, according to accomodations.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

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GOULTHRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

Publications.

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OF THE

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JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

One Copy..........$2
Three Copies......5
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Ten Copies........15

Postage five cents per copy for three months. Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at the same price.

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These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

A generous portion of the WEEKLY HERALD will be appropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Pomology and the management of domestic animals. Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets.

The aim will be to make the WEEKLY HERALD superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

Every number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence, Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

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At small Post Offices in the country where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

Advertisements, to a limited number, will be inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD.

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Write the address on letters to the NEW YORK HERALD, in a bold and legible hand, and give the name of each subscriber, of Post Office, County and State so plainly that no errors in mailing papers will be liable to occur.

[illegible]LETON'S

AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publication of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

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Lunches hot or cold from 12 to 3. Oysters in any style at all hours.

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White Rabbitt Jackets,

LADIES' SOUTH SEA SEAL JACKETS,

Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets,

Ladies Sea Otter Sets.

R. J. DEVLIN, Manufacturer.

Jan. 11, 1875.

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AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

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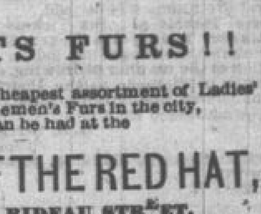

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AND

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56 SPARKS-ST.,

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Dec. 21, 1874.

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1874. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1874.

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Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc., by Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
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The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and Intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
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Matter posted up to 10:10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packag the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

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A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

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On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland and Newfoundland can be obtained at this Office

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G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa Nov. 18 1874

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AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

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No 18

"A Repository of Fashion Pleasure, and Instruction."

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Notices of the Press.

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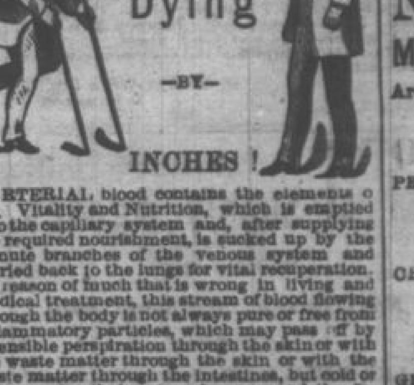

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acrimonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only Medicine having control over this class of diseases is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE!

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the first time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

A BLESSING TO THE POLICE.

MONTREAL, 18th June, 1864.

DEVINS & BOLTON:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been one of the many martyrs of rheumatism that I meet on my every day rounds, I was induced to try the celebrated DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. I had suffered the last five or six weeks the most terrible acute pains across my loins and back, so severe indeed that I could hardly walk with the help of a stick. I commenced the Diamond Remedy—following the directions carefully. Relief came immediately with the first bottle, improved rapidly with the second, completely cured and freed from pain after finishing my fifth small bottle. You are at perfect liberty either to refer to me privately or publicly, as I feel very thankful for the relief, and sympathise with my fellow sufferers from rheumatism.

Yours respectfully,

J. B. CARDINAL, Sanitary Police Officer, 51 Lebelle street.

In simple cases, sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send or it to

NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Agents for the Province of Ontario, Scott street, Toronto,

Or to DEVINS & BOLTON, Notre Dame street, Montreal, General Agents for the Province of Quebec.

Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.

May 18, 1874.

Canadian Washer

R. GILES, Manufacturer, [illegible] King-st., between [illegible] and Bolton-sts. Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Nov. 16, 1874.

R. GILES,—[illegible] the undersigned, [illegible] purchased one of your [illegible] Machines, and having [illegible] some time, and have [illegible] it, on account of its great [illegible] in working and its [illegible] family, and I think it is [illegible] which is quite indispensable to any family.

Yours truly, JOHN MOREAU.

Insurance.

THE

HAND IN HAND

Insurance Co.

Still continue to take Risks at

20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates

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Authorised Capital.......$5,000,000
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D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.

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THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards in Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.

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The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c. &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.

O'CONNOR & WALLER.

Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874.

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INSURANCE CO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.

Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.

ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,

AGENT,

38 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

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"THE ROYAL"

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FIRE RISKS

On every description of insurable property,

AT REDUCED RATES.

T. M. CLARK, Agent, Corner Sparks and Elgin St.

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Remedies.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN

Extract from a Letter

Dated 8th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am [illegible] years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

July 1874

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

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And all the London Wholesale Houses.

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Halifax—Avery Brown &

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

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PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is Morson's PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in [illegible] and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, Morson & Son have prepared this, sold in ¼ oz., ½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation [illegible] sons.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

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PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed [illegible].

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Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Rose, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costume and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

LEA & PERRINS'

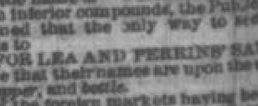
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietors

VOL. VIII. NO.

Wants.

TEACHER WANTED for [illegible] No. 5 Town [illegible] Cumberland [illegible] (male) holdi[illegible] second or third c[illegible] Apply to John McArthur, Secretary, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, [illegible] Jan. 6, 1874.

WANTED. A teacher for the Roman Catholic School No. 2, [illegible] of March [illegible] Female. For [illegible] particulars [illegible] KIRWAN, South [illegible]

AGENTS WAN[illegible]

WANTED.—We will give Men [illegible] A BUSINESS THAT WI[illegible]

$100 TO $250 PER MON[illegible] RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King [illegible] Toronto, Ontario.

HELP WANTED. [illegible] SCHUYLER SMITH [illegible] Publishers, [illegible]

MONEY—WAGES! TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. [illegible] R. J. STANTON, [illegible]

$500 PER MONTH [illegible] A. D. CABLE, 88 Craig [illegible] Nov. 27, 1874

$77 A WEEK to Male and [illegible] O. Augusta, Me.

$5 TO $20 PER DA[illegible] Wanted [illegible] Portland, Maine.

WORK FOR ALL. [illegible]

Board & Lo[illegible]

BOARD AND LODGING.—[illegible] Oct 16, 1874.

Meeting[illegible]

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

DominionBoard[illegible]

THIS DAY (TUESDAY,) [illegible] in the Railway Committee Room [illegible] Parliament Buildings [illegible] WM. J. P[illegible] Jan. 10th, 1875.

THE L'ORIGINAL AN[illegible] RAILWAY COMPANY [illegible] JOHN [illegible] FRANCIS [illegible] Ottawa, January 16th, 1875.

PROTESTANT ORPHA[illegible] The Annual Meeting of the Orphans' Home will be held on [illegible] JANUARY [illegible] ALIS[illegible] Ottawa, January 16th, 1875.

CITY OF OTTAWA Agricultural [illegible] A. S. W[illegible] Jan. 15, 1875.

THE OTTAWA Iron and Steel Manufac[illegible] (LIMITED.) [illegible] Jan 15, 1875.

COUNTY OF CARLETON PROTESTA[illegible] NOTIC[illegible] Jan. 4, 1874.

Tend[illegible]

OTTAWA Water [illegible] TENDE[illegible] Cedar Timber and [illegible] Tenders will be rec[illegible] MONDAY, THE [illegible] By order, [illegible] Water Commissioners' [illegible] Rideau-st., Ottawa, J[illegible]

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3746. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1875. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

TEACHER WANTED for School Section No. 5, Town ship of Cumberland [male or female] holding second or third class certificate. Apply to John McArthur Secretary Treasurer, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c.
Jan 6, 1874. 3735-d3wtf

WANTED.
A teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No 3, ... of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South ... O.
Nov 19

AGENTS WANTED.

Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8th St., New York.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having leisure time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and samples free.
J. LATHAM & Co.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

HELP WANTED.
100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated, together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address SCHUYLER SMITH & CO., Publishers, London, Ont.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $30 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad day or evening; no capital required; thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples [th...] sent for 5[c] mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874 1m4w

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & Co. Augusta, Me.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

WORK FOR ALL
At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with ten cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

Board & Lodging.

BOARD AND LODGING.—Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board and comfortable lodging at MRS. McINTYRE'S corner of Hugh and Maria streets.
Oct 16, 1874.

Meetings.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

Dominion Board of Trade

The representatives are requested to assemble

THIS DAY (TUESDAY,) AT NOON,

In the Railway Committee Room, Parliament Buildings, Centre Block,

To commence the fifth Annual Meeting.

WM. J. PATTERSON, Secretary.

Jan. 19th, 1875.

THE L'ORIGINAL AND CALEDONIA RAILWAY COMPANY.

A Meeting of the Provisional Directors of this Company will be held at the Russell House in the City of Ottawa, on THURSDAY THE TWENTY-FIRST DAY OF JANUARY INST., at 4 o'clock p.m. for the Election of Officers, Opening of Stock Books, receiving subscriptions for Stock, and the General Business of the Company.

W. F. POWELL,
JOHN ROCHESTER, M.P.,
FRANCIS CLEMOW,
E. McGILLIVRAY,
HON. JAMES SKEAD,
J. M. CURRIER, M.P.,
R. BLACKBURN, M.P.,
JOHN SWEETLAND, M.D.

Ottawa, January 16th, 1875. 3744

PROTESTANT ORPHANS' HOME.

The Annual Meeting of the Corporation of the Orphans' Home will be held on WEDNESDAY, 20th JANUARY, at 3 o'clock p.m., in the Room of the Institution, Albert street. The public are invited to attend. A Preliminary Meeting of the Board will be held on TUESDAY EVENING at 7 o'clock.

ALISON SCOTT, Cor. Secretary, P. O. H.

Ottawa, January 18th, 1875. 3744

CITY OF OTTAWA

Agricultural Society.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the Society will take place on WEDNESDAY, the 20th January instant, at 2 o'clock p.m., in the City Hall, when a statement of the affairs of the past year will be submitted and the election of directors and office-bearers for the current year will take place.

A. S. WOODBURN, Sec.-Treas.

Jan. 15, 1875. 3743-3

THE OTTAWA

Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company.

(LIMITED.)

The first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company called for Thursday, the 14th instant, is postponed, pending the passing of the Amendments to the Act of Incorporation now before the Quebec Legislature.

A general meeting will be called as soon as these Amendments shall have become law, of which due notice will be given.

R. W. CRUICE, Secretary pro tem.

Jan 12, 1875.

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.

WM. PENNOCK,
J. DURIE,
THOS. PATERSON,
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.

Jan. 4, 1875. 3731m1

Tenders.

OTTAWA

Water Works.

TENDERS FOR

Cedar Timber and Scantling Wanted.

Tenders will be received until noon of

MONDAY, THE 25th INSTANT,

For Round, Flatted, or Sawn Cedar Timber and Scantling, round and straight, for aqueduct fencing, and for valve chambers, and in long or short lengths, at option of contractor.

Specifications, quantities, and forms of tender can be seen at the Commissioners' Office, Sapper's Bridge, or at Engineer's Office, Pooley's Bridge, on and after Monday next, the 18th inst.

By order, C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Secy. W.W.C.

Water Commissioners' Office, Rideau-st., Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1875. 3744-3

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
33 Sparks street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa
Nov. 27 1874. 242b

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct 29, 1874. 360-sawky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal,
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. Interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. Interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 3 1874. 379y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874 3685 3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
Mosgrove's Building Rideau st., Ottawa
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HONBLE R. W. SCOTT, Q. C.
McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. W. D. HOGG.
Sept 9, 1874 3687

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c. &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W. H. WALKER. | R. CASSELS, JR. | P. PENNOCK
July 23, 1874. 3621

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 263 y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.,
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
C. B. L. FELLOWES, Q. C., MARTIN O'GARA, | HORACE LAPIERRE EDWARD F. REMON
2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON, | F. H. CHRYSLER
June 5, 1874.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY | A. J. CHRISTIE | H. P. HILL
Feb. 5, 1874 184-3m

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa Canada

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 2228-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaubien's, Main street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2802y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate.
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 28, 1874. 248-

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James street, MONTREAL
Sept. 9, 1873 2862-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1751

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 27, 1874 2401.

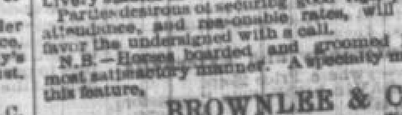
DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C. P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal, Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry, Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2556-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town Night Office—At his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South, side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultations at all hours. 2151.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Office—41 Sparks-st. 2122v.

OUR BRANDS OF
ARCTIC
—AND—
Heavy Engine Oil
Are unequalled by any Machine Oils in the market. Guaranteed not to freeze. Orders solicited from consumers
W. J. CRAVEN & Co., 44 St. Paul-st., Montreal.
Agents for Ottawa District—
CALDWELL & Co., Sparks-st.
3744y


The Victoria Stables
Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.
Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.
N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.
BROWNLEE & CO
March 11, 1874. 2515y

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—To-day's *Times*, in its leading editorial article, says: "In the gloom surrounding us one thing is perceptible. All men are arming; Germany is arming *en masse*, and the surrounding nations, including the best part of the world, cannot but do likewise. The momentary dreams of peace have fled away. Germany recognizes the stern necessity, that what she won by arms she can only hold by arms, and while the arms are in her hands." The *Times* confesses Germany cannot raise a third army. Her hopes are in her navy.

Two Strings to his Bow.

The *Times* announces that the Shah of Persia has granted a railway concession to the Russian General, Falken Hagen, notwithstanding his existing concession to Baron Reuter. The baron has lodged a protest at Teheran, and the *Times* says Earl Derby has instructed the British Minister to Persia to support the protest formally and officially.

GERMANY.

The Colorado Beetle.

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—The Chancellor has submitted to the Federal Council an ordinance prohibiting the importation into Germany of American potatoes, as a measure of precaution against the introduction of Colorado beetle and the spread of potato disease.

UNITED STATES.

Robbery.

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—The dry goods store of Hocum, Hosford & Co., at Lowell, Mass., was robbed of silks and shawls to the value of $5,500.

Storm on the Atlantic.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—It is snowing and very cold here this morning. The captains of all incoming vessels report violent north-west gales and boisterous seas on the Atlantic. In consequence of the rough weather, there are six European steamers overdue, although they are not sufficiently behind time to excite apprehension for their safety.

Burned to Death.

Julia Winns, aged 80, was burned to death in her bed, at 108 West 31st street, yesterday. She was asleep, and the other inmates of the house could not rouse her in time to escape.

A Discovery.

A *Tribune* correspondent claims to have discovered the names of five of the six members of Congress who received bribes from the Pacific Mail, namely, Charles Hays, of Alabama; G. Hale Sypher, of LaBoyd; Winchester, Kentucky; Danl. W. Voorhees, of Indiana; John B. Storm, of Pennsylvania. The first two are Republicans, and the last three Democrats. The manner in which the money was distributed was very simple, and was supposed perfectly safe. A thousand dollar note was placed in an envelope and sent to a member of Congress with no accompanying communication.

Fire.

HUDSON, N.Y., Jan. 18.—The hoisery mill of Harder & Son, at Philmont, was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, $35,000; fully insured. One hundred men are thrown out of employment. The mill will be rebuilt doubtless. The fire was incendiary.

S.S. Arrival.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Arrived out s.s. City of Montreal from New York.

SPAIN.

Honoured Guests.

MADRID, Jan. 18.—King Alfonso to day received several generals of the Spanish army who were conspicuous Republicans.

The Fleet.

SANTANDAR, Jan. 18.—The Spanish squadron has arrived at Santa Cruz, and is making preparations for vigorous action. Its commanders have been instructed to exact from the Carlists indemnity for the owners and crew of the Gustav, and punishment of her assailants. Germany is entirely satisfied with the step taken by Spain to procure reparation for the outrage.

AUSTRIA.

Turkish Outrages.

VIENNA, Jan. 18.—Advices have been received here that a conflict impends between the Turks and Mongholians, growing out of recent outrages by Turks.

The Montenegrin Murderers.

The Porte before carrying out the sentence of death, in the Turkish murderers of Christians at Podgaritz, demands the extradition of the Montenegrin participators in the outrage. The Montenegrins are indignant at this subterfuge, and much excitement prevails.

Different looks.—A stockbroker returning to his office the other day after a substantial luncheon with a client, said complacently to his head clerk, "Mr. Putkin, the world looks different to a man when he has a bottle of champagne in him." "Yes, sir," replied the clerk significantly, "and he looks different to the world."

Fat men always appear to be "good fellows," unless there is some proof to the contrary; we always imagine them an always-to-be-expected earthquake of laughter, and ready on all occasions to die of a very dropsy of delight. "Laugh and grow fat," is the true proverb; and we imagine every fat man has gained his credentials to be called a fat man by long years of good humor and laughter.

"Jack," said a gay young fellow to his companion, "what possibly can induce those two old snuff-taking dowagers to be here to-night at the ball? I am sure they will not add in the least to the brilliancy of the scene?" "Pardon me," replied the other, gravely, "for not agreeing with you, but for my part I really think that where there are so many lights of beauty, there may be some occasion for a pair of snuffers."

A Missouri judge delivered a unique death sentence. He said to the candidate for the gallows: "If guilty, you richly deserve the fate that awaits you; if innocent, it will be a gratification for you to feel that you were hanged without such a crime on your conscience; in either case you will be delivered from a world of care."

The ancient Greeks were so much afraid of lightning that they worshipped it. They endeavoured to avert its malignant influence, by hissing and whistling at it. In places which had suffered by it altars were erected, and oblations made to avert the anger of the gods; after which no one dared to touch or approach them.

A RAILROAD ON THE ICE.—A brilliant Duluth newspaper proposes a railroad on the ice from Duluth to the Sault—the whole length of Lake Superior. It would simply spike the rails on the ice, without grading, filling, excavating, ballasting or ties. The track, it says, could be taken up every spring and stowed away. The road would be about 400 miles long, and a dead level. It claims that the ice lasts till April; is thick enough to sustain a train of cars; the freight cars could be transferred to the ice without re-loading, and the rails could be spiked to the ice, or they could be fastened in a frame and laid on the ice without spikes, "which would do just as well."

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(*By Telegraph.*)

TORONTO.

The Assizes Accident—Fire.—Temperance Policemen.

TORONTO, Jan. 18.

The only case tried on Saturday was that of Robins vs. Boswetherick. It was an action brought by the plaintiff to recover the amount of a promissory note for $500. The defendant pleaded that there was an agreement between the plaintiff and himself that he should not be called upon to pay the note for twelve months after it fell due, but offered a renewal in pursuance of the agreement. The plaintiff denied any such agreement. Both plaintiff and defendant were examined as witnesses. A verdict was given to the plaintiff for $452, the amount of the note less the set off.

On Friday afternoon, as Mr. Jos. Grand, sen., was driving a handsome pair of bay horses down King street, east, and when near Toronto street, a railway waggon belonging to the Grand Trunk Railway, which was loaded with bar iron, suddenly turned aside to allow a street car to pass. The consequence was that the long bars of iron, which somehow are allowed to be so placed in the waggons that the ends hang a distance beyond the waggon, struck one of Mr. Grand's horses on the off hock, inflicting a severe wound and rendering the horse useless. The animals are valued at some $500, and the Company, it is said, will be sued for the amount of damage done, which no doubt will act as a salutary lesson.

Yesterday morning the fire alarm sounded from box 67, corner of King and Church streets. Three engines and hook and ladder apparatus were speedily on the spot. On their arrival, smoke was issuing from the windows of the third and fourth flats, and roof of the large brick building on the south-west corner of King and Church streets. The ground floor is occupied by the Isolated Risk Insurance Company, the third floor was unoccupied, and the fourth was partitioned off with several compartments, and occupied as tailors and shoemakers' workshops. Those flats being filled with a dense smoke, there was considerable difficulty in reaching the fire, but the firemen persevered, and finally succeeded after about an hours hard work in getting the fire under. On examination, it appeared evident that the fire originated in the upper flat. A hole about six feet square is burned through the floor, close to the west wall, and about midway between north and south ends, where a large quantity of rags and clippings had been piled up. In several other parts throughout the building, piles of ashes lay about where thrown from stoves or grates. The tailors and shoemakers had no insurance on their tools and machinery. The sewing machines, &c., of the tailors are considerably damaged, if not destroyed. The shoemakers were more fortunate, the fire not having reached their compartment. The office of the Isolated Risk Insurance Company is much damaged by water. The building belonged to the estate of the late Col. Furlong, and is insured in the Royal Canadian for $8,000. The damage may be estimated at about $1,500.

A year ago the police organized a division of the Sons of Temperance, giving it the suggestive name of the "Sampson" Division. To celebrate the event, an entertainment was given on Saturday afternoon, in room 8 of the Y. M. C. A. building, P. C. Gregory in the chair. There was a good attendance, many ladies being among the audience. The programme comprised speeches, songs, recitations, and a characteristic illustrated lecture, entitled "The House that Jack Built," by Bengough, the well-known *Grip* cartoonist.

Mrs. Charlotte Jones Sherwood, relict of the late Hon. L. P. Sherwood, one of the Judges of the Court of Queen's Bench, died at Government House yesterday, after a lingering illness, aged 89 years. The deceased lady was the mother of Mrs. Crawford, wife of the Lieutenant-Governor.

MONTREAL.

New Fire Escape—A Narrow Escape—Stocks.

MONTREAL, Jan. 18.

A new and very simple Fire Escape was exhibited under the superintendence of Alfred Perry, Esq., at the Insurance Buildings, corner of St. James and St. John streets, on to-day at one o'clock. The Fire Escape was invented and patented by Mr. Robert Busten, of St. John, N.B.

On Friday afternoon last the gatekeeper at the Tanneries crossing of the Grand Trunk Railway had a narrow escape from serious injury by a passing train. A high wind was prevailing at the time, which blew the gate against the train, and the keeper, in pushing it back again, fell, his feet slipping across the track. He managed, however, to withdraw them just in time, the train passing in anything but pleasant proximity to his legs.

The stock market this morning was generally firm, but Montreal was slightly weaker owing to rumours of failure without any business being done in it. Molsons, 118¼; closing, 117 to 117½. Union, 104¼; closing, 104 to 104¾. Telegraph, 179¼; closing, 179½ to 180. Commerce, 133¼; closing, 102 to 102¾. Ontario, 114; closing, 133½ to 114. Royal Canadian, 97; closing, 63¾ to 67. Merchants, 117; closing, 117 to 117½. Montreal, 186½ to 186¼.

QUEBEC.

Winter Navigation of the St. Lawrence—Report of the Engineer.—Laval University—City Council—Horse Epidemic.

QUEBEC, Jan. 18th, 1875.

Colonel Farijara, Russian hydrographic engineer, has sent in to the Committee on the winter navigation of the St. Lawrence, his report upon the winter navigation of the Gulf. The supposed difficulties he says are snow storms, and ice. He showed that from observations made in 1870, the Arctic ice and icebergs were checked by the easterly shores of Anticosti Island, and by the stronger current of the river St. Lawrence, which swept the ice toward the shores of Labrador and Newfoundland, that the tidal waves which enter the Gulf between Newfoundland and Cape Breton sent off lateral waves, which acted so as to direct the St. Lawrence current easterly, and leave the estuary of the St. Lawrence clear of ice. He states too, that the trade winds flowing in a westerly direction also had the effect of carrying off the ice toward Newfoundland. He had met with ice south of the Magdalen Islands, yet by no means to such extent as would at all interfere with winter navigation. He held that during snow storms, which some time occurred, the navigator need have no possible fear if he kept his log book properly posted, and governed himself by his barometrical observations. He concludes by expressing perfect confidence in the success of winter navigation, assured that upon the first trial all these difficulties which had been so much spoken of would be found as obstructive only in a trifling degree.

The Laval University has acquired the rare and valuable collection of paintings belonging to the late Hon. Joseph Legare; the University probably has the finest picture gallery and museum on the Continent.

The City Council, at its meeting last night, adopted a report from the Water Works Committee, recommending that authority be asked from the Government to issue debentures to the extent of $100,000, for extending the City Water Works.

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

LOCAL ELECTIONS.

TORONTO WEST.

Mr. Bell, the Opposition candidate, has beaten Mr. Thompson, the Government candidate by a majority of 63. This result was expected.

TORONTO EAST.

Mr. M. C. Cameron has beaten Mr. Crooks by the handsome majority of 270. The result must be a surprise to all, for his most hopeful friends did not expect it.

LONDON.

Mr. Meredith, Opposition, has been re-elected, beating Mr. Durand, Ministerial, by 270 majority.

PEEL.

Mr. Kenneth Chisholm, the former member, a staunch supporter of the Government, is re-elected.

SOUTH ONTARIO.

Mr. Farewell, the former member, has been defeated, being replaced by Mr. Brown, the Opposition candidate. The Reformers of the county were split up among themselves, which accounts for the change. Mr. Brown's majority is 30.

WEST HASTINGS.

Mr. Wills, one of the Opposition candidates, has been returned by 108 majority.

NORTH WATERLOO.

Mr. Springer, the popular member for North Waterloo, has been returned by the overwhelming majority of 500.

SOUTH GRENVILLE.

The Hon. C. F. Fraser has been re-elected by a majority of over 144. The opposition to him was frivolous and vexatious, and a contest was undertaken simply that it should not be said that he went in by acclamation.

EAST HASTINGS.

Mr. Appleby, Independent, has been returned by 400 majority. He will give the Government a fair support.

CORNWALL.

Mr. McIntyre, the Opposition candidate, has beaten Mr. Snetsinger by the slim majority of five. It is not unlikely that the last has not been heard of this contest.

WEST LAMBTON.

Hon. Mr. Pardee has, of course, been returned—by the sweeping majority of 610. The opposition to him was hopeless from the beginning, and was got up to put him to trouble.

STORMONT.

Mr. Colquhoun, Opposition, has beaten Mr. Bethune, Ministerialist, by 100 of a majority. In Mr. Bethune the Legislature of Ontario loses one of its ablest men. A seat may be provided for him elsewhere.

NORTH HASTINGS.

Mr. Boulter, Opposition, former member for the Riding has been re-elected beating Mr. O'Flynn, by a large majority.

NORTH ESSEX.

Essex is one of the most unreliable counties in Upper Canada. Mr. Patterson, the Opposition candidate, has defeated Mr. Montreuil by the overwhelming majority of over 400.

NORTH YORK.

There were two Government candidates in the field in this Riding, Mr. Jackson and Dr. Widdifield. The latter has been elected by a majority of 500.

WEST MIDDLESEX.

Mr. Waterworth, the former member and a staunch supporter of the Government, has been re-elected for this constituency by nearly 200 of a majority.

WEST DURHAM.

Mr. McLeod has been re-elected by 180 of a majority. Mr. McClung has had to suffer a second defeat within twelve months, having run for the Commons against Mr. Burke at the general election. Mr. McLeod has attached as Chairman of the Public Accounts Committee for the last four years, and has made himself only of second importance to a member of the Government.

KINGSTON.

The Tories of Kingston were loud in expressing their anticipations of success at this contest, professing to accept the election of Sir John Macdonald for the Commons and Dr. Sullivan for the Mayoralty as sure indications of the result in this case. We are happy to know, however, that Mr. Robinson has been re-elected by a majority of 173.

EAST SIMCOE.

This is one of the new constituencies and has returned Mr. Kearns, Opposition by a majority of 200.

LINCOLN.

So, the members of the Legislature of Ontario have been spared the unpleasant duty of expelling Mr. Charles Rykert. A short time ago we predicted Captain Neelon's return by a large majority, but the addition of Niagara, which has always been strongly conservative to the constituency, under the Redistribution Act, gave a tinge of doubt to the result. The Captain, however, has carried the Riding by the handsome majority of 100. The county has reason to thank him.

WEST NORTHUMBERLAND.

Mr. Gifford, Opposition, who sat for this constituency for the past four years, has been defeated, being beaten by Mr. Hargraft, the Ministerial candidate, by 110 majority.

PRINCE EDWARD.

Mr. Striker, Ministerialist, is re-elected by 50 majority.

FRONTENAC.

Frontenac has again returned a Tory in the person of Mr. Graham.

WELLAND.

The Hon. J. G. Currie has been returned by the handsome majority of 100. Mr. Buchner, the Opposition candidate, never had the slightest hope of success.

SOUTH NORFOLK.

Mr. Richardson, Opposition, returned by 373 majority, defeating McCall, Independent.

BROCKVILLE.

Col. Cole, the Ministerial candidate, has been elected by 74 of a majority, defeating Mr. Fitzsimmons, the former member, a rabid Tory.

WEST KENT.

The Tories have carried the new constituency of West Kent, Mr. Rufus Stephenson's stronghold, electing Mr. Coutts by 150 majority.

SOUTH LEEDS.

Dr. Preston, opposition, elected by about 400 majority.

SOUTH HURON.

The Opposition to Mr. Bishop, which was got up at the last moment, has proved abortive. Mr. Bishop is again returned by 82 of a majority.

EAST NORTHUMBERLAND.

There were two Ministerial candidates in the field to one Oppositionist in this constituency. Notwithstanding this division the Government have carried the election, Mr. Ferris being returned by 73 majority.

NORTH BRANT.

There was also a three cornered fight in this constituency, the contestants being two Ministerialists and one Tory. Mr. Finlayson, one of the oldest and most trusted friends of the Government, headed the poll with 71 of a majority.

DUFFERIN.

The new County of Dufferin was supposed to be a sort of Tory preserve, but has nevertheless, returned an Independent supporter of the Government in the person of Mr. Barr, who goes in with 130 of a majority.

SOUTH SIMCOE.

Mr. Boulton, Opposition, has been returned by 176 majority.

MUSKOKA.

Mr. Miller, the straight Government candidate, beats Mr. Long, a professed Independent, by over 100 majority.

CARDWELL.

Mr. Flesher, Tory, is elected by 139 majority.

HURON, WEST.

Mr. Ross, Government candidate, is elected by 89 majority.

NORTH WENTWORTH.

We regret to learn that Mr. Christie, the Ministerial candidate, has been defeated in this constituency by Mr. Stock, who has 84 of a majority.

SOUTH BRUCE.

Mr. Speaker Wells is re-elected for South Bruce by the handsome majority of 500.

NORTH MIDDLESEX.

This constitutency is lost to the Government, Mr. MacDougall, Opposition, having been returned by a majority of 196 over Mr. Smith.

HALDIMAND.

Dr. Baxter, the Ministerial candidate, who sat in the last Parliament for the County, is again returned by a majority of 212.

NORTH ONTARIO.

Mr. Paxton, the Government candidate, is re-elected by a majority of 142.

EAST HURON.

Mr. Gibson, a staunch supporter of the Government, is again returned by over 100 of a majority.

MONCK.

Dr. Haney, Ministerial, has been re-elected by the sweeping majority of 308.

NORTH BRUCE.

Mr. McDonald Sinclair, the straight Reform candidate, is re-elected by 200 of a majority.

NORTH VICTORIA.

Mr. Smith, Ministerialist, has been returned by a majority of 42 over Mr. McRae, the Oppositionist.

NORTH GREY.

Mr. Scott, Independent, has again been elected by about 200 of a majority.

SOUTH WENTWORTH.

Mr. Sexton, Ministerialist, is believed to be re-elected.

EAST KENT.

The Hon. Archibald McKellar is re-elected for this constituency by a majority of about 100.

WEST WELLINGTON.

Mr. McGowan, Opposition, is elected over Mr. McKim by a majority of 46.

SOUTH GREY.

Mr. Hunter, Ministerialist, is elected by about 300 of a majority.

EAST GREY.

Mr. Abraham Lauder has been elected by about 400 majority.

SOUTH ESSEX.

Mr. Wigle, Opposition, has been elected for this constituency by a very narrow majority.

WEST SIMCOE.

Mr. McConkey, Ministerialist, is reported to have been elected.

EAST YORK.

Mr. E. R. Lane, Ministerialist, is elected, defeating the Hon. Wm. McDougall, by 14 of a majority.

RUSSELL.

The returns from this constituency are as yet incomplete, but the indications are that Mr. Baker is elected by a small majority. It is just possible, some of Mr. Morgan's strongholds being yet to hear from, that the appearance of things may be changed. Appended are the majorities in the several townships as far as heard from:—

		Morgan.	Baker.
New Edinburgh		68	59
Osgoode No. 1		46	31
" No. 3	maj.	14	....
" No. 4	"	5	....
" No. 5		....	27
School House, Gloucester		20	32
Russell Township	maj.	....	126
Clarence No. 3	"	....	13
Bambridge	"	....	5
Cumberland	"	....	35
		153	328

PRESCOTT.

This county has again gone the Conservative ticket, returning Dr. Harken by 150 majority.

NORTH LEEDS AND GRENVILLE.

Mr. Merrick, Opposition, has again been elected by the large majority of 397. Mr. Merrick's only claim upon the constituency was that he took a leading part in opposing the Government on the Orange bills. He is one of the light weights of the House, who like Rykert and Lauder, kept up a continual chatter to the exclusion of the abler members of his own party. It appears he will have the opportunity for other four years of murdering the Queen's English in a public assembly.

DUNDAS.

Contrary to expectation, Mr. Cook has been defeated in Dundas, and has been replaced by Mr. Broder, an Oppositionist, who carries the Riding by the surprisingly large majority of 156.

NORTH LANARK.

Dr. Mostyn, Opposition, has been returned by a majority of 130, defeating Mr. Caldwell, Ministerialist, who has represented the Riding for the last four years.

SOUTH LANARK.

Mr. Code, the old member and an Oppositionist, is again returned for South Lanark by a majority of 101.

NORTH RENFREW.

It was expected that Mr. Moffat would have carried this constituency, for which Mr. Murray was recently returned, to support Mr Mackenzie's government in the Commons. It appears, however, that Mr Deacon has been re-elected by a majority of 184.

EAST ELGIN.

Dr. Wilson, a staunch supporter of the Government, has been returned for this constituency by a majority of 35.

GLENGARRY.

Mr. Grant, Opposition, who went into the contest as an Independent, and as such, managed to secure a large number of votes, has defeated Mr. McNab, the Government candidate, by a majority of one hundred.

EAST DURHAM.

We regret exceedingly to learn that Mr. Seth Smith, the Ministerial candidate for East Durham has been defeated, and that Mr. Roseveare has carried the constituency by the large majority of 275. Mr. Smith is a gentleman who would have done honor to himself and to the constituency had he been elected, and he would have been a valuable addition to the strong sound common sense of the Legislature. He is a nephew of the Hon. Sidney Smith, and is reported one of the cleverest and most promising young men in the county. His successful opponent had little to commend him.

WEST PETERBORO'.

West Peterboro' has this time returned a supporter of the Government, Mr. Cox having defeated Mr. Scott by a majority of 44. The absence of a gentleman who gave such promise of distinction as a speaker and a thinker does not leave the victory altogether without an alloy.

ADDINGTON.

Mr. Deroche, one of the most prominent supporters of Mr. Mowat's Administration, is returned by a large majority.

SOUTH PERTH.

South Perth has been redeemed, and has returned Mr. Ballantyne, one of the most prominent agriculturists in the West, by a majority of 178.

SOUTH NORFOLK.

Dr. Clarke, Ministerialist, is re-elected by a majority of 100.

EAST MIDDLESEX.

Mr. Tooley, Opposition, has been re-elected by a majority of 174.

WEST ELGIN.

Next to the defeat of Mr. Jas. Bethune, of Stormont, that of Mr. Thomas Hodgins for West Elgin is most to be regretted. He is replaced by Mr. Munro, Opposition, with the slender majority of 11. It is not improbable that there may be a protest and a trial.

LENNOX.

Mr. Grange, an independent supporter of the Government, who, however, cast his vote on the Ministerial side in every test division, is re-elected for Lennox by 400 majority. He was opposed both by a straight supporter of the Government and a straight Tory.

SOUTH OXFORD.

There were no less than four candidates in the field for this constituency, two of whom were Reformers, one Canada First, and one Opposition. Mr. Adam Oliver, the former member, has been re-elected by the small majority of 14.

NORTH PERTH.

Mr. R. R. Hay has carried this Tory stronghold for the Government by a majority of 155. Mr. Hay will make an excellent member and deserves great credit for the success with which he has advocated Reform principles in North Perth.

EAST LAMBTON.

East Lambton has returned Mr. Graham, Ministerial, by 187 majority.

HALTON.

Mr. Barber, Ministerial, reported elected by a large majority, probably 200.

DOMINION ELECTIONS.

Toronto East.

Mr. Platt, the Opposition candidate, has defeated Mr. O'Donohoe, Ministerialist, by a majority of 370.

THE TANNERIES INVESTIGATION.

Afternoon Session.

QUEBEC, Jan. 18.

Mr. DANSEREAU reappeared before the committee, and Mr. LORANGER put these questions:

First—Is it not true that the $50,000 in Dominion notes, with which you said you paid your note of six months, were withdrawn by you from the Jacques Cartier Bank through a cheque which Mr. Middlemiss gave you, and which money he had himself deposited in his own name in that bank?

Mr. DANSEREAU: Certainly; Mr. Middlemiss never had anything to do with that sum.

Second—Did not Mr. Middlemiss immediately withdraw from the Banque Nationale the $50,000 which you had deposited to pay your note, and did he not deposit this money in the Jacques Cartier Bank to replace the cheque of Bond Bros., dated 4th July, for that amount?

Mr. DANSEREAU answered that Middlemiss had the entire control of this sum, and he could not say what he did with it.

Mr. DANSEREAU is here this morning, and denies the truth of the story that he is running for Chambly in the Tanneries committee.

Mr. FONTAINE continued his deposition, stating that Middlemiss had transmitted the negotiation deed of the Tanneries property to the Public Works Department on the 6th October last.

NARCISSE TRUDELL, builder, St. Henri, said he knew the Tanneries property, believed that on the 1st July last it was worth fifteen to seventeen cents a foot, and the Leduc farm eight hundred to eight hundred and fifty dollars an arpent. Was introduced by Mr. R. Charlebois to Mr. Middlemiss at Ethiers' Restaurant after the Tanneries meeting. It was in July or August, Middlemiss said he had a good bargain, and had got it through like the flash of a gun. He did not say there had been collusion with any Minister. He said to Charlebois that a great number of the friends of the Government were dissatisfied because the bargain had been made with an enemy of theirs. Did not recollect that the word "job" was mentioned in the conversation.

By Mr. OUIMET—He had taken part in elections against the Government, but as for Charlebois he could not say.

SILFRIDE DE'LISLE, merchant, St. Henri, valued the Tanneries property on the 1st July last at nine or ten cents per foot, and the Leduc farm at $1,200 an arpent.

By Mr. OUIMET—Witness interested himself considerably in land speculations, especially in the environs of the city. He knew the Galt property to the south of the court. He was offered a lot at five cents a foot.

After some discussion of the report to be made to the House, the committee adjourned.

Mr. OUIMET will be the next witness.

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and grocers, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

Quebec Legislature.

Second Parliament—Fourth Session.

QUEBEC, Jan. 18.

In the House of Assembly to-day,

Mr. BEAUBIEN moved that the Railroad Committee be instructed to inquire as to the best means to adopt to insure to the Province of Quebec, a direct and advantageous communication with the branch of the Pacific Railroad soon to be constructed between the Georgian Bay and Lake Nipissing, and to report to the House as soon as possible. In doing so, he said that he had distributed among the members maps which would very much assist them, and which he was prepared to supplement by certain explanations which would aid them in understanding all that he had to say in regard to the roads on the North Shore, from Quebec *via* Ottawa. They would be terminated next autumn, and the companies were disposed to push them on to the Mattawan, where they would leave the Province and pass into Ontario, meeting the branch of the Pacific Railway from Georgian Bay and Lake Nipissing. The Federal Government had the intention of largely subsidizing the road as far as Renfrew. The Canada Central had now under construction, and partial operation, a line from Renfrew to Carleton Place, which centred at Ottawa. Then there was the Coteau road, which extended from Ottawa to Coteau du Lac, where it was proposed to build a bridge, over which the produce of the Ottawa Valley and the commerce of that district was to be carried to the United States. If it were asked why the Northern Colonization and the North Shore Railroad had a preference so marked by large grants which were made to them, if they asked why the two roads had a preference over the Levis and Kennebec Railroad, which all hoped to see, giving so much prosperity to the good old city of Quebec, if they asked why they had preference over the eastern townships' roads which would put us in communication with the United States towns, we had the explanation in Hon. Treasurer's budget speech. If these two lines were preferred it was because they would not only give us communication with the west, bringing to our Province the commerce of Chicago, Milwaukee and Duluth, but that of the Pacific, which must come by the Canadian Pacific Railroad, because that line was the shortest and most direct route for commerce between the great North West and the far East, this was why they were preferred, and why the country approved unanimously, of the policy enunciated by the Government. If we are not prepared to lay rails to the west to secure the commerce of that great and productive region, we should be the first to subsidize roads which would place us in the closest communication with lines leading to that section. If the companies did not succeed in accomplishing this much desired and imperatively needed object, they would no longer have any right to look for increased subsidy. These important roads had to depend alone on this Province for assistance, and if they were only built for local and provincial purposes, they would have no right to an advanced grant. This was not only a Provincial but a Federal question, too, as the great commerce of the west must find its channel by them to the sea board. In view of these considerations, he deemed it highly advisable that the Railroad Committee should carefully examine into the matter, and find out what were the best steps to be taken to insure to us communication with and the commerce of the west. To allow this, the Province must do all it could to secure the passage of the Eastern link of the Pacific Railroad across the Province. If the Province did not see to this, its roads would be supplanted by those of the sister Province of Ontario.

Mr. BEAUBIEN, in support of his argument, quoted from the Treasurer's last budget speech as follows: "It is highly important to our prosperity as a Province that the eastern end of the Pacific Railroad should be built direct through our Province to the tide waters of the Ocean at this city. To secure this we should be ready as soon as possible with that portion which passes through our territory. If we wait till the Pacific Railroad is built before being ready for the connecting link between the easterly end of the Pacific Railroad proper and the western end from the northern Grand Trunk Line, we may rely upon it we shall be cut off by other connections from Ontario, and find ourselves too late. Other connections for trade and transport of goods would be opened up. These will be divided into other channels, and we will be left out in the cold so far as being part of the Pacific Railroad is concerned. Now, if the Province was in earnest in the matter, it would draw attention to the matter not only of its legislators in the Quebec Parliament, but above all in the Federal Legislature. The Federal Parliament would soon meet, and one of its actions would be to subsidize two lines to Georgian Bay and Lake Nipissing. The Province had a right to expect from our legislators that they would take good care of our rights, but it was the duty of the Province and its Parliament to explain to the other House and to the country what were the reasons and on whose account the Province expected so much. A short time ago a joint deputation of the North Shore and Northern Colonization Railroads, having in view this communication with the west, had an interview with the Premier, and he ought to say that they were well received by him. He explained to them his plans, and stated that if they could show any good reasons why they should be changed they should have great weight with him. He had said also that the road to be selected must be the shortest, and the one least beset with natural difficulties. He (Mr. Beaubien) then said that the two companies were ready to attempt the Government route if it were really the shortest and most advantageous, but it must be remembered that an air line was not always the shortest; to pass round a mountain was often shorter than passing over it, especially when one considered the amount of extra work to be done, and the amount of fuel to be expended in getting up the extra motive power. The engineer of the Northern Colonization Railway, who had studied the matter closely, said that the line by the Mattawan was the shortest and most direct, and he (Mr. Beaubien) and the engineer could speak with *connaissance de cause*, having explored the land. A line could be constructed from Ottawa to the Mattawan, with iron rails and bridges, for $28,000 per mile, while with steel rails and iron bridges, it would cost $33,000. This calculation had been made with exceedingly great care. The company's engineer had explored the proposed line from the Ottawa to French River, and from the Mattawan to Georgian Bay. He had said in his report that he was ready to construct the whole road from the Mattawan to Georgian Bay for $40,000 per mile, and make a reasonable profit upon the transaction. He offered, too, to give security for the carrying out of the work. The engineer of the company was a friend of the gentlemen on the other side of the House, and therefore it could not be said that in making his report he had been actuated by any partisan feeling. As to the other road which the First Minister had proposed, the Government engineer, Hallowood, had gone on to French River, but had been unable at places to come within 20 miles of the road owing to the bush fires. He had made a report, with which Mr. Engineer-in-Chief Fleming did not agree, saying that owing

(*Continued on fourth page.*)

THE TIMES

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Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Church Union: Concert.
For sale: J. Birmingham.
Lecture: Mr. O'Leary.
Notice to Contractors: F. Braun.
Notice: John Hogg.
Board of Trade: W. J. Patterson.

The Times.

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JAN. 19, 1875.

THE CONTEST IN THE CITY.

The contest yesterday was a quiet one, and the success of the ballot was most unquestionable. We believe there never was an election in Ottawa, where there was less of that undue excitement which usually marks hotly contested struggles, and but for the increased number of sleighs and rigs upon the streets, it would have been difficult in the early portion of the day to have believed that an election was proceeding. There was a remarkable absence of drunkenness during the morning and afternoon, but this was amply compensated for at night. Although in one respect it is proper to class the contest as hot, in another it was so cold and half-hearted that we are forced to the conclusion that a large proportion of the citizens of Ottawa are not very deeply interested in the government of the Province. Of the result we have nothing to boast and yet nothing to complain. We took the position from the beginning that it was unwise and impolitic in the extreme for the supporters of the Government to oppose Mr. O'Donoghue, because in him they were assured the Ministry would have a staunch and reliable supporter, who if left alone would carry the election against any possible Opposition candidate, and because such a course was uselessly imperilling the seat. Our counsels did not prevail, and Mr. Featherston was brought into the field. With two supporters of Mr. Mowat before the electors, it became a question with us which of them we should support. In each we felt bound to admit the existence of qualities which fitted him more or less for the position of representative, but in favour of our worthy Mayor there were recommendations which no intelligent newspaper could refuse to acknowledge as vastly superior, not only to those of either of his opponents, but to the average candidate for Parliamentary honours; and for this reason, and this reason alone, we supported his candidature. There is every reason to believe that had it not been for the somewhat unusual manner in which that candidature was announced, and the impossibility of thoroughly canvassing the city after the selection had finally been made, Mr. Featherston's return at the head of the poll would have been assured beyond the possibility of a doubt. The public, however, could not have been expected to suffer the tortures of suspense for a whole fortnight, and yet rush out to the support of any candidate who had not decided to ask their suffrages until within almost an hour or two of the election. The supporters of Mr. O'Connor, as well as the supporters of Mr. Featherston, must have learned that indecision may disgust their warmest sympathizers, and that it is always the safer plan to take an open and well-understood course of action early in the day than risk the repelling effects of the temerity and manœuvring which leaves the standard-bearer of the party to be be chosen in a hurry. With between four and five thousand votes in this city, only some half of which were polled, it cannot be asserted that the result is a fair expression of the mind of the people. But one thing is established beyond the shadow of a doubt,—that the Ontario Government find only a few rabid partizans who are prepared to condemn their liberal and enlightened policy. If the rank and file of both parties have not much for which to thank those who selected their several candidates for them, Mr. Mowat must feel gratified at least that he has gained such a large measure of the confidence of a constituency, in which the Tory leader was wont to boast that the Grits could not elect a pound-keeper, that they run two Grit candidates, and not only elect one, but place the other next in order on the poll. We trust, however, that no circumstance will ever tempt the Liberals of Ottawa to commit a similar error, or to subject the party they desire to support to the same risk of being not only worsted but crushed. Between Mr. O'Donoghue and the Reform Association, such an invitation was offered to defeat, as it is the most surprising thing in the world that it did not come. Experience is a most excellent teacher, and we doubt not the Liberal party in Ottawa, as well as their opponents, have learned some useful lessons at the hands of that master in this contest—lessons which will not be lost upon them in future. We congratulate Mr. O'Donoghue upon his return, but we could have wished that it could be said of the representative of the Capital of the Dominion that he was the choice, not only of the majority of the electors who went to the poll, but of the whole people.

YESTERDAY'S ELECTIONS.

We are enabled this morning to present our readers with an almost complete return from the various constituencies throughout the Province, Algoma, South Victoria, and East Peterboro' being alone unheard from. The first two will go for the Government to a certainty, and the probabilities are strongly in favour of the latter doing so by a considerable majority. The Administration have lost that superfluous strength which they had in the last Parliament, but they have yet a compact and strong support, sufficient for all legitimate purposes, and more nearly according with the principles of our constitution than the overwhelming proportions of their adherents formerly. It strikes us that on the whole the character of the new House is not improved. Some of the best men of both sides have been defeated, and in most instances inferior men have taken their places. Mr. Bethune in Stormont, Mr. Hodgins in West Elgin, Mr. Featherston in this city, and Messrs. Crooks and Thomson in Toronto are all men who would have done much to maintain the character and stamina of their party, while such men as Mr. Scott, of Peterboro', and the Hon. William McDougall, in East York, would have imparted the same features to a party which is now notoriously without them. The exclusion of Mr. Rykert from the Legislature is something to be extremely thankful for under any circumstances, but especially under the peculiar circumstances which marked the last session, and the disclosures regarding his conduct there brought to light. It must also add respectability to the Tory party that Mr. Boultbee has not been sent back again, and if his absence does not give them strength, it is certain his presence would have been a weakness. We are satisfied with the result, and feel assured that it will tend greatly to reduce the status of political parties in the Legislature to that condition by which the theory of constitutional Government may be worked to its legitimate conclusion. It is very true that a large proportion of the new talent by which the Tory party will be represented in the new Parliament is not beyond, if scarcely up to mediocrity, it is still to be hoped they have gained somewhat in respectability, they could not lose much in any event; and respectability, being a first necessity to success, may eventually gather to its assistance the necessary talent. We give Mr. Mowat a clear majority of twelve pledged supporters, letting the Opposition have the benefit of every professed Independent, most of whom will nevertheless, be found voting against them on test questions. We confess to some surprise and sincere disappointment at the defeat of Mr. Crooks in East Toronto, arising, as it does, out of that combination of "beer and the Bible" which gained the Mayoralty for Mr. Medcalf,—the animosity of which combination the *Globe* aroused by its conduct in that contest. Mr. Crooks will find plenty constituencies, however, if he desires to remain in public life, and it would, to use the expression of Mr. McDougall, have knocked the brains out of the Opposition entirely had Mr. Cameron been excluded from the Legislature. Mr. O'Donohoe's defeat for the Commons owes its origin and consummation to exactly the same influences.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724t.

FRESH OYSTERS IN SHELL.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

NEW YORK BAY OYSTERS IN SHELL.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

For Christmas and New Year's presents, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724-tf.

The best value in Winceys at Bryson's. 3695 1m.

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Musca Wine. 3698

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

Gents, try MacLaren & Chalmers' cutter. One trial will secure to them your patronage. 3698

Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695 1m

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors) 5 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

The average Canadian, when transplanted to the Western Prairies, becomes a more enterprising and daring individual, laying broad and deep the foundations of mighty cities and provinces that will in the future control the destinies of the Dominion.

THE ELECTIONS.

Candidates Elected.

	M.	I.	O.
Addington, Deroche	1	0	0
Brant, N. R., Finlayson	1	0	0
Brockville, Cole	1	0	0
Bruce, N. R., Sinclair	1	0	0
" S. R., Wells	1	0	0
Cardwell, Flesher	0	0	1
Cornwall, McIntyre	0	0	1
Dufferin, Barr	0	1	0
Dundas, Broder	0	0	1
Durham, E. R., Rosevear	0	0	1
Durham, W. R., McLeod	1	0	0
Elgin, E. R., Wilson	1	0	0
Elgin, W. R., Munro	0	0	1
Essex, S. R., Wigle	0	0	1
Essex, N. R., Patterson	0	0	1
Frontenac, Graham	0	0	1
Glengarry, Grant	0	0	1
Grenville, S. R., Fraser	1	0	0
Grey, N. R., Scott	0	1	0
Grey, S. R., Hunter	1	0	0
Grey, E. R., Lauder	0	0	1
Haldimand, Baxter	1	0	0
Halton, Barber	1	0	0
Hastings, W. R., Wills	0	0	1
Hastings, E. R., Appley	0	1	0
Hastings, N. R., Boulter	0	0	1
Huron, E. R., Gibson	1	0	0
Huron, S. R., Bishop	1	0	0
Huron, W. R., Ross	1	0	0
Kent, E. R., McKellar	1	0	0
Kent, W. R., Coutts	0	0	1
Kingston, Robinson	1	0	0
Lambton, E. R., Graham	1	0	0
Lambton, W. R., Pardee	1	0	0
Lanark, N. R., Mostyn	0	0	1
Lanark, S. R., Code	0	0	1
Leeds and Grenville, N. R. Merrick	0	0	1
Leeds, S. R., Preston	0	0	1
Lennox, Grange	0	1	0
Lincoln, Neelon	1	0	0
London, Meredith	0	0	1
Middlesex, N. R. Macdougall	1	0	0
Middlesex, E. R., Tooley	0	0	1
Middlesex, W. R., Watterworth	1	0	0
Monck, Haney	1	0	0
Muskoka, Miller	1	0	0
Norfolk, N. R., Clarke	1	0	0
Norfolk, S. R., Richardson	0	0	1
Northumberland, E. R., Ferris	1	0	0
Northumberland, W. R., Hargraft	1	0	0
Ontario, N. R., Paxton	1	0	0
Ontario, S. R., Brown	0	0	1
Ottawa, O'Donoghue	1	0	0
Oxford, S. R. Oliver	1	0	0
Peel, Chisholm	1	0	0
Perth, N. R., Hay	1	0	0
Perth, S. R., Ballantyne	1	0	0
Peterborough, W. R., Cox	1	0	0
Prescott, Haskin	0	0	1
Prince Edward, Striker	1	0	0
Renfrew, N. R., Deacon	0	0	1
Russell, Baker	0	0	1
Simcoe, W. R., McConkey	1	0	0
Simcoe, S. R., Boulton	0	0	1
Simcoe, E. R., Kean	0	0	1
Stormont, Colquhoun	0	0	1
Toronto, E. R., Cameron	0	0	1
Toronto, W. R., Bell	0	0	1
Victoria, N. R., Smith	1	0	0
Waterloo, N. R., Springer	1	0	0
Welland, Currie	1	0	0
Wellington, W. R., McGowan	0	0	1
Wentworth, N. R., Stock	0	0	1
Wentworth, S. R., Sexton	1	0	0
York, N. R., Widdifield	1	0	0
York, E. R., Lane	1	0	0

MEMBERS ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION.

	G.	I.	O.
Brant South—Hardy	1	0	0
Hamilton—Williams	1	0	0
Oxford North—Mowat	1	0	0
Wellington Centre—Clarke C.	1	0	0
York West—Patterson	1	0	0
Renfrew South—Bonfield	1	0	0
Waterloo South—Fleming	1	0	0
Carleton—Monk	0	0	1
	7	0	1
Total	48	4	32

Majority for the Government, giving the Opposition all Independents—12.

CONSTITUENCIES NOT HEARD FROM.

	M.	I.	O.
Algoma, Dawson	1	0	0
Victoria, S. R., Wood	1	0	0
" " Cottingham	0	0	1
Peterboro', E. R., O'Sullivan	0	0	1
" " Stratton	1	0	0

One day, just as an English officer had arrived at Vienna, the empress, knowing that he had seen a certain princess much celebrated for her beauty, asked him if it was really true that she was the most beautiful woman he had ever seen. "I thought so yesterday," he replied.

During the Irish rebellion of '98, when "Ould Oirland" was fairly up in arms, and everybody in the Green Isle way trying to kill everybody else, and leaving nobody to eat the potatoes, there happened to be one solitary specimen of discretion on record in the person of a brave "bo—hoy," who thought more of his carcase than he did of his cause; and before advancing against the foe, he advanced to the forge and "compounded" with a smith for a thick iron plate to buckle over his heart. The blacksmith soon finished one to his mind, and tied it on his back. Pat rushed to the fight; but when the bullets whistled through the air they soon suggested to him the discretion of fighting "another day;" so he took to his heels to make sure of being able to do so, but fast as he ran a bullet overtook him and flattened on his plate. Pat paused a moment, and placed his hand upon the spot to assure himself that all was right, and then exclaimed, as he redoubled his speed, "Ah, bedad! but that blacksmith knew where my heart lay to an inch!"

Highland Epitaph.—The following has been deciphered from an inscription on a decayed tombstone in Skye:

"Here lie the bones
O' Tonald Jones,
The wale o' men
For eatin' scones:
Eating scores
And drinking yill,
Till his last moans
He took his fill."

"MUCKLE DAVIE," a queer chap, lived some time ago in one of the western townships of Canada. He was a batchelor, and at the time we write had rented a farm. Saturday came round, and Davie thought he would kirn that day, and he went to borrow a neebor's kirn. The woman said, "Weel, Davie, ye maun ska'd the kirn, for I haena been usin't it for a lang time, and it wants cleaning." When Davie brought back the kirn, the woman said, "Weel, Davie, hoo did ye get on wi' your kirnin'?" "Oh," says Davie, "I kirned an' I kirned a' day, an' I thocht the butter wad never come; syne I pour oot the cream to see what was the matter. What do ye think I got in the bottom o' the kirn? A pair o' laddie's breeks—for I forgot, ye see, tae clean the kirn, as ye bade me dae."

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732.

Non-explosive Coal Oil, test 115, at W. Hearn's, Sapper's Bridge. 3742

THE EVENT OF THE NEW YEAR.—The holidays are ended, and the serious work of the New Year begins. The first important event before us is the last drawing of the Library Gift Concerts, which takes place in Louisville, Ky., February 27th. This drawing will as certainly take place on that date as the day arrives, and to guarantee this Gov. Bramlette offers to return their money to ticket holders if the drawing is not had at the time appointed. What more could be asked? All that is needed is to buy your tickets *in time*, and you may count on having your prizes on the 27th day of next February. 3745 d&w

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732.

NEW STYLE OF UPHOLSTERING.—Don't fail to see the beautiful Drawing Room Set on exhibition in the window of Angus & Co's new furniture warerooms, 85 and 87 Sparks street. 3740-3in.

Auction Sales.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
200 City Lots
—IN—
WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer the above by Public Auction, at his Rooms, Elgin street, opposite the Russell House, on

Tuesday, 26th January,

At 11 o'clock, a.m., and 7.30 p.m.

Sale to be peremptory, every Lot offered being sold. No reserve bid; no upset price. Title guaranteed. Terms: half cash, and half in six months.

Plans of the Property, Pamphlets—"Winnipeg as it Is and Was," &c., may be obtained at the Auction Rooms, where Mr. Burrows will be found in attendance from 10 till 12 o'clock a.m., each day, till time of sale, and will be glad to furnish information respecting this property, Winnipeg and the North West generally.

References as to title—Messrs. Walker, Cassels & Pennock.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Jan. 14, 1875.

AUCTION
—OF—
BANKRUPT GOODS!

Consigned to the subscriber, to be sold by Auction and Private Sale, at

50 PER CENT. BELOW COST.

J. BERMINGHAM

Has now on hand a Bankrupt Stock, consisting of

100 White and Gold China Tea Sets,
100 Ladies' Work Boxes—inlaid,
100 Ladies' Writing Desks,
300 very handsome Vases of every design, style and pattern,
100 Toilet Sets,
Cut and Engraved Crystal Water Jugs and Celery Bowls,
50 English Chromos,
Bouquet Holders, Britannia Metal Tea Pots, and several Silver Tea Sets.

All selling (private sale) at 50 per cent. under English cost, at BERMINGHAM'S Sale Rooms opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Household Furniture by Auction.

THE subscriber is instructed by Mr. Martin Fahey, to sell by Public Auction, on

FRIDAY, THE 15th INST.,

commencing at 11 o'clock, at his store, Stockdale's Buildings, Rideau-st., all the Household Furniture and effects therein, consisting of Sofas, Lounges, Sideboards, Presses, Bureaus, Piano Stool, cane Chairs, common Chairs, round and fall-leaf Tables, Pictures, Wardrobes, Pillows, Blankets, Kitchen Stoves, Hall Coal Stoves, large box Black Giant Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Kitchen Chairs and Tables, and various other articles, all without any reserve whatever, as the premises must be surrendered on the 19th inst.

Don't forget the day and place—Stockdale's Buildings, Rideau-st., on Friday, 15th inst., at 11 o'clock.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Jan. 11, 1875.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869 AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

J. BOURGET of Sussex street, in the City of Ottawa, Insolvent.

AUCTION SALE

OF **WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, BRANDIES, STOCK, CASKS, FIRE PROOF SAFE, SHOP FIXTURES, AND LEASE OF PREMISES.**

The subscriber is instructed by the Assignees, Messrs Riddell and Evans of Montreal, to sell by Public Auction at the store of the insolvent Sussex street in the city of Ottawa, on Thursday, the 14th inst., commencing at 11 o'clock, a.m., in lots to suit purchasers, the stock of the above insolvent consisting in part of sixteen thousand assorted cigars, several cases champagne, claret, brandy, red blue and green seal, gin, Rhine wine, Scotch whiskey, sherry, and a large assortment of wines in wood and in bottle. Also the shop fixtures, stock, casks, bottling machine and lease of premises, all to be sold without any reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

January 11th, 1875.

Auction Sale

OF VERY VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS,

Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.

HECTOR McLEAN

Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on **SATURDAY, THE 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875,** at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:

License No. 161, season of 1873-4, comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.

License No. 163, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vieille Branch, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.

These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN, Ramsay.

Dec. 30th, 1874. 3751-td

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land

Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice, as the owner is in want of money.

For particulars apply to

JOHN W. MAGUIRE, 28, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester

Or, Ottawa P. O.

Sept. 2, 1874. 2861.

MINERAL WATER.

The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Cairnichael's, Lower Town.

Oct. 27th, 1874. 3778-3m

Hatters & Furriers.

DEVLIN'S

Fur Depots

416 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.
11 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

White Rabbitt Jackets,

LADIES' SOUTH SEA SEAL JACKETS,

Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets,

Ladies Sea Otter Sets.

R. J. DEVLIN, Manufacturer.

Jan. 11, 1875.

ALEX. BROBERY,

FURRIER,

45 Rideau-st.,

Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store.

Is offering the balance of his

Stock of Winter Furs

AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3783

LADIES FURS!

GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,

No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to order by

JAMES PEACOCK, No. 33, Rideau Street.

Dec. 20th, 1874. 3724 ml

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.

—AT—

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Remedies.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES FOR CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA. Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

DATURA TATULA

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-St., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores.
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

[illegible] Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
[illegible] Elliot & Co., Wholesale Druggists
Shapter & Owen
[illegible]—Winer & Co.
[illegible]—Avery, Brown & Co.

FOWLE'S

PILE AND HUMOR CURE.

For Internal and External Use

WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE

For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be taken in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Dec. 14, 18[illegible] 3718

Legal Notices.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of THOMAS EDWIN MOORE, An Insolvent.

The creditors of the above-named insolvent are requested to file their claims with the undersigned as soon as possible, to enable him to arrive at the total amount of liabilities without delay.

W. H. COOPER, Interim Assignee.

Jan. 9, 1875. 3738-3

DR. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.

H. J. GIBBS, Solicitor for Applicants.

Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 laws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Solicitors for the Company.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-2awk2m

Government Notices

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Separate Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tenders for Repairs" will be received at this office until Tuesday, the 26th instant, at noon, for the performance of certain repairs to the works at the Calumet, Chats, Hull, Gatineau and Coulonge Stations; also at Stations on the Madawaska Rivers.

Specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of the Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of Tender and any other information can also be obtained, on and after Tuesday, the 19th instant.

The signatures of two solvent, responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, Jan. 16th, 1875. 3746-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, Jan. 18, 1874.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON, Commissioner of Customs.

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector McLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 100 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,543 feet, and of No. 3, 9,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by, this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

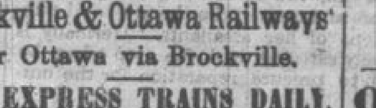
By order,

E. A. MEREDITH, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.

Railways.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY.

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.30 a.m.	4.15 p.m
Ottawa	10.40 a.m.	5.00 p.m
Renfrew	9.30 a.m.	4.10 p.m

ARRIVE.

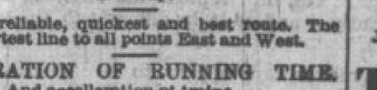
Ottawa	1.50 p.m.	7.40 p.m
Renfrew	2.15 p.m.	8.50 p.m.
Brockville	2.10 p.m.	8.40 p.m.

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER, Managing Director.

Brockville, Jan. 11, 1875.



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

And accelleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction.	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.35 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.05 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.25 P.M.
8 Express.	10 45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

Dec 15, 1874.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

BALTIMORE OYSTERS

To be had in perfection, at

James Buchanan's

SUSSEX STREET

January 6th, 1875. 1m

DR. POMROY,

CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN

May now be consulted in his

ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE

Hours from 10 a.m. until 5 p.m.

Dec. 15 1874. 3713

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 18 years, and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

W. YOUNG.

June 20, 1874.

N. MARKS,

Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,

36—SPARKS STREET—36

Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine

JEWELLERY,

Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.

A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.

Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Caps, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan 17 1874.

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St

Dec 26, 1874.

Houses to Let.

TO SELL OR RENT.

The house and grounds lately occupied by Mr. Spragge, just outside the city limits, on the Richmond Road. The house and grounds can be divided, the former making two complete dwellings, if required, with every convenience, and ample room in each for a large family. Terms of sale or rental, moderate.

Apply to

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK.

Dec. 7, 1874. 3712-tf

Carpets.

OTTAWA

CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from

Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,

[late Jacques & Hay,] Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.

A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.

SHOOLBRED & CO. 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

Miscellaneous.

NOTICE.

All those having claims against the estate of the late Jas. Hogg, Billings' Bridge, will please communicate with his son, who has authority to deal with the matter.

Address, JOHN HOGG, Billings' Bridge.

Jan. 19, 1875. 3746-6&2w

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

J. W. MINTHORN, Box "U" ORILLIA, Ont.

Oct. 1.

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—Use THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

See T. & B. on each Plug.

VOTE FOR

FEATHERSTON,

And buy your

China, Crockery, Glassware, Lamp Goods, Cutlery, Baskets and

COAL OIL!

—AT—

JAMES ASHFIELD'S, Duke Street.

Jan. 16, 1875.

PAIN-KILLER.

After thirty-five years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Physicians of the first respectability recommend it as a most effectual preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but for Dysentery or Cholera, or any sort of Bowel complaint it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency, and rapidity of action. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

It is used Internally and Externally.

Sold everywhere, Price 25 cts.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Sole Proprietors.

January 13th, 1875. 3741

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

PAPER RULER, AND

Account Book Manufacturer,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Ruling, Perforating, Numbering

—AND—

GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.

All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.

Aug. 12

Publications.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

One Copy.........
Three Copies.........
Five Copies.........
Ten Copies.........

Postage five cents per copy for three months.

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten.

Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at the same price.

One extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty.

Additions to clubs received at club rates.

These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

A generous portion of the WEEKLY HERALD will be appropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Pomology and the management of domestic animals. Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets.

The aim will be to make the WEEKLY HERALD superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

Every number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence, Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

The price of subscription, whenever practicable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting money by mail.

At small Post Offices in the country where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

Advertisements, to a limited number, will be inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD.

Price of the DAILY HERALD, four cents a copy. Annual subscription price, $12, always in advance.

Write the address on letters to the NEW YORK HERALD, in a bold and legible hand, and give the name of each subscriber, of Post Office, County and State so plainly that no errors in mailing papers will be liable to occur.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE one year......$4 00

$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An Extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy: postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2.25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

APPLETON'S

AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publications of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press, it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

This work is sold to subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages, fully illustrated with several thousand Wood engravings, and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

Price and Style of Binding.

In extra Cloth, per vol	$5 00
In Library Leather, per vol	6 00
In Half Turkey Morocco, per vol	7 00
In Half Russia, extra gilt, per vol	8 00
In Full Morocco, antique, gilt edges, per vol	10 00
In Full Russia, per vol	10 00

Nine volumes now ready. Succeeding volumes, until completion, will be issued once in two months.

Specimen pages of the American Cyclopædia, showing type, illustrations, etc., will be sent gratis, on application.

First-class canvassing Agents Wanted.

Address the Publishers,

D. APPLETON & Co., 549 & 551 Broadway, N. Y.

CENTRAL! CONVENIENT!

THE DOMINION RESTAURANT

Rajotte's New Block, Wellington-st.,

(Opposite Parliament Houses.)

Now open, and holding out the best inducements in the way of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Lunches hot or cold from 12 to 3. Oysters in any style at all hours.

HARRIS & CLOSE, Proprietors.

Jan. 16, 1875

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.

The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, Rideau-st.

MEMORANDA.

Ottawa.

This beautiful city is strikingly emblematical, in situation and general characteristics, of that mighty New Dominion of which it is the chosen capital and representative town.

A coronalled Diana emerging from the forest, her queenly form erect and glowing with youth and freedom; before her, stretching her magnificent future, a vast sea of the myriad habitations, the townships, the stupendous works which the irresistable onset of civilization is transfiguring the wilderness; on her either hand the chaotic evidences of man's Cyclopean struggle with natures's formidable obstacles: behind her the illimitable mysterious woods — sombre and singing guardians alike of the tomb and cradle of nations;—her foremost sandal kissed by the hurrying wave of commerce, her hindmost hidden in the luxuriant foliage of the wild; whilst blends in her ears the roar at once of enginery and waterfall,—such is Canada, Virgin Empire of the North; such is Ottawa, Sylvan City of her pride!

Not altogether unfortunate is the traveller whose visit to this future American St. Petersburg happens in the depth of her uncompromising winter. True, she displays her wonderful natural graces to better advantage in softer seasons, but there is a grandeur in her position and surroundings which the silver veil of frost but serves to heighten. Rival cities in the south excel or share in summer beauties, but her icy spendour they cannot dispute, and these alone will make her one day the admiration of the Continent.

Moreover, he who seeks intimate acquaintance with the metropolis and government of Canada—the wealth, advantages and importance of the one, or the characteristics and traditions of the other must seek it here in winter, when the political and social elements are at their strongest, and then in spring, when the hum of her factories, the thunder of her millstreams, and the cries of her lumbermen resound through the valley.

The writer of this does not complain then, that his fortune was to first behold the present Mount Zion of his countrymen under the lowering sky of snowy December. And although his stay was necessarily brief, and his opportunities sadly limited, the impressions he received were vivid and profound—while, notwithstanding his probably better than average information upon the subject, he must confess to the realization of a great surprise in the magnificence of a city reared in the "backwoods of Canada" since the not remote days of his boyhood. For here, in the outskirts of the primeval forest; among hills and valleys teeming with incalculable wealth of timber, mineral and soil; on the banks of a majestic stream, far grander than the Hudson or Potomac—pouring its immense volume of waters at this very spot, in a cataract which re-echoes the thunders of Niagara; at the head of one of the most important of modern artificial rivers; is rapidly rising a city destined to be one of the most famous and magnificent on this continent—a great centre of commerce and hive of industry—the proud and powerful capital of a nation worthy to have sprung from the loins of Britain.

Hence, eminent as it is in features now and ever interesting as monuments of human art, or sublime as phenomena of nature, the suggestions of an impending future with which its past and present abound, lend to Ottawa, in the eyes of the thoughtful, its greatest attraction.

Naturally, a comparison with Washington, the rival Anglo-American metropolis, is one of the first processes in the mind of the traveller. No resident of the United States need be ashamed of the citadel of his nation, and it possesses an accumulated wealth, both intellectual and material, which time alone can bring. But the youthful Ottawa of youthful Canada, must claim great superiority in grandeur of situation and surroundings, commercial advantages, and future possibilities. Let him who has been charmed by the imposing Capital, and the beauty of its environs, stand for a moment on "suspension bridge," under the awful curtain of Chaudiere Falls, and mark on the one hand that headlong tumble of mighty waters over the precipice, sending up with furious roar a drenching cloud of spray; and on the other the Heaven-cleaving turrets and spires of the Dominion Buildings, whose massive walls tower above the lofty bluff, as it there juts out and overhangs the dark and rushing river, impetuously surging onward from its giddy leap, and then ask himself whether Washington or any city of America can show so grand a *coup d'œil*? Or let him wend his way among the streets and alleys of the vast encampment of lumber, whose interminable piles, like the continuous walls of warehouses and dwellings, line numberless passage-ways miles in extent, and spread over thousands of acres; let him observe the myriad mills, rafts and tugs, the millions of horse power utilized or the billions running to waste; let him think of the great resources of the undeveloped or fast developing regions of which this is a centre, and the conclusion is at once forced upon him that Ottawa is to become a metropolis of business as well as politics, something that never was and never will be.

Admirably situated, in the important particulars of convenience of resort from opposite quarters of the country, feasibility of defence, and remoteness from an exposed frontier, there is no probability that Ottawa will ever be forced to part with her regal privileges by other preferences on the part of the people. And even were the disciples of "manifest destiny" ever to be gratified by beholding all North America become one country, a double capital would probably then be decided upon, one of which, that in the North would certainly remain, while that in the South possibly would not.

Socially, this city is, as might be expected, the resort and residence of much of the very *elite* of provincial society. The only peer of England who now honors this hemisphere with a residence, is Governor General, and lives at Rideau Hall, not far from Chaudiere Falls. His vice-regal Court is composed of no contemptible material, the beauty, the wealth, the culture, and the talent of Canada, with a seasonable sprinkling of the same from "Home." Lord Dufferin, of course, is the central social, as well as political figure, and well does he sustain the dignity, and maintain the popularity of her Majesty's rule. He seems to be universally acknowledged a man who has no need of a patent of nobility to lend him distinction among his fellows, and has made the best of impressions wherever he has travelled, on both sides of the line. Next in prominence is the Premier of the present administration, leader of the liberal and reform party, and of course one of the best abused men in Canada—the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie, Minister of Public Works. Mr. Mackenzie has made his way from an humble birth to his present eminent position by supplementing splendid natural abilities with honest, untiring industry; constant self cultivation—and better than all, unswerving integrity. Like most of his Scottish countrymen he seems a man of decided convictions, but of kindly manners, and generous impulses. In fact, so far as the writer had the honour of personal opportunites for observing the members of the Canadian Cabinet, he cannot but allow a most favourable and pleasant remembrance. H. L.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City. Oct. 7, 1874. 3281y d&w.

—BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 200.

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 3676-y

WHOLESALE

Ready-Made

CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favorably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTER

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

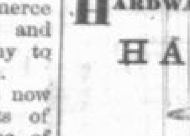
So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 21, 1874. 3680

Hardware, &c.



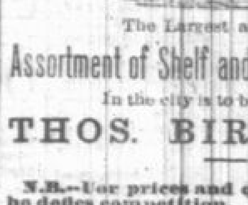
THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

For sale by all Oilmen.

Dec. 4, 1874 3719-y

HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.



No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware

In the city is to be found at

THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—For prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 3, 1874.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L Crannell, Esq., and many others. Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application

H. MEADOWS & CO., 35 Sussex-St.

Oct. 3, 1874. 3559

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency

OTTAWA, ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers'

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 5, 1874.

Hotels.

THE

CLARENDON HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the Corner of Sussex and George Streets, within three to five minutes walk of Post Office and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 1st January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,

One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms

are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms

are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms

are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms

are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my Table will be one of the best in Canada.

N B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.

Dec. 28th, 1874. 3729

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2692

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD

USE THE

Diamond Yeast Cakes

Gift Enterprises.

ANOTHER

OPPORTUNITY.

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift	$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift	100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	75,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
5 Cash Gifts 20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts 14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts 10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts 5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts 4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts 3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts 2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts 1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts 500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts 100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts 50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 28, 1874. 3729w2awkd&w

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts,

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000 } Each in Cash
Two Prizes, $500 }
Five Prizes $100 }

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.

One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth

Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300

Three Gold American Hunting Watches, w $125 each.

Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth 100 each!

1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c

Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,0

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 432, Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874 3554 d&w

DEC. 29.

SECOND AND LAST

Grand Gift Concert

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK, VA.

DAY POSITIVELY FIXED.

TUESDAY, 29th DECEMBER

LAST CHANCE

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature passed March 8th, 1873.

50,000 TICKETS—6000 CASH GIFTS,

$250,000!

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One Grand Cash Gift of	$30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	[illegible],000
One Grand Cash Gift of	5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of	2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each	15,000
28 Cash Gifts of 500 each	14,000
43 Cash Gifts of $250 each	10,750
79 Cash Gifts of $150 each	11,850
250 Cash Gifts of $100 each	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of $50 each	28,900
5000 Cash Gifts of $10 each	50,000
6000 Cash Gifts, aggregating	$250,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets, $5; Quarter Ticket, $2 50; Eleven tickets, $100.

For Tickets and Circulars, &c., address, HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary, Norfolk, Va.

Nov. 25, 1874 3702d&w

Miscellaneous.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO., Sparks Street, near Bank.

NOTICE

All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 23 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.

Furniture.

NEW

Furniture Warerooms,

ANGUS & CO.

Dealers in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cornices and Curtains.

85 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite Honey's New Block.

Jan. 11, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND OR WEST OF CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874. 2559

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2549

Boots & Shoes.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots, Embroidered and Plain Felt Congress. Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress. Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Felt Bals. Felt Overs.

A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter feet-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at REDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an entire clearance.

Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB, 28 Sussex-st.

Jan. 9, 1875.

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 13 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes,

Mitts, Rubbers,

Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand, Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN, Ottawa.

Dec. 24, 1874.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN:

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

BOOTS,
SHOES,
MOCCASINS,
MITTS, &c.

AT

W. E. BROWN, 15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.

Dec. 24, 1874. 3699 d&w

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st., Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre.

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH,

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds, Geese from 8 to 16 pounds. Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 23, 1874. 3726-tf

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks-

December 28, 1874.

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co., Cincinnati, O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N.J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y. &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE .... 70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3640y

Hardware.

MOORE BROS.,

TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil,

General House-Furnishing Goods,

And Lawn Mowers.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS. OTTAWA.

Jan. 7, 1875. 3678

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES

J. T MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces. Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application. Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Lamps & Chandeliers

The Largest Assortment in the City.

AT THE OIL DEPOT, SUSSEX-ST.

C. S. SHAW & CO.

Jan. 8, 1875.

Grocers.

GO TO

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE'S

FOR YOUR

GROCERIES.

You will always find a full stock of Groceries Glass-ware and Crockery at prices that can't be obtained elsewhere.

FINE

Uncolored Japan Tea,

Only 50c. per lb.

Apples wholesale and retail.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE, Cor. Kent and Wellington-sts.

Jan. 9, 1875.

CHRISTMAS CARD.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Thanking their numerous friends and customers for the patronage bestowed upon them since commencing business, would remind them that being in a position (through purchasing their Goods previous to advance in wholesale markets) to sell cheap, they will offer to them during the Holidays, value in quality and cheapness that cannot be surpassed in the city, viz.:

OLD PRICES.		NEW PRICES.	
5 lbs. Raisins	38cts.	3 lbs. Raisins	30cts
3 lbs. Currants	27cts.	3 lbs. Currants	20cts
Orange Peel	30cts.	Orange Peel	25cts
Lemon Peel	35cts.	Lemon Peel	25cts
Sultana Raisins	17cts.	Sultana Raisins	3cts
Figs in layers	50cts.	Figs in layers	35cts
Mixed Spices	50cts.	Mixed Spices	40cts

Dec. 21st, 1874.

SOMETHING NEW

To Economical Housekeepers!

Use the British Egg and Butter Powder!

A Perfect Substitute for Eggs! A Great Saving in Butter!

FOR ALL COOKING PURPOSES.

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.

Agents for Ottawa—

CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.

3 and 4 Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-3m

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

SAPOLIO,

For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals Shop Windows, Coins, &c., &c.

HAND SAPOLIO,

For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artizans and mechanics.

Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.

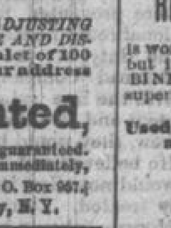
Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES!

Restore your Sight!

THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES,



By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957.) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card-cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender 738 Broadway, New York

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874. 3679

Books & Stationery.

NEW BOOKS.

Grey's Creed of Christendom, 2 vols.	$4 50
Do Enigmas of Life	1 50
John Stuart Mill's Posthumous Essays on Religion	2 50
Drapers' The Conflict between Religion and Science	1 75
Popular Science Monthly, vols. 1 to 5 each	3 50
Proctor's The Transits of Venus	2 50
Around the Tea Table, by Talmage, illustrated	3 00

For sale at

HENDERSON & Co's.

39 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 8, 1872.

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

FOR THE

PIANOFORTE.

It Stands the Test! Sells 25,000 Yearly, and is gaining friends everywhere.

No piano instruction book ever issued approaches it for real merit and worth, and no teachers regret using it in their course of instruction. This work is a power in the musical advance of the day, and has been a most important agent in the recent tremendous increase of technical knowledge of the Pianoforte.

The success of

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

is world-wide, and prompts many competitors but its sale surpasses that of all others COMBINED, and it stands to-day incontestably superior to all other Piano Methods.

Used by thousands of Music Teachers and sold by all Book and Music Dealers in this Country and Canada.

Price, - - - $3.75.

All books sent, post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 26, 1874.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual price

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crockets variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

Dec. 24 1874. THOS PATTERSON.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 36 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest: let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

Aug. 1, 1874. P. BASKERVILLE & BROS. 204

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT DR. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, M.R.I.A., F.G.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success."

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN.

Dec. 5, 1874 3711m1

Ladies' Ware.

LONDON HOUSE!

We are showing

The Cheapest Fancy Dress Silks in the City.

UNEQUALLED FOR RICHNESS.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT

Is under the superior management of MISS M. A. ARMSTRONG. The system we use is the Cornwall Chart, the only method in which a perfect fit can be secured.

HANEY & FORGIE.

Jan. 11, 1875. 5673y

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYAN'S.

Dec. 8, 1874. 234 Wellington-St

Dry Goods.

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING TAILORING

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50.
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7 50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot, Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10 50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars &c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1860, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

AGENCY OF

Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works,

OHIO SANDSTONE

Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sanostone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Reading or Projecting either Plain or Mounted.

June 15, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

A gentleman of this city who purchased a lot from Mr. Burrows in 1873 at $123, which he had purchased at $75, was the other day offered four hundred dollars for it.

Remember Mr. O'Leary's lecture to-morrow, Wednesday, evening, at the Rink Music Hall, on the "North West." Admission 10 cents. Reserved Seats 25 cents.

NEW CITY COUNCIL.—As anticipated, there was no quorum of the members of the new City Council yesterday at noon. This will necessitate the calling of a special meeting for organization.

THE MARKET.—Yesterday being election day, there was little or no attendance on the part of either vendor or purchaser on the Market square. Domestic affairs were considerably upset in consequence.

ANOTHER STEAM FIRE ENGINE.—The long talked of Chaudiere Steam Fire Engine has at length been shipped from Chatham, Ont., and will arrive in the city to-morrow or next day.

NO LIQUOR TO BE HAD.—All the taverns were closed yesterday in response to the advertisement of Inspector McVeity. The grocer shops were allowed to remain open on condition that no liquor would be vended between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m.

Remember Mr. O'Leary's lecture to-morrow, Wednesday, evening, at the Rink Music Hall, on the "North West." Admission 10 cents. Reserved seats 25 cents.

POLICE COURT.—There was only one case brought before the police court yesterday. Joseph Nadeau was arraigned for the larceny of a ring and some precious stones from Mr. Street of Montreal. The case was adjourned till this morning. The ring was valued at $100. Mr. Gibb appeared for the prisoner.

THE POLICE.—The police have survived the election of yesterday, having had little or no occasion to exercise their authority. The Ballot and great number of polling places had the desired effect, as there were no instances of a breach of the peace. This speaks volumes for the Ontario Election Law.

CHORAL UNION.—The usual weekly practice takes place this evening. The first public concert of the Society will be given in Gowan's New Opera House in the first week in February, an announcement which should stimulate the members to extra exertions to perfect themselves in the pieces now in practice.

Remember Mr. O'Leary's lecture to-morrow, Wednesday, evening, at the Rink Music Hall, on the "North West." Admission 10 cents. Reserved seats 25 cents.

VIOLATIONS OF THE LAW.—Inspector McVeity was looking well after the rum sellers yesterday, but two natives of the Emerald Isle succeeded in getting outside of some old rye in remarkable quick time after five o'clock. In the evening they were making bright efforts to keep each other up, but one of them managed to take the measure of the real estate he will some day require for his own accommodation, and he carried home a coat well plastered with the "beautiful."

INTENSE FROST.—The intense cold of yesterday, made itself manifest in many instances. Canvassers who had occasion to drive considerably, had both noses and ears bitten with frost. The application of snow with a little friction had the desired effect of removing the unenviable frost bite. The weather has been very severe for the last few days, and has visibly reduced the wood pile and coal supply. A change will doubtless soon follow.

A RUSH.—Last night, while a large crowd at the Russell House corner, were excitedly discussing the probable issue of the election, some one raised the cry, "Here they come," whatever that meant, and a rush was made to the City Hall. Men and boys ran as if the arch-enemy of mankind was behind, and swarmed up on the pile of stones and round the old hall like bees when the temperature is some hundred degrees higher than it was then. The cry was a sell, however, for nothing came and the rush was a vain one. A shout for Dan O'Donoghue was sent up, but no Dan appeared, and the crowd had to disperse and keep their toes warm as best they could till the real state of the poll should be declared.

SURPRISE.—No little wonder and surprise was both felt and expressed yesterday at the quiet appearance of the city during the election. Knowing that there were three candidates in the field, who were all expected to poll a close vote, a good deal of excitement was expected, and lively times as of yore at the polling stations. But no such thing. Beyond the occasional arrival of voters on foot or in vehicles, there was nothing to indicate the important issue at stake. Doubtless this quiet state of affairs did not exist in the breasts of those who were busily engaged bringing up their men, and they likely had all happy anticipations of success which the revelation from the ballot-box must have speedily dispelled in the breasts of two thirds of them.

MR. O'LEARY'S LECTURE.—The subject of Mr. O'Leary's lecture at the Rink Music Hall, will embrace the following points, among others:—"The Resources of the Dominion in the Interests of Emigration," "The Great North West," "The Dawson Route, including the water route from Collingwood to Prince Arthur Landing," "Silver Island Thunder Bay, and the North Shore," "The chain of Great Northern lakes, land, timber, minerals, &c., along the route, "Fort Francis and Rainy river," "the Red River Valley, its soil, grasses, crops, climate and resources generally," "The Red and Assinoine rivers, their timber, belts, navigation, &c," "Winnipeg (Fort Garry), its population, commerce and ambition, manufacturers and investments, together with other matters of interest pertaining to the Prairie Province." The chair will be taken by the Hon. Alex. Mackenzie at eight o'clock.

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3707

The Local Election!

THE CONTEST IN THE CITY.

Mr. D. J. O'Donoghue Heads the Poll.

The contest yesterday was conducted in a very quiet and orderly manner. A good deal of anxiety was manifested throughout the day, and as it approached the close of the poll a good deal of curiosity was evinced as to the result. The Central Committees at the headquarters of the respective candidates kept reckoning up as the different scrutineers came in, and the returns sometimes made one candidate ahead and sometimes the other, until finally it turned out that Mr. O'Donoghue led the poll by 53 votes. The following is the state of the poll at the close at 5 o'clock.

	Featherston	O'Donoghue	O'Connor
VICTORIA WARD.			
No. 1 Sub-div.	79	40	9
No. 2 "	47	45	10
No. 3 "	47	13	19
	173	98	38
WELLINGTON WARD.			
No. 4 Sub-div.	56	28	41
5 "	52	44	35
6 "	57	12	37
7 "	39	15	48
8 "	52	3	43
9 "	64	15	78
	320	117	282
ST. GEORGE'S WARD.			
No. 10 Sub-div.	30	19	71
11 "	22	26	50
12 "	44	11	47
13 "	28	5	34
14 "	28	15	27
	152	76	229
BY WARD.			
No. 15 Sub-div.	31	28	39
16 "	27	13	18
17 "	15	56	34
18 "	18	85	33
19 "	9	68	13
	100	250	137
OTTAWA WARD.			
No. 20 Sub-div.	13	69	16
21 "	7	78	10
22 "	10	83	13
23 "	12	55	20
24 "	11	25	9
	53	310	68

SUMMARY.

	O'Donoghue	Featherston	O'Connor
Victoria Ward	98	173	38
Wellington "	117	320	282
St. George's "	76	152	229
By "	250	100	137
Ottawa "	310	53	68
	851	798	754

O'Donoghue's maj. over Featherston ... 53
Featherston's maj. over O'Connor ... 44
Total vote polled ... 2,403

Correspondence.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

SIR,—I have just now read your article headed, "The Civil Service Vote," in this morning's TIMES. Admitting the full force of your strictures on the impropriety of referring to "The Prime Minister of Canada" as "Mackenzie" in a letter intended for publication in a newspaper, I desire by way of explanation to state how the error occurred, and I trust you will do me the justice to publish this letter in the TIMES.

The letter which appeared over my signature in the *Citizen* of Saturday last, was not intended for the public eye, and no person could be more surprised than I was when I saw it in print. Yet the editor of the *Citizen* was in no wise to blame for the publication. The mistake was the result of haste and my own consequent neglect of precaution.

Late on Saturday morning I read in the TIMES the letter of "Spectator," I felt then, as I still feel, that it presented, with an air of authority, the offer of a gross bribe to the employees of the Civil Service, and that the tone of the letter was, throughout, of the most reprehensible character. Feeling thus, I desired that something condemnatory of the letter should appear in the *Citizen* of that afternoon. I therefore wrote, in pencil, a hasty note to the editor, whereby I intended to call his attention to the letter and point out its impropriety, expecting that he would notice and condemn it editorially. I intended that note for a mere private one; but it struck me at the moment that as the Editor and Mr. Holland were both actively engaged in the canvass, going on, either or both of them might be absent when my messenger would call at the office with the note and that if it were addressed to either of those gentlemen, by name, it might remain unopened until too late to answer its purpose. I therefore addressed my note to the "Editor of the Citizen," forgetting, however, in its haste of the moment, to mark it "private," or otherwise indicate that it was not intended for publication.

While I admit, as I have already done, that if my note was intended for the public, the reference to Mr. Mackenzie by the bare name of "Mackenzie" might be construed to savor of contempt and would consequently be justly liable to criticism, on the ground of bad taste, I maintain that there was no impropriety in such a reference in a private note from one gentleman to another between whom existed relations of mutual confidence.

The error was wholly in the publication and that occurred by mistake and misunderstanding.

I am Sir,
Your ob't. serv't,
JOHN O'CONNOR.

Ottawa, Jan. 18, 1875.

Remember Mr. O'Leary's lecture to-morrow, Wednesday, evening, at the Rink Music Hall, on the "North West." Admission 10 cents. Reserved Seats 25 cents.

NEW FOES TO THE FELINE RACE.

The following statements appear in a communicate in the Richmond (Va.) *Whig*:—"In a recent number of your paper, it was announced that a fatal epidemic prevailed extensively in many parts of the State among the feline race. In this neighbourhood the disease has been raging, and the lives of many of the race have been destroyed by it. Some of the physicians here have ascertained that it is *trichina*—the same disease which has caused the death, at different times and places, of a great number of cattle and hogs. When cats were attacked with the disease, it was believed that there was no remedy—that death was inevitable. When I was in Richmond at the late State Agricultural Fair, a lady at whose house I was a guest informed me that she had found in a case of her own, that calomel was an effectual remedy. During the past week a half-grown kitten of my own, of remarkable beauty, was attacked by the disease. The above mentioned remedy (five grain of calomel) was applied, and she is now well, hearty and playful. The publication of this remedy may be instrumental in saving the lives of many cats."

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Remember Mr. O'Leary's lecture to-morrow, Wednesday, evening, at the Rink Music Hall, on the "North West."

Commercial.

GOLD IN NEW YORK ... 112¼

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.

Cotton firm at ⅛ for advance; 15⅛ for middling uplands.

Flour: dull and heavy; receipts, 1,000 brls; sales, 8,000 brls; quotations unchanged.

Rye Flour: Quiet and unchanged at $4 10 to 4 25.

Wheat: dull: strongly in buyers favor; receipts, 6,000 bush; sales, 25,000, at $1 07 to 1 09; No 2 Chicago, $1 11 to 1 12; No. 2 Milwaukee $1 15 to 1 18; No 1 spring, $1 16 to 1 22; Winter, red Western, $1 34 to 1 38; Amber, do.

Rye: Quiet.

Corn: Dull: receipts, 37,000 bush; sales, 36,000, at 86c to 87½ for new Western mixed and yellow.

Barley: Quiet and unchanged.

Oats: Dull; receipts 17,000 bush; sales, 27,000 bush; 67c to 90c for mixed; Western, 68c to 70c; white, do.

Pork: $20 72½; new mess, $19 75; old, do.

Lard: 14c to 18c for steam; 14¾c to 14¾c for kettle rendered.

Butter: 24c to 42c for State and Pennsylvania.

Petroleum: Crude, 6c; refined, 12¼c to 12½.

London Markets.

LONDON, Jan. 18, 12:30 p.m.

American securities: Small sales at unchanged prices.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 18, 12:30 p.m.

Cotton strong; uplands, 7⅝c to 7¾; Orleans, 7⅞c to 8c; sales, 20,000 bales, of which 4,000 were for speculation and export.

IRISH EMIGRATION TO CANADA.

The following letter, written by Mr. Henry Larkin, Canadian Emigration Agent, Ireland, to the Dublin *Freeman*, will doubtless be of interest to our readers:—

"Canadian Government Emigration Office, "13 Eden Quay, Dublin, 11th Dec., '74.

"SIR—I would not trouble you with any remarks from me on what I consider your well-timed and honest advice to 'Intending Emigrants' in your able editorial of yesterday, regarding the present overcrowded and gloomy state of the labour market in New York and the other large seaports of the United States, if I did not know from long experience that the great bulk of your readers don't stop to distinguish the wide difference between the United States and our Dominion of Canada, and that the strictures you make on emigration of our people to the former country must refer also to the latter. Indeed, when I assumed my present office, now three years ago, I found all those who came to consult me about emigrating, thought New York almost comprised the whole continent of America, and their great ambition was to reach that port, and the present state of things, consequent on the late commercial crisis there, is the natural result; but by late experience our people find their prospects in our wide Dominion of Canada much more cheerful and brighter than elsewhere, as I hope to convince all interested by letters which I hold from well-known and respectable emigrants, in time for the next spring's operations. All interested in promoting the welfare of our emigrating classes will agree with you and me in imploring them to get inland and avoid the populous seaboard cities; and if they only look intelligently and carefully over the map of the Western World, their attention must be drawn to that great and fertile tract of prairie and timbered lands lying yet idle in the great north-west of Canada, where there are millions upon millions of the most fertile and easily cultivated land in the whole world. That land is given in grants to emigrants on terms the most liberal that can be devised. The older provinces also need population as much as the new country in the north-west. I am advised by our Government that large tracts of land will speedily be laid out in free grants around Thunder Bay, and all the way along to Fort Garry. The construction of the Canada Pacific Railway will for years to come give profitable employment to thousands, and every one of these thousands ought, and can, be owners in a few years of 200 acres of as good land as the plough ever turned. This railway must be built, as the faith of the Imperial as well as the Dominion Government is pledged to British Columbia. So it is no myth. With such enterprises before them, and a kind, wise, and honest attention to their future prospects on the part of our Government, who have their agents at all convenient points, to direct them to good and lucrative employment on their arrival, surely intending emigrants risk very little in confiding themselves into our hands in the coming early spring. We only desire female domestics and mechanics who pursue an indoor occupation, with a few choice, willing, sober boys, to venture out before say next March, when we can absorb, in Canada alone, 100,000 suitable emigrants, without fear of overcrowding our labour market. Indeed, many were disappointed all last season, even down to last summer's arrival at Quebec, for the want of hands to do farm and house work during the winter; and hundreds daily are crowding into Canada at this moment from the States, as our papers just received inform us. This letter is rather long for to day, but with your kind permission I will revert to the subject again. With many thanks for your courtesy and kindness on all occasions—I have the honour to be,

"H. J. LARKIN,
"Canadian Government Emigration Agent to "Dublin (Ireland)."

CHOLERA AND PLAGUE.

The London *Times* of Dec. 19, says: "Hardly is there assurance that cholera, after nine years' uninterrupted prevalence, has ceased in the Continent of Europe, when a fresh alarm comes from the East. Cholera is reported to be ravaging the Dutch possessions in the Indian Archipelago. From these possessions every year a considerable number of pilgrims travel to Mecca. The Ottoman Government, believing that the beginning of the outbreak of cholera in Mecca in 1865 and subsequent great westward diffusion of the disease was a consequence of its introduction into the Hedjaz by pilgrims from the straits settlements, and fearing a similar danger in the approaching pilgrimage, has become seriously alarmed for the safety of the sacred city and of the pilgrims who will shortly congregate there. It has accordingly commissioned the Vice President of the General Board of Health for the Empire, Dr. Arif Bey, to proceed from Constantinople to Mecca and make all necessary precautionary arrangements. The coming pilgrimage is exposed also to danger from plague as well as from cholera. Plague, a few months ago, after upwards of fifty years' absence, it is believed, reappeared in the Assyr district, Yemen, in a locality eight days' journey from Mecca. The Ottoman sanitary authorities in the Hedjoz appear to have satisfied themselves as to the nature of the disease; but, in view of the approaching pilgrimage, Dr. Charles Millingen, of Constantinople, has been sent by the General Board of Health of the Empire to the infected locality to make further inquiries. The outbreak is stated to have been very circumscribed, and, according to the latest news, it has come to an end."

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FALSE MODESTY.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure ...

(*Continued from first page.*)

to the difficulties there had been in the way of making the survey, he could not recommend that the road should be built by this route, as he had no basis to go upon. Now, Mr. Legge, a gentleman of eminence in his profession, had compared the two lines carefully, and had come to the conclusion that owing to the easier grades the Mattawan route was the shortest and easiest.

It being six o'clock, the House rose.

AFTER RECESS,

Mr. CHURCH gave notice of motion that on Wednesday he would submit to the House questions which the witnesses Middlemiss, Dansereau, Duvernay, and Cote had refused to answer for decision as to whether the said witnesses should be summoned to attend and answer the same.

Mr. BEAUBIEN, on resuming his speech, said that when the deputation met the Prime Minister at Ottawa, the latter had insisted that it was of the utmost importance to Montreal, and in fact to the Province of Quebec generally that the most direct route should be selected, so that the road should not be exposed hereafter to damaging competition from rival roads. In this connection Mr. Mackenzie had pointed out all the sacrifices which were everywhere being made to obtain the shortest and most direct route. Boston had expended with this view enormous sums to cut through the mountains, as in the case of the Hoosac Tunnel. All the great American cities were straining every nerve for the same purpose to secure the great cereal tide, flowing from the inexhaustible prairies of the west to the eastern sea board. They admitted the truth of all this, but what they contended was that it should be first clearly demonstrated by a thorough, skilled and impartial survey that the line from the Georgian Bay to Renfrew or Pembroke was the shortest and most direct. If such were the case, then by all means let that route be taken, but on the other hand the surveys made by most competent and respectable men, and Mr. Fleming did not approve of it altogether. While admitting that certain sections which were on fire had not been thoroughly inspected by him, under such circumstances he held that they had a right to some consideration in absence of a thorough and impartial survey of the route they proposed. They had located their line over a distance of two hundred miles. When we considered the survey made by Mr. Shanly for the Huron and Ottawa ship canals, and subsequently by Mr. Clarke over the whole of the line which the Mattawan would take in, in connection with the surveys made by Sir Wm. Logan, it was easy to see the superiority of the Mattawan route. As far as ascertained, in that by Lake Nipissing there were a thousand feet more altitude than by the Mattawan. Twenty feet of elevation were equal to a mile of straight road from which it would seem that the Nipissing road was fifty miles longer than that from the Mattawan. Now was he not justified in bringing the matter before this House. Besides the Mattawan road would open up a large extent of rich but unsettled country, and would thus be still further productive of general benefit. He did not desire to see Ontario influence predominate over that of Quebec, which he held should, especially when it had such advantages to offer, have at least fair play. From the carefully prepared maps and charts of Sir Wm. Logan made in 1853 and 1856, he found that Burnt Island Lake and other lake sources of the Muskoka river flowing into Lake Huron on the west, to be each 1405 feet above tide-water; these two lakes are therefore with in a short distance of Quebec. In the Hon. Premier's air line between the mouth of French river and Renfrew, taking the surveys of the two waters, Drew and Otter Lake, we find a difference of level of 751 feet, against the line of the Hon. Premier. It would require seven miles to overcome this height, which would make the Hon. Premier's route 322½ miles longer than its rival the Northern Colonization Railroad from Ottawa. In speaking of this difference of level between the two lines, he was surprised at the assurance with which the Premier spoke. He saw the Engineer and told him that he had made statements contrary to these of the Prime Minister, for he did not consider it possible that the Premier, who occupied so responsible a situation, could have made such assertions without being able to prove them; and also asked him to put his opinions in writing. If Sir William Logan, and Messrs. Shanly and Clarke were not able to take the level, then we would admit we were mistaken. He proceeded to quote from the report: "The fuller information we take, the more are we convinced that the valley of the Mattawan is the natural, financial and commercial route from these cities of Quebec and Montreal to the North West lake. According to the report of the engineers, all the surveys which had been made are in favour of the Mattawan route. He hoped that their representatives in the Dominion Parliament would demand that contracts should not be given until the House definitely located. He was surprised that contracts should have been given for the line between Renfrew and the Georgian Bay, without the Government knowing anything about a single rule of the route.

Hon. Mr. LAFRAMBOISE asked for a vote of want of confidence.

Mr. BEAUBIEN said no, he would only ask that the line be explored. It was extremely important that the line should touch Georgian Bay, at which point we should no doubt witness the growth of a city rivalling Buffalo. Without dwelling on the extraordinary course of giving such a contract without knowing the line, how could we calculate upon having a railway from Renfrew to Georgian Bay? This Mattawan route, he continued, was the most favourable to the Province of Quebec, and therefore the more preferable. Several gentlemen were present who would doubtless remember the debate which took place on this question in the Dominion Parliament. The Province of Ontario said the line ought to be fixed at the west of Lake Nipissing, and the Province of Quebec said it should be on the south-east side. This had been proposed by the representatives of Quebec.

Hon. Mr. DORION moved an amendment, seconded by the Hon. Mr. Holton, that the bill be sent back to the Committee, in order that the western terminus of the Pacific should be placed at the west of Ottawa river, which would offer the shortest route. Messrs. Paquet and Belleter were among those who voted for this amendment. He hoped these gentlemen would remember this vote, and be consistent if not faithful to the interests of this province when next they had an opportunity to discuss the question. He found in looking at the subsidies granted to railways, the sum of $6,810,000, to be expended in Ontario, and surely they would be justified in demanding that at least a small part of this sum should be expended in the Province of Quebec. But if from political or other means the Federal Government were prevented from accepting the national route he had advocated, it become the duty of the Northern Colonization Railroad Company to seek a junction with the line subsidized by the Government and if they cound not go to Renfrew, they would have to go to Pembroke. He believed and hoped that this province would not allow its two lines to be meanly treated. Certainly, the interests of Montreal should be considered, and many said that Montreal was always sure to prosper, but he warned the House not to rely on past success without providing means for its continuance. Toronto was profiting by our supineness in the development of our railway system. In conclusion, he had presented the facts as he understood them, and he had bestowed special attention to the subject and believed it his duty to bring this matter before the Legislature previous to the approaching session of the Federal Parliament. (Applause.)

Mr. JOLY asked for some explanation as to the position of routes on the plan distributed in the House.

Mr. BEAUBIEN referred him to the plan of the Premier's route, which he handed

Mr. JOLY continued and he had asked for the explanations as notwithstanding he had voted on the subject in the Federal House, yet he knew but little more than what he had gleaned from the remarks of the hon. member for Hochelaga, and also from reading the report of Mr. Legge. The hon. member for Hochelaga had laid great stress on his having at heart the benefit of the line which he represented, and the Province of Quebec. He would say that he also had the interest of the Province at heart in the few brief remarks he was about to make. He considered, for his part, that the hon. member for Hochelaga had, to say the least, acted very strange in collecting the members together to listen to his long address, when far from speaking in the interest of the Province he had only been attacking the Federal Government. He thought he (Mr. Beaubien), might have done better service if, in 1872, he had voted as he (Mr. Joly) had done.

Mr. BEAUBIEN: I was not a member in 1872.

Mr. JOLY thought the hon. member must be mistaken, as his name appeared among fifteen who voted against the 125 who, in his opinion, acted more as if they had the interest of the Province at heart than the minority.

Mr. BEAUBIEN: I repeat I was not a member. It was the Hon. Louis Beaubien who was then in the Federal House.

Mr. JOLY went on to complain of the conduct of Mr. Beaubien in attacking the Federal House, and declared that this Parliament should not be used as a branch of Ottawa House. Mr. Joly asked who it was that had been traitors to the interests of this Province, showing who they were from division lists in the Federal House. When Mr. Holton had moved to place the terminus of the Pacific Railway near enough to Ottawa to secure its eastern terminus within the Province, he did this because he desired to show the contrast between the action taken then and the position assumed by the gentlemen of Mr. Beaubien's party. In following up this question he was obliged to refer to the constant strain of accusations against the public men of the Province by those who boasted that they were enabled, from party power, to thwart them in their patriotic efforts. In this connection he paid a warm tribute to Hon. Mr. Holton. He reproached the gentlemen opposite for assuming that their representatives would betray them and the interests of the province as to the Mattawan road. It was plain that from Pembroke to Nipissing was much shorter than the other; the road was very much easier, and the road of which he was himself in favour. He had every confidence that the representatives at Ottawa of this province would do their duty.

Mr. CHAPLEAU followed, charging Mr. Joly with having made the enthusiasm of Mr. Beaubein ground for an attack upon him as maligning the Opposition here and the Federal Government. This should not be a political discussion, as Mr. Joly wished to make it, and the proposition he had referred to in 1871 was one then impossible of being entertained. This was a public matter, and there was in it no reflection upon the Government in asking them to subsidize the Northern Colonization Railroad and North Shore Railroad, and make them available as the eastern end of the Pacific. He continued, in an eloquent address, pointing out the advantages which would accrue from this route, especially to this province.

Mr. CHURCH said that though the night had far advanced, he could not allow a debate of the importance of this one, not alone to the constituency which he represented, but to the whole province, to pass by without a few remarks. He well recollected when this province first determined to secure a material line of railway. He took an interest at the time in the movement, and contributed to the full measure of his influence in inaugurating that great enterprise. Later, when the satisfactory adjustment of the provincial debt enabled the province to grant still more effective aid, he was glad to see, although not a member of the House, that of the large sum appropriated to railroad enterprise, one half of this sum and more was voted to the scheme of an incaternal road through the Province to Deep River, and from there westward to the Mattawa. He asked this House not to allow some political allusions, which in the heat of debate had been made, to draw hon. members off from the main point. Under consideration the question was a provincial one,—one which should not divide parties over what they could not afford to differ. The moment was a critical one if they did not present an united effort,—if the people of this Province allowed party consideration to divide them, the golden opportunity would be lost. The grand provincial scheme would fail, and the interests of Quebec would be imperilled if not lost. He for one was determined that the original scheme should be carried out if possible, and a junction made with the Georgian Bay branch of the Pacific by way of Mattawan, and the valley of French river. He asked the House to rise superior to all question of party and show the people of the Dominion and the Federal executive that on this subject the people of this Province were a unit, and they might rest assured that the great natural wealth, and commercial and natural advantages of their route must prevail over that of its rival in Ontario.

Mr. BELLINGER on seconding the resolution recalled his previous action some years ago in connection with the line from Quebec to Deep River. He was puzzled by the statement put forth that the contractor had told the hon. member for Hochelaga that the contract was given out from a point 85 miles from French River.

The Premier said he could not give running facilities over the Canada Central Railroad from Pembroke to Renfrew. He said as to the Pacific Railroad he believed it was a railroad connection between Lake Huron and Quebec, which would be of real and immediately practical benefit.

The motion was then carried.

Mr. DAVID moved for a copy of the correspondence between the issuers of licenses at Montreal and the Government. Carried.

Mr. MARCHAND moved for a statement showing the purchase price of the limits mentioned in the report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands for 1874. Carried.

Mr. MARCHAND moved for a statement of the charges since the 10th December, 1873, in relation to the possession of the limits mentioned in the Crown Land's report of 1874. Carried.

Mr. BELL moved to render part of the salaries of public officers and employees liable to seizure. Passed through committee.

The bill to amend certain articles of the Municipal Code of the Province of Quebec was referred to a special committee.

The House adjourned at 11:40 o'clock.

NIAGARA.

Three Persons Die from Starvation.

NIAGARA, Jan. 18.

Michael Murphy, better known as "Mayor Murphy," late of Dummer street, Toronto, and two of his children, died from starvation and exposure to-day. The oldest boy died early on Saturday morning, and about noon Murphy and his little daughter expired. A third child is at the point of death. Rumours of the family being poisoned were rife during the day, and at the desire of a number of citizens a coroner's inquest was held, the jury returning a verdict to the effect that Murphy and his children came to their death from starvation and exposure to the cold.

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need ...

Mails.

POSTOFFICE OTTAWA,
Arrival and Departure of Trains.

☞ All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1874

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster etc. by Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., British Columbia (at Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rate of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York, through mail	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railways, North of Carleton Place Junction	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onslow and March via Aylmer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Hull, ...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by steamer, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Templeton ...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh ...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans and Rock Village, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

☞ Matter posted up to 10:10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packages the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12:00 p.m.

☞ A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1:25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

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☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum; and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M. For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
Nov. 16 1874

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Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

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AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the Spring of 1875. ☞ Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEMIEUX,
Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts

Nov. 6, 1872.

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00, and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont, general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists.

TALMAGE'S PAPER,

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"THE BEST RELIGIOUS PAPER."

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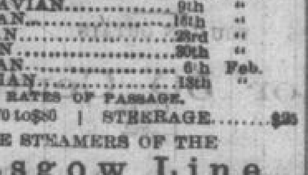

FROM PORTLAND.

POLYNESIAN	2nd Jan.	
SCANDINAVIAN	9th	"
HIBERNIAN	16th	"
MORAVIAN	23rd	"
PERUVIAN	30th	"
SARMATIAN	6th	Feb.
POLYNESIAN	13th	"

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CABIN....$70 to $80 | STEERAGE.......$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE

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are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.

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CABIN ... $60.
INTERMEDIATE ... 40.
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☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

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No 18

"A Repository of Fashion Pleasure, and Instruction."

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ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

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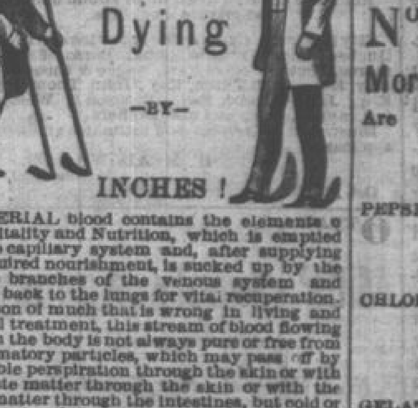

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pustules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acrimonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedent the Acute kind.

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The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only Medicine having control over this class of diseases is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE!

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the first time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

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GENTLEMEN,—Having been one of the many martyrs of rheumatism that I meet on my every day rounds. I was induced to try the celebrated DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. I had suffered the last five or six weeks the most terrible acute pains across my loins and back, so severe indeed that I could hardly walk with the help of a stick. I commenced the Diamond Remedy—following the directions carefully. Relief came immediately with the first bottle, improved rapidly with the second, completely cured and freed from pain after finishing my fifth small bottle. You are at perfect liberty either to refer to me privately or publicly, as I feel very thankful for the relief, and sympathise with my fellow sufferers from rheumatism.

Yours respectfully,
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Sanitary Police Officer,
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In simple cases, sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

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Still continue to take Risks at

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On every description of insurable property.

AT REDUCED RATES.

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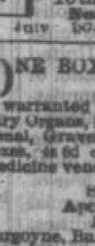
Corner Sparks and Elgin St.

Dec. 16, 1874. 3772-13m

Remedies.



THE FOLLOWING IS AN

Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

July 504

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

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PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is Morson's PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules, and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodynes being unequal in strength, Morson & Son have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., ½ oz., and 1 oz. bottles.

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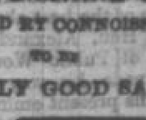

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WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

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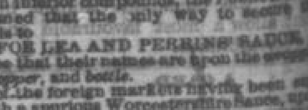

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ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, label, stopper, and bottle.

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Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietors, at their office on Wellington Street, ...

VOL. VIII. NO. ...

Wants.

WANTED—PANTRY MAID, ... between the hours of 1 and 3 p.m. ... corner of Elgin and ... Must furnish good references. ... 23rd, 1875.

WANTED—A furnished bedroom ... Board, in the neighborhood ... streets. Address, A B, T... stating terms, &c. Jan. 22, 1875.

TEACHER WANTED for ... No. 6, Township of Cumberland ... holding second or third class ... Apply to John McArthur, Secretary, ... Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c. Jan. 6, 1874.

WANTED. A Teacher for the Roman Catholic School No. 5, township of March ... For further particulars ... KIRWAN, South March P. O. Nov. 18

WANTED, ... a steady man, a situation as ... Walter. First class reference ... this Office.

WANTED.—We will give Men ... A BUSINESS THAT WILL ... from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in ... neighborhood; it is a rare chance ... of employment or having ... time ... boys frequently do as well as men ... and address ... Washington St. ...

AGENTS WANTED ... Men or women ... furnished ... able with no risks ... and valuable Samples free ... card on which to send ... F. M. REED ...

MONEY—WAGES! ... TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME ... $60 a week guaranteed ... new and permanent, ... abroad, day or evening; ... required. Thousands ... Full instructions and ... retail for $1 mailed free ... R J. STANTON, Hob...

$500 PER MONTH TO L... Send $5 for Agent's ... sell for $10, or money refunded. ... A. D. CABLE, 596 Craig-st. ... Nov. 27, 1874.

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female ... in their locality. Costs NO... it. Particulars FREE. P. O. ... Augusta, Me.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY. Wanted, All ... working people of either sex, young ... more money at work for ... moments, or all their time ... else. Particulars free ... Address ... & Co., Portland, Maine.

WORK FOR ALL ... home, male or female; $35 per ... evening. No Capital. We send ... of goods by mail free. Address ... cent return stamp, M. Young, ... street, New York.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH ... sure to Agents ... selling our New Braided White Wire Clothes Line. Sells readily ... Samples free. Address, ... WIRE CO., 75 King St. ... Ontario.

HELP WANTED. ... men and women wanted to sell ... of the "Life, Labours and ... Livingstone," also "The Family Bible ... Protestant and Catholic, beautifully ... together with Maps, Charts and a great ... pictures. For particulars address ... SCHUYLER SMITH & Co., Publishers, London ...

Lost.

LOST.—On the 26th inst., between ... Book of Government Buildings ... of R. Bishop & Son, Sparks street ... Spectacles. The finder, ... this Office, will be suitably rewarded. Jan. 22, 1875.

Board & Lodging.

To Members of Parliament and ...

MRS. McINTYRE, —HAVING—

REMOVED to the commodious dwelling ... Wellington-st., lately occupied ... Bank of Montreal, and Church ... and Ladies' College, has the honor to announce to Members of Parliament and others that she is prepared ... comfortable apartments with board ... Jan. 12, 1875.

BOARD with or without rooms, ... without board. Table and ... Corner of ... and Bank st. ... within two minutes' walk of the ... Buildings. MRS. FO... Jan. 22, 1875.

Meetings.

THE OTTAWA Iron and Steel Manufacturing Co. (LIMITED.)

The first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company called for Thursday ... instant, is postponed, pending the ... the Amendments to the Act of Incorporation now before the Quebec Legislature. A general meeting will be called ... these Amendments shall have become law of which due notice will be given. R. W. CR..., Secretary. Jan. 12, 1875.

COUNTY OF CARLETON PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the ... Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY ... day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the ... Directors. WM. PE... J. DURI... THOS. F... JAS. PEA... A. ROW... Jan. 4, 1874.

Legal Notices.

D. R. AVERILL, of New York, ... to the Parliament of Canada ... session, for an Act enabling him ... Letters Patent of Invention for ... provements in Paints. H. J. ... Solicitor for Ap... Dec 26, 1874.

NOTICE.—Application will be made ... next session of the Dominion ... for a Bill to incorporate the Lo... Boom Company, the object of said ... being to place Booms in the ... wherever the same may be deemed ... between the City of Ottawa and ... Hawkesbury, for the purpose ... escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber ... levy and collect tolls for the maintenance ... same with power to the Company ... and hold lands necessary for the ... their corporate powers. COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CL... Solicitors for the ... Dec. 21, 1874.

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Tw... the broken Concession of the ... Gloucester, in the County of ... the Dalhousie District, ... Rideau, with the exception of ... Acres now set apart for the ... Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that ... of the Township of Walford, ... of Grenville, District of Johnston, ... of Ontario, Esquire, has made an ... the Court of Chancery for a Certificate ... to the above-mentioned property ... Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate ... Canada," and has produced evidence ... he appears to be the owner thereof ... from all incumbrances, whereby ... person having or pretending to have ... or interest in the said land or any ... is required on or before Tuesday ... day of January now next ensuing ... statement of his claim, verified by ... my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, ... Toronto, and to serve a copy on ... Kerr & Boyd, at their office, ... Toronto, as solicitors for the ... Burritt, and in default every such ... barred, and the title of the said E... become absolute and indefeasible ... Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the ... thereto numbered one, two, three ...

Dated this fourth day of December ...

(Sd.) GEO. S. HOL... Re...

3715-3w-lawk

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3751 — OTTAWA, MONDAY, JANUARY 25, 1875. — PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

WANTED—PANTRY MAID, apply between the hours of 1 and 3 p. m., to Miss Donald, corner of Elgin and Gloucester sts. Must furnish good references.
Jan. 23rd, 1875. 3750-1f

WANTED—A furnished bedroom, without board, in the neighborhood of O'Connor and ... streets. Address, A B, TIMES Office, stating terms, &c.
Jan. 22, 1875. 3749

TEACHER WANTED for School Section No. 6, Township of Cumberland [male or female], holding second or third class certificate. Apply to John McArthur, Secretary-Treasurer, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c.
Jan. 8, 1874. 3735-d3wtf

WANTED. A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 3, township of March. Male or female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O.
Nov. 13

WANTED, By a steady man, a situation as Coachman or Waiter. First class references. Apply "B" this Office. 3748-1

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and address—
J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M

AGENTS WANTED. Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8th st. New York.

MONEY—WAGES! $60 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples [that retail for $5] mailed free. Address R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded. A. D. CABLE, 508 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & Co. Augusta, Me.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

WORK FOR ALL. At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with one cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

HELP WANTED. 500 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated. Together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address SCHUYLER SMITH & CO., Publishers, London, Ont.

Lost.

LOST—On the 20th inst., between Eastern Block of Government Buildings and the Store of R. Bishop & Son, Sparks street, a pair of Gold Spectacles. The finder, leaving them at this Office, will be suitably rewarded.
Jan. 22, 1875. 3751

Board & Lodging.

To Members of Parliament and Others.

MRS. McINTYRE, —HAVING—
REMOVED to the commodious dwelling house on Wellington-st., lately occupied by the Bank of Montreal, and Church of England Ladies' College, has the honour to announce to Members of Parliament and others that she is prepared to afford comfortable apartments with Board.
Jan. 22, 1875. 3748tf

BOARD with or without rooms, and rooms without board. Table and rooms first-class. Corner of Sparks and Bank streets, and within two minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings.
MRS. FORGIE.
Jan. 22, 1875. 37-9-5m

Meetings.

THE OTTAWA Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company. (LIMITED.)
The first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company called for Thursday, the 14th instant, is postponed, pending the passing of the Amendments to the Act of Incorporation now before the Quebec Legislature.
A general meeting will be called as soon as these Amendments shall have become law, of which due notice will be given.
R. W. CRUICE, Secretary pro tem.
Jan. 12, 1875.

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.
NOTICE.
The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.
WM. PENNOCK, J. DURIE, THOS. PATTERSON, JAS. PEACOCK, A. ROWE.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

Legal Notices.

D. R. AVERILL, of New-York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.
H. J. GIBBS, Solicitor for Applicants.
Dec 28, 1874. 3728-9 laws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.
COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Solicitors for the Company.
Dec. 21, 1874. 3727-3awk2m

IN CHANCERY.

In the matter of Lot number Twenty-four, in the broken Concession of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, in the Dalhousie District, on the River Rideau, with the exception of ten or eleven Acres now set apart for the use of the Rideau Canal.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edmund Burritt, of the Township of Wolford, in the County of Grenville, District of Johnston, and Province of Ontario, Esquire, has made an application to the Court of Chancery for a Certificate of Title to the above-mentioned property, under "the Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate in Upper Canada," and has produced evidence whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee free from all incumbrances, wherefore any other person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said land or any part thereof, is required on or before Tuesday, the Twelfth day of January now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, verified by affidavit at my Chambers, Osgoode Hall, in the City of Toronto, and to serve a copy on Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Boyd, at their office, in the City of Toronto, as solicitors for the said Edmund Burritt, and in default every such claim will be barred, and the title of the said Edmund Burritt become absolute and indefeasible at Law and in Equity, subject only to the reservations mentioned in the 17th section of the said Act, and therein numbered one, two, three and four.

Dated this fourth day of December, 1874.
(Sd.) GEO. S. HOLMESTED, Referee of Titles.
3715-3w-lawk

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE, Architect and Measurer. 33 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 2

DONALD M. GRANT, Insurance and Real Estate Agent. Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nov. 27 1874. 2428

MARRIAGE LICENSES. OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House, Besserer Street, Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital. Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

P. D. BROWNE, Banker, Montreal. Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits. Oct. 20, 1874. 2080-3awky.

BOND BROTHERS, Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal. Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. Interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. Interest at lowest current rates. Dec. 3, 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO., BANKERS, BROKERS, —AND— GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS. 384 NOTRE DAME-ST. MONTREAL. Sept. 30, 1874. 3865-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE, Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery. Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary. Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa. HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY. Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY, Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c. Bell's Block, Elgin-st. HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C. McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY. Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OTTAWA, ONT. DANIEL O'CONNOR. W. D. HOGG. Sept. 9, 1874. 3687

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK, Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c. &c. Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House. W. H. WALKER. H. CASSELS, Jr. P. PENNOCK. July 21, 1874. 2625

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office—Over Mr. B. Heckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 2839y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON, Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c. Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House). C. B. L. FELLOWES, Q.C., MARTIN O'GARA, HORACE LAPIERRE, EDWARD P. REMON. 2185

TAILLON & CHRYSLER, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c. Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street. G. TAILLON. F. H. CHRYSLER. June 8, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. (Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.) OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa. C. H. PINHEY. A. J. CHRISTIE. H. P. HILL. Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON, Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c. Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L., Barrister, Advocate, &c. Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3228-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND, Advocate. Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull. Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT, Notary Public and Advocate. Has opened an office in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces. Hull, Oct. 28, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN, Advocate, Solicitor, &c. No. 12 St. James Street, MONTREAL. Sept. 9, 1873. 2382-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN, Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher. Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 6 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN, May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts. Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1874. 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O., Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D. Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks-sts. 2556-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher, OTTAWA, ONT. Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL, Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultations at all hours. 2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S., Surgeon Dentist, Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario. OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st. 2-22y.

NOTICE. All those having claims against the estate of the late Jas. Hogg, Billings' Bridge, will please communicate with his son, who has authority to deal with the matter. Address, JOHN HOGG, Billings' Bridge. Jan. 19, 1875. 3746-1&2w

TALMAGE'S PAPER. THE CHRISTIAN AT WORK. "THE BEST RELIGIOUS PAPER." A CHOICE OF TWO BEAUTIFUL PREMIUMS. An Illuminated Portfolio of Twelve Gems by Hendschel, each 8½ x 10½ in., or the superb Chromo, "The Twins," 22x28 in., after Landseer. Price $3.25, including postage. No extras of any kind. Without Premium, $3 per annum. ATTENTION, AGENTS. Liberal commission and exclusive territory. Samples and circulars free. Send Postal Card at once to HORATIO C. KING, Publisher, Box 5105, New York. Oct 28.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

FRANCE.

Seizure of Carlist Arms.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—The French authorities on the Spanish frontier have signed a convere of arms destined for the Carlists.

AUSTRIA.

Ordered to Return.

VIENNA, Jan. 23.—The Montenegrin Government has ordered its subjects residing abroad to return home. Twelve thousand Montenegrin troops have been ordered to the frontier.

GERMANY.

Alfonso Sends Abroad His Messengers.

BERLIN, Jan. 23.—A courier has arrived bearing an autograph letter from King Alfonso to the Emperor William. He has similar letters for the Emperor of Austria and the King of Italy, and will proceed from this city to Vienna and Rome.

SPAIN.

Proclamations by the King.

MADRID, Jan. 24.—King Alfonso issued two proclamations to-day. One is addressed to the inhabitants of the Basque Provinces and Navarre. In this the King says that he longs for peace, but will fight for his rights. That he is the representative of the dynasty which their fathers swore to obey; that he is a Catholic, and will see that full justice is again done to the church, and that if they will lay down their arms they will see prosperity revive in Cuba, and will regain the freedom they enjoyed under Queen Isabella. He offers a full amnesty to all why comply with his terms. The other proclamation is addressed to the army from whom the King demands abnegation and energy.

MADRID, Jan. 24.—King Alfonso in his two proclamations of yesterday, promises to respect the Furoes of the Basque provinces, and expects those officers whom the revolution induced to join Don Carlos, to return to their comrades in the army of Spain. The King to-day reviewed 40,000 troops at Peralta, and was warmly cheered by the soldiers as they marched past.

ITALY.

Opening of Parliament.

ROME, Jan. 23.—The Italian Parliament reassembles on Monday next. General Garibaldi, who is a member of the Chamber of Deputies, is expected to reach Vechia to-day from Caprera, on his way to this city. Preparations are being made at the former place to give him a reception.

Gen. Garibaldi.

ROME, Jan. 24.—Gen. Garibaldi landed at Civita Vecchia yesterday evening. He was received with most enthusiastic demonstrations by the people, and conducted through the town by a torchlight procession. The General arrived to-day in Rome. He was met at the railway station by the Mayor and members of the municipality, and cordially welcomed to the city. Several workmen's societies formed a procession with bands, and escorted the old hero to his hotel. Immense crowds lined the streets, and cheered with the wildest enthusiasm as the General passed. No disorder of any kind marred the demonstration.

UNITED STATES.

Fire.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 23.—Miller's River Manufacturing Co.'s woollen mill at Athol was burned this a.m. Loss, $25,000; insurance, $15,000.

Ice Block.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Great inconvenience to business men is caused by the stoppage of the Fulton, Wall street, and Hamilton ferries, East River, being covered with masses of ice, which have accumulated for days, and are now a solid mass from shore to shore. Hundreds of men and boys are crossing on the ice.

Railroad Accident.

The night train from Boston jumped a switch at East Lynne, Conn., this forenoon. The smoking and passenger car took the side track, and bounced themselves to pieces. No one was seriously hurt.

Fire.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 24.—Fire broke out in the extensive safe manufactory of Beard & Bro., at North Second street, at midnight, and at present writing the building is pretty well gutted. The factory contained a large amount of machinery material and finished stock, the value of which cannot be obtained to-night, nor can the insurance be learned. Loss no doubt will be heavy.

The Election Inquiry.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 23.—Messrs. Hoar, Wheeler, Frier and Marshall, of the Congressional Committee, arrived here last night. They had a preliminary meeting to-day, and the council of either side submitted the points of their cases. The committee meet to-morrow morning, to hear evidence touching the proceedings of the returning board in relation to the election of 1874.

Broken Up.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—S. s. Mediator, ashore at Barnigat shoals, is reported broken in two and will be a total loss. Vessel valued $75,000, cargo valued $50,000.

Harmony Restored.

New Orleans despatches says all is now harmonious between Kellogg and the legislature. He wishes them to pass a general appropriation bill and adjourn *sine die* which they refuse to do. No quorum could be got to get here yesterday.

Shoemakers' Strike.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—The shoemakers of Lynn, Mass., held a mass-meeting last night, and formed an organization similar to the old Crispin Society, for the purpose of resisting the reduction of wages, and for the protection of the interests of the workmen. Revival of interest in this labour organization it is claimed will extend throughout the shoe manufacturing towns of the State.

Accident to Secretary Bristow.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Jan. 23.—Secretary Bristow is confined to bed to-day from the effects of straining his leg by slipping upon a stone stairway in the Treasury Building yesterday afternoon. The wound, though painful, is in no way serious.

Two Children Burned to Death.

ELIZABETH, N. Y., Jan. 23.—Yesterday afternoon, John Gleason's house in Crawford, N.Y., took fire while all the family were absent excepting two children, aged four and two years. The house was destroyed and the children perished. Their bodies fell to pieces when lifted.

Watchman Murdered.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 23.—Jos. Deihl, watchman at the Maxwell House, was fatally shot this morning while in the performance of his duty by Raymond Thomas, formerly employed as fireman. Thomas was captured and placed in jail.

Funeral of an Actor.

The funeral of the late Charles Kemble Fox took place to-day, from his residence in this city. A large number of members of the theatrical profession were present, and the floral gifts were rich and numerous. The remains will be taken to-night to Boston, where services will be held and interment take place at Mount Auburn.

Forcible Release.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 23.—On the 20th instant a party disguised and well armed entered Sparta, forced their way into the jail, captured the jailor, from whom they obtained the keys of the cells, and released a man named Jas. Boyers, confined for the murder of John Vincent, on 23rd Dec. Five other prisoners were locked up by the masked men, who returned the keys to the jailer, and departed, and nothing has since been heard of them or of Boyers.

Customs Inspector Punished for Smuggling.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Judge Benedict this morning in the case of Customs Inspector David P. Harris, found guilty of smuggling cigars, sentenced him to two years imprisonment.

Arrest of Baby Farmers.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—Mary Reynolds, of Holliston, Mass., and a female accomplice, were arrested for the alleged poisoning of five infants within eight weeks. The accused keep a baby farming establishment, and the children had been placed in their charge.

The Ice Block.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The ice on the harbour has had the effect of sweeping away nearly all the buoys and interposing serious risk to navigation. According to a statement of the Pilot Commissioners, at no time up to the early part of this afternoon were there less than a mile of teams of various kinds waiting at the different Brooklyn ferries to cross to this city. The detention to passengers and team traffic has been greater to-day than for many years.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

DETROIT, Jan. 24.—The engine and baggage car of the night express on the Michigan and Lake Shore Railroad were thrown from the track by a broken rail, near Grand Rapids this moning. The engineer, J. W. Anderson, was killed. The fireman, Walter Cummings, was injured internally, and is doubtful of recovery.

The Floods in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—The flood in Marysville has subsided. Much damage has been done to property by water. There is great destitution among the inhabitants, and money and supplies of clothing and provisions have been sent in from the neighbouring towns and from here. John Williams and Thos. Pardee were drowned. The loss of live stock in the surrounding country is heavy. Sherman and Tartchell islands, at the head of Delta and Sacramento rivers, are inundated. It rained heavily here last night, and the storm continues with no prospects of clearing up. Further damage is apprehended from floods in the valleys.

Destructive Fire.

PEKIN, Ill, Jan. 24.—A fire broke out this morning in the extensive cultivator and waggon factory of L. & H. Smith & Co., and spreading rapidly, the building and contents were consumed. In addition to valuable machinery, there were over fifteen hundred finished ploughs and a quantity of unmanufactured stock. The building was owned by L. Lupper, and valued at $20,000; no insurance. The loss on machinery is $20,000; insured for $8,000. The stock was valued at $40,000, and is insured for $13,000. One hundred and twenty-five men are thrown out of employment by this fire.

Shocking Murder.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—A shocking murder was committed to-night on West Madison, near the canal. Christopher Malone stabbed James K. Egan, and inflicted a wound which proved fatal in a few minutes. It seems some time since the murdered man had his pocket-book stolen, and a friend of Malone among others was arrested on suspicion of being the thief. To-night Malone and K. Egan met at a saloon on Madison, near the canal, and got into a quarrel over the matter. Egan struck Malone with a masons trowel. The latter drew a pocket knife and with one blow cut a fearful gash in his assailant's neck. The wounded man lived only a few minutes. Later in the evening the murderer was arrested by the police and confined in the station house.

A Dangerous Fire.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A fire last night destroyed the varnish factory of a G. Mandel, Hunter's Point. Over two thousand barrels of varnish were destroyed; some twenty-five barrels filled with turpentine and 200 empty ones in the yard were saved. The Long Island City Gas Works, immediately adjoining, were endangered, and the superintendent, fearing its safety, let all the gas out of the retort through one of the mains.

Republican Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The Republican Senators held a caucus to-day, which was continued for several hours. The chief topic of discussion was the condition of the South, but there being conflicting views, no result was reached. The caucus instead of giving expression to their views on the Louisiana question, agreed to await the action of the committee on privileges and elections on the Pinchback credentials, and will therefore be governed in the Senate by the committee. Some of the Senators saw no escape from the present difficulties in that State by remanding it to a territorial condition. Finally, a resolution was adopted, placing the power of passing all public acts with the majority of the House. A resolution for this purpose will probably be introduced in the House on Monday, and when adopted will have the effect of evading the two-thirds rule as to public acts, including civil rights, the more energetic enforcement of the protective laws in the South, and authorizing the President to suspend the writ of *habeas corpus* in certain cases, together with other measures which have been the subject of consideration by the Caucus Committee. The proceedings are represented to have been harmonious, and the result entirely satisfactory.

The Northern Pacific R. R. Condemned.

The Senate committee on railroads at a special meeting held yesterday, decided to report adversely on the Northern Pacific Railroad bill, and all others referred to them proposing government aid or subsidy for railroads, with the exception of the Scott Texas Pacific railroad bill, which was not acted upon, but laid over until Monday.

The Kellogg Government.

It is said by one of the most prominent Republican Senators that during the present week a joint resolution will be introduced recognizing the Kellogg government irrespective of Pinchback's admission as Senator from Louisiana, and that a military Governor for Louisiana or any other Southern State, as some have privately suggested, is out of the question. General Sheridan will remain at New Orleans without limit as to time.

Church Destroyed.

HARTFORD, Ct., Jan. 24.—St. Patrick's Catholic Church, in this city, was destroyed by fire early this morning. It was a freestone edifice, capable of seating 2,300 people, and was dedicated in December, 1851, and cost $150,000. Among the valuable church property destroyed, which included all the sacred emblems of worship, was imported music, valued at a very large sum, which the pastor had secured during a period of over twenty years. All the valuable buildings adjoining the convent school-house were uninjured.

CUBA.

Expelled.

HAVANA, Jan. 23.—One hundred and forty-eight Sisters of Charity, expelled from Mexico, arrived yesterday *en route* for France.

Official Proclamation

Alfonso was effectually proclaimed King of Spain to-day by Captain General Concha, in public, in presence of the aldermen, and civil and military authorities. The ceremony took place in Isabella Park. The royal standard was displayed.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(*By Telegraph.*)

TORONTO.

Election Returns—Assizes—Grand Ball—Civic Honours.

TORONTO, Jan. 23rd.

The official returns from East Toronto show that Platt received 1,396 votes, and O'Donohoe 972, or a majority of 414 for Platt.

In the assizes yesterday a verdict for $300 was gained by Clissold for the seduction of his daughter by a man named Logan. All the parties lived at White Church.

The annual ball of Mystic Lodge No. 1 of the Knights of Pythis, came off last evening in the Music Hall, under the sanction and patronage of the Grand Lodge of Ontario. The hall was most beautifully decorated for the occasion, and the attendance was such as to nicely fill the floor without crowding.

Yesterday forenoon the several committees of the City Council met at the City Hall for the purpose of appointing a Chairman to the several Boards. The result was as follows:—Finance and Assessment, Ald. Turner; Board of Works, Ald. Ball; Wharves and Harbours, Ald. Hamilton; Walks and Gardens, Ald. Close; Public Markets, Ald. Britton; Fire, Water and Gas, Ald. Dunn; Public Buildings, Ald. Adamson; Jail Board, Ald. Blevins; Board of Health, Ald. Baxter; Licenses, Ald. Martin; Court of Revision, Ald. Baxter.

MONTREAL.

Provincial Show—Winter Navigation—Deputation—Body Snatching—Vice-Regal Visit.

MONTREAL, Jan. 23.

A Provincial Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition is to be held in Montreal next September.

It is stated that Mr Sewell, the promoter of the winter navigation of the St. Lawrence, is building a steamship for the service, which is to be ready for the winter of 1875 6.

Alds. Wilson, Stephens and Grenier proceed as a deputation to Ottawa on Tuesday next, to have an interview with the Government in regard to the construction of a tunnel under the Lachine canal.

The dead body of Damase Trudeau, lately stolen from the dead house in Chambly Basin, was returned yesterday to his relations by Mr. Cinq-Mars of the Police Court.

His Excellency the Governor-General and Lady Dufferin will arrive in this city on Tuesday next, to be present at the fancy dress entertainment and games at the Victoria Skating Rink. Their Excellencies will occupy apartments at the St. Lawrence Hall during their stay.

There was little doing in the Stock Market, with nothing special to note. Merchants', 117, closing 116¾ to 117¼; Commerce, 132¼, closing 132¼ to 132¾; Telegraph, 178¾, closing 178¾ to 179; Dominion, 188, closing 187 to 188; Montreal, 186½ to 187.

QUEBEC.

The Tanneries—Snow-Storm—The Session—Gubernatorial Changes.

QUEBEC, Jan. 23.

The Tanneries Committee are working hard, both lawyers being kept fully occupied, as the examination of witnesses is going on at each end of the table, and Messrs. Ouimet and Chapleau take it by turns to watch each examination.

A terrific snow-storm is now in full blast, the snow being drifted in many places over 10 or 12 feet in depth, and the wind so high that carters are obliged to tie down the robes to their sleighs to prevent their being carried away bodily.

The sittings of the House have become somewhat tedious as the House will be in Committee on the Election Bill for several days longer. They have already sat on it for about 15 hours, and passed 59 sections out of over 300. I leave it to the imagination of readers when they will get through, as they do not give over three or four hours a day to the business.

A rumour is afloat that Spencer Wood will have a change of tenants before the end of the present year. Hon. Joseph Cauchon and Hon. Mr. Thibaudeau are spoken of in connection with the choice of the new Lieutenant-Governor, but it may be well before coming to any conclusion to wait for some confirmation of the report.

STRATHROY.

Sudden Death.

STRATHROY, Jan. 23.

A man named John Bay dropped dead in the Market Square yesterday. It is supposed that heart disease was the cause.

BRANTFORD.

Murderous Assault.

BRANTFORD, Jan. 23.

On Thursday evening, on the corner of Market and Darling streets, an altercation arose between R. Gripton and a coloured man named Nalls. As they were about striking each other a Mr. Fleming, blacksmith, stepped in to separate them, when Nalls drew a razor, and cutting through Mr. Fleming's clothes inflicted such a wound that his recovery is doubtful. Nalls made good his escape for a time, but was finally captured in a coloured man's house near Newport, and brought to Brantford, where he was tried this morning and remanded for one week.

A PROPHETIC WARNING.

The Orangeville *Advertiser* says:—We have had for a few days past in Dundalk a woman professing to tell fortunes, who has created quite a sensation. Her visit has been the means of furnishing me with material for a little item of fun. It seems that one of our ambitious citizens, probably wishing to ascertain his prospects of a seat at the Council Board at some future day, determined on visiting the fortune-teller, or "spay woman," as he called her, to enlist her aid. "Are you the spay woman?" said Johnny, as he entered the room where the Gipsy sat. "I am," answered she. "I want you to tell me fortin, thin. How much will it cosht?" "Twenty-five cents will roll back the murky clouds that obscure the past of your life, from my sight or draw aside the impenetrable curtain that hides the scenes to be enacted in the dim uncertain unknown future of your existence," solemnly spoke the spay woman. "Go on, thin, honey, and be sure and till the truth," continued Johnny. A cup was procured, emptied of its contents and the sediment left at the bottom thoughtfully examined by the spay woman who after looking for a few moments sadly shook her head, looked sorrowfully at Johnny and sighed deeply. "What's the matter ould woman, what do ye see? tremblingly asked the alarmed John. "I see"—and the old woman's voice sunk to a hoase, impressive whisper: "a hempen rope dangling from the limb of a withered tree—oh, what a terrible fate for a promising youth," and the old woman fairly shuddered as she spoke. "Howly Murther, does it mane that I'm going to be hung?" screamed the frightened man, as he jumped to his feet, his hair standing on an end. "Alas! yes," answered the prophet. "It's a murtherin lie, you old thafe," yelled Johnny, "and I don't belave a word of it," and he went through the door with a bound and cut home as fast as his shaking legs would carry him. He's cleaning up three guns and sharpening five butcher knives with a view of hunting the world's four corners after the inhuman joker that posted the old spay woman.

THE TANNERIES INVESTIGATION.

QUEBEC, Jan. 23.

In the Tanneries committee to-day,

H. LEONAIS, of Montreal, stated that he valued the Tanneries property on the 1st July last at $2,000 to $2,500 per arpent, or five or six cents a foot, and the Leduc property at $1,400 to $1,500 per acre, or from four to four and a half cents a foot. Valued the whole 80 acres of the Leduc property at $800 to $900 per arpent. Was well acquainted with both properties.

Hon. JOSEPH ROBERTSON, Treasurer of the Province of Quebec, was next examined, and said he was present at the meeting of the Council when a deputation of the governors of the General Hospital attended in reference to the acquisition by them of the Tanneries property. The deputation consisted of Messrs. Brydges, Lunn, Hart and Judah. They desired to obtain the Tanneries property for the purpose of erecting convalescent and small pox hospitals. They had an interview with him at the hotel before seeing the Council, and they stated to him their object. He said the Government had been offered $40,000 for the property. The Council seemed disposed to grant their request provided they were in a position to do an equal amount for the Roman Catholic Hospital if they required it; that is, they felt that in doing something for the Montreal General Hospital they were bound to do as much for the other if it was wanted. No formal decision was conveyed to the deputation at the time to his knowledge. As to those who first raised the question of giving a similar quantity of land to another hospital to the best of his belief, he considered it was due to the Roman Catholics. There was another conversation that he was aware of before he left for England, and the first he heard of it was the resignation of Mr. Irvine. Knew nothing of Dansereau being desirous of buying the property. Was in England on the 27th June, when Archambault's report was presented, and when he received a telegram announcing Irvine's resignation on account of the Tanneries land transaction. Never heard a syllable of the business about Middlemiss nor any one else, nor of the business of the Council. Returned from England on the morning of the 25th August. He met his colleagues in the office on the day of his arrival, and the following day in Quebec. The following day saw the ex-Attorney-General, and got his version of the matter, and on the following Monday he went to Montreal, and on the Tuesday visited both properties in company with Ouimet and Leblanc. He also obtained information as to the values of the property in that vicinity, and finally made up his mind that it was his duty to retire from the Government. His reasons were that there was something the matter which he could not understand, or get to the bottom of, and which he would not have consented to had he been in the Province, because after the meeting of Council, at which the deputation were present, he had said that if the property were to be sold, it must be by auction, in the same way as the Jacques Cartier Normal School property was to be sold. This was in answer to a suggestion that possibly the property might be sold and the proceeds divided. In this way, whether the price were high or low, no one could blame the Government. At the time of this meeting, had never heard about the proposition of the exchange. His belief was that he would never have consented to the exchange, because he took the ground that it should be sold by auction. Not being acquainted with the value of property in Montreal, could not say what opinion he would have formed, but he had formed an opinion of his own, and had told the ex-Premier that he would have the Tanneries property rather than that portion of the Leduc farm which the Government had received. The ex-Premier remarked at the time that it was a matter of opinion, and he (Mr. Robertson) had answered that it was a matter of opinion.

By Mr. JOLY—Was it on account of your opinion as to the relative value of the two properties as just expressed by you that you resigned? Answer—There were other circumstances connected with the transactions which I did not approve of, and which I could not fully understand, which led me to the action I adopted.

Mr. JOLY—Be good enough to state them. Answer—The circumstances were these: The haste with which the transaction had been put through, and the general public sentiment that there was something unsatisfactory. I asked the ex-Premier whether he had consented to this deed being passed, and he answered that he was unaware of such a deed being in existence. I immediately took the deed from the bundle, and showed it to him. This conversation must have taken place on Tuesday 1st, or Wednesday the 2nd September.

Some conversation here ensued between witness, Ouimet and Joly, as to the date and nature of the interview referred to, which closed by Mr. Robertson, stating that he was certain he had alluded to the deed in question on that occasion.

Mr. ROBERTSON continued in answer to Mr. Joly: There were a variety of circumstances, apart from the discrepancy in the amounts mentioned on the deeds of sale, and this deed of ratification which it is not easy to detail, and which led him to believe that there was something wrong in the transaction, and especially the haste with which the business had been put through, and the explanations given by Dansereau and Chapleau in the form of letters in the newspapers. They did not appear to me to be satisfactory. They did not seem to meet the objections which had been made to the transaction.

In answer to Mr. RITCHIE the witness stated that he had also ascertained that within a very short time after the exchange had been effected, there had been many other transactions in the way of mortgage and sale. He had examined all the documents, or most of them, some in Montreal and some in Quebec. They tended to create an impression in his mind that these transactions had been effected for the purpose of complicating matters. They didn't seem to him to be regular or legitimate, or such as were likely to be employed on other properties or in ordinary business. He could hardly go so far as to say that they had been made for the purpose of complicating the whole transaction, but they had something of that appearance.

By Mr. JOLY.—Before resigning he had given the Premier no choice whatever. He had asked him if he would not authorize the Attorney-General to take action to rescind the exchange, and he said "Why should I?" Witness had replied because there was apparently something very wrong in it. Mr. Ouimet said he would do nothing of the kind, and witness therefore said that was the end of the matter. This was in Mr. Ouimet's office in Montreal, and witness resigned soon after, as soon as certain matters with which he was connected been disposed of. He resigned in consequence of the refusal of the Premier either to direct or sanction the action which he had proposed. He had never seen Mr. Middlemiss.

Hon. Mr. OUIMET: When did this conversation take place between you and myself on the matter?

Hon. Mr. ROBERTSON: It took place in Montreal, in the office, after the visit to the Tanneries property.

Mr. OUIMET: Had Mr. Irvine resigned at this time? A. Mr. Irvine had resigned long before my return from England.

Q. Was Mr. Sheriff Leblanc present? A. He was not.

Q. Have you with you a letter sent you by Sir A. T. Galt, in which he speaks of the value of the Tanneries property, and will you please give that part in which he speaks of it?

Mr. RITCHIE: Does this letter refer to the transaction?

Mr. OUIMET: No. To other matters altogether.

A. Mr. ROBERTSON: I have the letter. It is dated 31st October, 1873, and the portion referring to the Tanneries property reads as follows:—"I have made enquiry about the land. There are twenty-five arpents, of which about one-third are occupied by a high steep hill, and the low ground is wet at the foot of it. The price I offered—forty thousand dollars—is, I think, as much as it is worth, and equal to what is asked for the other land adjoining, but I like the situation, and no doubt my building on it would add to its value." That is all.

Q. Did you meet Sir Alex. Galt on your return, and had you any conversation with him, if so what was its nature? A. I did meet Sir A. Galt, and held a conversation. He stated that he considered $50,000 was a good price for the land. That was at the time he made the offer he thought so. He would have given as much as $50,000 for it, as he was anxious to get the land. Mr. Robertson continued: I went to Mr. Arnton's office in Montreal, and asked to see his books of sales of real estate. He handed them to me, and I looked carefully all through them, over sales which had been made in the neighbourhood of the Tanneries. Coming to the Tanneries property he said, "That was the lot about which there was so much talk in the papers." He evidently did not know who I was, nor did I wish that he should know. He showed me figures of property sold in the vicinity of the Tanneries, and also the price for which he had sold a portion of the Leduc farm, and other lots. I made a memoranda of what I had learned, and left him. I proceeded with enquiries of other parties as to the value of property in Montreal. I cannot remember whom in particular.

Mr. OUIMET: Do you remember when the gentlemen of the General Hospital appeared before the Council and valued the property at between $40,000 and $50,000, and led us to understand that that was their valuation of it? A. I mentioned to them that an offer of $40,000 had been made for it, and said, without going into it, that it was worth between $40,000 and $50,000.

Q. Do you recollect also that they mentioned a desire to erect a small-pox hospital. A. I have no doubt some of the gentlemen mentioned that they wanted a portion of it for a small-pox hospital. They also mentioned particularly a convalescent hospital.

Q. by Mr. OUIMET: After my arrival from England I attended several meetings of the Council. I may add the first two were held at my request.

Q. If Mr. Irvine had not refused would you have done so? A. It is a very difficult question to answer. Under the circumstances to which I have alluded, my impression is that I would have resigned irrespective of Mr. Irvine's act. At all events, after what had been discovered, I had no alternative but resigning.

Q. You had stated that you had suspicions of fraud with regard to the transaction. Will you state whether you suspected anything? A. No, I did not suspect the exchange of fraud in any way. I thought that the ex-Premier might have been misled.

Mr. JOLY: By whom do you think the ex-Premier might have been misled? A. That I cannot say. I thought he might have been misled by parties anxious to get possession of the land, and possibly statements of some of his colleagues may have misled him.

Mr. TRUDEL: Was there any particular fact which might lead you precisely to which of his colleagues had misled him? A. No particular fact, but I knew that with transactions of this kind the Premier, not being connected with any of the other Departments, would be likely to accept the statements of his colleagues on a question not connected with his Department.

Mr. JOLY: Did you conclude then that he had nothing to do with the originating of the exchange? A. The rule is that the chief of a department takes the business of his department into his hands, and introduces it before the Council. I speak only generally. I don't know who introduced this matter to the Council. I was not there. I heard all kinds of stories about it.

Mr. JOLY: You had known that Mr. Ouimet had introduced the subject of the exchange to Mr. Archambault's notice first. Would you then have thought that no suspicion could attach to Mr. Ouimet? A. The bare fact of a member of a Government introducing business of a department other than his own indicated nothing. He had often himself taken the initiative in this respect; for instance the law department.

Mr. JOLY: Do you understand the bearing this answer has upon the answer given to a question previously put to you, and which will be read to you? The reporter then read the answer to Mr. Trudel's questions.

Mr. JOLY: I have reasons for asking that question. A. If the Premier had introduced this subject, and urged it, and subsequently events had shown that there was something wrong in it, suspicion would be on him or any one who undertook to push the matter through.

Mr. TRUDEL: Do you think the Premier had concealed anything in those conversations you had of the fact that we first spoke of the exchange to Archambault. A. The Premier never said anything about whether he had first spoke to Archambault or Mr. A. to him.

Q. Would the fact that Mr. A. had spoken first of the exchange have changed your impression that no fraud could be imputed to Ouimet? A. I can't answer that. Its impossible to answer a question of this kind, for it might be supposed he had concealed the fraud, or it might not.

Q: Do you believe it could have been possible that Mr. Ouimet would have lent himself to any doubtful transaction? A. No, for the reason that I have known the ex-Premier for many years, and have never seen anything in his conduct to lead me believe that he would knowingly lend himself to anything wrong and doubtful.

Mr. JOLY: Could you say the same thing of Mr. Archambault?

Mr. ROBERTSON: I and he hardly thought this was a question which should be put? Mr. JOLY said the question flowed naturally from the answer to the previous question.

Mr. ROBERTSON: From my acquaintance with Mr. Archambault during the time I was a member of the Quebec Government, I have never seen anything in him to suppose he would be guilty of fraud.

Mr. JOLY: If there is anything suspicious in the matter, do you think the person who introduced the question is free from suspicion? A. If the party who introduced the question knew all the circumstances with reference to its subsequent effect he must be held liable to the suspicion of fraud, and if not he might be perfectly blameless, and he might have introduced it without knowing of anything that was likely to take place from it.

Q. You have stated that there were several things which made you suspect wrong; first the discrepancy; then the deed of ratification, and then the haste with which the transaction was completed. A. If I remember aright these are the three reasons.

Q. Are there any others? A. The examination of the papers and the strength of public sentiment, which I encountered on returning from England, dissatisfied me with the transaction. There was that in it which I couldn't understand, and I didn't like mysteries surrounding the affair.

Q. Did not the connection of Mr. Dansereau with the business make you think there was something suspicious in it? A. I don't know whether it did or not.

Q. Do you know the position Mr. Dansereau occupied towards the Government as proprietor of *La Minerve*? A. I knew he was editor of the paper, and I think I knew he was part proprietor.

Q. Did you find on investigating the case what part Dansereau played in the transaction? A. I learned he was the medium of connection between Middlemiss and the Government.

Q. You didn't find out what was Mr. Dansereau's share in the transaction from any other source? A. It was common report.

Mr. VERRAULT: Do you think the Government was justified in consenting to the transaction in the way in which it was carried on without resulting in legislature? A. That is purely a legal question which I can't answer, but it would have been much better in my opinion to have had the opinion of the legislature.

Mr. TRUDEL: I think you said you were struck with the discrepancy between the amounts paid for the Leduc farm. A. That was one of the things which I could not understand, how this property had so suddenly increased in value.

Q. You have seen some parties, you say, and inquired the value of real estate. Did you meet with any who told you that the properties were of equal value? A. I did.

Q. Could you state whom those parties were? A. I could hardly do so now. I spoke to so many.

This closed the evidence of the hon. Treasurer.

Hon. JOHN JAMES ROSS, Legislative Councillor, said: I was President of the Executive Council of the late Government. In the course of the month of April last the Governors of the Montreal General Hospital demanded an interview with the Government on the subject of the Tanneries property. The interview was held on the day appointed. The Governors established before the Council the necessity of the hospital being outside of Montreal. They laid stress at the same time upon the great sacrifice which the citizens of Montreal would have to incur to realize this project, and stated that the Government would have to come to their assistance. They added that the property was worth about $35,000. The Council appeared favourable to their application, but some of the Ministers urged that if such a gift was made to the Protestants, the Catholics would have a good right to make a similar demand before long. Some one present made the remark that the inhabitants at the Tanneries would object to the construct of a small-pox hospital in their neighbourhood. For both these reasons we suspended our decision. A few days afterwards the Council were informed that it was possible to effect an exchange of land, and could obtain for the Tanneries property another property nearly double in size and sufficiently removed from the Tanneries to allay all apprehensions. Messrs. Archambault and Ouimet proceeded to visit the property in question, and found that the ground offered in exchange was really magnificent. Upon the information of these gentlemen I was led to believe that the transaction would be very advantageous for the Province, and therefore consented thereto. I left for home, and the Order in Council was passed authorizing the exchange.

By Mr. RITCHIE: I do not positively recall which of the Ministers it was who first spoke to me of the exchange, at the meeting of the Council, but I believe it was Mr. Ouimet. This I think was towards the end of May or beginning of June. I sent in my resignation, on the 5th August, in consequence of this Tanneries business. After having heard the explanations of my colleagues, and those of Mr. Dansereau published in the *Minerve*, and after taking consideration of certain articles published in the newspapers, and having ascertained the opinions of certain of our friends regarding the relative value of the two properties, I formed the opinion that there had been imprudence or want of foresight, and that this was sufficient to lead a certain number of people to blame the Government for an act made upon the information they possessed. I believed that the Government was no longer strong enough to carry on the administration with satisfaction to the country, and advantage to ourselves, and I consequently resigned. In the transaction there was nothing which gave me room to suspect fraud. No doubt the articles of the newspapers possibly led me to fear that there might be fraud somewhere, but never on the part of any members of the Government. The imprudence of which I spoke would have been on the part of the Government. At least, I feared so. I examined all the documents, and I do not believe that fraud could be established. There is but the discrepancy between the values of the properties, which could possibly establish this fact, that is to say, if any difference exists as I am not acquainted with either of the properties. I resigned simply because I thought the Government might have laid themselves open to a charge of imprudence.

By Mr. JOLY: This imprudence consisted in that our colleagues of the Montreal district may not have sought all the information necessary before suggesting this exchange.

By Mr. OUIMET: When the deputation from the English hospital were present before the Council, they stated that the projected hospital was for small pox patients. All the motives of my resignation are contained in my letter, which I addressed to the Premier. The latter desired to await the return of Mr. Robertson before giving in his resignation.

By Mr. TRUDEL: The resignation of Mr. Irvine may have influenced my resignation in the sense that it strengthened my belief that public opinion was opposed to the transaction, and that the Government was no longer strong enough to carry on the affairs of the country. I remember that Mr. Ouimet told me that Mr. Irvine's resignation deprived him of the English vote, and therefore weakened the party. He strongly pressed me to wait Mr. Robertson's return before resigning, and I am led to believe that Ouimet himself was no longer anxious to remain in office, but simply desired to await Mr. Robertson's return. The witness added that on 26th June, Ouimet told him he had seen two of the trustees of the Hospital, one of whom he was disposed to take the ground in question of the Leduc farm to construct the Hospital on, but the others objected to it. He added, however, that the objections of the latter were not unsurmountable. This last part of Ouimet's statement was corroborated by Mr. Irvine. He had never heard Mr. Dansereau spoken of in connection with the exchange, and was even ignorant that that gentleman had ever approached any of his colleagues on the subject.

This closed Dr. Ross's evidence.

The Committee then rose, to meet again on Monday morning at half-past ten.

"Good blood will show itself," as the old lady with the red nose said.

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HIS EXCELLENCY

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F. ROWAN HAMILTON,
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Jan. 21st, 1875. 3748-

The Times.

OTTAWA, MONDAY, JAN. 25, 1875.

THE GRASSHOPPER PLAGUE.

An effort is just now being made to direct the attention of the citizens of Ottawa to the great amount of distress which prevails in the western States of the Union, but more especially in Nebraska and Kansas, the result of the visit of the grasshoppers to that region last summer. So far the endeavour has not been very successful, and the charitable object has almost been a failure. A few nights ago it was announced that Dr. Mitchell, who is identifying himself with this work, delivered a lecture, in the City Hall, presided over by our worthy Mayor, giving an account of the plague and the causes which led to it, but so meagre was the attendance that as yet but little sympathy has been evoked. It is not to be supposed for a moment that the people of Ottawa would be behind their neighbours if once they were enabled to see that their substantial sympathy is required, and we feel sure that this case has only to be set properly before them, when it will bring forth such a response as its merits demand, and show that we as citizens are not so heartless and close-fisted as to refuse to help our fellow man when adversity overtakes him. At any rate such has not been our reputation, and we feel sure that we shall not at this time make a new departure, and look on and see thousands of our countrymen actually starving.

Perhaps one great reason why this grasshopper plague has not brought forth that prompt response that is always, to the credit of our common humanity, the outcome of any great calamity, is that it has been a matter of time. Had it been another Chicago fire, which in a single day rendered thousands homeless and destitute, or a coal mine accident resulting in burying hundreds of men and boys in a living tomb, all the world,—or at least all the British world,—would have put its hand in its pocket and generously produced that sympathy for the bereaved and destitute which takes its shape in current coin—the sympathy, need we say, that is of most benefit to the sufferers and most clearly shows an overflowing heart on the part of the donors. Tears may be good, but they are for silly women and children, while men must act. It is said that there are some forty thousand men, women and children rendered destitute, in this case, and dependent on charity for food and raiment, and that some four or six thousand of that number are British emigrants, and therefore especially calling for aid from their fellow countrymen in Canada. We feel sure that whether a part of them are British subjects or not, in the event of anything being done, aid will be extended equally to all, for we cannot see that men who have in a measure thrown off their allegiance to their country, whose lives and energies are henceforth to be devoted to building up another empire, are specially entitled to extra consideration at the hands of Canadians. More especially is this the case when we take into consideration the fact that there are thousands and thousands of miles of land waiting the hands of the tiller in this great and growing Dominion, where these industrious men might surely have found their way to prosperity and comfort, if not to abundant wealth, had it not been that the agents of the Union held forth grand ...er ...r not ...ing pro... sometimes the continent... consideration, there ...rtily endorse the idea ...n our contemporary the instead of spending money ...ief, that these poor people may ...be again eaten out of their home... ...is next year, we should send all who were willing to accept it the means of transporting themselves into Canada, and give them something to start life anew with. This would not only confer lasting good on them, but it would amply repay the country for the temporary outlay. Meanwhile, if some such a course is not taken, we do not see why the great American Eagle should not spread its protecting wings over her adopted offspring, and not have it to be said that she allowed the country from which she enticed them to come to their aid to prevent them dying of starvation. If the deputation have the interests of the emigrants more at heart than the interests of their country, we have no doubt they will be glad to take assistance in such a manner. In the meantime, however, there will be no harm but much real charity in all who can afford to do so giving something from their abundance to help these poor creatures in this their dire extremity, and we hope that the next lecture by Dr. Mitchell may be well attended so that all the facts of the case may be known, and that we do nothing blindly.

CANADA GAZETTE.

The Canada *Gazette* of Saturday announces the return of the following members to serve in the present Parliament of Canada:—

NORTH RIDING OF SIMCOE.—Mr. H. H. Cook, of Toronto, lumber merchant, the former election having been declared void.

MONTREAL CENTRE.—Mr. B. Devlin, advocate, of Montreal, in the room of Mr. M. P. Ryan, the former member, his election having been declared void.

L'ASSOMPTION.—Mr. Hilaise Hurteau, the former election having been declared void.

PETROLEUM REGULATIONS.

A proclamation is published of regulations concerning importations and sale of foreign petroleum. Officers appointed to guage and test petroleum are appointed inspectors thereof. The instrument to be used for testing all imported refined petroleum shall be the "Coal Oil Pyrometer," made by Charles Potter, Toronto, and all such petroleum as will not stand the fire test of 105 degrees, as required by said pyrometer, as required by section 2 of chapter 15 of 24 Victoria, when used according to the instructions accompanying the same, shall be dealt with as may be ordered by the Minister of Customs in each case. Every package of imported refined petroleum inspected, shall be legibly marked or stamped in such manner as the Minister of Customs may direct. No imported refined petroleum which will not stand the said test, whether designated as "Coal Oil," "Naptha," "Benzine," "Benzole," "Paraffine," or other oil or fluid, distilled, manufactured, or produced by any process or treatment whatever, shall be admitted to entry for consumption or warehouse in Canada, unless the importer shall have produced a license from a collector or other proper officer of Inland Revenue, authorizing him to keep and import the same on hand.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

The circulation for this week is $3,098,817.97; specie, $3,399,823.74, leaving an excess of specie of $301,055.77.

APPLICATION TO PARLIAMENT.

Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for a bill to incorporate the Upper Ottawa Improvement Company, and to confirm their present charter, granted under chapter 68 of the Consolidated Statutes of the late Province of Canada, and further, to confer on them power to collect and save for the rightful owners any escaped saw logs, timber, and lumber, and to erect works therefor on the Ottawa river, anywhere between the city of Ottawa and a point on the river, known as Des Joachims, and to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their other powers.

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau-street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the arrel. 3727

THE EVENT OF THE NEW YEAR.—The holidays are ended, and the serious work of the New Year begins. The first important event before us is the last drawing of the Library Gift Concerts, which takes place in Louisville, Ky., February 27th. This drawing will as certainly take place on that date as the day arrives, and to guarantee this Gov. Bramlette offers to return their money to ticket holders if the drawing is not had at the time appointed. What more could be asked? All that is needed is to buy your tickets *in time*, and you may count on having your prizes on the 27th day of next February. 3745 d&w

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Musca Wine. 3698

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

NEW YORK BAY OYSTERS IN SHELL.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

The best value in Winceys at Bryson's. 3695 1m.

FOWLE'S

PILE AND HUMOR CURE

For Internal and External Use

WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 3718

Dec. 14. '18

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 3805.

Sales.

Tuesday, January 26th.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

200 City Lots

—IN—

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by Auction, at his Rooms, on Elgin street, opposite the Russell House, on

Tuesday, 26th January,

200 CITY LOTS IN THE CITY OF WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

These lots are high and dry and very

ELIGIBLY SITUATED

—NEAR THE—

MAIN STREET,

Victoria Park and the Red River.

Winnipeg is already a thriving city of 5,000 inhabitants, and must always be the great distributing point and

Commercial Centre

of the North West, and in the era of R. R. devolpment now entered upon employing thousands of men, its trade and population is likely to quadruple within the next two years.

Grading has been commenced upon the

Pembina Branch R. R.

and tenders are now asked for, by advertisement, for the grading of the

Thunder Bay and Red River.

branch of the C. P. R. R. The Menonites are swarming into the Province, Municipal improvements are active and the growth of the

City and Province

will exceed anything ever before read of.

This property has to be sold to meet payments on other purchases made by the proprietor, and is, at the prices realized so far, a

Much better Investment

than that it pays for.

The sale will be peremptory, every lot offered being sold, no reserve bid, no upset price.

Plans of the property, pamphlets and views of the City may be seen at the

AUCTION ROOMS,

Opposite the Russell House,

where Mr. Burrows will be found all day on Monday and Tuesday to give information respecting the property.

Messrs. Walker, Cassels and Pennock, Solicitors.

J. BERMINGHAM,
AUCTIONEER.

Ottawa, Jan. 25th, 1875.

Auction Sales.

Household Furniture

BY AUCTION.

The subscriber is instructed by Mr. A. E. GENDREAU, to sell by Public Auction, at his residence, Wellington-st., a little below the Scotch Church, on MONDAY, the 25th inst., commencing at 11 o'clock, all his Household Furniture, comprising a very fine B. W. Parlor Suite in hair cloth, an excellent Lounge in green repp, and finely upholstered; Brussels, Tapestry and Kidderminster Carpets, B. W. Centre Table, Mirrors, Trifle Tables, Pictures and Ornaments, Dining Table, Side Board, Chairs, China, Glass and Crockery, B. W. Bedroom Suite, Spring Mattrass, Hair do, Wash Stands, Dressing Tables, Bedsteads, Mattrasses, and numerous other articles that cannot be mentioned.

The Furniture is good, being but a short time in use, and the sale positive, commencing at 11 o'clock sharp, on Monday, the 25th inst.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Jan. 20, 1875.

Auction Sale

OF VERY VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS,

Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.

HECTOR McLEAN

Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on **SATURDAY, THE 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875,** at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:

License No. 164, season of 1873-4, comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.

License No. 163, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vielle Branch, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.

These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN,
Ramsay.

Dec. 30th, 1874 3731-1d

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land

Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice as the owner is in want of money.

For particulars apply to

JOHN W. MAGUIRE,
25, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester
Or, Ottawa P. O.

Sept. 2, 1874. 2861.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874. 3879

Miscellaneous.

S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa

No 18 249

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established

AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the Spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees shou'd lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEMIEUX,
Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.

Nov. 6, 1872.

"A Repository of Fashion Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveller.*

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates, in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patrons for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year $4.00

$4.00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10.00; or, two *Harper's Periodicals*, to one address for one year, $7.00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4.00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20.00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The seven numbers of HARPER'S BAZAR, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7.00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

Insurance.

PHOENIX

Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS OVER $10,000,000
DEPOSIT AT OTTAWA, ... 130,800

This Company, whose Agency in Canada was established in 1867, and whose income in the Dominion is nearly $200 000 from premiums alone, is prepared to receive applications for the General Agency for the Ottawa District from competent and trustworthy parties, who can make the business a speciality and give it their entire attention.

Address with references and experience, if any—

SIMPSON & BETHUNE,
Managers for Canada,
Montreal.

Ottawa, Jan. 23. 3750-1m

CHAS. DESJARDINS,

General Agent

Citizens Insurance Co'y.

CAPITAL, ... $2,000,000.

Temporary Office:

York Street, near Sussex Street,

OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Jan. 23. 3750

THE

HAND IN HAND

Insurance Co.

Still continue to take Risks at

20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates

R. C. W. MACCUAIG,
Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity.

Jan. 9, 1875. 3737-3m

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

Authorized Capital $5,000,000
Subscribed to Date $2,000,000

LOCAL DIRECTORS:

RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, . . AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.

All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.

The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c, in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.

O'CONNOR & WALLER.

Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-12m

ROYAL CANADIAN

INSURANCE CO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.

Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.

ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,

AGENT,

36 SPARKS STREET, ... OTTAWA

Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"

CONTINUES TO TAKE

FIRE RISKS

On every description of insurable property,

AT REDUCED RATES.

T. M. CLARK, AGENT,
Corner Sparks and Elgin St
3722-12m

Dec. 18, 1874.

Druggists.

EAST END

Drug Store.

T. T. SHEPHERD.

Chemist & Druggist,

RIDEAU STREET,

CORNER OF DALHOUSIE STREET.

January 23rd, 1875. 3750

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—

FROM PORTLAND.

POLYNESIAN	2nd	Jan.
SCANDINAVIAN	9th	"
HIBERNIAN	16th	"
MORAVIAN	23rd	"
PERUVIAN	30th	"
SARMATIAN	6th	Feb.
POLYNESIAN	13th	"

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN....$70 to $80 | STEERAGE.......$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE

Glasgow Line

are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN .... $60.
INTERMEDIATE .... 40.
STEERAGE .... 25.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa July 22 1873.

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from New York

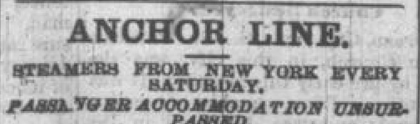
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, or Belfast:

Cabin $50 to $70 gold, according to accomodations.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

GOULTHBRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO

March 11, 1874. 2612y

Hatters & Furriers.

DEVLIN'S

Fur Depots

416 Notre Dame-St., ... Montreal.
11 Rideau-St., ... Ottawa.

White Rabbitt Jackets,

LADIES' SOUTH SEA SEAL JACKETS,

Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets,

Ladies Sea Otter Sets.

R. J. DEVLIN,
Manufacturer.

Jan. 11, 1875.

ALEX. BROBERY,

FURRIER,

45 Rideau-st.,

Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,

Is offering the balance of his

Stock of Winter Furs

AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3733

LADIES FURS!

GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,

No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to order by

JAMES PEACOCK,
No. 33, Rideau Street.

Dec. 20th, 1874. 3724 m1

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.

—AT—

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Gift Enterprises.

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts;

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000
Two Prizes, $500 } Each in Cash
Five Prizes $100

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.

One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth

Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300

Three Gold American Hunting Watches, w $125 each.

Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth 100 each!

1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c.

Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,0

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to who Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 22.
Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874 3664 d&w

ANOTHER

OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift	$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift	100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	75,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
5 Cash Gifts $20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts 14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts 10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts 5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts 4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts 3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts 2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts 1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts 500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts 100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts 50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 23, 1874. 3726 1w&wkd&w

H. MEADOW'S & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Bronsons & Weston, L. Crannell, Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
35 Sussex-St.

Oct. 3, 1874. 3688

Remedies.

MANHOOD RESTORED.—A victim of youthful imprudence, causing premature decay, nervous debility, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has found a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address,

J. H. REEVES,
78 Nassau-st., New York.

Jan. 22, 1875. 3748.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN

Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of
Norton's Camomile Pills, London

July 1874.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Bargoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Henna, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Bal and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

NOTICE

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½, 1 and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodyne being unequal in strength, Morson & Son have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., ½ oz., and 1 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row*,

RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed with despatch

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine

As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acremonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only Medicine having control over this class of diseases is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE!

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the first time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

A BLESSING TO THE POLICE.

MONTREAL, 18th June, 1864.

DEVINS & BOLTON:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been one of the many martyrs of rheumatism that I meet on my every day rounds, I was induced to try the celebrated DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. I had suffered the last five or six weeks the most terrible acute pains across my loins and back, so severe indeed that I could hardly walk with the help of a stick. I commenced the Diamond Remedy—following the directions carefully. Relief came immediately with the first bottle, improved rapidly with the second, completely cured and freed from pain after finishing my fifth small bottle. You are at perfect liberty either to refer to me privately or publicly, as I feel very thankful for the relief, and sympathise with my fellow sufferers from rheumatism.

Yours respectfully,
J. B. CARDINAL,
Sanitary Police Officer,
51 Labelle street.

In simple cases, sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,

Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto.

Or to **DEVINS & BOLTON,**

Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec.

Price $1 per bottle; Large Bottles $2.

May 18, 1874.

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 18 years and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLERY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

W. YOUNG.

June 29, 1874.

N. MARKS,

Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,

36—SPARKS STREET—36

Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine

JEWELLERY

Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.

A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.

Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment); and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory, Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, to exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental ateliers of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c. &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874.

Carpets.

OTTAWA

CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from

Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,

[late Jacques & Hay,] Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.

A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.

SHOOLBRED & CO.
49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

Mails.

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1875

MAILS.	CLOSE.	DELIVERED.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc.	8 p.m. 1.15 p.m.	8.30 a.m 4.30 p.m.
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., Charlottetown, P.E.I., and all places in the Maritime Provinces and Newfoundland	8 p.m. 1.15 p.m.	4.30 p.m.
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	8 p.m.	8.30 a.m. 4.30 p.m.
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich. British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion	8 p.m.	7.30 p.m.
United States, via Ogdensburg	8 p.m. 11.15 p.m.	8.60 a.m. 4.30 p.m.
New York, through mail	8 p.m.	8.10 a.m. 4.30 p.m.
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway		8.30 a.m. 4.30 p.m.
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	1.15 p.m.	8.30 a.m. 4.30 p.m.
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway		4.30 p.m.
South Gloucester and Oxford Stations, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	4.30 p.m.	8.00 a.m. 2.00 p.m.
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway		2.00 p.m.
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, etc., per Canada Central Railway	11.15 p.m.	8.00 a.m.
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	1.30 p.m. 5.30 p.m.	11.30 a.m.
Rochesterville, Skead's Mills, Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield	11.30 a.m. 5.30 p.m.	11.30 a.m.
Hull		10.00 a.m. 5.30 p.m.
Aylmer, Eardley, Heyworth and Onslow	5.30 p.m.	8.40 a.m. 11.30 a.m.
Lower Ottawa, by stage, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville etc.		10.00 a.m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; and River Desert, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.		
Templeton, New Edinburgh		
Billings' Bridge, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, by stage	5.30 p.m.	11.00 a.m. 5.30 p.m.
Merivale, Wednesdays and Saturdays		11.30 a.m. 5.30 p.m.
Ramsay's Corners, Hawthorne, Eastman's Springs, Saturdays		11.30 a.m.

Matter posted up to 10.10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packag the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 1.25 p. m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland and Newfoundland can be obtained at this Office

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

For Money Orders and Saving Banks Business from 9 00 a.m. to 4 p.m

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa
Jan. 22, 1875.

A CAKE WAL...

How a Congregation of ... tists Enjoyed them...

Our coloured citizens ha... ways for enjoying themselv... not troubled much about... Venus or the existence of ... they are greatly alive to th... in the matter of social amu... Such a novel card as tho... instance, could only come f... of one of our mirthful, rollic... brethren:

OH, FOR A MERRY T... SELECT ENTERTAINM... A CAKE WAL... At Hone Hall... corner of Flushing an... avenues, Thursday even... ary 19, 1875.

The gentleman, accompan... who exhibits at this compet... most graceful and genteel... and pleasing manner, and ... noble bearing, will be pre... beautiful meerschaum pipe... manner, the lady who is co... superior in these accomplis... ceive a handsome cake.

Several gentlemen will be... the audience to act as judg... the ladies' contest. A nu... will also be selected to judg... the gentlemen.

The grand walk will take p... o'clock.

All this was made subse... worthy purpose of contrib... support of the pastor of the... tist Church in Yonkers, ... Mathews, whose congregatio... poor, and affords him but ... salary.

THE PASTOR'S PATRO...

The pastor was gratified ... age he received. Cold as ... his friends came from the ... of Brooklyn, and New York, ... cotton gloves and high-sta... They were all magnificently ... attar of castor oil, and the ... lity of candlestick jewelle... their shirt bosoms. The l... gorgeous for description.

IRREVERENCE.

"What kind of a jambore... an irreverent white man ... religious colored patrons of ... "Jamboree!" exclaime... bristling behind an enormo... "dis, sah, is not a jambofe... contrary notwithstandin', ... cial entertainment." And ... common darkies were ad... as musicians or waiters o... The room was nicely fixed ... casion. The walls were co... lustrations in high colours ... mals familiar to the menage... on the main pillar cautione... spit in the spittoon. The ... angular shape, and in an ... stood bearing the cake a... schaum pipe, besides plate... odds and ends of confecti... oured gentleman stood on ... of the evening to exhibit ... trousers he bought at auctio... cents.

THE WALK.

The walk began at m... Master of the Ceremonie... came forward, and said, "... ladies, de time is amost rea... demonstration to begin. Y... as I do dat de whole world ... to know who is de ladies ... dat on dis suspicio... makes de best dispo... and dignified bearin', toged... fulness and beauty of carri... ladies and genl'men, acco... nowned Webster in his ... means de manner of de w... mean a four wheeled vehic... When you have de carriag... means you have more dan... five wheeled vehicle. Go... walk on his two feet and ... 'roun froo de hills and ... Adam took the advice and ... man. An' how did Adam... ladies and genl'men how d... Dat's de queshun. Dar is... obligation on you to walk i... of Adam. He made a fool... dat apple, but he could wa... was noble and dignified. ... he walked in beauty like... starry climes and cloudless... applause.) Now, genl'men... gin to git ready. De ladi... take de genl'men and de... ladies, wid all doo respect'... oder."

DURING THE WA...

Great was the excitem... walk was going on. The... coloured folks among the ... their balance and laughte... Some splendidly develop... over the floor. "Sudden d... animiles!" "Reg'lar be... "My, what a coffin full!" ... what a pair for mixin' ... hundred other such remar... extremities of the gallar... took the floor were dro... lookers on.

THE ATTENDA...

was quite large. The high... coloured population of ... Williamsburg was there. ... merry assemblage, with a ... religion, and a campmeeti... breakdown was equally ... gloriously dressed femal... Miss Johnson, of Joh... Brooklyn, wore an acre... "Fra Diovolo" hat, ... so of straight hair. She ... the occasion. She failed ... in the walk round, beca... with a noble disdain to s... tional gait which the com... erected as a standard t... their awards. A majori... insisted that the "slide" ... rect thing. They had bee... and had seen Nelse Seym... round, and satisfied them... was a good model. M... committee, had seen Nels... jected to his style as n... enough. It would do f... but in an era of freedom ... and independence.

THE WINNE...

Mr. Lyons, a young ma... ery in New York, carr... schaum pipe by the una... of the lady judges.

THE JUDGE AD...

When the ladies and ... made the circuit of the ... score times, the Judge ... principal judge called hi... "Let the fust couple... walkin'!" Then there w... the judge put on his gl... more closely at the pe... de rare couple decease fr... bulation!" The order... obeyed, until finally o... were left upon the floor. ... a close consultation of ... held, and, after consider... Judge Advocate declared ... Jaycox. In the followi... rendered her the cake:

HIS SPEEC...

"Let this cake remind ... am. It is roun'; so is... mysteeri's; so is de wo... De frost you observe ... yere cake conceals de ... taminates de inside. It... conformation, and wedd... ob raisins or huckleberr... say. Now, you young ... dis way bar in mine dis... sweyt, and, without any... of de ladies present, I ... sayin' she is de sweetest... room." (Great applause...

The ladies gave the... meerschaum pipe amid... ous laughter, and at ... morning these happy ... to bed.

A CAKE WALK.

How a Congregation of Coloured Baptists Enjoyed themselves.

Our coloured citizens have a variety of ways for enjoying themselves. They are not troubled much about the transit of Venus or the existence of a Polar-Sea, but they are greatly alive to the newest idea in the matter of social amusements.

Such a novel card as the following, for instance, could only come from the hands of one of our mirthful, rollicking coloured brethren:

> OH, FOR A MERRY TIME!
> SELE[illegible] ENTERTAINMENT AND
> A CAKE WALK,
> At Hone Hall,
> corner of Flushing and Harrison avenues, Thursday evening, January 19, 1875.

The gentleman, accompanied by a lady, who exhibits at this competitive trial the most graceful and genteel walk, elegant and pleasing manner, and dignified and noble bearing, will be presented with a beautiful meerschaum pipe; and, in like manner, the lady who is conceded to be superior in these accomplishments will receive a handsome cake.

Several gentlemen will be selected from the audience to act as judges in deciding the ladies' contest. A number of ladies will also be selected to judge the merits of the gentlemen.

The grand walk will take place at twelve o'clock.

All this was made subservient to the worthy purpose of contributing to the support of the pastor of the colored Baptist Church in Yonkers, the Rev. Mr. Mathews, whose congregation is small and poor, and affords him but a very slender salary.

THE PASTOR'S PATRONAGE.

The pastor was gratified at the patronage he received. Cold as the night was his friends came from the remotest parts of Brooklyn and New York, wearing white cotton gloves and high-standing collars. They were all magnificently perfumed with attar of castor oil, and the very finest quality of candlestick jewellery illuminated their shirt bosoms. The ladies were too gorgeous for description.

IRREVERENCE.

"What kind of a jamboree is this?" said an irreverent white man to one of the religious colored patrons of the spree.

"Jamboree!" exclaimed the latter, bristling behind an enormous shirt collar; "dis, sah, is not a jamboree. It is, on the contrary notwithstandin', a select and social entertainment." And so it was. No common darkies were admitted unless as musicians or waiters or by mistake. The room was nicely fixed up for the occasion. The walls were covered with illustrations in high colours of various animals familiar to the menageries. A notice on the main pillar cautioned gentlemen to spit in the spittoon. The hall was of triangular shape, and in an angle a table stood bearing the cake and the meerschaum pipe, besides plates of apples and odds and ends of confectionery. A coloured gentleman stood on the floor most of the evening to exhibit a new pair of trousers he bought at auction for fifty-six cents.

THE WALK.

The walk began at midnight. The Master of the Ceremonies, Mr. Stubbs, came forward, and said, "Genl'men and ladies, de time is amost ready for de grand demonstration to begin. You knows well as I do dat de whole world will be proud to know who is de ladies and genl'men dat on dis suspicious occasion makes de best display of noble and dignified bearin', togedder wid gracefulness and beauty of carriage. Carriage ladies and genl'men, according to de renowned Webster in his latest edition, means de manner of de walk. It might mean a four wheeled vehicle, but it don't. When you have de carriage dat Webster means you have more dan eider a four or five wheeled vehicle. God told Adam to walk on his two feet and not go mousin' 'roun froo de hills and dells of Eden. Adam took the advice and walked like a man. An' how did Adam walk? Now, ladies and genl'men how did Adam walk? Dat's de queshun. Dar is no confidential obligation on you to walk in de footsteps of Adam. He made a fool of hisself about dat apple, but he could walk. His bearing was noble and dignified. Miltown said he walked in beauty like de night of starry climes and cloudless skies. (Great applause.) Now, genl'men and ladies begin to git ready. De ladies will please take de genl'men and de genl'men de ladies, wid all doo respect' for one and de oder."

DURING THE WALK.

Great was the excitement while the walk was going on. The highest-toned coloured folks among the spectators lost their balance and laughted like plebians. Some splendidly developed feet paced over the floor. "Sudden det to all creepin' animiles!" "Reg'lar beetle crushers!" "My, what a coffin full!" "Good gracious, what a pair for mixin' mortar!" and a hundred other such remarks on the pedal extremities of the gallant fellows who took the floor were dropped from the lookers on.

THE ATTENDANCE

was quite large. The highest order of the coloured population of Brooklyn and Williamsburg was there. It was a very merry assemblage, with a strong flavor of religion, and a camp-meeting hymn or a breakdown was equally welcome. Some gloriously dressed females were present. Miss Johnson, of Johnstown county, Brooklyn, wore an acre of velvet, a "Fra Diovolo" hat, and a yard or so of straight hair. She was the belle of the occasion. She failed to win the cake in the walk round, because she refused with a noble disdain to adopt the conventional gait which the committee of judges erected as a standard to guide them in their awards. A majority of the judges insisted that the "slide" gait was the correct thing. They had been to Dan Bryant's and had seen Nelse Seymour in his walk round, and satisfied themselves that Nelse was a good model. Mr. Plains, of the committee, had seen Nelse too, but he objected to his style as not being modern enough. It would do for slavery times, but in an era of freedom it lacked dignity and independence.

THE WINNERS.

Mr. Lyons, a young man studying cookery in New York, carried off the meerschaum pipe by the unanimous decision of the lady judges.

THE JUDGE ADVOCATE.

When the ladies and gentlemen had made the circuit of the room about two score times, the Judge Advocate, as the principal judge called himself, cried out: "Let the fust couple decease from walkin'!" Then there was a pause while the judge put on his glasses and looked more closely at the performance. "Let de rare couple decease from dar permambulation!" The orders were meekly obeyed, until finally only two couples were left upon the floor. At this juncture a close consultation of woolly heads was held, and, after considerable flourish, the Judge Advocate declared in favour of Miss Jaycox. In the following words he surrendered her the cake:

HIS SPEECH.

"Let this cake remind you of the great I am. It is roun'; so is de world. It is mysteeri's; so is de works of Providence. De frost you observe on de top of dish yere cake conceals de sweetness dat contaminates de inside. It is mysteeris in its conformation, and wedder it is stuffed full ob raisins or huckleberries dis chile can't say. Now, you young men wat's alookin dis way bar in mine dis is sweetness to de sweyt, and, without any offence to de res' of de ladies present, I would conclu' by sayin' she is de sweeterest gal in dish yere room." (Great applause.)

The ladies gave the male winner his meerschaum pipe amid the most tumultuous laughter, and at about four in the morning these happy people went home to bed.

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES'

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 2876-y

WHOLESALE Ready-Made CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTER.

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON.

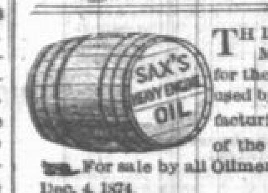
So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 24, 1874. 3880

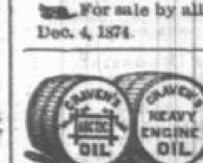
Hardware, &c.



THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

For sale by all Oilmen.

Dec. 4, 1874. 3710-y



OUR BRANDS OF ARCTIC —AND— Heavy Engine Oil

Are unequalled by any Machine Oils in the market. Guaranteed not to freeze. Orders solicited from consumers.

W. J. CRAVEN & Co., 444 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

Agents for Ottawa District—CALDWELL & Co., Sparks-st. 3744y

HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.

No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware

In the city is to be found at

THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency

OTTAWA, ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO., - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Roe's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 28, 1874.

Hotels.

THE

CLARENDON HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the **Corner of Sussex and George Streets,** within three to five minutes' walk of Post Office and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 1 th January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,

One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms

are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms

are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms

are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms

are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my Table will be one of the best in Canada.

N. B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.

Dec. 28th, 1874. 3729

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines Spirits, Liquor and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

CENTRAL! CONVENIENT!

THE DOMINION RESTAURANT

Rajotte's New Block, Wellington-st.,

(Opposite Parliament Houses.)

Now open, and holding out the best inducements in the way of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c. Lunches hot or cold from 12 to 3. Oysters in any style at all hours.

HARRIS & CLOSE, Proprietors.

Jan 16, 1875 3744y

Books & Stationery.

NEW BOOKS.

Supernatural Religion, 2 vols	$8 00
The Greville Memoirs, 2 vols	4 00
Procters' Transit of Venus	2 50
Opening a Chesnut Burr, by Rev. E. P. Roe	1 00
The Cloth of God and other Poems, by T. B. Aldrich	1 00
Chambers' Journal, bound volume for 1874	2 25
The Christian Treasury do do	1 75
Annual Register of Rural Affairs for 1875	30
Whitaker's Almanac for 1875	30

For sale at

HENDERSON & Co's.

39 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 23, 1875.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 28, 1874

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD.

FOR THE

PIANOFORTE.

It Stands the Test! Sells 25,000 Yearly, and is gaining friends everywhere.

No piano instruction book ever issued approaches it for real merit and worth, and no teachers regret using it in their course of instruction. This work is a power in the musical advance of the day, and has been a most important agent in the recent tremendous increase of technical knowledge of the Pianoforte.

The success of

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

is world-wide, and prompts many competitors but its sale surpasses that of all others COMBINED, and it stands to-day incontestably superior to all other Piano Methods.

Used by thousands of Music Teachers and sold by all Book and Music Dealers in this Country and Canada.

Price, - - - $3.75.

All books sent, post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

Government Notices

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, Jan. 25, 1874.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON, Commissioner of Customs.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Tenders for Grading—Fort William to Shebandowan.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender Pacific Railway," will be received up to noon of SATURDAY, the 27th of February next, for the Bridging and Grading required on that Section of the Pacific Railway, extending from the Town plot of Fort William, near Thunder Bay, Lake Superior, to Lake Shebandowan, about 45 miles in length.

For plans, specification, approximate quantities, forms of tender and other information, apply at the office of the Engineer in Chief, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications for that part of the line between Lake of the Woods and Red River, will be ready in the course of two or three weeks.

By Order,

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Dept. of Public Works, Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1875. 3748-6 2aw

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS who may have in their possession any

BOOKS

Belonging to the

LIBRARY OF PARLIAMENT,

Are requested to return the same without delay. The loan of Books to the public will be **SUSPENDED** from this date until further notice.

ALPHEUS TODD, Librarian.

Library of Parliament, 20th Jan. 1875. 3747-3

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector McLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 100 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,543 feet, and of No. 3, 9,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by, this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order,

E. A. MEREDITH, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed; None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO., Sparks Street, near Bank.

TO SPECULATORS!!

FOR SALE, the West Half of Lots 3 and 4, Block B, Le Breton's Flats, fronting on Duke Street, and in rear on Brittania Terrace, with Buildings thereon, viz., on Duke Street, one three and a half storey Brick Building (not veneered), occupied as Shops and Dwellings; Sheds, &c., in rear, and fire wall for about 100 feet; in Brittania Terrace, one Wooden Tenement—the whole now renting for $800 per annum; or, if preferred, the whole of the two lots will be sold together, with Buildings, &c., which rents for about $1,560 per annum.

For terms and particulars, enquire of the Proprietor, on the Premises.

JAS. ASHFIELD,

Crockery, Glassware, and Coal Oil Merch't,

DUKE STREET.

Jan 21, 1875. 3748

Furniture.

NEW

Furniture Warerooms,

ANGUS & CO.

Dealers in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cornices and Curtains.

85 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite Heney's New Block.

Jan. 11, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND OR WEST OF CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874.

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2614y

Boots & Shoes.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots, " Embroidered and Plain Felt Congress. Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress. Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Felt Bals. Felt Overs.

A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter feet-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at REDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an entire clearance.

Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB, 28 Sussex-st.

Jan. 9, 1875.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN:

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

BOOTS,

SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

MITTS, &c.

AT

W. E. BROWN, 15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.

Dec. 21 1874.

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 13 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes, Mitts, Rubbers, Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN, Ottawa.

Dec. 24, 1874.

NOTICE

All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 23 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.

Dec. 17, 1874.

Life Assurance.

The Royal Mutual Life Assurance Company

OF CANADA.

Head Office, - - - - - - - - Ottawa, Ont.

Capital: $100,000 in 1,000 Shares of $100 Each.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:

F. F. Jones, Esq., M. P. P.
James Humphrey, Esq
Henry Torrance, Esq.
James McCarty, Esq.
J. J. Fraser, Esq., M.P.P.
C. H. Cooper, Esq.

Lees & Gemmell, *Solicitors.*
Henry T. Corbett, Esq., M.D., &c., *Medical Director.*
C. R. Cooper, *Manager.*
Arthur W. Wilson, Esq., F.I.A & F.S.S., *Actuary.*
Merchants Bank of Canada, *Bankers.*

Quebec Agency - - - - 235 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

FRENCH DEPARTMENT:

J. J. Lussier, Esq., M.D., *Examiner.*
F. G. Boutillier, Esq., L.L.B., *Solicitor.*
J. A. B. Belque, Esq., *Manager and Secretary.*
Banque Ville Marie, *Bankers.*

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT:

P. O'Leary, Esq., M.D., *Examiner.*
W. R. Ford, Esq., *Agent.*

PROSPECTUS.

In view of the magnitude the Life Assurance interests have assumed of late years in Canada the immense increase year by year, and in consideration that the bulk of the business is done by American Companies, the projectors of this Company feel that there is a vast field open for a profitable Canadian enterprise. According to the report of the Auditor of the Financial Department at Ottawa for 1873, there were 13,083 policies issued during the year; 8,057 by American Companies, 3,518 only by Canadian Companies, and 1,513 by English Companies; out of 35 Life Companies reporting to the Government, but four were Canadian. The total amount of Insurance effected was $22,434,504. The total income for the year was $2,668,261.82; out of this $1,514,231.94 was paid to American Companies, and only $511,226.55 to Canadian, and $582,693.65 to English Companies. The deposit with our Government amounted to $4,857,951. $321,029.09 was paid for death losses. Over two millions are sent out of the country to enrich American and English stockholders. This immense capital can be retained in the country, assisting to build up our commerce, railroads, canals, and all that materially tend to make us a nation, with as much advantage to the policyholders as they now receive. No other investments in America have been considered so safe and remunerative as Life Assurance stock. In Canada, no Canadian Company has ever failed, and in the U. S., but two companies where the stockholders lost anything. $380,140,684.49 is invested in Life Companies in the U. S., and in Canada we have not probably $500,000. As evidence of the immense profitableness of Life Assurance stock, the following figures are taken from the New York Insurance Department Report for 1873, showing dividends paid to stockholders. Only those Companies doing business in Canada are cited:—

	Capital.	Dividend.	Balance as regards Stockholders.
Ætna	$103,000	$45,000	$2,144,503.56
Atlantic	110,000	8,050	25,176.11
Equitable	100,000	8,050	2,421,758.84
Globe	100,000	13,723	164,510.70
United States	250,000	18,350	632,264.98
Phœnix	16,000	960	666,767.12

Besides the immense surplus belonging to the stockholders, the above companies have large surpluses representing many millions belonging to their policyholders. Our few Canadian Companies have all paid large dividends. No difficulty has been found in procuring the immediate subscription of the whole stock of the Royal Mutual Life Assurance Company, but it was believed to be more judicious and more to the Company's interest, that the stock be distributed among the towns where the Company would probably open Agencies, thereby creating a local interest in every place. 3748

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co., Cincinatti, O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N.J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y, &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE............70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3640y

Hardware.

MOORE BROS.,

TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil.

General House-Furnishing Goods,

And Lawn Mowers.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS. OTTAWA.

Jan. 7, 1875. 3673

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES.

J. T MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces &c. Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Lamps & Chandeliers

The Largest Assortment in the City.

AT THE OIL DEPOT, SUSSEX-ST.

C. S. SHAW & CO.

Jan, 8, 1875.

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES! Restore your Sight! THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES, By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes. WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P.O. Box 957.) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender, 738 Broadway, New York 727

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchical and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer (Trade Mark secured) Montreal.

DR. POMROY,

CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN

May now be consulted in his

ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE

Hours from 10 a.m until 5 p.m.

Dec. 19 1874. 3711[illegible]

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH,

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds, Geese from 8 to 16 pounds. Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 23, 1874. 3726-1f

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole, HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks-

December 28, 1874.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874-5.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY:

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Corisbed's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystallized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

THOS. PATTERSON.

Dec. 24 1874

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 38 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Aug. 1, 1874. 3484

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT DR. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, F.R.S.E., M.R.I.A., F.G.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success."

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN:

Dec. 5, 1874 3711m1

Ladies' Ware,

LONDON HOUSE!

We are showing

The Cheapest Fancy Dress Silks in the City.

UNEQUALLED FOR RICHNESS.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT

Is under the superior management of MISS M. A. ARMSTRONG. The system we use is the Cornwall Chart, the only method in which a perfect fit can be secured.

HANEY & FORGIE.

Jan. 11, 1875. 3673y

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYAN'S

234 Wellington-St

Dec. 5, 1874. 3667

Dry Goods.

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING TAILORING

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7 50 upward.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50.
Scotch Tweed, from $8 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $19 upward.
Pilot, Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars

&c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1860, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings

AGENCY OF *Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works,* OHIO SANDSTONE Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projecting, either Plain or Mounted.

June 15, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

CITY COUNCIL.—A special meeting of the new City Council will be held this evening for organization for the current year.

NEW EDINBURGH READINGS.—A good treat is in store for those who visit the New Edinburgh readings to-night.

EARLY ARRIVAL.—Mr. T. B. Plumb, M.P., for Niagara, has arrived in the city, but not surely for the session, unless he is acting on the adage, that "the early bird gets the worm."

EXPECTED HOME.—The Hon. Messrs. Geoffrion and Huntingdon, who left town on Friday evening for Montreal, are expected to arrive in the city to-night.

VISIT FROM A PEACE OFFICER.—Mr. Penton, Chief of the Montreal Police, is at present on a visit to the capital. He is staying at the City Hotel.

THE LOTTERY INSOLVENCY.—A meeting of the creditors of the insolvent lottery man, Mr. T. E. Moore, takes place this afternoon at 3 o'clock. All those interested would do well to attend.

PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.—The visitors this week are:—Directors—Messrs. W. R. Thistle and T. W. Kenny. Clergy—Revds. W. Moore and F. Codd. Physician—Dr. James Grant.

The Hon. C. F. Fraser, Minister of Public Works for Ontario, on Friday evening, entertained Mr. D. J. O'Donoghue, M. P. P. for this city, and a number of friends, to dinner at the Metropolitan, previous to his departure for Toronto.

NEW TUNNEL.—The water having been let out of the Canal, workmen have commenced work on a new tunnel for the second main of the water works. It is intended that this main will supply the rear of Upper and Centre Town and Sandy Hill.

COUNTY COUNCIL.—The members of the new County Council will meet to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, in the Court House, for organization and general business. A good deal of speculation is indulged in, as to who is to be warden.

SENTENCED.—Henry Larkin was arraigned before His Honour, Judge Ross, on Saturday, for larceny at the recent fire near Pooley's bridge. Having been adjudged guilty he was sentenced to three years' imprisonment in the Provincial penitentiary. There were three indictments against him, on all of which he was found guilty.

POLICE COURT.—There was a meagre array in the police court on Saturday, only one defaulter having filed an appearance before the magistrate. Michael Green was up on a charge of breach of the peace, and for his unseemly conduct, was asked to contribute $2 and costs to the Civic Exchequer.

ACT OF GENEROSITY.—Mr. Rajotte is said to have given the following to some of our charitable institutions, being a portion of the goods saved from the recent fire near Pooley's Bridge:—Two loads to the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, one load to the St. Charles Asylum, and two loads to the Protestant Orphans' Home.

IMPORTS.—The following goods for Ottawa are reported in the manifest of the steamship Peruvian, which sailed from Liverpool on the 7th of January:—Garland, Muchmor & Co., 15 cases; James Young, 4 cases stationery, also 1 package of stationery; Secretary of State for Canada, 4 packages; Linton & Co., 2 cases.

THAT FIRE ENGINE.—The steam fire engine purchased by the Chaudiere Company was at Prescott yesterday, and will arrive in the city to-day about eleven o'clock, weather permitting. Two engineers belonging to the firm of Messrs. Hyslop & Ronald arrived on Saturday night. They will remain until after the public trial of the engine.

A Fine Black Walnut Parlour Set of Furniture (hair) to be Sold by Auction to-day, at 11 o'clock a.m.

AHEAD YET.—In referring to the curling match which took place on Friday last, by the Ottawa Curling Club, for the Governor General's Medal, we adverted to the fact that Arnprior stood second with a score of 119 points. Since then intelligence has reached us of the Orillia curling club having made 127 points, or one less than that made by the Ottawa club. The highest individual score made was 23 points, exceeding that made by Mr. Birkett of the Ottawa club by one point.

CARLETON EXHIBITION.—At a meeting of the Directors of the Agricultural Society of the County of Carleton, held the other day, it was decided to hold no exhibition at Bell's Corners next autumn. This action was doubtless prompted from the fact that the Provincial Exhibition is to be held in this city about that time. Other societies in Central Canada will probably do the same thing, with a view to concentrating their efforts towards making the large show a success.

ANOTHER SNOW STORM.—Another snowstorm, threatening to out-rival any of its predecessors, has set in, with a blustering north easterly wind. Should it continue as it did yesterday afternoon and evening, snowed up roads and a blocking of railway trains must inevitably follow. The winter thus far has been a severe one, and the absence of the usual January thaw seems to add length to its severity. There will doubtless soon be a thaw, as the scarcity of water, and other tokens, seem to indicate an early moderation of the weather.

THE CULBUTE CANAL.—The Pembroke *Observer* says: Messrs Davis & Sons, contractors on the Culbute canal, have determined to recommence operations on their contract, and with that object have, as may be seen by advertisements in another column, called for labourers. The canal, we are informed, in so far as the Messrs. Davis are concerned, could be finished next season, but as the gates for the locks have not yet been constructed, as well as other matters, it is not thought probable the canal will be completed before the fall of 1876, thus not being fit for navigation till the spring of 1877.

Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture, Brussels, Tapestry and Kidderminster Carpets, all new, to be Sold by Auction to-day, at 11 o'clock, at A. E. Gendreau's, Wellington Street.

SUNDAY TEMPERANCE MEETING.—Yesterday afternoon there was a large attendance at the Temperance Hall. Mr. E. McGillivary presided in his well-known genial manner. Mrs. Hardy was the principal speaker for the day and she gave an interesting sketch of some of those whom she is endeavouring to rescue from the downward path, and who are at present inhabitants of the institution known as Mrs. Hardy's Home—a name by the way which she strongly deprecated, and said that its proper title was the Ottawa Temperance Home for Unfortunate Women. A gentleman from the audience, whose name we did not learn, also addressed those present, and the meeting was altogether an interesting one.

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

CROSSING CORRYVRECKAN.

The captain eased the helm a little, and the "Alaria" shot off towards the straits of Corryvreckan, with the wind on her larboard beam. Just then Harry overheard one of the men whispering to another, "Its a bottomless pit that whirlpool—it goes down to the bowels of the earth."

The "Alaria" crossed the bows of the "Raincloud," much to the surprise of the latter. All eyes were turned to the rival yacht, and as Calverley was looking at the "Raincloud," he preceived a steamer several miles away in the Sound of Jura coming in the same direction. "It was the Glasgow boat for Oban?" he asked.

"No, sir, she can't be that, for the Glasgow boat stops at Lochgilp, and the passengers cross in the Crinan Canal to the Oban steamer. That vessel must be a steam yacht."

Here the matter dropped, and nobody thought any more about the vessel in the Sound of Jura, and there was other work before the "Alaria." The breeze was still quite powerful enough to maintain a high degree of speed, and as the tide was still flowing in the same direction the yacht soon entered the dreaded passage between the conical mountain of Scarba; which springs suddenly out of the sea to a height of fifteen hundred feet, and the desolate, rocky, northern extremity of Jura. All hands were at their places just as if holding themselves in readiness to 'bout ship, and not a word was spoken. It soon became evident to Harry that the water was behaving itself very differently from the usual habit of sea water. It was not particularly rough, the waves were not nearly so high as they had been in the Irish Sea, but they had not the same frank honest way of meeting the vessel. They twisted themselves about, often meeting and leaping vertically in glittering spray; and different swirls and eddies played on both sides the "Alaria," and seemed to accompany her on her way. Evidently the yacht was by no means easy to steer in all this confusion and disturbance; she often yawed wildly from side to side, and her head was turned suddenly from starboard to port, or the contrary, just as the horse's head would be turned if some one violently seized the bridle. One half the "Alaria's" length would often be in water that flowed in quite a different direction from that which bore the other half, and this produced sudden wrenchings of the rudder, which nothing but a strong arm and instant decision could have met with sufficient energy and promptitude. Short angry seas leaped suddenly over the bulwarks upon the deck, and it was impossible to anticipate from what quarter they should come. The yacht seemed to be surrounded by a babling crowd of enemies, in the utmost confusion amongst themselves, yet all alike in the hosiility of their intentions.

Meanwhile, Harry was looking out for the whirlpool, which his imagination depicted as something like the crater of a volcano with walls of dark water instead of rock. He had read Poe's story of the man in the Maelstrom, and had seen water poured into a funnel, so by imagining the funnel big enough, with the additional horrors that Poe so cleverly depicted, he had a very terrible picture of a whirlpool in his mind's eye, with a certain vessel (the "Alaria") going round and round the dizzy smooth slope inside the hollow cone, at a fearful and ever accelerating pace down to the dreadful vortex. This, of course, is the proper imaginative conception of a whirlpool, and I deeply regret that the principal upon which this book is written does not permit me to adopt it, and harrow the reader's feelings in the most effectual fashion. Wouldn't I make him shudder! But what has an author to do when he has adopted the realistic principle of describing things as they are?"

Consolons nous! there is something in dull reality also. Corryvreckan, if not exactly like Poe's Maelstrom, is an awkward place to pass, and the courage which the captain needed, and possessed, if he will go to the next stony rivulet in a flood when all the little rocks are submerged under a swift current and the surface is in the swirls and eddies. Now, let him increase the scale of the whole thing till, instead of a rivulet, he has a strait with a rushing tide in it, bound and hemmed by rocky and mountainous shores, and instead of rocks in the rivulet great crags under the sea, one of which is about as big as the craig of Ailsa, the top of it only comes up to within fifteen fathoms of the surface; let him fancy the ocean going over such a rough path as this, and making not one fabulous whirlpool, but a thousand smaller ones, with all manner of contradictory streams within streams, and currents within currents, elbowing each other as it were out of the way, and twisting and crashing in a manner enough to bewilder the coolest brain that ever ruled a vessel—let the reader imagine this, and he has, not the fable but the reality of Corryvreckan.

They got on well enough till they were nearly through the strait, thanks to the masterly steering of William Calverly; but at length the bows of the Alaria were caught in a whirl that she was unable to contend against, and her head ran up into the wind whilst her stern wheeled round in the opposite direction. Seeing that it was useless to resist, the captain gave the command to 'bout ship, and round they went over the whirl as neatly as if the movement had been voluntary on their part. An unskilful or ignorant steersman would have lost his head under such circumstances, but the captain said, "Don't be afraid, it's perfectly right, we shall be carried out on the eddy;" and so it proved, for he handled the yacht so neatly that she wore round into something like her former position, and was swiftly borne away towards the Isle of Mull.—*Philip Hamerton's Harry Blount.*

EXTENSIVE UNDERTAKING ESTABLISHMENT.—Messrs. Angus & Co. have turned their old furniture warerooms into a large and complete undertaking establishment, which will be carried on under the able management of Mr. Robert Williams, long and favourably known for his good taste and judgment in that line of business in Montreal, where he has had many years experience in managing most of the first class funerals of that city. Mr. Williams trimmed and decorated both of those imposing funeral cars of the late Hon. T. D. McGee and the late Sir George E. Cartier, and the universal admiration of his handiwork on both of those occasions is a sufficient guarantee of his skill in the business. Messrs. Angus & Co. are prepared to furnish magnificent hearses, either to show glass or not, as may be required, mourning coaches made up and trimmed plain or in first class style. If desired, parties can have coffins made to order, beautifully trimmed inside with Egyptian shroud, a style only known, in this country, to Mr. Williams. Messrs. Angus & Co. will also keep on hand a large assortment of trimmed coffins and caskets, from the commonest wooden coffin to the most elaborate air tight metallic burial case, and expect, by reasonable charges and strict attention to the business, to obtain a large share of the public patronage. 3748

FALSE MODESTY.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732.

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

NEW STYLE OF UPHOLSTERING.—Don't fail to see the beautiful Drawing Room Set on exhibition in the window of Angus & Co's new furniture warerooms, 85 and 87 Sparks street. 3741-2in.

DANES IN NEW YORK.

Formation of a Danish Literary and Benevolent Union.

A number of Danish residents and citizens of Danish origin held a meeting at the Germania Assembly Rooms last evening to form an association for social, literary and charitable purposes. About fifty gentlemen were present, the chair was filled by Mr. William Borgen, editor of the New York Danish weekly paper. A draft of a constitution and by laws, submitted by a committee appointed at a previous meeting, was adopted, and a permanent organization was effected by the election of the following officers:—President, F. C. Stallknecht; Vice Presidents, General Christensen and G. Mariager; Secretary, William Bargen; Treasurer, Albert L. Jensen; Librarians, M. Jacobson and U. Ussing.

The number of Danes resident in this city and Brooklyn is estimated at about 4,000, and they form a very prosperous and respectable element of the community.

ROCK EXCAVATION.

In pursuance of notice given by private circular an experiment to test the efficiency of Sipprell's Reamer took place on the afternoon of Saturday last in a rock cutting on the line of the Northern Colonization Railway in Hull, about a mile beyond the city limits. A large number of gentlemen were in attendance at the hour named, including the principal contractors, engineers, bankers, merchants, &c., &c., of the city. Sipprell's patent reamer is an improved dri'l by which a cylindrical chamber to receive explosives can be effected at any required depth from the surface. The design is to secure the concentration and better confinement of the explosive material. There was a good deal of delay in consummating the experiment. The chamber had to be pumped out; then there was not enough powder on hand. Many decided not to wait. The charge was fired about four o'clock and proved in many respects a failure. An immense mass of rock was raised and shattered, but it was not thrown out as it was intended it should be. The cause of this failure was clearly not that of the drill, but was due to the porous and seamy nature of the rock, and the existence of water in the chamber which destroyed in great part the powder and the mica. It is understood that Mr. Sipprell will within a few days make another test trial, taking care that all arrangements shall be in such a complete state as to avoid the possibility of failure. Of course due notice will be given.

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrised. 3727

FASHIONABLE WEDDING.—The local event of the week has been the marriage of Miss Ella Hargraft, the amiable and accomplished daughter of W. Hargraft, Esq., M.P.P., to Mr. Wm. G. Gooderham, of Toronto. The ceremony took place at Mr. Hargraft's residence on Thursday afternoon, the Rev. W. Stennett, Rector of St. Peter's officiating, assisted by Rev. E. C. Bower. The bridesmaids were Miss Charlotte Hewson, of Cobourg; Miss Harriet Gooderham, of Toronto; Miss Mary Elliott, of Cobourg; and Miss L. Gooderham, of Cobourg. The groomsmen were J. G. Worts, jr., of Toronto; A. J. Hewson, of Cobourg; George R. Hargraft, of Cobourg, and F. S. Cox, of Toronto. After the ceremony, about one hundred guests, over thirty of whom were friends of Mr. Gooderham from Toronto, were entertained at dinner by Mr. Hargraft. The bride and groom took their departure on the train going west in the evening, *en route* for Chicago and the west, where they will spend a few weeks. We doubt very much if any young lady has ever obtained a higher place in the affections of her friends than has the happy bride of whom we speak, and we feel assured in saying that no young lady has ever left Cobourg followed with more kindly and even affectionate regards for her future welfare.—*Kingston Whig 23rd inst.*

Remember the Auction Sale of Household Furniture TO-DAY at Gendreau's, Wellington Street. Furniture nearly new and must be sold. Sale at 11 o'clock a.m.

Gents, try MacLaren & Chalmers' cutter. One trial will secure to them your patronage. 3698

Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695-1m

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

Bragg's Charcoal Biscuits at W. Hearn's Sapper's Bridge. 3748

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

FRESH OYSTERS IN SHELL.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

Burnett's Cocoaine for the hair has stood the test of time and competition. It has established a reputation for purity and efficacy in every quarter of the world. For twenty years it has been a favorite with the people and a leader with the trade. The name "Cocoaine" has become a valuable property. We have established our *sole* right to its use in several suits at law, thus protecting the public and ourselves from imposition. 3748

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of malls on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732

THE STEAMSHIP NILE.

Alarm of Fire on Board during Her Voyage from Southampton to Barbadoes—Prompt Exertion and a Narrow Escape.

BARBADOES, W. I., Dec. 31, 1874.

The royal mail steamship Nile left Southampton on December 17th, with the West Indian mails and about one hundred passengers, among them some English naval officers coming out to join the squadron which is expected here in a few days.

A NARROW ESCAPE FROM FIRE.

The vessel had a narrow escape from fire, and from being, perhaps, burned at sea when 374 miles from land, the nearest point being the island of St. Mary's, one of the Azores.

A SERIOUS ALARM.

Out from Southampton the Nile had fair weather and everything went well until the night of the 23rd inst. About eight o'clock in the evening, Captain Ritchie being on deck, observed smoke issuing from the after hold. On examination it was found that a portion of the cargo in the lower hold was on fire. The crew were immediately mustered on deck and the fire apparatus was set to work throwing water into the hold. The Captain gave orders to provision and get the boats ready. He then went below to the scene of the fire, but at half-past nine became so overpowered by the heat and smoke that he had to be brought on deck. He, however, soon recovered, and returned to his post.

The fire had been kept in check, and though still raging fiercely, had not gained ground. It was known that several casks of oil were in the hold near where the fire was, and great anxiety was felt lest the flame should reach them, in which case most serious results might have ensued. The hose was kept at work for three hours, and not until the compartment, being twelve feet deep, was flooded, did the fire succumb.

CONGRATULATIONS.

Captain Richie is much praised, as are his officers and crew, for their exertions. Captain Wells and several officers of Her Britannic Majesty's iron ram Bellerophon were passengers and did good service. Two hundred and seventy dollars were subscribed among the passengers for the crew, and handed to the Captain on Christmas Day. An address was also presented to Captain Richie, signed by the passengers, in acknowledgment of his services and exertions.

THE NEW STYLE OF BANKING.

"The Cheque Bank" London is an institution which has existed for a year, its leading feature being the sale of cheques to its customers, in a form which seems to be a cross between an ordinary cheque, a certificate of deposit and a post-office money order. The chairman of the company, Mr. Geo. Woodhouse Currie, at its first general annual meeting, stated that the business had been moderately successful, but remarked: "The first year's working of a system so novel can only be considered preliminary and tentative. Profit cannot be expected, and all we could hope to attain was to get our system widely known and recognized and the nature of its advantages understood." He also made the following explanations of the plan:—

"The Cheque Bank offers the means of paying the smallest sums by means of crossed cheques payable to order; these cheques not only prevent the risk of carrying gold and bank notes about the person, and of keeping them in shops and in private dwellings, but they afford, by the endorsement of the person who receives them, a proof of payment, and by the counterfoil a ready and complete record of all transactions. But the advantages and the novelty of Cheque Bank cheques by no means stop at this point. We have not only provided the means of extending the advantages of payment by crossed cheques to small transactions, but we have provided what never existed before—an indefeasible instrument of currency which, when completed at will by the signature of the holder, is received everywhere and by everybody as cash, even when the drawer is a stranger wholly unknown. As no Cheque Bank cheque can be obtained from the bank until the maximum amount for which it can be filled up, and which is stamped on its face, has been deposited, cheques on this bank differ from those on all others in this most important particular—that they are certain to be paid on presentation. No inquiry into the means or standing of the person who draws them is necessary; they can be taken in payment and can pass from one hand to another with the same confidence, because they have the same undoubted value, as a Bank of England note for the same amount.

"Another most important peculiarity of Cheque Bank cheques remains to be noticed. Ordinary cheques must be presented immediately or as soon as possible after they are received. If an ordinary cheque is not so presented in due course, as it is called, the responsibility and risk of non payment fall on the holder. Although a balance sufficient to meet it may exist at the time of drawing in the hands of the banker, there is nothing to prevent its being drawn out shortly afterwards by another cheque, and the only security to the holder lies in instant presentation. A Cheque Bank cheque, which necessarily represents an actual deposit of cash of an equivalent or a larger amount, may remain in circulation, may pass from hand to hand, or may be locked up in a drawer for any length of time, with the absolute certainty that, after no matter how long an interval, it must be paid when presented, because the money provided to meet it can only be withdrawn by the production of that identical instrument. As to the manner in which the funds so provided are employed, all the balances received by the Cheque Bank from its customers are employed in one way, and (subject to a permission to invest in the three per cent. securities of the British Government) in one way only. They are deposited with the bankers in London and the Provinces in relation with the Cheque Bank, and the interest paid by the bankers on these deposits, for which the Cheque Bank itself pays no interest, is the source of its profit. The Cheque Bank by this restriction limits itself to a very low rate of profit on its balances; but it not only provides absolute security in so far as that it is made to depend on the united solvency of the best banks in the Kingdom, backed by the security of its own guarantee fund in three per cent. consols, but it provides against the possibility of danger from panic and from a run on it in times of distrust and difficulty. This in a few words, is the system of the Cheque Bank. The soundness and utility of it are, I think, apparent, and it has been stamped by the cordial approval of some of the shrewdest thinkers in the country, and by the countenance and support of the Bank of England and of a great number of leading bankers, many of whom were at first inclined to look on it with hostility and suspicion. The Cheque Bank does not protend to enter into competition with other existing banks. It is based on a new system, and as it offers advantages hitherto unknown, it looks entirely to new and untried sources of profit. It looks forward to becoming a universal bank for small transactions, not only in London and the country, but abroad and all over the world. If it had been opened with branches everywhere, the expense would have been so enormous as to have deferred indefinitely any hope of profit, but by the course adopted it has agencies all over the country in the existing banks. Of these banks, 984, including branches, receive and hold money on our account, while a number of them, constantly increasing, act still more directly as our agents, by holding our cheque books to sell for immediate delivery."

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

A FATAL SNOW SLIDE.

Another Snow Slide—A Party of Miners Killed—Several Families Suffocated.

SALT LAKE CITY, U. T., Jan. 21.

Another snow slide occurred in Big Cottonwood Canyon yesterday afternoon, near the Richmond mine. A party of men engaged in "snaking down" ore in raw hides were caught in the slide. Six men, named Thomas H. Broderick, William Ritter, Charles Dabble, James Breeze, Henry Atkins and Reuben Moore, were carried away, and their bodies have not yet been recovered. Geo. McConlin and Thos. White were swept away and covered with snow, but were dug out and their lives saved. The slide extended a distance of about one mile, and was about 200 yards wide. Yesterday the bodies of the six persons killed by the snow slide at Alta City were recovered. It is supposed that many other persons have perished in the same manner, but their bodies are covered with snow to such a depth that they will not be found for some time. In one demolished house was found the body of Mrs. Carey, sitting in a rocking chair, with an infant clasped in her arms, and nearby the bodies of her husband and little girl. They had all perished from suffocation by snow. At another house a man was dug out alive, while a man who had been sleeping beside him was found dead. The dead body of another person was found in the vicinity of the house. There is much terror in these mining camps, and most of those who can get away will probably leave; but it is a difficult and dangerous undertaking to get away, for the people will have to walk, and run the gauntlet of snow slides on their way out of the canyons.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE,
FRIDAY, Jan. 23rd.

FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	6 00 to 6 25
Extra	5 75 to 6 00
Superfine, No. 1	5 25 to 5 50
Cornmeal, per brl	4 50 to 4 75
Oatmeal, do	5 00 to 5 50
Bran, per cwt	0 80 to 0 90
GRAIN.	
Spring Wheat, per bushel	$1 00 to 1 10
Fall Wheat	1 10 to 1 25
Oats	0 40 to 0 45
Peas	0 60 to 0 70
Barley	0 80 to 0 90
Rye	0 90 to 1 00
Corn	0 75 to 0 80
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	1 25 to 1 40
DAIRY, VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 28 to 0 30
Tub Butter do	0 27 to 0 28
Cheese, do	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 25 to 0 00
Potatoes, per bush	0 50 to 0 60
Carrots, do	0 35 to 0 40
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbages, each	0 10 to 0 15
Onions, per bush	1 40 to 1 50
Beets	0 45 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	3 50 to 3 75
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Ducks, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Turkeys, each	1 00 to 1 15
Geese, each	0 50 to 0 60
Patridges, per pair	0 50 to 0 60
Feathers	0 60 to 0 75
Wool	0 40 to 0 45
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	5 00 to 5 50
Pork, do	9 00 to 9 75
Mutton, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Lamb, do	0 08 to 0 10
Veal, do	0 07 to 0 10
Lard, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tallow, do	0 15 to 0 20
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 20
Bacon, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 35
Venison	0 12 to 0 15
FISH.	
White Fish, do	0 10 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 17 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	6 50 to 7 00
Oysters, per can	0 35 to 0 40
Haddock, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Cod, do	0 07 to 0 08
Trout, do	0 10 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality, per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 75 to 4 25
Hemlock, per cord	2 75 to 3 50
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Egg, do	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Soft, do	9 00 to 9 50
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 6½ to 0 00
Sheepskins, each	0 85 to 0 90
Calfskins, per lb	0 00 to 0 00
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	18 00 to 20 00
Hay, Clover, do	16 00 to 17 00
Straw, do	8 00 to 10 00

DIED.

In this city yesterday [Sunday] George Penton, son of Mr. J. F. Dooney, Proprietor of City Hotel, Clarence street, aged 6 years.

The funeral will leave his father's residence, Clarence street, at two o'clock [to-day] Monday, for the Catholic Cemetery.

Residents of Eastern cities can scarcely realise the profits arising to lot owners from the growth of a city of 5000 inhabitants from a hamlet of 300, in the space of 4 or 5 years, as in the case of Winnipeg.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.
Oct. 7, 1874. 3691y d&w.

PAIN-KILLER.

After thirty-five years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Physicians of the first respectability recommend it as a most effectual preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but for Dysentery or Cholera, or any sort of Bowel complaint it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency, and rapidity of action. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

It is used Internally and Externally.

Sold everywhere. Price 25 cts.
PERRY DAVIS & SON, Sole Proprietors.
January 13th, 1875. 3711

Miscellaneous.

The Canadian Washer

A. R. GILES, Manufacturer, west side King-st., between Bolton and Bolton-sts., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Nov. 18, 1874.

A. R. GILES,

SIR,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Washing Machines, and have used it in my family for some time, and have found it to be a complete success, on account of its great facility in working, and its durability; and I think it is an article which is quite indispensable to any family. Yours truly, JOHN MOREAU.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—North half of Lots No. 23 24 and 25, on the Eleventh Range of the Township of Hull; Lots No. 23 and 24 south on the Twelfth Range of the Township of Hull, containing in all about 400 acres, together with farming impliments thereon. For terms and particulars apply to JAMES LASCHARITA, on the premises. 2-1m.

MINERAL WATER.—The Lothean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town. Oct. 27th 1874. 3775-2m

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.—The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.
ALEX. ROBERTSON, Rideau-St.

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!—I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.
J. W. MINTHORN, Box "U" Orillia, Ont.
Oct. 1. 3433

Amusements.

GRAND ANNIVERSARY CONCERT,

Given in aid of the

Building Fund of St. Andrew's Church

—BY—

MR. E. J. BUTLER,

ON TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 26, at 8 o'clock,

IN THE BASEMENT OF THE CHURCH.

Tickets at Messrs. A. & S. Nordheimers'.
Jan. 22, 1875.

Grocers.

BUTTER,

Butter, Butter.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Have received a very choice lot of Finest Dairy Butter from the West which they can recommend to the public as well as their customers, as being in quality

SECOND TO NONE.

Also, a choice lot of Stilton & Chadder cheese, Morrison, Taylor & Co's. celebrated Hams, Bacon, and Spiced Meats, constantly on hand.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
86 Sparks street.
Ottawa, January 25, 1875

GO TO

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE'S

FOR YOUR

GROCERIES.

You will always find a full stock of Groceries Glassware and Crockery at prices that can't be obtained elsewhere.

FINE

Uncolored Japan Tea,

Only 50c. per lb.

Apples wholesale and retail.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE.
Cor. Kent and Wellington-sts.
Jan. 9, 1875.

SAVE MONEY BY USING

The British Egg and Butter Powder!

A perfect substitute for Eggs, and a great saving in Butter, for making all kinds of

Pastry and Cakes, &c.,

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers.
Ask for, and insist on having it.

Agents for Ottawa District—
CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.
3 and 4 Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street
Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

SAPOLIO,

For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.

HAND SAPOLIO,

For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artisans and mechanics.

Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.
Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

Burnett's Extracts
For cooking purposes.

Burnett's Extracts
"Pre-eminently superior."—Parker House, Boston.

Burnett's Extracts

LEMON, VANILLA, ROSE, ALMOND, NECTARINE, CELERY, ORANGE, PEACH, NUTMEG, CINNAMON, CLOVES, GINGER.

Burnett's Extracts
"The best in the world."—Fifth Av. Hotel, N. Y.

Burnett's Extracts
"Used exclusively for years."—Continental Hotel, Phila.

Burnett's Extracts

The superiority of these Extracts consists in their perfect purity and great strength. They are warranted free from the poisonous oils and acids which enter into the composition of many of the factitious fruit flavors now in the market. They are not only true to their names, but are prepared from fruits of the best quality, and are so highly concentrated that a comparatively small quantity only need be used.

PERRY DAVIS & SON & LAWRENCE,
MONTREAL, P. Q.
Agents for Dominion of Canada.
JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., BOSTON,
Proprietors.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

BALTIMORE OYSTERS

To be had in perfection, at

James Buchanan's
SUSSEX STREET
January 6th, 1875. 1m

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

See T. & B. on each Plug.

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD

USE THE

Diamond Yeast Cakes

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,
SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.
Dec 26, 1874. 3564y

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00, and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists.

Publications.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

One Copy	$2
Three Copies	5
Five Copies	8
Ten Copies	15

Postage five cents per copy for three months. Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at the same price.

One extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. Additions to clubs received at club rates.

These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

A generous portion of the WEEKLY HERALD will be appropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Pomology and the management of domestic animals. Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets. The aim will be to make the WEEKLY HERALD superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

Every number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence, Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

The price of subscription, whenever practicable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting money by mail.

At small Post Offices in the country where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

Advertisements, to a limited number, will be inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD.

Price of the DAILY HERALD, four cents a copy. Annual subscription price, $12, always in advance.

Write the address on letters to the NEW YORK HERALD, in a bold and legible hand, and give the name of each subscriber, of Post Office, County and State so plainly that no errors in mailing papers will be liable to occur.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.
ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE one year $4 00

$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An Extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2.25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3.00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

APPLETON'S

AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publications of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

This work is said to subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages, fully illustrated with several thousand Wood engravings, and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

Price and Style of Binding.

In extra Cloth, per vol	$5 00
In Library Leather, per vol	6 00
In Half Turkey Morocco, per vol	7 00
In Half Russia, extra gilt, per vol	8 00
In Full Morocco, antique, gilt edges, per vol	10 00
In Full Russia, per vol	10 00

Nine volumes now ready. Succeeding volumes, until completion, will be issued once in two months.

Specimen pages of the American Cyclopædia, showing type, illustrations, etc., will be sent gratis, on application.

First-class canvassing Agents Wanted. Address the Publishers,

D. APPLETON & Co.,
549 & 551 Broadway, N. Y.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."—"The Best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY.
ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Weekly* is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the *Weekly* is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The *Weekly* maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations are often corroborative arguments of no small force.—*N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle.*

Its papers on existent question and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year......$4 00

$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publisher.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of *Harper's Periodicals*, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete set comprising Eighteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per. vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS New York.

All Flannels reduced at Bryson's.
3695-1m

Remedies.

DATURA TATULA

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastilles, for Inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-st., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil with out nausea or indigestion.

CLARKE'S

WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliot & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Shapter & Owen
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co

LEA & PERRINS'

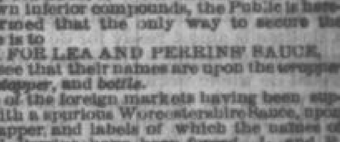
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers and Vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

PAPER RULER, AND

Account Book Manufacturer,
RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

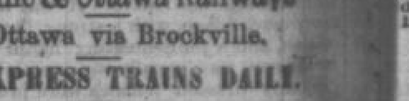
Ruling, Perforating, Numbering

—AND—

GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.

All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.
Aug. 12.

Railways.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY.

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.30 a.m. 4.15 p.m.
Ottawa	10.40 a.m. 5.00 p.m.
Renfrew	9.30 a.m. 4.10 p.m.

ARRIVE.

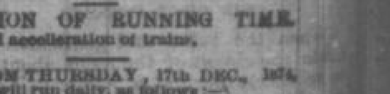
Ottawa	1.20 p.m. 7.40 p.m.
Renfrew	2.10 p.m. 8.30 p.m.
Brockville	2.10 p.m. 8.40 p.m.

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.

Brockville, Jan. 11, 1875.



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.
And acceleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	6.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.35 A.M.
5 Express	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.30 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.00 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.35 P.M.
6 Express	10.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

* Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

Dec. 15, 1874.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietor, at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3742. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JANUARY 26 1875

Wants.

WANTED—PANTRY MAID, apply between the hours of 1 and 3 p.m., to Miss Macdonald, corner of Elgin and Gloucester Streets. Must furnish good references.
January 23rd, 1875. 3750-tf

TEACHER WANTED for School Section No. 6, Township of Cumberland [male or female], holding second or third class certificate Apply to John McArthur, Secretary-Treasurer, Cumberland Mills, stating salary, &c.
Jan. 6, 1874. 3735-d3wtf

WANTED.
A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O.
Nov. 13.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women
A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY
from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and address
J. LATHAM & Co
Washington St. Boston, M

AGENTS WANTED.
Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED 8th st. New York.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $30 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples [that retail for $5] mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 58 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICERY & Co. Augusta, Me.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. y3875daw.

WORK FOR ALL
At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with ten cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

HELP WANTED.
10 men and women wanted to sell a complete story of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated, together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO.,
Publishers, London, Ont.

Lost.

LOST—On the 20th inst., between Eastern Block of Government Buildings and the Store of R. Bishop & Son, Sparks street, a pair of Gold Spectacles. The finder, leaving them at this Office, will be suitably rewarded.
Jan. 22, 1875. 3751

Board & Lodging.

To Members of Parliament and Others.

MRS. McINTYRE,
—HAVING—
REMOVED to the commodious dwelling Wellington-st., lately occupied by the Bank of Montreal, and Church of England Ladies' College, has the honour to announce to Members of Parliament and others that she is prepared to afford comfortable apartments with Board.
Jan. 22, 1875. 3748tf

BOARD with or without rooms, and rooms without board. Table and rooms first-class. Corner of Sparks and Bank streets, and within two minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings.
MRS. FORGIE.
Jan. 22, 1875. 3749-5m

Meetings.

THE OTTAWA
Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company.
(LIMITED.)

The first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company called for Thursday, the 14th instant, is postponed, pending the passing of the Amendments to the Act of Incorporation now before the Quebec Legislature.
A general meeting will be called as soon as these Amendments shall have become law, of which due notice will be given.
R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary pro tem.
Jan. 12, 1875.

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.
NOTICE.
The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.
WM. PENNOCK,
J. DURIE,
THOS. PATTERSON
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3731m1

Legal Notices.

D. R. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.
H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants.
Dec 29, 1874. 3728-9 laws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.
COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.
Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-2awk2m

Carpets.

OTTAWA
CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from
Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,
[late Jacques & Hay,] Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.
A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

Druggists.

EAST END
Drug Store.
T. T. SHEPHERD.
Chemist & Druggist,
RIDEAU STREET,
CORNER OF DALHOUSIE STREET.
January 23rd, 1875. 3750

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
58 Sparks Street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa
Nov. 27 1874. 2426

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks, Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 20, 1874. 3880-8awky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal.
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 3, 1874. 3709y8awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3885-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa.
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY.
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C.
McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. | W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3867

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c. &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W.H. WALKER, | H.CASSELS,Jr. | P. PENNOCK
July 21, 1874. 3828

J. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 2639y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REHON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
C. B. FELLOWES, Q.C. | HORACE LAPIERRE,
MARTIN O'GARA, | 3808

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. | F. H. CHRYSLER.
June 3, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3328-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 28, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2382-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1874. 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry, Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2566-3m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultations at all hours. 2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st. 7-12y.

NOTICE.
All those having claims against the estate of the late Jas. Hogg, Billings' Bridge, will please communicate with his son, who has authority to deal with the matter.
Address, JOHN HOGG,
Billings' Bridge.
Jan. 19, 1875. 3746-3&2w

TALMAGE'S PAPER.
THE CHRISTIAN AT WORK.
"THE BEST RELIGIOUS PAPER."
A CHOICE OF
TWO BEAUTIFUL PREMIUMS.
An Illuminated Portfolio of Twelve Gems by Hendschel, each 8¾ x 10½ in., or the superb Chromo, "The Twins," 22x28 in., after Landseer Price $3.25, including postage. No extras of any kind. Without Premium, $3 per annum.
ATTENTION, AGENTS.
Liberal commission and exclusive territory. Samples and circulars free. Send Postal Card at once to
HORATIO C. KING,
Publisher,
Box 5105, New York
Oct. 28.

Insurance.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
Head Office,
Canada Agricultural Insurance Company, 245 St. James Street,
Montreal, Jan 18th, 1875.
Public Notice is hereby given that the Branch Office of this Company, located at No 34 Sparks-st., in the City of Ottawa, is closed from and after this date; and that Mr. Martin Wholeham is no longer authorized to do business for this Company, he having been discharged from said office. Our agents and patrons in the Ottawa District heretofore doing business with our Ottawa Branch are therefore hereby notified to address all communications and applications for insurance to our Head Office, in Montreal; also, all monies and notes for premiums due or for premiums on new risks, must be either paid into this office or to one of our regular authorized agents, or the Company will not be responsible for the same
EDWARD H. GOFF,
Managing Director.

PHŒNIX
Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
HARTFORD, CONN,
ASSETS OVER $10,000,000
DEPOSIT AT OTTAWA, 130,000
This Company, whose Agency in Canada was established in 1867, and whose income in the Dominion is nearly $200,000 from premiums alone, is prepared to receive applications for the General Agency for the Ottawa District from competent and trustworthy parties, who can make the business a speciality and give it their entire attention.
Address with references and experience, if any—
SIMPSON & BETHUNE,
Managers for Canada,
Montreal.
Ottawa, Jan. 23. 3750-1m

CHAS. DESJARDINS,
General Agent
Citizens Insurance Co'y.
CAPITAL, . . $2,000,000.
FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE.
Temporary Office:
York Street, near Sussex Street,
OTTAWA.
Ottawa, Jan. 23. 3750

THE
HAND IN HAND
Insurance Co.
Still continue to take Risks at
20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates
R. C. W. MacCUAIG,
Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity.
Jan. 9, 1875. 3737-3m

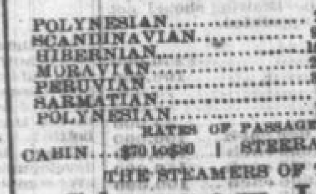
STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.
(FIRE AND LIFE.)
Authorized Capital . . $5,000,000
Subscribed to Date . . $2,000,000
LOCAL DIRECTORS:
RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.
O'CONNOR & WALLER, . . AGENTS.
THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards Canada, and on having deposited ... made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.
All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.
The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.
O'CONNOR & WALLER.
Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-12m

ROYAL CANADIAN
INSURANCE CO.
FIRE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.
Available funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.
ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,
AGENT,
36 SPARKS STREET, . . OTTAWA
Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"
CONTINUES TO TAKE
FIRE RISKS
On every description of insurable property,
AT REDUCED RATES.
T. M. CLARK, AGENT,
Corner Sparks and Elgin St
Dec. 18, 1874. 3722-12m

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



FROM PORTLAND.

POLYNESIAN	2nd	Jan.
SCANDINAVIAN	9th	"
HIBERNIAN	16th	"
MORAVIAN	23rd	"
PERUVIAN	30th	"
SARMATIAN	6th	Feb.
POLYNESIAN	13th	"

RATES OF PASSAGE.
CABIN.......$70 to $80 | STEERAGE.......$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE
Glasgow Line
are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
CABIN.......$60.
INTERMEDIATE.......40.
STEERAGE.......25.
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]
For through tickets and every information apply to
D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa July 22 1873.

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from New York
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, or Belfast:
Cabin $65 to $70 gold, according to accommodations.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent
GOULDTHRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

Summary of News.

The cross-examination of Moulton in the great scandal trial yesterday elicited nothing but what is already known to all who can manage to read the nasty evidence published in some of the papers.

The House Committee of the United States Senate on appropriations yesterday agreed to insert a clause in post office appropriation bill to appropriate as heretofore five hundred thousand dollars for carrying the monthly mails between San Francisco, China and Japan.

The bill for the creation of a Senate passed its first reading in the French Assembly yesterday by a vote of 27 yeas to 188 nays. The Left and the Legitimists opposed the first reading.

There is a rumour that Mr. Layard, the British Minister, will soon be withdrawn from Madrid. It is reported that he does not conceal his Republican sympathies.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Spanish King.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—An autograph letter from King Alfonso was delivered to Queen Victoria on Saturday, formally advising her of his accession to the throne, and assuring her of his intention to rule over Spain on constitutional principles.

A similar notification has been received by France.

French Troubles.

The *Times'* correspondent at Paris telegraphs, that it is considered that the Duke DeBroglie, by the part he took in Friday's debate in the Assembly, has dissipated all chances of forming a new Administration, as the vote on a motion to close the debate which was made and supported by his partisans proved there was a majority of nearly one hundred against him.

Duke DeCases recently sent a second to Mr. Dutemple to demand an explanation of certain letters charging him with violating his engagements. It is now announced that the affair has been amicably settled.

Death of the Countess of Carnarvon.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The wife of Earl Carnarvon is dead.

Severe Gale.

A terrific gale, accompanied by rain, has been raging on the British coast for two days. Innumerable casualities to sailing crafts are reported.

The Cable Steamer.

The Cable Company's steamer Faraday, instead of continuing at Wolfville, has proceeded to a Scottish port for repairs. She can hardly start again to try and pick up her cable off Newfoundland coast until the settled weather of next spring or early summer.

FRANCE.

Carlist and Alfonsist Convension.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—Information has been received from Madrid that a preliminary parley was held between the Carlists and the Alfonsists on the 23rd inst., when the basis of a convention was agreed to, the ratification of which on both sides is probable.

AUSTRIA.

A Compromise Effected.

VIENNA, Jan. 25.—The Montenegrin difficulty has been compromised. The citizens of Montenegro who are implicated in the Padgoritza massacre, are to be tried at witnesses of the evidence of the Turkish frontier town of Speesh.

Illness of a Statesman.

Francis Deak, the Hungarian statesman, is lying hopelessly ill.

UNITED STATES.

Fire.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—The ship chandlery house of Tucker, Bond & Co., Brooklyn, was destroyed last night. Loss, $50,000; insurance unknown.

Cold Weather.

The weather is cold, and the streets covered with ice, and are exceedingly dangerous. The ice in the rivers is quite heavy, causing ferry navigation to be protracted.

Death of a Judge.

Judge Maunsel D. B. Field died in this city yesterday, aged 53 years.

The Currency Bill.

Without formally approving or disapproving the recommendations made by the President in his recent message announcing his signature of the Senate caucus currency bill, the Senate Committee on Finance has concluded not to take any further action on this question this session. The trouble is that while the committee might agree upon some supplementary measuae which would actually turn the face of the country toward specie payment, it would be impossible to get such a measure through either House, and its introduction would only serve in reopening the debate which occupied so much of the time of Congress last session, and with no better results. While the majority of the members of the committee are fully aware of the imperfections of the caucus bill, they will not take the responsibility of bringing the caucus question before the Senate again during the Congress.

Differences in the Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The statements made that members of the Cabinet threatened to resign on account of differences on the Louisiana matter is authoritively denied. No such threat was made to the President, and there was no change in the tone or character of the message.

Fire in the Navy Department.

The Navy Department is on fire in the upper story. All the department is at work.

The fire in the navy department was completely under control by two o'clock, and all danger from spreading is over. Damage to the building is as much by water as by fire, if not greater. It is thought it originated from a defective flue, as the room in which the flames were first discovered was entirely unoccupied. Nearly all the papers were destroyed, but can be again supplied. The secretary's office proper, which is in the wing of the main building was not damaged, though every preparation was made for removing the furniture and official papers.

The Beecher Case.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—The Beecher trial recommenced this morning, when Moulton's cross examination was resumed.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—In the Senate to-day a large number of petitions were presented for the repeal of the Act of 1872, relieving certain foreign products of ten per cent duty, and against the restoration of the duty on tea and coffee. Referred to Committee on Finance. Senate Committee on Railroads met to-day, but did not, as was anticipated, act on Scott's Texas Pacific Railroad Bill. The time of the meeting was wholly occupied in hearing the argument of Kibble in advocacy of a bill to aid in the construction of a double track freight railroad from New York to Omaha. In the House a large number of bills were introduced, including two in regard to telegraph companies, and establishing rates. On the motion of Mr. Smith of Ohio, it was agree so that it should be in order to move an amendment to the Post Office Appropriation Bill, repealing the additional Pacific Mail subsidy.

Pacific Mail Scandal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.

The Ways and Means Committee met this morning. Mr. Garfield, chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, appeared, and said his committee had long delayed action on the Post Office appropriation bill, waiting for the report of this committee, and they were now desirous of having the benefit of the suggestions in regard to making appropriations for the Pacific Mail S. S. service.

Irwin was then re-called, and questioned as to what services his payments were made for. Witness substantially repeated his previous description of the character of the services rendered by Moran, Sherrel and Ingham, and explained the importance of being accurately informed of the number of votes that could be relied on from time to time, so as to estimate the comparative expediency of various courses of action. Cormick bored witness to death, and was paid to keep out of his way. Gov. Randall's services were of a general character. He kept them informed of what was going on, and used his influence with personal and political friends. Witness employed J. W. Forney by peremptory order of Stockwell. He was not employed to render any particular service, and witness does not know what he did. Forney was reluctant to accept employment, and told witness he did not think he (Forney) was needed. W. B. Shaw was employed by Stockwell at the instance of Henry Clews, whom witness characterized as the most innocent and ignorant member of the Board of Directors. Amos Cowine was also employed by Stockwell. Don't know of his doing anything for his money. Ward and Berritt had accurately stated the character of their services, and witness could give Committee no further information than had heretofore been developed concerning the employment and services of Abert and Chittenden. Witness testified he had made an error regarding the amount paid by him to Whiting. Although Whiting at first asked $100,000, he afterwards compromised on $65,000. Witness by mistake drew the check for $100,000, but Whiting returned him $35,000. Witness also swore that he was now satisfied that $200 sent by him to the Washington *Sunday Herald* never reached it. The small sum paid the *Patriot* was for advertising. Neither paper was paid anything except as above stated, and the rest of the fifteen hundred dollars mentioned was paid out solely for job printing. Witness himself selected and employed Schumaker. The amount agreed upon to be paid for his services was fixed by Mr. Schumaker. It was wholly contingent on success, and did not strike witness as unreasonable. He himself had several times been offered sums as large as $100,000 for similar services, and declined them. He considered that if he were worth that much, Schumaker was worth what he asked. Witness had no knowledge of what was done with the $300,000. He had no agreement or understanding whatever with Schumaker looking to its disposition. Witness said that $140,000 had passed through his hands in addition to the $150,000, but he had already given the committee the names of all persons to whom money was paid. Schumaker never gave him any intimation that he could control any votes. Witness was not aware of any Congressmen who changed their votes. In response to a remark from Mr. Wood, that it was to be hoped the witness would make clear why he had paid out such suspiciously large sums, he said he had known $250,000 to be paid to [illegible] another matter. Irwin said he would charge $5,000,000 to work for another subsidy. The large sums were all contingent, and were not paid till after the passage of the bill. Witness was strictly cross-examined by several members of the committee with reference to the employment of Shaw, and answered unhesitatingly that Shaw was employed by Stockwell in pursuance of arrangements made by him, Shaw, Stockwell and Clews, in regard to pools and stock operations, and that Shaw's employment had nothing whatever to do with newspaper influence, or with any other newspaper man.

Mr. KASSON called witness' attention to the fact that the committee has been charged on his alleged authority with failing to follow up all the clues he had placed in their hands, and not asking him sufficiently, and searching questions, and Kasson now requested him to state in the fullest possible manner whether he has any knowledge of anything whatever that could lead the Committee further on towards the ultimate resting place of this money paid by him. Irwin, in reply, swore positively that he had no such knowledge. On the suggestion of Beck, he agreed to write out a true statement, covering all the material results of his seven days' examination, and to have it ready by next Wednesday.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(*By Telegraph.*)

TORONTO.

Registration Statistics - Cooke's Church - The Weather - Assault.

TORONTO, Jan. 25.

The City Clerk's report for the week ending January 23rd, showed: Births, 24; marriages, 33; and deaths, 6.

Last evening the Rev. J. G. Robb delivered a lecture on the doctrine of Transubstantiation, as taught in the Church of Rome.

This morning at three o'clock the weather was fine, and the temperature only three degrees below the freezing point.

On Saturday night a policeman who went into McAlpine's tavern, where liquor was being sold, was assaulted by Mrs. McAlpine with a hatchet. She and her husband were both arrested.

BOUCHERVILLE.

Sad Calamity—A Husband Sees his Wife and Children Burned to Cinders.

BOUCHERVILLE, Jan. 25.

A fire occurred at two o'clock this morning at the farm house of Pierre Dulude, about two miles from here. The man retired early, and left a fire burning in the kitchen. He was awakened by smelling smoke, and on going down stairs found the carpet on fire. He called to his wife, and ran to the barn to get a ladder by which his wife and eight children who were in the second storey might escape, as the stairway was on fire, but before he could get back the whole building, which was a wooden one, was in flames, and the wife and children were burned to death. Dulude escaped with nothing on but his night dress, and was so badly burned in his efforts to save his family, that he is not expected to live. The wife and children are literally burned to ashes, and only fragments of them can be found. The eldest child was about 13, and the youngest a baby in arms. A reporter is just starting for the scene, but it is doubtful if he can get through, the roads are so very bad.

CORNWALL.

Fatal Accident.

CORNWALL, Jan. 25.

By the giving way on Saturday of an embankment in Clark Grey's gravel pit, sixth concession, Cornwall, Henry Winters was killed, and Adam Macpherson and T. Bush seriously injured. Winters leaves a large family unprovided for.

MONTREAL.

Recorder's Court—Fire—Housekeeping under Difficulties—Arrest of a Jeweller—Curliana Stock Market.

MONTREAL, Jan. 25.

Twenty-four prisoners make their obeisance to Recorder Sexton this morning to answer for their Saturday night's carousal.

On Saturday afternoon some empty trunks placed too near the furnace in the St. Lawrence Hall ignited, but were promptly extinguished with the aid of a couple of the small Babcocks with which the building is well supplied.

Mrs. Connors, the married girl aged 15, who ran away from her husband of 17, and sought refuge in a house of ill repute, has consented to return in preference to going to gaol. In defence of her conduct she pleaded insufficient support, adding that without fire, and only a straw bed with one little coverlid, it was very cold.

On Saturday last, Mr. William Murray, of St. Joseph street, was arrested on a *capias* for $3,200.66 issued on the petition of Mr. A. W. Russell, of Toronto, partner in the firm of Messrs. T. Russell & Co., watch manufacturers, of Liverpool. Mr. Russell deposed that Murray was secreting and making away with his effects with intent to defraud his creditor.

The following score was made by the eight members of the "Thistle Curling Club" who competed for the Governor General's Medal on Thursday last:—Jno. M. Kirk, 13; T. K. Alexander, 14; Jno. L. Craig, 11; Geo. S. Brush, 17; Thos. Ross, 15; Jas. Esdaile, 21; Saml. Greenshields, 14; David Mair, 17; total, 122.

The Stock Market this morning was irregular. Montreal was firmer. Telegraph was slightly lower. Royal Canadian, 97, closing, 96¾ to 97¼; Montreal, 187, closing, 187 to 187¼; Telegraph at 177¾, closing, 177¾ to 178; Merchants', 117¼, closing, 117 to 117¼; Commerce, 133¼ to 133½.

RENFREW.

Curling Match.

RENFREW, Jan. 25.

A curling match was played here on Saturday afternoon between four of the Arnprior and four of the Renfrew clubs. Arnprior—Messrs. McCuen, McRae, McLachlin, and Parks. Renfrew—Messrs. McIntyre, Stewart, Fraser, and Barber; Messrs. McCuen and McIntyre, skips. The score at the end of the three hours' play:—Arnprior, 13; Renfrew, 23.

GALT.

Fire—Death from Suffocation.

GALT, Jan. 25.

About three o'clock on Friday evening a fire broke out in a large rough-cast house on North Water street. The engine being quickly on hand, the fire was very soon extinguished. On getting the fire under, the firemen burst open the door of a room occupied by a woman named Mrs. Somerville, a peddler, and she was found lying on the floor. She was carried out of the house and into a neighbour's, but she expired in a few minutes. It is not known whether she was suffocated or not. It is reported she had been drinking in the forenoon.

LONDON.

Tory Nomination—Election Protests.

LONDON, Jan. 25.

A Tory mass meeting on Saturday night, ratified the nomination of Mr. J. H. Fraser, barrister, and he is now definitely in the field as the Opposition candidate for the Commons.

Protests ... Mr. Tooley. There is ample evidence to unset both of them, and personal charges are also likely to be made and proved.

GEORGETOWN.

Infanticide.

GEORGETOWN, Jan. 25.

The body of a male child was found under a sofa in Bennett's Hotel on Saturday morning. An inquest was held in the afternoon, but no facts were elicited that would lead to identification. The inquest was adjourned until next Wednesday, to allow Dr. Starr to make a *post mortem* examination to ascertain the cause of death.

WYOMING.

Died by the Roadside.

WYOMING, Jan. 25.

An inquest was held on Friday upon the body of one Frank Howard, who was found early in the morning in a dying condition on the roadside at the junction of the Townships of Brooke, Enniskillen and Plymptom. From the evidence adduced it was found that deceased, with three other men, who are working upon a Government drain, went to the village of Wanstead the evening previous, procured a jug of whiskey and started on their return to the boarding shanty, some four miles distant, late at night. When about half way home Howard was left behind his companions, and being helpless suffered so severely from the cold that he only survived a few moments after being found. A verdict in accordance with the above facts was rendered.

A CARD.
To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.
Oct. 7, 1874. 3801y d&w.

FRESH OYSTERS IN SHELL.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

Burnett's Cocoaine for the hair has stood the test of time and competition. It has established a reputation for purity and efficacy in every quarter of the world. For twenty years it has been a favorite with the people and a leader with the trade. The name "Cocoaine" has become a valuable property. We have established our *sole* right to its use in several suits at law, thus protecting the public and ourselves from imposition. 3748

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

Remember the Auction Sale of Winnipeg property to-day. See advertisement.

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&a

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

Remember the Auction Sale of Winnipeg property to-day. See advertisement.

Quebec Legislature.

Second Parliament—Fourth Session.

QUEBEC, Jan. 25.

The House met at 3.15 p.m. After routine proceedings

Hon. Mr. ANGERS presented the report of the Private Bills Committee extending the time for the introduction of private bills till Friday, 29th inst.

The following bills were introduced—Mr. Alexander:—To amend the act incorporating the city omnibus and transfer company. Mr. Langeleir: To amend the act incorporating Catholics speaking the English language. Mr. Bachand: To erect the parish of St. Prudentienne into a municipality for school, municipal and electoral purposes. Mr. Trudel: Bill respecting bailiffs of the Province of Quebec. He explained that it was to incorporate the bailiffs into a body, thus making the trade a profession. Mr. Irvine: Bill to incorporate the Megantic Mining Company. Mr. Trudel: To exempt certain conditional substitutions from the formality of registration.

The Hon. Treasurer ROBERTSON, in reply to Mr. Bellingham, said the estimates were in the hands of the printers, and so soon as they were distributed, he would move the House into Committee of Supply.

The following bills passed through Committee:—To amend the act of incorporation of the Laurentian Railway Co.—Pelletier, L'Assomption; To amend again the act of incorporation of the Missisquoi and Black River Valley Railway Co.—Lynch, read a third time and passed; To incorporate the Sherbrooke Gas Co.—Hon. Mr. Robertson, read a third time and passed; To authorize the Bar of the Province of Quebec to admit James Cruickshank as a member.—Hon. Mr. Laframboise, read a third time and passed; Bill to intitule an act to incorporate La Communaute des Sœurs de la Charite de St. Germain de Rimouski.—Chauveau, was read a second time.

Hon. Mr. MALHOIT, in answer to Mr. Langelier, said the Government had under consideration the question of appointing a Registrar for the county of Timescouta.

Mr. HEARN asked whether it is the intention of the Government before the end of this session to adopt means to redress the grievances of the Turnpike Trust Company, as set forth in a petition addressed to this honourable House on the 9th of last month, by the Warden and members of the Municipal Council of the district of Quebec.

The Hon. Treasurer ROBERTSON said it was not the intention of the Government to take any steps other than to issue a commission to enquire into the subject.

Mr. BEAUBIEN suggested that the commission should be instructed to enquire into the state of the Montreal Turnpike Trust Company.

Mr. HEARN asked whether it is the intention of the Government to include in the estimates of the next fiscal year a sum for the erection of a court house in the city and district of Quebec, and for departmental buildings, or for one purpose or the other.

Hon. Mr. GARNEAU said it was the intention of Government to put in the estimates a sum for public buildings, but in *interim* temporary arrangements had been made for the safe depository of public documents.

Mr. BELLINGHAM asked whether the attention of the Government had been drawn to a letter signed by Dr. Leonard ... dated St. Scholastique 31st ... been wrongfully arrested and confined in St. Scholastique jail for eight days, owing to the fact that neither a judge nor stipendiary magistrate reside there, the *chef lieu* of the judicial district of Terrebonne, and whether the Government will take any steps to preclude the recurrence of such incidents.

Hon. ATTORNEY GENERAL said as soon as he obtained the necessary information, for which he had applied, the Government would reply to the question.

Hon. TREASURER asked if Mr. Bellingham was yet prepared to go on with his motion with regard to the English loan.

Mr. BELLINGHAM declined to go on with his motion till after the Hon. Treasurer brought down his railroad resolutions, which were very important, as there were a number of serious rumours afloat concerning increased subsidies.

Mr. ALEXANDER supported the demand of the Hon. Treasurer. He wished the member for Argenteuil to proceed with his motion immediately, as its delay was seriously hindering, if not injuring, the market value of Montreal bonds, as well as those of the province.

After a short discussion,

Mr. BELLINGHAM's motion dropped, to be renewed when the railroad resolutions were brought down.

Mr. MAILLOUX moved for a copy of the report of the Government Commissioners in reference to an inventory of the vacant succession of the late Edward Fraser. Carried.

Mr. LANGELIER moved for copies of all correspondence between the Government of Quebec and that of the Dominion, respecting successions in escheat. Carried.

Mr. MOLLEUX moved for copies of any reports up to this time made to Government, either by the Provincial Railway Board or its engineers, together with a statement of all sums of money paid to the railway companies by law, entitled to public grants, together with copies of applications of companies or individuals for money, the legal authority under which such sums of money have been paid, and the names of the recipients. Carried.

Mr. BACHAND moved for a return of the fee of $100 paid on a bill, authorizing the Bar of the Province of Quebec to admit F. F. Nesbitt as a member. Carried.

On the motion of Dr. LARUE, the second report of the committee on Hygienie, &c., was adopted.

Hon. Mr. FORTIN moved for a statement showing the quantity of lands granted to C. Tennoyer and others of Quebec, the date of sale of each lot, names of purchasers, and dates of letters patent. Carried.

Mr. DAVID moved for copies of all correspondence between the gaoler of Montreal gaol and the Government in relation to the maintenance and food of the prisoners. He said it was a common occurrence for some poor people to commit some trivial offence to be sent to gaol, and so obtain food and clothing and shelter during winter. That the gaoler treated the prisoners well was clearly shown by their desire to return to gaol. The Corporation had appliied to Government to authorize them to make these prisoners work in the streets, as they, being an intolerably lazy set, could only be cured by hard work and plenty of it.

Mr. OUIMET said three-fourth of the prisoners in the gaol ought to be paid for by the corporation, and he hoped the Hon. Treasurer would in his statement recommend that such should be done. In the meantime, there should be Federal legislation to allow of the prisoners being employed.

The motion was carried.

Mr. MOLLEUR moved for a copy of the certified accounts furnished to the Treasurer of the Province of Quebec, under the act respecting judicial and other deposits, with a detailed statement of the amounts deposited, with the numbers and titles of causes, the names of parties, &c., by Michel Mathieu, Esq., Sheriff of the District of Richelieu, under the said act, as also copies of all correspondence between any member of the Government, or any of the Departments, and the said Michel Mathieu on the subject of these deposits. Carried.

6 ... anc. ... advo... ing of ... crown, ... 15th of ... also copies ... spatches, rep... by the said Ho... Deptuy from th... during the same p...

Mr. JOLY moved ... to an address of the 17th Dec. ... the subject of the licenses granted to cut timber on certain lots of the township of Jersey, sold last winter, and the claims made by the purchasers of the said lots, in addition to these licenses; also that copies of all documents laid before this hon. House, with the said return, be submitted to a select committee of five members appointed by the House, and of which the mover shall not form part, with instructions to enquire into the matter and report to this House, with power to examine persons, papers and records if necessary.

It being six o'clock the House took recess.

AFTER RECESS.

Mr. JOLY resumed the discussion on his motion with regard to Jersey settlers and lumbermen holding licenses to cut timber on their lands, charging the department with gross negligence in issuing such licenses over property which had already been granted for settlement. In some cases the occupants had been driven from their farms after they had made great improvements, and put a considerable amount of land under cultivation.

Mr. MALHIOT asked that the debate on the question be adjourned till to-morrow. He said the sales of some of the lands over which Mr. King had licenses to cut timber were not completed, but were subject to the approval or disapproval of the Commissioners of Crown Lands. Already at least 15 licenses had been cancelled on account of the non-fulfilment of certain conditions. His reasons for desiring the adjournment were that he might consult certain documents before making any further explanations.

After remarks from Mr. MARCHAND,

Mr. GERIN said he was prepared to admit the Administration of Crown Lands was one of the most difficult questions with which the Government had to deal, owing to the almost impossibility of reconciling the rights of license holders with those of the settlers of the land, and this could not be doubted. When timber limits were granted, the Commissioners should inform lumbermen which lots were exempted, and if this had not been done, the fault lay with the Commissioners.

The motion was then carried.

Mr. DANGELOIS bill to amend the Act to amend Article 69 of the Code of Civil Procedure relative to the summoning of dependants, was read a second time.

On the order for the resolutions respecting railways in the province, Mr. BELLINGHAM drew attention to the fact that the notice had been on the paper for over eight days, and should either be proceeded with or dropped.

Cries of "Drop."

Mr. ROBERTSON replied that he would bring them down as quickly as possible, but the Government had had so many things, and so many applications for increased grants, to consider.

Mr. MALHIOT moved concurrence on the report of the Committee of the Whole on resolutions respecting the contract between Her Majesty and Freres De Charité of St. Vincent de Paul for the care ... agriculture had been altogether abandoned.

Mr. MALHOIT answered that the Freres had suggested its abandonment, and besides country life was altogether contrary to the tastes of the boys, who were not to be considered. Besides in the country they were kept away from the temptations which beset them in town.

Mr. ALEXANDER said there was no doubt the remarks of the hon. member for Megantic were quite correct, namely, that the boys of the reformatory should be partly employed in farming, as well as learning trades, and this was the opinion both of the Abbe Ramsay and himself. When arguing the passage of the act, he hoped that the Rev. Father Eusebe might yet have this to some extent carried out, because there were some boys who had no aptitude for indoor occupation, and to such the learning of farming would be very important, not only to themselves but to the country, as we need in this country those fit to cultivate our farms. It is true that in connection with the institution on Mignonne street, there was a large piece of ground that might be cultivated by some of these boys. It was most important to teach the boys gardening, but the grounds were necessarily small, and he hoped the Rev. Father Eusebe would yet see the propriety, as well as his duty, to have a number of boys employed on a farm. Should he be spared to return to the city he would urge this upon his attention, in the interests of the boys, as well as of the country.

Mr. TRUDEL advocated teaching the boys a trade instead of placing them upon farms. He enlarged upon the chances which agricultural work gave the prisoners for escape.

Mr. BELLINGHAM said that in European countries the boys were not accustomed to attempt to escape, although engaged in the field. Besides, teaching the boys mechanical trades overweighed that class of industry. He thought, too, that the boys might be maintained at a less cost than that agreed to be paid.

Mr. BELLEROSE defended the contract as cheap, and the best that could be made, all things considered.

The resolutions were then adopted.

In answer to Mr. GERIN,

Mr. CHURCH said all due despatch was being used by the Tanneries Committee.

In answer to Mr. MARCHAND,

Mr. ROBERTS said the estimates had been in the hands of the printers for ten days. Every effort was being put forth to get them out.

The House adjourned at 9:40 p. m.

Post Office Robbery.

BOSTON, Jan. 25.—The lock box of the Mauvrick National Bank, at the post office, was robbed during Sunday of a large mail, containing remittances of unknown value.

Death of an Enemy of the Weed.

FITCHBURG, Mass., Jan. 25.—The Rev. George Trask, the well known anti-tobacco apostle, died suddenly of heart disease at his home in this place to-day, aged 78 years.

PAIN-KILLER.
After thirty-five years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Physicians of the first respectability recommend it as a most effectual preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but for Dysentery or Cholera, or any sort of Bowel complaint it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency, and rapidity of action. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.
It is used Internally and Externally.
Sold everywhere. Price 25 cts.
PERRY DAVIS & SON, Sole Proprietors.
January 13th, 1875. 274

Residents of Eastern cities can scarcely realise the profits arising to lot owners from the growth of a city of 5000 inhabitants from a hamlet of 300, in the space of 4 or 5 years, as in the case of Winnipeg.

THE TIMES

Is published every morning. Price 15 cents per week [illegible] in any part [illegible] FOUR DOLLARS per annum. [illegible] Advertisements [illegible] measure [illegible] Special Notices TEN [illegible] for Paragraphs, Reports [illegible] Financial Statements of Banks, Railway Companies, Insurance Companies, and others of like description, inserted amongst the Reading Matter, FIFTEEN CENTS PER LINE.

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Professional and business cards inserted on the first page for one year, when not exceeding twenty words, once a week, $8; twice a week, $12; and every day, $18, each word over twenty in the same proportion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50c and deaths with funeral notices attached $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents. When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Amusement: Gowan's Opera House.
Auction Sale: J. Bermingham.
Sale of City Lots: J. Bermingham.
Public Notice: E. H. Goff.
Wanted: Times Office.
Tenders Wanted: W. Powell.

HIS EXCELLENCY

The Governor General

WILL HOLD A

Drawing Room in the Senate Chamber,

AT 9 O'CLOCK, ON

Thursday Evening, 4th of Feb.

Ladies and Gentlemen attending to be in FULL DRESS.

Regulations will be published next week.

F. ROWAN HAMILTON,
A.D.C in Waiting.

Jan. 21st, 1875. 3748

The Times.

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JAN. 26, 1875.

THE WARDENSHIP OF CARLETON.

To-day the County Council of Carleton meets at the Court House. Their first business will be the choice of a chairman, and judging from what we have heard within the past few days, the contest will be close between Mr. Holmes, a former Warden, and Mr. Morgan, the late occupant of the chair, these gentlemen being both favourably spoken of by their respective supporters. In fact, the canvass is about as warm, although confined to narrower limits, than that for the Local, through which Mr. Morgan has lately passed; but we predict for him better success in this instance than in that. Mr. Morgan has for eight or nine years occupied the Warden's chair, and if untiring attention to the business of the county, and an economical administration of its affairs are to be considered as forming a claim upon the confidence of the new Council in the choice of their chairman, then Mr. Morgan will, we think, be the elected of to-day. But there is another reason why Mr. Morgan should be the County Warden, and which is of special significance as "the plot thickens." Next season we expect a large addition to our floating population in connection with the proposed Provincial Exhibition. Now it happens that Mr. Morgan has perhaps the most extensive acquaintance of any man in the county of the representative men who may be expected to visit the city at that time, whether on business or pleasure; and it would certainly be desirable on account of the intimate nature of the relations between the County Council, representing as it does the agricultural interests of the county, and the Board of Arts and Agriculture, to have one so well qualified, as their present representative to the Board, occupying the highest municipal position on that occasion. There are other reasons why Mr. Morgan should be re-elected, which, in view of the almost certainty of that event, it might be in the interest of good feeling not to mention.

THE HEALTH OF THE CITY.

Dr. Lynn, the Medical Health Officer of the city, presented a very important report to the Council some time ago, the contents of which are calculated to command some attention. We premise by saying that, considering the inadequate nature of the materials within the doctor's reach, of which he complains in his report, the statement is wonderfully complete and exhaustive. It informs us, in the first place, that we have been comparatively free from the presence of any epidemic, with the exception of a virulent type of small-pox, the prevalence of which was by no means alarming, and typhoid fever, which he regards as having been sufficiently serious not to be lightly considered. Of course we bow to Dr. Lynn's professional opinion, but we can scarcely help saying that the public regard the matter of small-pox more seriously than he appears to do—regard the condition of the city in that respect, indeed, as having been at one time positively alarming. This, of course, is another illustration of the incomplete information upon which the public are too frequently content to form an opinion. In one respect, however, we can fully agree with Dr. Lynn, that is, when he says that the disease having lingered around the city for many years, it is ready at any time to spread with increased malignity to proportions hitherto undreamt of, and the duty of every good citizen is clearly, as insisted upon in this report, to leave nothing undone himself, and stir up his fellow-citizens and the authorities to leave nothing undone, which would tend to stamp out completely the lurking germs of this dreadful scourge. The truth seems to be that after all, the Medical Health Officer shares considerably in the popular idea that the prevalence of the epidemic is really something to be regarded with a good deal of dread, and we presume that his somewhat qualified tone in the first sentences of the report was due to a desire not to unduly alarm or excite the citizens. Both alarm and excitement are demoralizing and paralyzing, and we admire the policy which dictated the propriety of being first reassuring and then sternly truthful. The importance of preventive measures cannot be urged at the present moment with too much vehemence and importunity, especially when we are told, as Dr. Lynn tells us, that "the epidemic by which we "are surrounded is of a type more malig"nant than has been known to other "generations; and reports from the "various countries of Europe and from "the United States agree that from some "cause, up to the present unknown, there "exists in the human body a readiness to "receive both the virus of small-pox and "the virus of vaccine disease, such as no "one now living has seen before." We are sorry that in regard to one of the preventives—indeed we might almost say the only one—insisted upon in the report before us, we are much less enthusiastic than is Dr. Lynn. The doctor admits that there is a strong prejudice in the minds of some against vaccination. If the feeling could properly be termed a prejudice, which it is easy to assert but not so easy to prove, we confess to sharing in its somewhat, although perhaps not what might be deemed strongly. We do not propose to discuss the subject here, for we frankly admit, although there is considerable difference of opinion among the medical faculty themselves, that the weight of evidence so far is in favour of the practice, and Dr. Lynn's selections from the authorities are well and effectively made, having in view his desire to root out what he is pleased to call a prejudice. When he demands precautionary measures, in cases where the disease already exists, of course we are quite at one with him, but in dealing with the propriety of isolating the patients, he touches on a subject which in other cities has led to a good deal of dissatisfaction. To the bare theory of isolation we presume no one is prepared to offer any objection, but when we come to put the theory into practice, there is no end of difficulty. How this difficulty arises will immediately be apparent from the following quotation from the report:—"In such houses as have large airy apart"ments which can be placed at the dis"posal of the sufferer, no necessity exists "for removal, providing the inmates of "such houses have sufficient discretion to "maintain the necessary degree of seclu"sion; but as the dwellings of our poorer "classes are small and confined, and a "number of the family frequently occupy "the same apartment, no time should be "lost in such cases in removing the pa"tient to hospital, and thoroughly "cleansing and ventilating the apart"ment." This very same principle was attempted to be put into force in Toronto the year before last, when small-pox threatened that city, but it was found that it operated exclusively in relation to the poor, whose families were sometimes rudely broken in upon, and their sick and dying hauled to the hospital, from which they rarely ever came out again alive. It is very true that any exemption from this rule might be prejudicial to the public health, and that as a matter of fact what Dr. Lynn contends for would be the best safeguard the city could have in case the disease became prevalent; but the simple fact that it would, on the very principle laid down in this report, leave the family circle of the poor man open to be invaded and broken up at any moment, while the rich would be permitted to tend their own sick in their own houses, is a fatal weakness to it, and would prevent its ever being carried successfully into practice. The feeling in Toronto on the occasion to which we refer is well known to have been so intense that the City Council were compelled formally to repeal the by-law. This, indeed, has been the experience in all cities and in all countries. Love of family is as strongly characteristic of the poor as it is of the rich, and unless the latter were compelled also to hand over their sick to the care of the hospital surgeons and nurses immediately they were known to be affected, the enforcement of such a law would be a continual outrage upon the most sacred feelings of the majority of the community—all the greater an outrage, probably, because they would feel that it was their poverty that subjected them to it. If increased hospital accommodation were afforded by the city—and we thoroughly agree with Dr. Lynn that some such accommodation is required instanter, for at present we are practically without it—and the use of it made optional except in certain cases, we can see no objection that could be reasonably made to all the report before us contemplates; but otherwise we fear that its one sided operation would be an insuperable barrier to its success. We say all this while frankly admitting that the principle is correct.

We wish we had space to recapitulate all that Dr. Lynn has to say on the subject of typhoid fever. We are not aware that this epidemic is more prevalent in Ottawa than in the other cities of the Dominion, but certainly it is no fault of the sanitary condition of the streets and houses if it is not. We do not know if it be with good reason, but typhoid fever has the reputation of being the scourge of Canada. Dr. Lynn's remarks on the condition of the city previous to the introduction of the water works and its effect in propagating fever are strongly framed, but we believe really well deserved. It is a blessing, as he says, that we have a much brighter prospect to look forward to now. His suggestions in regard to the removal of night soil, which at present is a scandal both because it is systematically neglected and also because of the regulations which apply to it, are good, and ought to commend themselves to the Board of Health. The same remark would apply to keeping backyards and premises free from accumulations of filth. From his remarks in regard to our slaughter houses we extract the following sentences, which truly disclose a state of matters of which our Board of Health and City Council ought to be heartily ashamed:—

"All the instances which have come under notice during my period of office, must fade into insignificance before the abominations which have hitherto done duty as slaughter-houses, in whose favour, whether as regards structure or maintenance, I have not a word to say. No language can convey too strongly their evil effects on the health of the city, and nothing short of their complete and timely removal can be for one moment entertained. There are nine of these places, two in Upper Town and seven in Lower Town, all of which contaminate the air or the water, or both air and water of the neighbourhood. The two in Upper Town being entirely constructed of wood, and unprovided with gutter, trough or reservoir of any kind, are thoroughly saturated with animal matter, and filthy beyond description. Cases of typhoid fever have occurred in these localities, which must unquestionably be, in part, attributed to the presence of slaughter houses. The seven in Lower Town, also of wood, are built either over the edge of the Rideau River, from which water is largely drawn for domestic purposes, and which has been arrogated as the receptacle for blood, offal and fecal matter, or border on the water's edge, and are provided with slides or openings to convey their refuse to the water. In this neighborhood, too, typhoid fever, diarrhœa and dysentery have been prevalent."

If this *expose* does not bring about a remedy, it will be because our Corporation must have grown dead to all sense of their public duty. The concluding paragraphs of the report are devoted to the advocacy of public baths, and of some system of preventing the adulteration of food and liquors, which Dr. Lynn believes to be extensively practised in the city. In both these instances, it is to be hoped he will have the sympathy and active co-operation of the authorities.

It is to be regretted that greater facilities are not afforded for the compilation of statistics of the number of deaths occurring and their causes. The report very properly states that a record of the causes of death in each case is kept at the several cemeteries in other cities, and we see no reason why the same thing should not be done here.

Dr. Lynn is an able and painstaking officer, and gives an amount of attention to his duties which is very creditable to him. His report is an excellent illustration of the thorough manner in which he does his work, and he deserves every consideration at the hands of the Council and the citizens.

Correspondence.

THE WATER SUPPLY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES:

Sir—Observing your remarks in this morning's issue on the scarcity of water, and the difficulty that many, especially the poor, experience in obtaining it, permit me to remark that this might be obviated by the water works giving an auxiliary supply from some public place in the Upper and also in the Lower Town, where barrels might be filled during certain hours of the day, such as is done in Quebec. The arrangement, while profitable to the company, would be of inestimable benefit to a great portion of the inhabitants. Of course the charge is supposed to be even less than drawing from the river.

Yours respectfully,
HUMANITAS.

Ottawa, January 23, 1875.

Extensive Undertaking Establishment.—Messrs. Angus & Co. have turned their old furniture warerooms into a large and complete undertaking establishment, which will be carried on under the able management of Mr. Robert Williams, long and favourably known for his good taste and judgment in that line of business in Montreal, where he has had many years experience in managing most of the first class funerals of that city. Mr. Williams trimmed and decorated both of those imposing funeral cars of the late Hon. T. D. McGee and the late Sir George E. Cartier, and the universal admiration of his handiwork on both of those occasions is a sufficient guarantee of his skill in the business. Messrs. Angus & Co. are prepared to furnish magnificent hearses, either to show glass or not, as may be required, mourning coaches made up and trimmed plain or in first class style. If desired, parties can have coffins made to order, beautifully trimmed inside with Egyptian shroud, a style only known, in this country, to Mr. Williams. Messrs. Angus & Co. will also keep on hand a large assortment of trimmed coffins and caskets, from the commonest wooden coffin to the most elaborate air tight metallic burial case, and expect, by reasonable charges and strict attention to the business, to obtain a large share of the public patronage. 3748

Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695-1m

The Event of the New Year.—The holidays are ended, and the serious work of the New Year begins. The first important event before us is the last drawing of the Library Gift Concerts, which takes place in Louisville, Ky., February 27th. This drawing will as certainly take place on that date as the day arrives, and to guarantee this Gov. Bramlette offers to return their money to ticket holders if the drawing is not had at the time appointed. What more could be asked? All that is needed is to buy your tickets *in time*, and you may count on having your prizes on the 27th day of next February. 3745 d&w

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Musca Wine. 3698

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

New York Bay Oysters in Shell.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

The best value in Winceys at Bryson's. 3695 1m.

FOWLE'S

PILE AND HUMOR CURE

For Internal and External Use

WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 3713

Dec. 14. 18

Berkeley, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, Henry Allpass.—To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills. 3805

Auction Sales.

Tuesday, January 26th.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

200 City Lots

—IN—

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

The subscriber has been instructed to offer by Auction, at his Rooms, on Elgin street, opposite the Russell House, on

Tuesday, 26th January,

200 CITY LOTS IN THE CITY OF WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

These lots are high and dry and very

ELIGIBLY SITUATED

—NEAR THE—

MAIN STREET,

Victoria Park and the Red River.

Winnipeg is already a thriving city of 5,000 inhabitants, and must always be the great distributing point and

Commercial Centre

of the North West, and in the era of R. R. devolpment now entered upon employing thousands of men, its trade and population is likely to quadruple within the next two years.

Grading has been commenced upon the

Pembina Branch R. R.

and tenders are now asked for, by advertisement, for the grading of the

Thunder Bay and Red River.

branch of the C. P. R. R. The Menonites are swarming into the Province, Municipal improvements are active and the growth of the

City and Province

will exceed anything ever before read of.

This property has to be sold to meet payments on other purchases made by the proprietor, and is, at the prices realized so far, a

Much better Investment

than that it pays for.

The sale will be peremptory, every lot offered being sold, no reserve bid, no upset price.

Plans of the property, pamphlets and views of the City may be seen at the

AUCTION ROOMS,

Opposite the Russell House,

where Mr. Burrows will be found all day on Monday and Tuesday to give information respecting the property.

Messrs. Walker, Cassels and Pennock, Solicitors.

J. BERMINGHAM,
AUCTIONEER.

Ottawa, Jan. 25th, 1875.

Auction Sales.

Household Furniture

BY AUCTION.

The subscriber is instructed by Mr. A. E. GENDREAU, to sell by Public Auction, at his residence, Wellington-st., a little below the Scotch Church, on MONDAY, the 25th inst., commencing at 11 o'clock, all his Household Furniture, comprising a very fine B. W. Parlor Suite in hair cloth, an excellent Lounge in green repp, and finely upholstered; Brussels, Tapestry and Kidderminster Carpets, B. W. Centre Table, Mirrors, Trifle Tables, Pictures and Ornaments, Dining Table, Side Board, Chairs, China, Glass and Crockery, B. W. Bedroom Suite, Spring Mattrass, Hair do, Wash Stands, Dressing Tables, Bedsteads, Mattrasses, and numerous other articles that cannot be mentioned.

The Furniture is good, being but a short time in use, and the sale positive, commencing at 11 o'clock sharp, on Monday, the 25th inst.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Jan. 20, 1875.

Auction Sale

OF VERY VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS,

Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.

HECTOR McLEAN

Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, THE 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:

License No. 161, season of 1873-4, comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.

License No. 168, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vielle Branch, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.

These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1871, consisting of about 87 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN,
Ramsay.

Dec. 30th, 1874 3731-td

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land

Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice as the owner is in want of money.

For particulars apply to

JOHN W. MAGUIRE,
25, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester

Or, Ottawa P. O.
Sept. 2, 1874. 2881

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874. 3809

Miscellaneous.

S. ROGERS,
UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape, Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa

No 18 349

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well-known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established

AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the Spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEMIEUX,
Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.

Nov. 6, 1872.

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveller.*

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates, in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patrons for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

Harper's Bazar, one year $4 00

$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The seven numbers of Harper's Bazar, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

Hatters & Furriers.

DEVLIN'S

Fur Depots

416 Notre Dame-St., . . . Montreal.
11 Rideau-St., ... Ottawa.

White Rabbitt Jackets,

LADIES' SOUTH SEA SEAL JACKETS,

Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets,

Ladies Sea Otter Sets.

R. J. DEVLIN,
Manufacturer.

Jan. 11, 1875.

ALEX. BROBERY,

FURRIER,

45 Rideau-st.,

Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,

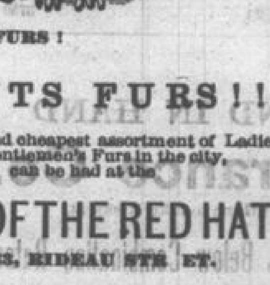
Is offering the balance of his

Stock of Winter Furs

AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3733



LADIES FURS!

GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,

No. 33, RIDEAU STR ET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to odrer by

JAMES PEACOCK,
No. 33, Rdeau Street.

Dec. 20th, 1874. 3724 ml

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.

—AT—

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Gift Enterprises.

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000 }
Two Prizes, $500 } **Each in Cash**
Five Prizes $100 }

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.

One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth $[illegible]

Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300

Three Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.

Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth $100 each!

2000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c.

Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 432,
Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874 3854 d&w

ANOTHER

OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift	....	$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift	....	100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	....	75,000
One Grand Cash Gift	....	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	....	25,000
5 Cash Gifts	$20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Dec. 23, 1874. 3726w2awkd&w

H. MEADOW'S & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!
COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Maggie E. Russell, G. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Brosseau & Weston, L. Grannell, Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
35 Sussex-St.

Oct. 8, 1874. 3838

Remedies.

MANHOOD RESTORED.—A victim of youthful imprudence, causing premature decay, nervous debility, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has found a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address,

J. H. REEVES,
78 Nassau-st., New York.

Jan. 22, 1875. 3743

THE FOLLOWING IS AN

Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

July 1874.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbidge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Henna, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dogong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Bal and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is Morson's PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½, and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodyne being unequal in strength, Morson & Son have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON.

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row,*

RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

Works—Hornsey and Homerton.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed with despatch 3845

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

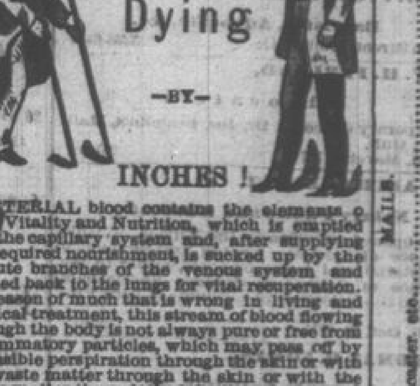
As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.



ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pustules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatoro Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acremonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only Medicine having control over this class of diseases is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE!

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the first time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

A BLESSING TO THE POLICE.

MONTREAL, 18th June, 1868.

Devins & Bolton:

Gentlemen,—Having been one of the many martyrs of rheumatism that I meet on my every day rounds, I was induced to try the celebrated DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. I had suffered the last five or six weeks the most terrible acute pains across my loins and back, so severe indeed that I could hardly walk with the help of a stick. I commenced the Diamond Remedy—following the directions carefully. Relief came immediately with the first bottle, improved rapidly with the second, completely cured and freed from pain after finishing my fifth small bottle. You are at perfect liberty either to refer to me privately or publicly, as I feel very thankful for the relief, and sympathise with my fellow sufferers from rheumatism.

Yours respectfully,
J. B. CARDINAL,
Sanitary Police Officer,
51 Labelle street.

In simple cases, sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto.

Or to DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec.

Price $1 per bottle; Large Bottles $2.

May 13, 1874.

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 18 years and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLERY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

June 23, 1874. W. YOUNG.

N. MARKS,

Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,

36—SPARKS STREET—36

Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine

JEWELLERY,

Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.

A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.

Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family, To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical,	Church, Turret,
Horizontal, Duplex,	Carriage, Chinie,
Chronometer, Chronograph,	Dining and Drawing-room,
Keyless, CentreSeconds	Hall, Shop,
Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, a moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. 2463-1wly

Mails.

POST OFFICE OTTAWA,

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time, 5 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1875

MAILS.	CLOSE.	DELIVERED.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc.	9.45 a.m. ... 1.15 p.m. ... 8 p.m.	6.30 a.m. ... 4.30 p.m.
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., Charlottetown, P.E.I., and all places in the Maritime Provinces and Newfoundland	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich.	[illegible]	[illegible]
British Columbia (at Vancouver Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York, through mail	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
South Gloucester and Orford Stations, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith's Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rochesterville, Skead's Mills, Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Eardley, Heyworth and Onslow	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by stage, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville, etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and River Desert, and intermediate offices daily	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mondays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Edinburgh, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gillies' Bridge, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]
Metcalfe, Wednesdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ramsay's Corners, Hawthorne, Eastman's Springs, Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 10.10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packages the same night.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamers will be closed at 1.25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

POSTAGE STAMPS

Are no longer sold at this office, but may be purchased from any of the licensed stamp vendors throughout the city.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Newfoundland, Great Britain and India.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

Exceptional Postage.—Postage to Hull, New Edinburgh and Rochesterville, 1 cent. per half ounce, if post paid; if unpaid, 2 cents.

Office hours from 8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Jan. 26, 1875.

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.,

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done at the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.

Dec 26, 1874. 3569

THE DIFFICULTIES [illegible]
MARRIAGE IN TH[illegible]
DEPARTM[illegible]

The Washington Capi[illegible]
tells the following:—
Whenever a treasury [illegible]
wants to get married sh[illegible]
inform her chief of the [illegible]
There are two Smiths (n[illegible]
special department of th[illegible]
mint, and both hit upon [illegible]
idea, a week or or two a[illegible]
ed, and both proposed to [illegible]
treasury by marrying ea[illegible]
course, both in the sa[illegible]
When countess No. 1 in[illegible]
the intellectual wa[illegible]
the treasury, that sh[illegible]
combine her heart an[illegible]
husband, and that hus[illegible]
Smith of his bureau, [illegible]
sweetly, and gave her som[illegible]
blessing. Pretty soon th[illegible]
Smith put in an appea[illegible]
was a hard jawed female o[illegible]
with work and gossip, and [illegible]
coy while in Spinner's pre[illegible]
"Well, madam, you ar[illegible]
married, hey?"
"Yes, General."
"Yer going to marry a [illegible]
said the old fellow modest[illegible]
know but there was a p[illegible]
marrying something else."
"Yes, General, Mr. Sm[illegible]
partment."
"Mr. Smith! Smith! [illegible]
man's a bigamist. He's [illegible]
or going to be. Clear th[illegible]
climb! Send in Smith, th[illegible]
deceiver of female innocen[illegible]
The lady left hurriedly, [illegible]
whom the other proposed [illegible]
soon appeared in the p[illegible]
chief. Smith is a harmle[illegible]
fellow, with pale eyes and[illegible]
"Smith! Smith!" exclaim[illegible]
ner in awful tones, "Sa[illegible]
scoundrel! Yer a treache[illegible]
unsuspecting female innoc[illegible]
You tried to marry two[illegible]
under my—nose—yer, [illegible]
Didn't yer Smith? Now [illegible]
think you can marr[illegible]
Treasury Department [illegible]
Smith, yer a foo[illegible]
allow any such rascally go[illegible]
body, not even myself. [illegible]
of those women, either o[illegible]
pecially the latter, and I'l[illegible]
but you try any bloody [illegible]
dodge on me or my wome[illegible]
bye John Smith! yer leav[illegible]
"But, General"—
"Don't 'but' me—you! [illegible]
till yourself into nothing—[illegible]
don't marry that woman—[illegible]
before this time to-morro[illegible]
you and prosecute you [illegible]
under false pretences. [illegible]
hoary-headed old sinner! [illegible]
pent! Fall on your knees [illegible]
ciful Heaven to forgive [illegible]
away yer sin in Gilead's [illegible]
soul! You outrageous di[illegible]
ham Young!"
It took seven days to e[illegible]
to the ancient watch-dog, a[illegible]
charged all four to make o[illegible]
hands were clean of bigam[illegible]

MANITOBA[illegible]

Cuttings from Winnipeg [illegible]
nary 9th.

The Winnipeg Ladies' S[illegible]
on Monday of this week, af[illegible]
mas holidays.
Soirees are getting very [illegible]
many on the tapis.
About one-third of the [illegible]
Trinity Church were sold t[illegible]
bidder on Tuesday evening[illegible]
age of about $60 per seat w[illegible]
A private letter from Ru[illegible]
our Mennonites here, says t[illegible]
lies of Mennonites will leav[illegible]
for this Province on the 27[illegible]
A mild winter is prop[illegible]
oldest inhabitants—that [illegible]
them; others go in for a [illegible]
You pays your money, a[illegible]
your choice.
Among the items now[illegible]
from Minnesota for this c[illegible]
three and a-half tons of [illegible]
man. All sorts of other th[illegible]
coming in large quantities.
The examination of scho[illegible]
in progress here to-day. [illegible]
through to-morrow and nex[illegible]
said that a sufficient numbe[illegible]
to fill vacancies have not p[illegible]
selves.
Mr. Fleming, lately here [illegible]
with the Transcontinental T[illegible]
has arrived at his home, Sa[illegible]
speaks highly of Manitoba[illegible]
having gained sixteen pou[illegible]
during his brief stay here.
Mr. Jas. S. Ramsay, City [illegible]
has received a communica[illegible]
John Ross, offering to nego[illegible]
the $260,000 city debentu[illegible]
per cent, the only proviso [illegible]
amendment to the city cha[illegible]
The *Whig*, of Kingston, [illegible]
d because the police cour[illegible]
had no "business fo[illegible]
and an election canvass goi[illegible]
d Winnipeg has had no po[illegible]
in a fortnight, and two ele[illegible]
going on!! Y. M. C. A. of[illegible]
note.
Exchange Hotel.—The f[illegible]
are registered at this hote[illegible]
land, C. M. Smith, G. North[illegible]
Crawford, James H. Emslie[illegible]
ward, J. W. Ross, W. E. [illegible]
Anderson, C. M. Clarke, J. [illegible]
B. Duffin, John Tyren, D. C[illegible]
Young, Frank Wendell, R[illegible]
Elliot, Albert Sargeant, M[illegible]
Parr, D. Young, C. N. Bell, [illegible]
Sgt. Stewart, H. Davidson[illegible]
C. Steele, D. B. Murray, D[illegible]
Chas. Wilcox, T. R. Newel[illegible]
G. L. Hope, Wm. Pulmen, [illegible]
J. S. Mitchell, D. Doupe, H[illegible]
J. Treherne, Mr. Mullholla[illegible]
son, Mr. Brandon, Mr. Norn[illegible]
Mr. Thackher, Robert Wyll[illegible]

Thomas' Excelsior Electr[illegible]
Ten times its weight[illegible]

Pain cannot stay where [illegible]
is the cheapest medicine ev[illegible]
bottle has cured bronchi[illegible]
worth has cured an old st[illegible]
positively cures Catarr[illegible]
Group. Fifty cents worth [illegible]
in the back, and the same [illegible]
back of eight years' standin[illegible]
ing are extracts from a fe[illegible]
letters that have been rece[illegible]
different parts of Canada, w[illegible]
should be sufficient to s[illegible]
sceptical. J. Collard, of S[illegible]
writes: "Send me six doz[illegible]
Electric Oil. Have sold all [illegible]
and want more now. Its [illegible]
wonderful." William Mag[illegible]
lin, writes: "I have sold all[illegible]
it acts like a charm—it w[illegible]
but takes splendidly now[illegible]
lona, writes: "Please for[illegible]
of Thomas' Electric Oil, I [illegible]
out; nothing equals it. It[illegible]
commended by those who h[illegible]
J. Bedford, Thamesville, w[illegible]
at once a further supply of[illegible]
have only one bottle left. [illegible]
anything sell so well, and g[illegible]
eral satisfaction." J. Tho[illegible]
ford, writes: "Send me s[illegible]
ectric Oil. I have sold ent[illegible]
thing takes like it." Mille[illegible]
verton, P. Q., write: "T[illegible]
is getting a great reputatio[illegible]
daily called for. Send us [illegible]
without delay." Lemoyne[illegible]
Buckingham, P. Q., write: [illegible]
gross Electric Oil. We [illegible]
well."
Sold by all medicine dea[illegible]
S. N. THOMAS, Phelp[illegible]
NORTHROP & LYMAN[illegible]
tario, sole agents for the D[illegible]
Note.—Electric—Selecte[illegible]
trated.

Bragg's Charcoal Biscuil[illegible]
Sapper's Bridge.

THE DIFFICULTIES ATTENDING MARRIAGE IN THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

The Washington *Capital* of this week tells the following:—

Whenever a treasury clerk (female) wants to get married she is required to inform her chief of the interesting fact. There are two Smiths (masculine) in one special department of the great national mint, and both hit upon the very natural idea, a week or or two ago, to get married, and both proposed to depopulate the treasury by marrying each a countess, of course, both in the same department. When ... No. 1 informed Spinner, the ... watch dog of the treasury, that she proposed to combine her heart and soul with a husband, and that husband was a Mr. Smith ... his bureau, Spinner smiled sweetly and gave her some advice and his blessing. Pretty soon the other embryo Smith put in an appearance. This one was a hard jawed female of forty, well worn with work and gossip, and proportionately coy while in Spinner's presence.

"Well, madam, you are going to get married, hey?"

"Yes, General."

"Yer going to marry a man, of course," said the old fellow modestly, as if he didn't know but there was a possibility of her marrying something else.

"Yes, General, Mr. Smith of this department."

"Mr. Smith! Smith! Dammisoul! the man's a bigamist. He's married already, or going to be. Clear the room, madam! climb! Send in Smith, till I see the vile deceiver of female innocence!"

The lady left hurriedly, and the Smith whom the other proposed to monopolize soon appeared in the presence of his chief. Smith is a harmless fussy little fellow, with pale eyes and bald head.

"Smith! Smith!" exclaimed Father Spinner in awful tones, "Smith, yer a d—d scoundrel! Yer a treacherous seducer of unsuspecting female innocence—yer soul! You tried to marry two women right under my—nose—yer, but you failed. Didn't yer Smith? Now, Smith, if you think you can marry the whole Treasury Department at once, Smith, yer a fool. I don't allow any such rascally goings on in anybody, not even myself. You marry one of those women, either one, but more especially the latter, and I'll call it square; but you try any bloody, bigamist, Utah dodge on me or my women and it's good-bye John Smith! yer leave!"

"But, General"—

"Don't 'but' me—you! Evaporate, distill yourself into nothing—depart! if you don't marry that woman—that last one—before this time to-morrow, I'll discharge you and prosecute you for making love under false pretences. So marry, you hoary-headed old sinner! Marry and repent! Fall on your knees and beg a merciful Heaven to forgive yer and wash away yer sin in Gilead's balm,——yer soul! You outrageous disciple of Brigham Young!"

It took seven days to explain matters to the ancient watch-dog, and then he discharged all four to make certain that his hands were clean of bigamy.

MANITOBA.

Cuttings from Winnipeg papers of January 9th.

The Winnipeg Ladies' School resumed on Monday of this week, after the Christmas holidays.

Soirees are getting very much and very many on the tapis.

About one-third of the pews in Holy Trinity Church were sold to the highest bidder on Tuesday evening last. An average of about $60 per seat was realized.

A private letter from Russia to one of our Mennonites here, says that 931 families of Mennonites will leave that country for this Province on the 27th proximo.

A mild winter is prophesied by the oldest inhabitants—that is, by some of them; others go in for a regular snorter. You pays your money, and you takes your choice.

Among the items now on the way from Minnesota for this city is one of three and a half tons of butter, for one man. All sorts of other things to eat are coming in large quantities.

The examination of school teachers is in progress here to-day. It will extend through to-morrow and next day. It is said that a sufficient number of teachers to fill vacancies have not presented themselves.

Mr. Fleming, lately here in connection with the Transcontinental Telegraph line, has arrived at his home, Sarnia, Ont. He speaks highly of Manitoba, and reports having gained sixteen pounds in weight during his brief stay here.

Mr. Jas. S. Ramsay, City Chamberlain, has received a communication from Sir John Ross, offering to negotiate the entire $260,000 city debentures, at ninety per cent, the only proviso being a slight amendment to the city charter.

The *Whig*, of Kingston, feels astonished because the police court of that city had no "business for five days, and an election canvass going on!" Wicked Winnipeg has had no police court case in a fortnight, and two election contests going on!! Y. M. C. A. of Ontario, please note.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—The following names are registered at this hotel: Mr. Sutherland, C. M. Smith, G. Northgraves, George Crawford, James H. Emslie, Lyster Hayward, J. W. Ross, W. E. Jones, William Anderson, C. M. Clarke, J. A. Menhuson, S. Duffin, John Tyren, D. C. Kinsey, Col. Young, Frank Wendell, Rufus Robert, J. Elliot, Albert Sargeant, Mrs. Clarke, J. Parr, D. Young, C. N. Bell, Thos. McLeod, Sgt. Stewart, H. Davidson, W. Lawrence, C. Steele, D. B. Murray, D. H. McMillan, Chas. Wilcox, T. R. Newell, Wm. Perce, G. L. Hope, Wm. Pulmen, James Doherty, J. S. Mitchell, D. Doupe, H. P. Smith, H. J. Treherne, Mr. Mullholland, W. J. Watson, Mr. Brandon, Mr. Norman, Mr. Arnot, Mr. Thackher, Robert Wyllie.

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3727

Bragg's Charcoal Biscuits at W. Hearn's Sapper's Bridge. 3748

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 3675-y

WHOLESALE

Ready-Made

CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTER,

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 24, 1874. 3680

Hardware, &c.

THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

For sale by all Oilmen.

Dec. 4, 1874 3719-y

OUR BRANDS OF ARCTIC —AND— Heavy Engine Oil

Are unequalled by any Machine Oils in the market. Guaranteed not to freeze. Orders solicited from consumers.

W. J. CRAVEN & Co., 444 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

Agents for Ottawa District—CALDWELL & Co., Sparks-st 3741y

HARDWARE,

HARDWARE.

No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware

In the city is to be found at

THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency

OTTAWA, ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Roe's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 28, 1874.

Hotels.

THE CLARENDON HOUSE, OTTAWA,

WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the Corner of Sussex and George Streets, within three to five minutes' walk of Post Office and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 1 th January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,

One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms

are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms

are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms

are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms

are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my Table will be one of the best in Canada.

N. B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.

Dec. 28th, 1874. 3729

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 19, 1874. 3692

CENTRAL! CONVENIENT!

THE DOMINION RESTAURANT

Rajotte's New Block, Wellington-st.,

(Opposite Parliament House.)

Now open, and holding out the best inducements in the way of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Lunches hot or cold from 12 to 3. Oysters in any style at all hours.

HARRIS & CLOSE, Proprietors.

Jan. 16, 1875 3744y

Books & Stationery.

NEW BOOKS.

Supernatural Religion, 2 vols	$8 00
The Greville Memoirs, 2 vols	4 00
Proctors' Transit of Venus	2 50
Opening a Chesnut Burr, by Rev. E. P. Roe	1 00
The Cloth of God and other Poems, by T. B. Aldrich	1 00
Chambers' Journal, bound volume for 1874	2 25
The Christian Treasury do do	1 75
Annual Register of Rural Affairs for 1875	30
Whitaker's Almanac for 1875	30

For sale at

HENDERSON & Co's.

39 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 23, 1875.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 28, 1874

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

FOR THE

PIANOFORTE.

It Stands the Test! Sells 25,000 Yearly, and is gaining friends everywhere.

No piano instruction book ever issued approaches it for real merit and worth, and no teachers regret using it in their course of instruction. This work is a power in the musical advance of the day, and has been a most important agent in the recent tremendous increase of technical knowledge of the Pianoforte.

The success of

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

is world-wide, and prompts many competitors but its sale surpasses that of all others COMBINED, and it stands to-day incontestably superior to all other Piano Methods.

Used by thousands of Music Teachers and sold by all Book and Music Dealers in this Country and Canada.

Price, - - - $3.75.

All books sent, post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

Government Notices

DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon on the

15th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875.

For the manufacture from Government cloth of such jackets and trowsers as may be required for militia purposes during the current year.

Patterns may be seen and further information will be given on application.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

W. POWELL, Lt.-Col., Dept. Adjt. General.

Ottawa, Jan. 26th, 1875. 3-awk. 3742

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, Jan. 25, 1874.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON, Commissioner of Customs.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Tenders for Grading—Fort William to Shebandowan.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender Pacific Railway," will be received up to noon of SATURDAY, the 27th of February next, for the Bridging and Grading required on that Section of the Pacific Railway, extending from the Town plot of Fort William, near Thunder Bay, Lake Superior, to Lake Shebandowan, about 45 miles in length.

For plans, specification, approximate quantities, forms of tender and other information, apply at the office of the Engineer in Chief, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications for that part of the line between Lake of the Woods and Red River, will be ready in the course of two or three weeks.

By Order, F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Dept. of Public Works, Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1875. 3748-6 2aw

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS who may have in their possession any

BOOKS

Belonging to the

LIBRARY OF PARLIAMENT,

Are requested to return the same without delay. The loan of Books to the public will be SUSPENDED from this date until further notice.

ALPHEUS TODD, Librarian.

Library of Parliament, 25th Jan. 1875. 3747-3

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector MacLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 100 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,543 feet, and of No. 3, 9,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by, this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order, E. A. MEREDITH, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior. WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles, Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed; None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO., Sparks Street, near Bank.

Furniture.

NEW Furniture Warerooms.

ANGUS & CO.

Dealers in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cornices and Curtains.

85 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite Heney's New Block.

Jan. 11, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND OR WEST OF CONNOR-ST. May 9, 1874. 3587

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 3514y

Boots & Shoes.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots, Embroidered and Plain Felt Congress.

Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress.

Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Felt Bals. Felt Overs.

A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter feet-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at REDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an entire clearance.

Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB, 28 Sussex-st.

Jan. 9, 1875.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre,

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN:

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for the candidates that buy their

BOOTS,

SHOES,

MOCCASINS,

MITTS, &c.

AT W. E. BROWN, 15 SUSSEX-ST.

As Their Heads Must be Level.

Dec. 21 1874.

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 12 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes, Mitts, Rubbers, Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand, Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN, Ottawa

Dec. 24, 1874.

NOTICE.

All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 28 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents,

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.

Dec. 17, 1874.

Life Assurance.

The Royal Mutual Life Assurance Company OF CANADA.

Head Office, ... Ottawa, Ont.

Capital: $100,000 in 1,000 Shares of $100 Each.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:

F. F. Jones, Esq., M. P. P. — James McCarty, Esq.
James Humphrey, Esq. — J. J. Fraser, Esq., M.P.P.
Henry Torrance, Esq. — C. R. Cooper, Esq.

Lees & Gemmell, *Solicitors.*
Henry T. Corbett, Esq., M. D., &c., *Medical Director.*
C. R. Cooper, *Manager.*
Arthur W. Wilson, Esq., F.I.A. & F.S.S., *Actuary.*
Merchants Bank of Canada, *Bankers.*

Quebec Agency . . . 235 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

FRENCH DEPARTMENT:

J. J. Lussier, Esq., M.D., *Examiner.*
F. G. Bouthillier, Esq., L.L.B., *Solicitor.*
J. A. B. Beique, Esq., *Manager and Secretary.*
Banque Ville Marie, *Bankers.*

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT:

P. O'Leary, Esq., M.D., *Examiner.*
W. R. Ford, Esq., *Agent.*

PROSPECTUS.

In view of the magnitude the Life Assurance interests have assumed of late years in Canada, the immense increase year by year, and in consideration that the bulk of the business is done by American Companies, the projectors of this Company feel that there is a vast field open for a profitable Canadian enterprise. According to the report of the Auditor of the Financial Department at Ottawa for 1873, there were 13,086 policies issued during the year; 8,037 by American Companies, 3,518 only by Canadian Companies, and 1,518 by English Companies; out of 35 Life Companies reporting to the Government, but four were Canadian. The total amount of Insurance effected was $21,434,594. The total income for the year was $2,586,261.84; out of this $1,512,331.94 was paid to American Companies, and only $511,235.85 to Canadian, and $562,693.05 to English Companies. The deposit with our Government amounted to $4,857,951. $593,599.49 was paid for death losses. Over two millions are sent out of the country to enrich American and English stockholders. This immense capital can be retained in the country, assisting to build up our commerce, railroads, canals, and all that materially tend to make us a nation, without much advantage to the policyholders as they now receive. No other investments in America have been considered so safe and remunerative as Life Assurance stock. In Canada, no Canadian Company has ever failed, and in the U. S., but two companies where the stockholders lost anything. $380,140,684.49 is invested in Life Companies in the U. S., and in Canada we have not probably $500,000. As evidence of the immense profitableness of Life Assurance stock, the following figures are taken from the New York Insurance Department Report for 1873, showing dividends paid to stockholders. Only those Companies doing business in Canada are cited:—

	Capital.	Dividend.	Balance as regards Stockholders.
Ætna	$103,000	$45,000	$2,144,503.56
Atlantic	110,000	8,050	25,176.11
Equitable	100,000	8,050	2,421,758.84
Globe	100,000	13,723	164,510.70
United States	250,000	18,350	632,264.98
Phœnix	16,000	960	666,767.12

Besides the immense surplus belonging to the stockholders, the above companies have large surpluses representing many millions belonging to their policyholders. Our few Canadian Companies have all paid large dividends. No difficulty has been found in procuring the immediate subscription of the whole stock of the Royal Mutual Life Assurance Company, but it was believed to be more judicious and more to the Company's interest, that the stock be distributed among the towns where the Company would probably open Agencies, thereby creating a local interest in every place. 3748

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co., Cincinnati, O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N. J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y., &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE .... 70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3640y

Hardware.

MOORE BROS.,

TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil.

General House-Furnishing Goods,

And Lawn Mowers.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS. OTTAWA.

Jan. 7, 1875. 3673

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES.

J. T MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces. Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Lamps & Chandeliers

The Largest Assortment in the City,

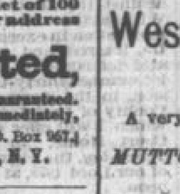
AT THE OIL DEPOT, SUSSEX-ST.

C. S. SHAW & CO.

Jan. 8, 1875.

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES! Restore your Sight!



THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES, By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957.) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender 738 Broadway, New York. 727

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer (Trade Mark secured) Montreal.

DR. FORROY,

CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN

May now be consulted in his

ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE

Hours from 10 a.m. until 5 p.m.

Dec. 19 1874 3711tfw

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH.

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds.
Geese from 8 to 16 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 23, 1874. 3726-tf

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN

December 22, 1874. Auctioneer, Sparks-

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual price

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY:

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

THOS. PATTERSON.

Dec. 21 1874.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 36 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not heresay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Aug. 1, 1874. 3484

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT DR. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, F.R.S.E., M.R.I.A., F.G.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success.

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN.

Dec. 5, 1874 3711m1

Ladies' Ware.

LONDON HOUSE!

We are showing

The Cheapest Fancy Dress Silks in the City.

UNEQUALLED FOR RICHNESS.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT

is under the superior management of MISS M. A. ARMSTRONG. The system we use is the Cornwall Chart, the only method in which a perfect fit can be secured.

HANEY & FORGIE.

Jan. 11, 1875. 3673y

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYANS,

234 Wellington-St

Dec. 5, 1874.

Dry Goods.

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING TAILORING

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7 50 upward.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars &c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA Marble and Granite Works, Established 186, by BY W. M. SOMERVILLE, Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

AGENCY OF Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works, OHIO SANDSTONE Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones, Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projecting, either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

COUNTY COUNCIL.—This municipal body holds its inaugural meeting this afternoon at two o'clock, in the Council Chamber of the Court House.

TAKEN HIS DEPARTURE.—The Hon. Mr. Walkem, Premier of British Columbia, left for his home in the Pacific Province yesterday.

CITY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—The adjourned annual meeting of the subscribers to this society will take place to-day (Tuesday) at the City Hall, at two o'clock p.m.

CITY ASSESSORS.—Messrs. Cousens, Stewart, and Traversy have been re-appointed assessors for this city for the current year. Nothing remains now but for these gentlemen to get to work with a view to an early completion of the work.

DIVISION COURT.—The Division Court was in session yesterday, before his Honour Judge Lyon. Judging from the number in attendance, there must have been considerable business of a judicial character to transact.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Alex Flockhart, Onslow; Alex Leitch, Bryson; H Ryan, F G Legut, Perth; W C Edwards, Rockland; David Stark, W T Cumming, Montreal; J E Maynord, H L Parvis, Arnprior; P White, jr., Pembroke; T D Taylor and son and daughter, city.

FROZEN TO DEATH.—A man named Jas. Drummond, of the Township of Beckwith, was found frozen to death in the yard of Moore's hotel, Franktown, on Wednesday morning last. The cause of his melancholy fate is attributed to whisky. He leaves a wife and children to mourn his untimely end.

YOUNG BRITON'S SOCIAL.—The next social of the Young Britons takes place to-night in the Johnston Hall, corner of Queen and O'Connor streets. Good music and refreshments are in store for those who attend. These entertainments have thus far proved very enjoyable, and this one will doubtless prove no exception in this respect.

VICTORIA WARD SEWER.—The contract for the main sewer in Victoria Ward was signed yesterday by Mr. George Crain and his sureties, the Hon. Malcolm Cameron and Mr. Gregor McEdward. Mr. Crain will at once proceed with this great and desirable work. The present dullness in the labour market will be removed in consequence.

THE BUTLER CONCERT.—To-night Prof. Butler assisted by several ladies of his musical class in the Ladies' College, will give a concert in aid of St. Andrew's Church, in the basement of that building. The proceeds are to be devoted to the building fund of the church, a fact of itself, which should ensure a large audience.

THE BY WARD MARKET.—The long and vexed question of the purchase of the "Corcoran" property for the By Ward market has at length been settled. All the necessary papers conveying that estate to the city were signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of His Worship the Mayor yesterday. There is but one remaining property to be acquired, when the new market house and other improvements will at once be proceeded with. The City Council seems determined not to trifle with this pressing question any further.

UNION STEAM FIRE COMPANY.—At a meeting held on Wednesday evening last the following officers were elected for the ensuing year, for the Union Steam Fire Engine Company:—Captain, John Albert; 1st Lieutenent, Eden Potter; 2nd do. Thos. Hanrahan; Secretary, R. T. Sims; Treasurer, Jas. Egan; 1st Engineer, Jas. McKilligan; 2nd do., A. Larocque; Fireman, P. Kelly; Foreman Hose, Jas. Hawkins; Foreman Suction, John Brennan; 1st. Branchman, Right, H. Albert; 2nd, do., do., J. O'Donnell; 1st do., Left, J. Kennedy; 2nd do., do., R. Cornwall; Driver, Lowrey; Reel Driver, D. Turpin.

AN OLD ACQUAINTANCE.—From a Windsor (Ontario) paper we quote the following paragraph: "Capt. Jos. Lee, who met with an accident some time since by which his wrist was splintered, has removed his residence from Detroit to Windsor. The Captain, who was for five years on the stage, was formerly President of the Shakespearian Club of Montreal, and the citizens are getting up a benefit for him to enable him to meet the medical expenses incidental to his recent illness. On that occasion the Captain will play Shylock, in "The Merchant of Venice," and Monsieur Jacques.

SMALL POX.—The Marine and Fisheries Department, in order to ascertain the certainty of the reports circulated regarding this terrible disease on the Upper Ottawa, despatched a local superintentent, who has just returned, and reports ten cases amongst the Indians on the Pickannock, all of which have resulted fatally. Some of Mr. Gilmour's men, who are working in that neighbourhood, volunteered their services in order to have the dead bodies removed, but the relatives of the deceased persistently refused to have them buried, as it is their intention to canoe them to the Lake of Two Mountains, as soon as spring opens. The attention of the authorities should be called to this matter, for if the course intended be pursued it may be the means of spreading the contagion throughout the country.

THE FIRE YESTERDAY.—There was an alarm of fire sounded yesterday morning at about a quarter to eight o'clock, from box 62, it being the fourth alarm from this same box since the inauguration of the Fire Alarm Telegraph. All the paraphernalia of the Fire Department was out promptly and ready for action. It was found, however, to be a trifling affair. A small closet in a house in St. Joseph street, by some unknown means, took fire, but was extinguished by the time the brigade arrived. The expense attending the turning out of the steam engines on a first and perhaps false alarm was freely spoken of as a piece of extravagance, and suggestions were rife as to the advisability of their at least waiting for a special alarm, this being deemed necessary from an economical point of view.

THE GRASSHOPPER PLAGUE.—At the request of the representatives from the recent plague of grasshoppers in Kansas and Nebraska, the clergymen in this city held a meeting in the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Saturday afternoon, and after hearing a statement of the case, unanimously agreed to recommend the cause of the sufferers to the Christian regards of the congregations on the Sabbath, and to call a public meeting of the citizens to be held in Bank street Presbyterian Church, on Tuesday next, the 26th instant, at seven p.m. The meeting will be addressed by one of the delegates, who will give an account of the present state of the country for which relief is sought. The Mayor will be invited to take the chair, and the Revs. D. M. Gordon, J. W. Hunter, Wm. Moore, Wm. Young and W. Pope will take part.

Remember that the auction sale of city lots in Winnipeg, Manitoba, takes place at Mr. Bermingham's auction rooms, on Elgin street, opposite the Russell House, to-day, Tuesday, at 11 o'clock a.m. and 7:30 p.m., and that this is the only chance of investing in that direction before the era of railroad construction opens, which will largely enhance the values of real estate in Manitoba. As this is a forced sale to meet payments on other engagements entered into before the present railroad operations were defined or supposed to be so soon intended by the Dominion Government, and the proprietor is so fully satisfied of the sacrifice made by selling at present, that a guarantee of an advance of one hundred per cent., within a year, will be given to purchasers, if required.

BROKEN HYDRANTS.—A number of hydrants have been broken during the past week through sheer carelessness, and should the breakages continue in the same ratio the Water Commissioners will find that hydrants are rather expensive toys to allow people to play with. Should a fire break out in their vicinity, it will be found a great want to be without the hydrants in question. The one at the head of Mosgrove street has been broken in connection, it is said, with supplying the Skating Rink on the canal basin. There is one broken opposite the gaol, and nobody seems to know how it was broken. Now it is well known that the safety of T. W. Currier & Co.'s mill, and the County Buildings, depends materially upon those very two hydrants, in the absence of water in the Canal. Another hydrant has since been broken in the vicinity of Pooley's Bridge, and that portion of the city is nearly flooded in consequence. A careful surveillance in these matters would often save disastrous results.

THE CHAUDIERE ENGINE.—The new steam fire engine of the Chaudiere Fire Company did not arrive yesterday as expected, but will in all probability arrive to-day. Although the regular train came in nearly on time yesterday morning, the drift afterwards was so fearful that the cuts along the line were almost completely snowed up. Every exertion is being put forth to keep the line clear, with a view to but a short interruption of traffic. Capt. Kean and the engineers sent down by Messrs. Hyslop & Ronald from Chatham, yesterday, succeeded, with the aid of the Chief of the Fire Brigade, in securing a source of supply for the trial of the new engine to-morrow in the event of her arrival to-day. The tank at the corner of Sparks and Metcalf streets, near Mann's hardware store, will suit the purpose with the aid of one of the hydrants, from which it is intended to let water run to replenish the tank. [Since writing the above we learn that the steamer arrived last night.]

GOWAN'S NEW OPERA HOUSE.—All arrangements for the grand opening benefit in aid of Mr. Gowan, for his enterprise in bringing to a successful completion the magnificent new opera house on Albert street, have been completed. As will be seen in another column, the Holman Opera Troupe are to have the honour of inaugurating this, one of the finest opera houses in the Dominion of Canada. The benefit will be given under the distinguished patronage of their Excellencies the Earl and Countess of Dufferin, who have selected, for permanent use, one of the gorgeously fitted up private boxes on either side of the stage. The piece to be produced is the beautiful opera of "The Grand Duchess," with a full and efficient cast, and all the original music, gorgeous scenery, wardrobe, &c. All those desirous of securing seats, can secure them until to-morrow evening at the music store of the Messrs. Gowan, on Sparks street, where a plan of the house is on view. In the evening afterwards, all reserved seats will be sold at the Russell House to the highest bidder. We would again claim the liberal patronage of the public for Mr. Gowan on Monday next, the occasion of the opening benefit, for his enterprise has surely great claims upon the citizens of Ottawa.

CITY COUNCIL.

The first regular meeting of the new Council was held last night in the City Hall—his Worship the Mayor in the chair. Present: Aldermen Rocque, Chabot, Heney, Groulx, O'Connor, Waller, McDougal, Robertson, Birkett, Rowe, Christie, Bronson, Pratt, Bangs, and David.

Mr. D. J. O'Donoghue, M.P.P., occupied a seat to the right of his Worship the Mayor.

AUDITORS.

His Worship the Mayor appointed Mr. James Lindsay one of the auditors for the current year.

On motion of Mr. HENEY, seconded by Mr. MCDOUGAL, Mr. Robert O'Reilly was appointed associate auditor with Mr. Lindsay.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

On motion of Ald. PRATT, Messrs. Rocque, Heney, Birkett, Pratt, and Bangs were appointed a special committee to strike the Standing Committees for the year.

An adjournment for a quarter of an hour took place to allow the committee to report.

Ald. PRATT presented the report of the committee as follows:—

FINANCE: Alds. Waller, Groulx, Rowe, Bronson, and McDougal.

BOARD OF WORKS: Alds. Birkett, Rocque, Heney, Bangs, and Pratt.

FIRE AND LIGHT: Alds. Christie, Birkett, Heney, David, and O'Connor.

MARKET COMMITTEE: Alds. Robertson, O'Connor, Chabot, Bangs and David.

BOARD OF HEALTH: Alds. Rowe, McDougal, Waller, Groulx, and Pratt.

ASSESSMENT AND COURT OF REVISION: Alds. Bronson, Robertson, Rocque, Christie and Chabot

PRINTING COMMITTEE: Alds. Rowe, Robertson, Bronson, Groulx and McDougal.

BY-LAW COMMITTEE: Alds. Bangs, Pratt, Waller, Chabot and O'Connor.

On motion of Ald. PRATT, seconded by Ald. BIRKETT that the report of the Select Committee just read was received and adopted.

ASSESSORS.

On motion of Ald. BIRKETT the by-law to appoint assessors for the current year was read a first time.

Ald. BIRKETT moved the filling up of the blank in the by-law with the names of Messrs. Cousens, Stewart and Traversy, and that the by-law be then read a second and third time and passed.

Ald. O'CONNOR moved in amendment the filling of the blank with the names of Messrs. Stewart, McEvela and Traversy.

The amendment was lost on the following division:

Yeas—Rocque, Chabot, Heney, Groulx, O'Connor, McDougal and Waller.

Nays—Bangs, Pratt, David, Bronson, Christie, Robertson, Rowe and Birkett.

Ald. ROCQUE thought that the Council should avail themselves of the new act and appoint an Assessment Commissioner.

Ald. BRONSON thought the city had not yet grown sufficiently, to warrant a change to the new system.

Ald. HENEY would not go for the change.

Ald. DAVID thought as the people had given their confidence to the old Council, he thought that it indicated that they were satisfied with the old Assessors.

Ald. O'CONNOR moved another amendment to fill the blank with the names of Messrs. Dunn, Stewart and Traversy.

This amendment was lost on the same division as the previous amendment.

The original resolution was then carried unanimously.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE TRUSTEES.

A resolution was adopted re-appointing Messrs. McGillivray and Hay to the Board of Trustees of the Collegiate Institute for the ensuing term.

CORPORATION EMPLOYEES.

Ald. WALLER moved a resolution to have the Board of Works employ old servants of the city in cleaning around wells and bridges, instead of the new and able-bodied men that have supplanted them.

Ald. WALLER thought that the Corporation was in duty bound to extend a cordial support to this class of men.

Ald. PRATT thought no man should be employed that could not earn the wages paid.

Ald. HENEY thought such men could be employed in breaking stone, as they were absolutely necessary for the improvement of the streets.

Ald. CHRISTIE would not support the resolution.

Ald. MCDOUGAL thought the resolution should be passed, and employment given to the poor people.

Ald. BANGS was opposed to pensioning such men as referred to by Ald. Waller on the Corporation.

Ald. ROCQUE thought the Board of Works should receive the suggestion of Ald. Waller.

DUTIES OF THE CITY ENGINEER.

On motion of Ald. Waller, the By-Law Committee were instructed to prepare a by-law defining the duties of the City Engineer.

On motion of Ald. Pratt, the City Clerk was instructed to procure 50 copies of the new Fire By-Law for the use of the Corporation.

The Council then adjourned.

POLICE COURT.

Before M. O'Gara, P. M.

MONDAY, Jan. 25.

Margaret Dogherty was up again on the charge of smashing windows in a house on Maria Street. She was ordered to pay a fine of $20 and costs, or go to gaol two months at hard labour. She went to limbo.

Kate Carson was arraigned for vagrancy on the public streets and with being a prostitute. She was admonished to return to her friends.

James McCastlin, an aged person, who has frequently appeared before this court, was up on a charge of vagrancy, and was sent to gaol for two months at hard labour.

Joseph Nadeau was up on remand for the larceny of a ring from one Mr. Street, of Montreal. The ring was valued at $100. Mr. A. Gibb appeared on behalf of the prisoner. He was committed to await his trial at the next assizes.

THE TANNERIES INVESTIGATION.

QUEBEC, Jan. 25.

The committee met at 11 a.m.

Hon. P. FORTIN, M.P.P., was examined. Towards the close of last session, Mr. McGauvran spoke to me of a property belonging to the Government, and situated in the western outskirts of Montreal. I told him I would inform myself on the subject, as I was not acquainted with the property. Towards the end of March, Mr. Mullarky called upon me at my office to make some inquiries concerning the property, which he seemed desirous of purchasing. I understood it to be the same piece of ground of which Mr McGauvran had spoken. Mr. Mullarky told me that the ground was worth $40,000. By inquiry in the Department, I ascertained that the property in question was under the control of the Public Works Department. In the absence of Mr. Archambault, I called on Mr. Ouimet to learn what answer I should give Mullarky. He told me to state that the grounds were not for sale, and I gave that answer. About the end of April, a deputation of the governors of the English hospital appeared before the Council to apply for a free grant of this ground to build an hospital. The Government appeared favourably disposed, but the question was raised whether a similar gift would not have to be made to the Catholics, and the matter remained under consideration. On the 26th of June, the question of the exchange was treated in Council for the first time. To the best of my knowledge this exchange was represented as an advantageous one for the public, as thereby sites for two charitable institutions were obtained. On the following day the subject was again considered. The Leduc farm was represented by Mr. Ouimet as situated half a mile beyond the Tanneries, and as a much preferable site for hospital purposes. A minister present remarked that the Tanneries people were opposed to an hospital in their neighbourhood. As for the values of the properties, Mr. Ouimet said they were equal, or very nearly so, and Messrs. Archambault and Ouimet stated that they had visited the property, and I hold my information from them. Considering the transaction an important one, I observed that if the properties were not of equal value the Government would place themselves in a difficulty. I understood from Mr. Ouimet that one of the gentlemen, representing the English hospital, was satisfied with the exchange, and that the others would probably also be. On 5th July Mr. Irwine showed me a letter from Mr. Hart, in which the latter told him he was dissatisfied with the exchange, and that the transaction would create great excitement. I coincided in the opinion with Mr. Irvine that the exchange should be stopped. Mr. Irvine telegraphed in that sense to Mr. Archambault, who returned for answer that the transaction had been already completed. When the matter of the exchange first came before the Council, I think the name of Middlemiss was mentioned as the proprietor of the Leduc farm. I recall the fact because I heard the name before. It was either Ouimet or Archambault who mentioned the name, but I can't say which. When the Order in Council was passed, I understood the duty of effecting the exchange was left to Archambault. I didn't know, however, at the time that the Government could only gain possession of the Leduc land after the crops had been harvested, and of the buildings thereon only in the month of April next. From what transpired, I believe it would have been better to have delayed the conclusion of the exchange, but I had every confidence in those charged with the business. The reason of my believing that it would be better to have delayed is that to-day many persons declare the properties of unequal value. On the 21st July I left for Gaspe, and it was there I learned of Mr. Irvine's resignation. Upon this I hastened to return to Quebec, where I arrived on the eighth of August. I was informed by Ouimet of the reasons for which Messrs. Ross and Irvine had resigned. I declared to him that I was decided to follow the same course, because I saw a number of our friends condemned the exchange, and threatened to withdraw from us their support. Ouimet asked me to withhold my resignation till Mr. Robertson's return, so that the Treasurer might make his report. Upon the arrival of Mr. Robertson, I tendered my resignation again, and it was only upon the pressing request of Mr. Roberts that I consented to remain in the Cabinet. A few days longer Mr. Robertson told me he was going to visit the properties, when I replied that no matter what might be his decision, I intended to resign. I observed to Mr. Ouimet that if I awaited Mr. Robertson's return, it might be taken that I wished to accept that gentleman as my arbiter. I therefore told him also that I had resolved to resign whatever the Treasurer's decision might be. My resignation was accepted on the 7th September. I am not quite certain I would have resigned in the event of it being possible to honestly defend the transaction without a sacrifice of my principles. Even if all my friends would have abandoned me, if my friends had not inspired me with a doubt respecting the relative value of the properties, I might not perhaps have resigned. I did not resign because I suspected fraud in the transaction. When I consented to the exchange, I was under the impression that the distance between the two properties was half a mile, that the two were of equal value, and Mr. Hart was satisfied with the exchange. I came to this conclusion from explanations given to the Council by Mr. Ouimet and Mr. Archambault. As regards the title deeds, I did not trouble myself. My impression with regard to the transaction is that I do not suspect the ex Cabinet of fraud, but others may have duped the Government. Those of our friends who threatened to withdraw their support gave for reason the discrepancy in the value of the two properties. They never spoke of error of judgment, or corruption on the part of the Government. They simply said that they disapproved of the thing. I don't remember that any one of my friends then mentioned Dansereau's name. As regards myself I never had occasion to speak of the matter to Dansereau previous to the exchange.

This closed Hon. Mr. Fortin's evidence, and the Committee adjourned until to-morrow at 10 a.m.

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Remember the Auction Sale of Winnipeg property to-day. See advertisement.

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

"Good blood will show itself," as the old lady with the red nose said.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Remember the Auction Sale of Winnipeg property to-day. See advertisement.

For Christmas and New Year's presents, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724-tf.

Gents, try MacLaren & Chalmers' cutter. One trial will secure to them your patronage. 3698

FALSE MODESTY.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732.

Remember the Auction Sale of Winnipeg property to-day. See advertisement.

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

NEW STYLE OF UPHOLSTERING.—Don't fail to see the beautiful Drawing Room Set on exhibition in the window of Angus & Co's new furniture warerooms, 85 and 87 Sparks street. 3740.2in.

Remember the Auction Sale of Winnipeg property to day. See advertisement.

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

FALL AND SPRING MANURING.—A writer in the *Garden* argues the point, and comes to the conclusion that for heavy soils, which have enough clay to absorb the manurial elements, it is best to apply manure to gardens in autumn or early winter; but when the soil is of a loose sandy or gravelly character which will not hold it long, manure for spring or summer crops should not be applied until near the time the crop is put into the ground.

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00, and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists.

Miscellaneous.

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

BLANKETS

Selling Far Under Cost, by

J. BERMINGHAM.

The subscriber having received last Fall a consignment of 300 Hudson Bay Co.'s Buffalo Robes, has a few left, which he will sell very cheap, to close the consignment.

He has also several large sized Horse Blankets, which will be sold at less than cost.

Private sale every day.

For good and cheap lined and unlined Robes, go to BERMINGHAM'S, opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

COUNTY OF CARLETON } By virtue of a writ of TO WIT. } *Fieri Facias*, issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Toronto, and to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements of William Willis, at the suit of Henry James, I have seized and taken in execution all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said defendant, in and to the north-west half of lot number thirty-three in the second concession, in the Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, which I will offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on *Thursday*, the eighth day of April, in the year of our Lord 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JOHN NICHOLSON, Dy. Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office,
Ottawa, 6th January, 1875. 3755-1d & 12w

SACRED MUSIC BOOKS

FOR 1875

RIVER OF LIFE.

[35 cts.] A most beautiful Sunday School Book. H. S. Perkins and W. W. Bentley.

LEADER.

[$1.38.] Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

THOMAS'S QUARTETS AND ANTHEMS

[$2.50.] Perfect music of the best class, for Quartet Choirs. J. R. Thomas.

DANKS' ANTHEM SERVICES.

[$2.50.] Anthem music of excellent quality for all the services of the Episcopal Church. H. P. Danks.

PERKINS' ANTHEM BOOK.

[$1.50.] Easy Anthems. Very full, good, and already popular collection. W. O. Perkins.

SONG MONARCH.

[75cts.] For Singing Schools. Not much Sacred Music, but an admirable preparatory course, with a large quantity of secular music for practice. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

All books sent post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

Commercial.

GOLD IN NEW YORK - - - 112½

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, FRIDAY, Jan. 23rd.

FLOUR.		
Superfine Extra	6 00	to 6 25
Extra	5 75	to 6 00
Superfine, No. 1	5 25	to 5 50
Cornmeal, per brl	4 50	to 4 75
Oatmeal, do	5 00	to 5 50
Bran, per cwt	0 80	to 0 90
GRAIN.		
Spring Wheat, per bushel	$1 00	to 1 10
Fall Wheat	1 10	to 1 25
Oats	0 40	to 0 45
Peas	0 60	to 0 70
Barley	0 80	to 0 90
Rye	0 90	to 1 00
Corn	0 75	to 0 80
Buckwheat	0 60	to 0 70
Beans	1 25	to 1 40
DAIRY, VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.		
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 28	to 0 30
Tub Butter do	0 27	to 0 28
Cheese, do	0 15	to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 25	to 0 00
Potatoes, per bush	0 50	to 0 60
Carrots, do	0 35	to 0 40
Turnips, do	0 40	to 0 50
Cabbages, each	0 10	to 0 15
Onions, per bush	1 40	to 1 50
Beets	0 45	to 0 50
Apples, per brl	3 50	to 3 75
POULTRY AND GAME.		
Chickens, per pair	0 40	to 0 45
Ducks, per pair	0 40	to 0 45
Turkeys, each	1 00	to 1 15
Geese, each	0 50	to 0 60
Patridges, per pair	0 50	to 0 60
Feathers	0 60	to 0 75
Wool	0 40	to 0 45
Yarn	0 75	to 0 80
MEAT.		
Beef, per 100 lbs	5 00	to 5 50
Pork, do	9 00	to 9 75
Mutton, per lb	0 07	to 0 08
Lamb, do	0 08	to 0 10
Veal, do	0 07	to 0 10
Lard, do	0 15	to 0 20
Tallow, do	0 15	to 0 20
Hams, do	0 15	to 0 20
Bacon, do	0 15	to 0 20
Tongues, each	0 25	to 0 35
Venison	0 12	to 0 15
FISH.		
White Fish, do	0 10	to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 17	to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	6 50	to 7 00
Oysters, per can	0 35	to 0 40
Haddock, per lb	0 07	to 0 08
Cod, do	0 07	to 0 08
Trout, do	0 10	to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00	to 0 10
FUEL.		
Wood, first quality, per cord	4 50	to 5 00
do second do	3 75	to 4 25
Hemlock, per cord	2 75	to 3 50
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	8 00	to 9 00
Coal, Egg. do	8 00	to 9 00
Coal, Soft, do	9 00	to 9 50
HIDES.		
Green Hides, per lb	0 6½	to 0 00
Sheepskins, each	0 85	to 0 90
Calfskins, per lb	0 00	to 0 00
FODDER.		
Hay, Timothy, per ton	18 00	to 20 00
Hay, Clover, do	16 00	to 17 00
Straw, do	8 00	to 10 00

Toronto Markets.

TORONTO, Jan. 25.

Barley: Market quiet and steady. There were some sales of car lots of No. 1, at $1.10 f.o.c., and of No. 2 at $1.08, but the demand is limited.

Wheat: Quiet; buyers not showing much disposition to operate. No. 1 spring is worth 93c f.o.c., and No. 2, 91c; No. 2 fall, 97c to 98c.

Peas: Market quiet; no sales; value nominal, at 75c in store for No. 1.

Oats: Market steady, at 43½c on the track.

Flour: A little more enquiry for lots f.o.b. here, at late rates.

Montreal Markets.

MONTREAL, Jan. 25.

Oatmeal, per brl. of 200 lbs: Quiet, at $5 20 to 5 30.

Wheat, per 60 lbs: Market quiet. Quotations nominal.

Corn, per 56 lbs: Quiet; offered at 80c.

Peas: Market quiet. Quotations are 94c to 95c per 66 lbs.

Oats, per bushel of 32lbs: Quiet; 42c to 44c for new.

Barley, per bush of 48 lbs: Quiet, at 90c to 95c.

Butter: Market quiet and easier. Rates are 22c to 26c, according to quality, for tubs and firkins. Roll is dull and nominal at 22c to 23c.

Cheese, per lb: Steady at 14c to 14½c for good to choice lots.

Pork: Quiet and easier at $22 00 to 22 20 for Inspected New Mess, and $20 50 to 21 00 for Thin Mess.

British Iron and Coal Trade.

We extract the following from the London *Economist* of the 9th instant: "In the iron trade some uncertainty prevails as to the immediate course of prices, and the quarterly meetings of next week are awaited with interest, business in the meantime remaining very dull. Pig iron and ironstone are firm in value, but in South Staffordshire finished iron is expected to give way in price, the lower qualities already showing some further anticipatory decline. The value of coal, especially manufacturing kinds, is also drooping; but the tendency is just now not very plain, owing in most cases to the increased demand which the recent locking up of canals by ice, and general stoppage of traffic, has created. In South Wales the colliers have shown themselves unable to stand out against the reduction of wages, the iron trade of the district being too dull to absorb any considerable quantities."

Miscellaneous.

TO SPECULATORS!!

FOR SALE, the West Half of Lots 3 and 4, Block B, Le Breton's Flats, fronting on Duke Street, and in rear on Brittania Terrace, with Buildings thereon, viz., on Duke Street, one three and a half storey Brick Building (not veneered), occupied as Shops and Dwellings; Sheds, &c., in rear, and fire wall for about 100 feet; in Brittania Terrace, one Wooden Tenement—the whole now renting for $900 per annum; or, if preferred, the whole of the two lots will be sold together, with Buildings, &c., which rents for about $1,500 per annum.

For terms and particulars, enquire of the Proprietor, on the Premises.

JAS. ASHFIELD,
Crockery, Glassware, and Coal Oil Merch't,
DUKE STREET.
Jan 21, 1875. 3748

The Canadian Washer

A. R. GILES, Manufacturer, west side King-st., between Botler and Bolton-sts., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Nov. 18, 1874.

A. R. GILES,

SIR,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Washing Machines, and have used it in my family for some time, and have found it to be a complete success, on account of its great facility in working and its durability; and I think it is an article which is quite indispensable to any family. Yours truly, JOHN MOREAU.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

North half of Lots No. 23 24 and 25, on the Eleventh Range of the Township of Hull; Lots No. 23 and 24 south on the Twelfth Range of the Township of Hull, containing in all about 400 acres, together with farming impliments thereon. For terms and particulars apply to JAMES LASCHARITA, on the premises. 2-1m.

MINERAL WATER.

The Lothean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town.
Oct. 27th 1874. 78-3m

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.

The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, Rideau-St.

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

J. W. MINTHORN
Box "U" ORILLIA, Ont.
Oct. 1. 34m8

Amusements.

UNDER the distinguished patronage of their Excellencies

EARL AND COUNTESS DUFFERIN.

GALA OPENING FOR ONE NIGHT,

—OF—

GOWAN'S NEW OPERA HOUSE!

And Grand Benefit for Mr. Gowan.

Monday Evening, February 1st,

First appearance in this city, for many years of the

Holman English Opera Company!

When will be presented the beautiful Opera of

The Grand Duchess,

With a full and efficient cast, and all the original music.

Gorgeous Scenery, Wardrobe, &c.

Seats secured at Gowan's, Sparks-st. Orchestra Chairs, $5; Family Circle, $4; Balcony, $2 50; Gallery, $1.

In order to secure choice of seats, parties should apply before they are put up at auction.

The seats will be sold without reserve on Wednesday evening, 27th, at 8 o'clock, at the Russell House.

Ottawa, Jan. 26, 1875.

GRAND ANNIVERSARY CONCERT,

Given in aid of the

Building Fund of St. Andrew's Church

—BY—

MR. E. J. BUTLER,

ON TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 26, at 8 o'clock,

IN THE BASEMENT OF THE CHURCH.

Tickets at Messrs. A. & S. Nordheimers'.
Jan. 22, 1875.

Grocers.

BUTTER,

Butter, Butter.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Have received a very choice lot of Finest Dairy Butter from the West which they can recommend to the public as well as their customers, as being in quality

SECOND TO NONE,

Also, a choice lot of Stilton & Chadder cheese, Morrison, Taylor & Co's. celebrated Hams, Bacon, and Spiced Meats, constantly on hand.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
86 Sparks street.
Ottawa, January 25, 1875

GO TO

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE'S

FOR YOUR

GROCERIES.

You will always find a full stock of Groceries Glassware and Crockery at prices that can't be obtained elsewhere.

FINE

Uncolored Japan Tea,

Only 50c. per lb.

Apples wholesale and retail.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE.
Cor. Kent and Wellington-sts.
Jan. 9, 1875.

SAVE MONEY BY USING

The British Egg and Butter Powder!

A perfect substitute for Eggs, and a great saving in Butter, for making all kinds of

Pastry and Cakes, &c.,

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.

Agents for Ottawa District—

CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.

3 and 4 Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street
Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

SAPOLIO,

For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.

HAND SAPOLIO,

For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artisans and mechanics.

Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.
Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

Burnett's Extracts
For cooking purposes.
Burnett's Extracts
"Pre-eminently superior."—Parker House, Boston.
Burnett's Extracts

LEMON, VANILLA, ROSE, ALMOND, NECTARINE, CELERY, ORANGE, PEACH, NUTMEG, CINNAMON, CLOVES, GINGER.

Burnett's Extracts
"The best in the world."—Fifth Av. Hotel, N. Y.
Burnett's Extracts
"Used exclusively for years."—Continental Hotel, Phila.
Burnett's Extracts

The superiority of these Extracts consists in their perfect purity and great strength. They are warranted free from the poisonous oils and acids which enter into the composition of many of the factitious fruit flavors now in the market. They are not only true to their names, but are prepared from fruits of the best quality, and are so highly concentrated that a comparatively small quantity only need be used.

PERRY DAVIS & SON & LAWRENCE,
MONTREAL, P. Q.
Agents for Dominion of Canada.
JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., BOSTON,
Proprietors.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

BALTIMORE OYSTERS

To be had in perfection, at

James Buchanan's

SUSSEX STREET

January 6th, 1875. 1m

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

See T. & B. on each Plug.

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD

USE THE

Diamond Yeast Cakes

The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO
March 11, 1874. 2513y

Publications.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

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Five Copies	8
Ten Copies	15

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During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence, Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

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Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publication of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

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Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations are often corroborative arguments of no small force.—*N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle.*

Its papers on existent questions and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

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The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete set comprising Eighteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per. vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

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is admitted by all who have tried it, to ensure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

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And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil with out nausea or indigestion.

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Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sores legs,
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Cures cancerous ulcers,
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Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

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Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

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Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London, Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London. Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London. Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Lymans, Clare & Co.

Toronto—Elliot & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

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Hamilton—Winer & Co.

Halifax—Avery, Brown & Co

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CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

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The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.

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Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

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GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.

All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.
Aug. 12.

Railways.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY.

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction - 9.30 a.m. 4.15 p.m.
Ottawa - 10.45 a.m. 5.00 p.m.
Renfrew - 9.30 a.m. 4.10 p.m.

ARRIVE.

Ottawa - 1.20 p.m. 7.40 p.m.
Renfrew - 2.15 p.m. 8.40 p.m.
Brockville - 2.10 p.m. 8.40 p.m.

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER,
Managing Director.
Brockville, Jan. 11, 1875.

THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME,

And acceleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC. 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West.	7.30 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.05 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.25 P.M.
8 Express	10 45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa
Dec 15, 1874.

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The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3753. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 27 1875 PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

WANTED—PANTRY MAID, apply between the hours of 1 and 3 p.m., to Miss Macdonald, corner of Elgin and Gloucester Streets. Must furnish good references.
January 23rd, 1875. 3750-tf

WANTED.
A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School N[illegible] ship of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, [illegible] March P. O.
Nov. 12.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women
A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY
from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and address
J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M

AGENTS WANTED.
Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. ☞A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8th st. New York.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $60 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad. day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples [that retail for $5] mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N. J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & Co. Augusta, Me.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. y3675daw.

WORK FOR ALL
At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

HELP WANTED.
100 men and women wanted to sell a complete story of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated, together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO.,
Publishers, London, Ont.

Lost.

LOST—Last evening on Elgin, or Sparks street, or in the vicinity of Centre town, a purse containing a sum of money and some receipts. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving the same at this office.
Ottawa, Jan. 25th, 1875. 3758-2

LOST—On the 20th inst., between Eastern Block of Government Buildings and the Store of R. Bishop & Son, Sparks street, a pair of Gold Spectacles. The finder, leaving them at this Office, will be suitably rewarded.
Jan. 22, 1875. 3750

Board & Lodging.

To Members of Parliament and Others.

MRS. McINTYRE,
—HAVING—
REMOVED to the commodious dwelling house on Wellington-st., lately occupied by the Bank of Montreal, and Church of England Ladies' College, has the honour to announce to Members of Parliament and others that she is prepared to afford comfortable apartments with Board.
Jan. 22, 1875. 3748tf

BOARD with or without rooms, and rooms without board. Table and rooms first-class. Corner of Sparks and Bank streets, and within two minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings.
MRS. FORGIE.
Jan. 22, 1875. 37-9-5m

Meetings.

THE OTTAWA
Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company.
(LIMITED.)
The first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company called for Thursday, the 14th instant, is postponed, pending the passing of the Amendments to the Act of Incorporation now before the Quebec Legislature.
A general meeting will be called as soon as these Amendments shall have become law, of which due notice will be given.
R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary pro tem.
Jan. 12, 1875.

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.
NOTICE.
The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, for the election of Directors.
WM. PENNOCK,
J. DURIE,
THOS. PATTERSON,
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

Legal Notices.

D. R. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.
H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants.
Dec 28, 1874. 3728-9 laws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.
COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.
Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-2awk2m

Carpets.

OTTAWA
CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from
Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,
(late Jacques & Hay,) Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.
A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

Druggists.

EAST END
Drug Store.
T. T. SHEPHERD.
Chemist & Druggist,
RIDEAU STREET,
CORNER OF DALHOUSIE STREET.
January 23rd, 1875. 3750

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
☞63 Sparks Street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1874. 3428

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks, Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 20, 1874. 3680-3awky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal.
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 3, 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
84 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3685-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
☞Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
☞Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
☞Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C.
McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. | W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3667

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c. &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W.H. WALKER. | H.CASSELS,Jr. | P. PENNOCK.
July 21, 1874. 2625

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 2629y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
C. B. L. FELLOWS, Q.C., | HORACE LAPIERRE,
MARTIN O'GARA, | EDWARD P. REMON. 2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON, | F. H. CHRYSLER
June 3, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3228-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 28, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2382-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1751

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1874. 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal, Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry, Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2556-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester.
☞ Consultations at all hours. 2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st. 2522y.

NOTICE.
All those having claims against the estate of the late Jas. Hogg, Billings' Bridge, will please communicate with his son, who has authority to deal with the matter.
Address, JOHN HOGG,
Billings' Bridge.
Jan. 19, 1875. 3746-3&2w

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THE CHRISTIAN AT WORK.
"THE BEST RELIGIOUS PAPER."
A CHOICE OF
TWO BEAUTIFUL PREMIUMS.
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Oct. 28.

Summary of News.

The Montenegro difficulty, which threatened to disturb the peace of a portion of Europe, is settled, the would-be belligerents having dismissed their respective armies.

It is said that the Home Government have adopted a system of torpedoes for the defence of the ports on the coast of Bermuda, and also of Halifax.

From the large number of failures and business suspensions which are taking place in the commercial cities of the Union, it seems that another crisis similar to what occurred a few years ago is imminent. Our telegrams generally bring about half a dozen of these reports every day.

Great joy is expressed by the Democrats at the election of Andrew Johnson as a Senator. Andrew is the first ex-president ever elected a Senator, and it is predicted that he will be a lively member. He is also the only ex-president alive.

The Emperor of the celestial empire is dead. That country is at present enjoying a time of tolerable peace, and no disturbances are likely to occur in consequence of the change of dynasty.

A contradiction comes from London of a *canard* which fortunately only reached this country in part, viz: that relating to the rumoured resignation of Lord Dufferin as Governor General of the Dominion. The people of Canada will, no doubt, read the denial with much more satisfaction than they would have read the rumour had it reached them. The resignation of a Governor General so universally beloved would have been a public misfortune indeed.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Strike at an End.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—The Dean Forest miners have ended their strike by accepting the terms offered by the masters.

An Official Contradiction of a Canard.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—It is officially denied that Mr. Layard is to be re-called from Madrid, or that Lord Dufferin intends to resign the Governor Generalship of Canada.

Torpedoes for Bermuda.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The *Globe* says the Government has adopted a system of torpedoes for the defence of the harbours of Bermuda and also for the port of Halifax.

Declines the Honour.

Mr. Hawkins has declined the seat in the bench of the Court of Common pleas made vacant by the resignation of Sir H. S. Keating, and it is probable that the appointment will be tendered to Henry Cotton, Q.C.

Death of an Archbishop.

DUBLIN, Jan. 27.—Rev. Dr. Patrick Leahy, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Cashel, is dead.

CHINA.

Death of the Emperor.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—The *Times* has intelligence that the Emperor of China died on the 12th inst. His successor to the throne is a prince five years of age. There has been no disorder. According to the *Pall Mall Gazette's* information, it is not certain who will succeed the deceased Emperor.

AUSTRIA.

End of the Montenegro Difficulty.

VIENNA, Jan. 25.—The Governments of Turkey and Montenegro have dismissed the forces which they had collected on the borders of their respective countries, in anticipation of hostilities.

SPAIN.

The Carlist War.

MADRID, Jan. 26.—The Carlists have left the Provinces of Biscay and Guipazzoa, and moved into Navarre, taking with them all their material of war. The army of the North has assumed the offensive against the Carlists.

Carlist Outrage on the British Flag.

SANTANDAR, Jan. 26.—The Carlists have fired on a British vessel, loaded with telegraph cable, off the Biscayan coast.

The Army of the North.

MADRID, Jan. 26.—General Primo De Rivera has been appointed to the command of the second corps of the Army of the North.

Carlists Submitting.

Six hundred Carlists have submitted in the Province of Castellon de la Plana with in the present month.

Treason in the Carlist Camp.

Fugitives from Estella assert that Don Carlos has shot several officers for treason.

Battle Expected.

Despatches from Peralta state that a great battle is momentarily expected.

BRUSSELS.

The Colorado Beetle.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 26.—The Government has submitted a bill in the Lower Chamber prohibiting the importation of potatoes from the United States, and other countries as a measure of precaution against the introduction of the Colorado beetle, and spread of the potatoe disease. The Chamber voted in favour of its early consideration.

FRANCE.

Henri Von Arnim.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—Count Henri Von Arnim has arrived at Nice.

UNITED STATES.

A Train Tumbles Down an Embankment.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 26.—The baggage car and three coaches of the passenger train on the Springfield Division of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, was thrown from the track to-day by a broken rail, two miles east of Moselle, the smoking car and two coaches rolling down an embankment about 20 feet high. John Denzer, mail agent, had both his knees dislocated. Two others, whose names have not been ascertained, were severely injured. Some ten or a dozen others were slightly injured.

Shelved.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—An Albany despatch says the bill for the relief of the New York and Oswego Midland Railroad, which received an unanimous favourable report from the Ways and Means Committee, is now found to be unconstitutional.

Postponed.

SYRACUSE, Jan. 26.—The meeting of capitalists for the organization of Rochester and Montreal Steamship Company, which was to have been held in this city to day, has been postponed until the 18th of March.

The Ice.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Jan. 26.—Reports from all points of the north show that the ice crop of the Hudson will be gathered at the close of this week, and it will consist of about two million tons.

Another Failure.

WATERTOWN, Jan. 26.—Chas. G. Harger & Son, bankers of this city, suspended payment this morning. This together with the failure of Paddock & Co., on Monday last creates great excitement.

The Ice in East River.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—The ice in the harbour and rivers continues to increase. Last night there was an entire cessation of ferry travel to and from Brooklyn, from 10 o'clock until two this morning, and two or three ferry boats spent that time on the East River locked in the heavy ice floes.

The Civil Rights Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan 26.—Indications from the proceedings of the caucus of the House of Representatives to-night are that the Committee of Judiciary will be instructed to report the civil rights bill in its order, the bill to be open to amendment, and that after three hours debate, the previous question shall be moved in order to force a vote, even if it should require a continuous session of forty eight hours to do so.

Ice Accident.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 26.—A serious accident occurred at Washington Point ice house near Rondout yesterday. One of the elevators gave way under a heavy load of ice, and buried six men in the ruins. Two of them named John Degan and James Harney were so seriously injured it is thought they cannot live. Others were severely hurt, but will recover.

A Freight War.

A Chicago dispatch says the freight war between the various railroads leading from this city to the east is getting more intense every day. To-day contracts were made for grain from this city to New York at 32¼ cents per 100 lbs, while the regular rate is 40 cents. The Grand Trunk Railway and Boston and Albany Railroad have also entered the lists, and announce to-day that they will take fourth class freights from Chicago to Portland, Yarmouth, and Danville at 35 cents per 100 lbs, and to Boston at 40 cents. These latter two roads have also declined for New York, trunk lines refusing to submit to increase in rates recently made from New York to the west, hence rates from Boston and Portland to Chicago will remain the same as they were before the rise was made. This action will undoubtedly compel New York lines to again reduce rates from New York to the west. There is also war between the Grand Trunk and Great Western Railroads of Canada in regard to passenger traffic, rates having been reduced between Detroit and Buffalo from $7 to $4. The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern have announced that they will be compelled to make similar reductions between Toledo and Buffalo should the difficulty not be settled within a day or two.

More Business Suspensions.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 26.—The failure of Messrs. Molin Bros., extensive manufacturers and dealers in iron, of this city, causes as much sympathy and regret as it does surprise. The liabilities are placed at $500,000, but the firm declare their assets to be worth nearly $300,000 over that amount. Two thirds of the creditors, who are few in number, have already agreed to grant an extension, and facilitate the firm's recovery in every way possible. J. P. Fulton & Co., of Conscohocken, manufacturers of iron pipe, who also have failed, are reticent as to details, but express the opinion that with further leniency from their creditors they can yet weather through. A rumour was circulated here to-day that Jno. Roach & Son, ship builders, Chester, Pa., had failed. An earnest and emphatic denial is given to the rumour by those who represent the firm.

Admission of New Mexico and Colorado to the Union

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 26.—A special Washington despatch to the *Commercial*, says the bills for the admission of Colorado and New Mexico, which passed the House last session, have been favourably reported to the Senate by the Committee on Territories. The bills are not strongly supported in the Senate. It is possible, however, that these territories may be admitted this session.

Senator Wright's bill, making a reduction of ten per cent. in the salaries of all Government officials, civil and military, now receiving over $1,200, has not the ghost of a show of passage.

The New York Co., who have the contract for printing the postage stamps, now want $50,000 extra of Congress, which was disallowed by the Postmaster-General, as in excess of the bid.

The Treasury Department has received information that large quantities of opium are smuggled into this country by the Chinese.

An Ex-President turned Senator.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 26.—Andrew Johnson, ex-President of the United States, was to-day nominated for United States Senator amidst the wildest excitement and enthusiasm.

Election of a Senator.

MILLWAUKEE, Jan. 26.—In the State Senate to-day, the first ballot for United States Senator resulted as follows: Carpenter, 13; Briggs, 16; Scattering, 4; and in the Assembly, Carpenter, 46; Briggs, 35; Scattering, 18.

Rhode Island Legislature.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 26.—Both Houses met in joint convention at noon to-day. Mr. Dixon withdrew as candidate for Senator. Lt.-Gov. Van Zandt, who had supported Dixon, then voted for Gen. Burnside, who was elected on a first ballot, receiving 62 votes.

The Beecher Trial.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—The crowd at the Beecher trial is larger than ever to-day. Ex-Judge Porter, of Beecher's counsel, was present. The Beecher family were present, but Mrs. Tilton was absent. Moulton's examination was continued, and during the first part of his examination a despatch reached him of the death of his mother. His examination will be concluded to-day.

CUBA.

Small Pox.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—A Havana letter, dated January 20th, says that small pox continues to rage very severely over the whole Island. Many are dying from it.

Insurgent Prospects.

Cubans are very sanguine about the success of the insurgents who crossed Trocha, but it is doubtful if they will succeed in getting into the sugar districts, on this side of Sagua. Matters are so uncertain that it is possible small bands may run through and burn the plantations.

Sidney Smith says: The greatest curse that can be entailed on mankind is a state of war. All the atrocious crimes committed in the years of peace, all that is spent in peace by the secret corruptions or by the thoughtless extravagance of nations, are mere trifles compared with the gigantic evils which stalk over the world in a state of war. God is forgotten in war. Every principle of Christianity is trampled upon.

The project for a ship canal across the Isthmus of Darien to connect the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, has taken a new aspect. Notice has been filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts by Benjamin Balch, of Newburyport, of intention to apply to the next General Court for an act of incorporation for the Darien Ship Canal Company, with a capital not to exceed $100,000,000.

Ostriches have been thoroughly domesticated at the Cape of Good Hope, and prove a very profitable investment. They are plucked every seven months, yielding feathers worth on an average from $45 to $50 on each bird. They live principally on corn and small [illegible], but will thrive where a mule would starve. Here is an opportunity for some one to open up a new and profitable industry in Kansas and Nebraska.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Debate on the Presidential term

Washington Senate

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.

The Senate this afternoon resumed consideration of the resolution of Schurg, instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire what legislation in Congress is necessary to secure to the people of Louisiana the rights of self-government under the constitution.

The Judiciary Committee, having the day assigned to it, made reports on various subjects, including one to amend the constitution by making the Presidential term six years, and declaring a President ineligible for office. Ordered to be printed.

Potter, of New York, from the Judiciary Committee, reported the joint resolution proposing the following amendment to the constitution, article 16:—"From and after the next election for a President of the United States, the President shall hold his office during the term of six years, and, together with the Vice-President chosen for the same term, be elected in the manner as now provided, or that may hereafter be provided; but neither the President nor Vice-President, when the office of President has devolved upon him, shall be eligible for re-election as President." He remarked that the amendment would not affect the next presidential term, and he moved the previous question. The previous question was seconded, and the main question ordered. E. R. Hoar, of Mass., expressed his surprise that such a proposition should be passed without discussion. Potter replied that if any question had been discussed and discussed until everybody within the House and outside were familiar with it, it was this question. Mr. Garfield of Ohio, inquired how it would be with a vice-president succeeding to the presidental office within a week of the close of the term. Mr. Potter replied that he would have to take the office with its restrictions and disabilities. Mr. E. R. Hoar remarked that while he was not of opinion that there was likely to be any occasion when he should favour, or believed the American people would favour, a continuance of any person in the presidential office beyond two terms, he did not believe that an argument as to the corruption of the people by the executive power was one on the strength of which the people should confess that they needed such protection against such influence, as they would deliberately deprive themselves of the power of selecting their chief magistrate. He remembered a conversation which he had with an eminent gentleman standing high in office, in reference to the re-election of Mr. Lincoln, and who was very much opposed to his re-election, and he (Mr. Hoar) had then said that he believed the American people intended to re-elect Mr. Lincoln, if necessary during the rest of his life until he was recognized by every part of the country as President of the United States. He (Mr. Hoar) did not propose to aid in depriving the American people of the right under an emergency or exigency of determining whom they should keep in the Presidential chair. He did not believe that they ever would keep a man beyond the time which Washington's example had sanctioned, and which was one of the traditions of the Republic, but it was a very grave and serious question to deprive the people of the power to choose.

Mr. E. H. Roberts, of New York: I will yield to no man in my confidence in the American people, but this is not a question of confidence in that sense. It is a question whether or not grave principles had better be settled in times of calm, whether or not great principles had better be laid down independent of personal considerations, and it does seem to me that it is well for an American Congress to consider whether a Republic can afford to elect its chief magistrate twice or thrice continuously. As I read history, Republics are overthrown by the plea of necessity, and in times of great excitement, and I desire that in cold blood the American people shall have an opportunity to say whether or not they are willing in any emergency to re-elect a President for the third time. As I read history, dangers to Republics come not from below, but always from above. Always the pretence is that the country needs a strong man. Always the pretence is that there is disturbance somewhere, that there is need of an army and of a military chieftain. Dictators come through the plea of necessity. Tell me one Republican that has ever been overthrown in any way other than that. I want the American people at least to have the opportunity to say how they read history, and whether they do not believe that in that way lies murder to the Republic. For one I desire to say that even in the case which the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Hoar) has suggested, the re-election of Mr. Lincoln, it would have been better to have re-elected another rather than established the principle of a continuous executive. I cannot conceive the contingency in which I would be willing to be for a continuous executive of this Republic, and I ask the gentlemen on this side to consider whether or not they are willing now to be put upon the record as willing to invite a contingency in the future, when we shall be called upon to meet the question of disturbance, of excitement, of a continous executive, of a strong man in a strong Government; my faith are not in strong men; my faith is in the American people; constitutions are made in time of deliberation, if they are good constitutions, and I want the American people to have the privilege of saying what their constitution shall be. I deem that as of infinitely more importance than the privilege at any time of being able to call upon one man, however strong or however great, and I think it is essential to the Republic that an amendment like this shall be put into the constitution.

The discussion now became general, when a proposition to lay the matter on the table was voted down by 138 to 98. The motion to recommend it to the Judiciary Committee was also negatived by 123 to 110. The joint resolution was then reported: yeas 134, nays 104; there being thus less than the necessary two-thirds in the affirmative. All the Democrats voted for it, and forty-seven Republicans.

Recent explorations in the Schuylhill coal regions of Pennsylvania have discovered such immense deposits of anthracite, in addition to and underlying those already known, that we may look upon the supply of coal in that region as practically inexhaustible. At a depth of nineteen hundred feet, passing through numerous veins of various size and quality, the so-called seven foot vein was reached and was found to be thirteen and a half feet thick, and of excellent quality. Beneath this came alternate layers of slate and coal for thirty odd feet, and then the mommoth vein, twenty-one feet thick; beneath this again a layer of slate, and then what is thought to be nineteen foot vein of coal. Below them, it is believed, is the solid rock. Altogether there would seem to be a depth of nearly seventy feet of coal, and these veins are of so vast extent, that generations of men may dig from them before the fuel problem will seriously distress us.

"Are the jury agreed?" asked a judge of a court attache whom he met on the stairs with a bucket in his hand. "Yes," replied Patrick, "they've agreed to send out for half a gallon."

The Louisiana Troubles.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.

The President has sent to the Senate in further response to its resolution of enquiry, another large mass of manuscript, copies of correspondence, relative to the disorders in Louisiana. The correspondence dates back to October 25, 1874, and begins with various cypher telegrams sent by General Emery to the War Department, in which he expresses a strong disapprobation of Mayor Merrill's action for making affidavits against the citizens of Shreveport, under which they were arrested for alleged violation of enforcement act. General Emery informed Mr. Merrill that he considered his personal appearance as prosecutor was a departure from the established rules of the service, and mischievous in its tendency. Mr. Merrill thereupon explained that his action was due to the fact that no citizen could have made these affidavits except at the risk of his life, and submits sundry voluminous reports detailing the lawless condition of affairs in the Red River division. Embraced in the documents is a report of Colonel Morrow sent to the Red River country by Gen. Emery, to investigate the condition of affairs there. Colonel Morrow gives the following as his deep seated conviction:—

The present state of the Government cannot maintain itself in power a single hour without the protection of Federal troops; and even with this protection they will not be able to collect taxes and perform the functions of a Government. The State Government has not the confidence or respect of any portion of the community.

In forwarding Col. Morrows report General Sheridan makes the following endorsement upon it:

This paper is most respectfully forwarded to the Secretary of War, with the request that he would submit it for the personal perusal of the President. I know of no officer of Col. Morrow's rank who is better qualified to speak and write of matters like this, and his opinions are entitled to great consideration. I profess to have some knowledge of the people of that section, both white and black, from a long residence among them before the war and several visits since, but I shall not intrude my opinion in the confusion in which the subject is now enveloped.

(Signed) W. T. SHERIDAN.

THE BEECHER-TILTON TRIAL.

Moulton re-directed—Moulton's hostility was commenced against Beecher by seeing in his statements and his sayings that he would ruin witness. The witness was asked what Tilton said on receiving Beecher's letter of August 7th, 1874, and replied that Tilton, on that occasion, said "You know I have not had access to your repository of material." The attention of witness was also called to the letter of August 5th. Mr. Evarts objected to this, but Judge Nelson said he admitted it to show that Tilton's evidence was given for the submission of the papers to the Committee. Witness told the Committee he would produce the papers before them next day, and accordingly brought the papers incorporated in Tilton's statement. Witness was asked by counsel why he did not take the other papers with him, and this was objected to by Mr. Evarts, but allowed by the court. The witness replied: On the Sunday preceding the Monday on which he had promised to take the papers before the Committee, Tracy went with him to see Genl. Butler, at the Fifth Avenue hotel, with regard to the suppression of the statement. We had a conversation together. In consequence of what took place then, he refrained from taking the papers. Tilton or Mrs. Tilton did not know that any money came directly or indirectly from Mr. Beecher. Witness never became acquainted with Mrs. Woodhull until after the publication of the card in the *World*. She was invited to his house in order that he might use influence with her to suppress the stories against Mr. Beecher. Moulton's wife objected to her being brought there. Witness said on the occasion of his interview with Charles Storrs, he told him after he had telegraphed from Lowell to the committee that he would go before them to testify that Beecher had told Moulton he had committed adultery with another woman besides Mrs. Tilton. Witness said that the cross examination before the committee would do away with publishing statements. The portrait hanging in his parlor was given to him by Mr. Tilton in 1871.

Witness was shown four notes which he identified as the notes given the subscribers to the *Golden Age* by Tilton, and also the letter accompanying them. They were offered in evidence by Fullerton. The letter was addressed to Tilton, and informed him that the subscribers herewith returned him the notes, and wished success to his paper in the future. The witness said the Woodhull publication appeared in the paper before these notes were given back. Adjourned.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(By Telegraph.)

TORONTO.

Theft—Evangelical Alliance—Sleigh Accidents.

TORONTO, Jan. 26.

On Saturday evening, while Mr. James Griffin was leaving his horse standing on Edward street, a buffalo robe, blanket and whip were taken out of the sleigh and made off with. Suspicion having rested on John O'Neill, who was seen prowling about, he was traced to his residence on Mutual street by a detective, and although the articles in question were not found in his possession, he had not enough courage to deny the charge.

Yesterday afternoon a meeting of this Alliance was held in Shatesbury Hall, the Rev. Prof. McLaren conducting the services. There were present the Rev. F. H. Marling, Rev. Professor Gregg, Rev. Canon Baldwin, Rev. J. M. King, Rev. J. Reid, and Rev. J. G. Robb, and a large assemblage of ladies and gentlemen.

During yesterday an additional number of sleigh accidents happened on King, Yonge and Queen streets, mainly caused through the dangerous condition the Street Railway track is in. On Yonge-st., near King, two ladies and a gentleman were thrown out of a sleigh, fortunately without receiving any serious injury. On King st. east, a cutter was upset, and the horse recovering itself, dashed off along the sidewalk, to the great peril of foot passengers. Other accidents occurred, but no injury was sustained by the occupants of the sleighs which were upset.

PORT ROBINSON.

Daring Robbery.

PORT ROBINSON, Jan. 26.

A daring robbery occurred in this place on Saturday night about one o'clock. Two masked men entered Capt. Wm. Ross's residence through a window, and one of the robbers seized Mr. Ross, who was in bed, by the throat, while the other drew a revolver, held it at his head and demanded his money. Mr. Ross gave them $141, when the robbers left. The inhabitants are after them, but as yet there is no clue to the robbers.

Quebec Legislature.

Second Parliament—Fourth Session.

QUEBEC, Jan. 26.

The House met at 3 p.m.

After routine,

Hon. Mr. IRVINE presented a petition from several railroads asking that changes be made in the municipal code, the object being to place cities and towns in the same position as other municipalities in regard to railroad taxation. He moved it be at once received and adopted.

Mr. CHAPLEAU objected on the ground that the proposed amendments were of an exceedingly grave and important nature.

Hon. Mr. IRVINE said of course if the hon. member objected, the petition would have to take its course.

On motion of Mr. BEAUBIEN, the bill to give immediate effect to the proclamation erecting the town of St. Henri, was referred back to Committee.

The following bills were introduced:—Mr. Lynch, to give additional powers to the executions of Hanley C. Bagg. Mr. Hearn to amend the charter of the city of Quebec.

Hon. Mr. ROBERTSON produced several reports, among them that of Beauport Asylum. In presenting these reports he said in that little work, he found the best refutation of statements made in regard to the treatment of lunatics. He moved that it be printed.

Mr. BEAUBIEN regretted the report had not been printed before the commencement of the season, as in that case many erronous statements would never have been made, and the members would have been in a better position to discuss matters connected with such reports.

Mr. DAVID introduced a bill to incorporate the Canadian Bridge Co.

Mr. MALHIOT introduced a bill to incorporate the St. Lawrence and Eastern Townships Railroad Company. He explained that the proposed company would build a road from a point on the south shore of the river, opposite Three Rivers, to Richmond.

The House went into committee on the contested election bill, Mr. Gendron in the chair. The committee rose and reported bill with amendments. It being six o'clock the House rose.

AFTER RECESS,

The following private bills passed through committee, and were read a third time and passed:—Mr. Brigham: To amend the Act incorporating the Pharmaceutical Association of the Province of Quebec, and to regulate the sale of poisons. Mr. Alexander: Bill respecting the Methodist Church of Canada. Mr. Dulac: Bill to annex part of the township of Broughton to the parish of St. Victor De Tring, read a second time.

Mr. LANGELIER moved the House into committee on the bill to amend Article 69 of the Code of Civil Procedure respecting summoning of defendants. Carried.

The bill passed through committee.

The debate on Mr. Joly's motion for a Select Committee on the return respecting licenses granted to cut timber in the township of Jersey was resumed, and a committee appointed by vote of the House to inquire into it as follows: Walls, 10; Langelier, 12; Malhiot, 9; Fendron, 8; Roy, 7; Picard, 7.

The SPEAKER gave his casting vote in favour of Roy. The following bills were read a second time: Bill to amend the act chap. 13, 37 Vict., concerning the notarial profession—Lynch. Bill to render valid certain deeds and documents passed in the District of Gaspe—Beauchesne: was referred to a Select Committee.

Mr. WATTS asked whether it is the intention of the Government to establish a magistrate's court at Lavenier, in the County of Drummond.

Hon. ATTORNEY-GENERAL said it was under the consideration of the Government.

The House adjourned at 9:30 p.m.

BOUCHERVILLE.

Inquest on the Bodies of the Fire Victims.

BOUCHERVILLE, Jan. 26.

An inquest was held here yesterday on the remains of Philomene Desmartian, wife of Pierre Dulude, and her eight children, aged between thirteen and one year, who were roasted alive in their dwelling house on Monday morning at two o'clock. The house caught fire through a coal falling out of the damper on the carpet which was straw lined. Dulude was awakened by the smoke. He got up and came down stairs and managed to rush through the flames to the door, receiving fearful burns. He ran to the barn in his shirt for a ladder, but on coming back to the house found it full of fire. His wife and eight children were never seen again. She, it appears, attempted to follow her husband, but the cries of her children for help brought her back, and with true heroism she died with them. Fourteen pieces of charred flesh, bone and cinder were recovered and deposited in one coffin yesterday. A verdict of "accidental death" was returned. Dulude, whose brother is a dry goods merchant of Notre Dame street, lies in a state of agony at his mother's house in Boucherville, and is not expected to live.

MONTREAL.

Election Case—General Hospital—The Governor General's Visit—Seizure of Petroleum—Stocks.

MONTREAL, Jan. 26.

The argument on the preliminary objections in the Montreal West election case has been fixed for Saturday the 30th instant.

The number of patients treated in the Dispensary Department during the week ending Monday, 25th January, was 294, of whom 232 were Roman Catholics and 62 were Protestants.

His Excellency Earl Dufferin accompanied by Colonel and Lady Harriet Fletcher, Miss Hamilton, Miss Catherine Hamilton, Captain Ward and Lieutenant Hamilton, Aides-de-camp, arrived last night at the St. Lawrence Hall. His Excellency will remain in town a week, and return to Ottawa to open Parliament on the 4th prox.

A quantity of petroleum is under seizure for being under the standard of 105 degrees, for the entry of which for manufacturing purposes the law, however, provides on special licenses to be obtained by such importers; but no Inspector has been appointed for this city, although at Hamilton, Quebec, Toronto and Halifax gaugers are authorized so to act; in the meantime, manufacturers are placed at a disadvantage.

Metropolitan, 99¼, closing 99 to 100; Molsons, 117, closing, 116½ to 117¼; Telegraph at 177¼, closing 177 to 177¼; Montreal, 187 to 187¼; Ontario, 113 to 113¼; Merchants', 117 to 117¼.

NEW HAMBURG.

Sudden Death.

HAMBURG, Jan. 26.

An inquest was held at the Commercial Hotel on Saturday evening, upon the body of a young girl named Elizabeth Lonsdale, who died suddenly. The Coroner, Dr. Bowlby, of Berlin, conducted the investigation. After the witnesses were examined, the jury brought in a verdict that the deceased died from natural causes.

HALTON.

Mr. McCraney Elected.

MILTON, Jan. 26.

The following are the majorities in the election for the Dominion Parliament:

	McCraney.	Chisholm.
Georgetown	15	...
Acton	18	...
Dublin	25	...
Gordon's school house	12	...
Oakville	22	..
Knatchsbull	57	...
3rd Ward Trafalgar	25	...
4th " "	2	...
Bronte	28	...
Milton	29	..
2nd Division, Nelson	7	..
1st " "	...	27
Norval	..	33
Glen Williams	...	5
Burlington	...	7
	231	72
	72	
Majority for McCraney,	159	

It is reported from Milton that McCraney is elected by 138 majority.

Another and later telegraph gives Mr. McCraney a majority of about 150.

SMITH'S FALLS.

Chapel Opening and Soiree.

SMITH'S FALLS, Jan. 26.

The spacious and elegant new chapel erected in this place by the Baptist church, Rev. R. Lennie, pastor, was publicly dedicated to the worship of God on Sabbath last, when the Rev. Mr. Davidson of Guelph preached morning and evening; and Rev. A. A. Cameron, of Ottawa, at 2.30 p.m. The sermons were vigorous, powerful and eloquent, and were listened to with great attention and appreciation by the congregations which filled every available space. The chapel is built of stone from plans furnished by an eminent architect of Toronto, at a cost of $10,000. The building is surmounted by a beautiful spire covered with tin, and the structure presents a very imposing appearance, being situated on the main street of the town, and is creditable alike to the Baptist denomination and the town. The entire walls are tinted and panelled and the ceiling is beautifully frescoed; the whole work of painting and frescoing was performed by Mr. J. S. Sweet, of Waterloo, Quebec. A most successful soiree was held last evening, and was well attended. Spirited and stirring addresses were delivered by Rev'ds. Messrs. Grant, of Farmersville, Cameron of Ottawa, Dr. Davidson, of Guelph, and J. W. Manning, of Almonte. The proceeds of the soiree and Sabbath collection was $212, and in response to a vigorous appeal made by Rev. Dr. Davidson and the pastor the magnificent sum of $2,600 was raised by subscription towards liquidating the chapel debt.

AMILTON.

Races on the Ice—During Robberies.

HAMILTON, Jan. 25.

The races on the ice were finished tonight. Varcoe won two straight heats in the unfinished open trot, carrying off the purse of $125, and Maggie took another heat in the unfinished 2:50 trot, taking the $100 purse.

Two young men, named John Barrett and Thomas Hays, were to-day fined $20 each or four months in gaol for rifling a livery stable keeper's desk and attempting to force one of the attendants to give them a horse; $5 or two months' each for threatening to stab an hotel-keeper, and emptying a tea-table and the dishes on it into the street; and were committed for entering another man's hotel, threatening to stab him, and robbing his bar of liquor and cigars.

KINGSTON.

Fire on Wolfe Island.

KINGSTON, Jan. 26.

This morning, what was left of the steam grist-mill on Wolfe Island, after the ravages of the fire on Tuesday last, was destroyed by the same element. The smouldering ashes of the previous fire are supposed to be the origin of the latter destruction. The place to-day burned was the store-house, in which was lodged a quantity of grain, all a total loss. There is an insurance of $500 on this building in the Royal Canadian Insurance Company, which had also a risk on the grain.

CHURCH FALLS.

Credit Valley Railway.

CHURCH FALLS, Jan. 26.

The grading on this road is being pushed with vigour, considering the difficulties to be contended with in this mountainous district. There has been, up to this time, a considerable part of the heavy work graded, besides stone culverts put in and the work left finished. Mr. George Laidlaw, President, and the Directors have decided, in consequence of there being no frost in the woods, and the earth being easily handled, to take advantage of the present depressed state of the labour market, and put on a large additional force, so that by May next there will be but little of heavy work between here and the Forks left ungraded. Contracts have been let to responsible parties, for the fencing of the entire line between here and Elora on the Erin branch, as also for the supply of timber for bridges, culverts, and cattle guards, and tenders are now being called for the fencing between here and Orangeville. The prospects are such that parties who were adverse to this road and considered that the enterprise could not be carried out, are now changing their opinion. All praise is due to Mr. J. A. Walsh the Superintendent here, for the vigorous manner in which he is pushing the work.

BATHURST, N. B.

New Brunswick School Law—Serious Disturbances at Caraquet.

BATHURST, N.B., Jan. 26.

A serious disturbance has occurred in Caraquet, a small town in this county, which may yet have a tragical end. The present school law is obnoxious to the people of this place, and on Thursday last the annual meeting for assessment was held. The Trustees have the power to order assessment if they think proper, notwithstanding the rejection of it by the meeting. The Trustees elected at the last meeting were dismissed by the Government, and three appointed who assessed the people against their wishes, and thus became unpopular. They were driven from the meeting last Thursday, and telegrams, greatly exaggerated, described their proceedings afterwards, their marching through the town, breaking windows, exacting money, and beating the School party. Your correspondent did not telegraph you particulars, not deeming the information sufficiently accurate. To-day, however, a crowd of two hundred, armed with guns, marched to the residence of the Hon. Robert Young, the President of the Executive, who strongly favours the School Bill, and was instrumental in forcing the assessment. Mr. Young being warned, collected his party, and barricaded the premises, arming himself with guns and revolvers. After the crowd discovered that the doors were locked, and that an armed party was inside, they held a consultation and withdrew, threatening to return to-morrow. The Sheriff and a number of constables have just started for Caraquet to quell the threatened rising to-morrow. The obnoxious School Trustees were forced to take an oath that they would not further interfere in school matters. The affair is causing the greatest excitement throughout the country.

THE TIMES

Is published every lawful morning. Price 15 cents per week, sent to subscribers in any part of Canada, SIX DOLLARS per annum.

The rate for Transient advertisements is TEN CENTS PER LINE, nonpareil measure, for each insertion. For Special Notices TEN CENTS PER LINE, and for Paragraphs, Reports of Meetings, Financial Statements of Banks, Railway Companies, Insurance Companies, and matters of like description, inserted amongst the Reading Matter, FIFTEEN CENTS PER LINE.

Special Contracts are made for a definite period.

Condensed Advertisements on the First page, when not exceeding Twenty Words, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, and ONE-AND-A-HALF CENTS for each word over twenty. The Advertisements referred to are as follows:

Any one specified article—

For Sale or Wanted.
Lost or Found.
Board Wanted.
Business for Sale.
Business Wanted.
Houses for Sale.
Houses to Rent.
Houses Wanted.
Board and Lodging.
Cattle Strayed or Stolen.
Farms Wanted.
Farms for Sale or to Rent.
Live Stock for Sale or to Rent.
Money Wanted or to Loan.
Situations Wanted.
Situations Vacant, &c., &c.

Professional and business cards inserted on the first page for one year, when not exceeding twenty words, once a week, $8; twice a week, $12; and every day, 18, each word over twenty in the same proportion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50c and deaths with funeral notices attached $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

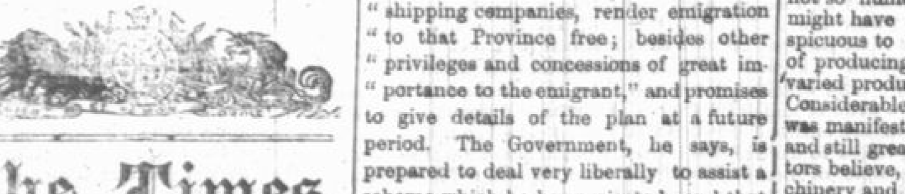
Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents.
When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1871.

New Advertisements.

Educational: Ladies' College.
Tenders: Water Works.
Boots and Shoes: W. Brown.
Lost: *Times* Office.
Tenders: Water Works.



The Times.

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 27, 1875.

THE WARDENSHIP.

We have pleasure this morning in being able to follow up our remarks in yesterday's paper upon this subject with the announcement of Mr. Morgan's election. That gentleman was elected by acclamation, yet that result was not accomplished without the offer of determined opposition. The party who objected to Mr. Morgan's election was but few in number, five to twenty we learn, and their best exertions proved quite unequal to the task of making their cause popular. The inference is drawn, therefore, from this and other premonitory symptoms, that the reign of a certain family compact long powerful in and about the Court House is drawing to a close. Neither political, family, nor local prejudices, all of which were invoked could prevail against the well-grounded popularity which Mr Morgan justly enjoys.

MR. HENRY TAYLOR'S REPORT ON CANADA.

To the true patriot everything that tends to increase the material prosperity of his country is of paramount importance, and he views with satisfaction every effort which is made to enhance the wealth of his land. There are some people in Canada who are silly enough to look upon new comers as intruders, as if they came to steal away the wealth which they think belongs to them, forgetting in their near-sightedness that only a few short years ago, perhaps, their own forefathers were like those they would fain despise, strangers in the land of their adoption. Happily, this class is not numerous, and there are few who do not see that every man, woman and child who comes to this country is a source of future wealth. With our thousands of miles of uncultivated land, our countless undeveloped mineral resources, our inexhaustible forests, giving their wealth to build up the country, it will be a long time indeed before we can cry to our emigration agents abroad, "Hold, enough." We hold that every dollar invested in the encouragement of a healthy emigration, either by assisted passages, free grants of land, paid agents, or in any other way which may be deemed desirable, is a dollar well spent, and which will in a short time bring interest forty-fold. The class of emigrants which a young country most requires is, of course, agricultural labourers and mechanics, and it is generally found that those who labour more with their brains than with their hands find themselves the least paid of all emigrants.

Mr. Henry Taylor, the agent of the English National Agricultural Association, who visited Canada during the last fall, bringing with him a number of emigrants, has just returned home, and presented his report to the Association. Unlike similar reports, it is very brief, and might almost be published *in extenso*, but we content ourselves by gleaning a few of the hints he gives to the association for their future guidance. After a few preliminary observations, he says that he proceeded to Ontario, where situations were procured for the emigrants at rates of wages varying from $120 to $200 per annum all found, and from $180 to $240 with house rent, firing and other privileges. He says in addition that he is not aware of any of the emigrants being out of employment. Mr. Taylor then goes on to impress upon the minds of the Committee the necessity of pursuing the work of emigration to Canada early in the season, and says the evils of late arrivals are manifold, and should not be countenanced, for reasons already pointed out in previous communications. Adverting to the defective system of distributing emigrants in the past, he says that the Government are devising means which will in future obviate the difficulty. Speaking of emigrants who had come out previously, as many as possible of whom he had made a point of visiting, Mr. Taylor says he found them "comfortable and full of "good prospects; the exceptions are rare, "and complaints arise from those only "who cannot dissever themselves from "their earlier associations, or are from "lack of courage unsuited to carve out "their own course in new society. The "general effect on the character of the "labourers by the change of country, "home, and society is to make them more "industrious, energetic, and self reliant, "which, together with the liberal municipal institutions of the country, render "them much more intelligent through "their educational influences, and conferring on them the rights of citizenship "enables them easily to adopt the country as their own." He goes on to say that "the free educational system is an "incalculable boon to the labouring "classes, the effects of which must be a "greater intelligence in future generations."

These remarks will be readily endorsed by any one who has spent but a short time in Canada, as their effects are seen in the general intelligence which is displayed by the children attending the public schools, and by those who have commenced to earn their own livelihood. Speaking of the labour prospects, Mr. Taylor remarks that "the condition of "the labour market is such as would absorb annually a large number of farm "labourers to great advantage. It would "not be advisable, even if it were possible, to unduly flood the market with "labour; such a course would tend only "to unsettle and lower wages, which are "at present none too high, and would interfere with the steady and growing "demand which now prevails. Land is "easily acquired, and the numerous opportunities which enable the provident "and industrious to reap the results of "their own labour, by becoming their own "employers, is the greatest argument in "favour of emigration." Mr. Taylor then adverts to the generally healthy state of the country, saying that emigrants readily become acclimatised, and that the death-rate is low. He informs the Executive Committee that "in consideration "of the position of the Union "as an agency for emigration, the Government of the Province of Ontario "have agreed to render such assistance "as will, under the present terms of the "shipping companies, render emigration "to that Province free; besides other "privileges and concessions of great importance to the emigrant," and promises to give details of the plan at a future period. The Government, he says, is prepared to deal very liberally to assist a scheme which he has projected, and that it will legislate to meet its requirements. This scheme he does not give in detail, but submits a brief summary, which we gladly quote in full:—

"The Government will give free grants of land on lines of projected railways and on lines of railroads conducted in the free-grant districts. Employment will thus be secured near the locations for a year or two. The Government will bear all reasonable expenses for a delegation to look out suitable locations for settlers. The Government will give the usual emigration assistance, and convey colonists from Quebec to their destination free of cost. A fund must be raised to be appropriated as a loan to the settlers in the following manner:—In the erection of shanties or clearing the land, or in the purchase of implements, or cows, pigs, or such things as may be deemed desirable by a comptetent manager, so as the amount expended on each lot does not exceed $200, which sum, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, must be a lien on the estate until repaid. In case other labour should fail, the settler may be employed on his own lot at clearing, and paid a *minimum* wage, which will enable him to maintain himself and bring his land under cultivation; but in all probability there would be very little assistance required, on account of the numerous public works which will find sufficient capital for a steady advancement. There would be no risk of capital, as any one leaving his lot would forfeit any improvement made unless satisfactory arrangements were made with the manager."

If such an arrangement as the above is duly sanctioned by the Local Government, we predict a great amount of good from it. Many a farm servant, unpossessed of the necessary capital to enable him to exist until he has cleared his own farm, will avail himself of such an opportunity of acquiring a freehold farm for himself and his posterity. The easy interest will not be a bugbear to any man with the least amount of enterprise, while the debt to the Government will act as a stimulus to him to make extra exertions for its liquidation. Men who have all their life long been accustomed to hard work and small pay will think lightly, if they are wise, of the hardships of "roughing it in the bush," with the prospect of their winning an easy and honourable independence for their old age. Mr. Taylor visited Manitoba, where he says there is a grand field open to the enterprising agricultural labourer and capitalist, but he adds that he expects to receive information from the Dominion Government as to what special inducements they will offer to colonization in Manitoba, when doubtless he will give that far off part of the Dominion a fair share of his energies, and to which there will in all probability be a steady stream of emigration, as well as to our own province of Ontario. With Mr. Taylor advocating the claims of Canada in the old country, we may safely hope that a large proportion of those who would seek the protection of Uncle Sam's paternal wing will be induced to give Canada a trial, where a sure prosperity may be set off against the inducements of possible speedy wealth. It is almost needless to say in conclusion that Mr. Taylor's practical report was unanimously adopted by the committee who sent him out to advise them as to its prospective advantages as a field of emigration.

Fresh Oysters in Shell.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

Burnett's Cocoaine for the hair has stood the test of time and competition. It has established a reputation for purity and efficacy in every quarter of the world. For twenty years it has been a favorite with the people and a leader with the trade. The name "Cocoaine" has become a valuable property. We have established our *sole* right to its use in several suits at law, thus protecting the public and ourselves from imposition. 3748

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

CITY OF OTTAWA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Meeting—Report of Directors—Election of Officers—Other Business.

The regular annual meeting of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society took place in the City Hall yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock—the Hon. James Skead, president, in the chair.

Among those present were Alonza Wright, M.P.; J. M. Currier, M.P.; Ira Morgan, Warden of the County: Messrs. R. Surtees, Thos. Patterson, A. McKellar, Thos. Clark of Nepean, R. Kenny of Aylmer, John Thompson of Nepean, G. W. Eaton, A. S. Woodburn, Col. Wily, and others who evince an interest in agriculture.

The meeting having been called to order, and the minutes of previous meetings read and confirmed, the Secretary read the following annual report:—

ANNUAL REPORT.

To the Members of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society.

It is a pleasure to be able to say that we see signs, in the yearly exhibitions held under the auspices of your society, of steady and permanent progress in farming operations, more especially in the improved breeds of cattle which are being introduced into this section, and in the many labour-saving implements and inventions brought from season to season in this manner before public notice.

The year 1874 will be remembered as one of plenty to the farmer in the section of country in which it has been our privilege to live, one in which the doubts of short crops in the early season were dispelled by the full barns of September, the yield being above the average, and harvested in the best condition. For this state of plenty, added to which has been peace throughout our land, we are indebted to the great Giver of good, and calls for thankfulness that our country has been thus highly favoured, while our wants have been so amply supplied.

As regards the exhibition of the past year, your Directors cannot report in some respects any noticeable improvement, while in others the gain was apparent. The number of samples of grain, and of several descriptions of roots exhibited, owing perhaps to the early drought, was not up to that of former years. The ladies department also was scarcely up to that of 1874, although some excellent samples of work were exhibited. The floral display, however, was a great success, and the vegetables and roots, if not so numerously represented as they might have been, were sufficiently conspicuous to show that our soil is capable of producing in a bountiful degree, the varied products necessary for our wants. Considerable advance over other years was manifest in the display of live stock, and still greater improvement your directors believe, was observable in the machinery and implement departments, this section of country now becoming a market second perhaps to none in Canada, for manufacturers and inventors. The entries on the whole were in advance of any previous year.

After the repeated efforts of four years to obtain for Ottawa and the Ottawa Valley the benefits in rotation, of the holding of the Provincial Exhibition in our midst, as you are already aware our claims have at last been admitted, and that in the handsomest manner, the western delegates at their annual meeting having voted by two to one in favour of our city. This favourable result your directors attribute to the now admittedly superior claims of Ottawa as compared with some of her more western rivals, in respect of accommodation for those who visit the Exhibition, her central position in a prosperous and active community, and the general desire of the western people to see for themselves the capital of the Dominion. It would not be in this connection improper perhaps to mention, without being invidious, the names of Rev. Dr. Burnett of Hamilton, President of the Fruit Growers' Association, and the Hon. David Christie, Speaker of the Senate, as among the most prominent supporters of the claims of Ottawa.

Your Directors have also to congratulate the members in the fact that the society now holds in fee simple the plot of ground (23¼ acres) which has been used for our exhibition ground in the past, but the title to which has but a few days since been completed by the Dominion Government, through the Ordnance Lands Branch of the Secretary of State's Department, who have acted in a most liberal manner in the final settlement with your Directors. We cannot but congratulate the society upon the acquisition of such a valuable plot of ground in a situation so beautiful, and so well calculated for the purposes for which it is intended. The property is entirely unencumbered, and being enclosed with a substantial board fence, and having thereon several excellent stables and sheds, which may yet last many years; in this respect the society can now boast of a most favourable position.

One great want during the past years has been a suitable Exhibition Hall wherein to display the products of the farm and the garden, as also works of art and the varied handiwork of the ladies. This is now about to be supplied by the erection of a hall for the approaching Provincial Exhibition, in connection with the other buildings necessary for the Ontario Fair, which it is a matter of congratulation to us all, is next year to be held in our midst. Let us hope that now having secured the coveted honour, all concerned will work heartily and second the efforts of the City Council, who have in the customary manner guaranteed to the Board of Arts and Agriculture the necessary accommodation for the exhibition of 1875. This exhibition must be made a success beyond even a peradventure, if the city and surrounding counties are true to their own interests.

Your Directors indulge the hope that those who come to see will carry away favourable impressions of this eastern portion of the Fair Province of Ontario, and that Ottawa in her first attempt at entertaining her western friends on such an expensive scale, may come off with flying colours.

ABSTRACT OF THE TREASURER'S ACCOUNT FOR 1874.

The Secretary next read the following abstract statement of the financial condition of the Society as certified to by the Auditors:

Dr.		
To cash balance, 1873	$184	26
subsc. " "		15
Amount of note from I. Morgan	500	
Amount of Government grant	350	
" city grant	500	
" county grant	400	
" members subscrip't,	355	
" special	630	
" sale of stands	227	
" sale of stalls	116	
" sale of show licenses	19	50
" entrance money	2,060	
Balance	161	90
	5,518	66
Cr.		
By prizes	$2,649	
" accounts	1,171	95
" land account	635	50
" police and constables	120	
" turnstiles	204	60
" straw	65	
" games	90	
" McCloy, caretaker	20	
" " for labourers	362	61
Secretary's salary	200	
	5,518	66
ASSETS.		
By seven special subscriptions due	100	
LIABILITIES.		
To balance as above	161	90
Note to Ira Morgan	500	
Montreal *Witness* and J. McLaren & Co's. accounts omitted	42	67
	704	57

Ottawa, 20th Jan., 1875.

On motion of Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Patterson, the annual report of the directors and the financial statement of the Secretary-Treasurer were received and adopted.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The election of officers for the year was next proceeded with and resulted as follows:—

President—Hon. James Skead. First Vice-President, J. M. Currier, M. P. Second do. G. W. Eaton.

Secretary-Treasurer—Mr. A. S. Woodburn.

Directors—Messrs. Alonso Wright, M. P.; W. McKay Wright, M. P.; Ira Morgan; R. Surtees; R. Kenny; A. McKellar; Robt. Cummings and His Worship the Mayor.

Auditors.—Messrs. W. Cowan and A. Burritt.

NEW BUSINESS.

The President explained that immediate necessity existed for making preparation for the forthcoming exhibition. The society would have to provide at least a sum of $10,000 for the proposed exhibition building. He thought the most feasible way was to borrow the amount for a term of years on their present property.

It was resolved to leave this matter to the consideration of the Finance Committee.

THE COMING SHOW.

Mr. Eaton explained that the County of Carleton Society had determined to hold no exhibition next fall, and had decided to give any surplus money to the city show, to aid them to make ample preparations for the Provincial Exhibition.

Mr. A. Wright said that it was the intention of the County of Ottawa to do likewise.

Mr. Kenny thought all efforts should be put forth to make the next Provincial Exhibition a success. He trusted the Board of Agriculture would deal equitably with the question of imported stock, and not allow Canadian breeders to be put in the background.

Mr. Wright, although agreeing with much of what Mr. Kenny had said, did not agree with him in his opinions to restrict importation of good stock. He thought it proved of immense advantage to the agricultural interests of Canada.

Mr. Morgan was pleased to hear the discussion, and promised that the matter would receive every consideration at the meeting of the Board to be held in this city early next month.

QUEBEC EXHIBITION.

Mr. Currier thought it would be well for some steps to be taken towards securing a postponement of the Quebec Provincial Exhibition next season, with a view to give the one in this city an inter-provincial character. He would therefore move that the President be instructed to communicate with the Board of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec, with a view to secure a postponement of its exhibition.

The resolution was carried.

The meeting then adjourned.

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrised. 3727

Bragg's Charcoal Biscuits at W. Hearn's Sapper's Bridge. 3748

Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695-1m

The Event of the New Year.—The holidays are ended, and the serious work of the New Year begins. The first important event before us is the last drawing of the Library Gift Concerts, which takes place in Louisville, Ky., February 27th. This drawing will as certainly take place on that date as the day arrives, and to guarantee this Gov. Bramlette offers to return their money to ticket holders if the drawing is not had at the time appointed. What more could be asked? All that is needed is to buy your tickets *in time*, and you may count on having your prizes on the 27th day of next February. 3745 d&w

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Musca Wine. 3698

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

New York Bay Oysters in Shell.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

The best value in Winceys at Bryson's! 3695 1m.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, Bible House, New York City.
Oct. 7, 1874. 3[illegible]ly d&w.

FOWLE'S

PILE AND HUMOR CURE

For Internal and External Use

WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE for all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

Price $1 per Bottle, Sold by all Druggists.
Dec. 14, 18 371[illegible]

Berkeley, Sept. 1869.—Gentleman, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, Henry Allpass.—To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills. 3[illegible]

Auction Sales.

Household Furniture

BY AUCTION.

The subscriber is instructed by Mr. A. E. GENDREAU, to sell by Public Auction, at his residence, Wellington-st., a little below the Scotch Church, on MONDAY, the 25th inst., commencing at 11 o'clock, all his Household Furniture, comprising a very fine B. W. Parlor Suite in hair cloth, an excellent Lounge in green repp and finely upholstered; Brussels, Tapestry and Kidderminster Carpets, B. W. Centre Table, Mirrors, Trifle Tables, Pictures and Ornaments, Dining Table, Side Board, Chairs, China, Glass and Crockery, B. W. Bedroom Suite, Spring Mattrass, Hair do, Wash Stands, Dressing Tables, Bedsteads, Mattrasses, and numerous other articles that cannot be mentioned.

The Furniture is good, being but a short time in use, and the sale positive, commencing at 11 o'clock sharp, on Monday, the 25th inst.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Jan. 20, 1875.

Auction Sale

OF VERY VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS,

Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.

HECTOR McLEAN

Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, THE 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:

License No. 161, season of 1873-4, comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.

License No. 163, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vielle Branch, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.

These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN, Ramsay.
Dec. 30th, 1874 3731-td

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land

Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice as the owner is in want of money.

For particulars apply to

JOHN W. McGUIRE, 25, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester Or, Ottawa P. O.
Sept. 2, 1874. 2881.

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.
Dec. 30, 1874. 3879

Hotels.

THE

CLARENDON HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

WILLIAM MILLS, Proprietor.

The above Hotel, one of the finest and most commodious in the City, is situated at the **Corner of Sussex and George Streets,** within three to five minutes' walk of Post Office and Parliament Buildings, and in the centre of the business part of the city, will be opened to the public about the 1st January, 1875.

The Proprietor has entirely remodelled and refurnished this Hotel so that nothing is wanting to ensure the comfort of guests.

Members of Parliament, Tourists, and Commercial Gentlemen will find all facilities for their convenience and comfort unequalled by any other hotel.

The Dining-Room,

One of the finest in the Dominion, is capable of accommodating from 150 to 200 guests.

The Drawing and Sitting Rooms

are large and elegantly furnished with all modern comforts and conveniences.

The Bed-Rooms

are large, airy, well lighted, heated and ventilated.

The Reading and Coffee Rooms

are furnished with the best easy chairs, lounges, settees, &c.

The Sample Rooms

are the finest in the city. The Bar-Room, one of the best in Canada—is supplied with the choicest of liquors and cigars.

Omnibuses will Run to and from all Trains and Boats.

In soliciting your patronage, I would beg leave to assure you that my personal supervision will be given to see to the comforts of all guests, while my long and well known experience in catering is a guarantee that my Table will be one of the best in Canada.

N. B.—Due notice will be given as to date of opening.
Dec. 28th, 1874. 3729

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased. Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.
Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2402

CENTRAL! CONVENIENT!

THE DOMINION RESTAURANT

Rajotte's New Block, Wellington-st.,

(Opposite Parliament Houses,)

Now open, and holding out the best inducements in the way of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Lunches hot or cold from 12 to 3. Oysters in any style at all hours.

HARRIS & CLOSE, Proprietors.
Jan. 18, 1875 37[illegible]y

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD

USE THE

Diamond Yeast Cakes!

Hatters & Furriers.

DEVLIN'S

Fur Depots

416 Notre Dame-St., Montreal.
11 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

White Rabbitt Jackets,

LADIES' SOUTH SEA SEAL JACKETS,

Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets,

Ladies Sea Otter Sets.

R. J. DEVLIN, Manufacturer.
Jan. 11, 1875.

ALEX. BROBERY,

FURRIER,

45 Rideau-st.,

Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,

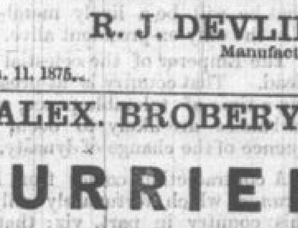
Is offering the balance of his

Stock of Winter Furs

AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3733



LADIES FURS!

GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,

No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to order by

JAMES PEACOCK, No. 33, Rideau Street.
Dec. 20th, 1874. 3724 ml

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.

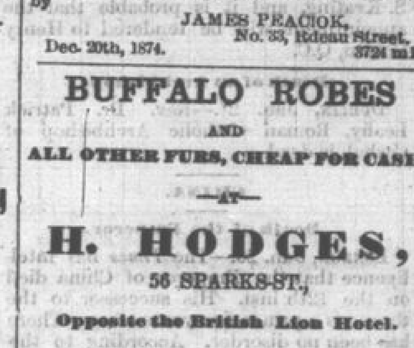
—AT—

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel.
Dec. 21, 1874.

Gift Enterprises.



The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts.

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000 } Each in Cash
Two Prizes, $500 }
Five Prizes $100 }

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.

One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth

Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300

Three Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.

Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth $100 each!

1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c. Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 432 Cincinnati, O.

Office: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.
Dec. 28, 1874 2754 d&w

ANOTHER

OPPORTUNITY

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Ky., to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The management are pledged to the return of the money if the Drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts	$20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.
Dec. 23, 1874. 3720w2awkd&w

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City references given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., Jas. Hope, Esq., Ericson & Weston, L. Cranns, Esq., and many others. Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application.

H. MEADOWS & CO., 85 Sussex-St.
Oct. 3, 1874. 3208

Remedies.

MANHOOD RESTORED.—A victim of youthful imprudence, causing premature decay, nervous debility, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has found a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address,

J. H. REEVES, 78 Nassau-st., New York.
Jan. 27, 1875. 3748.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN

Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London
July 1874.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown & Co.

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Hensa, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costume and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Balls and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers. Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is Morson's Pepsine, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½, 1 and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodyne being unequal in strength, Morson & Son have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., ½ oz., and 1 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

81, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row,* RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

Works—Hornsey and Homerton.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed with despatch. 3945

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES FOR CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

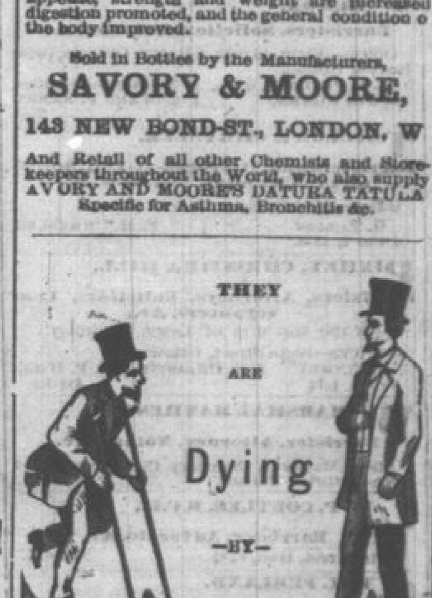
As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.



ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acremonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only Medicine having control over this class of diseases is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE!

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the first time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

A BLESSING TO THE POLICE.

MONTREAL, 18th June, 1864.

Devins & Bolton:

Gentlemen,—Having been one of the many martyrs of rheumatism that I meet on my every day rounds, I was induced to try the celebrated DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. I had suffered the last five or six weeks the most terrible acute pains across my loins and back, so severe indeed that I could hardly walk with the help of a stick. I commenced the Diamond Remedy—following the directions carefully. Relief came immediately with the first bottle, improved rapidly with the second, completely cured and freed from pain after finishing my fifth small bottle. You are at perfect liberty either to refer to me privately or publicly, as I feel very thankful for the relief, and sympathize with my fellow sufferers from rheumatism.

Yours respectfully,
J. B. CARDINAL,
Sanitary Police Officer,
51 Labelle street.

In simple cases, sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto,
Or to DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec.
Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.
May 18, 1874.

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 18 years, and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLERY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

In my former workshops, over Mann's Ware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

June 26, 1874. W. YOUNG.

N. MARKS,

Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,

36—SPARKS STREET—36

Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine

JEWELLERY,

Comprising Diamonds and other fine Gem Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of fine finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.

A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.
Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family. To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special appointment); and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER.

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory, Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and agents in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from [illegible] to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centreseconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.
Jan. 17 1874.

Mails.

POST OFFICE OTTAWA,

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE.	DELIVERED.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., St. John, N.B., Charlottetown, P.E.I., and all places in the Maritime Provinces and Newfoundland	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U. S.	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 10.10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packages the same night.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamers will be closed at 1.25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

POSTAGE STAMPS

Are no longer sold at this office, but may be purchased from any of the licensed stamp vendors throughout the city.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Newfoundland, Great Britain and India.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

Exceptional Postage.—Postage to Hull, New Edinburgh and Rochesterville, 1 cent. per half ounce, if post paid; if unpaid, 2 cents.

Office hours from 8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Jan. 26, 1875.

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.

SIGN-WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done at the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.
Dec 26, 1874. 3[illegible]

THE STORY OF THE LA PLATA.

The mail steamer Cathay, which has arrived at Southampton, brings from Gibraltar Henry Lamont, boatswain, and John Hooper, quarter-master, of the lost steamer La Plata, picked up at sea on a raft.

The following fuller details of the circumstances attaching to their rescue are taken from the Gibraltar *Chronicle*:

"A remarkable episode in the story of the last frightful disaster at sea—the foundering of the La Plata—is the rescue, after drifting about for three days on the ocean, of Henry Lamont, boatswain, and John Hooper, a quartermaster of the ship. The readers of the *Chronicle* will have seen in [illegible] of Dec. 9th that these poor fell[ows] were landed here on the 9th from the [Dut]ch schooner Wilhelm Benklezoon; [their] escape was so extraordinary [th]at an account of it taken from their o[wn li]ps cannot fail to be deeply interesting.

"On [Sat]urday morning, the 29th, when it became evident that the La Plata must founder, the fires being extinguished and the water rapidly rising in the hold, two of the lifeboats on deck, one on the port and the other on the starboard side, were manned by some of the officers and crew, in the expectation that when the ship sank beneath them, the boats would be left floating. This was really the case with one of the boats—but just as the ship was on the point of sinking, a heavy sea washed over her, broke up the other boat, in which were fifteen men, including Lamont and Hooper, were sitting, and washed the whole of the boat's crew overboard. Lamont and Hooper had just risen to the surface when the ship took her final plunge, and they were drawn down again by the suction. On coming up the second time, they saw floating close to them the damaged air-raft, which they contrived to get hold of. This raft was made of compartments filled with air and joined by a canvas band, forming a seat. Seated on this band they were in a sort of trough, and the water came up to their waists. Their bodies below the waist getting gradually benumbed, their only hope of escaping a lingering death lay in their being observed by some passing ship; and this chance seemed small indeed, for to any ship not passing quite close they would have been a tiny dark speck on the water, invisible unless when just on the crest of a wave, and then only visible by the aid of a telescope. Then the sea was continually washing over them, and, unless they had been men of strong vitality and sound physique, they could hardly have lived through the three days until their final rescue. During the Sunday, the first day of their suffering, their anxious eyes could only discover one passing ship, and she passed much too far off to see them. On Monday there was a strong breeze and nasty sea, which continually broke over them, but the weather was fine. Several ships passed at a distance; these they could plainly see, but by none of them could they hope to be seen. Tuesday was calm during the greater part of the day, and their hopes of safety were raised by seeing a three masted schooner which passed within half a mile of them. They shouted with all their might, and thought they must be heard, but the schooner sailed on and heeded them not. The cry of distress was not heard, nor the dark speck on the water observed. Towards Tuesday evening the breeze freshened and it continued to blow hard during the night. The men were exhausted, and in the conflict between wearied nature and hopes of life, they sank into a state between sleeping and waking, dozing for a minute or two and then suddenly starting again into consciousness. About four on Wednesday morning the one who was in his waking moments saw through the darkness the loom of a dark object bearing down upon them, and immediately roused his companion. It was a vessel, which rapidly approached and came within 100 yards of them. With all the strength that was left to them they uttered the cry for assistance, and to their unspeakable joy, after a few seconds interval, a bright light told that their cry had been heard and was answered. For two hours the light burnt like a beacon of safety before their eyes, but just before dawn it disappeared, and when day broke no ship was anywhere to be seen. Hope was fast giving way to despair when about two hours after daylight the missing vessel bore down towards them. This was the Dutch schooner Wilhelm Benklezoon. The master, when he heard the cry of distress, had immediately brought his ship to, and lay till the morning. In the meantime the shipwrecked men on the air raft had drifted to the leeward. When the master of the Wilhelm Benklezoon found at daybreak that nothing could be seen, he conjectured from the force and direction of the wind the point to which any floating wreck or boat would have drifted, and bore down in that direction. The correctness of his judgment was proved and his humanity rewarded by the result, for he steered directly towards the raft. But here, just when safety seemed within reach, appeared the greatest danger. The sea was running so high, and it was blowing so hard, that the master of the little schooner dared neither to lower a boat, nor bring his vessel alongside the raft. He feared in the first case that he should uselessly sacrifice his own men without rescuing the others, and in the latter case, his vessel would swamp the raft. He therefore beckoned to the two men to quit the raft and swim to the schooner. Thoroughly exhausted by their three days exposure, they mistrusted their powers of swimming even this short distance; but it was their only hope of salvation. Lamont, the boatswain, first made the attempt, and succeeded in getting alongside He was too weak to hold on by a rope whilst he was being pulled up, and had to take a turn of the rope round his wrist. Meantime the schooner and raft had again separated and the schooner made another tack to give Hooper a chance. He was still more exhausted than Lamont, but thinking it was no worse to be drowned between the raft and the ship than be left to perish on the raft, he made the desperate effort, and struck, out for the schooner. When he got along side his hands were too benumbed even to clutch the rope which was held out to him, and he took it between his teeth. The little schooner was low in the water, and some of the crew leaning over and watching an opport nity, caught him by the hands, and pulled him in-board.

"They were unable to stand and almost dead from exposure and weakness from want of food, for it was then close upon noon on Wednesday, and they had eaten nothing since the previous Saturday evening; but they were brought round by the kindness of Captain Dorp and his crew, which could not be exceeded. They were supplied with warm clothing, and food, in small quantities at first, was judiciously administered. The sailors gave up their berths to the shipwrecked men, and nothing was left undone that could add to their comfort. Since their arrival here Lamont and Hooper, have been under treatment in the Civil Hospital, and although still suffering from partial numbness and shooting pains in the legs, from prolonged immersion in the sea, are sufficiently recovered to proceed to England in the packet expected to-day.

"Lamont is married, and Hooper is a widower. Although four days without food, they felt nothing beyond the weakness of exhaustion and suffered from neither hunger nor thirst. Neither did they feel pain from the long immersion of salt water—sensation of all kind having been succeeded by perfect numbness. The records of maritime disaster probably contain few cases like this. We often read of dreadful sufferings from exposure in open boats, but in the present instance the men were drifting about for three days immersed in the very sea itself, and looking death steadily in the face. The conduct of the master of the Dutch schooner is beyond all praise, and it is to be hoped will meet some special reward. Ordinary humanity would lead the master of any vessel to relieve shipwrecked mariners, but the conduct of Captain Dorp showed something more than ordinary humanity. He heard a cry of distress out of the deep, and immediately lay to until daylight should show him whether he could relieve the sufferers, nor did he rest satisfied with that, but when daylight came and he could see nothing, he still continued his search, and with such sound judgment and ability that he succeeded in lighting on these poor fellows in mid-ocean and saving their lives."

The quartermaster of the La Plata, one of the two rescued from a raft in the Bay of Biscay, arrived at Exeter on Wednesday. He has partly recovered the use of his legs, which were numbed by exposure, but is still very ill. He denies the statement that a boat's crew cruised in search of survivors. He has certain information which he declines to make public till the Board of Trade inquiry. He states that the crew remarked on the deep stern loading of the vessel before sailing, and says she laboured very much in consequence.

Dr. Richard Fegan, M.A., writes to the *Times* to state that Mrs. Dudden, the widow of the late Captain Dudden, commander of the La Plata, was safely delivered of a son on Monday evening, and that both mother and child are progressing satisfactorily. She is still unconscious of the sad fate of her husband, and will be kept in ignorance of it until sufficiently recovered to bear the shock of such news.

PAIN-KILLER.

After thirty-five years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to i s virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Physicians of the first respectability recommend it as a most effectual preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but fo Dy-entery or Cholera, or any sort of Bowel complaint it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency, and rapidity o action. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

It is used Internally and Externally.

Sold everywhere, Price 25 cts.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Sole Proprietors

January 13th, 1875. 5711

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence

Sept. 19, 1874. 2676-y

WHOLESALE

Ready-Made

CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTER

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

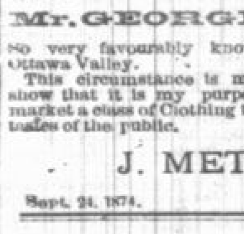
So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 24, 1874. 2880

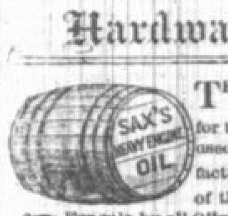
Hardware, &c.



THIS EXCELLENT Machinery Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

For sale by all Oilmen.

Dec. 4, 1874 3719-y



OUR BRANDS OF

ARCTIC

—AND—

Heavy Engine Oil

Are unequalled by any Machine Oils in the market. Guaranteed not to freeze. Orders solicited from consumers.

W. J. CRAVEN & Co.,
441 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

Agents for Ottawa District—
CALDWELL & Co., Sparks-st
3741y

HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.

No.24 No.24

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware

In the city is to be found at

THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—Uor prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - [Ma]nagers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Roe's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 20, 1874.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed; None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO.,
Sparks Street, near Bank.

Books & Stationery.

NEW BOOKS.

Supernatural Religion, 2 vols	$8 00
The Greville Memoirs, 2 vols	4 00
Proctors' Transit of Venus	2 50
Opening a Chesnut Burr, by Rev. E. P. Roe	1 00
The Cloth of God and other Poems, by T. B. Aldrich	1 00
Chambers' Journal, bound volume for 1874	2 25
The Christian Treasury do do	1 75
Annual Register of Rural Affairs for 1875	30
Whitaker's Almanac for 1875	30

For sale at

HENDERSON & Co's.

39 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 23, 1875.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 26, 1874.

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

FOR THE

PIANOFORTE.

It Stands the Test! Sells 25,000 Yearly, and is gaining friends everywhere.

No piano instruction book ever issued approaches it for real merit and worth, and no teachers regret using it in their course of instruction. This work is a power in the musical advance of the day, and has been a most important agent in the recent tremendous increase of technical knowledge of the Pianoforte.

The success of

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

is world-wide, and prompts many competitors but its sale surpasses that of all others COMBINED, and it stands to-day incontestably superior to all other Piano Methods.

Used by thousands of Music Teachers and sold by all Book and Music Dealers in this Country and Canada.

Price, - - - $3.75.

All books sent, post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, N.Y.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

Government Notices

DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon on the

15th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875.

For the manufacture from Government cloth of such jackets and trowsers as may be required for militia purposes during the current year.

Patterns may be seen and further information will be given on application.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

W. POWELL,
Lt.-Col., Dept. Adjt, General.

Ottawa, Jan. 26th, 1875. 3-awk, 3742

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, Jan. 25, 1874.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Tenders for Grading—Fort William to Shebandowan.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender Pacific Railway," will be received up to noon of SATURDAY, the 20th of February next, for the Bridging and Grading required on that Section of the Pacific Railway, extending from the Town plot of Fort William, near Thunder Bay, Lake Superior, to Lake Shebandowan, about 45 miles in length.

For plans, specification, approximate quantities, forms of tender, and other information, apply at the office of the Engineer in Chief, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications for that part of the line between Lake of the Woods and Red River, will be ready in the course of two or three weeks.

By Order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Dept. of Public Works,
Ottawa, Jan. 18, 1875.
3748-6 2aw

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector McLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 100 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying and being on the southeast side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,543 feet, and of No. 3, 9,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order,

E. A. MEREDITH,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior,

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.

S. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to. Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape Hat-bands, Scarfs, &c., can have them at ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,
6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa

No 11 249

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established

AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatised, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the Spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEMIEUX,
Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.

Nov. 8, 1872.

Furniture.

NEW

Furniture Warerooms,

ANGUS & CO.

Dealers in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cornices and Curtains.

85 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite Heney's New Block.

Jan. 11, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND OR WEST OF CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874.

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR, Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

Boots & Shoes.

SELLING AT COST,

For One Month, for Cash Only.

In order to reduce

Stock of Spring Importations.

Bargains may be expected, as I deal exclusively on the cash system, which has enabled me to buy at bottom figures.

W. E. BROWN,
15 SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

Jan. 27, 1875.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots, Embroidered and Plain Felt Congress. Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress. Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Eelt Bals. Felt Overs.

A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter feet-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at REDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an entire clearance.

Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB,
28 Sussex-st.

Jan. 9, 1875.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of!

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS.
Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre.

348 -ly

J. & G. NEELIN,
No. 12 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes, Mitts, Rubbers, Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN,
Ottawa

Dec. 24, 1874.

NOTICE

All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 23 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES,

COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.

Dec. 17, 18 4.

Life Assurance.

The Royal Mutual Life Assurance Company

OF CANADA.

Head Office, ... Ottawa, Ont.

Capital: $100,000 in 1,000 Shares of $100 Each.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:

F. F. Jones, Esq., M. P. P.
James Humphrey, Esq.
Henry Torrance, Esq.
James McCarty, Esq.
J. J. Fraser, Esq., M.P.P.
C. R. Cooper, Esq.

Lees & Gemmell, *Solicitors*.
Henry T. Corbett, Esq., M.D., &c., *Medical Director*.
C. R. Cooper, *Manager*.
Arthur W. Wilson, Esq., F.I.A & F.S.S., *Actuary*.
Merchants Bank of Canada, *Bankers*.

Quebec Agency . . . 235 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

FRENCH DEPARTMENT:

J. J. Lussier, Esq., M.D., *Examiner*.
F. G. Boutillier, Esq., L.L.B., *Solicitor*.
J. A. B. Belque, Esq., *Manager and Secretary*.
Banque Ville Marie, *Bankers*.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT:

P. O'Leary, Esq., M.D., *Examiner*.
W. R. Ford, Esq., *Agent*.

PROSPECTUS.

In view of the magnitude the Life Assurance interests have assumed of late years in Canada, the immense increase year by year, and in consideration that the bulk of the business is done by American Companies, the projectors of this Company feel that there is a vast field open for a profitable Canadian enterprise. According to the report of the Auditor of the Financial Department at Ottawa for 1873, there were 13,086 policies issued during the year; 8,037 by American Companies, 3 518 only by Canadian Companies, and 1,513 by English Companies; out of 35 Life Companies reporting to the Government, but four were Canadian. The total amount of Insurance effected was $23,434,504. The total income for the year was $2,586,261.84; out of this $1,514,331.94 was paid to American Companies, and only $511,235.85 to Canadian, and $562,693.05 to English Companies. The deposit with our Government amounted to $4,857,851. $520,529.09 was paid for death losses. Over two millions are sent out of the country to enrich American and English stockholders. This immense capital can be retained in the country, assisting to build up our commerce, railroads, canals, and all that materially tend to make us a nation, with as much advantage to the policyholders as they now receive. No other investments in America have been considered so safe and remunerative as Life Assurance stock. In Canada, no Canadian Company has ever failed, and in the U. S., but two companies where the stockholders lost anything. $360,140,684.49 is invested in Life Companies in the U. S., and in Canada we have not probably $500,000. As evidence of the immense profitableness of Life Assurance stock, the following figures are taken from the New York Insurance Department Report for 1873, showing dividends paid to stockholders. Only those Companies doing business in Canada are cited:—

	Capital.	Dividend.	Balance as regards Stockholders.
Ætna	$103,000	$45,000	$2,144,503.56
Atlantic	110,000	8,050	25,176.11
Equitable	100,000	8,050	2,421,758.84
Globe	100,000	13,723	164,510.70
United States	250,000	18,350	632,264.98
Phœnix	16,000	960	666,767.12

Besides the immense surplus belonging to the stockholders, the above companies have large surpluses representing many millions belonging to their policyholders. Our few Canadian Companies have all paid large dividends. No difficulty has been found in procuring the immediate subscription of the whole stock of the Royal Mutual Life Assurance Company, but it was believed to be more judicious and more to the Company's interest, that the stock be distributed among the towns where the Company would probably open Agencies, thereby creating a local interest in every place.

3748

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co., Cincinatti, O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N.J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y. &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE........ 70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3640y

Hardware.

MOORE BROS.,

TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil,

General House-Furnishing Goods,

And Lawn Mowers.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS. OTTAWA.

Jan. 7, 1875. 3673

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES.

J. T. MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces. Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Lamps & Chandeliers

The Largest Assortment in the City,

AT THE OIL DEPOT, SUSSEX-ST.

C. S. SHAW & CO.

Jan, 8, 1875.

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES!
Restore your Sight!
THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES,

By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957.) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,
successor to Phelan & Collender
738 Broadway, New York
727

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer [Trade Mark secured] Montreal.

DR. POMROY,

CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN

May now be consulted in his

ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE

Hours from 10 a.m until 5 p.m.

Dec. 10 1874. 37119tfw

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH,

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds,
Geese from 8 to 16 pounds.
Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 23, 18 4. 3726-1f

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN
Auctioneer, Sparks-

December 23, 1874.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874-5.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual price

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY:

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerlsbad's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

THOS. PATTERSON.

Dec. 21 1874.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 36 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Aug. 1, 1874. 3488

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT DR. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, F.R.S.E., M.R.I.A., F.G.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennesey's is often prescribed for invalids with great success.

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN.

Dec. 5, 1874 3711m1

Ladies' Ware,

LONDON HOUSE!

We are showing

The Cheapest Fancy Dress Silks in the City.

UNEQUALED FOR RICHNESS.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT

is under the superior management of MISS M. A. ARMSTRONG. The system we use is the Cornwall Chart, the only method in which a perfect fit can be secured.

HANEY & FORGIE.

Jan. 11, 1875. 5673y

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYANS.

234 Wellington-St

Dec. 5, 1874. 3697

Dry Goods.

Special Bargains in Shawls,
AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap,
AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs,
AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats,
AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles,
AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.
Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs,
AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING TAILORING

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7 50 upward.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward.

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars &c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1860, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings.

AGENCY OF

Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works,

OHIO SANDSTONE,

Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projecting, either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

VICE REGAL VISIT.—His Excellency the Governor-General has gone to Montreal, but will return to the city on Saturday

RE-ELECTED.—Mr. Ira Morgan was re-elected warden of the County of Carleton yesterday.

ORGANIZING.—Several of the Standing Committees of the Corporation meet to-day for organization.

ST. PATRICK'S READINGS.—It has been decided to resume the St. Patrick's readings to-morrow (Thursday) evening, with a grand programme.

MONTREAL AND OTTAWA FORWARDING CO.—This company held their annual meeting in Montreal on Monday. The principal business was the declaration of a dividend of ten per cent., and the election of the following officers: John McLennan, President; R. W. Shepherd, Vice-President; Directors: J. B. Auger, N. McNaughton, Isaac Bonner, Montreal; Malcolm McNaughton, C. T. Bate, Ottawa.

YOUNG BRITONS' SOCIAL.—Last night a very happy time was spent in Johnston Hall, at the social given under the auspices of the Orange Young Britons. The young folks enjoyed the mazy dance to the merry strains of a fine quadrille band till long after the hour of midnight. Mr. Morrison catered, as usual giving a fine spread, which had the desired effect of appeasing the whetted appetite of the inner man. The committee have reason to feel satisfied at the unbounded success that at all times attends their endeavours to provide amusement for the long and tedious winter evenings.

LADIES' SCHOOL.—By reference to another column it will be seen that the Church of England Ladies School has commenced after its Christmas holidays with renewed vigour. Its highly accomplished lady principal has added to the excellent staff of teachers, and now possesses as assistants English ladies of very superior education. Another music teacher—Miss Chatfield—is expected in a few days, who has a high reputation as a teacher and a vocalist. She will be a decided acquisition to the musical talent of Ottawa. We are glad to see such a high class school in so flourishing a condition.

THE CHAUDIERE FIRE ENGINE.—The new Chaudiere steam fire engine, to which reference was made yesterday, has at length arrived in the city, and has been housed in her future quarters in the Sally street engine house. The engine is of Canadian manufacture, having been made by Messrs. Hyslop and Ronald, of Chatham, Ont. She is a third class engine, and will cost upwards of $4,000, most of which will have to be made up by public subscription to enable the Chaudiere boys to pay the manufacturers. It is to be hoped the citizens will extend a liberal hand to this one of the oldest volunteer fire companies in the city. A public test of the new steamer will be made in the City Hall Square to-morrow at noon. She is represented to be a capital engine.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH CONCERT.—The Grand Anniversary Concert given in aid of the building fund of the St. Andrew's Church, by Mr. E. J. Butler, assisted by the teachers and pupils of the music department of the Ottawa Ladies' College, took place last night in the basement of the church in Wellington street, and was a great success. The *elite* and fashion of Ottawa turned out in large numbers and an excellent treat was afforded, by Prof. Butler's *rechreche* musical programme provided for the occasion. All its parts were well sustained, and the performers, in the execution of both their vocal and instrumental pieces, did well, receiving the hearty plaudits of those present, and betimes were encored. It might appear invidious to single out any person for special praise, but we can scarcely pass over the vocal contributions of Miss Burdett and Mrs. Parsons, who were warmly applauded in the songs which they so ably rendered. The piano selections by the young ladies were really good, and reflect much credit upon Prof. Butler, who must have evinced much care in the tuition of his pupils, to have enabled them to attain such a degree of perfection as that manifested last evening. A choir from among the young ladies of the college, added a somewhat pleasing feature to the concert, in the the choruses which they sang. The national anthem brought this very successful entertainment to a close.

THE GRASSHOPPER PLAGUE.—A small, and to say the least of it, very unencouraging meeting was held last night in Bank Street Presbyterian Church, with a view to adopting measures to extend relief to those at present suffering from the effects of the grasshopper plague in Kansas. There were scarcely two dozen people present, and but one city clergyman, the Rev. Mr. Hunter, to aid in this humane project. Since the recent action of the Dominion Board of Trade, and certain statements relative to the mission have appeared in the press, the public have evinced great indifference to the matter, and to this the small meeting is in a great degree attributed. The Hon. Malcolm Cameron occupied the chair. The delegates represented terrible destitution as prevailing out West in Kansas, resulting from the disastrous effects of the grasshopper plague, stating that it was increasing every day. The coldest weather that had visited that part of the country for years added to their misery. The people were actually beginning to starve and freeze to death. Several cases had already been reported to them. Cattle were dying by the score for want of fodder. Farmers' teams were becoming so weak that they could not be used to draw fuel. Terrible suffering was imminent and immediate relief was absolutely necessary. At the conclusion of their address, a collection was taken up, the chairman leading off with $25. The meeting adjourned, having proved very unsatisfactory indeed.

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732.

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 6 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

FALL AND SPRING MANURING.—A writer in the *Garden* argues the point, and comes to the conclusion that for heavy soils, which have enough clay to absorb the manurial elements, it is best to apply manure to gardens in autumn or early winter; but when the soil is of a loose sandy or gravelly character which will not hold it long, manure for spring or summer crops should not be applied until near the time the crop is put into the ground.

Gents, try MacLaren & Chalmers' cutter. One trial will secure to them your patronage. 3698

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Inaugural Meeting—Election Returns—The Wardenship—The Standing Committees.

The first regular meeting of the new City Council took place yesterday afternoon at two o'clock, in the Court House, the Clerk presiding.

There was a large attendance in the Council Chamber, owing to some excitement in regard to the Wardenship.

ELECTION RETURNS.

The Clerk then announced the following returns from the recent elections in the different municipalities:—

OSGOODE.—Ira Morgan, Reeve; and Robert McClelland, Deputy Reeve.

GLOUCESTER.—Robt. Cummings, Reeve; Joseph Baskerville, 1st Deputy Reeve and Alex. Robillard, 2nd Deputy Reeve.

NEW EDINBURGH.—Robt. Surtees, Reeve.

NEPEAN.—Thomas Clark, Reeve; Thos. G. Anderson, 1st Deputy Reeve, and John Thompson, 2nd Deputy Reeve.

NORTH GOWER.—James Wallace, Reeve.

TORBOLTON.—John Smith, Reeve.

GOULBOURN.—Niel Stewart, Reeve; and Hiram Sykes, Deputy Reeve.

HUNTLEY.—John Holmes, Reeve; and John Manion, Deputy Reeve.

RICHMOND.—Dr. Beatty, Reeve.

FITZROY.—John Niel, Reeve; and William Dean, Deputy Reeve.

MARCH.—Wm. Richardson, Reeve.

MARLBOROUGH.—Wm. Hill, Reeve.

THE WARDENSHIP.

Moved by Mr. SMITH of Torbolton, seconded by Dr. BEATTY of Richmond, that Mr. IRA MORGAN be elected Warden of this Corporation for the current year.

Mr. CUMMINGS did not rise to take any serious objection to the re-election of Mr Morgan but he did not think that a life lease of such an office should be vested in one man. He thought other members of the council were entitled to share at least in any honours that were in the position.

Mr. SMITH thought the last speaker had given really no reason why there should be a change in the Wardenship. They had a Warden, who for the last few years had proved himself to be a very efficient and pains taking official, and one who did his duty fearless of official and political influence brought to bear to his prejudice. He trusted members of the council would eschew politics and elect Mr. Morgan who would best subserve the interests of the County under present circumstances.

Mr. HOLMES admitted the efficiency of Mr. Morgan as a public officer, but thought other gentlemen were also entitled to their turn to such an office. He attributed Mr. Morgan's success to the advice and assistance given him by Mr. Smith, and he thought that gentleman should accept of the office of Warden.

Mr. SMITH repudiated the idea of being a special adviser to Mr. Morgan; and thought that whatever success attended that gentleman, was due altogether to his own exertion and general activity in municipal matters.

The resolution was then put to the Council and carried unanimously. (Applause.)

Mr. Smith and Dr. Beatty escorted the Warden elect to the chair.

Mr. MORGAN briefly responded, thanking the Council for the honour they had conferred upon him for the eighth time.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

On motion of Mr. SURTEES, seconded by Mr. Clelland, Messrs. Smith, Cummings, Wallace and Niel were appointed a Special Committee to strike the Standing Committees for the year, and to report in the morning.

ADJOURNMENT.

On motion of Mr. Sykes, seconded by Mr. Niel, the Council adjourned till Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

THE SHAH'S EUROPEAN TRIP AND ITS RESULTS.

The Cologne *Gazette* states that the Shah's visit to Europe has occasioned many alterations in the external appearance of the upper and middle classes in Persia. Shoes are worn, the baggy trousers are reduced, the chin is shaven—an innovation obnoxious to the orthodox Mohammedans—the cap is not so high, and the whole dress is a mixture of Armenian and European fashions. But chairs are not adopted; they are used only for European visitors, while the natives fold their legs on the cushion or footstool. In religious matters the old fanaticism is less frequently displayed, and the missionaries enjoy greater liberty. The numerous Armenian Christians are conscious of the protection of the Russian Ambassador and their influence is materially increased by many of the foreign residents marrying their daughters, as European wives often go to Europe and are a burden rather than a comfort to their husbands, while the American women are not inferior in looks to their English sisters. The old abuses in the Government still exist. The army is a real plague spot. Only day labourers and the poor are enrolled, the rich purchasing exemption by presents to the officers. Three marks a month are punctually paid to the men, but all allowance for clothes is curtailed; so that the soldier in order to live is driven to plunder, in which he only too gladly indulges in the most brutal fashion. The tendency to dishonesty is an ineradicable element of the national character, and is only repressed in Teheran under the immediate eye of the Shah. There alone the lower classes breathe freely, for they do not suffer from the general tyranny of officials of all grades, and the soldiers dare not invade the houses and fields and take what they please without payment. The famine of 1872 has inflicted serious wounds on the country. The English arbitrators who traversed Seistan during the time of the greatest distress, to settle the boundaries of Persia passed days without seeing a child or hearing a song. They estimated the mortality at 1,500,000, more than a quarter of the population. The railway projected by Baron Reuter is at a standstill. It is hoped that an equivalent will be found for it, as the Shah is very anxious for improved communications, and recently ordered a survey for a horse railway from Teheran to Schah Abdul Azim, while he has summoned post office officials from Austria to organize a postal service.

LUCCA.—A Leipsig correspondent sends the following gossip concerning Lucca:—Pauline Lucca is at Vienna sick at heart over the pecuniary misfortunes which she says she and Murska met in America. But, as the Vienna papers say, she is consoling herself over her misfortunes; that she is visited by reporters of all grades, who have obtained the above information regarding her. The following I copy from a Leipzig paper:—"Madame Lucca has declared through an agent that she is ready to sing upon the Leipzig stage, but wants 1,500 thalers for each evening." This is about $1,125 for each evening. It continues in this wise: "When the celebrated Schroeder-Devrient sang upon the Leipzig stage, she received 30 Frederics d'or (about $125) each evening, and was very well contented." Leipzig has Peschka Leutner, who can sing well enough to suit the people here, and they don't intend to be such fools as to pay $3 or $4 to see what can be seen for $1, and almost as good. The prices here range from $1 to 12½ cents, and the house will hold about 1,500 persons. The highest price in the most fashionable part of the house is $1. I took a box one evening at a popular opera for 61½ cents. Such prices will keep off high-priced impositions, and the city is not starving for music. They have about 30 concerts every Sunday all over the city. Hence Lucca is simply laughed at for being so foolhardy as ask more for each appearance than is taken in each evening.

The Saginaw *Courier* of recent date says: "Yesterday a woman was observed bringing a load of wood into the city, doing the driver's work and unloading the sled. We have learned that the woman has a sick husband and four young children. She not only delivers the wood, but she chops and saws it too, and thus becomes the support of the whole family."

Commercial.

GOLD IN NEW YORK . . . 112½

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE, Jan. 26th.

FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	6 00 to 6 25
Extra	5 75 to 6 00
Superfine, No. 1	5 25 to 5 50
Cornmeal, per brl	4 50 to 4 75
Oatmeal, do	5 00 to 5 50
Bran, per cwt	0 80 to 0 90
GRAIN.	
Spring Wheat, per bushel	$1 00 to 1 10
Fall Wheat	1 10 to 1 25
Oats	0 40 to 0 45
Peas	0 60 to 0 70
Barley	0 80 to 0 90
Rye	0 90 to 1 00
Corn	0 75 to 0 80
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	1 25 to 1 40
DAIRY, VEGATABLES AND FRUITS.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 28 to 0 30
Tub Butter do	0 27 to 0 28
Cheese, do	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 25 to 0 00
Potatoes, per bush	0 50 to 0 60
Carrots, do	0 35 to 0 40
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbages, each	0 10 to 0 15
Onions, per bush	1 40 to 1 50
Beets	0 45 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	3 50 to 3 75
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Ducks, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Turkeys, each	1 00 to 1 15
Geese, each	0 50 to 0 60
Patridges, per pair	0 50 to 0 60
Feathers	0 60 to 0 75
Wool	0 40 to 0 45
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	5 00 to 5 50
Pork, do	9 00 to 9 75
Mutton, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Lamb, do	0 08 to 0 10
Veal, do	0 07 to 0 10
Lard, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tallow, do	0 15 to 0 20
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 20
Bacon, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 35
Venison	0 12 to 0 15
FISH.	
White Fish, do	0 10 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 17 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	6 50 to 7 00
Oysters, per can	0 35 to 0 40
Haddock, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Cod, do	0 07 to 0 08
Trout, do	0 10 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality, per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 75 to 4 25
Hemlock, per cord	2 75 to 3 50
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Egg, do	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Soft, do	9 00 to 9 50
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 6½ to 0 00
Sheepskins, each	0 85 to 0 90
Calfskins, per lb	0 00 to 0 00
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	18 00 to 20 00
Hay, Clover, do	16 00 to 17 00
Straw, do	8 00 to 10 00

Toronto Markets.

TORONTO, Jan. 26.

Barley: Market quiet and steady. There were some sales of car lots of No. 1, at $1.10 f.o.c., and of No. 2 at $1.08, but the demand is limited.

Wheat: Quiet; buyers not showing much disposition to operate. No. 1 spring is worth 93c f.o.c., and No. 2, 91c; No. 2 fall, 97c to 98c.

Peas: Market quiet; no sales; value nominal, at 75c in store for No. 1.

Oats: Market steady, at 43½c on the track.

Flour: A little more enquiry for lots f.o.b. here, at late rates.

Montreal Markets.

MONTREAL, Jan. 26.

Oatmeal, per brl. of 200 lbs: Quiet, at $5 20 to 5 30

Wheat, per 60 lbs: Market quiet. Quotations nominal.

Corn, per 56 lbs: Quiet; offered at 80c.

Peas: Market quiet. Quotations are 94c to 95c per 66 lbs.

Oats, per bushel of 32lbs: Quiet; 42c to 44c for now.

Barley, per bush of 48 lbs: Quiet, at 90c to 95c.

Butter: Market quiet and easier. Rates are 22c to 26c, according to quality, for tubs and firkins. Roll is dull and nominal at 22c to 23c.

Cheese, per lb: Steady at 14c to 14½c for good to choice lots.

Pork: Quiet and easier at $22 00 to 22 20 for Inspected New Mess, and $20 50 to 21 00 for Thin Mess.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

"Good blood will show itself," as the old lady with the red nose said.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

FALSE MODESTY.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

DIED.

At Thurso, on the 25th January, George W. Cameron, Esq., aged 60 years.

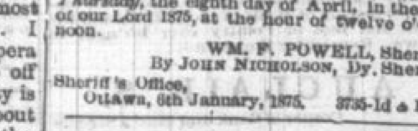
The funeral will leave his late residence, Thurso, on Thursday, 28th inst., at 1 p.m.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, TO WIT. } By virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias*, issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Toronto, and to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements of William Willis, at the suit of Henry James, I have seized and taken in execution all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said defendant, in and to the north-west half of lot number thirty-three in the second concession, in the Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, which I will offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on *Thursday*, the eighth day of April, in the year of our Lord 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JOHN NICHOLSON, Dy. Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, 6th January, 1875. 3735-1d & 12w



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO

March 11, 1874. 2518y

Tenders.

Ottawa Water Works.

Notice to Brass Founders.

TENDERS will be received until noon of **Wednesday, the 10th Day of Feb. Next,**

—FOR—

BRASS SERVICES,

Containing Stop Cocks, Tops and Couplings.

Plans, specifications and samples can be seen at the Water Commissioners' Office, Rideau-st, on and after Monday the 1st of February next.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

By order. C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Sec. W. W. C.

Jan. 27, 1875. 3754-4

Ottawa Water Works.

LEAD PIPE WANTED.

TENDERS will be received until noon of **Wednesday, 10th day of February next,**

for 2 tons Lead Pipe and 20 tons Pig Lead. To be delivered at the opening of navigation.

Further information can be obtained at the Water Commissioners office, Rideau street, or at the Engineer's office, Pooley bridge. The lowest tender not necessarily accepted.

By order, C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Sec. W. W. C.

Ottawa, 27th Jan., 1875. 3753-4

Miscellaneous.

SACRED MUSIC BOOKS FOR 1875

RIVER OF LIFE.

(35 cts.) A most beautiful Sunday School Book, H. S. Perkins and W. W. Bentley.

LEADER.

[$1.38.] Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

THOMAS'S QUARTETS AND ANTHEMS.

($2 50.) Perfect music of the best class, for Quartet Choirs. J. R. Thomas.

DANKS' ANTHEM SERVICES.

[$2 50]. Anthem music of excellent quality for all the services of the Episcopal Church. H. P. Danks.

PERKINS' ANTHEM BOOK.

[$1 50.] Easy Anthems. Very full, good, and already popular collection. W. O. Perkins.

SONG MONARCH.

[75cts.] For Singing Schools. Not much Sacred Music, but an admirable preparatory course, with a large quantity of secular music for practice. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

All books sent post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND LADIES' SCHOOL,

200 Wellington Street,

LADY PRINCIPAL............MISS MANN,

Assisted by an excellent staff of English Teachers and Professors.

The next term commences FEB. 10TH.

Vacancies for two boarders.

Applications to be made to the Lady Principal, or to

REV. H. POLLARD, Secretary.

Jan. 27, 1875. 3753-2w.

TO SPECULATORS!!

FOR SALE, the West Half of Lots 3 and 4, Block B, Le Breton's Flats, fronting on Duke Street, and in rear on Brittania Terrace, with Buildings thereon, viz, on Duke Street, one three and a half storey Brick Building (not veneered), occupied as Shops and Dwellings; Sheds, &c., in rear, and fire wall for about 100 feet; in Brittania Terrace, one Wooden Tenement—the whole now renting for $900 per annum; or, if preferred, the whole of the two lots will be sold together, with Buildings, &c., which rents for about $1,500 per annum.

For terms and particulars, enquire of the Proprietor, on the Premises.

JAS. ASHFIELD,

Crockery, Glassware, and Coal Oil Merch't,

DUKE STREET.

Jan 21, 1875. 3748

The Canadian Washer

A. R. GILES, Manufacturer, west side King-st., between Botier and Boiton-sts., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Nov. 18, 1874.

A. R. GILES, SIR,—I, the undersigned, have purchased one of your Washing Machines, and my family have used it in my family for some time, and have found it to answer the purpose for which it is intended, and on account of its great durability; and in working and its facility in washing, I think it is quite an article which is quite indispensable to any family. Yours truly, JOHN MOREAU.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

North half of Lots No. 23 24 and 25, on the Eleventh Range of the Township of Hull; Lots No. 23 and 24 south on the Twelfth Range of the Township of Hull, containing in all about 400 acres, together with farming impliments thereon. For terms and particulars apply to JAMES LASCHARITA, on the premises. 2-1m.

MINERAL WATER.

The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, LowerTown.

Oct. 27th 1874. 3m

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.

The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, Rideau-St.

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

BLANKETS

Selling Far Under Cost, by

J. BERMINGHAM.

The subscriber having received last Fall a consignment of 300 Hudson Bay Co.'s Buffalo Robes, has a few left, which he will sell very cheap, to close the consignment.

He has also several large sized Horse Blankets, which will be sold at less than cost.

Private sale every day.

For good and cheap lined and unlined Robes, go to BERMINGHAM'S, opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveller.*

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates, in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patrons for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

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Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The seven numbers of HARPER'S BAZAR, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

Insurance.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Head Office, Canada Agricultural Insurance Company, 245 St. James Street, Montreal, Jan. 16th, 1875.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Branch Office of this Company, located at No. 34 Sparks-st., in the City of Ottawa, is closed from and after this date; and that Mr. Martin Wholeham is no longer authorized to do business for this Company, he having been discharged from said office. Our agents and patrons in the Ottawa District heretofore doing business with our Ottawa Branch are therefore hereby notified to address all communications and applications for insurance to our Head Office, in Montreal; also, all monies and notes for premiums due or for premiums on new risks, must be either paid into this office or to one of our regular authorized agents, or the Company will not be responsible for the same.

EDWARD H. GOFF, Managing Director.

PHŒNIX Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS OVER - - - $13,000,000
DEPOSIT AT OTTAWA, - - - 130,000

This Company, whose Agency in Canada was established in 1867, and whose income in the Dominion is nearly $200 000 from premiums alone, is prepared to receive applications for the General Agency for the Ottawa District from competent and trustworthy parties, who can make the business a speciality and give it their entire attention.

Address with references and experience, if any—

SIMPSON & BETHUNE, Managers for Canada, Montreal.

Ottawa, Jan. 23. 3750-1m

CHAS. DESJARDINS,

General Agent

Citizens Insurance Co'y.

CAPITAL, . . $2,000,000.

FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE.

Temporary Office:

York Street, near Sussex Street,

OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Jan. 23. 3750

THE HAND IN HAND Insurance Co.

Still continue to take Risks at

20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates

R. C. W. MACCUAIG, Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity.

Jan. 9, 1875. 3737-3m

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

Authorized Capital . . $5,000,000
Subscribed to Date . . $2,000,000

LOCAL DIRECTORS:

RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, . . AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution, on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.

All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.

The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.

O'CONNOR & WALLER.

Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-12m

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE CO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL... SIX MILLION DOLLARS.

Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.

ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,

AGENT,

36 SPARKS STREET, . . OTTAWA

Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"

CONTINUES TO TAKE

FIRE RISKS

On every description of insurable property,

AT REDUCED RATES.

T. M. CLARK, AGENT, Corner Sparks and Elgin St

Dec. 18, 1874. 3722-12m

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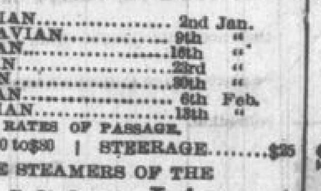
ALLAN LINE OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



FROM PORTLAND.

POLYNESIAN	2nd	Jan.
SCANDINAVIAN	9th	"
HIBERNIAN	16th	"
MORAVIAN	23rd	"
PERUVIAN	30th	"
SARMATIAN	6th	Feb.
POLYNESIAN	13th	"

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN....$70 to $80 | STEERAGE........$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE

Glasgow Line

are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN..................$60.
INTERMEDIATE.........40.
STEERAGE..............25.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel: Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO., Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, July 22 1874.

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from New York

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, or Belfast:

Cabin $50 to $70 gold, according to accomodations.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

GOULTHREITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

J. W. MINTHORN, Box "U" ORILLIA, Ont.

Oct 1. 3443

Amusements.

UNDER the distinguished patronage of their Excellencies

EARL AND COUNTESS DUFFERIN.

GALA OPENING FOR ONE NIGHT,

—OF—

GOWAN'S NEW OPERA HOUSE!

And Grand Benefit for Mr. Gowan.

Monday Evening, February 1st,

First appearance in this city, for many years of the

Holman English Opera Company!

When will be presented the beautiful Opera of

The Grand Duchess,

With a full and efficient cast, and all the original music.

Gorgeous Scenery, Wardrobe, &c.

Seats secured at Gowan's, Sparks-st. Orchestra Chairs, $5; Family Circle, $4; Balcony, $2 50; Gallery, $1

In order to secure choice of seats, parties should apply before they are put up at auction.

The seats will be sold without reserve on Wednesday evening, 27th, at 8 o'clock, at the Russell House.

Ottawa, Jan. 26 1875.

Grocers.

BUTTER,

Butter, Butter.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS

Have received a very choice lot of Finest Dairy Butter from the West which they can recommend to the public as well as their customers, as being in quality

SECOND TO NONE.

Also, a choice lot of Stilton & Chadder cheese, Morrison, Taylor & Co's. celebrated Hams, Bacon, and Spiced Meats, constantly on hand.

CAMPBELL & ALMAS, 86 Sparks-street.

Ottawa, January 25, 1875

GO TO

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE'S

FOR YOUR

GROCERIES.

You will always find a full stock of Groceries Glassware and Crockery at prices that can't be obtained elsewhere.

FINE

Uncolored Japan Tea,

Only 50c. per lb.

Apples wholesale and retail.

EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE, Cor. Kent and Wellington-sts.

Jan. 9, 1875.

SAVE MONEY BY USING

The British Egg and Butter Powder!

A perfect substitute for Eggs, and a great saving in Butter, for making all kinds of

Pastry and Cakes, &c.,

Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.

Agents for Ottawa District—

CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.

3 and 4 Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street

Dec. 24, 1874. 3727

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

SAPOLIO,

For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.

HAND SAPOLIO,

For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artisans and mechanics.

Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.

Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

Burnett's Extracts
For cooking purposes.

Burnett's Extracts
"Pre-eminently superior."—Parker House, Boston.

Burnett's Extracts

LEMON, VANILLA, ROSE, ALMOND, NECTARINE, CELERY, ORANGE, PEACH, NUTMEG, CINNAMON, CLOVES, GINGER.

Burnett's Extracts
"The best in the world."—Fifth Av. Hotel, N. Y.

Burnett's Extracts
"Used exclusively for years."—Continental Hotel, Phila.

Burnett's Extracts

The superiority of these Extracts consists in their perfect purity and great strength. They are warranted free from the poisonous oils and acids which enter into the composition of many of the factitious fruit flavors now in the market. They are not only true to their names, but are prepared from fruits of the best quality, and are so highly concentrated that a comparatively small quantity only need be used.

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MONTREAL, P. Q.
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Proprietors.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

BALTIMORE OYSTERS

To be had in perfection, at

James Buchanan's

SUSSEX STREET

January 6th, 1875. 1m

SMOKERS!

For a Good Smoke

—USE THE—

MYRTLE NAVY.

See T. & B. on each Plug.

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00, and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists.

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PROSPECTUS OF THE New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

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Three Copies..........5
Five Copies..........8
Ten Copies..........15

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Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

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These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

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Every number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence, Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

The price of subscription, whenever practicable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting money by mail.

At small Post Offices in the country where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

Advertisements, to a limited number, will be inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD.

Price of the DAILY HERALD, four cents a copy. Annual subscription price, $12, always in advance.

Write the address on letters to the NEW YORK HERALD, in a bold and legible hand, and give the name of each subscriber, of Post Office, County and State so plainly that no errors in mailing papers will be liable to occur.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

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ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

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A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

APPLETON'S AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

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The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

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This work is sold to subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages, fully illustrated with several thousand Wood engravings, and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

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Nine volumes now ready. Succeeding volumes, until completion, will be issued once in two months.

Specimen pages of the American Cyclopædia, showing type, illustrations, etc., will be sent gratis, on application.

First-class canvassing Agents Wanted.

Address the Publishers,

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ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Weekly* is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the *Weekly* is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The *Weekly* maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations are often corroborative arguments of no small force.—*N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle.*

Its papers on existent question and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

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All Flannels reduced at Bryson's. 3695-1m

Remedies.

DATURA TATULA

FOR

Asthma and Bronchitis

is admitted by all who have tried it, to insure more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received show this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes. Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-St., London, W., And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

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And all the London Wholesale Houses.

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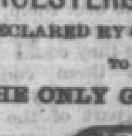
Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Lymans, Clare & Co., Elliot & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Shapter & Owen, Winer & Co., Avery, Brown & Co.



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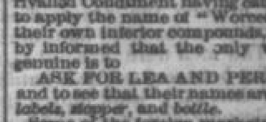
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

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A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

PAPER RULER, AND

Account Book Manufacturer

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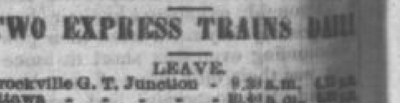
—AND—

GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.

All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.

Aug. 21.

Railways.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railway

For Ottawa via Brockville

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction - 9.20 a.m.
Ottawa - - - - - 10.40 a.m.
Renfrew - - - - - 9.35 a.m.

ARRIVE.

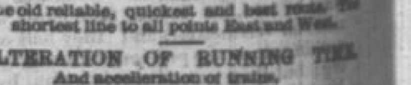
Ottawa - - - - - 1.20 p.m.
Renfrew - - - - - 2.10 p.m.
Brockville - - - - - 2.10 p.m.

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 3.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 1.20 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER, Managing Director.

Brockville, Jan. 11, 1875.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME

And acceleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with	Arrive Ottawa
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East.	4.10 P.M.
3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.30 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West.	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive Prescott Junction
2 Express.	10.10 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.00 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East.	4.35 P.M.
8 Express	10 45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa

Dec 15, 1874.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roper, sole proprietors, at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

VOL. VIII.

Wan[ted]

WANTED—At Noon... good smart Wait... highest wages will be paid. Jan. 28, 1875.

WANTED—Two bed... sitting-room, with... men. Address J. M., this... Jan. 28, 1875.

WANTED—PANTRY... tween the hours of... Macdonald, corner of El... Streets. Must furnish good... January 23rd, 1875.

WANTED. A Teacher for the Roman... School No. 3, township of... Female. For further parti... KIRWAN, South March P... Nov. 19

WANTED.—We will g... A BUSINESS THAT... from $4 to $8 per day, can... own neighborhood; it is a r... out of employment or havin... and boys frequently do as w... lars and address...

AGENTS...

MONEY—WAGES! ... TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. ... R. J. STANTON

$500 PER MONTH ... will sell for $16, or money ... A. D. CABLE ... Nov. 27, 1874.

$77 A WEEK to Male... in their locality... O. Augusta, Me.

$5 TO $20 PER... working people of either... make more money at w... spare moments, or all... anything else. Particulars... States costs but two cents... SON & CO., Portland, Mai...

WORK FOR ALL At home, male or female... or evening. No Capital... package of goods by mail... the cent return stamp, M... wich street, New York.

$100 TO $250 PER... where, selling our New Br... Rope Clothes Line... RIVER WIRE CO., 75... Toronto, Ontario.

HELP WANTED. 100 men and women want... tory of the "Life, L... Livingstone," also "The P... Protestant and Catholic, b... Together with Maps, Charts... of pictures. For particular... SCHUYLER S... Publi...

Lost

LOST—Last evening o... street, or in the vicinit... purse containing a sum of... ceipts. The finder will be... leaving the same at this off... Ottawa, Jan. 26th, 1875.

LOST—On the 20th ins... Block of Government... Store of R. Bishop & Son... of Gold Spectacles. The... at this Office, will be suita... Jan. 22, 1875.

Board & ...

To Members of Parlia...

MRS. McINTYRE, —HAVIN... REMOVED to ... Wellington-st., lately ... Bank of Montreal, an... land Ladies' College, h... announce to Member... and others that she is p... comfortable apartment... Jan. 22, 1875.

BOARD with or witho... without board. Ta... class. Corner of Sparks a... within two minutes' wal... Buildings. Jan. 22, 1875.

Meeti...

THE OTTAWA Iron and Steel Manufa... (LIMITE...

The first Annual Meeting... of this Company called fo... instant, is postponed, pe... the Amendments to the A... now before the Quebec Le... A general meeting will t... these Amendments shall ... which due notice will be g...

Jan. 13, 1875.

COUNTY OF CARLE... PROTESTANT H... NOTI... The Annual Meeting of t... above institution will be h... Room, at the Hospital, on... day of FEBRUARY NEXT... for the election of Directo...

Jan. 4, 1874.

Legal ...

D. R. AVERILL, of... to the Parliamen... session, for an Act ext... Letters Patent of Inve... provements in Paints. ... Solic... Dec 28, 1874.

NOTICE.—Application... next session of the... for a Bill to Incorporat... Boom company, the ob... being to place Booms... wherever the same may... between the City of Otta... Hawkesbury, for the ... escaped Saw Logs, Timb... levy and collect tolls for... same with power to th... and hold lands necess... their corporate powers. COCKBURN, WRIG... Solicit... Dec. 21, 1874.

Carp...

OTTAWA CARPET AND FU...

SHOOLBRE...

Desire to inform their... that they are now rec... ments of Furniture o... Messrs. R. ... [late Jacques & Hay,] T... they confidently invite... chasers, both as regards... and Good Value, as w... Advance on Mail Prices... A Large Stock of ... SHOO...

Ottawa, January 4. 18...

ANCHO...

STEAMERS FROM ... SATU... PASSENGER ACCO... PA... Rates of passage... To Glasgow, Live... or B... Cabin $50 to $70 gold... tions. Return tickets issued... For passage or oth... Henderson Brothers,... or their Agent. GOULTHREITE...

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3754. | OTTAWA, THURSDAY. JANUARY 28 1875 | PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

WANTED—At Noonan's Restaurant, a good smart Waiter, to whom the highest wages will be paid.
Jan. 28, 1875. 3754-3

WANTED—Two bedrooms and private sitting-room, with board, for two gentlemen. Address J. M., this Office.
Jan. 28, 1875. 3754-3

WANTED—PANTRY MAID, apply between the hours of 1 and 3 p.m., to Miss Macdonald, corner of Elgin and Gloucester Streets. Must furnish good references.
January 23rd, 1875. 3750-tf

WANTED.
A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O.
Nov. 18

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women
A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY
from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently dona well as men. Particulars and address
J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M

AGENTS WANTED.

Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED 8th St. New York.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $80 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for $5) mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICKERY & O. Augusta, Me.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. y365daw.

WORK FOR ALL
At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

HELP WANTED.
100 men and women wanted to sell a complete story of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated, together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO.,
Publishers, London, Ont.

Lost.

LOST—Last evening on Elgin, or Sparks street, or in the vicinity of Centre town, a purse containing a sum of money and some receipts. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving the same at this office.
Ottawa, Jan. 25th, 1875. 3753-2.

LOST—On the 20th inst., between Eastern Block of Government Buildings and the Store of R. Bishop & Son, Sparks street, a pair of Gold Spectacles. The finder, leaving them at this Office, will be suitably rewarded.
Jan. 22, 1875. 3750.

Board & Lodging.

To Members of Parliament and Others.

MRS. McINTYRE,
—HAVING—
REMOVED to the commodious dwelling house on Wellington-st., lately occupied by the Bank of Montreal, and Church of England Ladies' College, has the honour to announce to Members of Parliament and others that she is prepared to afford comfortable apartments with Board.
Jan. 22, 1875. 3748tf

BOARD with or without rooms, and rooms without board. Table and rooms first-class. Corner of Sparks and Bank streets, and within two minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings.
MRS. FORGIE.
Jan. 22, 1875. 37-9-5m

Meetings.

THE OTTAWA
Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company,
(LIMITED.)

The first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company called for Thursday, the 14th instant, is postponed, pending the passing of the Amendments to the Act of Incorporation now before the Quebec Legislature.
A general meeting will be called as soon as these Amendments shall have become law, of which due notice will be given.
R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary pro tem.
Jan. 12, 1875.

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.
NOTICE.
The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the election of Directors.
WM. PENNOCK,
J. DURIE,
THOS. PATTERSON
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

Legal Notices.

D. R. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.
H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants.
Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 1aws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.
COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.
Dec. 21, 1874. 3727-2awk2m

Carpets.

OTTAWA
CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from
Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,
(late Jacques & Hay,) Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.
A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from New York
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, or Belfast:
Cabin $50 to $70 gold, according to accommodations.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.
GOULDTHRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
63 Sparks Street, Ottawa. 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1874. 2426

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 20, 1874. 3680-8awky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal,
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. Interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 3, 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3685-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa.
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY.
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q.C.
McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. | W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3667

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c.,
Offices—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W. H. WALKER. | R. CASSELS, Jr. | P. PENNOCK.
July 21, 1874.

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
R. B. L. FELLOWES, Q.C., | HORACE LAPIERRE,
MARTIN O'GARA, | EDWARD P. REMON
2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. | F. H. CHRYSLER.
June 3, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3228-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 28, 1874. 2484

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, . . MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2362-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 6 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m. Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 31, 1874. 2401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2556-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, bys a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester. Consultations at all hours. 2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st. 2522y.

NOTICE.
All those having claims against the estate of the late Jas. Hogg, Billings' Bridge, will please communicate with his son, who has authority to deal with the matter.
Address, JOHN HOGG,
Billings' Bridge.
Jan. 19, 1875. 3746-3daw

TALMAGE'S PAPER.
THE CHRISTIAN AT WORK.
"THE BEST RELIGIOUS PAPER."
A CHOICE OF
TWO BEAUTIFUL PREMIUMS.
An Illuminated Portfolio of Twelve Gems by Hendschel, each 8½ x 10½ in., or the superb Chromo, "The Twins," 22x28 in., after Landseer. Price $3.25, including postage. No extras of any kind. Without Premium, $3 per annum.
ATTENTION, AGENTS.
Liberal commission and exclusive territory. Samples and circulars free. Send Postal Card at once to
HORATIO C. KING,
Publisher,
Oct. 26. Box 5105, New York

Remedies.

MANHOOD RESTORED.—A victim of youthful imprudence, causing premature decay, nervous debility, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has found a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address,
J. H. REEVES,
78 Nassau-st., New York
Jan. 22, 1875. 3748.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN
Extract from a Letter
Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."
To the Proprietors of
Norton's Camomile Pills. London
July 1874.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS
Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.
Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.
Patronised by all the World.
Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Henna, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.
Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.
Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.
Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.
Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.
Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Bal and Parties.
Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.
Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. old by all Perfumery Vendors.

NOTICE.
Morson's Effectual Remedies
Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.
PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½, ¾ and 1 pint bottles.
CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodyne being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ½ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.
GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.
Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.
THOMAS MORSON & SON.
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
81, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row,*
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.
URE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICIN
Selected, and Shipping orders executed
e nd despatch 2245.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES
FOR
CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,
Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.
As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition o the body improved.
Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,
SAVORY & MOORE,
143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W
And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply AVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING
Watchmaker and Jeweller.
Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 18 years and will continue the
MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS
in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.
W. YOUNG.
June 28, 1874.

N. MARKS,
Fine, Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,
36—*SPARKS STREET*—36
Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine
JEWELLERY,
Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.
A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.
Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment); and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,
Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Par Exhibitions.
Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.
Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.
West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.
MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.
Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, CentreSeconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.
FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, a moderate prices.
Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.
Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.
Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.
Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.
Jan. 17 1874. 2667-1wly

Amusements.

UNDER the distinguished patronage of their Excellencies
EARL AND COUNTESS DUFFERIN.
GALA OPENING FOR ONE NIGHT,
—OF—
GOWAN'S NEW OPERA HOUSE!
And Grand Benefit for Mr. Gowan.
Monday Evening, February 1st,
First appearance in this city, for many years of the
Holman English Opera Company!
When will be presented the beautiful Opera of
The Grand Duchess,
With a full and efficient cast, and all the original music.
Gorgeous Scenery, Wardrobe, &c.
Seats secured at Gowan's, Sparks-st. Orchestra Chairs, $5; Family Circle, $4; Balcony, $2 50; Gallery, $1.
In order to secure choice of seats, parties should apply before they are put up at auction. The seats will be sold without reserve on Wednesday evening, 27th, at 8 o'clock, at the Russell House.
Ottawa, Jan. 26, 1875.

Grocers.

BUTTER,
Butter, Butter.
CAMPBELL & ALMAS
Have received a very choice lot of Finest Dairy Butter from the West which they can recommend to the public as well as their customers, as being in quality
SECOND TO NONE,
Also, a choice lot of Stilton & Chadder cheese, Morrison, Taylor & Co's. celebrated Hams, Bacon, and Spiced Meats, constantly on hand.
CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
86 Sparks street.
Ottawa, January 25, 1875

GO TO
EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE'S
FOR YOUR
GROCERIES.
You will always find a full stock of Groceries Glassware and Crockery at prices that can't be obtained elsewhere.
FINE
Uncolored Japan Tea,
Only 50c. per lb.
Apples wholesale and retail.
EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Cor. Kent and Wellington-sts.
Jan. 9, 1875.

SAVE MONEY BY USING
The British Egg and Butter Powder!
A perfect substitute for Eggs, and a great saving in Butter, for making all kinds of
Pastry and Cakes, &c,
Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers. Ask for, and insist on having it.
Agents for Ottawa District—
CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.
3 and 4 Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street
Dec. 21, 1874.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!
SAPOLIO,
For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.
HAND SAPOLIO,
For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artizans and mechanics.
Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.
Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

Burnett's Cocoaine
Prevents the Hair from Falling.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Promotes its Healthy Growth.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Is not Greasy nor Sticky.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Leaves no Disagreeable Odor.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Subdues Refractory Hair.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Soothes the Irritated Scalp-Skin.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Affords the Richest Lustre.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Is not an Alcoholic Wash.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Kills Dandruff.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Gives New Life to the Hair.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Remains Longest in Effect.
50 and 75 cents per Bottle.
PERRY DAVIS & SON & LAWRENCE,
MONTREAL, P. Q.
Agents for Dominion of Canada.
JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., BOSTON,
Proprietors.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
BALTIMORE OYSTERS
To be had in perfection, at
James Buchanan's
SUSSEX STREET
January 6th, 1875. 1m

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.
See T. & B. on each Plug.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.
COUNTY OF CARLETON } By virtue of a writ of TO WIT. } *Fieri Facias*, issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Toronto, and to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements of William Willis, at the suit of Henry James, I have seized and taken in execution all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said defendant, in and to the north-west half of lot number thirty-three in the second concession, in the Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, which I will offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on Thursday, the eighth day of April, in the year of our Lord 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon.
WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JOHN NICHOLSON, Dy. Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office,
Ottawa, 6th January, 1875. 3735-1if a 13w

Summary of News.

It is reported from Washington that the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations has decided to report adversely to the Senate on the proposed Reciprocity Treaty between the United States and Canada.

The United States Senate and House of Representatives are kept pretty well occupied just now discussing their Civil Rights Bill and the Louisiana troubles. The republicans are determined to have a vote on the former measure if they should sit in session for the whole week.

The Marquis of Hartington, in a speech at Lewes, England, last night, declared himself opposed to Church disestablishment, and said he could not see that the people were ready for such a radical change in church government.

The oft-mooted subject of making a railway tunnel across the English Channel has taken a practical shape in the presentation of copies of a draft bill for its execution to the members of the French Assembly. There can be little doubt but that this undertaking will some day be attempted, and as little as to its ultimate success, though failures may attend it at first.

The King of Spain is going to take the field in person against his cousin Don Carlos, in the event of his proclamation calling for the submission of Carlist troops proving futile. From a later telegram it appears that Alfonso will have a chance of fighting his cousin, for the Carlists positively deny that they have entered into negotiations for a convention. If that is their state of mind, there is every probability that the Carlists will listen to no proposition of peace.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Marquis of Hartington on the Dis-establishment of the Church.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The Marquis of Hartington made a speech at Lewes to-night. He alluded to Mr. Bright's address at Birmingham, and said he could not agree to the views it advocated in favour of the dis-establishment of the Church of England. He declared it was evident that the British people were not prepared for such great changes in church government.

FRANCE.

A Flood in the Seine.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The *Times* Paris despatch says there is a flood in the river Seine, and the water is still rising at Paris. The water is so high that steamboats cannot pass under the bridges, and have ceased running. The streets of the lower environs of the city are covered with water to the depth of 3 feet.

A Submarine Tunnel to England.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—A bill has been drafted which authorizes a Government concession for the construction of a submarine railway tunnel between France and England. Copies have been distributed among the members of the Assembly.

SPAIN.

Preparations for a Campaign against the Carlists.

A special to the *Daily News* says extensive preparations are being made by the Spanish royal troops for a movement against the Carlists in the event of King Alfonso's proclamation calling for their submission proving ineffectual. 40,000 troops are massed around Tafalla for an attack upon the main Carlist position at Puenta La Rehna, and Carascat Pass, commanding the road to Pampaluna. King Alfonso will participate in the operations of his troops.

No Convention.

HENDAYE, Jan. 27.—The Carlists positively deny that they have entered into negotiations with the "Alfonsists" for a convention.

CHINA.

The Succession to the Throne.

LONDON, Jan. 27—Advices received to-day from China say that a grand son of Prince Tuno, uncle of the deceased Emperor, will probably succeed to the throne.

UNITED STATES.

MILLWAUKEE, Jan. 27—The ballot for United States Senator to-day resulted, as follows:—Carpenter, 59; Baggs, 51; Scattering 18. Carpenter gained one and lost one.

A Life for a Sewing Machine.

CAHOES, N.Y. 27—The residence of Owen Garrahan, Columbia Street, was destroyed by fire this a.m. Mr. Garrahan had succeeded in saving his wife and four children, but returning for a sewing machine he lost his life.

Two Steamers Sunk.

WHEELING, Va., 26.—The Steamboats, R. R. Hudson and Albion are reported sunk at Labelle Landing, at this place.

Attempt to Burn the Navy Department at Washington

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27. Careful examination of the cellar of the Navy Dept. shows that complete arrangements had been made yesterday for burning the building. Trains of rope and waste paper were laid about the floor, in each instance connecting with piles of shavings and kindling wood. It is believed the fire in the building on Monday was that of an incendiary.

A Stout Demand.

The National Committee of the Civil Rights League, colored, have presented an address to the Senate Committee on Judiciary, demanding the Senate bill in its entirety, and the admission of colored persons to all schools, hotels, and public conveniences, &c.

Pacific Mail Investigation.

Irwin, before the committee to-day, read a statement showing that he had received $890,000 on account of the subsidy, with the exception of $50,000 which the Pacific Mail Steamship Company said it gave in addition. The balance was unaccounted for. Nothing of importance was elicited.

California Floods.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 27.—The losses to the business men of Marysville by the flood amount to $465,000.

Contested Election.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—In the contested election case of Ward, Republican, against Harrison, Democratic, in the Second Illinois Congressional District, the contestant has withdrawn, a recount of ballots having only served to increase Harrison's majority.

A Desperate Melee.

KANSAS, Jan. 27.—An attempt was made early yesterday to capture the notorious James Boys, at the house of their mother and step-father, at Kearney's station, on the Hanibal and St. Joseph Railroad. During the melee, one of the family found a small hand grenade in the house which had been thrown in at the window. Not knowing what it was, he pitched it into the fire, when an explosion followed, wounding four of the family. Boy's mother lost an arm, one child was killed. Bloody marks of the desperate fight are abundant outside of the house and around the barn, where the battle began. The wounded were all carried away. It is not known if any of the combatants were killed.

A Munificent Bequest.

BOSTON, Jan. 27.—The will of Mrs. Ann White, Base of Boston, just made public, makes a bequest of three hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars to the public institutions of this city.

United States Senate.

The Reciprocity Treaty.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—A Washington despatch says the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations have decided to report adversely to the Senate on the Reciprocity Treaty with Canada.

The Civil Rights Bill.

The Republican members of Senate were in caucus several hours last night. It was agreed that the Civil Rights Bill, which was committed in the early part of the session to the Judiciary Committee, should be reported back to-day, and that it should be kept before the House till action could be had upon it. If the Democrats attempt to defeat the action by fillibustering, it was agreed that the House shall be held in continuous session, and sit it out. This course will be tried the rest of the week, and if unsuccessful at that time, there will be another caucus to determine further action.

Another Washington despatch say the event of the day in the House was the introduction by Potter, of New York State, of the constitutional amendment, fixing the term of the presidental office at six years, and making the president ineligible for re-election. In presenting the amendment, Potter claimed that its passage would in no wise affect the eligibility of the present incumbent for re-election, nor extend the present term.

Mr. Hoar said he did not favour the amendment, because while he did not think it likely that either he or the people would favour more than two terms for any President, he did not want to bind them.

Mr. E. H. Roberts replied that he would bind them by constitutional provision, because in his belief, constitutions were made to protect minorities against the unbounded power of the majority. It was not to be thought of enacting in times of peace regulations which would prevent trouble in times of war, or insurrection, or great public excitement, and Mr. Roberts added that he could not imagine any circumstances which would induce him to think it well to continue the President in office for a series of terms.

The Southern Troubles.

Aggravating Negroes.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 27.

Judge MacKay, Republican, who was sent by Governor Chamberlain to investigate the recent troubles in Edgefield Co., has made his report, in which he says the blame rests chiefly upon the gross abuses in the County Government. He believes that no English speaking people have been subjected to a like infliction since the Saxon wore the Norman collar. He says officers of the coloured militia have been in the habit of calling out their men whenever there was a personal quarrel between white and coloured men, and this in spite of the fact that the State constitution gives Government alone power to call out the militia. He recommends the immediate disbandment and disarming of the militia. It is said Gov. Chamberlain will act upon this recommendation.

The Election Investigations.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 27.—Ex-Governor Wells was before the Congressional Committee to day, and testified as to the action of the returning board, and submitted the returning board's report to the Legislature, about seventy foolscap pages, as his statements. Gov. Wells testified that all polls in Rapides Parish were thrown out on his evidence. He filed these statements and mentioned these facts to members of the board.

Mr. HOAR asked if the counsel had access to that affidavit before filing their briefs. Gov. Wells said he thought they had.

Mr. HOAR—was it filed before going into secret session?

Mr. WELLS—Just before counsel would have had time to examine that affidavit if he had remained long enough to have reached that Parish. He could have had me if he wished it. There was no protest by the Election Officers in Rapides Parish, because it was worth a man's life to do so.

Pacific Mail Scandal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.

In the Pacific Mail investigation to-day, Mr. Dawes questioned the witness with particularity concerning the five thousand dollars received by Don Piatte from Abert. Irwin testified that Piatte asked him for a loan of five thousand dollars on May 22nd, 1872, and offered his note. The money was subsequently handed to Piatte by Abert. Witness had no recollection of the manner in which the note was paid, but was under the impression that it was paid by a deposit to his credit in New York on July 22nd. Witness identified his endorsement on the note, acknowledging its payment at the date of payment. Witness was in the interior of California, convalescing from sickness, and all his business was attended to by his clerks. The endorsement may have been written subsequent to the payment of the note. In the course of further examination concerning this matter, Irwin advised the Committee to send for three or four of his clerks, who might be able to give them the desired information, and sarcastically remarked that this would not cost the Government more than $10,000. Irwin was questioned regarding the part taken by John Roach in promoting the passage of the subsidy, and testified that Roach did not work for this subsidy specifically, but merely used his influence and made arguments before sundry committees in behalf of American commerce generally. The Pacific mail subsidy as first introduced did not in express terms require that the new ships should be built in this country. Witness was of opinion that it would be better to have them constructed on the Clyde. Wood asked witness what he understood Stockwell to mean by writing that he (Stockwell) wanted nothing left undone to insure success, and replied that he understood he was to do everything necessary and proper. It was no part of his programme that he should corrupt members of Congress, or endeavour to do so.

Question: Have you any belief that any part of this money was spent in corrupting members of Congress. Answer: I have no belief on the subject. I have no evidence or sufficient basis of fact on which to form a belief. Witness further testified that with his knowledge and consent not a dollar was improperly expended. Witness had no doubt that a portion of the money sent to him by Stockwell was intended to be paid by Stockwell individually. Stockwell was largely interested in operations in the Pacific Mail stock. Witness had no personal knowledge that any member of the board of directors knew of these large amounts of money being sent to him by Stockwell. He had no communication with any of them, and only judges inferentially that some of them must have known of these expenditures.

Premature loss of the hair, which is so common nowadays, may be entirely prevented by the use of *Burnett's Cocoaine*. It has been used in thousands of cases where the hair was coming out in handsfull, and has never failed to arrest its decay, and to promote a healthy and vigorous growth. It is at the same time unrivalled as a dressing for the hair. A single application will render it soft and glossy for several days. 3754.

THE BEECHER-TILTON TRIAL.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.

In the great slander trial yesterday, after some important testimony, General Tracy announced the examination of Moulton closed.

Mrs. Bradshaw was sworn, and testified that she was an intimate friend of Mrs. Tilton. She wrote a letter to Mr. Beecher telling him that she had been summoned to appear before the Church Committee, and would abide entirely by what he advised. Mrs. Tilton had made no confession to her. Mr. Beecher advised her to keep quiet and silent, so she did not appear before the committee to give evidence.

The next witness called was W. F. West, the member of Plymouth Church who made charges against Tilton for slandering Mr. Beecher. Mr. Beecher was authorised to see Tilton, who said he thought that no action would be taken against him (Tilton) by the Church; I informed Beecher that he had been appointed one of the sub-Committee to see Beecher in reference to his position in the Woodhull matter; Mr. Beecher replied that he was very busy then, but would meet the committee in about three weeks. Mr. Beecher said this story rested on the evidence of two prostitutes; that if any person of responsibility made these attacks he (Mr. West) would see how soon he (Mr. Beecher) would dispose of them. Witness said Tilton was a responsible person, and if he put forth these stories he should be expelled from the Church. When West's charges were submitted to the Committee Mr. Beecher told him he had taken the right course, but he thought this was not the proper time to submit charges, many members being absent in the county. When Mr. Beecher spoke to Mr. West his tone was angry and threatening.

Franklin Woodruff, of the firm of Woodruff and Robinson, was next called. He remembered an interview at Tracy's office between Moulton, Tracy and himself in reference to the matter growing out of the scandal. Witness was asked what took place at that interview, but this was objected to on the ground that Mr. Beecher was not then present, and a long argument ensued, the counsel for the prosecution arguing that as the proceedings at the interview were carried to Beecher, and so became evidence against him. The argument was still under discussion when the court adjourned.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(*By Telegraph.*)

Quebec Legislature.

Second Parliament—Fourth Session.

QUEBEC, Jan. 27.

After routine,

Mr. LARUE presented the following report of the Committee on Hygiene and Mortuary questions:—

"Your committee have the honour to report that after due reflection and deep study on this question, we have arrived at the conclusion to especially recommend vaccination, either as a preventive or palliative. That vaccination without being coercive should be compulsory in the sense that all municipal authorities should make such regulations as to facilitate the means of the poorer classes of being vaccinated. That the failures which have thrown discredit on vaccination in certain cases are due to the use of defective or contaminated vaccine. That to obviate such inconveniences, and lamentable acts, the Government should adopt means to establish in the Province of Quebec an institution for experimenting in bucaline vaccination, and to furnish throughout the province a pure vaccine, having all the qualities to insure confidence."

Mr. MALHIOT introduced a bill to amend the act of incorporation of Three Rivers.

Mr. GENDRON, a bill to amend the Railway Act of 1867.

Mr. GENDRON, bill to amend the Joint Stock Company Amendment Act.

In answer to Mr. CAMERON,

Mr. MALHIOT said that it was the intention of Government to proceed generally with the Cadastration business with greater activity than had been displayed in the past, and the county of Huntingdon would be one of the first attended to.

In answer to Mr. BACHAND,

Mr. CHURCH said the Government had no official information from the Northern Colonization Railway Company that the part of the line of said road which extends from Aylmer to Crane River had been definitely laid out, and if the company has proved to the Government in a satisfactory manner that it was ready to proceed with the construction of such part of the said road.

Mr. PELLETIER, seconded by Mr. BELLECHASSE, moved for a statement setting forth the number of miles of road which have been macadamized and are kept in order by the Quebec North Shore Turnpike Trust Commissioners; a statement of receipts and expenditure of the said Commissioners on the said roads from the 1st January, 1873, to 1st January, 1875; a copy of the tariffs established by the said Commissioners for the use of the said roads; a copy of all correspondence on the subject of the said roads between the Government on the one part and the Commissioners and the inhabitants, or the councils of the municipalities through which the said roads passed, on the other part. Carried.

After some discussion,

Mr. LABERGE moved for a copy of the investigation made by Sheriff Renault in the case of C. M. Lebrun. Carried.

Mr. IRVINE introduced a bill to incorporate the Victoria Opera House of Montreal.

The following bills went through Committee, were read a third time, and passed: Bill to amend article 69 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relative to the summoning of defendants—Langelier; Bill to amend the act of incorporation of the Laurentian Railway Co.—Pelletier (L'Assomption); Bill to incorporate La Communante des Sœurs de la Charite de St. Germain de Rimouski—Chauveau—was read a second time.

On the order for Mr. Robertson's resolutions respecting railways coming up, there were loud cries of "Go on," and "Dropped."

Mr. MALHIOT said there was no danger of the Government dropping this measure. The notice was still within proper time.

Mr. ROBERTSON said that Messrs. Stand, Joly and Marchand complained that measures of this importance were kept back till the end of the session, while the House and the country ought to be put in possession of the proposition in order to form an intelligent opinion upon it.

Mr. GERIN—Supposing the Tanneries Committee finish its work in two or three days, the House will be obliged to adopt the railway legislation of the Hon. Treasurer in two or three days, and the measure will not be sufficiently ventilated for the interests of the country. If the Hon. Treasurer has his reasons to delay the measure, let this House know these reasons and judge them. This railway question, together with the Tanneries affair, are the two most important questions now before the House.

Mr. BELLINGHAM said if any one had the right to complain of the delay of the Government it was himself. He had some days ago given notice of a motion for an enquiry into the loan, but had waited for the Treasurer to bring down his railroad policy, in order to ascertain whether he intended to propose additional subsidies, as it was natural to suppose that if he intended to give larger subsidies, it would somewhat alter his motion. He knew, too, that under the able management of the Treasurer there had been during the last six months a deficiency of seventy-seven thousand dollars, besides payment of 154,000 dollars, which has been lately paid out, and which should long ago have been made. If the finances of the province were going behind at the rate of two hundred and forty thousand dollars in the six months, it was well to know it. He complained, and justly, that he could not proceed. He had dropped his motion with the express condition that when the Treasurer brought up his resolutions he should renew it, and yet one paper in the employ of the Hon. Treasurer had said that he had shuffled out of it. He wished it to be understood that he had never shuffled anything, being quite prepared to carry out what he undertook.

Mr. ROBERTSON said no one felt the importance of the railroad vexations more than he did, and it was no easy matter to make one dollar do the work of two. It took a good deal of time to devise means of doing justice to some roads without doing an injustice to others. He had during the recess prepared a statement on the subject which embodied the views of his colleagues as well as himself, but they had to meet difficulties in details. As to the reference that had been made to a paper as his organ, it was the first time he had heard that paper was in his interest. As for Mr. Bellingham's resolutions, when he brought them up, he should be prepared to satisfy the House and the county as to the loan. He believed he did well in the negotiations. He had done well and did not fear to meet the county on any act of the old Administration, particularly in regard to their railroad policy.

Mr. BELLINGHAM asked if the Treasurer would name a day when he would bring the resolutions down, would it be within a week or ten days?

Mr. ROBERTSON: It is impossible to say.

Mr. MALHIOT said the Government had not come to a final understanding as to details.

Mr. OUIMET was surprised that the opposition wanted to exercise a pressure on the Government in regard to its railway policy, and reproached them for not having yet brought before the House the resolution concerning that policy. That policy of the Government was well known by the House, and the country, and the Government, far from being open to censure for taking its time, and being very cautious in the distribution of subsidies to the different lines interested, deserved credit on its account. Everybody knew that there were at present at Quebec a deputation of gentlemen who had come to discuss their right to a share in the subsidy, and it did not matter much whether the House knew a day or two later the amount of subsidies given to each particular railway. He hoped the Government would not submit to any measure, even if it came from the House. ("The House?" laughter.) He meant from the Opposition. Every member of the House knew that the hon. Treasurer was very diligent in the fulfilment of his duties, and he was satisfied that as soon as the measure was ready it would be brought before the House.

After some further discussion the matter dropped.

Mr. LAVALEE introduced a bill to legalise deeds passed by notaries while acting as deputy registrars.

The Contested Election Bill was read a third time and passed.

In answer to Mr. BACHAND,

Mr MALHIOT said that the statement of subsidies paid to railways would be brought down possibly to-morrow or the next day.

The House then adjourned at 4.45 p.m.

TORONTO.

Obstructing Traffic—Fire—Central Prison—Legal Severity.

TORONTO, Jan. 27.

For some time past much inconvenience and annoyance has been caused to persons having business at the Post office, through a number of loafers frequenting the place and standing around the stove or sitting upon the sills of the windows and otherwise obstructing the traffic inside the building. This state of things has at length been brought under the notice of Major Draper, Chief Constable of Police, who has directed the policemen on King and Toronto streets, to visit the Post-office and remove any person found loafing about the building.

Yesterday evening, about nine o'clock, the fire alarm bells sounded from two boxes simultaneously to indicate the same fire, which led to considerable confusion. Several distinct numbers seemed to have been struck, and some time elapsed before the proper number could be distinguished. No. 93 was at length struck, which indicated the proper vicinity of the fire, and on ascertaining it was found that a vacant rough-cast cottage, No. 119 Strachan Avenue, was in a blaze. The building was old and untenantable, and was lately insured in the Isolated Risk Insurance Company for $500. An engine came to the rescue, but owing to the difficulty in getting water, it was some time before pumping commenced. The fire, however, was extinguished before it made any considerable headway.

A lad named Phillips was brought up before the Police Magistrate for having said to his employer "Old horse, bring up the coals." He was fined twenty-five dollars or two months with hard labour. Mr. Murphy, counsel for prisoner, applied yesterday for a *habeas corpus*, and brought the lad before Justice Galt, who at once quashed the Magistrate's decision.

Great complaint is being made at the working of the Central Prison. The prisoners are brought from all parts of the Province for short terms, and then cast loose on the city.

QUEBEC.

Curling—Quebec vs. Montreal.

QUEBEC, Jan. 27.

The match for the Quebec Curling Club challenge cup between the Montreal and Quebec clubs to-day resulted in a victory for the former by one of a majority, and the cup goes to Montreal. The play was close throughout. The score stands: Williams, 22; Brodie, 27; Barnston, 24; Barber, 18.

MONTREAL.

The Governor-General—Stocks.

MONTREAL, Jan. 27.

His Excellency the Governor General and suite attended the fourth of the winter evening series of assemblies in Professor Hazazar's rooms, St. Catherine Street, last evening, by invitation from the subscribers. The assemblage was more than usually brilliant. His Excellency will play with the Montreal Curling Club against the Ottawa Club to-day.

The stock market this morning was firm. Merchants', 117¼, closing 117½ to 117¾; Commerce, 133¼, closing 133½ to 133¾. Sales at the afternoon board:—Montreal, 187½; Merchants', 117¼; Commerce, 133¾.

LONDON.

Curling—East Middlesex Contest.

LONDON, Jan. 27.

Two rinks of the Union Curling Club, of this city, defeated a similar number of the Granite Curling Club, of Detroit, in a game played in the latter city yesterday, by 11 shots.

Political interest centres in the election for the Commons in the East Riding, which comes off on Thursday. Mr. Armstrong's prospects are looking up, and his friends are sanguine as to the result.

THE TIMES

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Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, &c and deaths with funeral notices attached $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents. When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Gift Enterprise: C. M. Briggs.
Canadian Washer: A. R. Giles.
For the hair: Burnett's Cocaine.
Cough Syrup: W. Hearn.
Specific for Colds: W. Hearn.
Clearing Sale: Neelin Bros.
Bargains: Neelin Bros.
Bankrupt Stock: Neelin Bros.
20 per cent. Discount: Ottawa Shirt Store.
Clearing Sale: Ottawa Shirt Store.
Flannel Shirts: Ottawa Shirt Store.
Silk Scarfs: Ottawa Shirt Store.
Dress Shirts: Ottawa Shirt Store.
Clarendon House: W. Mills.
Wanted: Noonan's Restaurant.
Wanted: J. M.
Drawing Room: Senate Chamber.

HIS EXCELLENCY

The Governor General

Will hold a

Drawing Room in the Senate Chamber

At 9 o'clock, on

Thursday Evening, 4th of February.

Regulations for the Drawing Room.

Sleighs will enter Parliament Square by the Eastern Entrance, and return by driving round the Square.

Senators and their ladies are requested to enter at the Senators' Entrance to the Senate.

Members of the House of Commons and their ladies are requested to enter on the West side of the Tower.

Ladies and gentlemen (other than those above specified), are requested to enter at the door where red lights are shown.

His Excellency will enter the Senate Chamber at 9 o'clock, and the Drawing Room will commence.

The Ministers, Senators and Members of the House of Commons, with their wives and daughters, will be presented first, then the ladies and gentlemen in attendance.

Ladies and gentlemen are to be in Full Dress, and to provide themselves with two cards, with their names and address *legibly written*. One to be given at the entrance to the Senate Chamber, and one to the A. D. C. in waiting.

Jan. 27, 1875.

F. ROWAN HAMILTON,
A D.C.-in-waiting.

The Times.

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JAN. 28, 1875.

THE LEPINE CASE.

The Opposition press have made a great fuss about the prerogative of the Crown of late. The tune was, and that not long ago, when they took an entirely different view of that subject from what they take now. We have no comment to make upon the following correspondence, but we trust it may serve to correct in the public mind any misapprehension which may have arisen from the persistent attempts of interested parties to put an erroneous construction upon the action of Her Majesty's representative. That it will have a similar effect with the Opposition press is not to be expected, since it appears that it is their policy not to be convinced, and to misrepresent when to tell the truth would not serve what they believe to be their interests. The following despatches have passed by cable:—

"Jan. 20th, 1875.

"EARL OF CARNARVON,

"Guided by the considerations set "forth in my despatch to your Lordship "of the 10th December, on the 15th of "January I directed my Minister of Jus"tice to take steps for the commutation "of the capital sentence on Lepine into "two years' imprisonment, and the for"feiture of his political rights.

"(Signed) DUFFERIN."

"Jan. 26th, 1875.

"GOVERNOR-GENERAL, Canada.

"I fully approve course taken by you "in Lepine's case.

"(Signed) CARNARVON."

THE FRASER-REYNOLDS TRANSACTIONS.

The extraordinary circumstances attending the dealings of Messrs. Fraser, Reynolds & Co., of Halifax, led to other enquiries being instituted, with the result, in regard to the Customs, of ascertaining that in the year 1873 they made entries at the Halifax Custom House of goods which they claimed to be free of no less an amount than $157,436. We await with some curiosity to know what they have to say to this addition to the offences for which they have been indicted at the bar of public opinion. That they had the impertinence to deny or attempt to explain their other transactions as exposed by Mr. Brydges, warrants the belief that they may also try to ward off this crushing blow. They have a newspaper in Halifax which appears to be published specially in their interest, and we expect to see its editorial columns flooded with references to this new exposure. It will strike most people that their contract must have been a remarkably good one, and their present influence very powerful and extensive, when they are able to enlist the services of one whole newspaper to themselves and the whole Tory party of Nova Scotia as well. If some of the members of the firm are not already in Parliament, they ought soon to be.

RELIGIOUS CREEDS IN RELATION TO POLITICS.

The Montreal *Gazette* quotes with approval what is said to be a report of the speech of a Mr. Kennedy, of the newly erected County of East Simcoe, who thought himself entitled to the nomination of the Liberal party in the recent contest there, and who made this speech in justification of his resignation of the office of President of the Local Reform Association and his withdrawal from the ranks of the party. Mr. Kennedy says he has the confidence of the Government of Ontario, that he has long—for forty years, indeed—been an active Reformer, that he was promised the influence of several prominent Reformers in the County, who were to do their best to have him nominated at a Convention, and that another gentleman having been the choice of the party, he thinks himself unfairly treated. This he accounts for on the ground that he is a Roman Catholic, which is, of course, the reason why this particular speech has found its way, under present circumstances, into the columns of the *Gazette*. It is very possible, indeed very probable, that Mr. Kennedy may have had good claims upon his party, and that these claims have been overlooked; but it is just as probable that the claims of the gentleman who was chosen to contest the riding on their behalf were stronger still, and in any case Mr. Kennedy, having stuck by his principles for forty years, acted very foolishly in thus threatening to abandon them even if he had a grudge against some of those who had been acting with him, simply because his abilities had not been rated by others as highly as they had been by himself. After all, however, the quarrel is a local one, which the Reformers of East Simcoe will in due time arrange among themselves, and it would not be worth noticing except for the reason which induced the Montreal organ of the Tories to serve up the details for the benefit of its readers. What that reason is we need not say. Within the past week or two Tory newspapers in Montreal and throughout Ontario have suddenly awakened to the injustice being done the Irish Roman Catholics by the powers that be, and by a species of patronizing kindness which cannot be exceedingly palatable to the class for whose delectation it is intended—which, indeed, we should suppose to be rather nauseous—an attempt is made to flatter and cajole them into the belief that in the great "Liberal-Conservative" party—save the mark—they have their firm and abiding friends. We can easily understand how the *Gazette*, having in view the necessities of Mr. Thomas White, the late candidate for election to the Commons in Montreal West, should do all that possibly could be done to cultivate the good feeling and favour of every portion of the community, and we can also understand that it might suit the selfish purposes of the same gentleman to stir up the sectional jealousies and religious differences of some of the electors of that constituency; but it would be very difficult to convince any right minded citizen of Canada, which is justly represented as politically and religiously the most free and tolerant country in the world, that there could be any justification of such a course. It is noticeable, however, that this is one of the various means to which the Tories have of late resorted to carry that political favour with the public, and that popularity in the councils of the nation which their record as a party could not and does not command. We confess that we are unable to understand upon what principle it is taken for granted that the Irish Roman Catholic vote in Canada is in the market, ready to be bartered for any mercenary consideration, and we have yet to meet with any adherent of the Catholic Church who would not resent as a mortal insult the idea that his adherence to either political party was not based purely upon the merits of the historical principles by which these parties have been separated. Nor have we found as yet any Catholic who does not protest against his being spoken or thought of politically except as every other member of the community, independently of race or creed, is thought of and spoken of. We never hear any one ask how the Scotch Presbyterians are likely to vote, nor does any one talk of bringing out a candidate at a Parliamentary or other election simply or in part because he is a Scotch Presbyterian; and yet that same body is not a much more powerful minority of the community than the Irish Catholics, and united politically, as they are united ecclesiastically, they could, as it is said the Irish Catholics do, hold the balance of power between contending parties. The same might be said with equal truth of the English Church, the Methodists, the Baptists, and others, of whom as such we never hear a word about election times. The day was when the Catholics, both in Great Britain and Canada, were subject to political disabilities, when their religion was more or less of a hindrance to their political advancement, and when even very great ability was not sufficient to overcome that barrier. We need not say that that day is past, nor need we say that the reign of prejudice with which it was contemporary was brought to an end in both countries through the exertions of the Liberals and in spite of the Tories. Upon this ground we protest against the hollow pretensions to friendship for Catholics and jealousy of their rights which have become characteristic of the *Gazette*, the *Citizen*, and the *Mail*, for the record of their party proves that they are the natural enemies of the Church as a Church, while the Liberals are just as truly the natural allies, not of the Church as a Church—for they entirely disassociate religion and politics—but of its adherents as citizens and entitled to equal rights with the rest of the community. We call the pretended friendliness of these newspapers hollow upon evidence still more recent. The same newspapers and Mr. M. C. Cameron were accustomed, not more than a short year ago, when the Orange bills were before the Ontario Legislature, to call Bishop Lynch "the power behind the throne," to taunt Mr. Mowat with paundering to the Catholics, to insult Mr. Fraser by insinuating that he was a member of the Government by virtue of his creed, and numerous other things we could mention pointing in the same direction. To-day that is all changed, and column after column is devoted to proving that because at the recent Ontario election, but three Catholics have been returned in the interest of the Government and four in the interest of the Opposition, therefore the Catholics should support the Tories. It is not three months since the Tory organ in this city denounced the Rev. Mr Dewart, of Toronto, because he, a Methodist Minister, voted for and supported Mr. John O'Donohue, a Roman Catholic, at the general federal election of 1874. We despise all attempts to traffic in men's religious convictions, and we passed over these evidences of the existence of the old prejudice at the time, believing that they bore upon their faces their own condemnation. We refer to them now simply to prove the insincerity of the recent tone of the organs in question. We certainly can conceive of no greater insult to a large and independent class of electors than this attempt to treat them as if they were fools or children, and the sooner they teach those who take such liberties with them that they cannot continue to do so with impunity the better.

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes; "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrised. 3727

Bragg's Charcoal Biscuits at W. Hearn's Sapper's Bridge. 3748

Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695-1m

THE EVENT OF THE NEW YEAR.—The holidays are ended, and the serious work of the New Year begins. The first important event before us is the last drawing of the Library Gift Concerts, which takes place in Louisville, Ky., February 27th. This drawing will as certainly take place on that date as the day arrives, and to guarantee this Gov. Bramlette offers to return their money to ticket holders if the drawing is not had at the time appointed. What more could be asked? All that is needed is to buy your tickets *in time*, and you may count on having your prizes on the 27th day of next February. 3745 d&w

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Musca Wine. 3698

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

NEW YORK BAY OYSTERS IN SHELL.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732.

FRESH OYSTERS IN SHELL.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

Oct. 7, 1874. 3391y d&w.

FOWLE'S

PILE AND HUMOR CURE

For Internal and External Use

WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Dec. 14, 18 3719

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 3880

Insurance.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Head Office,
Canada Agricultural Insurance Company,
245 St. James Street,
Montreal, Jan. 16th, 1875.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Branch Office of this Company, located at No. 34 Sparks-st., in the City of Ottawa, is closed from and after this date; and that Mr. Martin Wholeham is no longer authorized to do business for this Company, he having been discharged from said office. Our agents and patrons in the Ottawa District heretofore doing business with our Ottawa Branch are therefore hereby notified to address all communications and applications for insurance to our Head Office, in Montreal; also, all monies and notes for premiums due or for premiums on new risks, must be either paid into this office or to one of our regular authorized agents, or the Company will not be responsible for the same.

EDWARD H. GOFF,
Managing Director.

PHŒNIX

Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN,

ASSETS OVER $10,000,000
DEPOSIT AT OTTAWA, ... 130,000

This Company, whose Agency in Canada was established in 1867, and whose income in the Dominion is nearly $200,000 from premiums alone, is prepared to receive applications for the General Agency for the Ottawa District from competent and trustworthy parties, who can make the business a speciality and give it their entire attention.

Address with references and experience, if any—

SIMPSON & BETHUNE,
Managers for Canada,
Montreal.

Ottawa, Jan. 23. 3750-1m

CHAS. DESJARDINS,

General Agent

Citizens Insurance Co'y.

CAPITAL, . . $2,000,000.

FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE.

Temporary Office:

York Street, near Sussex Street,

OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Jan. 23. 3750

THE

HAND IN HAND

Insurance Co.

Still continue to take Risks at

20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates

R. C. W. MACCUAIG,
Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity.

Jan. 9, 1875. 3737-3m

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.

(*FIRE AND LIFE.*)

Authorized Capital . $5,000,000
Subscribed to Date . $2,000,000

LOCAL DIRECTORS:

RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, . . AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution, on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.

All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.

The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.

O'CONNOR & WALLER.

Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-12m

ROYAL CANADIAN

INSURANCE CO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.

Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.

ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,

AGENT,

36 SPARKS STREET, . . . OTTAWA

Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"

CONTINUES TO TAKE

FIRE RISKS

On every description of insurable property,

AT REDUCED RATES.

T. M. CLARK, AGENT,
Corner Sparks and Elgin St

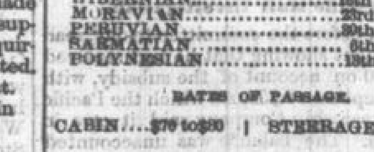
Dec. 18, 1874. 3722-12m

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



FROM PORTLAND.

POLYNESIAN	2nd Jan.
SCANDINAVIAN	9th "
HIBERNIAN	16th "
MORAVIAN	23rd "
PERUVIAN	30th "
SARMATIAN	6th Feb.
POLYNESIAN	13th "

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN . . . $70 to $80 | STEERAGE . . . $25

THE STEAMERS OF THE

Glasgow Line

are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN	$60.
INTERMEDIATE	40.
STEERAGE	25.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa July 22 1873.

Druggists.

EAST END

Drug Store.

T. T. SHEPHERD.

Chemist & Druggist,

RIDEAU STREET,

CORNER OF DALHOUSIE STREET.

January 23rd, 1875. 3750

Auction Sales.

Household Furniture

BY AUCTION.

The subscriber is instructed by Mr. A. E. GENDREAU, to sell by Public Auction, at his residence, Wellington-st., a little below the Scotch Church, on MONDAY, the 25th inst., commencing at 11 o'clock, all his Household Furniture, comprising a very fine B. W. Parlor Suite in hair cloth, an excellent Lounge in green repp, and finely upholstered; Brussels, Tapestry and Kidderminster Carpets, B. W. Centre Table, Mirrors, Trifle Tables, Pictures and Ornaments, Dining Table, Side Board, Chairs, China, Glass and Crockery, B. W. Bedroom Suite, Spring Mattrass, Hair do, Wash Stands, Dressing Tables, Bedsteads, Mattrasses, and numerous other articles that cannot be mentioned.

The Furniture is good, being but a short time in use, and the sale positive, commencing at 11 o'clock sharp, on Monday, the 25th inst.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Jan. 20, 1875.

Auction Sale

OF VERY VALUABLE

TIMBER LIMITS,

Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.

HECTOR McLEAN

Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, THE 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:

License No. 161, season of 1873-4, comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.

License No. 163, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vielle Branch, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.

These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the

UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,

THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,

Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.

Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN,
Ramsay.

Dec. 30th, 1874 3731-td

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land

Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice as the owner is in want of money.

For particulars apply to

JOHN W McGUIRE,
25, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester
Or, Ottawa P. O.

Sept. 2, 1874. 3881

Game.

PARSON'S

HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also;

One Hundred Dozen

—OF—

Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874. 3879

Hotels.

THE

CLARENDON HOUSE.

Grand Opening

—ON—

Thursday, the 28th Inst.

—AND—

OPENING TO THE PUBLIC

—ON—

Monday, 1st February.

W. MILLS, Proprietor.

Jan. 28, 1875.

ALBION HOTEL,

Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 3435

CENTRAL! CONVENIENT!

THE DOMINION RESTAURANT

Rajotte's New Block, Wellington-st.,

(*Opposite Parliament House.*)

Now open, and holding out the best inducements in the way of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Lunches hot or cold from 12 to 3. Oysters in any style at all hours.

HARRIS & CLOSE, Proprietors.

Jan. 16, 1875 3744y

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD

USE THE

Diamond Yeast Cakes

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto.

Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

J. W. MINTHORN
Box "U" Orillia, Ont.

Oct. 1. 3488

Hatters & Furriers.

DEVLIN'S

Fur Depots

416 Notre Dame-St., . . . Montreal.
11 Rideau-St., ... Ottawa.

White Rabbitt Jackets,

LADIES' SOUTH SEA SEAL JACKETS,

Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets,

Ladies Sea Otter Sets.

R. J. DEVLIN,
Manufacturer.

Jan. 11, 1875.

ALEX. BROBERY,

FURRIER,

45 Rideau-st.,

Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,

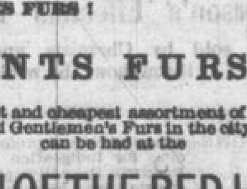
Is offering the balance of his

Stock of Winter Furs

AT REDUCED RATES.

Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3733



LADIES FURS!

GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,

No. 33, RIDEAU STR ET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to order by

JAMES PEACOCK,
No. 33, Rideau Street.

Dec. 20th, 1874. 3724 ml

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.

—AT—

H. HODGES,

56 SPARKS-ST.,

Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Gift Enterprises.

DOLLARS!

To the amount of Two Million Five Hundred Thousand are to be distributed on the 27th February, by the Public Library of Ky., upon the occasion of their Fifth and Last Concert.

Drawing Certain, or Money Refunded.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts	$20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Public Library of Kentucky.

Death of Gov. Bramlette—Action of the Trustees—A Successor Appointed—No More Postponements—Drawing Certain February 27th.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Public Library of Kentucky, Jan. 16, 1875, it was resolved that C. M. Briggs, Esq., who under the late Hon. Thos. E. Bramlette was the real business manager of the gift concerts already given in aid of the Public Library of Kentucky, be and he is hereby authorized to take the place made vacant by the death of said Bramlette, in the management of the affairs of the Fifth and Last Gift Concert, and that the Drawing announced for February 27th, 1875, shall positively and unequivocally take place on that day, without any further postponement or delay on any account whatever.

Hereafter all communications relating to the Fifth Concert should be addressed to the undersigned, and I pledge myself that the Drawing shall come off February 27th or that every dollar paid for tickets shall be returned.

C. M. BRIGGS, Agent and Manager.

Room 4, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!

In Valuable Gifts!

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000
Two Prizes, $500 } Each in Cash
Five Prizes $100

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.

One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth $550.

Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300.

Three Gold American Hunting Watches w $125 each.

Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth $80 each!

1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!

Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c.

Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 70,000.

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 86,
Cincinnati, O.

OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874 3854 d&w

Remedies.

MANHOOD RESTORED.—A victim of youthful imprudence, causing premature decay, nervous debility, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has found a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address,

J. H. REEVES,
78 Nassau-st., New York

Jan. 22, 1875. 3748.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN

Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.

July 1874.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Henna, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Bal and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton old by all Perfumery Vendors.

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodyne being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON.

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

81, 83 & 124 Southampton Row,

RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES

Selected, and Shipping orders executed with due despatch 3345.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES

FOR

CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,

143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

THEY

ARE

Dying

—BY—

INCHES!

ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the skin, or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatoro Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acremonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedant the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only Medicine having control over this class of diseases is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE!

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the first time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

A BLESSING TO THE POLICE.

MONTREAL, 18th June, 1864.

DEVINS & BOLTON;

GENTLEMEN,—Having been one of the many martyrs of rheumatism that I meet on my every day rounds, I was induced to try the celebrated DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. I had suffered the last five or six weeks the most terrible acute pains across my loins and back, so severe indeed that I could hardly walk with the help of a stick. I commenced the Diamond Remedy—following the directions carefully. Relief came immediately with the first bottle, improved rapidly with the second, completely cured and freed from pain after finishing my fifth small bottle. You are at perfect liberty either to refer to me privately or publicly, as I feel very thankful for the relief, and sympathise with my fellow sufferers from rheumatism.

Yours respectfully,
J. B. CARDINAL,
Sanitary Police Officer,
51 Labelle street.

In simple cases, sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,

Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto,

Or to **DEVINS & BOLTON,**

Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec.

Price $1 per bottle; Large Bottles $2.

May 15, 1874.

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 18 years and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLERY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

June 23, 1874. W. YOUNG.

N. MARKS,

Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker.

36—*SPARKS STREET*—36

Just received, a magnificent assortment of

JEWELLERY

Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finish Gold and Silver Watches, which will sell at astonishingly low prices.

A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.

Nov. 26, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family.
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and RailwayCompanies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER.

Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory, Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, to exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. Nothing is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874.

Mails.

POST OFFICE OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 5 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1875.

MAILS.	CLOSE.	DELIVERED.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., Charlottetown, P.E.I., and all places in the Maritime Provinces and Newfoundland	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, etc., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich.	[illegible]	[illegible]
British Columbia (all Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco, Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York, through bag	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Prescott, Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]
South Gloucester and Oxford Stations, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, &c., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rochesterville, Skead's Mill, Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Eardley, Heyworth and Onslow	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville, etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gatineau, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 10.10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packages the same night.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.30 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamers will be closed at 1.25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

POSTAGE STAMPS

Are no longer sold at this office, but may be purchased from any of the licensed vendors throughout the city.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Newfoundland, Great Britain and India.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

EXCEPTIONAL POSTAGE.—Postage to Hull, New Edinburgh and Rochesterville, 1 cent per half ounce, if post paid; if unpaid, 2 cents.

Office hours from 8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business, from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Jan. 26, 1875.

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done at the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.

Dec 26, 1874. 3884y

THE COSPATRICK DISASTER.

Horrible Scenes and Sufferings.

(From the London Times.)

The three survivors of the Cospatrick were landed at Plymouth on the night of December 31st, from the Cape mail-boat Nyanza. Their names are, as already stated, Henry McDonald, second mate; Thomas Lewis and Ed. Cottes. In the special train in which they were despatched to town some further information of the disaster to the Cospatrick was obtained from them. The narrative appended was furnished by Mr. McDonald, the second mate, between Plymouth and London:—

"The ship was in latitude 11 east, and not west as you have already stated. On the 17th of November, with fine, light weather I was my watch on deck from 8 to 12 p.m. I was relieved by the chief mate at 12 o'clock. I was just falling asleep when I heard the alarm of fire. Jumping out of my bed I met the captain at the cuddy door, and he told me to go forward to see what was the matter. I ran forward and saw the chief mate getting the men to work the force pumps. All the passengers were rushing on deck, and smoke was coming out of the fore-scuttle. I ran off to report this to the captain and to put my clothes on, as I had nothing on at that time. When I went forward again they were playing the hose down the fore-scuttle. I asked the captain to try to keep the ship before the wind, and he replied that he was endeavouring to do so. He told me to get a few volunteers to go down the fore-hatch to see where the fire came from, but this I found was impossible, as the flames were coming up the fore-hatch, and the passengers were doing their best to keep the fire down. When the flames were between the fore and main hatchways I asked the captain if we should get the boats out, as I saw it was a case with us; but he said no, and that we should do all we could to get the fire out. The ship would not go before the wind, but went head to wind, and this drove the flames aft. The two forward boats caught fire; then there was a rush to the poop, and when I got there I saw the starboard boat lowered away. She capsized as she touched the water, and there was only one who got out of her, all the rest were drowned. Although we flung hencoops and other floating things overboard to them, we could render them no other assistance. The chief mate tried to launch the starboard pinnace, which was lying bottom up on the skid, but we could get no assistance, and had to abandon the attempt. I then saw that people were flocking to the port quarter boat, which was a life boat, and which was hanging to the davits, and I told two sailors to stand by and not to lower away until they got orders from the captain. By this time the flames broke out in the quarter-hatch; the passengers gave an awful shout, and the captain said something to the effect that each must look out for himself. Then this boat was lowered away, and just as she was touching the water I jumped into her. As I did so the men already in the boat were cutting her away. Just before I got in, the foremast went over the side. I tried to get a compass, but could not. When we got into the boat we shoved off from the ship's side, and then the chief mate and an Irish woman jumped overboard and swam to us, and others were coming over the falls to do the same. At that time we were not six inches out of the water. Just as we got clear of the ship's side the mainmast went over the side, and immediately afterwards the stern blew out. This was possibly caused by the spirits in the lower hold. There was none in the store room. There was no gunpowder on board then; I had thrown that overboard at the first onset. The screams of the women were awful; they hung about me begging me to save them, but a man could not do everything. Shortly afterwards the mizenmast went over the side. From the time the fire first broke out until the mizenmast went over was not more than an hour and a half. We kept off from the ship, and we heard cries on spars floating away from the ship. We made towards them, and found the starboard boat which some of the men had got in an upright position. They had no oars, and they asked that an officer might go with them. I willingly agreed to go with them. Thomas Lewis went in first, I went second, Cotter third, and Mr. Bentley, a passenger, next. They divided the passengers, leaving thirty in my boat and thirty-two in the chief mate's boat. We were deep loaded then. A man who was floating on a small spar near was also taken in. He was a Scotchman named Robert Barron. We kept by the ship all that day and all that night until 4 o'clock the next afternoon, when she went down. During that time we was people clinging to her, but we were so full that we could not render them the slightest assistance. After the ship went down it was no good stopping any longer. She was burnt down to the copper, and the fire being of course out we were deprived of that which was before a signal to any vessels that might be passing. We then agreed to shape for the Cape of Good Hope, but we had nothing to eat or drink, and no compass to shape our course. On Sunday, the 22nd, the weather was dull. Bentley was drowned while steering the boat. Three men died that day in consequence of drinking salt water. They went nearly mad. We threw their bodies overboard. On the next day it blew hard, and a high sea was running, and it kept us continually baling water out. We rigged a sea anchor and hove it, but it was very weak, being only tied with strands of a boat's painter, and we lost it. Four more men died the same way as the others, and we were that hungry and thirsty that we drank the blood and ate the livers of some of them. That day we lost our only oar. On the next day it blew a gale, and we rigged another sea anchor, tying it with our braces and anything we could get. There were six more deaths on that day. When that sea anchor broke, the boat shipped water that very nearly filled her. On the 25th there was a light breeze; it was awfully hot. We were reduced that day to eight, and of these three were out of their minds. On the 26th a barque passed about fifty yards off, and we hailed, but received no answer. Our opinion was that she saw us. This made us give up all hope. One more died that day, and we kept sucking the blood of those that died. On the 27th, it was squally all round with light showers, but we never caught a drop of water; although we tried to do so. Two more died that day. We threw one overboard, but were too weak to throw over the other. Only five were then left—two able seamen, one ordinary seaman, myself and a passenger. The latter was out of his mind, and several times tried to drown himself. We were all dozing, and I was awoke by feeling the mad passenger biting at my feet. We then saw a ship bearing down upon us. She proved to be the British Sceptre. We received every kindness on board the British Sceptre. I was very ill on board, almost down to death's door. While in the boat I did not drink any salt water, excepting a mouthful now and then."

Burnett's Cocoaine for the hair has stood the test of time and competition. It has established a reputation for purity and efficacy in every quarter of the world. For twenty years it has been a favorite with the people and a leader with the trade. The name "Cocoaine" has become a valuable property. We have established our *sole* right to its use in several suits at law, thus protecting the public and ourselves from imposition. 3748

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732.

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

PAIN-KILLER.

After thirty-five years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Physicians of the first respectability recommend it as a most effectual preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but for Dysentery or Cholera, or any sort of Bowel complaint it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency, and rapidity of action. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

It is used Internally and Externally.

Sold everywhere; Price 25 cts.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Sole Proprietors

January 13th, 1875. 3741

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street,

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 3676-y

WHOLESALE

Ready-Made

CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTER

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

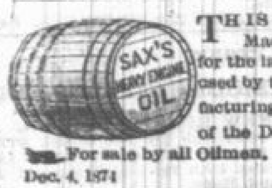
So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 24 1874. 3680

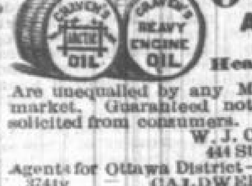
Hardware, &c.



THIS EXCELLENT Machine Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

For sale by all Oilmen.

Dec. 4, 1874 3710-y



OUR BRANDS OF **ARCTIC** —AND— **Heavy Engine Oil** Are unequalled by any Machine Oils in the market. Guaranteed not to freeze. Orders solicited from consumers.

W. J. CRAVEN & Co., 444 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

Agents for Ottawa District— CALDWELL & Co., Sparks-st 3741y

HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.

No.24 No.24

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware

In the city is to be found at

THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO., - - Managers

Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector. Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 28, 1874.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles, Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed; None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO.,

Sparks Street, near Bank.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES!

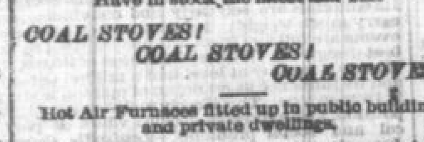
Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City reference given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., James Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L. Cramm & Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application.

H. MEADOWS & CO., 35 Sussex-St.

Oct. 3, 1874. 3630



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO

March 11, 1874. 3513y

Books & Stationery.

NEW BOOKS.

Supernatural Religion, 2 vols	$8 00
The Greville Memoirs, 2 vols	4 00
Proctors' Transit of Venus	2 50
Opening a Chesnut Burr, by Rev. E. P. Roe	1 00
The Cloth of Gold and other Poems, by T. B. Aldrich	1 00
Chambers' Journal, bound volume for 1874	2 25
The Christian Treasury do do	1 75
Annual Register of Rural Affairs for 1875	30
Whitaker's Almanac for 1875	30

For sale at

HENDERSON & Co's.

39 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 23, 1875.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 28, 1874

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

FOR THE

PIANOFORTE.

It Stands the Test! Sells 25,000 Yearly, and is gaining friends everywhere.

No piano instruction book ever issued approaches it for real merit and worth, and no teachers regret using it in their course of instruction. This work is a power in the musical advance of the day, and has been a most important agent in the recent tremendous increase of technical knowledge of the Pianoforte.

The success of

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

is world-wide, and prompts many competitors but its sale surpasses that of all others COMBINED, and it stands to-day incontestably superior to all other Piano Methods.

Used by thousands of Music Teachers and sold by all Book and Music Dealers in this Country and Canada.

Price, - - - $3.75.

All books sent, post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

Government Notices

DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon on the

15th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875.

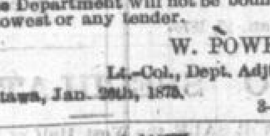
For the manufacture from Government cloth of such Jackets and trowsers as may be required for militia purposes during the current year.

Patterns may be seen and further information will be given on application.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

W. POWELL, Lt.-Col., Dept. Adjt. General.

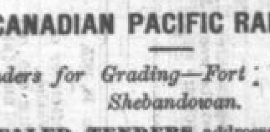
Ottawa, Jan. 26th, 1875. 3-awk. 3742



CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, Jan. 25, 1874.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON, Commissioner of Customs.



CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Tenders for Grading—Fort William to Shebandowan.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender Pacific Railway," will be received up to noon of SATURDAY, the 27th of February next, for the Bridging and Grading required on that Section of the Pacific Railway, extending from the Town plot of Fort William, near Thunder Bay, Lake Superior, to Lake Shebandowan, about 45 miles in length.

For plans, specification, approximate quantities, forms of tender and other information, apply at the office of the Engineer in Chief, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications for that part of the line between Lake of the Woods and Red River, will be ready in the course of two or three weeks.

By Order, F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Dept. of Public Works, Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1875. 3748-6 2aw

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector MacLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 100 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,543 feet, and of No. 3, 6,783 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by, this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order, E. A. MEREDITH, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.

S. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crapes, Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS, 6 and 7, Nicholas-st., Ottawa

No 18.

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnaits, Province of Quebec, has established

AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEMIEUX, Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.

Nov. 3, 1873.

Furniture.

NEW

Furniture Warerooms,

ANGUS & CO.

Dealers in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cornices and Curtains.

85 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite Heney's New Block.

Jan. 11, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND OR WEST OF CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874.

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 3514y

Boots & Shoes.

SELLING AT COST,

For One Month, for Cash Only,

In order to reduce

Stock of Spring Importations.

Bargains may be expected, as I deal exclusively on the cash system, which has enabled me to buy at bottom figures.

W. E. BROWN,

15 SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

Jan. 27, 1875.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots, Embroidered and Plain Felt Congress. Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress. Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Felt Bals. Felt Overs.

A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter feet-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at REDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an entire clearance.

Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB, 28 Sussex-st.

Jan. 8, 1875.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st., Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre,

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 12 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes, Mitts, Rubbers, Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN, Ottawa

Dec. 24 1874.

NOTICE

All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 28 1874.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

YOU CAN OBTAIN

For 50 Cents

—AT—

GENDREAU'S

Hair-Dressing Parlor,

WELLINGTON-ST.,

GOLD WATCHES,
SILVER WATCHES,
GOLD CHAINS,
GOLD RINGS,
PERFUME BOXES,
HANDSOME MIRRORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
A BEAUTIFUL SHIP (worth $15)

GOLD STOPPER SCENT BOTTLES, COAL OIL LAMPS, and a hundred and one other articles.

Call and see them.

Dec. 17, 1874.

Life Assurance.

The Royal Mutual Life Assurance Company

OF CANADA.

Head Office, ... Ottawa, Ont.

Capital: $100,000 in 1,000 Shares of $100 Each.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:

F. F. Jones, Esq., M.P.P., James Humphrey, Esq., Henry Torrance, Esq., James McCarty, Esq., J. J. Fraser, Esq., M.P.P., C. R. Cooper, Esq.

Lees & Gemmell, *Solicitors.*

Henry T. Corbett, Esq., M.D., &c., *Medical Director.*

C. R. Cooper, *Manager.*

Arthur W. Wilson, Esq., F.I.A & F.S.S., *Actuary.*

Merchants Bank of Canada, *Bankers.*

Quebec Agency . . . . 235 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

FRENCH DEPARTMENT:

J. J. Lussier, Esq., M.D., *Examiner.*

F. G. Boutillier, Esq., L.L.B., *Solicitor.*

J. A. B. Beique, Esq., *Manager and Secretary.*

Banque Ville Marie, *Bankers.*

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT:

P. O'Leary, Esq., M.D., *Examiner.*

W. R. Ford, Esq., *Agent.*

PROSPECTUS.

In view of the magnitude the Life Assurance interests have assumed of late years in Canada, the immense increase year by year, and in consideration that the bulk of the business is done by American Companies, the projectors of this Company feel that there is a vast field open for a profitable Canadian enterprise. According to the report of the Auditor of the Financial Department at Ottawa for 1873, there were 13,086 policies issued during the year; 8,037 by American Companies, 3,518 only by Canadian Companies, and 1,513 by English Companies; out of 35 Life Companies reporting to the Government, but four were Canadian. The total amount of Insurance effected was $28,424,504. The total income for the year was $2,586,281.84; out of this $1,511,331.94 was paid to American Companies, and only $511,235.85 to Canadian, and $563,693.05 to English Companies. The deposit with our Government amounted to $4,857,951; $520,529.69 was paid for death losses. Over two millions are sent out of the country to enrich American and English stockholders. This immense capital can be retained in the country, assisting to build up our commerce, railroads, canals, and all that materially tend to make us a nation, with as much advantage to the policyholders as they now receive. No other investments in America have been considered so safe and remunerative as Life Assurance stock. In Canada, no Canadian Company has ever failed, and in the U. S., but two companies where the stockholders lost anything. $360,140,684.49 is invested in Life Companies in the U.S., and in Canada we have not probably $500,000. As evidence of the immense profitableness of Life Assurance stock, the following figures are taken from the New York Insurance Department Report for 1873, showing dividends paid to stockholders. Only those Companies doing business in Canada are cited:—

	Capital.	Dividend.	Balance as regards Stockholders.
Ætna	$103,000	$45,000	$2,144,503.56
Atlantic	110,000	8,050	25,176.11
Equitable	100,000	8,050	2,421,758.84
Globe	100,000	13,723	164,510.70
United States	250,000	18,350	632,264.98
Phœnix	16,000	960	666,767.12

Besides the immense surplus belonging to the stockholders, the above companies have large surpluses representing many millions belonging to their policyholders. Our few Canadian Companies have all paid large dividends. No difficulty has been found in procuring the immediate subscription of the whole stock of the Royal Mutual Life Assurance Company, but it was believed to be more judicious and more to the Company's interest, that the stock be distributed among the towns where the Company would probably open Agencies, thereby creating a local interest in every place. 3748

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery,

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co., Cincinatti, O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N.J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y, &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE.............70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3840y

Hardware.

MOORE BROS.,

TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil.

General House-Furnishing Goods,

And Lawn Mowers.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS. OTTAWA.

Jan. 7, 1875. 3678

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES.

J. T. MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces. Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Lamps & Chandeliers

The Largest Assortment in the City,

AT THE OIL DEPOT, SUSSEX-ST.

C. S. SHAW & CO.

Jan. 8, 1875.

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES!

Restore your Sight!

THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES,

By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies, $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957,) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with cues, &c., and having the celebrated

Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender, 738 Broadway, New York 727

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer (Trade Mark secured) Montreal.

DR. FONROY,

CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN

May now be consulted in his

ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE

Hours from 10 a.m until 5 p.m.

Dec. 19 1874. 3711fw

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH.

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds, Geese from 8 to 16 pounds. Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 22, 1874. 3726-tf

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

Also,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

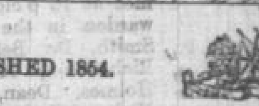
May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks-

December 28, 1874.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854.



OTTAWA, 1874-5.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain;

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual price

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY:

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cadbury's Sugar Wafers. Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

THOS PATTERSON.

Dec. 24 1874.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 36 RIDEAU-ST, OTTAWA

We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Aug. 1, 1874.

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT Dr. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, F.R.S.E., M.R.I.A., F.G.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success.

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN:

Dec 5, 1874

Ladies' Ware.

LONDON HOUSE!

We are showing

The Cheapest Fancy Dress Silks in the City.

UNEQUALLED FOR RICHNESS.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT

is under the superior management of MISS M. A. ARMSTRONG. The system we use is the Cornwall Chart, the only method in which a perfect fit can be secured.

HANEY & FORGIE.

Jan. 11, 1875.

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYANS

234 Wellington-St

Dec. 5, 1874.

Dry Goods.

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING **TAILORING**

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $5.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, fr $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars

&c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

AGENCY OF Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works, OHIO SANDSTONE Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1860, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings.

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Recessing or Projecting, either Plain or Mounted.

June 15, 1874.

Local Intelligence.

Board of Trade.—A regular meeting of the Ottawa Board of Trade will be held in the City Hall on Monday next, the first of February at 7:30 o'clock p. m.

First Instalment.—Mr. Dewdney, M.P., and Senator Carroll, of British Columbia, have arrived to attend to their Parliamentary duties.

Kemptville Ball.—Gowan's Orchestra returned from Kemptville yesterday morning, where they had been playing the evening previous, at a grand ball in that village.

Preparing for Session.—Persons have been busily employed in Parliament House for the last few days in placing desks, laying carpets and making other necessary preparations for the opening of the session next week.

Complaining.—Farmers are complaining of the heavy roads and the difficulty experienced in reaching the market since the recent snow storm. Citizens on the other hand find fault at the very meagre market supply and the effect produced in consequence on prices.

New Post Office.—A post office called "Le Breton's Flats" has been established in the locality of that name at the store of Mr. John Lucy, stationer, Duke Street. This is an advantage which the growing importance of that district has lately made a necessity.

English Mail.—An English mail will close at the city Post Office to-morrow (Friday) at 12.05 p.m., destined for the steamship "Peruvian," which sails from Portland for Liverpool on Saturday. A supplementary bag will close at 1.25 p.m. for the same destination, but will contain only unregistered matter.

Another Assembly.—An assembly under the auspices of the Carleton Club is on the *tapis* it is said for Monday next, the first of February. It will take place in the new spacious dining hall of the Union House. Those interested seem to augur for the proposed assembly a grand success.

Arraigned.—The prisoner, Joseph Nadeau, was arraigned before Judge Ross yesterday for larceny, having elected to be tried summarily on his recent committal from the Police Court. He was adjudged guilty, and was remanded till this morning, when sentence will be pronounced upon him.

The Clarendon House.—The grand opening dinner at the Clarendon House takes place this evening at seven o'clock. Mr. Mills is putting forth every exertion to make the affair exceed anything of the kind that has ever taken place in the Capital. Those who have not secured tickets, should do so at once, as the number has now become very limited.

Clear Again.—The trains have again resumed more regular trips on the various lines of railway. The recent heavy snowstorm threatened them, to a serious extent, but by the exertion of an efficient staff of employees, the roads were soon cleared. This will be duly appreciated especially on the eve of the meeting of Parliament.

Skating Carnival.—Last night was a busy time among the skating fraternity on the rink on the canal basin. Masks of every shade prevailed, and much amusement was afforded spectators. Adam's Independent Cornet Band played some fine selections throughout the evening. Mr. Fooks has reason to feel satisfied at the success which has attended his series of skating carnivals during the season.

Errata.—By some inadvertence yesterday, the name of Mr. N. Robertson was left off the new Board of Directors of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society. In justice to that gentleman, we to day refer to the omission. Another unintentional error was made in our report of the County Council, in leaving out the name of Mr. Clark, Reeve of Nepean, who was a member of the Committee appointed to strike the Standing Committees for the year.

Runaway.—There was a fierce runaway last night in Sparks Street, caused by the playing of the band in the interest of the opera troupe which is to inaugurate the new opera house on Monday next. They ran in a westerly direction at a furious pace, the two men in the sleigh being utterly unable to rein them. The chances are that something serious has happened in so crowded a thoroughfare, although we have as yet not heard of any disaster. Some warning ought to be given before bands started to play in such crowded streets, to avoid any serious consequences.

Sad Accident.—A somewhat serious accident befel two men yesterday, who were employed in making an excavation in Hull, for the Northern Colonization Railway. It would seem that a large piece of rock, which projected over the excavation, fell upon them, injuring them severely if not fatally. One of the men, a French Canadian, had his leg so badly smashed as to render amputation necessary. The other, a Scotchman named Lane, sustained a bad compound fracture of the thigh, but was so prostrated from the effects of it, that he could not endure any surgical operation yesterday. Both men are now in the General Hospital, and are being attended to by Drs. Beaubien, St. Jean and Robillard.

Concert.—Most people in this city, in or out of the musical world, have heard of Signor Liberati and his marvellous performances on brass wind instruments. In his capacity of bandmaster of the O.B.G.A., he has worked up a most creditable band of musicians. Naturally desirous of exhibiting the results of his instructions, Signor Liberati is arranging a concert for the 15th February. The band of the O. B. G. A. and Gowan's string band, and many vocal and instrumental solo artists, will take part therein; and guided by the musical taste and rare abilities of the Signor, cannot fail to effect a pleasing result. We trust that the public and the numerous friends of the little music-loving soldier, whose heart is as warm as his own sunny Italy, and will enable him to make a special deposit in all our banks, by means of their liberal patronage on the occasion. In case our Orange readers should hesitate to support one who was born in the shadow of St. Peter's, and has served in the Papal Guards, we must mention that Signor Liberati is an Independent Liberal in religion, having fought equally earnestly for the Pope, Garibaldi and the French Commune, and is now ready to bleed for Her Britannic Majesty.

Young Men's Christian Association.—There was a small but very intelligent and appreciative audience assembled in the Association Hall on Tuesday evening to hear Mr. C. P. LeSueur's essay on "Capital Punishment." The chair was taken by Mr. A. G. Learoyd, who said he did not feel himself at liberty to refuse the request of the audience that he should take the chair, but hoped they would not ascribe it to coldness or declining zeal on his part if he did not detain them with any preliminary observations. He then called upon the essayist, who commenced by giving at length the different modes of carrying out the death penalty as practiced in various countries, referring to Russia, Spain, France, China and Japan. The second portion of the essay was devoted to advancing some of the main reasons urged by those who wished to see capital punishment abolished, answering the objections in detail, and showing clearly that many of the strong points taken by those desiring the abolition were really not tenable. Lastly, he advanced many really cogent arguments to show that the law was much better as it is, and that upon its continuance depended, in a large measure, our security and well-being as a social community. A lively debate ensued, in which Messrs. Forgie, Cox, Alexander and Preston assisted the essayist, while Dr. Schumaker and Mr. Ackroyd were opposed. The meeting closed by singing the doxology.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Second Day.

Wednesday, Jan. 27.

Pursuant to adjournment, the Council met at 10 o'clock a.m. Mr. Ira Morgan, warden, in the chair. Present: Messrs. Smith, Dr. Beattie, Surtees, Clelland, Richardson, Manion, Sykes, Wallace, Holmes, Dean, Baskerville, Robillard, Niel and Cummings.

The minutes of the previous day were read and confirmed.

PETITIONS, &C.

A petition was read from the St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, soliciting aid for the institution.

A petition was also read from the Sisters of Charity, for aid towards the maintenance of the General Hospital.

Both petitions were referred to the Finance Committee.

A number of communications and accounts were presented and referred to their respective Committees.

NEW EDINBURGH BRIDGES.

An application was read from the Clerk of the municipality of New Edinburgh, calling the attention of the Council to the fact that some repairs were necessary on the bridges between that place and the city.

The matter was referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

The Special Committee appointed at a previous meeting, reported as to the Standing Committees for the year.

A resolution adopting the report was carried, after which the Council adjourned till two o'clock p.m.

Afternoon Session.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at two o'clock p. m., the Warden in the chair. Present: Messrs. Clark, Smith, Cummings, Richardson, Clelland, Surtees, Dr. Beatty, Holmes, Niel, Baskerville, Thompson, Anderson, Manion, Robillard, Dean, Sykes, and Wallace.

WATER FOR THE GAOL.

An account was presented from Mr. McQuarrie for $1,692.59, for excavating a trench for taking water into the Gaol.

By resolution of the Council Mr. McQuarrie was asked to explain the account, which was considered to be exorbitant. He explained, setting forth that the account was correct, with the exception of the latter portion, in which there was a slight mistake through some error by his book-keeper.

The matter was referred to the Building and Gaol Committee for a settlement with Mr. McQuarrie and the City Water Commissioners.

BOARD OF AUDIT.

On motion of Mr. Niel, seconded by Mr. Surtees, the By-Law to appoint a Board of Audit and Criminal Justice, was read a first time, the blank therein being filled up with the names of Judge Ross, the Warden and Alexander Workman.

ADJOURNMENT.

On motion of Mr. Clelland the Council adjourned till two o'clock to-morrow, to enable the Committees to meet and report.

BOARD OF SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

Ottawa, 26th January, 1875.

After Chief Langrell had taken and signed the declaration of the new elected Trustees, the Secretary read the Returns of the Returning Officers of each ward, called the roll, and the following members of the Board were present, viz.: Messrs. Kavanagh, Martineau, Waller, Dorion, Finly, Peachy and Rocque.

Moved by Mr. Finly, seconded by Mr. Kavanagh, that J. W. Peachy be re-elected Chairman of the Board for the current year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Waller, seconded by Mr. Martineau, that Mr. L. Tasse be appointed Secretary-Treasurer of this Board provided he furnishes the necessary security for the proper discharge of that office at the same salary paid to him for the past year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Finly, seconded by Mr. Kavanagh, that the thanks of this Board are due and hereby tendered to Mr. Robert O'Reilly, for the satisfactory manner in which he has discharged the duties of Local Superintendant during the past year, and that he is hereby reappointed to that office for the current year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Kavanagh, seconded by Mr. Finly, that the Finance and Assessment Committee for the current year, be comprised of the following members, viz: Messrs. McCarron, Rocque, Waller, the mover and seconder. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Kavanagh, seconded by Mr. Finly, that the following members do form the School Management Committee for the current year, viz: Messrs. O'Connor, Lapierre, Dorion, Martineau and the seconder of this motion. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Waller, seconded by Mr. Rocque, that the returns of the rolls of the separate school taxes for 1874 be extended to the first of March next, and that the Collector be, and he is hereby authorized to continue the collection and levy for said taxes. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Waller, seconded by Mr. Dorion, the Board adjourned.

L. Tasse,
Secretary B. S. S.

Arrivals at the Russell House.—Alfred R Selwyn, William Barclay, J F McQuaig, A Shannon, C K Adams, E J Harding, Montreal; C D Leonard, Guelph; N C Ford, J H Ansley; E H Bington, Troy, New York; J D Edgar, Toronto; Mr and Mrs Dewdney, Dr Carroll, British Columbia; W E Soare, C E; F Smith, City; John Usborne, Arnprior: Mrs John Bell, Pembroke.

The New Opera House.—A band of music last night in the vicinity of the Russell House drew large crowds to the sale of reserved seats for the grand opening benefit to Mr. Gowan, in the New Opera House on Monday night next. The sale was lively for a time and quite a number were sold, but not at as high rates as fixed by private sale. It is to be regretted that such an enterprise does not meet with a more cordial support from the people. This reticence on the part of the public may, however, be dispelled ere the week expires.

Another Blaze.—Yesterday morning shortly before 6 o'clock, an alarm of fire was sounded from Box 2, at the Russell House Corner, giving an early summons to the Fire Brigade. A mistake was however made in giving the alarm, as it should have been given from Box 6, on Maria Street, as that was the nearest to the fire. After considerable running around, it was finally discovered to be in some sheds in rear of the residence of Mr. J. H. Thompson on Maria Street, not far from its intersection with Metcalfe Street. The reel from the Sally Street Engine House was first on the ground, and its hose having been attached to a hydrant in front of the buildings, soon brought a good stream into play. The reel from St. George's Ward quickly followed and secured a hydrant on Gloucester Street in rear of the fire and brought a second stream to bear upon it. Mr. Welsh was the next to arrive with the By Ward Reel, and by attaching hose to the same hydrant as the last, a third stream was secured, which gave the firemen complete control of the fiery element. The Conqueror was early on the ground, but it was not deemed necessary to use her. The Central Hooks rendered considerable service, in preventing the fire from spreading to the adjoining premises. One of the reels and the other steamers did not turn out owing to a feeling perhaps that it was a false alarm. The fire looked bad enough at one time, but the flames were soon extinguished. Mr. Thompson suffering probably to the extent of $200. The fire is said to have originated from the depositing of hot ashes in a barrel in the shed that was consumed. This fact should prove a warning to others, as too many of our fires, are often traceable to this same cause.

The best value in Winceys at Bryson's. 3695 1m.

POST OFFICE STATISTICS.

Registration Branch.

The following is a comparative statement of the number of registered letters received for delivery at the Ottawa Post Office during the years 1873 and 1874:

	1873.	1874.	Increase.
January	2,935	2,965	30
February	2,236	2,887	651
March	2,530	2,877	347
April	3,078	3,434	356
May	2,592	2,722	130
June	2,348	2,688	340
July	3,028	3,301	273
August	2,296	2,285	
September	2,024	2,399	375
October	2,858	2,954	96
November	2,544	2,608	64
December	2,699	2,853	154
	31,168	33,973	2,816

Total number mailed at Ottawa:

For despatch in 1874	51,558
Do Do sent to Great Britain	1,336
Do Do received for delivery	33,973
	86,867

The following is a statement shewing the number of registered letters received annually for delivery at the Ottawa Post Office during the past eight years:

1867	17,616
1868	20,495
1869	20,387
1870	21,192
1871	24,503
1872	27,247
1873	31,168
1874	33,973
	185,293

It is extremely satisfactory to notice the increase in the business done during the above period by this branch of the Ottawa Post Office. It is a proof, if any were wanting, of the undiminished confidence which the business firms and communities and the public generally feel in a system of transmission, which, if properly and efficiently administered, as we have every reason to say it is, gives to those who use it the greatest degree of security at the smallest possible cost.

THE DEFAULTING HAIRDRESSER, MOORE.

His Interview with his Creditors.

At a preliminary meeting of the creditors of T. E. Moore, the defaulting hairdresser, held at the office of Mr. Cooper, official assignee, on Tuesday morning, the estate was thrown into the hands of the assignee, and Mr. Hill of this city and Mr. Newhart of Montreal were appointed inspectors. His liabilities are said to amount to $17,000, while the assets will not attain the sum of $4,000. After this initiatory step was taken, it was decided to adjourn to the gaol, with a view to an examination of Moore, who has been incarcerated there for some time. On going to the gaol, one of the corridors was made to serve the purpose of a court room. Mr. F. H. Chrysler appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. O'Doherty defended the prisoner. Mr. R. Cassels, jun., was also present in the interest of the Ontario Bank. All preparations being made, Mr. Moore was brought before the tribunal with a view to enable him to give an account of his recent extraordinary mercantile career.

LIABILITIES.

He gave the following, as near as he could ascertain, as the amount of his liabilities:—

Rosentha, Benjamin & Co., Montreal, $2616.30; James Lean, Montreal, $2,866; N. Evans, Montreal, $200; J. Street, Montreal, $341.25; Nelson & Lapab, Montreal, $150; W. Milnchamp, Toronto, $144; J. Wood, Toronto, $100; — Steers, about $135; Stiff Bros., Ottawa, $1,690.49; Orme & Son, Ottawa, $300; John Hill, $768.83; T. Lawrence, Ottawa, $200; N. German, Ottawa, $200; — Cameron, Ottawa, $200; Shoolbred & Co., Ottawa, $460; Campbell & Almas, Ottawa, $111.2; Devlin & Co., Ottawa, $180; Blyth & Kerr, Ottawa, $287; W. Howe, $120; Haney & Forgie, Ottawa, $180; Wilson and Orr, Ottawa, $246.20; W. E. Brown, Ottawa, $100; Ratty & Co., Ottawa, $107; Nicholson & Adams, Boston, $209; J. Brown, Ottawa, $172; Dr. O. C. Wood, Ottawa, $111; Evans, Mercer & Co, Montreal, $93; J. Shaver, Ottawa, $60; A. Morrison, Ottawa, $97; Bishop & Son, Ottawa, $27; J. Pratt, Ottawa, $73; A. Bufton, Ottawa, $47; Ottawa Tea Company, Ottawa, $40; *Free Press*, Ottawa, $93; *Citizen* Printing and Publishing Co., Ottawa, $133.70; *Times*, $60; Wood, Toronto, $100; Nast & Greenzwich, New York, $143; Hasting & Bush, New York, $67; W. Champness, Ottawa, $18; M. Ross, Ottawa, $12; J. Curtis, Ottawa, $3.75; Ontario Bank, $1209.91; other accounts, $500; Rent, $800. Total liabilities, $16,280.99.

THE ASSETS.

The following is the inventory of Moore's stock, taken on the 22nd of January:

Fancy goods, $605.21; pictures, $413.18; stationery, $118.70; jewellery, $220.95; fixtures, $1,114.18; household furniture, $256.75; book debts, $372.05; due bill, S. Campbell, $21; do Mr. Baxter, $30.—$3,973.85.

THE EVIDENCE.

Mr. Moore being sworn deposed: That he came to Ottawa from the United States twelve months ago last October, and opened a hairdressing establishment on Sparks street. He had a capital of $2,000, part cash and the other part goods. He had in all $900 in cash after expenses were paid. He brought the goods with him. His business was not very profitable for the first few months, but after that it was better, and he made money. Between the 8th and 11th of August he started the fifty cent sale, and afterwards purchased a house and lot on Albert street for $2,000, and the store in which he kept business from Mr. Robinson through his agent, Mr. Hill for $11,500. On the latter he paid $100 down, and agreed to pay 400 on the 1st of January or forfeit 500 at the expiration of that time. By request he then proceeded to explain the *modus operandi* of the fifty cent sale system, and said his profits were not on the goods given out but on those returned. The chief item of encouragement in the matter was the speculation on parties drawing articles they did not want and would return with an additional twenty-five cents for another ticket. The highest value of any of the goods offered was $700 for a music box which was drawn three times. The lottery business being a cash one was profitable. He had it so arranged that he knew when he was making or losing money. Sometimes he made money purposely, at other times he lost money purposely, just for an advertisement. In August he made money, also in September, and was then worth $4,400. At the time of purchasing the Robinson property he had an account with Mr. Hill at his own solicitation, who suggested that he (Moore) should put in a chest of tea as a prize. He did so, and followed it up by putting in other prizes purchased from several merchants in the city. His liabilities in Montreal, he thought, would reach $5,000. A letter written by him to Messrs. Rosenthal, Benjamin & Co. was here produced, and identified by him as being one sent to that firm on the 24th of August, 1874. He had mentioned that an opponent in business in Ottawa had been circulating rumours to injure his trade. He was represented as being an absconding debtor from Manchester, England. He had never seen Manchester, and was never a bankrupt in England. With reference to the sixty-five per cent. mentioned in regard to the cheap sales, he stated that he expected to make that profit as soon as the people got confidence in him; then he would withdraw a number of the more valuable prizes. By losing a little in the start, he expected to establish a very profitable business. The $700 prize was drawn three times—first by Kero, next by N. Marks, and third, by a young man whose name he did not know. In the two first instances he bought it back, in the third he made an offer to the winner of $175 for it, but the latter refused. On the prize he lost, but he didn't exactly know how much. He knew a man named Chantineuf, but he was not the person who drew the box. Chantineuf drew a gold watch and also a silver one. He afterwards said he was not acquainted with Chantineuf, but subsequently admitted that he employed him to look after a similar establishment in Montreal. Mr. Lear, of Montreal, was instrumental in having the Montreal Branch opened, and it was done on the understanding that he (Moore) was to receive all money made over the wholesale price of goods furnished by Lear, the latter paying expenses of running the business, and taking all goods back that could not be disposed of. When Lear failed in Montreal, he let him in for a large sum, having considerable accommodation paper of his. He thought he owed Lear about $1,000, and had correspondence to show this. With reference to the statement that he never was a bankrupt in England, he stated it was correct, but added that he had creditors in London and other places. He was in business in Chippenham, Wiltshire, under the name of Thomas. His business there was a prosperous one; he made lots of money and lost it. He ran away from there owing some £300, but he left enough in his store, and goods, to pay that sum. He was not sure whether his estate was administered or not after he left. From there he went to the United States. He had no creditors there, having got a discharge from them. After he got his discharge, however, he incurred debts in the United States. These debts were in Wilksbarre, Pa., amounting to about $600. He conducted the business there under his proper name, T. E. Moore. By request, he then explained his whole career, commencing in London, where he was apprenticed to a hairdresser, and was so badly treated that he was obliged to run away from him, and change his name from Moore to Thomas. He gave a statement of his business in Chippenham, and acknowledged having got into financial difficulties, and having run away to the United Statec, settling in Scranton, where he opened a hair dressing establishment, and also prospered for a while. Finally he opened a branch store in Wilkesbarre, Pa., and conducted it successfully for some time. His Scranton store was burned down one night, and he was arrested for setting it on fire. A full investigation ensued, which resulted in his honourable acquittal by the Council of that town. He then confined himself to the Wilkesbarre store, but his old creditors came down on him there, and he was obliged to make tracks from that place. From this shop he brought the stock with which he commenced business in Ottawa. Owing to the losses through Lear's failure, he told Mr Robinson he would have to give up the property and forfeit the $200. Mr Robinson told him to pay the money on the building and have it made out in his wife's name. The purchase price was $11,500, on which he had paid $500. Mr Robinson, for the remaining 11,000 dollars, wanted him to give the Building Society the first mortgage of 7000 dols., and for the remainder a second mortgage of 6000 dols., the mortgages to be voided as soon as the $4,000 was paid, the property to be drawn out in his wife's name. He (Moore) then went to his lawyer, and consulted with him on the subject, and was recommended not to pursue the course suggested by Mr. Robinson. He then returned to his store, and out of the $1,000 paid a note of $200 in favour of a friend (borrowed money), also a note in favour of Mr. Robinson for $220, and $500 forfeit money. After this he was arrested under a *capias* and placed in gaol. Mr. Kero bailed him out, but kept him secreted away with a man to watch over him. He denied that he ever was out of the city while out on bail.

AN EXPLANATION.

Mr. Hill, who was present, said as he was placed in a very false looking position by Mr. Moore's statement, he wished to make an explanation. Moore came to him and said parties were divulging in the bank where he (Moore) was doing business, things to his disadvantage, and not calculated to do him any good. On the strength of this he told him to change his bank. With reference to the $1,000 mentioned by Moore, he said Moore represented to Mr. Robinson that he had been let in by Lear, of Montreal, for 1,500 dollars, for which he had received no value. To save him from Lear, Mr. Robinson suggested that the property might be made out in his wife's name. Of the six thousand dollars mortgage he knew nothing.

The above statements having been made, Mr. Chrysler cross-examined Moore, eliciting evidence that up to September the lottery business was paying. In October it was also prosperous. In that month he considered he had made about $4,400 out of the fifty cent sale. In November he *lost money purposely* for the sake of advertising the business, and also during that month he paid off debts incurred months before. He could not positively say what he lost in November or what his position was in December. He might have had $5,000 stock at that time. In November, city merchant orders, with the exception of Mr. Hill's, were all paid. At the end of November he had $1,600 cash. His average cash receipts per day amounted to over $100. From the 1st to the 24th of December he lost money. He banked all money he received with the exception of the $1,000 he had laid aside to pay on the property, and what was paid out for wages and expenses. He lost his money by valuable goods being drawn, and then buying them back for cash from the fortunate drawers. Between the 1st and 24th of December he drew a large amount of goods from Ottawa merchants. During that time he banked a little over one hundred dollars a day or in all two thousand four hundred dollars and eighty cents. He made purchases from Stiff Bros., on the 4th of December. He agreed to take their stock at twenty-five per cent. off invoice price. The whole amount of purchase was one thousand four hundred and ninety-five dollars for which he gave notes—one at thirty days for three hundred dollars, payable on the 9th of January; one at two months for five hundred dollars; and a third at six months for nine hundred and thirty-six dollars. He said the most of his liabilities were contracted in December. On the 1st of December his liabilities, he thought, were about five thousand dollars. His stock would have paid the whole amount at that time, with something to the good. He incurred liabilities in December amounting to eight thousand dollars, to gain the confidence of the people, and make his sale prosperous. If he had been left alone every cent of that sum would have been made before this, and all his creditors paid. His bank account was as follows:—Cash banked in September, three thousand nine hundred and eighteen dollars; October, three thousand nine hundred and thirty-five; November, three thousand four hundred; December, two thousand seven hundred and sixty-nine.

The meeting then adjourned until evening, when final action was to have been taken.

In the evening the creditors met in the office of the Official Assignee, to take the matter into consideration. Mr. O'Doherty submitted a proposition from Moore to pay 35 cents on the dollar, provided they would allow him to return to business, they placing a receiver in the store until the amount was paid. This proposition was discussed fully an hour, and in the end was discarded. The belief was entertained by most of the creditors that Moore had money, and that unless he offered more reasonable terms, it would be better to bring the estate to sale, and prosecute him by a criminal action. A subsequent offer was made to give 10 cents secured and 10 cents not, but this was also rejected, it being deemed as an offer made to trap the creditors. The meeting adjourned, coming to no conclusion, resolving to let time develope some new and more satisfactory offer from the insolvent.

Commercial.

GOLD IN NEW YORK - - - - 112¾

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Times Office,	Jan. 27th.
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	6 00 to 6 25
Extra	5 75 to 6 00
Superfine, No. 1	5 25 to 5 50
Cornmeal, per brl	4 50 to 4 75
Oatmeal, do	5 00 to 5 50
Bran, per cwt	0 80 to 0 90
GRAIN.	
Spring Wheat, per bushel	$1 00 to 1 10
Fall Wheat	1 10 to 1 25
Oats	0 40 to 0 45
Peas	0 60 to 0 70
Barley	0 80 to 0 90
Rye	0 90 to 1 00
Corn	0 75 to 0 80
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	1 25 to 1 40
DAIRY, VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 28 to 0 30
Tub Butter do	0 27 to 0 28
Cheese, do	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 25 to 0 00
Potatoes, per bush	0 50 to 0 60
Carrots, do	0 35 to 0 40
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbages, each	0 10 to 0 15
Onions, per bush	1 40 to 1 50
Beets	0 45 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	3 50 to 3 75
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Ducks, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Turkeys, each	1 00 to 1 15
Geese, each	0 50 to 0 60
Patridges, per pair	0 50 to 0 60
Feathers	0 60 to 0 75
Wool	0 40 to 0 45
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	5 00 to 5 50
Pork, do	9 00 to 9 75
Mutton, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Lamb, do	0 08 to 0 10
Veal, do	0 07 to 0 10
Lard, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tallow, do	0 15 to 0 20
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 20
Bacon, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 35
Venison	0 12 to 0 15
FISH.	
White Fish, do	0 10 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 17 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	6 50 to 7 00
Oysters, per can	0 35 to 0 40
Haddock, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Cod, do	0 07 to 0 08
Trout, do	0 10 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality, per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 75 to 4 25
Hemlock, per cord	2 75 to 3 50
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Egg, do	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Soft, do	9 00 to 9 50
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 6½ to 0 00
Sheepskins, each	0 85 to 0 90
Calfskins, per lb	0 00 to 0 00
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	18 00 to 20 00
Hay, Clover, do	16 00 to 17 00
Straw, do	8 00 to 10 00

London Markets.

London, 2:30 p.m., Jan. 27.

The rate of discount in open market is 3-1 16 per cent, which is 15-16 below Bank of England rate. The amount of bullion gone into Bank of England on balance, £252,000. Tallow 44s per cwt.

Liverpool Markets.

Liverpool, 2:30 p.m. Jan. 27.

Cotton: Of sales to-day 9,000 were American. Breadstuff market is quiet; bacon 49s 6d per cwt., for sterling clear middles.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

White dress shirts for cost price, at the Ottawa Shirt Store. 3753-2in.

The prince of Cough Syrups, at W. Hearn's, druggist, east end Sappers' Bridge.

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

Splendid all silk scarfs for 50 cents each, at the Ottawa Shirt Store. 3753-2in.

Specific for Cold in the Head.—W Hearn, Sappers' Bridge.

Fine heavy all wool flannel shirts, $1.60 each, at the Ottawa Shirt Store. 3753-2in.

Clearing sale bankrupt stock of W. H. Bennett. Must be sold out in a few weeks. Neelin Bros., 40 Rideau Street.

Clearing sale at the Ottawa Shirt Store. Removing to Russell House Block first of March. 3753-2in.

Great bargains at Neelin Bros., 40 Rideau street.

Bankrupt stock of W. H. Bennet. Immense sacrafice. Neelin Bros., 40 Rideau street.

Twenty per cent. discount at the Ottawa Shirt Store. 3753-2in.

False Modesty.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

Photography.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

"Good blood will show itself," as the old lady with the red nose said.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR. $1.00, and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists.

Tenders.

Ottawa Water Works.

Notice to Brass Founders.

TENDERS will be received until noon of Wednesday, the 10th Day of Feb. Next, —FOR— BRASS SERVICES, Containing Stop Cocks, Tops and Couplings.

Plans, specifications and samples can be seen at the Water Commissioners' Office, Rideau-st., on and after Monday, the 1st of February next.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

By order. C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Sec. W. W. C.

Jan. 27, 1875. 3753-4

Ottawa Water Works.

LEAD PIPE WANTED.

TENDERS will be received until noon of Wednesday, 10th day of February next, for 2 tons Lead Pipe and 20 tons Pig Lead. To be delivered at the opening of navigation.

Further information can be obtained at the Water Commissioners office, Rideau street, or at the Engineer's office, Pooley bridge. The lowest tender not necessarily accepted.

By order, C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Sec. W. W. C.

Ottawa, 27th Jan., 1875. 3753-4

Miscellaneous.

SACRED MUSIC BOOKS FOR 1875

RIVER OF LIFE.

($5 cts.) A most beautiful Sunday School Book. H. S. Perkins and W. W. Bentley.

LEADER.

[$1.38.] Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

THOMAS'S QUARTETS AND ANTHEMS

($2 50.) Perfect music of the best class, for Quartet Choirs. J. R. Thomas.

DANKS' ANTHEM SERVICES.

[$2 50]. Anthem music of excellent quality for all the services of the Episcopal Church. H. P. Danks.

PERKINS' ANTHEM BOOK.

[$1 50.] Easy Anthems. Very full, good, and already popular collection. W. O. Perkins.

SONG MONARCH.

[75cts.] For Singing Schools. Not much Sacred Music, but an admirable preparatory course, with a large quantity of secular music for practice. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

All books sent post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND LADIES' SCHOOL, 200 Wellington Street,

LADY PRINCIPAL ... Miss MANN,

Assisted by an excellent staff of English Teachers and Professors.

The next term commences FEB. 10TH.

Vacancies for two boarders.

Applications to be made to the Lady Principal, or to REV. H. POLLARD, Secretary.

Jan. 27, 1875. 3753-2w.

TO SPECULATORS!!

FOR SALE, the West Half of Lots 3 and 4, Block B., Le Breton's Flats, fronting on Duke Street, and in rear on Brittania Terrace, with Buildings thereon, viz., on Duke Street, one three and a half storey Brick Building (not veneered), occupied as Shops and Dwellings; Sheds, &c., in rear, and fire wall for about 100 feet; in Brittania Terrace, one Wooden Tenement—the whole now renting for $900 per annum; or, if preferred, the whole of the two lots will be sold together, with Buildings, &c., which rents for about $1,500 per annum.

For terms and particulars, enquire of the Proprietor, on the Premises.

JAS. ASHFIELD, Crockery, Glassware, and Coal Oil Merch't, DUKE STREET.

Jan. 21, 1875. 3748

The Canadian Washer

A. R. GILES, Manufacturer, west side King-st., between Rollen and Bolton-sts., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Jan. 18, 1875. Mr. Giles, manufacturer of the Canadian Washer. Sir:—I am using one of your Washers, and find it all it was recommended to be. I could not get along without it now, and will recommend it to all as really a good machine.

Mrs. Dr. P. St. Jean, M. P.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

North half of Lots No. 23 24 and 25, on the Eleventh Range of the Township of Hull; Lots No. 23 and 24 south on the Twelfth Range of the Township of Hull, containing in all about 400 acres, together with farming impliments thereon. For terms and particulars apply to JAMES LASCHARITA, on the premises. 3-1m.

MINERAL WATER.

The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town. Oct. 27th 1874.

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.

The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, Rideau-St.

BUFFALO ROBES AND BLANKETS

Selling Far Under Cost, by J. BERMINGHAM.

The subscriber having received last Fall a consignment of 300 Hudson Bay Co.'s Buffalo Robes, has a few left, which he will sell very cheap, to close the consignment.

He has also several large sized Horse Blankets, which will be sold at less than cost.

Private sale every day.

For good and cheap lined and unlined Robes, go to BERMINGHAM's, opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR. ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveller*.

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates, in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patrons for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post*.

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year $4 00

$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publisher.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two *Harper's Periodicals*, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The seven numbers of HARPER'S BAZAR, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

Publications.

PROSPECTUS OF THE New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

One Copy	$2
Three Copies	5
Five Copies	8
Ten Copies	15

Postage five cents per copy for three months.

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten.

Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at the same price.

One extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty.

Additions to clubs received at club rates.

These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

Terms cash in advance. Money sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

A generous portion of the WEEKLY HERALD will be appropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Pomology and the management of domestic animals. Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets.

The aim will be to make the WEEKLY HERALD superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

Every number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence, Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

The price of subscription, whenever practicable, should be transmitted by Post Office Orders. It is the safest mode of transmitting money by mail.

At small Post Offices in the country where Post Office Orders cannot be obtained, money may be remitted in Registered Letters.

Advertisements, to a limited number, will be inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD.

Price of the DAILY HERALD, four cents a copy. Annual subscription price, $12, always in advance.

Write the address on letters to the NEW YORK HERALD, in a bold and legible hand, and give the name of each subscriber, of Post Office, County and State so plainly that no errors in mailing papers will be liable to occur.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S MAGAZINE. ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe*.

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE one year $4 00

$4 00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy: postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

APPLETON'S AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience and refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publications of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed that they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

This work is sold to subscribers only, payable on delivery of each volume. It will be completed in sixteen large octavo volumes, each containing about 800 pages, fully illustrated with several thousand Wood engravings, and with numerous colored Lithographic Maps.

Price and Style of Binding.

In extra Cloth, per vol	$5 00
In Library Leather, per vol	6 00
In Half Turkey Morocco, per vol	7 00
In Half Russia, extra gilt, per vol	8 00
In Full Morocco, antique, gilt edges, per vol	10 00
In Full Russia, per vol	10 00

Nine volumes now ready. Succeeding volumes, until completion, will be issued once in two months.

Specimen pages of the American Cyclopædia, showing type, illustrations, etc., will be sent gratis, on application.

First-class canvassing Agents Wanted. Address the Publishers,

D. APPLETON & Co., 549 & 551 Broadway, N. Y.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."—"The Best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY. ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Weekly* is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the *Weekly* is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The *Weekly* maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—*Louisville Courier-Journal*.

Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations are often corroborative arguments of no small force.—*N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle*.

Its papers on existent question and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—*Pittsburg Commercial*.

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year $4 00

$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publisher.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for year, $10 00; or, two of *Harper's Periodicals*, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete set, comprising Eighteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Newspapers are not to copy this Advertisement without the express orders of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS New York.

All Flannels reduced at Bryson's. 3695-1m

Remedies.

DATURA TATULA, FOR Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to give more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received bear this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

Dr. McVeagh reports:—"It had the most wonderful effect I ever witnessed."

Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes, Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

Wholesale and Retail of

SAVORY AND MOORE, 143 New Bond-St., London, and Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine ..., the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE.

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer.

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman-st., London; Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate-st., London; Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon-st., London; Sanger & Sons, Oxford-st., London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

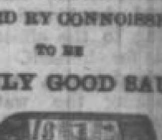
Lymans, Clare & Co.

Elliot & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Shapter & Owen

... —Winer & Co.

... Avery, Brown & Co



LEA & PERRINS'

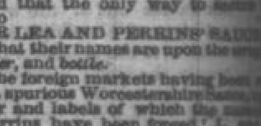
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Bookbinders.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

PAPER RULER, AND

Account Book Manufacturer,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Ruling, Perforating, Numbering

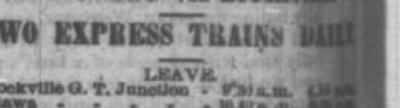
—AND—

GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.

All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.

Aug. 13.

Railways.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railway

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.30 a.m.	4.15 p.m.
Ottawa	10.40 a.m.	5.00 p.m.
Renfrew	9.30 a.m.	4.30 p.m.

ARRIVE.

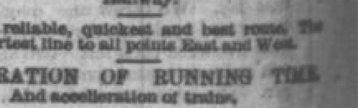
Ottawa	1.20 p.m.	7.40 p.m.
Renfrew	2.15 p.m.	8.30 p.m.
Brockville	2.10 p.m.	8.40 p.m.

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 1.20 p.m.

A. B. FOSTER, Managing Director.

Brockville, Jan. 11, 1875.



THE ST. LAWRENCE

AND

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME

And acceleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	6.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.35 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.05 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.35 P.M.
8 Express	10 45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.20 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 5 and 8.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

Dec. 15, 1874.

THE TIMES (Daily Edition) is published every lawful day (and Weekly Edition every Friday), by Alexander MacLean and John Charles Roger, sole proprietor, at their office on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa, Canada.

VOL. VIII. NO

Wants.

WANTED—By two gentlemen ... rooms and a Sitting R... board within five minutes' walk ... Address R., TIMES Printing Office. Jan. 28, 1875.

WANTED—At Noonan's ... good smart Waiter, ... highest wages will be paid. Jan. 28, 1875.

WANTED—Two bedrooms ... sitting-room, with board, f... men. Address J. M., this Office. Jan. 28, 1875.

WANTED. A Teacher for the Roman Catholic School No. 3, township of March, Female. For further particulars ... KIRWAN, South March P. O. Nov. 18.

HELP WANTED. 100 men and women wanted to s... history of the "Life, Labours ... Livingstone," also "The Family ... Protestant and Catholic, beautiful ... together with Maps, Charts and ... of pictures. For particulars addr... SCHUYLER SMITH ... Publishers, ...

WORK FOR ALL. At home, male or female; $35 ... or evening. No Capital. We ... package of goods by mail free. ... the cent return stamp, M. You... wich street, New York.

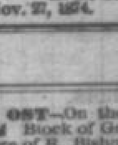
$100 TO $250 PER MO... penses sure to A... where, selling our New Braided ... Rope Clothes Line. Sells read... house. Samples free. Addre... RIVER WIRE CO., 75 King ... Toronto, Ontario.

MONEY—WAGES! TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $80 a week guarante... new and permane... abroad, day or evenin... required. Thousands o... Full instructions and ... retail for $1 mailed fr... R. J. STANTON, He...

$77 A WEEK to Male and F... in their locality. Costs ... try it. Particulars FREE. P. O... O. Augusta, Me.

$5 TO $20 PER DA... Wanted, ... working people of either sex, ... make more money at work fo... spare moments, or all their ... anything else. Particulars free. ... States costs but two cents. Add... SON & CO., Portland, Maine.

WANTED.—We will give Me... A BUSINESS THAT WI... rom $4 to $8 per day, can be pu... own neighborhood; it is a rare cha... out of employment or having ... and boys frequently floss well as m... lars and address. J. LAT... Washington St., ...



AGENTS WA... Men or women $3... furnished. Business pe... able with no risks. A ... and valuable Samples fr... card on which to se... costs but two cents. W... F. M. REED, 8th ...

$500 PER MONTH TO ... Send $5 for Agent's ... will sell for $10, or money refunde... A. D. CABLE, 598 Craig-... Nov. 27, 1874.

Lost.

LOST—On the 20th inst., bet... Block of Government Build... Store of R. Bishop & Son, Sparks ... of Gold Spectacles. The finder, ... at this Office, will be suitably rew... Jan. 22, 1875.

Board & Lod...

To Members of Parliament

MRS. McINTYRE, —HAVING— REMOVED to the ... dwellin... Wellington-st., lately occu... Bank of Montreal, and Cha... land Ladies' College, has the ... announce to Members of ... and others that she is prepa... comfortable apartments wi...

Jan. 22, 1875.

BOARD with or without room ... without board. Table an... class. Corner of Sparks and Sus... within two minutes' walk of t... Buildings. MRS. ...

Jan. 22, 1875.

Meetings.

THE OTTAWA Iron and Steel Manufacturi... (LIMITED.)

The first Annual Meeting of th... of this Company called for Thu... instant, is postponed, pending ... the Amendments to the Act o... now before the Quebec Legisla... A general meeting will be cal... these Amendments shall have ... which due notice will be given. R. W. ... Secre...

Jan. 12, 1875.

COUNTY OF CARLETON PROTESTANT HOSPI...

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the su... above institution will be held i... Room, at the Hospital, on TUE... day of FEBRUARY NEXT, at ... for the election of Directors. WM. ... J. DO... THO... JAS. ... A. B...

Jan. 4, 1874.

Legal No...

D. R. AVERILL, of New ... to the Parliament of C... session, for an Act enabling ... Letters Patent of Invention ... provements in Paints. ... Solicitor fo...

Dec 26, 1874.

NOTICE.—Application wil... next session of the Domi... for a Bill to Incorporate the ... Boom Company, the object ... being to place Booms in t... wherever the same may be ... between the City of Ottawa ... Hawkesbury, for the purp... escaped Saw Logs, Timber an... levy and collect tolls for the ... same with power to the Co... and hold lands necessary f... heir corporate powers. COCKBURN, WRIGHT & ... Solicitors fo...

Dec. 24, 1874.

Carpet...

OTTAWA CARPET AND FURNI...

SHOOLBRED ...

Desire to inform their frie... that they are now receivin... ments of Furniture of al... Messrs. R. Hay ... (late Jacques & Hay,) Toront... they confidently invite the ... chasers, both as regards Wo... and Good Value, as we ar... Advance on Mill Prices.

A Large Stock of Car... SHOOLBR...

Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

IF YOU WANT GOOD ... USE TH...

Diamond Yea...

THIS IS BEE-HUNT...

I have printed a full Guid... the woods, and have thoro... Scent at the Provincial Exhi... Price of a bottle of Scent ...

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3755. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 29 1875 PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

WANTED—By two gentlemen, two Bedrooms and a Sitting Room, without board within five minutes' walk of post office. Address R. TIMES Printing Office.
Jan. 29, 1875. 3755-1f

WANTED—At Noonan's Restaurant, a good smart Waiter, to whom the highest wages will be paid.
Jan. 28, 1875. 3754-3

WANTED—Two bedrooms and private sitting-room, with board, for two gentlemen. Address J. M., this Office.
Jan. 28, 1875. 3754-3

WANTED.
A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O.
Nov. 13.

HELP WANTED.
100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated, together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address
SCHUYLER SMITH & CO., Publishers, London, Ont.

WORK FOR ALL.
At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 76 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

MONEY—WAGES!
TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $80 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. Thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples (that retail for 5) mailed free. Address
R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N.J.

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICERY & O. Augusta, Me.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY. — Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. y3875daw.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women
A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY
from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars and address.
J. LATHAM & Co. Washington St. Boston, M

AGENTS WANTED.

Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED 8th st. New York.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded.
A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal.
Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

Lost.

LOST—On the 20th inst., between Eastern Block of Government Buildings and the Store of R. Bishop & Son, Sparks-street, a pair of Gold Spectacles. The finder, leaving them at this Office, will be suitably rewarded.
Jan. 22, 1875. 3750.

Board & Lodging.

To Members of Parliament and Others.

MRS. McINTYRE, —HAVING—
REMOVED to the commodious dwelling house on Wellington-st., lately occupied by the Bank of Montreal, and Church of England Ladies' College, has the honour to announce to Members of Parliament and others that she is prepared to afford comfortable apartments with Board.
Jan. 22, 1875. 3748tf

BOARD with or without rooms, and rooms without board. Table and rooms first-class. Corner of Sparks and Bank streets, and within two minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings.
MRS. FORGIE.
Jan. 22, 1875. 3749-5m

Meetings.

THE OTTAWA
Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company,
(LIMITED.)
The first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company called for Thursday, the 14th instant, is postponed, pending the passing of the Amendments to the Act of Incorporation now before the Quebec Legislature.
A general meeting will be called as soon as these Amendments shall have become law, of which due notice will be given.
R. W. CRUICE, Secretary pro tem.
Jan. 12, 1875.

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.
NOTICE.
The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the election of Directors.
WM. PENNOCK, J. DURIE, THOS. PATTERSON, JAS. PEACOCK, A. ROWE.
Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

Legal Notices.

D. R. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain improvements in Paints.
H. J. GIBBS, Solicitor for Applicants.
Dec 28, 1874. 3728-9 laws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.
COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Solicitors for the Company.
Dec. 24, 1874. 3727-2awk2m

Carpets.

OTTAWA
CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from Messrs. R. Hay & Co., (late Jacques & Hay,) Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.
A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.
SHOOLBRED & CO. 49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD
USE THE
Diamond Yeast Cakes

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!
I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.
J. W. MINTHORN, Box "U" ORILLIA, Ont. 3443

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
63 Sparks Street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nov. 27 1874. 2426

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal.
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits.
Oct. 20, 1874. 3680-3awky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal.
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. interest at lowest current rates.
Dec. 3, 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3685-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa.
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. | G. J. O'DOHERTY.
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.,
Bell's Block. Elgin-st.
HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C.
McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. | W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 3687

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W. H. WALKER. | R. CASSELS, Jr. | P. PENNOCK.
July 21, 1874. 2825

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitors, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 2639y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House.)
R. L. FELLOWES, Q. C., [illegible]
MARTIN O'GARA, | EDWARD P. REMON. 2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. | F. H. CHRYSLER.
June 3, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 3228-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2512y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull—Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 26, 1874. 2461

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2362-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 6 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1874. 3401.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C.P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2556-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town.
Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester.
Consultations at all hours. 2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st. 2522y.

TALMAGE'S PAPER.
THE CHRISTIAN AT WORK.
"THE BEST RELIGIOUS PAPER."
A CHOICE OF
TWO BEAUTIFUL PREMIUMS.
An Illuminated Portfolio of Twelve Gems by Hendschel, each 8½ x 10½ in., or the superb Chromo, "The Twins," 22x28 in., after Landseer. Price $3.25, including postage. No extras of any kind. Without Premium, $3 per annum.
ATTENTION, AGENTS.
Liberal commission and exclusive territory. Samples and circulars free. Send Postal Card at once to
HORATIO C. KING, Publisher, Box 5105, New York.
Oct. 28.

FOR SALE CHEAP.
North half of Lots No. 23 24 and 25, on the Eleventh Range of the Township of Hull; Lots No. 23 and 24 south on the Twelfth Range of the Township of Hull, containing in all about 400 acres, together with farming impliments thereon. For terms and particulars apply to JAMES LASCHARITA, on the premises. 3-1m.

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING
Watchmaker and Jeweller.
Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years and will continue the MANUFACTURING, JEWELLRY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.
W. YOUNG.
June 23, 1874.

N. MARKS,
Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,
36—SPARKS STREET—36
Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine
JEWELLERY,
Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.
A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.
Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family; To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and RailwayCompanies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,
Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.
Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.
Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.
West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.
Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, CentreSeconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, to exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.
FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental ateliers of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.
Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of bijouterie, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.
Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.
Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.
Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.
Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.
Jan. 17 1874. 2487-1wly

Remedies.

MANHOOD RESTORED.—A victim of youthful imprudence, causing premature decay, nervous debility, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has found a simple self-[illegible] fellow sufferers. Address,
J. H. REEVES, 78 Nassau-st., New York.
Jan. 22, 1875. 3748.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN
Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."
To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London.
July 1874.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS
Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.
Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS IN CANADA.
Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.
Patronised by all the World.
Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Henna, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.
Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.
Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.
Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.
Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.
Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Bal and Parties.
Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.
Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton.
Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

NOTICE.
Morson's Effectual Remedies
Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.
PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is MORSON'S PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½ and 1 pint bottles.
CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a specialty, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodyne being unequal in strength, MORSON & SON have prepared this. Sold in 1 oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.
GELATINE—The purest preparation is MORSON'S.
Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON.
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
31, 33 & 124 Southampton Row,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.
USE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES Selected, and Shipping orders executed with despatch. 2445.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES
FOR CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,
Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.
As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased, digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.
Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,
SAVORY & MOORE,
143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W.
And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

Amusements.

UNDER the distinguished patronage of their Excellencies
EARL AND COUNTESS DUFFERIN.
GALA OPENING FOR ONE NIGHT,
—OF—
GOWAN'S NEW OPERA HOUSE!
And Grand Benefit for Mr. Gowan.
Monday Evening, February 1st,
First appearance in this city, for many years of the
Holman English Opera Company!
When will be presented the beautiful Opera of
The Grand Duchess,
With a full and efficient cast, and all the original music.
Gorgeous Scenery, Wardrobe, &c.
Seats secured at Gowan's, Sparks-st. Orchestra Chairs, $5; Family Circle, $4; Balcony, $2 50; Gallery, $1.
In order to secure choice of seats, parties should apply before they are put up at auction. The seats will be sold without reserve on Wednesday evening, 27th, at 8 o'clock, at the Russell House.
Ottawa, Jan. 26, 1875.

Grocers.

BUTTER,
Butter, Butter.
CAMPBELL & ALMAS
Have received a very choice lot of Finest Dairy Butter from the West which they can recommend to the public as well as their customers, as being in quality
SECOND TO NONE,
Also, a choice lot of Stilton & Chadder cheese. Morrison, Taylor & Co's. celebrated Hams Bacon, and Spiced Meats, constantly on hand
CAMPBELL & ALMAS, 86 Sparks street.
Ottawa, January 25, 1875

GO TO
EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE'S
FOR YOUR
GROCERIES.
You will always find a full stock of Groceries Glassware and Crockery at prices that can't be obtained elsewhere.
FINE
Uncolored Japan Tea,
Only 50c. per lb.
Apples wholesale and retail.
EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE.
Cor. Kent and Wellington-sts.
Jan. 9, 1875.

SAVE MONEY BY USING
The British Egg and Butter Powder!
A perfect substitute for Eggs, and a great [illegible]
Pastry and Cakes, &c.,
Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers.
Ask for, and insist on having it.
Agents for Ottawa District—
CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.
3 and 4 Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street.
Dec. 24, 1874.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!
SAPOLIO,
For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.
HAND SAPOLIO,
For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artizans and mechanics.
Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.
Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

Burnett's Cocoaine
Prevents the Hair from Falling.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Promotes its Healthy Growth.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Is not Greasy nor Sticky.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Leaves no Disagreeable Odor.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Subdues Refractory Hair.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Soothes the Irritated Scalp-Skin.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Affords the Richest Lustre.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Is not an Alcoholic Wash.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Kills Dandruff.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Gives New Life to the Hair.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Remains Longest in Effect.
50 and 75 cents per Bottle.
PERRY DAVIS & SON & LAWRENCE,
MONTREAL, P. Q.
Agents for Dominion of Canada.
JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., BOSTON,
Proprietors.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
BALTIMORE OYSTERS
To be had in perfection, at
James Buchanan's
SUSSEX STREET
January 6th, 1875. 1m

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.
See T. & B. on each Plug.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.
COUNTY OF CARLETON, TO WIT. } By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Toronto, and to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements of William Willis, at the suit of Henry James, I have seized and taken in execution all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said defendant, in and to the north-west half of lot number thirty-three in the second concession, in the Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, which I will offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on *Thursday*, the eighth day of April, in the year of our Lord 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon.
WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JOHN NICHOLSON, Dy. Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, 6th January, 1875. 3735-1d a 13w

Summary of News.

A battle is impending in Spain, and Don Carlos is in the field in person to look after his own interests.

The Hon. Isaac Burpee, Minister of Customs, left yesterday for St. John, to bring his family to the Capital during the session.

Our latest despatches brought no intelligence of anything decisive being arrived at in the United States Congress, the members of which have been in a dead-lock over the Civil Rights Bill.

Other affairs in the South seem as much mixed up as ever, and it would be impossible to tell when the unhappy South will get out of the hubble bubble in which it has been for the last few years.

The debate last night on the Constitutional Laws Bill, in the French Assembly, was a lively one, but it has again been rejected, and an amendment that a "Republic was the Government of the country" carried instead.

Mr. Gladstone's constituency at Greenwich, at a meeting last night, renewed their confidence in him, and expressed satisfaction at the step he had taken in resigning the leadership of his party. This is doubtless very gratifying to the man who has so long been a power for good among his fellow-men, and his admirers all over the world cannot but feel proud that the great exponent of Liberal principles in the Commons of Great Britain is to retain his seat, though no longer to lead his party, as he has so often done.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mr. Gladstone's Constituents.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The electors of Greenwich, at a meeting to-night, adopted a resolution expressing in cordial terms their confidence in Mr. Gladstone, and regretting his retirement from the leadership of the Liberal party.

Shipping Casualty.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The steamship Brauschweig, of the Bremen and New York line, has returned to Southampton in town of the Deutschland, of the same line, having lost all the blades of her propeller, from contact with floating wreckage.

SPAIN.

Army Movement.

MADRID, Jan. 28.—The Royalist army in Navarre is advancing on the Carlists, and has already captured several of their positions. King Alfonso is present.

An Impending Battle.

Don Carlos will personally command the troops in the battle which is impending to frustrate the efforts of the Alfonsists to relieve Aluempoa.

FRANCE.

Farewell Dinner to Col. Hoffman.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—The Washington Club this evening gave a farewell dinner to Col. Hoffman, late Secretary of the American Legation, who is about to depart for his new post in London. Minister Washburne, all the attaches of the Legation, and many prominent Americans were present.

The Debate on the Constitutional Bills

PARIS, Jan. 28.—In the Assembly to-day the debate on the constitutional bill of M. DeVentavon was resumed.

The right moved the withdrawal of all constitutional measures before the Chamber, but the motion was rejected.

Mr. LAUBAULEY then moved an amendment to the Ventavon bill, providing that the Government be composed of a Senate, Chamber of Deputies and President of Republic, who shall be Chief of the Executive power. Mr. Laubauley said the object of his amendment was to recall the fact the Republic was the existing Government of France, and to convert that fact into law the Republic alone could give the country security, while a Monarchy was an impossibility.

Mr. DELABASSETIERE opposed the motion, and demanded the restoration of the Monarchy.

M. LOUIS BLANC opposed the creation of a presidency which had been fatal to the Republic. The *coup d'etat* would have been avoided if the presidency had not been established in 1848. He moved that the clause concerning the presidency read as follows: "The Government of France is a Republic."

His speech caused great excitement in the House. When the debate was closed, the Right succeeded in carrying a motion that a vote be taken to-morrow, and the sitting was adjourned.

The position taken by M. Blanc is believed to indicate a division in the Republican ranks, which will lead to a defeat of M. Laubauley's amendment, implying a formal proclamation of the Republic.

UNITED STATES.

Trial for Murder.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 28.—In the trial of Owen Lindsay for the murder of Francis Colvin, at Baldwinsville, in Dec. 1873, Bishop Vader an accomplice, went on the stand, and told the story of the murder by Lindsay, and the sinking of the body in the river Seneca, and the disposition of the murdered man's money and securities.

Run Over.

BINGHAMPTON, N. Y., Jan. 28.—Mary Sullivan, an aged emigrant from Quebec, while walking on the track, was run over and killed this morning. Her husband, who was with her, escaped by stepping off the track.

The James Boys.

KANSAS, CITY, Mo., Jan. 28.—Mrs. Samuels, mother of the James Boys, emphatically denies that either Jessie or Frank James or any of their comrades were at her house on the night of the tragedy. It is an established fact that an extra train went over the Haniball and St. Joseph Railroad, stopping at Kearney on the night of the tragedy, and the train men say that eight men aboard of the train had two prisoners.

Canal Deepening.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Yesterday afternoon a meeting was held in the Chamber of Commerce by delegates from the Chamber of Commerce, Produce, Exchange, Importers and Grocers Board of Trade, Butter and Cheese Exchange, and Cheap Transportation Association, five delegates from each, to consider what action should be taken by the business men of New York, in reference to the proposed deepening of the Erie Canal. Mr. Samuel B. Ruggles, of the Chamber of Commerce, presided, and Mr. B. Thurber acted as Secretary. Resolutions were adopted, strongly endorsing the recommendations in Governor Tilden's message, that the canals be deepened to seven feet, with the least possible delay; that an examination be made at once with the view to disposing of those not absolutely necessary; and that the question of enlargement is secondary to that of deepening.

Magnificent Present

A magnificent necklace and ear-drops of diamonds, a present from the Khedive of Egypt to General Sherman's daughter, as a token of appreciation of the General's advice concerning the re-organization and discipline of his army, have arrived at the New York Custom House. They are valued at half a million of dollars. Congress lately authorized their acceptance by the lady and her husband, Lieutenant Fitch, of the Navy.

THE BEECHER-TILTON TRIAL.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.

The Beecher-Tilton suit opened again to-day to a crowded court-room. Judge Neilson rendered his decision on a point raised yesterday by Evarts against Woodruff's evidence. The evidence being admitted, he was allowed to tell what was said at the interview between Tracy, Moulton and himself. Woodruff then said Moulton proceeded to tell Tracy about the case; that the points of the case published by Mrs. Woodhull were untrue; Moulton said he had been trying to keep the case covered up. Tracy said that he did not recommend lying, but in this case he thought it was perfectly justifiable. He also recommended that either Moulton or Tilton be sent to Europe. Tracy then proceeded to cross examine Woodruff, I think you asked Mr. Moulton if the scandal rested on anything else but the letter of contrition and the other papers, and he said that there also remained the statement made by Mrs. Tilton to her husband.

Don't recollect being present on any other occasion in the study than at this interview. I think it began about four or five o'clock in the afternoon, and ended about ten o'clock at night. I think we had supper, which lasted about an hour, and the balance of the time was spent in discussion. The Woodhull scandal and the pistol scene came up for discussion, and Moulton said it was incorrectly reported.

I think you said to Mr. Moulton tha the part of the story which related to him could be refuted, and I think you read the story paragraph by paragraph?

I do not remember that Mr. Moulton at that interview denied telling this story to Mrs. Woodhull, nor did he admit having told it.

Counsel read portions of the Woodhull article, and asked the witness if Mr. Moulton denied telling them to Mrs. Woodhull at that interview. The witness replied that he had no remembrance of the parts of the scandal read, as he took no interest in them when they were discussed at that interview.

I don't think you advised Moulton to deny the Woodhull card in so far as it related to him?

I was in the habit of going to Moulton's in 1871. Met Tilton there. He was out of employment, and wished to start a paper, and said 15,000 or 20,000 dollars would be enough to start it with. He announced that he was going to start it; advanced them 3,000 dollars. There was about 12,000 dollars subscribed, and Mr. Tilton subscribed either 5,000 or 6,000 I paid in 1,500 dollars, and got his note for that amount. I saw Mr. Southwick, and told him about it. I have never paid the 3,000 dollars, but was released from it.

This concluded the testimony of the witness, and ex-Judge Fullerton called Theodore Tilton, who took the chair.

Mr. Evarts said he objected to the witness being sworn, and then followed a long argument on the point between the counsel, and they were still arguing it when the court adjourned.

False Promises.

BUFFALO, N. Y. Jan. 28.—A Washington despatch to the *Commercial* says Senator Morill, of Vt., promises soon to throw some light upon the long standing controversy between the House and Senate in relation to [illegible] the custom of gents upon being promoted from the House to the Senate, to change their views somewhat upon this question, to learn that the treaty making power embraces a greater variety of subjects than they supposed while they belonged to the House. Though the Canadian Treaty is dead another is sure to follow. The Canadian transportation interest has a permanent lobby here, ready to seize a favorable opportunity to broach any plan of reciprocity that will subserve their interests. Senator Morrill holds that a reciprocity treaty is a compact utterly unknown to the Constitution, and not within the treaty-making power of the President and Senate, but that it lies with Congress alone. Both Houses are competent to settle such questions under the clause of the Constitution which provides that Congress shall have power to regulate commerce with foreign nations. The Sandwich Island Reciprocity Treaty will soon be brought before the Senate for action.

The House Committee on the Pacific Railroads has decided to kill the bill now before it providing for the resuscitation of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company.

Great Fire in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 28.—The Cumberland M. E. Church, corner of Coral and Cumberland streets, was burned to-day. Loss, 38,000 dollars.

Steamer Burned.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 28.—The steamer Lady of the Lake, running between Norfolk and Washington, was burned to the waters edge this evening at her wharf, foot of Main street. The fire originated in the lamp room. The steamer is valued at 80,000 dollars.

Death of the Inventor of the Sewing Machine.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 28.—S. W. Langdon, of Florence, died on Tuesday, at Jacksonville, Fla., whither he had gone in search of death, aged 40.

A Successful Lady Artist.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The Secretary of the Navy to-day signed the contract awarded some time since to Miss Vinnie Ream, by Gen. Sherman and Mrs. Farragut, a majority of the commissioners appointed by the Congress to select an artist for the execution of a bronze statute of the late Admiral Farragut, and Miss Ream accepted the commission.

Collision through Ice.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—To-day a mass of floating ice struck the Staten Island ferry boat Westfield, causing her to break loose from her moorings, and to collide with the steamship Neptune, staving in the latter's side. The Westfield also collided with and sunk a canal boat containing 250 tons of iron ore.

A French contemporary states that there are yet in France and its colonies, 25,000 men who have fought under the first Napoleon, their ages being from 80 to 90.

A Snow Melter.—A model of a patent snow melter has been presented to the city of Paris. It consists of a cylinder revolving round a central furnace, which gives out sufficient heat not only to melt the snow but also to assist in drying the soil beneath.

We find, in the reported case of a broken down man in Virginia city, that the following valuable advice was given him over a glass of lager—and yet he would not follow its plain instruction: "Don't you get down hearted; you make blendy money pooty soon. You shoost sell dem schtocks effery day and effery day you makes forty, feefty tollar—see! Vell, pooty soon you got fife thousend tollar, den you shoost schpeculate mit der poys!"

Recently a telegraphic clerk in France refused to telegraph a message in these words, "Third espistle of John, verses 13 and 14," under the law which forbids the transmission of despatches not written in plain language. Reference to the text indicates that the despatch was merely an economy of words. The text is as follows: "I have many words to write, but I will not with ink and pen write unto thee; but I trust I shall shortly see thee, and we shall speak face to face."

The Southern Troubles.

Congressional Investigation.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 28.

Before the Congressional Investigating Committee yesterday, Major Lewis Merrill testified: I have been stationed in the State since October; part of the time in the city. Have been in Shreveport. Red River county is in a deplorable condition, and without the presence of troops there is no telling what would happen. Coloured men are terrified, and are constantly in fear of violence. White Republicans are ostracized. That I know of there was no free expression of political views, and the central part of the State was in the hands of a few men, leaders of the Conservatives or White League party. They would like to overthrow the State Government. There still exists a spirit of hostility to the Government. There is antagonism to the Equal Rights Bill. An impartial election could not have been held in that country. He also testifies that he was preparing a report of all the massacres and political murders in Louisiana since in 1866.

The House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 28.—The House was still fillibustering at 7 o'clock this morning, having continued in session all night. At one time speaker Blaine called Cesna to the chair. The Democrats took advantage of this, and worried Cesna with points of order and parliamentary questions until Blaine was compelled to resume the chair, and extricate the House from the noise and difficulty into which it had drifted. Good feeling prevailed among the members and all laughed heartily when Butler and Randall were appointed by the Speaker to count the House. Proceedings were enlivened for a few minutes by a proposal to have the last national Democratic platform read. Finally the calling of the roll began, and the House fell into its usual order.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Jan. 28.—At noon the situation of the House was unchanged. Roll calls are proceeding. The body has a sleepy look. Republicans express their determination to hold out until Monday, when the rules may be suspended. They hope, however, that before that time 13 refractory Republicans will come into the measure. The House has not been without a quorum since the contest began. The Democrats can spare about a half of their number for rest.

Illinois Legislature.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 28.—The Legislative session yesterday was stormy. An appeal from the minority that the Louisiana resolutions, which were moved and carried under previous question, be submitted separately was acceded to. The first resolution denounces interference in State affairs; the second denounces the growth of military power as fraught with danger, and declares it is especially dangerous for military officers to dictate to Congress, or to present measures to be adopted which would place any part of the United States under the control of the military, and condemn such military officer. The third condemns unlawful organization in any State. The fourth condemns the President for upholding Kellogg's government against the expressed will of the people of Louisiana, and especially condemns him for [illegible] break up the Legislature. The first resolution was passed by a vote of 132 to 7; the second by 77 to 62; the third by 137 to 1; and the fourth by 76 to 67.

The Kellogg Difficulty.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 28.—In the Kellogg House of Representatives yesterday, several admissions were made to effect that there was no legal quorum of members upon the Committee to examine into the books of the Auditor and Treasurer. It is said the delay was owing to the fact that the Attorney General had said that the investigation would carry no weight because of its illegality. A compromise of present Legislative difficulties is on the *tapis*, and is being pushed vigourously forward by the Kellogg party. They offer to let Wiltz's party come back with 53 members of their side, also to have 53 members, with Wiltz in the chair. They go so far as to deny that the Conservatives might seat again the five rejected members if they would give sufficient guarantees, that they would not attempt any revolutionary acts, and would recognize the present Senate and communicate with Governor Kellogg, and not attempt to disturb him in his place.

WASHINGTON, 1 p.m.—The House remains in *statu quo*. The voices of half-a-dozen reading clerks were used up by the continuous strain, and substitutes had to be introduced during the night. Intercourse between members of the opposite camps was friendly, but no attempt on either side to come to an understanding. The floor of the Chamber is strewn with torn and crumbled pieces of paper, and members show no symptoms of flagging. The roll call, which is now in process, is somewhere about the fortieth that has been had since the dead lock commenced yesterday. One hundred and ninety members voted on the last call.

The Senate Committee on privileges and elections this morning decided that the Kellogg administration should be recognized as legal. The Government of Louisiana vote stood—Ayes: Morton, Logan, Anthony and Mitchell; nays: Alcorn, Hamilton and Salisbury. Alcorn stated in committee that if this resolution was adopted, he should vote in the Senate to admit Pinchback.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(*By Telegraph.*)

MATAPEDIA.

The Caraquet Riot—Two Men Shot—Destructive Gale.

MATAPEDIA, N.B., Jan. 28.

The county of Gloucester, in the vicinity of Caraquet, has been the scene of riot and disturbance since the 14th inst., when the annual school meeting was held. The riotous proceedings have been caused by opposition to the non-sectarian New Brunswick School Law, to which a portion of the inhabitants are violently opposed. On the day of the meeting the rioters damaged considerable property, and put forth a threat against the peaceable inhabitants who supported the law. A riotous tumult has been kept up ever since. On Monday the Hon. Robt. Young's residence at Caraquet was surrounded by a large gang of rioters, with evident violent intentions; but finding the house effectually guarded with armed men, the rioters retreated, threatening to return. The telegraph wire has been cut several times, and portions of the wire stolen. Yesterday it was learned that the riotous proceedings had resulted tragically and fatally. A man named John Gifford, one of the Sheriff's party who went to make arrests, was shot dead by a Frenchman. A Frenchman, name unknown, was also shot but is said to be living yet. An inquest is being held on Gifford's body. Thirteen rioters have been arrested, and are on their way to Bathurst gaol. Preparations are being made to call out the military of Northumberland, and probably before many hours an armed force will be marching to the scene of the disturbance.

A violent gale of wind occurred here on Monday night. No. 3 span of iron of the work over the river bridge was blown down by it. The span is almost a complete wreck. It was only swung the day before, and was considered sufficiently secure, the storm being unexpected.

TORONTO.

Lecture—Arrivals—Carnival—Curling—The Tariff.

TORONTO, Jan. 28.

Mr. J. Gray delivered a lecture last night in favour of Papal Infallibility, Mr. John O'Donohoe presiding.

Sir John Macdonald and Mr. J. Dewe, Post Office Inspector General, arrived in town yesterday.

A grand fancy dress carnival took place at the Adelaide Street Skating Rink last evening.

The match between the Toronto Curling Club and the Thistle Club of Hamilton was won by the former by 16 points. The match between the Caledonians of Toronto and the Feather Club of Scarboro was won by the former by a majority of twenty-eight.

The manufacturers held a private meeting yesterday, to consider the preliminary steps for getting up an agitation for the increase in the tariff. The general feeling was in favour of a persistent effort to have the tariff fixed at 25 per cent on manufactured imports.

MONTREAL.

Curling—Carmelites—Election Judgment—Skating—Bible Society—Stocks.

MONTREAL, Jan. 28.

The curling match to-day between the Quebec and [illegible] Clubs for the Quebec Challenge Cup, valued at four hundred dollars, resulted in favor of the Montrealers by one shot.

The Carmelites have arrived in Quebec from Albany, and will establish a convent of that order at Rimouski. This will be the first Carmelites' convent in the Dominion.

Judgment is to be given in the L'Islet contested election case to-morrow.

The skating carnival at the Rink last night was very successful, about 5,000 persons being present. The Governor-General was on the ice nearly all the evening.

The 54th annual meeting of the Montreal Auxiliary Bible Society, was held last evening in the St. James Street Wesleyan Church. Their report was satisfactory.

Hon. Mr. Girard, of Manitoba, arrived in the city yesterday.

The Stock Market here continues firm. Sales: 35 Dominion Telegraph at 108¼; 27 Ontario at 113, closing 112¾ to 113¼; 8 Merchants' at 117¼, and 19 at 117¼, closing 117½ to 117¾; 50 Montreal at 188, closing 187¾ to 189; and 50 Exchange at 106¾, closing 106½ to 107¼; Commerce, 135½ to 135¾; Telegraph, 177½ to 178¼.

GRENVILLE.

Explosion of Nitro Glycerine.

GRENVILLE, Jan. 28.

At three o'clock this morning there was an explosion in Goodwin's nitro glycerine magazine. There was ninety pounds of titan powder, and six pounds of nitro glycerine in the magazine at the time of the explosion. There was two men preparing titan powder to use in the morning. They escaped unhurt. The men state that the powder was spread around the stove. There was a tin boiler which contained water on the floor. They placed it on the stove. It is probable there was a drop of nitro glycerine on the boiler, and when placed on the stove exploded, breaking the stove and setting fire to the building, which caused the explosion.

ST. CATHRINES.

Found Dead.—Arson

St. Cathrines, 28th.—Ex-judge Price of Welland, son of the late Hon J. H. Price, was found dead in bed yesterday morning.

John Hunter was arrested for arson at Queenston, committed to defraud the Hartford Insurance Co., on a policy of 2,500 dollars.

A LYING INDIAN AT WORK.

A Fruitless March through the bitter Cold—A Whole Company nearly frozen.

From the New York World.

RED CLOUD INDIAN AGENCY, NEB., Jan. 12.—Colonel Henry's company (D), Third Cavalry, returned to Camp Robinson Friday, the 9th inst., having performed the duty assigned it, except that of finding the miners. The comany left its post on the morning of December 27, arriving at Camp Sheridan, near Spotted Tail Agency the following day. Here, much to his surprise, Colonel Henry found it imposible to hire Indian guides to accompany him. The Indian who reported the presence of miners refused to go. So, contenting himself with a single white guide, the Colonel started on the morning of the 29th of Dec., following White River a distance of about forty-five miles, then across to the Cheyenne River thence to Elk Creek which stream was thoroughly scouted, but no traces of white men were found, and no whites had been for years. The fact of its being a dry stream does away with the possibility of any one settling upon it. The report of the presence of the miners was of course false. After leaving Camp Sheridan the weather became intensely cold, and the days' marches were made with the thermometer ranging from thirty to forty degrees below zero. The last days' march but one was the worst of all. Soon after the command took the road a gale arose drifting the snow so terribly that it was impossible to see five yards ahead. The march had to be continued in that shelter and wood could be obtained. The guide, bewildered by the severity of the storm, lost his way, and there they were, lost on the plain. Almost blinded by the snow, with the wind howling around, and the cold growing more intense every moment, the foremost ones came full upon a ranche. They were saved, for it is safe to say not six of the fifty could have lived through that awful day or made the ten miles that separated them from this agency. Into the little hut they all crowded, and were made welcome by the owner. There, so closely packed that it was impossible to lie down, they passed the afternoon and night. The next morning the sun shone brightly, the weather was mild and calm, so that the last ten miles were easily made. All of the command save one were terribly frozen, some eight or ten so badly that they are yet in hospital and will be for some time. Colonel Henry's hands, ears, cheeks and nose were nipped, and Lieutenant Carpenter's ears were frozen. I learn from the Fork that none of the men who were on the expedition have been able to go on duty yet. And the Indian liar was comfortable all the while.

Colonel Henry only penetrated as far as the foot hills of the northern end of the Black Hills, some forty or fifty miles from where General Custer was the past summer. Quartz was abundant, and while no gold was seen, there were found evidences of its being in the vicinity. The country is described as being very barren and destitute of game.

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. 3723
(See special notice.)

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction, having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&a

THE TIMES

Is published every lawful morning. Price 15 cents per week, sent to subscribers in any part of Canada, SIX DOLLARS per annum.

The rate for [illegible] Advertisements is TEN CENTS PER LINE, nonpareil measure, for each insertion. For Special Notices TEN CENTS PER LINE, and for Paragraphs, Reports of Meetings, Financial Statements of Banks, Railway Companies, Insurance Companies, and matters of like description, inserted amongst the Reading Matter, FIFTEEN CENTS PER LINE.

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Professional and business cards inserted on the first page for one year, when not exceeding twenty words, once a week, $5; twice a week, $12; and every day, $[illegible], each word over twenty in the same proportion.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50c and deaths with funeral notices attached $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents. When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Bankrupt Sale—Neelin Bros.
Sale of Bonnets—Neelin Bros.
Gents furnishing Goods—Neelin Bros.
Wanted—"R."

The Times.

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JAN. 29, 1875.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Information reached the Department of Public Works here yesterday to the effect that the iron superstructure of one of the piers of the Intercolonial Railway bridge over the Restigouche had fallen upon the ice, but the bridge itself had stood firmly and its stability is untouched.

NEW WRITS.

New writs were issued yesterday for the constituencies of London and South Huron, the nominations for both places taking place on the 4th February next. It is to be hoped that the Reformers of those sections will see to it that they elect their man.

A SUGGESTION.

The burning down of the store of Mr. T. A. Rajotte, near Pooley's bridge, was one of those unfortunate incidents the occurrence of which everybody deplores, and which nobody desires to see repeated. Being now an accomplished fact, however, we suggest that some good might be extracted from it for the citizens. The abruptness of the turning at the corner which leads from Wellington street to the bridge is a daily inconvenience, and passengers both on foot and in conveyances suffer more or less in consequence. It is, moreover, a serious defect in the appearance of the street, and we suggest that the corporation should take advantage of the present opportunity to purchase the corner properties and make the thoroughfare approach the bridge, as it leaves it westward, in a straight line. As the city grows in population and extends to the west, the traffic in this particular quarter will be greatly increased, and were the course we have suggested adopted, a great and growing inconvenience would be removed, and the appearance of the streets vastly enhanced.

WHERE ADMIRATION ENDS CONDEMNATION BEGINS.

The Halifax *Express*, whose editor has just passed through an election contest for the Local Legislature in his own city, has been remarkable for its admiration of our contemporary, the Toronto *Nation*. If the latter journal, a professedly independent authority, and well known to be edited and controlled by Mr. Goldwin Smith, happened to say anything to the disparagement of the Ontario or Dominion Government, or had the usual fling at the "Grits," the readers of the Halifax organ were called upon to admire, as the organ itself professed to do, the wonderful ability of its "Canada First" contemporary, and they were also asked to believe that Mr. Blake was the great "I am" behind the scenes, who inspired these thrusts at his own friends. The *Nation*, however, has at last mortally wounded the feelings of the *Express*, and what was long admiration has now been turned into condemnation. Mr. Smith's journal recently took the *Globe* to task—and if there were no *Globe* to take to task, what would become of Mr. Smith and his journal?—for publishing extracts from an English satire upon the Queen and some members of the Royal family; and no doubt it was a very naughty thing in the *Globe* to do, and a very proper thing for which to take it to task. But the *Nation*, in rebuking this error, was in the estimation of the Halifax journal guilty of another equally to be deprecated and equally unworthy. It is true it defended Her Majesty from the imputations which mysterious references in the lampoon in question were supposed to convey, but it also cast imputations upon the character of ex-Queen Isabella of Spain, whom it characterized as guilty of some personal vices, and described as being completely under the control of the Spanish priesthood. We refer to the subject, not to take any part in the controversy, but to reproduce a little extract from the *Express*. After reading it, there can be little difficulty in determining why the editor was unsuccessful as an aspirant for Parliamentary honours. He must live in a peculiar atmosphere—must indeed think himself among the Naiads, Nereids, and Triads of the far past, living in the age of chivalry and knight errantry, and we should be inclined to suppose supremely happy under the illusion. Here is what he says:

"To protect one woman with one hand, and to dash your other fist in another woman's face, on the other side, seems a singular proceeding in this would-be Bayard of the press. Does he imagine that no charity or courtesy is due to Queen Isabella because she is a foreigner? Is loyal courtesy to womankind only a national rule of honour, and does it cease to be binding out of the limits of the Empire? In the days of chivalry the knights 'rode abroad redressing human wrongs,' and no distressed maiden or weeping Queen was denied the aid of a Knight's arm and sword because she was born under alien skies or spoke a tongue unfamiliar to her champion. Gismond or Lancelot or Bedivere would have laid lance in rest as stoutly for an Andalusian maid as for an English maid, and would have smitten the mouth of a false accuser with as much force in favour of the one as of the other."

By all the deities of heathendom, but Gismond, Lancelot and Bedivere must have been noble fellows and it must be a grand mistake to speak of the advancement and civilization of this nineteenth century! What a glorious thing it was to be sure to live in those grand old days, when there were brave knights walking abroad as well as at home to protect the queens and princesses, with whom this earth was then peopled, from all harm of every kind, even from the mouth of the slanderer: in these days, and especially in this City of Ottawa, the ladies—we say simply ladies, for queens and princesses are scarce—have either to accept the escort of some fellow in plain clothes, without any sword or helmet, and who probably never kept vigil in his life except over his own sore head, or take their chances of protection from the "blue bottles," as some mischievous wags call the policemen, who are few and far between, and are always found hunting in couples, at that. We in our blissful ignorance, always believed that this story about the gallantry of the men of what are known as the dark ages was a piece of pure myth, and that the time was characterized more by the prevalence of ignorance and the practice of lewdness, in which women—we don't say Queens in this instance—were the more slaves of men's passions, or at any rate treated as little better than the brute creation. We know that lively imaginations have pictured to themselves a very different state of matters as prevailing, but such imaginations have usually been the property of novelists, and have helped them to succeed wonderfully. Stern facts have established the absolute non-existence of the merits claimed for the men of those ages so thoroughly that one really wonders whether the editor of the *Express* is slyly jesting. His very earnestness dispels the idea, and we are therefore left no alternative but believe, however incredible it may be, that not only has his friendship for the *Nation* received a rude shock, but there is actually a man living in this nineteenth century who believes all the fine little tales about Lancelot, Gismond and Bedivere. Well, surprising things do happen.

FRIGHTFUL EXPLOSION.

A Young man Riddled with Splinters and two Young Girls Terribly Lacerated.

A fearful explosion took place on the 25th of December at the Little York Gold Washer and Water Company's mine in Nevada. It appears that two little girls, daughters of Mr. Cooper, foreman of the mine, aged respectively seven and nine years, were carrying a dinner to their father, who was at work at the mine. On their way they entered the blacksmith shop belonging to the mine. A boy about fifteen years of age, by the name of Shepherd, was there engaged in drying giant powder cartridges, on the forge. While doing so, and while the girls were present, one of the cartridges caught fire. The young man told the girls to run out of the shop: but this warning was not heeded soon enough, for a double explosion occurred, doing fearful damage. One of the cartridges first exploded, and almost immediately after four kegs of black powder, which were stowed away on a shelf in the corner of the shop. The first explosion seems to have injured the children most. The smoke stack to the forge was made of sheet-iron. This the giant powder rent in a thousand pieces. One of the splinters passed through young Shepherd's scalp, one through his cheek, one he received in the arm above the elbow, one in the calf of the right leg, and several others in different parts of the body. He is in fact completely riddled with splinters, yet strong hopes are entertained of his recovery. The eldest girl is frightfully torn by the pieces of shattered pipe and from other effects of the explosion. The flesh is torn from her shoulder down her back, and from her right hip, so that the spine and bones of the hip are exposed. Her right thigh on the inside of the leg is badly lacerated, and the bone is broken. The flesh is also torn from the back of one of her hands. The younger girl is cut on the abdomen by a sheet of iron. Her head is also badly cut. One piece of iron was driven through her arm. It is considered impossible for the other to recover, and it will be almost a miracle if the younger one is saved. The explosion is supposed to have been caused by a giant powder cap being left in part of a cartridge that had not been used after having been prepared for loading. The effect of the explosion was a little singular. The force of the powder seemed to operate only downwards and horizontally. An anvil which stood within a few feet of the forge was not stirred from its position, although it sat without being fastened to the block. The bellows were uninjured also, both having been about on a level with the forge. The explosion seems to have been entirely accidental, and is not attributed to negligence or carelessness.

AN INTELLECTUAL TREAT PROMISED.

We learn that the Rev. Joseph Murphy has consented to lecture for the benefit of the St. Joseph Conference of the St. Vincent de Paul Society of this city. The lecture will be delivered in St. Joseph's Church, on Sunday 14th Feb., at 7 p. m., the proceeds of which will be delivered among the deserving poor without distinction of creed or nationality. The rev. gentleman holds the highest rank as a pulpit orator, and as a lecturer. He is universally popular in Montreal, where his talents and eloquence are greatly admired. He has chosen a suggestive topic, and judging from the character which has preceded the lecturer here, we feel confident the subject will be treated in a masterly manner. As the lecture is intended to aid the poor, at this inclement season, we trust that it will be generously and liberally patronized.

Brave of the Brave.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, will sell this week (cheap) children's sleighs, children's small wooden shovels, charcoal, mica for coal stoves, and a thousand of other goods in tinware, stoves and cutlery too numerous to mention here. 3732.

Fresh Oysters in Shell.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

Quebec Legislature.

Second Parliament—Fourth Session.

Quebec, Jan. 28.

The House met at 3.20.

After routine,

Mr. David presented a petition to amend the Act of incorporation of the city of Montreal.

Dr. Larue introduced a bill to regulate burials.

Hon. Mr. Malhiot introduced a bill to amend the Act incorporating Three Rivers.

Mr. Lynch introduced a bill to change the name of the district of Bedford to Sweetsburg.

Mr. Beaubien introduced a bill to authorize the municipality of Hochelaga to negotiate a loan.

Mr. Marchand asked why the Government have taken no proceedings on the petition of Mr. Henry Mountain, chief of police, Sorel, against the High Constable of the district of Richelieu, dated 20th Nov., 1872.

Hon. Mr. Church said the High Constable had furnished the Government with full and satisfactory explanations.

Mr. Marchand asked why the Government refused to accede to the request contained in the said petition to order the Clerk of the Peace of the district of Three Rivers to furnish copies of the deposition in the archives of the Office of the Peace of the said district relating to the offences mentioned in the said petition.

Hon. Mr. Church said the application should be made to the court for the deposition, and not to the Government.

Mr. Valin asked whether it is the intention of the Government to erect Government buildings at Quebec, when it is their intention to commence the construction of same, and where are they to be placed?

Hon. Mr. Garneau said it was the intention of the Government to erect departmental buildings so soon as supplies were voted. The site at present selected was that of the Jesuit Barracks.

Hon. Mr. Ouimet moved that the petition of L. Verina and others be referred to a special committee, with power to send for persons, papers and records.—Carried.

Mr. Langelier moved for copies of the reports made to the Government by Messrs. C. H. DeSalaberry, and L. H. Gosselin, both wood rangers in the service of the Province.

The following private bills were read a second time: To authorize the Incumbent and Church Wardens of St. John's Church, in the parish of St. John the Evangelist, in the diocese of Montreal, to sell certain properties and to acquire others in their place, and for other purposes—Mr. Lynch; Bill to incorporate the St. Catherine street Baptist Church, of Montreal—Mr. Alexander; Bill to erect the parish of St. Prudent into a municipality for school and electoral purposes—Mr. Bachand. Mr. Lynch objected to the bill on the ground that ordinary civil procedure provided for making changes like these contemplated by the bill. Again he did not think the people most interested were aware of what was being done regarding him, while it was specially provided they should be consulted.

Messrs. Bachand and Laframboise supported the measure.

Mr. Chapleau objected on the ground that the bill was not printed, and that it was a public bill.

Mr. Irvine said the bill was a private bill, and it had always been held that bills to erect municipalities were private bills. It was printed, and he held it in his hand, but he considered its object might have been obtained by the County Council, as they had power to do so.

After remarks from Mr. Malhiot, the bill was read a second time.

The bill to further amend the provisions respecting the incorporation of the city of Quebec (Mr. Hearn) was read a second time.

On the third reading of the election bill,

Hon. Mr. Church said the English copy was not printed, but would be ready by seven o'clock, when he could have twenty copies ready. If the House liked he would wait till then, or it might be adjourned till to-morrow.

Mr. Bellerose commented on the delay caused by bills not being printed. If the contractor could not do the work, he thought it might be given into other hands.

Mr. Church moved that the bill be recommitted to Committee of the Whole. Carried.

The House then went into committee. The committee reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

The House then rose at six.

After Recess.

The House went again into committee on Hon. Mr. Church's election bill. At 9:15, the committee rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

The House then adjourned.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

At the bankrupt sale, No. 40 Rideau street, Neelin Bros. are selling shirts, collars, &c., at immense sacrifice.

The best value in Winceys at Bryson's. 3695 1m.

Premature loss of the hair, which is so common nowadays, may be entirely prevented by the use of *Burnett's Cocoaine*. It has been used in thousands of cases where the hair was coming out in handsull, and has never failed to arrest its decay, and to promote a healthy and vigorous growth. It is at the same time unrivalled as a dressing for the hair. A single application will render it soft and glossy for seravel days. 3754.

Bragg's Charcoal Biscuits at W. Hearn's Sapper's Bridge. 3748

Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695 1m

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Musca Wine. 3698

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

The bankrupt sale of Bennet's, at 40 Rideau street, will only last a few weeks longer; be in time and secure bargains.

Bankrupt stock of W. H. Bennet. Immense sacrafice. Neelin Bros., 40 Rideau street.

Twenty per cent. discount at the Ottawa Shirt Store. 3753-2in.

New York Bay Oysters in Shell.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

White dress shirts for cost price, at the Ottawa Shirt Store. 3753-2in.

The prince of Cough Syrups, at W. Hearn's, druggist, east end Sappers' Bridge.

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

Splendid all silk scarfs for 50 cents each, at the Ottawa Shirt Store. 3753-2in.

Specific for Cold in the Head.—W Hearn, Sappers' Bridge.

Fine heavy all wool flannel shirts, $1.60 each, at the Ottawa Shirt Store. 3753-2in.

Insurance.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Head Office,
Canada Agricultural Insurance Company,
245 St. James Street,
Montreal, Jan. 16th, 1875.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Branch Office of this Company, located at No. 34 Sparks-st., in the City of Ottawa, is closed from and after this date; and that Mr. Martin Wholeham is no longer authorized to do business for this Company, he having been discharged from said office. Our agents and patrons in the Ottawa District heretofore doing business with our Ottawa Branch are therefore hereby notified to address all communications and applications for insurance to our Head Office, in Montreal; also, all monies and notes for premiums due or for premiums on new risks, must be either paid into this office or to one of our regular authorized agents, or the Company will not be responsible for the same.

EDWARD H. GOFF,
Managing Director.

PHŒNIX
Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
HARTFORD, CONN,

ASSETS OVER $10,000,000
DEPOSIT AT OTTAWA, 130,000

This Company, whose Agency in Canada was established in 1867, and whose income in the Dominion is nearly $200,000 from premiums alone, is prepared to receive applications for the General Agency for the Ottawa District from competent and trustworthy parties, who can make the business a speciality and give it their entire attention.

Address with references and experience, if any—

SIMPSON & BETHUNE,
Managers for Canada,
Montreal.

Ottawa, Jan. 23. 3750-1m

CHAS. DESJARDINS,
General Agent
Citizens Insurance Co'y.

CAPITAL, $2,000,000.

FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE.

Temporary Office:
York Street, near Sussex Street,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Jan. 23. 3750

THE HAND IN HAND Insurance Co.

Still continue to take Risks at
20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates

R. C. W. MacCUAIG,
Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity.

Jan. 9, 1875. 3737-3m

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.
(FIRE AND LIFE.)

Authorized Capital . $5,000,000
Subscribed to Date . $2,000,000

LOCAL DIRECTORS:
RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, . . AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution, on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.

All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.

The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.

O'CONNOR & WALLER.

Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-12m

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE CO.
FIRE AND MARINE.

CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.

Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.

ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,
AGENT,
36 SPARKS STREET, . OTTAWA

Oct. 12, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"
CONTINUES TO TAKE
FIRE RISKS
On every description of insurable property,
AT REDUCED RATES.

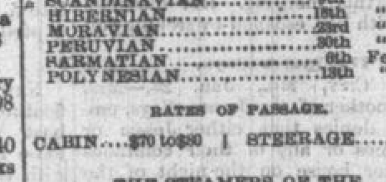
T. M. CLARK, Agent,
Corner Sparks and Elgin St

Dec. 18, 1874. 3722-12m

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



FROM PORTLAND.

POLYNESIAN	2nd Jan.
SCANDINAVIAN	9th "
HIBERNIAN	16th "
MORAVIAN	23rd "
PERUVIAN	30th "
SARMATIAN	6th Feb.
POLYNESIAN	13th "

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN....$70 to $80 | STEERAGE.......$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE
Glasgow Line

are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN	$60.
INTERMEDIATE	40.
STEERAGE	25.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.

Ottawa July 22 1873.

ANCHOR LINE.

STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.

Rates of passage from New York

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, or Belfast:

Cabin $60 to $70 gold, according to accomodations.

Return tickets issued at reduced rates.

For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.

GOULDTHRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

FOR SALE CHEAP.

North half of Lots No. 23 24 and 25, on the Eleventh Range of the Township of Hull; Lots No. 23 and 24 south on the Twelfth Range of the Township of Hull, containing in all about 400 acres, together with farming implements thereon. For terms and particulars apply to JAMES LASCHARITA, on the premises.

2-1m.

Auction Sales.

Household Furniture
BY AUCTION.

The subscriber is instructed by Mr. A. E. GENDREAU, to sell by Public Auction, at his residence, Wellington-st., a little below the Scotch Church, on MONDAY, the 25th inst., commencing at 11 o'clock, all his Household Furniture, comprising a very fine B. W. Parlor Suite in hair cloth, an excellent Lounge in green repp, and finely upholstered; Brussels, Tapestry and Kidderminster Carpets, B. W. Centre Table, Mirrors, Trifle Tables, Pictures and Ornaments, Dining Table, Side Board, Chairs, China, Glass and Crockery, B. W. Bedroom Suite, Spring Mattrass, Hair do, Wash Stands, Dressing Tables, Bedsteads, Mattrasses, and numerous other articles that cannot be mentioned.

The Furniture is good, being but a short time in use, and the sale positive, commencing at 11 o'clock sharp, on Monday, the 25th inst.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Jan. 20, 1875.

Auction Sale
OF VERY VALUABLE
TIMBER LIMITS,
Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.
HECTOR McLEAN

Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, THE 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:

License No. 161, season of 1873-4, comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.

License No. 163, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vielle Branch, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.

These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the
UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,
THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,
Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.
Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.

TERMS CASH.

JAMES SNEDDEN,
Ramsay.

Dec. 30th, 1874. 3731-td

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land
Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice as the owner is in want of money.
For particulars apply to

JOHN W. McGUIRE,
25, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester
Or, Ottawa P. O.

Sept. 2, 1874. 2981.

Game.

PARSON'S
HAMS AND BACON,

JUST RECEIVED. Also

One Hundred Dozen
—OF—
Different Kinds of Game

JOSEPH KAVANAGH,
Grocer and Wine Merchant,
WELLINGTON-ST.

Dec. 30, 1874. 3679

Hotels.

THE CLARENDON HOUSE.

Grand Opening
—ON—
Thursday, the 28th Inst.
—AND—
OPENING TO THE PUBLIC
—ON—
Monday, 1st February.

W. MILLS, Proprietor.

Jan. 28, 1875.

ALBION HOTEL,
Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa.
ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronise the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines Spirits, Liquors and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874. 2492

CENTRAL! CONVENIENT!
THE DOMINION RESTAURANT
Rajotte's New Block, Wellington-st.,
(Opposite Parliament Houses,)

Now open, and holding out the best inducements in the way of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Lunches hot or cold from 12 to 3. Oysters in any style at all hours.

HARRIS & CLOSE, Proprietors.

Jan, 16, 1875 3744y

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD
USE THE
Diamond Yeast Cakes

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

J. W. MINTHORN
Box "U" Orillia, Ont.
84m3

Oct. 1.

Hatters & Furriers.

DEVLIN'S
Fur Depots

416 Notre Dame-St., . . Montreal.
11 Rideau-St. . . . . Ottawa.

White Rabbitt Jackets,
LADIES' SOUTH SEA SEAL JACKETS,
Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets,
Ladies Sea Otter Sets.

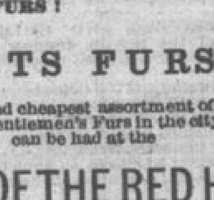
R. J. DEVLIN,
Manufacturer.

Jan. 11, 1875.

ALEX. BROBERY,
FURRIER,
45 Rideau-st.,
Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,

Is offering the balance of his
Stock of Winter Furs
AT REDUCED RATES.
Mink Sets sold at Cost.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3733



LADIES FURS!
GENTS FURS!!

The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the

SIGN OF THE RED HAT,
No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles in constantly on hand, and also made to odrer by

JAMES PEACOCK,
No. 33, Rideau Street.

Dec. 20th, 1874. 3721 ml

BUFFALO ROBES
AND
ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.
—AT—
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS-ST.,
Opposite the British Lion Hotel.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Gift Enterprises.

DOLLARS!

To the amount of Two Million Five Hundred Thousand are to be distributed on the 27th February, by the Public Library of Ky., upon the occasion of their Fifth and Last Concert.

Drawing Certain, or Money Refunded.

One Grand Cash Gift	$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift	100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	75,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
5 Cash Gifts $20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts 14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts 10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts 5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts 4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts 3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts 2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts 1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts 500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts 100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts 50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address—

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Public Library of Kentucky.

Death of Gov. Bramlette—Action of the Trustees—A Successor Appointed—No More Postponements—Drawing Certain February 27th.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Public Library of Kentucky, Jan. 16, 1875, it was resolved that C. M. Briggs, Esq., who under the late Hon. Thos. E. Bramlette was the real business manager of the gift concerts already given in aid of the Public Library of Kentucky, be and he is hereby authorized to take the place made vacant by the death of said Bramlette, in the management of the affairs of the Fifth and Last Gift Concert, and that the Drawing announced for February 27th, 1875, shall positively and unequivocally take place on that day, without any further postponement or delay on any account whatever.

Hereafter all communications relating to the Fifth Concert should be addressed to the undersigned, and I pledge myself that the Drawing shall come off February 27th or that every dollar paid for tickets shall be returned.

C. M. BRIGGS, Agent and Manager.

Room 4, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!
In Valuable Gifts!

To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE,

To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of

$5,000.00 Each in Cash.

One Prize $1,000 }
Two Prizes, $500 } Each in Cash
Five Prizes $100 }

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.
One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth
Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300
Three Gold American Hunting Watches, w $125 each.
Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth $100 each!
1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts 7,500! Tickets limited to 75,0[illegible]

Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 4[illegible],
Cincinnati, O.

Office: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.

Dec. 28, 1874. 3[illegible] d&w

Remedies.

MANHOOD RESTORED.—A victim of youthful imprudence, causing premature decay, nervous debility, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has found a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address,

J. H. REEVES,
78 Nassau-st., New York
3748.

Jan. 22, 1875.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN
Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of Norton's Camomile Pills, London

July 1874.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

Patronized by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Henna, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costume and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Bal and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Leaf, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies

Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is Morson's PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½, ¾ and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodyne being unequal in strength, Morson & Son have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON.

Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.

31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row*,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON

WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES
Selected, and Shipping orders executed
on despatch.

MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES
FOR
CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION.

Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical Men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,

SAVORY & MOORE,
143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

ARTIFICIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pestules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acremonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedent the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only Medicine having control over this class of diseases is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE!

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the first time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

A BLESSING TO THE POLICE.

MONTREAL, 18th June, 1864.

DEVINS & BOLTON:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been one of the many martyrs of rheumatism that I meet on my every day rounds, I was induced to try the celebrated DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. I had suffered the last five or six weeks the most terrible acute pains across my loins and back, so severe indeed that I could hardly walk with the help of a stick. I commenced the Diamond Remedy—following the directions carefully. Relief came immediately with the first bottle, improved rapidly with the second, completely cured and freed from pain after finishing my fifth small bottle. You are at perfect liberty either to refer to me privately or publicly, as I feel very thankful for the relief, and sympathise with my follow sufferers from rheumatism.

Yours respectfully,
J. B. CARDINAL,
Sanitary Police Officer,
51 Labelle street.

In simple cases, sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto,

Or to DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec.

Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.

May 18, 1874.

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING
Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyet, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 13 years, and will continue the

MANUFACTURING, JEWELLERY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS

in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

W. YOUNG.

June 23, 1874.

N. MARKS,
Fine Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,
36—*SPARKS STREET*—36

Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine

JEWELLERY,

Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also, a complete assortment of finest finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.

A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.

Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,

Prize Medalist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing-room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, to exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c. &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874. [illegible]

Mails.

POST OFFICE OTTAWA,
Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1875

MAILS.	CLOSE.	DELIVERED.
Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., Charlottetown, P.E.I., and all places in the Maritime Provinces and Newfoundland	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c., and Western U.S.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba—Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich.	[illegible]	[illegible]
British Columbia (and Vancouver's Island) Mails despatched daily via Windsor, Ont., Detroit and San Francisco. Rates of postage same as to other parts of the Dominion	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States, via Ogdensburg	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York, through mail	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell, etc., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
South Gloucester and Osgoode Stations, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	[illegible]	[illegible]
Perth, Smith's Falls and Carleton Place per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stittsville, Huntley, Carp, March, etc., per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Upper Ottawa, places on the Brockville & Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, Pakenham, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rochesterville, Skead's Mills, Bell's Corners, Richmond and Fallowfield	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aylmer, Eardley, Heyworth and Onslow	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by stage, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville, etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, Low and intermediate offices daily; at River Desert, and intermediate offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible], Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, by stage	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 10.10 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packages the same night.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.30 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamers will be closed at 1.25 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

POSTAGE STAMPS

Are no longer sold at this office, but may be purchased from any of the licensed stamp vendors throughout the city.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Newfoundland, Great Britain and India.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

EXCEPTIONAL POSTAGE.—Postage to Hull, New Edinburgh and Rochesterville, 1 cent. per half ounce, if post paid; if unpaid, 2 cents.

Office hours from 8 a.m. to 7 p.m. For Money Order and Savings Bank business, from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Jan. 26, 1875.

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.

SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.

Dec 26, 1874.

BURNT ON THE PRAIRIE.

Terrible Fate of a Nebraska Family—Escape of the Father after a Long Race from the Flames.

Capt. Lackland, a recent citizen of Lincoln, Nebraska, and well known in this community, gives us the details of the terrible calamity that overtook the family of Mr. William S. Herndon, a farmer of Gage County, Neb. He says he met Mr. Herndon on Monday night on his way to Lincoln, where he has relations residing, and where he expects aid. From Mr. Herndon's own lips he learned the story of his sufferings. Some three years ago Herndon moved to Gage County from Iowa, and purchased sixty acres of land nine miles from the county seat. He prospered and was succeeding well until the late disaster, which not only destroyed his property, but left him alone in the world, the fire having overtaken his family consisting of his wife and two children, and burned them to death. Herndon says he noticed the fire miles away on Saturday night, but it was no uncommon thing to see the grass burning, and he paid but little attention to it, although his wife seemed considerably alarmed, and before bed time she had called his attention to it several times. In the morning it was noticed that the fire was burning with more vim, and had evidently come nearer to them. He was still inclined to believe that it would pass around and leave him unmolested, or that it would rain and thus put danger out of the question. A heavy wind springing up at noon, however, and blowing directly from the fire towards the house, warned him that the danger was growing imminent. His children were now crying through fear, and his wife was importuning him to make the best of time. Arrangements were soon made for the journey, and in a two-horse waggon they started, more than ten miles in advance of the fire, with every probability of being able to get out of its reach. Good time was made by the team, and not until late in the evening when the wind increased in fury, was there any apprehension of danger. About dusk the wind increased to a hurricane, and the flames began to approach them with terrible speed and awful grandeur. Faster and faster they came, and Mr. Herndon says that it was evident they would overtake them in a few moments,—

What was to be done uner the circumstances was a question that had to be decided quickly. The horses had now become unmanageable, and were now as likely to start for the flames as any other way. A marshy piece of ground was some two miles distant, and near this was a branch of water, from which he remembered, he had frequently watered his horses. This was the only chance for life, and hastily leaving his waggon and team to their fate, he started for the marsh, with his youngest child, a lad of eight years, in his arms. It was a struggle for life. Death was coming, and they made one grand effort to get out of its reach, but alas, it was unavailing. We will not undertake to depict the anguish of that father as he was compelled to see the cherished ones of his own life blood, sink down, one after the other, and become a prey to that most terrible of all deaths—fire. The little daughter was the first that was overtaken, and the mother was prone to stay and give up her life with her darling, but she kept on, while the flames were yet more than a hundred yards behind, and little Mary was left upon her knees, praying that her Heavenly Father might take her to His bosom, and save her mother and father and little brother from perishing. Death soon came for her, and not long did it wait for the little brother and mother. In a few moments the mother's clothes were on fire, and she was unable to proceed. The father, with desperate determination to save his little son, pushed on, but already his clothes were on fire, and the little boy, the pride of his heart, was struggling to free himself from the tortures, and soon he was at rest in death. The body but hindered the progress of the father, and to save himself he determined to abandon it. Thus freed of all incumbrances he succeeded in reaching the stream. After the fire had passed by he retraced his steps and gathered in one place the blackened and charred remains of his late household. Next day the homes of some distant farmers were reached, and they returned with Herndon and assisted him in the burial.—*St. Joseph (Mo.,) Herald.*

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. 3727

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

Oct. 7, 1874. 3S9ly d&w.

FOWLE'S

PILE AND HUMOR CURE.

For Internal and External Use

WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE, SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 3718

Dec. 14, 18

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 3600.

All wool shirts at $1, and other articles in gents' furnishing equally low, at Neelin Bros., 40 Rideau street.

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

PAIN-KILLER.

After thirty-five years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Physicians of the first respectability recommend it as a most effectual preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c.; but for Dysentery or Cholera, or any sort of Bowel complaint it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency, and rapidity of action. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

It is used Internally and Externally.

Sold everywhere, Price 25 cts.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Sole Proprietors

January 13th, 1875. 3741

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 2675-y

WHOLESALE

Ready-Made

CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTERS

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

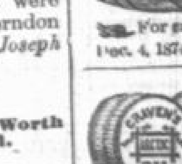
So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

Sept. 24, 1874. 3680

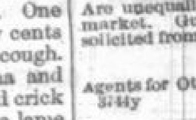
Hardware, &c.



THIS EXCELLENT Machine Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing establishments of the Dominion.

For sale by all Oilmen.

Dec. 4, 1874. 3710-y



OUR BRANDS OF **ARCTIC** —AND— **Heavy Engine Oil** Are unequalled by any Machine Oils in the market. Guaranteed not to freeze. Orders solicited from consumers.

W. J. CRAVEN & Co., 441 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

Agents for Ottawa District— CALDWELL & Co., Sparks-st

3744y

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO. - - Managers

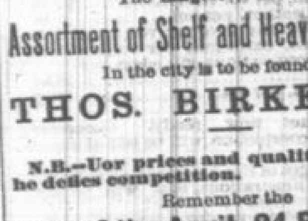
Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.

Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 28, 1874.

HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.



No.24 No.24

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware

In the city is to be found at

THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed; None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO., Sparks Street, near Bank.

H. MEADOW'S & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES! COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City references given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School East, Magee & Russell, G. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., Jas. Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L. Crannell, Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application.

H. MEADOWS & CO., 20 Sussex-St.

Oct. 3, 1874.

Books & Stationery.

NEW BOOKS.

Supernatural Religion, 2 vols	$8 00
The Greville Memoirs, 2 vols	4 00
Proctors' Transit of Venus	2 50
Opening a Chesnut Burr, by Rev. E. P. Roe	1 00
The Cloth of Gold and other Poems, by T. B. Aldrich	1 00
Chambers' Journal, bound volume for 1874	2 25
The Christian Treasury do do	1 75
Annual Register of Rural Affairs for 1875	30
Whitaker's Almanac for 1875	30

For sale at

HENDERSON & Co's.

39 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 23, 1875.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 26, 1874

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

FOR THE

PIANOFORTE.

It Stands the Test! Sells 25,000 Yearly, and is gaining friends everywhere.

No piano instruction book ever issued approaches it for real merit and worth, and no teachers regret using it in their course of instruction. This work is a power in the musical advance of the day, and has been a most important agent in the recent tremendous increase of technical knowledge of the Pianoforte.

The success of

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD

is world-wide, and prompts many competitors but its sale surpasses that of all others COMBINED, and it stands to-day incontestably superior to all other Piano Methods.

Used by thousands of Music Teachers and sold by all Book and Music Dealers in this Country and Canada.

Price, - - - $3.75.

All books sent, post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N.Y.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

Government Notices

DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon on the

15th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875.

For the manufacture from Government cloth of such jackets and trowsers as may be required for militia purposes during the current year.

Patterns may be seen and further information will be given on application.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

W. POWELL, Lt.-Col., Dept. Adjt. General.

Ottawa, Jan. 26th, 1875. 3-awk, 3742.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, Jan. 25, 1874.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on American Invoices until further notice 7 ll per cent.

J. JOHNSON, Commissioner of Customs.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Tenders for Grading—Fort William to Shebandowan.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender Pacific Railway," will be received up to noon of SATURDAY, the 27th of February next, for the Bridging and Grading required on that Section of the Pacific Railway, extending from the Town plot of Fort William, near Thunder Bay, Lake Superior, to Lake Shebandowan, about 45 miles in length.

For plans, specification, approximate quantities, forms of tender and other information, apply at the office of the Engineer in Chief, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications for that part of the line between Lake of the Woods and Red River, will be ready in the course of two or three weeks.

By Order,

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Dept. of Public Works, Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1875. 3748-6 2aw

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector MacLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale, The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 100 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and A—bert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,543 feet, and of No. 3, 8,... feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by, this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

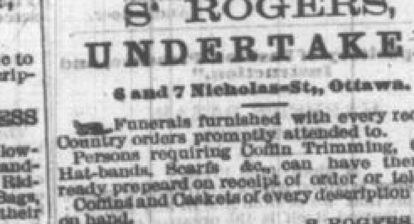
Further conditions on the day of sale.

By order,

E. A. MEREDITH, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.



S. ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crapes Hat-bands, Scarfs &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram. Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS, 6 and 7 Nicholas-st., Ottawa

No 13 249

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well-known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established

AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatized, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the Spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

J. E. LEMIEUX, Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.

Nov. 6, 1874.

Furniture.

NEW

Furniture Warerooms,

ANGUS & CO.

Dealers in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cornices and Curtains.

85 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite Hefley's New Block.

Jan. 11, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND OR WEST OF CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874. 2557y

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 2514y

Boots & Shoes.

SELLING AT COST,

For One Month, for Cash Only,

In order to reduce

Stock of Spring Importations.

Bargains may be expected, as I deal exclusively on the cash system, which has enabled me to buy at bottom figures.

W. E. BROWN, 15 SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

Jan. 27, 1875.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots, " Embroidered and Plain Felt Congress. Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress, Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Felt Bals. Felt Overs.

A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter feet-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at REDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an entire clearance.

Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB, 28 Sussex-st.

Jan. 9, 1875.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS., Wellington-st., Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Philion & Lefebvre.

F 3?5 -1y

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 12 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes, Mitts, Rubbers, Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand. Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN, Ottawa

Dec. 24 1874.

Druggists.

EAST END

Drug Store.

T. T. SHEPHERD.

Chemist & Druggist,

RIDEAU STREET,

CORNER OF DALHOUSIE STREET.

January 23rd, 1875. 3750

NOTICE

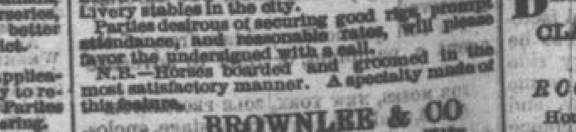
All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co.

Feb. 28 1874.



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO

March 11, 1874. 2513y

Life Assurance.

The Royal Mutual Life Assurance Company

OF CANADA.

Head Office, - - - - - Ottawa, Ont.

Capital: $100,000 in 1,000 Shares of $100 Each.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:

F. F. Jones, Esq., M. P. P. | James Humphrey, Esq. | Henry Torrance, Esq. | James McCarty, Esq. | J. J. Fraser, Esq., M.P.P. | C. R. Cooper, Esq.

Lees & Gemmell, *Solicitors.*
Henry T. Corbett, Esq., M. D., &c., *Medical Director.*
C. R. Cooper, *Manager.*
Arthur W. Wilson, Esq., F.I.A & F.S.S., *Actuary.*
Merchants Bank of Canada, *Bankers.*

Quebec Agency - - - 233 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

FRENCH DEPARTMENT:

J. J. Lussier, Esq., M.D., *Examiner.*
F. G. Boutillier, Esq., L.L.B., *Solicitor.*
J. A. B. Beique, Esq., *Manager and Secretary.*
Banque Ville Marie, *Bankers.*

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT:

P. O'Leary, Esq., M.D., *Examiner.*
W. R. Ford, Esq., *Agent.*

PROSPECTUS.

In view of the magnitude the Life Assurance interests have assumed of late years in Canada, the immense increase year by year, and in consideration that the bulk of the business is done by American Companies, the projectors of this Company feel that there is a vast field open for a profitable Canadian enterprise. According to the report of the Auditor of the Financial Department at Ottawa for 1873, there were 13,086 policies issued during the year; 8,037 by American Companies, 3,518 only by Canadian Companies, and 1,513 by English Companies; out of 35 Life Companies reporting to the Government, but four were Canadian. The total amount of Insurance effected was $23,434,504. The total income for the year was $2,586,261.84; out of this $1,514,331.94 was paid to American Companies, and only $511,235.85 to Canadian, and $562,693.06 to English Companies. The deposit with our Government amounted to $4,857,951. $520,529.69 was paid for death losses. Over two millions are sent out of the country to enrich American and English stockholders. This immense capital can be retained in the country, assisting to build up our commerce, railroads, canals, and all that materially tend to make us a nation, with as much advantage to the policyholders as they now receive. No other investments in America have been considered so safe and remunerative as Life Assurance stock. In Canada, no Canadian Company has ever failed, and in the U. S., but two companies where the stockholders lost anything. $380,140,884.69 is invested in Life Companies in the U. S., and in Canada we have not probably $500,000. As evidence of the immense profitableness of Life Assurance stock, the following figures are taken from the New York Insurance Department Report for 1873, showing dividends paid to stockholders. Only those Companies doing business in Canada are cited:—

	Capital.	Dividend.	Balance as regards Stockholders.
Ætna	$103,000	$45,000	$2,144,503.56
Atlantic	110,000	8,050	25,176.11
Equitable	100,000	8,050	2,421,758.84
Globe	100,000	13,723	164,510.70
United States	250,000	18,350	632,264.98
Phœnix	16,000	960	666,767.12

Besides the immense surplus belonging to the stockholders, the above companies have large surpluses representing many millions belonging to their policyholders. Our few Canadian Companies have all paid large dividends. No difficulty has been found in procuring the immediate subscription of the whole stock of the Royal Mutual Life Assurance Company, but it was believed to be more judicious and more to the Company's interest, that the stock be distributed among the towns where the Company would probably open Agencies, thereby creating a local interest in every place. 3748

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co., Cincinnati, O., Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y., Trenton, N. J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y, &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE............70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3840y

Hardware.

MOORE BROS.,

TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil,

General House-Furnishing Goods,

And Lawn Mowers.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS. OTTAWA.

Jan. 7, 1875. 3873

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c., fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES.

J. T MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces. Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Lamps & Chandeliers

The Largest Assortment in the City.

AT THE OIL DEPOT, SUSSEX-ST.

C. S. SHAW & CO.

Jan. 8, 1875.

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES!

Restore your Sight!

THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES,

By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

First-class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with balls, cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender 738 Broadway, New York 737

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer [Trade Mark secured] Montreal.

DR. POMROY,

CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN

May now be consulted in his

ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE

Hours from 10 a.m. until 5 p.m.

Dec. 15 1874 191fw

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH.

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds. Geese from 8 to 16 pounds. Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place,

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 23, 18 4. 3736-1f

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks-st.

December 28, 1874.

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874-5.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, at usual pric

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY:

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Carlsbad's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalized; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

THOS. PATTERSON.

Dec. 24 1874.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 38 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA

We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Aug. 1, 1874.

RENAULT & CIE.

COGNAC.

CELEBRATED BRANDIES.

[The oldest Bottlers in France.]

HEAR WHAT DR. SHERIDAN MUSPRATT, F.R.S.E., M.R.I.A., F.C.S., SAYS: "Fine Pale Cognac.—Renault's or Hennessy's is often prescribed for invalids with great success."

TO BE HAD OF ALL GROCERS AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN.

Dec. 5, 1874 3711ml

Ladies' Ware,

LONDON HOUSE!

We are showing

The Cheapest Fancy Dress Silks in the City.

UNEQUALLED FOR RICHNESS.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT

Is under the superior management of MISS. M. A. ARMSTRONG. The system we use is the Cornwall Chart, the only method in which a perfect fit can be secured.

HANEY & FORGIE.

Jan. 11, 1875. 5673y

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYAN'S

234 Wellington-St

Dec. 5, 1874.

Dry Goods.

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING **TAILORING**

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee to our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $21.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7 50 upward.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, fro $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $8.50
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $9.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, fr $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874.

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars &c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1860, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings.

AGENCY OF

Fair Haven Marbleized Slate Works,

OHIO SANDSTONE

Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projector either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874.

Local Intelligence

SABBATH SCHOOL FESTIVAL.—A very successful Sabbath School Festival took place last night in the basement of the Baptist Church on Queen Street.

MORE HOSE.—One thousand more feet of new rubber hose has arrived for the use of the fire department. This will enable the Corporation to put the new system in an efficient condition.

POLICE COURT.—There was but one case before the Police Court yesterday, that of James Waters charged with stealing a box of raisins from the store of Baskerville Bros. at the Chaudiere. His case was adjourned till this morning.

GOOD APPOINTMENT.—Mr. J. L Oliver has been appointed to the responsible position of Secretary Treasurer of the "French Canadian Building Society" of this city. The appointment is a good one as Mr. Oliver is a young man of ability, and of steady and industrious habits.

CHAIRMAN SELECTED.—Ald. Birkett has been appointed chairman of the Fire and Light Committee. Ald. Heney enjoys a similar honour in having to preside over the Board of Works. The Finance Committee did not agree upon a chairman yesterday. The Market Committee will select a chairman this afternoon at three o'clock.

GUARDS' ASSEMBLY.—The last assembly of the Governor-General's Foot Guards will take place in the Russell House on Monday evening next, the first of February. Those interested are looking forward to a pleasant time on the occasion. This announcement is made in correction of the statement in yesterday's paper having reference to the Carleton Club ball.

We are glad to notice the success of Mr. J. Burrows, a student of Mr. R. Sparks, P.L.S., in passing with the highest incomium his final examination as provincial land surveyor. He and a Mr. Thompson, of Western Ontario, were the only ones out of seventeen applicants who received certificates after a severe grinding which lasted eleven days. Mr. Burrows will settle down in Ottawa to carry on his profession.

MORE SNOW.—Another snow storm visited the city yesterday, and has added considerably to the discomfort that existed previous to its falling. There is a great quantity now on the ground, and much difficulty is experienced in travelling. The streets are in an almost impassable condition, and will give enough work to tax the energies of the Board of Works for some time. Snow shoeing is being indulged in to a great extent since the recent storms.

CHURCH SOIREE.—Yesterday evening the annual soiree of the Daly street Presbyterian Church was held in the body of that edifice. There was a good attendance, and the meeting was ably presided over by the worthy pastor of the congregation, the Rev. Wm. Armstrong. After an excellent repast had been partaken of, addresses were delivered by the Chairman, several of the city clergymen, and others. Several pieces of vocal music agreeably diversified the proceedings, and altogether a happy and enjoyable evening was spent.

A NICE LITTLE TRAP.—The other night some men were at work repairing or altering a waterworks pipe on the footway near Mr. Topley's studio, Wellington street. They had to cut away the snow in order to reach the means of communication, and when they finished they carelessly left the hole unilled up. It was not very large certainly, but large enough for one to stumble in and break their limbs. Just now the streets are bad enough to traverse without being rendered more dangerous by the careless laziness of workmen, and such conduct should be sharply punished.

ALMOST A FIRE.—Yesterday morning, the explosion of a coal oil lamp in one of the servant's bedrooms in the St. Lawrence Hotel, Rideau street, nearly caused a serious fire. A boy passing, observed smoke issuing from the window and immediately gave the alarm. Prompt measures were at once taken and the fire suppressed, but not until the bed clothing and the wearing apparel of the girls, were consumed. As good luck would have it, the wood work had not taken fire, and its subjugation became an easy matter. The authorities are on the alert for the vendor of that coal oil, which has been found to be far below the required test. The brigade turned out, but their services were not required.

TESTING THE "CHAUDIERE."—Yesterday at one o'clock the trial of the new steamer "Chaudiere" was commenced at the corner of Sparks street. There was a large crowd present, among them being mostly all the fire officials and interested parties. Only about six minutes were occupied in firing up and getting a pressure of sixty pounds of steam. Water was obtained in a cistern at the corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets, and a horizontal stream was thrown 181 feet through 100 feet of hose, with an inch and a quarter nozzle. Throwing a perpendicularly a height of about 141 feet was attained, but it was thought that under more favourable circumstances a height of 180 could be reached. Another test was made with a longer reach of hose and more pressure of steam, and so far as the engine was concerned the experiments were successful, but the hose burst and in a measure spoiled the trial. There is every indication, however, that the Chaudiere boys will find their new engine a valuable acquisition, but we sincerely hope that they may not be often called upon to exercise it.

CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The first meeting of the Council of the Township of Fitzroy for the year 1875 was held at noon on Monday, the 18th day of January. Present: The Reeve, John Neil, Esquire, Deputy Reeve William Dean, Esquire, and Councillors Messrs. Thomas Marshall, John Elliott, and David MacLaren, who each presented declarations of qualification and office taken and subscribed as required by law.

The Reeve nominated T. G. Somerville as Auditor for the current year.

Moved by Mr. ELLIOTT, and seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that Messrs. T. G. Somerville and John Forbes be Auditors for the current year. Carried.

Moved by Mr. ELLIOTT, and seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that whereas the Collector has not yet completed his collections for the past year, it is resolved, that the said Collector be, and he is hereby authorized and required to continue the levy and collection of the unpaid taxes until the sixteenth day of February next. Carried.

Moved by Mr. MACLAREN, and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the By-Law to define the duties of Auditors be now read first, second and third time and passed, any rule to the contrary notwithstanding. Carried.

By-Law read first, second and third time and passed accordingly.

Moved by Mr. MACLAREN, and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the Clerk give James McCarthy an order on the Treasurer for the sum of $50, on account of work done on the side road between lots twenty and twenty-one on the eighth and ninth concessions of Fitzroy. Carried.

Moved by Mr. MACLAREN, and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that this Council do now adjourn until the 13th day of February next. Carried.

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

"Good blood will show itself," as the old lady with the red nose said.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Third Day.

THURSDAY, Jan. 28.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, at 2 o'clock, p.m.; Mr. Ira Morgan, Warden in the chair. Present: Messrs. Surtees, Cummings, Sykes, Niel, Anderson, Manion, Wallace, Richardson, Dr. Beattie, Baskerville, Clelland, Hill, Clark, Thompson, Robillard, Dean.

The minutes of the previous day's sittings were read and confirmed.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

The various Standing Committees for the year were constituted as follows:

BUILDING AND GAOL—Messrs. Smith, Wallace, Beatty, Clark, Cummings, Surtees and Richardson.

FINANCE: Messrs. Smith, Surtees, Niel, Holmes, Cummings and Sykes.

EDUCATION: Messrs. Anderson, Robillard, Manion, Dean and Clelland.

PRINTING: Messrs. Surtees, Anderson, Wallace, Niel, Baskerville, Clark and Beatty.

ROADS AND BRIDGES: Messrs. Clelland, Beatty, Thompson, Stewart, Hill, Robillard and Dean.

THE FORGIE CLAIM.

The petition of John Forgie praying for remuneration for losses sustained on account of being surety for Mr. John Stewart, contracter for the County Gaol was read. It stated that the petitioner was charged for default of time beyond that given in said contract at the rate of $30 per day, when at the same time he had a large portion of extra work to do that amounted to $6,760. That he strove night and day to hurry the work to completion. The amount received on said jail contract was greatly in arrear of the amount that should have been paid him, as the books and documents would show. His actual losses, independent of a disorganization of his business, was $25,000. Extra work on contract, $6,760. Interest on the sum of $25,000 for thirteen years at 6 per cent, $5,272.80. Amount yet due on contract, $7,395. Interest on extras, and the other items to date, $3,765.10. Total amount claimed, $50,192.90.

A petition was presented from a number of leading ratepayers from both county and city, asking that justice be done Mr. Forgie in the matter.

On motion of Mr. SURTEES, seconded by Mr. CUMMINGS, it was referred to a special committee, composed of Messrs. Cummings, Smith, Clark and Anderson, to report as to what was best to do under the circumstances at the June session of the Council.

A petition was read from Mr. D. B. McTavish, B. A., of Osgoode, applying for appointment to the vacancy in the County Board of Examiners.

A number of other communications and accounts were also presented and read; but were all referred to the respective committees to which they belonged.

RETURNS FROM REGISTRAR.

Mr. Edward Sherwood presented a return of fees and emoluments received by him as registrar for the county for the year ending Dec. 31st, 1874:

Registrations	$3,553 55
Searches	221 10
Abstracts	534 30
Certificates	75 75
Affidavits	1 00
Gross amount	$4,415 70

The report was received, and referred to the Finance Committee.

BOARD OF AUDIT.

On motion of Mr. ANDERSON, seconded by Mr. Clark, the by-law appointing a Board of Audit and Criminal Justice was read a second and third time and passed.

Mr. CUNNINGHAM desired to know what had been done in regard to the disputed account for publishing the list of convictions.

The WARDEN explained that the county had decided not to pay for advertising the convictions, but Mr. Lees held that it was an obligation upon him, and if the county did not settle the bills, he would apply for a *mandamus* to compel its payment.

SCHOOL SECTION DIFFICULTY.

On motion of Mr. WALLACE, a by-law to appoint arbitrators to settle a dispute anent School Section No. 13, in the township of Marlborough, was introduced and read a first time.

NEW BRIDGE OVER THE RIDEAU.

A petition was presented from a number of residents of the township of Gloucester setting forth that a new bridge had been erected over the Rideau, connecting that municipality with the township of Nepean, and that all but the sum of $1,700 had been paid by private subscription. They prayed that the Council would grant that amount, and assume the control of the bridge.

The petition was referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

METCALFE HIGH SCHOOL.

On motion of Mr. CLELLAND, seconded by Dr. Beatty, Mr. James Simpson, jun., was appointed trustee for the Metcalfe High School.

The Council then adjourned.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

First Meeting of the Board in 1875.

The first regular meeting of the Collegiate Institute Board took place in the City Hall on Wednesday afternoon. Present: Messrs. McGillivray, Featherston, Hay, Clemow, Warnock, and Rev. D. M. Gordon.

RETURNS.

The Secretary announced the reappointment of Messrs. Hay and McGillivray to the Board.

A resolution was then passed making His Worship the Mayor Chairman for the current year, and appointing Mr. John Penhock Secy.-Treasurer.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

The following Standing Committees were fixed for the current year:

FINANCE.—Messrs. McGillivray, Rowe and Pennock.

BUILDING AND SITES.—Messrs. McGillivray, Warnock, Pennock and Clemow.

SCHOOL MANAGEMENT.—The Rev. D. M. Gordon, and Messrs. Rowe and Hay.

The Chairman to be *ex officio* a member of all committees.

CARETAKER.

An application from Mr. James Walker for the position of custodian of the new building, was received and filed.

The Board then adjourned.

Clearing sale bankrupt stock of W. H. Bennett. Must be sold out in a few weeks. Neelin Bros., 40 Rideau Street.

Clearing sale at the Ottawa Shirt Store. Removing to Russell House Block first of March. 3753-2in.

Great bargains at Neelin Bros., 40 Rideau street.

FALSE MODESTY.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, selling this week (Castors); 5 bottle castors worth $20 for $12; 5 do. worth $15 for $8; 5 do. worth $12 for $6; 5 do. worth $9 for $5; 5 do. worth $7 for $4; 5 do. worth $5 for $3; 5 do. worth $2 for $1. 3732

CLARENDON HOUSE.

Grand Opening Dinner.

The inauguration of the Clarendon House, at the corner of Sussex and George Streets, took place last night under the most auspicious circumstances. Over 200 persons sat down to dinner, among whom were members of the Dominion and Provincial Legislatures, his Worship the Mayor and several of the city Aldermen, all the leading mercantile men in that part of the city, and other prominent and influential citizens. The Hon. James Skead occupied the chair, and supporting him on either side were his Worship the Mayor, Hon. Dr. Carrall of British Columbia, Judge Lyon, Ira Morgan, Warden of the county; Hon. Edgar Dewdney, M.P., British Columbia; Dr. St. Jean, M.P.; and Sheriff Powell. Dr. Sweetland presided at the first vice-chair, and was supported by Mr. D. S. Eastwood and Capt. Bowie. Mr. J. M. Currier, M.P., occupied the second vice-chair, and was supported by Mr. D. J. O'Donoghue, M.P.P., and Mr. P. O'Meara. Amongst those scattered over the rooms we observed Messrs. Thos. McGarity, P. Baskerville, Jas. Thompson, Wm. Fingland, Thos. Patterson, George Mortimer, N. Germain, J. W. H. Dobier, N. Faulkner, James Martin, P. A. Egleson, W. M. Somerville, Wm. Annable, A. Groulx, Wm. Cameron, Alds. David and Robertson, Joseph Boyden, P. A. Taylor, Thos. Iliffe, E. Miles, J. F. Caldwell, R. Nagle, Henry Meadows, and others whose names we did not learn. The fine dining-room of the hotel has been most artistically prepared for the purpose it is intended to serve, and must have cost Mr. Mills, the energetic proprietor of the Clarendon, a large sum of money to make it so. The tables were laden with all the delicacies of the season, and nearly two hours were spent in getting through the *recherche* bill of fare below appended. During dinner, and afterwards, the fine quadrille band of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery, under the able leadership of Mr. Marley, discoursed its sweetest strains to the delight of all who had the pleasure of partaking of Mr. Mills' hospitality.

Bill of Fare.

SOUP.

Victoria. Mock Turtle.

FISH.

Salmon, Lobster Sauce. Cod, Sauce Anchois.

ENTREES.

Turban de Pérdreaux aux Truffles. Lamb Cutlets aux Petits Pois. Caillés à la Sultane. Fillet de Bœuf aux Champignons. Croquettes de Poulet. Sauce Tomaté.

BOILED.

Round of Beef aux Choux. Chicken and Oyster Sauce. Leg of Mutton, Caper Sauce. Westphalian Ham. Buffalo Tongue. Turkey.

ROAST.

Sirloin of Beef, Horse Radish Sauce. Yorkshire Pudding. Turkey, Cranberry Sauce. Duck. Venison, Currant Jelly. Jambon au Champagne.

GAME.

Prairie Hens, Bread Sauce. Wild Turkey. Partridge. Black Duck. Quail.

VEGETABLES.

Cabbage, Boiled, Fried and Mashed Potatoes. Turnips. Carrots. Parsnips. Beets.

ENTREMETS.

Plum Pudding, Brandy Sauce. Cabinet Pudding. Apple and Mince Pie. Jelli au vin de Port. Charlotte Russe. Jelli au Champagne. Bavarois au Citron. Cheese and Celéry.

WINES.

Champagne. Moet et Chandon (extra dry.) Carte Blanche.
Gladiatéur. Sparkling Moselle. Sparkling Hock.
Claret. Choteau Labranche.
Chateau Larose. Barton et Guester.
St. Julien (Médoc).
Haut Sauterne. Duveyrer Jeune.
Sherry, extra dry (Domecas.) Vin Du Rhin (Mochelmer).

DESSERT.

Nuts. Almonds. Raisins. Apples. Oranges. Figs. Mottoes. Grapes.

COFFEE.

Toasts.

After the good things provided had been disposed of, the cloth was removed and wines of the choicest and most sparkling brands brought on the table.

The HON. CHAIRMAN asked those present to fill up their glasses, to drink to a toast that was always duly honoured throughout the British Nation, he alluded to "The Queen" which he felt satisfied would meet with a hearty response at the hands of every true Canadian.

The toast was drank with much enthusiasm, the band striking up "God Save the Queen."

Mr. S. THOMPSON led off with the National Anthem, all present joining heartily in the chorus.

The CHAIRMAN desired glasses to be again filled, when he proposed the health of "The Prince of Wales and Royal Family."

Drank with the usual honours, the band playing "God bless the Prince of Wales."

The next toast the CHAIRMAN asked them to honour, was that of the "Governor General." He was a gentleman that all admired, even their neighbours across the line had spoken highly of his ability and administrative power. Some American friends had expressed to him a wish, that they would like to have such a man to make a President of. (Cheers.)

His health was drank amid great enthusiasm, the band playing an appropriate air.

Mr. W. M. SOMERVILLE being called upon for a song, gave "The red, white and blue" with good effect.

Dr. SWEETLAND, from the first vice-chair, proposed "The Senate, House of Commons and the Local Legislature." He proposed the toast with a few very well timed remarks, and paid a high compliment to the representatives of the different Legislatures that were present.

The toast was drank with three times three and a tiger, the band striking up "For they are jolly good fellows," in which the audience joined with spirit.

The Hon. James Skead and Dr. Carroll responded for the Senate; Dr. St. Jean, Hon. Mr. Dewdney and Mr. J. M. Currier for the House of Commons; and Mr. D. J. O'Donoghue for the Local Legislature.

The next toast was given from the chair that of "The Mayor and Corporation."

The toast was right loyally honoured, the band playing an appropriate air.

His Worship the MAYOR responded at some length in an able and eloquent speech.

The toast was well received and responded to in a very practical and somewhat humourous speech, by Mr. D. S. Eastwood.

"The learned professions of Ottawa" were next proposed and duly honoured.

Judge LYON responded in a short but appropriate speech.

"The Press," "The Ladies," and "Our Host and Hostess," were successively proposed and responded to, bringing one of the most successful banquets that has probably ever been held in the city to an end shortly before twelve o'clock.

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

FALL AND SPRING MANURING.—A writer in the *Garden* argues the point, and comes to the conclusion that for heavy soils, which have enough clay to absorb the manurial elements, it is best to apply manure to gardens in autumn or early winter; but when the soil is of a loose sandy or gravelly character which will not hold it long, manure for spring or summer crops should not be applied until near the time the crop is put into the ground.

Gents, try MacLaren & Chalmers' cutter. One trial will secure to them your patronage. 3698

A SERMON ON CONTENTMENT FROM MR. BEECHER.

Things which do and do not find their way into the Newspapers.

Pews and aisle seats and standing room were all occupied before the opening anthem at Plymouth Church on Sunday morning.

Previous to the sermon Mr. Beecher announced that he was suffering from the influenza now so prevalent, and though able to conduct the morning service, he thought that for that reason, and "in view of all the circumstances," he ought not to preach in the evening, and that his place would be filled by the Rev. Mr. Davis, of the Simpson Methodist Episcopal Church.

THE SERMON.

The text of the sermon was Philippians iv., 11, 12, 13. "Not that I speak in respect of want; for I have learned, in whatsoever state I am, therewith to be content. I know both how to be abased and how to abound; everywhere and in all things I am instructed both to be full and to be hungry, both to abound and suffer need. I can do all things through Christ which strengthenoth me."

This, said Mr. Beecher, is a very remarkable declaration to be made by anybody. You will recollect a great many tales or fables that have been framed where great gifts have been offered by an Eastern King to any man in his kingdom who was contented and how ludicrous in every case the contentment turned out to be. It has been a matter of philosophical maxim or criticism that men never were pleased, but always are about to be, and therefore do we wonder when the apostle, an intelligent, educated man, says, "I have learned in whatsoever state I am therewith to be content." Is it easy to account for the most extraordinary statements that it is possible for a man to affirm? It is easy for a man to say, "I am content;" it is easy for persons to say it and repeat it for an hour. I can understand how a man who lives for money, and who has been on the point of seeing $20,000 choused out of him, and after nights and days of contriving and planning and suffering anxiety, has by a dexterous stroke secured it, and he goes home, I can understand how for the whole evening he can chuckle and how he should be content for the time. Everybody, and I mean by that somebody, is content for the moment in the attainment of any very great desire. Now, in all these cases, if you scrutinize closely, are you consent? As a life, can you say, "In have learned in whatsoever state of life I am therewith to be content?" Does not your conception of content limit this to the fulfilment of certain wishes? Do you take into consideration, or does any man, the thwartings, the disasters, the stingings of pride or vanity, and does a man looking over all this plain of life and circumstances say: "I have learned in every state to be content." How many of you will hold up your hands to that? And yet it is what Paul says, and yet consider, is Paul quite sure of himself? Paul was a large man; few larger men have ever appeared above the horizon. A grand race they were—large enough to take in the full measure of what was around them. In my judgment, theologians have occupied themselves in those elements of Paul's writings which are by all odds secondary, and for very obvious reasons have neglected those elements in Paul's writings which are the profoundest, and which can only be translated by men who have gone through the experience of the same kind, and, therefore, theology has been made out of the washings of gold from the mountain streams, while the treasure was shut up deep in the rock itself. Consider, in the first place, then, that content does not necessarily mean pleasure. A man may be contented and not be pleased; that is, I may be contented, in one sense, to remain over night in a miserable inn where have congregated smugglers, drunken sailors, and all the riff raff of a bad neighbourhood. If I had been cast up by the waves, having fought for my life in my little yacht, and had crawled out upon the shore, and staggered to the light and gone in there, may I not say, "Thank God, I am in safety;" and yet every element there is distasteful to me. The air reeks with bad liquor and worse oaths; the company are obscene and violent, but to a man just escaped from the sea I can say, "I am contente to be here." Not that I am pleased with it, but I have learned to bear this by being swirled around in the sea for a half hour; by being chilled to the marrow. I have learned it because I thought I should perish after I saw the light. I learned it because I had almost lost my breath when I got up to the door and burst it in. So that it does not follow that a man is obliged to say, "I like the circumstance," in order to be content. Then a man must not confound content with a state of indifference. If a man has no sort of moral feeling he is perfectly content to sit in camp on the plains and hear what no man ought to hear. Not the common sewers of New York are the worst streams that empty into the sea; the worst sewer on the globe is the mouth of man, and the man who will sit in the midst of a crowd, and have poured into his ear hour after hour tales of blood whose recital should make him shiver in his coffin. If he has the heart of an alligator he may say, "I am content," for indifference is content. But insensibility was not in Paul's declaration. It was not the indifference of a man who had no sense of what was going on about him. He knew these things. He was not thinking of that when he said, "I am content;" content with all I see. Certainly we are not to understand content in any such sense as supineness, corpulent indifference. Paul was not a fat man surely. Paul was black haired, of bilious temperament—a man of intense feeling, but of that intense feeling which does not speak. There is much of intense feeling that comes by gusts and does not stop except by a change of wind. There were certain elements in his nature that remind one of the old German story of the Æolian harp made by the Count stretching great wires from his castle turrets that sounded to every breeze, and when the tempest came they roared out their great music. There were three or four great strings in the mind of this apostle, and when the wind blew it set them going, and they kept sounding and sounding and sounding, and he was not likely to feel contentment in any such sense as that of quiescence. The whole of his life, his journeys from city to city, his suffering, show that he was not content in any such sense as not to be enterprising.

If an apple-woman's stand upsets and the apples roll in every direction, that goes into the newspaper; if a wheel comes off a man's waggon, that goes into the newspaper; if anybody has anything that he wants to keep secret, that is sure to go into the newspapers. (Laughter) And there is a constant bringing into view these small facts and incidents of life, for a newspaper—a morning journal of the size of ours, with such a containing quantity of matter that must be fed to it—is like a whale who takes in hogsheads of water that he may squirt them out and get the handful of shrimps left behind. (Great laughter.) Though there are peculiar sufferings that are worthy to go down in the page of remembrance, and which are written in God's book of remembrance, they never find their way to the newspapers. I had here once a boy that walked all the way from Michigan for the purpose of gaining an education. He got a scholarship in the New York University, and to support himself he took a round of lamp lighting, and soon he added to that a distributing route of newspapers; he had a room of his own, and had his rice and his molasses and his Indian meal, and was his own housekeeper and washerwoman and steward and cook and factotum. Happy man (laughter); and so he worked his way meanly on every side that he might give to study some three or four hours of the day, and never lost his courage and perseverance through good to evil report, counting it a joy that he had a chance to light lamps or distribute newspapers, so that he could get the money he needed, and there (said Mr. Beecher, pointing to one of the pews) sits a man that helped him when he came to know about it, and who was his counsellor and friend. He said: "I am content with everything." Did he mean that he liked to get up at 3 in the morning. How would you like it? Did he like to cook his own porridge every morning and eat porridge every morning? How would you like it? It was the Lord he was after and all other things paled before it. A man will go down on the South Shore and crawl like a lizard on his belly in the damp grass by the hour, hoping for the flock of geese to come along, and that they may come near enough to be drawn near enough by his decoy for him to get a slap at them, and bring down four or five. He does not like this, but he gets his pay out of the geese.

In view of this one passage of Paul's experience I remark first. We see the absolute freedom that absorption gives to any great nature. Absorption in a great and worthy end sets the mind free from all those poor afflictions and annoyances that belong to a lower state, and you will understand it very well, because you practice it continually, and this is the way to escape the common troubles of life.

Christian brethren, one more application. If the Christian minister would stop disputing as to whether laying on of hands gives grace, as to whether the Church has the right to appoint who shall and who shall not preach, or to tell them what they shall preach and what let alone; if there was more zeal and power to bring Christian ministers into precisely the same state of mind as the Apostle Paul when he said, "Woe be to me if I preach not the gospel of Christ," it would be better. The reason why pulpits are barren and churches empty is that there is not the full consecration to the work of preaching that there should be. We are going to have a victory over the world, the flesh, and the devil, not by speeches, not by treaties, not by contests with scientists. If we are going to conquer it is because we are going to produce men and women that nobody can dispute. I care not for quarrels as to this school of art or that school; that school that produces the best pictures is the right school, and you cannot make communities of glorious men and women and deny that the cause that makes them is the cause that ought to have the preference.

Commercial.

GOLD IN NEW YORK . . . 113⅛

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28, 2:30 p.m.

Cotton heavy, at 15⅞ for middling up lands.

Flour in very moderate request, without decided change; receipts 6,000 bls., sales 11,000 bls., quotations unchanged.

Rye-flour firm, and in fair demand, from $4.10 to 5.20.

Specie shipments to Europe to-day were $800,000, of which $600,000 was gold coin, 100,000 gold bars, and the remainder silver.

The Havana steamer took $50,000 gold coin.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 28, 5.30 p. m.

Cotton—Sales on basis of Middling Up lands, nothing below; good ordinary shipped January at 7 11-16d.

London Markets.

LONDON, Jan. 28, 12.30 p.m.

The Directors of the Bank of England to-day fixed the minimum rate of discount at the Bank at 3 per cent. Consols: Money, 92¼ to 92⅜; for account, 92⅜ to 92½; United States 520 bonds, 65s; old, 107⅞; new fives, 102⅞; Erie, 26⅛.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE,
Jan. 28th.

FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	5 75 to 6 00
Extra	5 75 to 6 00
Superfine, No. 1	5 00 to 5 25
Cornmeal, per brl	4 50 to 4 75
Oatmeal, do	5 00 to 5 50
Bran, per cwt	0 80 to 0 90
GRAIN.	
Spring Wheat, per bushel	$1 00 to 1 10
Fall Wheat	1 10 to 1 25
Oats	0 40 to 0 45
Peas	0 60 to 0 70
Barley	0 80 to 0 90
Rye	0 90 to 1 00
Corn	0 75 to 0 80
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	1 25 to 1 40
DAIRY, VEGATABLES AND FRUITS.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 28 to 0 30
Tub Butter do	0 27 to 0 28
Cheese, do	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 25 to 0 00
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 35 to 0 40
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbages, each	0 10 to 0 15
Onions, per bush	1 40 to 1 50
Beets	0 45 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	3 50 to 3 75
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Ducks, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Turkeys, each	1 00 to 1 15
Geese, each	0 50 to 0 60
Patridges, per pair	0 50 to 0 60
Feathers	0 60 to 0 75
Wool	0 40 to 0 45
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	5 00 to 5 50
Pork, do	9 00 to 9 75
Mutton, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Lamb, do	0 08 to 0 10
Veal, do	0 07 to 0 10
Lard, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tallow, do	0 15 to 0 20
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 20
Bacon, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 35
Venison	0 12 to 0 15
FISH.	
White Fish, do	0 10 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 17 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	6 50 to 7 00
Oysters, per can	0 35 to 0 40
Haddock, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Cod, do	0 07 to 0 08
Trout, do	0 10 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality, per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 75 to 4 25
Hemlock, per cord	2 75 to 3 50
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Egg, do	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Soft, do	9 00 to 9 50
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 6½ to 0 00
Sheepskins, each	0 85 to 0 90
Calfskins, per lb	0 00 to 0 00
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	18 00 to 20 00
Hay, Clover, do	16 00 to 17 00
Straw, do	8 00 to 10 00

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00, and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists.

Tenders.

Ottawa Water Works.

Notice to Brass Founders.

TENDERS will be received until noon of

Wednesday, the 10th Day of Feb. Next,

—FOR—

BRASS SERVICES,

Containing Stop Cocks, Tops and Couplings.

Plans, specifications and samples can be seen at the Water Commissioners' Office, Rideau-st., on and after Monday, the 1st of February next.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

By order, C. R. CUNNINGHAM,
Jan. 27, 1875. 3753-4 Sec. W. W. C.

Ottawa Water Works.

LEAD PIPE WANTED.

TENDERS will be received until noon of

Wednesday, 10th day of February next,

for 2 tons Lead Pipe and 20 tons Pig Lead. To be delivered at the opening of navigation

Further information can be obtained at the Water Commissioners office, Rideau street or at the Engineer's office, Pooley bridge. The lowest tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
C. R. CUNNINGHAM,
Ottawa, 27th Jan., 1875. Sec. W. W. C. 3754-4

Miscellaneous.

SACRED MUSIC BOOKS

FOR 1875

RIVER OF LIFE.

(35 cts.) A most beautiful Sunday School Book. H. S. Perkins and W. S. Bentley.

LEADER.

($1.38.) Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

THOMAS'S QUARTETS AND ANTHEMS

($2 50.) Perfect music of the best class, for Quartet Choirs. E. E. Thomas.

DANKS' ANTHEMS&SERVICES.

($2 50). Anthem music of excellent quality for all the services of the Episcopal Church. H. P. Danks.

PERKINS' ANTHEM BOOK.

($1 50.) Easy Anthems. Very full, good, and already popular collection. W. O. Perkins.

SONG MONARCH.

(75cts.) For Singing Schools. Not much Sacred Music, but an admirable preparatory course, with a large quantity of so color music for practice. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

All books sent post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co.,
711 Broadway, New York.
OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

LADIES' SCHOOL,

206 Wellington Street,

LADY PRINCIPAL.....MISS MANN,

Assisted by an excellent staff of English Teachers and Professors.

The next term commences FEB. 20TH.

Vacancies for two boarders.

Applications to be made to the Lady Principal, or to

REV. H. POLLARD,
Jan. 27, 1875. Secretary. 3753-2w.

TO SPECULATORS!!

FOR SALE, the West Half of Lots 3 and 4, Block B, Le Breton's Plan, fronting on Duke Street, and in rear on Brittania Terrace, with Buildings thereon, viz., on Duke Street, one three and a half storey Brick Building (not veneered), occupied as Shops and Dwellings; sheds, &c., in rear, and fire wall for about 100 feet; in Brittania Terrace, one Wooden Tenement—the whole now renting for $600 annum; or, if preferred, the whole of the two lots will be sold together, with Buildings, &c., which rents for about $1,800 per annum.

For terms and particulars, enquire of the Proprietor, on the Premises.

JAS. ASHFIELD,

Crockery, Glassware, and Coal Oil Merch't,

DUKE STREET.

Jan 21, 1875. 3743

The Canadian Washer — A. B. GILLES, Manufacturer of Washers, &c., between Rideau and Bolton streets, Ottawa. — OTTAWA, Jan. 15, 1875. — Mr. GILLES, manufacturer of the Canadian Washer, &c.: Sir—I am using one of your Washers, and find it all you claim for it. I would not part with it if I could not get another with it, if it is as really a good one as the first. M. A. DE P. DE JEAN, M.D.

NOTICE.

All those having claims against the estate of the late Jas. Hogg, Billings' Bridge, will please communicate with his son, who has authority to deal with the matter.

Address, JOHN HOGG,
Billings' Bridge.
Jan. 19, 1875. 3745-3d2w

MINERAL WATER.

The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Diseases and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McGarity's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Center Town, and Dr. Carson's, Lower Town.

Oct. 27th 1874. 3728-3m

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.

The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.

ALEX. ROBERTSON,
Rideau-St.

BUFFALO ROBES

AND

BLANKETS

Selling Far Under Cost, by

J. BERMINGHAM.

The subscriber having received last Fall a consignment of 300 Hudson Bay Co.'s Buffalo Robes, has a few left, which he will sell very cheap, to close the consignment.

He has also several large sized Horse Blankets, which will be sold at less than cost.

Private sale every day.

For good and cheap lined and unlined Robes, go to BERMINGHAM'S, opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

"A Repository of Fashion Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR.

ILLUSTRATED.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of

The Times

VOL. VIII. NO. 3756. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 30 1875 PRICE 3 CENTS.

Wants.

WANTED—Six Dining Room Girls and Housemaids. None but those thoroughly qualified need apply. W. MILLS, CLARENDON HOUSE, Sussex Street. 3756tf

PARTNER WANTED—A Partner having a Capital of about $3000 is wanted to assist in carrying on a patent manufacture, the returns of which are immediate and the Profit over 100 per cent, and the Sale unlimited. For further Information apply to J. BIRMINGHAM. 3786

WANTED—Four rooms during the session in convenient locality. Addres G, TIMES Office. 3756-2in.

WANTED—By two gentlemen, two Bedrooms and a Sitting-Room, without board, within five minutes' walk of post office. Address R. TIMES Printing Office. Jan. 28, 1875. 3755-tf

WANTED—At Noonan's Restaurant, a good smart Waiter, to whom the highest wages will be paid. Jan. 28, 1875. 3754-3

WANTED—Two bedrooms and private sitting-room, with board, for two gentlemen. Address J. M., this Office. Jan. 28, 1875. 3754-3

WANTED.

A Teacher for the Roman Catholic Separate School No. 3, township of March. Male or Female. For further particulars apply to E. KIRWAN, South March P. O. Nov. 13.

HELP WANTED.

100 men and women wanted to sell a complete history of the "Life, Labours and Death of Livingstone," also "The Family Bible," both Protestant and Catholic, beautifully illustrated. Together with Maps, Charts and a great variety of pictures. For particulars address SCHUYLER SMITH & CO., Publishers, London, Ont.

WORK FOR ALL

At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable package of goods by mail free. Address with the cent return stamp, M. Young, 173 Greenwich street, New York.

$100 TO $250 PER MONTH and expenses sure to Agents everywhere, selling our New Braided White Wire Rope Clothes Line. Sells readily at every house. Samples free. Address, HUDSON RIVER WIRE CO., 78 King Street west, Toronto, Ontario.

MONEY—WAGES!

TO ALL HAVING SPARE TIME. $30 a week guaranteed. business new and permanent, home or abroad, day or evening; no capital required. thousands coining money. Full instructions and samples [that retail for 5] mailed free. Address R. J. STANTON, Hoboken, N. J.

$77 A WEEK to Male and Female Agents in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars FREE. P. O. VICERY & Co. Augusta. Me.

$5 TO $20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted. All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all their time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post Card to States costs but two cents. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. y3m5daw.

WANTED.—We will give Men and Women

A BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; it is a rare chance for those out of employment or having spare time; girls and boys frequently doas well as men. Particulars and address

J. LATHAM & Co.
Washington St. Boston, M

AGENTS WANTED.

Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to F. M. REED, 8th St. New York.

$500 PER MONTH TO LIVE MEN. Send $5 for Agent's outfit, which will sell for $10, or money refunded. A. D. CABLE, 568 Craig-st., Montreal. Nov. 27, 1874. 1mdaw

Lost.

LOST—On the 20th inst., between Eastern Block of Government Buildings and the Store of R. Bishop & Son, Sparks street, a pair of Gold Spectacles. The finder, leaving them at this Office, will be suitably rewarded. Jan. 22, 1875. 3750.

Board & Lodging.

To Members of Parliament and Others.

MRS. McINTYRE,
—HAVING—

REMOVED to the commodious dwelling house on Wellington-st., lately occupied by the Bank of Montreal, and Church of England Ladies' College, has the honour to announce to Members of Parliament and others that she is prepared to afford comfortable apartments with Board. Jan. 22, 1875. 3748tf

BOARD with or without rooms, and rooms without board. Table and rooms first-class. Corner of Sparks and Bank streets, and within two minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings. MRS. FORGIE. Jan. 22, 1875. 3749-5m

Meetings.

THE OTTAWA

Iron and Steel Manufacturing Company,

(LIMITED.)

The first Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company called for Thursday, the 14th instant, is postponed, pending the passing of the Amendments to the Act of Incorporation now before the Quebec Legislature.

A general meeting will be called as soon as these Amendments shall have become law, of which due notice will be given.

R. W. CRUICE,
Secretary pro tem.

Jan. 12, 1875.

COUNTY OF CARLETON GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the Directors' Room, at the Hospital, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of FEBRUARY NEXT, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the election of Directors.

WM. PENNOCK,
J. DURIE,
THOS. PATTERSON
JAS. PEACOCK,
A. ROWE.

Jan. 4, 1874. 3734m1

Legal Notices.

D. R. AVERILL, of New York, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act enabling him to obtain Letters Patent of Invention for certain Improvements in Paints.

H. J. GIBBS,
Solicitor for Applicants.
Dec 26, 1874. 3728-9 laws

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament for a Bill to Incorporate the Lower Ottawa Boom Company, the object of said Company being to place Booms in the Ottawa River wherever the same may be deemed necessary between the City of Ottawa and the Village of Hawkesbury, for the purpose of catching escaped Saw Logs, Timber and Lumber, and to levy and collect tolls for the maintenance of the same with power to the Company to acquire and hold lands necessary for the exercise of their corporate powers.

COCKBURN, WRIGHT & CLEMOW,
Solicitors for the Company.
Dec. 21, 1874. 3727-2awk2m

Carpets.

OTTAWA

CARPET AND FURNITURE HOUSE.

SHOOLBRED & CO.

Desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now receiving regular consignments of Furniture of all descriptions from Messrs. R. Hay & Co.,

[late Jacques & Hay,] Toronto, &c. &c., to which they confidently invite the attention of purchasers, both as regards Workmanship, Quality and Good Value, as we are selling at a Small Advance on Mill Prices.

A Large Stock of Curtains on Hand.
SHOOLBRED & CO.
49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 4, 1875.

Business Cards.

T. C. COURSOLLE,
Architect and Measurer.
63 Sparks Street, Ottawa 2

DONALD M. GRANT,
Insurance and Real Estate Agent.
Mortgages purchased and Loans negotiated. OFFICE—No. 3 Bell's Block, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nov. 27 1874. 2499

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OFFICE—Regan's New Brick House
Besserer Street,
Nearly Opposite Protestant Hospital.
Oct. 20, 1874.

Bankers.

P. D. BROWNE,
Banker, Montreal
Dealer in Greenbacks, U. S. Bonds and Checks. Commercial paper discounted. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and U. S. Interest allowed on deposits. Oct. 20, 1874. 3030-Sawky.

BOND BROTHERS,
Bankers and Stock Brokers, Montreal.
Negotiate sales of Property and Patents, and organize Companies. Money invested in first-class securities to pay 7 and 8 per cent. interest. Stocks purchased and carried on a margin of 10 per cent. interest at lowest current rates. Dec. 3, 1874. 3709y3awk

CHRISTIAN, GALT & CO.,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
384 NOTRE DAME-ST.
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30, 1874. 3695-3m

Legal Cards.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Barrister, Conveyancer, &c., Solicitor in Chancery.
Office—Opposite the Russell House, over Gibson's Confectionary.
Money to lend on Real Estate. 3727-1y.

O'CONNOR & O'DOHERTY,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Mosgrove's Building Rideau-st., Ottawa.
HON. JOHN O'CONNOR, Q.C. G. J. O'DOHERTY.
Dec. 4, 1874.

SCOTT, STEWART & GORMULLY,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys and Conveyancers, &c.
Bell's Block, Elgin-st.
HONBLE. R. W. SCOTT, Q. C.
McLEOD STEWART. J. J. GORMULLY.
Oct. 17, 1874.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
OTTAWA, ONT.
DANIEL O'CONNOR. | W. D. HOGG.
Sept. 9, 1874. 2867

WALKER, CASSELS & PENNOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors, Attorneys, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c.,
Office—Bell's Block, opposite Russell House.
W. H. WALKER. | R. CASSELS, Jr. | P. PENNOCK.
July 21, 1874. 2625

J. W. W. WARD,
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitors, &c.,
Office—Over Mr. B. Huckell's Flour Store, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. 2830y

FELLOWES, O'GARA, LAPIERRE & REMON,
Barristers, Solicitors Notaries, &c.
Offices—Elgin Street, Ottawa, Ontario, (near Russell House).
R. B. L. FELLOWS, Q. C., MARTIN O'GARA, | HORACE LAPIERRE, EDWARD P. REMON
2485

TAILLON & CHRYSLER,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c.
Office—Hardy's Block, Rideau Street.
G. TAILLON. | F. H. CHRYSLER.
June 3, 1873.

PINHEY, CHRISTIE & HILL,
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,
(Of the late firm of Lewis & Pinhey.)
OFFICES—Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. PINHEY. | A. J. CHRISTIE. | H. P. HILL.
Feb. 5, 1874. 484-3m

W. MARSHAL MATHESON,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary, &c.
Office—Master in Chancery Chambers, Court House, Ottawa, Canada.

L. W. P. COUTLEE, B.C.L.,
Barrister, Advocate, &c.
Main Street, Hull, P. Q. 2528-6m.

C. V. H. FERLAND,
Advocate.
Temporary Office at Dr. Jos. Beaudin's, Main Street, Hull.
Hull, March 9, 1874. 2612y

O. ARCHAMBAULT,
Notary Public and Advocate,
Has opened an office in the Village of Hull, Province of Quebec, for the transaction of all Notarial and Legal business, either in the Province of Quebec or Ontario. Special care given to the collection of accounts in both Provinces.
Hull, Oct. 28, 1874. 2464

THOMAS P. FORAN,
Advocate, Solicitor, &c.
No. 12 St. James Street, . . MONTREAL.
Sept. 9, 1873. 2262-3m

Medical Cards.

DR. LOGAN,
Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
Residence—Albert Street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to diseased and displacements of the uterus. 1753

DR. J. P. LYNN,
May be consulted at his Office, corner of O'Connor and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1874. 2461.

DR. BURROWS, C.M.L.C.P.S.L.C., M.C P.S.O.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Surgeon Northumberland and Durham Cavalry. Late Associate Coroner N. and D.
Office and Residence:—Corner of Hugh and Sparks sts. 2556-6m

DR. O. C. WOOD,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher,
OTTAWA, ONT.
Day Office—Sparks-st., Centre Town. Night Office—at his residence, Maria-st., Centre Town. Cancers cured without the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated if required.

DR. J. D. R. MACDONELL,
Ottawa South side of Rideau-st., near Gloucester.
Consultations at all hours. 2454.

W. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, also of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
OFFICE—41½ Sparks-st. 2522y.

TALMAGE'S PAPER.
THE CHRISTIAN AT WORK.
"THE BEST RELIGIOUS PAPER."
A CHOICE OF
TWO BEAUTIFUL PREMIUMS.
An Illuminated Portfolio of Twelve Gems by Hendschel, each 8½ x 10½ in., or the superb Chromo, "The Twins," 22x28 in., after Landseer. Price $3.25, including postage. No extras of any kind. Without Premium, $3 per annum.
ATTENTION, AGENTS.
Liberal commission and exclusive territory. Samples and circulars free. Send Postal Card at once to
HORATIO C. KING,
Publisher,
Box 5105. New York
Oct. 26.

NOTICE.
All those having claims against the estate of the late Jas. Hogg, Billings' Bridge, will please communicate with his son, who has authority to deal with the matter.
Address, JOHN HOGG,
Billings' Bridge.
Jan. 19, 1875. 3746-3&2w

Amusements.

UNDER the distinguished patronage of their Excellencies
EARL AND COUNTESS DUFFERIN.
GALA OPENING FOR ONE NIGHT,
—OF—
GOWAN'S NEW OPERA HOUSE!
And Grand Benefit for Mr. Gowan.
Monday Evening, February 1st,
First appearance in this city, for many years of the
Holman English Opera Company!
When will be presented the beautiful Opera of
The Grand Duchess,
With a full and efficient cast, and all the original music.
Gorgeous Scenery, Wardrobe, &c.

Seats secured at Gowan's, Sparks-st. Orchestra Chairs, $5; Family Circle, $4; Balcony, $3 50; Gallery, $1.

In order to secure choice of seats, parties should apply before they are put up at auction. The seats will be sold without reserve on Wednesday evening, 27th, at 8 o'clock, at the Russell House.

Ottawa, Jan. 26 1875.

Grocers.

BUTTER,
Butter, Butter.
CAMPBELL & ALMAS
Have received a very choice lot of Finest Dairy Butter from the West which they can recommend to the public as well as their customers, as being in quality
SECOND TO NONE,
Also, a choice lot of Stilton & Chadder cheese Morrison, Taylor & Co's. celebrated Hams Bacon, and Spiced Meats, constantly on hand
CAMPBELL & ALMAS,
86 Sparks street.
Ottawa, January 25, 1875

GO TO
EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE'S
FOR YOUR
GROCERIES.
You will always find a full stock of Groceries Glassware and Crockery at prices that can't be obtained elsewhere.
FINE
Uncolored Japan Tea,
Only 50c. per lb.
Apples wholesale and retail.
EDWARDS & RUTLEDGE,
Cor. Kent and Wellington-sts.
Jan. 9, 1875. 1872

SAVE MONEY BY USING
The British Egg and Butter Powder!
A perfect substitute for Eggs, and a great saving in Butter, for making all kinds of
Pastry and Cakes, &c.,
Sold in Packets—10cts., by all Grocers.
Ask for, and insist on having it.
Agents for Ottawa District—
CHAS. STEPHENSON & Co.
3 and 4 Victoria Chambers, Wellington Street
Dec. 24, 1874.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!
SAPOLIO,
For Polishing and Cleaning purposes, for Metals, Shop Windows, China, &c., &c.
HAND SAPOLIO,
For Cleansing purposes. A most desirable substitute for soap, especially for artisans and mechanics.
Apply to any Grocer, Druggist, or Hardware shop.
Dec. 29, 1874. 3730-3awk

Burnett's Cocoaine
Prevents the Hair from Falling.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Promotes its Healthy Growth.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Is not Greasy nor Sticky.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Leaves no Disagreeable Odor.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Subdues Refractory Hair.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Soothes the Irritated Scalp-Skin.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Affords the Richest Lustre.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Is not an Alcoholic Wash.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Kills Dandruff.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Gives New Life to the Hair.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Remains Longest in Effect.
50 and 75 cents per Bottle.
PERRY DAVIS & SON & LAWRENCE,
MONTREAL, P. Q.
Agents for Dominion of Canada.
JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., BOSTON,
Proprietors.

H. M. ROWE & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
BALTIMORE OYSTERS
To be had in perfection, at
James Buchanan's
SUSSEX STREET
January 6th, 1875. 1m

SMOKERS!
For a Good Smoke
—USE THE—
MYRTLE NAVY.
See T. & B. on each Plug.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

COUNTY OF CARLETON } By virtue of a writ of TO WIT. } *Fieri Facias*, issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Toronto, and to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements of William Willis, at the suit of Henry James, I have seized and taken in execution all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said defendant, in and to the north-west half of lot number thirty-three in the second concession, in the Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, which I will offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on *Thursday*, the eighth day of April, in the year of our Lord 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JOHN NICHOLSON, Dy. Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office,
Ottawa, 6th January, 1875. 3735-1d a 12w

Summary of News.

Her Majesty has summoned the members of the Cabinet to Osborne, but of course the purpose of their attendance is not explained.

The amendments to Mr. Ventavon's Constitutional Laws Bill were rejected in the French Assembly yesterday. Mr. Louis Blanc, notwithstanding the motion he made previous, voted for the bill, and the Ministry and Right against it.

A letter from Kansas says the situation there is growing worse daily, and that there had been several deaths from starvation. It says "many more will starve unless helped, for there is not one man in a hundred with enough grain to last through the winter?"

There was quite a lively debate in the Quebec Legislature yesterday over the Hon. Mr. Church's Bill, and it was referred back to Committe on the Whole for further amendments. Mr. Langelier is to move several important amendments when it comes up for discussion again.

The U. S. Congress has tested its powers of endurance to a considerable extent, during the week, with the result of showing that they cannot speak against time forever. They held out, however, tolerably well considering, and only adjourned after a sederunt of forty-six hours and a half, when they could sit no longer, without coming to any decision on the Civil Rights Bill, which has been the bone of contention.

Every preparation is evidently being made by King Alfonso and his adherents to crush his rival Don Carlos, but that wily warrior will likely give the Royalist troops some trouble before they exterminate the rebellion led by him, if ever they succeed in doing so. If success is the reward of perseverance, certainly Don Carlos deserves to succeed, and it would not be at all surprising to soon behold the turn of Fortune's wheel which would place him on the throne now held by his cousin.

By Telegraph.

MID-NIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Titles of Honour.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The *Post* announces that the Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath has been offered to Mr. Carlyle, and that Alfred Tennyson is to be made a Baronet.

The Cabinet Summoned to Osborne.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—A telegram has been received from the Queen, who is at Osborne, demanding the immediate attendance at that place of the Cabinet Ministers.

FRANCE.

Laboulaye's Amendment Rejected.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—The Assembly this afternoon, by a vote of 335 yeas against 359 nays, rejected M. Laboulaye's amendment to the Ventavon bill, providing that the Senate Chamber of Deputies and the President of the Republic should compose the government, the last named to be chief of the executive power.

PARIS, Jan 29.—M. Louis Blanc, notwithstanding the motion and speech he made yesterday, voted to-day for M. Laboullay's amendment, as did all the Radical deputies. The entire Ministry and Right Centre voted against it. The clause of Ventavon's bill providing that legislative power shall be exercised by the Senate and Chamber of Deputies, the latter to be elected by universal suffrage, was debated and passed. M. Mallon, Bonapartist, moved an amendment providing for the organization of Government without proclaiming the Republic. The discussion on this amendment was postponed until to-morrow. The Left will probably give its support to the proposition to make the President re eligible for an indefinite period.

SPAIN.

Commencement of the Campaign.

MADRID, Jan. 29.—The movement of the army of the north has begun. Three important positions have been captured in the valley of Carascal. There is a gradual advance all along the lines. A general attack on the Carlist positions is expected to-morrow.

SANTANDER, Jan. 29.—One battalion and three companies landed from a Spanish transport at Guetaria yesterday, and occupied Zarauz.

UNITED STATES.

A Dead Defaulter.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 29.—James R. Howison, the prominent lawyer, who died recently, is discovered to be a defaulter of trust funds to the amount of $60,000, and to have borrowed large amounts on fraudulent mortgages. Several officers and professors at the Naval Academy had various sums on deposit with him, all of which is lost. Bishop O'Denshire, Howison's father-in-law, is said to have lost $10,000, and the total of losses will reach $150,000.

Off the Track.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 29.—A line of cars loaded with cattle ran off the track near Tarrytown this morning. Several cattle were killed, but no serious detention of trains occurred.

Adjourned at Last.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 29.—The House adjourned at 10:25 this morning, after a continuous session of forty-six hours and twenty-five minutes. There was no compromise. The motion to adjourn was made by Ward, of Illinois, who said the extent of human endurance had been reached, and that no legislation could be reached under the present rules of the House. He was unwilling to submit to torture longer, and therefore moved to adjourn. The vote was 75 against 60. Nineteen Republicans voted the affirmative. The House will meet on Saturday at noon.

The Kansas Famine.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—A letter published, signed J. J. Donell, Corresponding Secretary, Burr Oak Aid Society, Burr Oak, Kansas, says "The situation in Kansas grows worse every day. Ten miles west of this place two families have starved; one contained 8 persons. The man was sick with fever, and a terrible snow storm kept his wife from appealing to other settlers for assistance. When found the husband, wife and six children were dead. The other family consisted of a delicate woman and one. The husband went to St. Joseph's for help, but when it came, the mother and child were dead. Many more will starve unless helped, for there is not one man in a hundred with enough grain to last through the winter?

The Pacific Investigation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 29.—The Committee of Ways and Means adjourned the subsidy question till to-morrow. Sergt.-at-Arms Ordway, and a gentleman of New York, whose name is not mentioned, will testify before the Committee to-morrow or Monday.

Two Trains Burned.

At Sifford this morning an eastward bound gravel train on the New York Road, ran into another bound in the same direction, which was standing on the track. Fire broke out, and it is said both trains were destroyed. One of the firemen was killed. The track was clear at 11 o'clock.

Mill Burned.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The paper mill at Millburn, N. J., known as Fandago, and owned by Dr. Henderson, was burned yesterday. The loss is about $40,000.

An Ice Gorge.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 28.—To-day the ice gorge in the river below this city gave way. The steamers at the wharf all escaped damage, but the coal barges lying on either side below the city suffered considerably. About 40 loaded and empty barges were torn loose, some of which were sunk, and many were carried down the river. The loss on coal and barges is estimated at $50,000.

Wisconsin Election.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Balloting for U. S. Senator in Wisconsin and West Virginia continued yesterday without any result. In Wisconsin, Carpenter's chances seem improving.

Attempted Suicide.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Graty Nathan nephew of ex-Judge Cardoso, formerly Assistant Corporation Attorney, and well known receiver in ring cases, attempted suicide by taking laudanum in his office last evening.

Election of a Senator.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 29.—The first ballot for the United States Senate to-day resulted as follows: Carpenter, 60; Bragge, 52; Cole, 72.

Fire.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—A fire occurred this morning in Stratford's oakum factory, Jersey City, which destroyed the building with machinery. Loss, $20,000.

Loan Contract.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The contract for the negotiation of the five per cent. funded loan, made with Belmont & Co., and Rothschild & Son, was renewed at the Treasury to-day. The house of J. S. Morgan & Co., of London, has been added to the combination firm. The subscription now made is for $25,600,000, with six months' option for balance.

Subsidy Refused.

T. Scott's bill to extend aid to the Atlantic and Pacific, and Texas Pacific Railroad Cos., by a Government guarantee of the interest on the bonds of the companies, still hangs in the Committee of the two Houses. The indications are that it will pass the Committees, but it cannot pass the House this session. There is too strong a feeling against subsidies of any kind, and the bill will lay over to the next session, when a Democratic House will look more favourably upon it.

Senate Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The discussion of general questions in the Senate caucus developed a great lack of harmony in the views of those present. It is now considered probable that a sufficient number of Republicans will unite with the Democrats to prevent the passage by the Senate of the resolution for a recognition of the Kellogg Government, and that therefore Pinchback will not be admitted. In this proable event, the responsibility of deciding whether or not the Kellogg administration is the legal Government of Leuisiana will again be left with the President. It is understood there will be three reports from the Privileges and Election Committee on the question of Pinchback's right to admission as a senator. Mr. Morton, in behalf on the majority, who will, it is believed, report that Pinchback is entitled to a seat in the Senate. Soulsbury, of Md., and Hamilton, of Md., will submit their views to the contrary, and Alcorn will favour a new election, though in case the Senate passes a resolution recognising the Kellogg Government, he will feel called upon to vote for Pinchback's administration thereunder. Carpenter is still absent, but will probably concur with Alcorn in recommending a new election, as he took this view of the subject when the matter was in controversy two years ago.

Imprisonment for Life.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Jan. 29.—Wm. B. Libby, convicted of murdering Irving Longworthy, of Stonington, has been sentenced to imprisonment for life.

The Wrecked Trains.

PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 29.—Neither of the freight trains which met with an accident near Hohokus, on the Erie Railroad to-day, were destroyed, though they were badly burned.

Burglar Shot.

BEVERLEY, N. J., Jan. 29.—While burglars were attempting to enter the house of Joseph Parker last night, one of them was shot by Parker's son, the shot taking fatal effect, it is thought, as the man dropped to the pavement, and was carried away by his companions.

Militia Disbanded.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 29.—Governor Chamberlain, in accordance with the recommendations of Judge Mackey, has issued a proclamation disarming the turbulent colored militia of Edgefield county, and disbanding all military organizations of every kind in the country. The Governor also proclaims that he is ready to remove any county official upon reasonable proof of misconduct in office, and enjoins upon all citizens to refrain from all acts tending to produce excitement. Quiet now prevails in Edgefield.

Indignation.

CHARLESTON, West Va., Jan. 29.—Much indignation and excitement has been created in the Democratic caucus over the reports to throw overboard the present Senatorial candidates, and probably Governor Jacobs. The report was denied. A formal vote is taken daily in the Legislature. Walker is ahead in both caucus and Legislature. Camden comes next. The vote stands as follows: Walker, 23; Camden, 21; Price, 12; Brannon, 10. The remaining 10 scattering. Thirty-seven votes are necessary to a choice.

Another Attempt to Burn the Navy Department.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—A third incendiary attempt this week to burn down Navy Department madethis eveninen g about six o'cock. The fire was discoverted by a messenger in the bureau of steam and engineering, but by the time 10 or 12 log books had been destroyed the flames were suppressed.

THE BEECHER-TILTON TRIAL.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.

There was a great crowd of lawyers this morning in the court-room to hear arguments for and against the admission of Theodore Tilton as a witness. Beecher and his family were absent, but Mr. Tilton sat among his counsel.

Mr. EVARTS concluded his argument, and was followed by Mr. Roger, A. Pryor and Judge Beach for the defence. Mr. Evarts then spoke again until the hour of adjournment. Judge Nielson will render his decision on the admissibility of Tilton's evidence on Monday, to which time the court has adjourned.

There are 787 islands off the coast of Scotland, of which about 186 are inhabited. Many of them are very small, mere rocks rising out of the sea, without vegetation of any kind.

Blondin now proposes to walk on a tight rope from the Pyramid of Cheops to that of Kephron. He has the plans and estimates of stretching the rope, &c., which will cost 9,000 dollars. He is going to try it.

A philological lawsuit is pending between the proprietors of the Swiss hotels Axenstein and Axenfels concerning the right to use the latter name. It turns upon the delicate question as to whether a rock is a stone.

Gents, try MacLaren & Chalmers' cutter One trial will secure to them your patronage. 3698

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE

(By Telegraph.)

Great Fire in Quebec.

DESTRUCTION OF BEAUPORT ASYLUM

Two Patients Burned to Death.

QUEBEC, Jan. 29.

Beauport Lunatic Asylum burned down to-night. Two patients burnt to death. Loss about $75,000. Little insurance.

TORONTO.

Curling Club Banquet—Street Collision—Entertainment in the Asylum—Curlians.

TORONTO, Jan. 29.

A banquet was given by the Toronto Curling Club at the Queen's Hotel this evening in honour of the members of the Buffalo Curling Club, who are matched to play the Torontonians.

Yesterday forenoon an accident occurred on King street West, through a market waggon coming into collision with a bill-poster's sleigh, the functionary of which was fixing up public announcements. The damage done was not great, and after paying compensation for the injury the farmer proceeded on his way homewards.

Last night the inmates of the Asylum were treated to their annual festival, which on this occasion took the form of a dramatic entertainment, in place of a ball, and which appeared to contribute to the pleasure of the patients nearly as much as the events of any evening's dance. A party of ladies and gentlemen from the city had the management of the stage, and performed a humorous piece with great success and cleverness. Then there were songs and recitations, and music on the piano and violin. The entertainment was of a character that would have passed fairly at any concert, and was certainly appreciated in the heartiest manner by the audience. There was probably an assemblage of 300 patients, and their discrimination in determining the moment to applaud was quite equal to that of an average audience in one of our theatres; while the general demeanour was that of gratification.

A very keenly contested curling match between the Hamilton Thistle Club and the Heather Club of Scarboro' was played on the Adelaide Street rink, resulting in a majority for the Heather Club of ten shots. When it is remembered that the reputation of both clubs has stood very high for the last twenty-five or thirty years, it is not surprising so much interest was taken in the contest. In no time during the game until the last end was played was either club more than seven shots ahead, and during the greater part of the game there was only one or two difference between them. The game lasted four hours.

It is rumoured that Mr. S. E. Wood, M. P., for South Victoria, is likely to take the place of Treasurer Crooks. He has shown great ability in dealing with financial questions and would be a great accession to the Ministry.

MONTREAL.

Fire-Call Accepted-Water Works—Curliana—Stocks.

MONTREAL, Jan. 29.

The cupola at Molson's brewery caught fire on Wednesday night, but was extinguished by the workmen before much damage was done.

Rev. Dr. Burns, of Cote Street Presbyterian Church, has accepted a call from the congregation of the Presbyterian Church at Fort Massey.

The Worthington duplex engine has been running for over a week now, and gives every satisfaction to the city authorities. A great saving is perceptible in the amount of fuel used.

A single handed curling match was played yesterday at the Montreal Curling Rink between His Excellency the Governor General and Colonel Dyde, six stones each. The ice was in excellent order and the game very keenly contested, Col. Dyde being victorious.

The stock market was firm but at Union 106; People's 111¼, closing at 111 to 111½; Royal Canadian at 97; closing at at 96¾ to 97¼; Telegraph 178¼, closing at 178 to 178¼; Merchants 118, closing at 117¼ to 117¾; Montreal, 188 to 188½; Ontario, 133¼ to 133¾; Molson's 117 to 117½; Commerce 133½ to 144.

LONDON.

Statistics—Inspection—Lecture—City Improvements—Fire Alarm—Election.

LONDON, Ont., Jan. 29.

The births registered during the year are 312; marriages, 208; deaths, 111.

Major Irwin, of the Kingston School of Gunnery, is in town inspecting the militia stores. Everything was found in good order.

Mrs. O'Donnell, wife of Senator O'Donnell, and Chief Superintendent of the Juvenile Temple, New York, lectured here on temperance last night, and again this evening.

London East is progressing rapidly in buildings. Some forty cottages were built last year, and some Hamilton capitalists are about to erect as many more on speculation.

The contractors commenced putting up the fire alarm signal boxes, sixteen in number, to-day. The system, when completed, will be as perfect as any in existence.

CALIFORNIA MINING EXCITEMENT.

The San Francisco *Chronicle* of January 17th says:—

"The stock gambling fever has spread among the labouring or producing classes of this city like a contagion. It approximates an epidemic, and the savings banks, with few exceptions, have felt the effects. The feminine element of the patrons of these institutions of trust is largely represented in the class that have withdrawn their savings for purposes of stock speculation. As a rule, in this respect, women are more reckless than men. They very rarely leave a balance on deposit after the fever seizes them. It has always been the custom for depositors in savings banks not to withdraw their balances during the month just preceding interest-day; by permitting them to remain with the banks their percentage on their savings was increased. The effect of the stock excitement first began to be appreciated by the banks early in December. Then depositors, who could have no special demand upon them for money save for speculative purposes, drew largely upon their little hoards, and as the month advanced the number of drafts daily increased. Many of the investments are unsafe, naturally. Inquiry has elicited the fact that men and women of the working classes have bought largely of the comparatively worthless stocks, which have risen sympathetically with the stocks of the bonanza mines. There is hardly an instance of speculation depositors returning their principal with or without profit. In one of the banks a servant girl had $670 on deposit. She drew the money and within a week lost it in Phill. Sheridan stock.

Quebec Legislature.

Second Parliament—Fourth Session.

QUEBEC, Jan. 29.

House met at 3:15.

After routine

Mr. DAVID presented a bill to amend the act incorporating the city of Montreal.

Mr. WATTS presented a bill to annex part of the township of Upton to the township of Granton.

Mr. BRIGHAM presented a bill to amend Chap. 71 of Counsel Statutes concerning the sale of drugs.

Mr. LAFRAMBOISE presented a bill to incorporate the National Society of Arts and Sciences.

Mr. DAVID, a bill to incorporate the St. Pierre Land and Manufacturing Company.

Dr. LARUE, a bill to allow Pierre Maynard to construct booms at the mouth of the bay of Besancour.

Mr. MOLLEUR, a bill to establish a system of Mutual Insurance, under the control and supervision of municipalities.

The House then went into committee on the Hon. Mr. Church's election bill. The committee rose and reported the bill with amendments.

Hon. ATTORNEY GENERAL moved the adoption of the report of the committee.

Mr. LANGELIER moved in amendment that the bill be referred back to the committee for further amendment, in order to extend the franchise to all householders, and to all occupants of stores not householders, and others similarly situated, but possessing with householders an equal stake in the country. He also wished the suffrage to be given to all who owned Dominion bonds or bank stock, or deposits in regularly organized savings bank to the amount of $300 six months before compilation of the voters list. He also advocated enfranchising all recipients of State pensions, representing at the rate of six per cent. an amount of $300; all graduates of colleges, universities, &c., of the Dominion or of the United Kingdom; also all barristers, notaries, and doctors.

Mr. BELLEROSE objected to the amendments, and appealed to the Conservatives to support his opposition, pointing out how much injury France has done herself by adopting these very amendments. He objected strongly to the proposed change in the qualification of members of the Legislative Assembly, and he declared himself opposed to the system of secret voting as a principle, but for the sake of uniformity he would not vote against it. It did not say much in favour of the ballot that out of the 88 elections just concluded in Ontario on that principle, 73 were contested, and he was convinced it could not be a success.

Hon. ATTORNEY-GENERAL observed that English rules did not apply here as in England, where a very small portion of men were proprietors. Further the law there provided that every voter must be an occupant, paying "scot and lot." The landed property of England was actually in the hands of some 30,000 or 50,000 individuals, and the tendency was still in the direction of a smaller number of the proprietary interests. With regard to enfranchising individuals, having savingbank deposits for a certain period, he held that if permitted the electoral lists would be crammed with voters, qualified upon false or trivial pretences. With regard to people holding State pensions, he could not see what advantage would be derived in adding them to the voting classes. They were insignificant in numbers, and generally would be electors in their own right. As to enfranchising collegiates and such like, it would in his opinion be discrediting less educated but none less worthy citizens of the country.

Mr. JOLY spoke strongly in favour of Mr. Langelier's amendment, by entering into a full and lengthy explanation of their value.

Mr. GERIN strongly advocated an intellectual franchise, contending that this was a class of people which was politically educated. He denied the parallel which the member for Laval had attempted to draw between the franchise in France and here, and commented on the advantage received by England and Scotland through their universities, whose representatives were and had been among the most brilliant and patriotic to be found in the Imperial Parliament. Referring to the Legislative Council, he likened it to Greenwich Hospital, as a receptacle for the political cripples of the country.

Hon. ATTORNEY GENERAL presented the seventh report of the committee on the Tanneries exchange, recommending that, to facilitate the completion of the inquiry, they be authorized to distribute the printing of the evidence between different offices. The report was adopted.

It being six o'clock, the House rose.

After Recess.

The bill to amend the act incorporating Sherbrooke, Eastern Townships, and Kennebec Railroad Company, 32 Vic., cap. 57—Hon. Mr. Robertson—passed.

The following bills were read a second time—Bill to amend the act of incorporation of the municipality of Saveur: Valin. Bill to incorporate the Atlantic Company: Alexander. Bill to incorporate the Windsor Hotel of Montreal: Alexander. Bill to incorporate the Royal Club of Montreal: De Beauju. Bill to amend An Act to incorporate the Montreal Omnibus and Transfer Company: Alexander. Bill to authorize the Corporation of the village af Hochelega to borrow money and for other purposes: Beaubien.

Several bills from the Legislative Council were read and advanced a stage, among them being that to give immediate effect to the act erecting the village of St. Henri des Tanneries into a town, which was read a third time and passed with amendments.

The debate of Mr. Langelier's amendments to the Hon. Mr. Church's election bill was then resumed.

After remarks from Mr. VALIN,

Hon. Mr. ANGERS followed, stating that last night the member for Montmagny had told the House that his amendments were the same as those proposed by the Right Hon. B. Disraeli, who was the leader of the English Conservatives. He quoted from the English Act to show that it did not provide, as the proposed amendments did, that every man who stepped under a roof had a vote. Mr. Disraeli had surrounded his with certain restrictions to the effect that each voter must have contributed towards the public revenue. With regard to enfranchising depositors in banks, he opposed the principle on the same grounds as those used by the Hon. Mr. Church, adding that the mere deposit of a few hundred dollars in a bank did not give a man the same interest as the possession of a freehold or leasehold property. That remark held good, too, so far as lodgers were concerned, and so as to pensioners, those who were at work had larger interests at stake than those who were not. He held that intellectual franchise was impossible. Intelligence could not be taxed. There must be something material upon which to impose it. In resuming his seat he said he felt assured that he had shown the Conservatives that the proposed amendments were not similar to those of the English Conservatives. With regard to advocates, notaries and other members of liberal professions, they must have an office, and upon that office they could get a vote.

Mr. LANGELIER in reply reiterated his arguments in favour of enfranchising lawyers, notaries, and others. The amendments were lost on a division.

Hon. Mr. IRVINE said he was sure that if the question came up on its merits there would be a large majority in favour of it. He thought it a pity the whole should be lost because a part, and that a small part, was bad.

Mr. GERIN regretted the motion had not been taken paragraph by paragraph, as then what the majority of members desired would have been accomplished.

On motion of Mr. DAVID the House again went into Committee on the bill. The Committee then rose and reported the bill with amendment.

Mr. LANGELIER said he had further important amendments to propose. The House adjourned at 10:30.

NEWCASTLE.

The Riots.

NEWCASTLE, N. B., Jan. 29.

Great excitement still prevails over the Caraquet affair. It appears that Gifford was shot on Thursday while making arrests of the leaders of the riot, in company with nine or ten special constables. They went to the house, enquired of the owner if any Frenchmen were there, who answered in the negative. The party immediately rushed up the stairs to the upper flat; Gifford led, and as his head appeared just above the landing, a shot was fired from a group of Frenchmen in a room, and Gifford was soon a corpse. The others sprang quickly up, and throwing themselves to the fore, fired at the party of Frenchmen, wounding two and taking the remainder prisoners. The military here are on the *qui vive*. Two detachments of the Newcastle Field Battery of Artillery, numbering thirty men and officers, left about three this afternoon. The officers are Capt. R. R. Call, commanding; Lieut. James Mitchell and Surgeon J. S. Benson. A large detachment of volunteers of the 72nd Battalion, left Chatham to-day for that place. They expect to reach Caraquet some time on Saturday. One of the Frenchmen wounded yesterday has since died.

BRANTFORD.

Supposed Murder.

BRANTFORD, Jan. 29.

Early yesterday morning parties coming to Brantford on the Cockshute road met a little girl crying, and on stopping to see what was wrong, she told them her father was murdering her mother. Proceeding to the place they found a woman named O'Brien insensible and her husband a short distance away. They went to O'Brien and got him to take her home in a sleigh, but it is supposed she died before reaching there. It is reported deceased was drunk and fell down, O'Brien then getting mad, commenced kicking and hitting her on the head with a slab of wood and otherwise abusing her. The slab was found at daylight covered with blood and long hair. The snow also was covered with blood, and appeared as if there had been quite a struggle. The deceased lived about five miles from Brantford. The Coroner has the case in hand. O'Brien was arrested and brought to Brantford this afternoon.

MOUNT FOREST.

Nomination for North Wellington.

MOUNT FOREST, Jan. 29.

A convention of Reform delegates from the various municipalities in the North Riding of Wellington will meet at Carroll's Hall, Arthur village, on Wednesday next, 3rd February, at one o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of nominating a candidate in the Reform interect for the House of Commons in view of the void ance of the late election. The present popular member, Col. Higinbottom, will again receive the nomination. A full representation of delegates is desired. At a Conservative Convention held at Arthur to-day, Mr. Geo. A. Drew, who was defeated at the last contest, was chosen the candidate in the Opposition interest.

A HORSESHOE FOR SLIPPERY STREETS.

The following communication, which originally appeared in the London *Times*, has attracted universal attention among all owners of horses in England. The condition of our streets and roads, and the apparent ignorance of the average blacksmith as to the best way of roughing or sharpening a horseshoe might make the communication of practical value to horsemen in this country:—

SIR: The great importance, in a human and utilitarian point of view, of discovering some means, at once simple, efficient, and inexpensive, which would enable horses to perform their work with safety on ice-covered roads, has engaged my attention for many years, and I have put every device to the severe practical test of daily use as opportunity offered; but all, except one, have failed to realize the above conditions. The ordinary method of roughing horses shoes is expensive, most inconvenient, lasts for only a short period, requires the farrier's aid every time it is necessary, and, if frequently repeated, is very injurious to the hoofs. It has nothing to recommend it save the plea that no better method is available. The screw studs and other appliances are expensive and troublesome and are seldom resorted to for these reasons.

Three years ago I tried a simple steel stud of a square shape, some two or three inches in length, one end of which is pointed; the other end, which has a very slight taper, fits tightly into a hole of corresponding size at the extremity of each branch or "heel" of the shoe, reaching nearly to, but not above, its foot surface.

Though so satisfied with this plan of insuring a horse's travelling with safety on slippery roads as to be able to recommend it in a new edition of a little essay on "Practical Horseshoeing," published a short time ago, yet it required a winter like the present—with snow and hard frost—to put its practical value really to the test. This I have done at this station since the severe weather began, the trial having been made on the horses of a company of the Army Service Corps, which have to draw heavy waggons every day along the very difficult streets of Chatham and Brompton.

During November, before the frost set in, the farrier-sergeant was instructed to punch the square holes in the shoes of every horse he shod. This entailed very little additional trouble, but insured the transport against surprise by the weather, for the studs were made at the same time and kept in readiness; indeed, these are so simple that a blacksmith's apprentice could provide any number of them in a very short space of time. When the roads became too slippery for other horses to be moved out of their stables, unless they were sent, not without risk, to the crowded forges to have their shoes taken off, sharpened and put on again, those of the Army Service Corps were rendered fit for immediate employment without the farrier by merely inserting a stud into each hole in the shoe and giving it a slight tap with the hammer to fasten it in, the foot being placed on the ground, the weight of the horse drove it home and kept it there. After the somewhat severe ordeal of the past three weeks, the farrier-sergeant's report to me to-day is that the method "answers admirably."

The simplicity, cheapness and great convenience of this mode of guaranteeing horses against injury and inefficiency during frost and snow, have prompted me to request you to give it publicity, as a contribution to the solution of a difficult problem, which is always presenting itself to horse owners and drivers during the winter in a climate like our own.

GEORGE FLEMING,
Veterinary Surgeon, Royal Engineers.
Brompton Barracks, Chatham, Jan 2nd.

THE TIMES

Is published every lawful morning. Price 15 cents per week, sent to subscribers in any part of Canada, SIX DOLLARS per annum.

The rate for Transient Advertisements is TEN CENTS PER LINE, nonpareil measure, for each insertion. For Special Notices TEN CENTS PER LINE, and for Paragraphs, Reports of Meetings, Financial Statements of Banks, Railway Companies, Insurance Companies, and matters of like description, inserted amongst the Reading Matter, FIFTEEN CENTS PER LINE.

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Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50c and deaths with funeral notices attached $1.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and contains news of the week from all parts of the world, valuable agricultural matter; and the chief editorial articles of THE DAILY TIMES; price $1.00 per annum in advance.

Complete and trustworthy Market Reports, Latest Telegraphic Despatches, Parliamentary Reports, and all other matter incident to a first class weekly newspaper.

Subscription Rates for the Daily Times.

When paid weekly, Twelve and a-half Cents. When paid yearly, Six Dollars in advance.

Ottawa, 21st Dec., 1874.

New Advertisements.

Wanted: G., Times office.
Partner Wanted: J. Bermingham.
Wanted: Clarendon House.
Bankrupt Stock: Neelin Bros.
Bow Ties: Neelin Bros.
Clarendon House: W. Mills.
For Sale: J. Bermingham.

The Times.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JAN. 30, 1875

BURNING OF THE BEAUPORT ASYLUM.

We chronicle this morning the melancholy intelligence of the burning of the Beauport Lunatic Asylum, and the fatal consequences resulting to two of the patients. It is surprising, indeed, that the casualties were so few, for the average number of persons under treatment is in the neighbourhood of eight hundred, and it must have taken more than ordinary skill and tact to induce them to make the necessary efforts to escape. The loss on property is considerable, and unfortunately is but very partially covered by insurance.

THE FIRE AND HOSE REEL COMPANIES.

We have received a communication from a correspondent signing himself "Spectator," in which he professes to correct a statement made in our columns the other day, in regard to the hose company second in order to arrive at the recent Maria street fire. We do not insert the letter, for the simple reason that it is not a matter of the slightest public importance which company was second on the ground, or which was first for that matter, if those whose duty it was to make use of the means provided for saving life and property did so promptly and effectively. This rivalry as between fire and hose companies is one of the most miserable things which it would be possible to conceive, a rivalry, too, which the press has pandered to and kept alive until it is almost beyond endurance. If the work is undertaken *con amore*, we see no peculiar merit in its being done well, for if it is not worth doing well it is not worth doing at all; but, on the other hand, it would be a decided discredit to profess to do something out of mere public spirit and fail in its performance one iota. If men are paid for doing a certain service, they must either do it well or not do it at all; there are those who are willing and have the ability to do it, and those who are lacking in either should step "down and out" at once. To court publicity and public flattery for what is a simple duty is one of the most contemptible things conceivable, no matter in what connection, and it ought to be the duty of the reporter rather to record what it is the interest of the public to know than to minister to the vanities and self-importance of any class or clique. The satisfaction of having done their duty, and earned the confidence of those who rely upon them, should be a sufficient recompense to all bodies of men performing public functions, especially if it is impossible to praise the efforts of some without evoking unfavourable comparisons. It has always been the weakness of volunteer fire companies that they are desperately jealous of one another, and it is no injustice to them to say that many of their most brilliant achievements have been more the result of a desire to eclipse a competitor than any very deep concern for the public welfare. It might well be questioned how far the interests of any place were safe in the hands of men whose duty was performed from such a selfish motive, and it would clearly be incumbent upon the press, as the leader of public opinion, to cultivate a higher and more disinterested tone; but surely when men are paid to do a certain duty, and their services are secured to the corporation for a consideration, there is not even the shadow of a justification for subordinating their joint or individual *prestige* to all other considerations, much less for depreciating one division of what is expected to act as a united body at the expense of another. The tendency of permitting controversies on subjects of this nature is to demoralize the service, to impair its efficiency, and to engender an antagonism of interest and more or less personal bitterness where all should be unity and harmony. If that be true, then, of permitting, what shall be said of provoking and inviting the exhibition of this hostility. The fact is, if the public interest is the chief concern, this rivalry and jealousy must end at once, and end soon it will if we are not greatly mistaken.

EDITORS AND THEIR NEWSPAPERS.

There is a popular delusion—we might add, a more or less justifiable delusion—that writers on the press are necessarily as bitter antagonists personally as they are politically, and that their private relations are very much in accord with the tone which characterises their respective newspapers. In the United States and France the extreme personality of journalism has sometimes, even frequently, been attended with results of this unfortunate character, but so far as Britain is concerned, and so far as Canada is concerned, we are more than justified in saying that the impression referred to is a simple delusion; that, on the contrary, it may be asserted with great safety, that there is no class of men better disposed or less jealous of each other than editors of newspapers. When, therefore, the rule of honour which binds them never to use the journal under their control as engines of individual controversy is departed from, there is a very general feeling of disgust and contempt, whether expressed or not, towards the offender. A very contemptible breach of this rule has just been committed by a London contemporary. It is well known that the proprietors and publishers of the new Toronto daily, the *Liberal*, are Messrs. John Cameron and company, of the London *Advertiser*. The leading partner of the firm and the gentlemen who are associated with him in conducting the literary department of the new enterprise are each of them well and widely known, and as widely respected, both for their personal qualities and their ability, over the whole of Canada—known and respected as much by the general public as they are by their *confreres* of the press. The London *Free Press*, however, does not seem to share in this feeling, and no sooner is the *Liberal* launched upon the journalistic stream than an attempt is made—feeble and spiteful, to be sure—to discredit and belittle it. Common sense might have prevented the London newspaper from showing its animus so early in the day. If the *Liberal* had a year's record upon which to look back, adverse criticism, even if somewhat undeserved could be accounted for upon other grounds than personal spite. Not only has fair play not been given in this respect, but the criticism is of itself mean and unjustifiable. Nothing is easier than to assert that a man has neither brains nor ability, and nothing is easier than to assert that a literary publication is without a spark of merit; but having made any such assertion, the specimen critic feels it incumbent upon him to give reasons for his judgment. Not so in this case. The London journal is content to simply disparage, and it asks the public to accept its decision as final and irrevocable. We trust the public will do no such thing. There is plenty of room in Toronto for such a journal as the *Liberal* proposes and professes to be, and so far as can be seen, no reasonable effort has been spared to make its success assured. The paper has an excellent typographical appearance so far, and in regard to literary quality is equal to the average Canadian newspaper—certainly far from being second to the organ which treats it with such disdain. Let it be fairly tried before it is condemned, at the very least.

MOST REV. PATRICK LEAHY, ARCHBISHOP OF CASHEL.

A cable telegram from Dublin, under date of yesterday, the 26th inst., brings intelligence of the death of the Most Rev. Patrick Leahy, D.D., Catholic Archbishop of Cashel, Ireland, one of the most distinguished members of the hierarchy in Great Britain. He expired at the episcopal residence in Thuries. Dr. Leahy was consecrated on the 29th of June in the year 1857, having been advanced to the high dignity of the office of Archbishop at once by the priesthood, with the approval of the Holy See, when he was comparatively a young man. He was educated in Ireland and studied theology in Maynooth and on the continent of Europe. His episcopal authority governed seven Sees besides that of Cashel and Emly, the affairs of which he administered in person. These Sees, constituting the ecclesiastical province of Cashel, are Cork, Killaloe, Kerry, Limerick, Waterford and Lismore, Cloyne and Ross. Dr. Leahy was an eminent preacher, an untiring builder of churches, and an eloquent and efficient advocate of the cause of Catholic education and universal charity. He attended the Vatican Council in Rome, and voted for the declaration of the dogma of infallibility. He was a professed reformer in politics, but after some debate, he became extremely conservative in his opinions, and opposed to what may be termed the radicalist tendencies of Young Irelandism, which, he alleges, pointed in the direction of French Communism. His open support of Mr. Moore, an Englishman, for the representation of an Irish constituency in Parliament, induced some severe comment as to his motives on the part of the Young Ireland men, who asserted that Mr. Moore had handed and conveyed to His Grace money and land for church building purposes in return. His brilliant talents and great piety were conceded by all, and the announcement of his death will be read with sorrow by Irishmen all over the world.

A DIABOLICAL OUTRAGE.

Throwing a Hand Grenade into a Cottage—Several of the Inmates Killed.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 26, 1875.

This morning about half-past one o'clock an attempt was made to capture the celebrated James boys, at their home, three miles from Kearney, a small station twenty-four miles east of this city, on the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad. The reporter of the Kansas City *Times* visited Kearney this evening and obtained the following particulars from Sheriff John S. Groun:—

The parents of the James boys are named Samuels, the mother is a widow; having married since her first husband's death their house is in a thick wood, there are no houses within a half mile, either way. It is a most dreary spot. The family was first awakened by some noise, when Samuels arose and went outside to ascertain the cause. He found the house on fire; after putting it out he returned inside, where he discovered a hand grenade, a small bombshell, lying on the floor and Mrs. Samuels attempting to throw it into the fire, not knowing what it was. He ignorantly picked it up and threw it into a large fire place. The whole family came in and almost immediately it exploded, wounding four of the family. Mrs. Samuels lost an arm, a child eight years old, was killed, and two others were injured. This hand grenade had been thrown in through the window. The fight was commenced outside, and from tracks of horses and men, it is evident that a terrific battle ensued, the James boys were either in the house or barn and in going out the battle commenced. It is impossible to tell where or how many were wounded; blood was found about the fences and at the back of the house. The wounded were carried off into the woods as was shown by the bloody tracks. The whole vicinity is in a great excitement. It is feared that the town will be burned and anything may be hourly expected.

MARSHAL MACMAHON'S POWERS.

The French Cabinet Bill for the Fixing and Definition of the Executive Power.

[*From London Standard, Jan. 12.*]

As your readers have probably forgotten the bill "for the transmission of powers," which is to come on for discussion, "barring accidents," to-morrow or the day after, it may be useful to lay it before them. This bill was the result of the collective labors of the "Commission of Thirty," and was drawn up by M. de Ventavon. It runs thus:

1. Marshal MacMahon, President of the French Republic, continues to discharge under that title the duties of the executive power vested in him by the law of November 20, 1873.

2. He is responsible only in the case of high treason. The Ministers are jointly and severally responsible to the Chambers for the general policy of the Government; they are individually responsible for their personal measures.

3. The Legislative power is vested in two assemblies—the Chamber of Deputies and the Senate. The Chamber of Deputies is elected by universal suffrage under the conditions specified by the electoral law. The Senate consists of members nominated or elected in proportions and under conditions to be determined by a special enactment.

4. The Marshal President of the Republic is invested with the right of dissolving the Chamber of Deputies. In that case a new Chamber will be elected within six months.

5. At the expiration of the term fixed by the law of November 20, 1873, and also in the event of the Presidential power becoming vacant, the Council of Ministers will immediately summon the two assemblies, which meeting in congress shall discuss the course to be followed. So long as the powers entrusted to Marshal MacMahon continue in force the revision of the constitutional laws can only take place at his proposal.

This bill was laid on the table on the 15th of July last. Instead of having it brought forward and carried through, the plea was brought forward that the weather was too hot. Now delay is no longer possible. After the vote of last Wednesday the bill will have either to be proceeded with or withdrawn. No doubt it would have been better to organize the Senate, and include in the Senate bill the right of dissolution; but when we look at the nature of M. de Ventavon's project it is not easy to understand why the giving a priority to it in the order of discussion should have been made a Cabinet question. As to the fate of the bill, there is no doubt about that. It stands condemned beforehand, and after its defeat it is possible that a Ministry may be formed; but I don't think that so easy.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

The best value in Winceys at Bryson's. 3695 1m.

Premature loss of the hair, which is so common nowadays, may be entirely prevented by the use of *Burnett's Cocoaine*. It has been used in thousands of cases where the hair was coming out in handsull, and has never failed to arrest its decay, and to promote a healthy and vigorous growth. It is at the same time unrivalled as a dressing for the hair. A single application will render it soft and glossy for seravel days. 3754.

Bragg's Charcoal Biscuits at W. Hearn's Sapper's Bridge. 3748

Order your Fall Suit at Bryson's. 3695 1m

Try D. McDonnell's delicious Musca Wine. 3698

Sauterne's Sherry and Claret Wines very cheap at D. McDonnell's. 3698

NEW YORK BAY OYSTERS IN SHELL.—New York Bay Oysters in shell received daily, fresh from the beds, only twenty-four hours from salt water. Families and parties requiring them supplied on the shortest notice. Noonan's Restaurant, Sparks street West. 3703

Remember Baskerville & Bros., 36 Rideau street. All desiring Christmas and New Year's substantials, with an assortment of choice wines, liquors, fruits and groces, will find it to their advantage to purchase from them. They have a quantity of best winter apples for sale by the barrel. 3727

FRESH OYSTERS IN SHELL.—Have made special arrangements for a constant supply. Families, invalids or parties requiring them can always be accommodated. Noonan's Resturant, Sparks street west. 3735-3in

FALSE MODESTY.—For people to allow disease to become seated upon them rather than consult a physician, or to suffer as many do for years with the different kinds of piles, without going at once to the druggist for Fowle's Pile and Humor Cure, which is an infallible cure. 3729

For fine electro-plate goods suitable for Christmas gifts, call at Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Celebrated Malvoisie Wine at D. McDonnell's. 3698-6

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. Jarvis and Arless have made a great reduction in the price of their photographs during the Christmas holidays, and we advise our friends to avail themselves of the opportunity of getting first-class pictures at very low figures. 3727

For elegant setts of jewellery and splendid gold rings, call at Radford and Goyer's 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

"Good blood will show itself," as the old lady with the red nose said.

For gold and silver watches, go to Radford and Goyer's, 38½ Sparks street. 3724tf.

Large lot of (7,500) Stove Pipes. Inducements will be given to parties wishing a quantity, for cash only, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 & 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

Ottawa not behind, or never will be, in turning out first-class fitting garments as long as MacLaren & Chalmers retain their present cutters. 3689-tf

FALL AND SPRING MANURING.—A writer in the *Garden* argues the point, and comes to the conclusion that for heavy soils, which have enough clay to absorb the manurial elements, it is best to apply manure to gardens in autumn or early winter; but when the soil is of a loose sandy or gravelly character which will not hold it long, manure for spring or summer crops should not be applied until near the time the crop is put into the ground.

SKIN DISEASES, of whatever nature, are completely eradicated by the use of Fowle's Pile and Humour Cure; its effect is marvellous for Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ring-Worm, and even Leprosy; it has proved itself an almost never-failing cure. (See special notice.) 3733

Just arrived, and now for sale at a great reduction; having bought, at very low prices, the following goods: Stoves of all kinds, japanned, polished and plain Tinware, Lamps and Coal Oil, Cutlery, Axes, Nails of all sizes, at C. P. Dorion's, 81 and 83 Sparks street, Ottawa. 3691d&w

THE EVENT OF THE NEW YEAR.—The holidays are ended, and the serious work of the New Year begins. The first important event before us is the last drawing of the Library Gift Concerts, which takes place in Louisville, Ky., February 27th. This drawing will as certainly take place on that date as the day arrives, and to guarantee this Gov. Bramlette offers to return their money to ticket holders if the drawing is not had at the time appointed. What more could be asked? All that is needed is to buy your tickets *in time*, and you may count on having your prizes on the 27th day of next February. 3745 d&w

Insurance.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Head Office, Canada Agricultural Insurance Company, 245 St. James Street,
Montreal, Jan. 16th, 1875.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Branch Office of this Company, located at No. 34 Sparks-st., in the City of Ottawa, is closed from and after this date; and that Mr. Martin Wholeham is no longer authorized to do business for this Company, he having been discharged from said office. Our agents and patrons in the Ottawa District heretofore doing business with our Ottawa Branch are therefore hereby notified to address all communications and applications for insurance to our Head Office, in Montreal; also, all monies and notes for premiums due or for premiums on new risks, must be either paid into this office or to one of our regular authorized agents, or the Company will not be responsible for the same.

EDWARD H. GOFF,
Managing Director.

PHŒNIX
Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
HARTFORD, CONN,

ASSETS OVER . . . $10,000,000
DEPOSIT AT OTTAWA, . . . 130,800

This Company, whose Agency in Canada was established in 1867, and whose income in the Dominion is nearly $200 000 from premiums alone, is prepared to receive applications for the General Agency for the Ottawa District from competent and trustworthy parties, who can make the business a speciality and give it their entire attention.

Address with references and experience, if any—

SIMPSON & BETHUNE,
Managers for Canada,
Montreal.

Ottawa, Jan. 23. 3750-1m

CHAS. DESJARDINS,
General Agent
Citizens Insurance Co'y.
CAPITAL, . . $2,000,000.
FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE.
Temporary Office:
York Street, near Sussex Street,
OTTAWA.
Ottawa, Jan. 23. 3750

THE
HAND IN HAND
Insurance Co.
Still continue to take Risks at
20 per Cent. Below Combination Rates
R. C. W. MacCUAIG,
Agent, Ottawa and Vicinity.
Jan. 9, 1875. 3737-3m

STADACONA INSURANCE CO'Y.
(*FIRE AND LIFE.*)
Authorized Capital . . $5,000,000
Subscribed to Date . . $2,000,000
LOCAL DIRECTORS:
RODERICK RYAN, Esq., Lumber Merchant.
J. A. PINARD, Esq., Dry Goods Merchant.
D. S. EASTWOOD, Esq., Manager Union Bank.
O'CONNOR & WALLER, . . AGENTS.

THIS Company bases its claims on being a Canadian Institution, on being a reliable Stock Company confining its operation to the Dominion; on having carefully managed Boards and efficient Agents in the principal cities of Canada, and on having the necessary deposit made with the Dominion Government, required by law, for the security of policy holders.

All losses will be adjusted by the LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS, and promptly paid.

The undersigned are now prepared to take insurances of buildings and stocks, &c., &c., in the "Stadacona," at reasonable rates of premium.

O'CONNOR & WALLER.
Ottawa, Dec. 17, 1874. 3721-12m

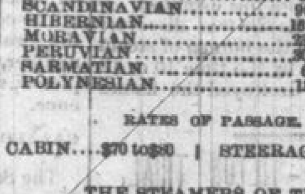
ROYAL CANADIAN
INSURANCE CO.
FIRE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL . . . SIX MILLION DOLLARS.
Available Funds to meet Claims, over Half a Million Dollars.
ROB. ANGUS, Jr.,
AGENT,
36 SPARKS STREET, . . OTTAWA
Oct. 13, 1874.

"THE ROYAL"
CONTINUES TO TAKE
FIRE RISKS
On every description of insurable property,
AT REDUCED RATES.
T. M. CLARK, AGENT,
Corner Sparks and Elgin St
Dec. 18, 1874. 3722-12m

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The shortest, cheapest and quickest passage to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow. The fleet is one of the largest, fastest and safest in the world. Vessels will be despatched as follows:—



FROM PORTLAND.

POLYNESIAN	2nd Jan.	
SCANDINAVIAN	9th	"
HIBERNIAN	16th	"
MORAVIAN	23rd	"
PERUVIAN	30th	"
SARMATIAN	6th	Feb.
POLYNESIAN	13th	"

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN....$70 to $80 | STEERAGE........$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE
Glasgow Line
are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland during the season of Winter Navigation.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN	$60.
INTERMEDIATE	40.
STEERAGE	25.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. [When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.]

For through tickets and every information apply to

D. W. COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17, Sparks-st.
Ottawa July 22 1873.

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION UNSURPASSED.
Rates of passage from New York
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, or Belfast:
Cabin $50 to $70 gold, according to accomodations.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
For passage or other information apply to Henderson Brothers, Bowling Green, New York, or their Agent.
GOULDTHRITE & MUSGROVE, Ottawa

PRESS NEWS AGENCY.

The undersigned begs to acquaint his brother journalists that he is prepared to act as Correspondent, and to furnish Telegraphic Despatches or Letters, &c., by mail, or to transact any business in connection with the Press requiring to be done at the Capital.

ALEX. ROBERTSON,
Rideau-St.

Auction Sales.

Brick House and Lot
On the Bank Street Road
FOR SALE!
BY J. BERMINGHAM,
ON EASY TERMS.

An excellent Brick House and ¼ Acre of Land, opposite Mr. McKay's residence, close to the swing bridge. The house, which is well and solidly built, contains parlour, sitting room, dining room, kitchen and pantry, with a hall eight feet wide. The second flat contains five bedrooms and sewing room, with hall same as below. An excellent boarded cellar and a large and never-failing cistern, summer kitchen, wood shed, two stall stable, and all other necessary outbuildings. The property is very finely situated, commanding an excellent view of the city and surrounding country, and will be found a commodious and comfortable family residence. Will be sold cheap, on easy terms of payment. Further particulars can be obtained from

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Land Agent, Elgin-st.,
Opposite Russell House.

FOR SALE—N. E. quarter of No. 2, First Concession O Front, 50 Acres more or less, 40 of which are in a fine state of cultivation.—Can run a mowing machine through from end to end. Terms easy. Apply to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Land Agent, Elgin-st., Ottawa

Auction Sale
OF VERY VALUABLE
TIMBER LIMITS,
Owned by ROBERT SKEAD, Esq.
HECTOR McLEAN

Having received instructions from Robert Skead, Esq., will sell by Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on SATURDAY, THE 30th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the following superior Timber Limits:

License No. 161, season of 1873-4, comprising an area of thirty-nine square miles; and No. 162, of same season, comprising an area of fifty square miles, both being situate on the Petewawa River.

License No. 163, of season 1873-4, comprising an area of fifty square miles, on the Lac la Vielle Branch, River Petewawa and Great Opeongo Lake.

These limits are known to be timbered with Red and White Pine of almost unequalled quality, invariably commanding a ready sale at the highest prices in the Quebec market.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

LIMITS FOR SALE.

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 3rd day of FEBRUARY, 1875, at the
UNION HOUSE, OTTAWA CITY,
THREE LIMITS ON THE KIPPEWA,
Nos. 170, 171, and 172, of 1873 and 1874, consisting of about 57 square miles.
Also, the FARM on the Limits and Depot.
TERMS CASH.
JAMES SNEDDEN,
Ramsay.
Dec. 30th, 1874 3751-1d

LAND FOR SALE.

1,700 Acres of Good Farming Land
Near the City, for sale.

The first purchase will be given at a sacrifice, as the owner is in want of money.
For particulars apply to

JOHN W. McGUIRE,
25, Second Con., O.F., Gloucester
Or, Ottawa P. O.
Sept. 2, 1874. 3681

Game.

PARSON'S
HAMS AND BACON,
JUST RECEIVED. Also
One Hundred Dozen
—OF—
Different Kinds of Game
JOSEPH KAVANAGH,
Grocer and Wine Merchant,
WELLINGTON-ST.
Dec. 30, 1874. 3839

Hotels.

The Clarendon House.
W. MILLS, Proprietor,

BEGS to announce that he will
Open to the General Public
—ON—
Monday, 1st February
The above House.

This House has been re-modelled and refurnished throughout. The Proprietor wishes to intimate that no pains will be spared to make this House

Second to None in the Dominion.

The Table will be furnished with all the delicacies of the season; the Bar with the choicest brands of Liquors and Cigars.

A share of the public patronage is solicited.

Jan. 29, 1875.

ALBION HOTEL,
Nicholas and Daly Streets, Ottawa
ROBERT GRAHAM.

Wishes to inform his many friends and the public, that he has succeeded his brother, JOHN GRAHAM, as proprietor of this Hotel, and that it is his intention to make all who patronize the house thoroughly comfortable.

In the house are ladies' and gents' Parlors, suites of rooms for families; combined sitting and bed rooms, and upwards of fifty bedrooms, all well heated.

The Bar-room is replete with the best Wines, Spirits, Liquor and Ales that can be purchased.

Good Yard and Stables.

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Ottawa, Feb 14, 1874.

CENTRAL! CONVENIENT!
THE DOMINION RESTAURANT
Rajotte's New Block, Wellington-st.,
(*Opposite Parliament House.*)

Now open, and holding out the best inducements in the way of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Lunches hot or cold from 12 to 3. Oysters in any style at all hours.

HARRIS & CLOSE, Proprietors.
Jan. 16, 1875

FOR SALE CHEAP.

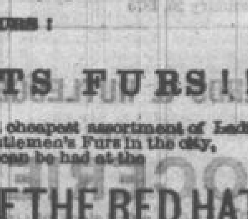
North half of Lots No. 23 24 and 25, on the Eleventh Range of the Township of Hull; Lots No. 23 and 24 south on the Twelfth Range of the Township of Hull, containing in all, about 400 acres, together with farming implements thereon. For terms and particulars apply to JAMES LASCHARITE, on the premises.

Hatters & Furriers.

DEVLIN'S
Fur Depots
416 Notre Dame-St., . . . Montreal.
11 Rideau-St. . . . . . . Ottawa.

White Rabbitt Jackets,
LADIES' SOUTH SEA SEAL JACKETS,
Ladies' Persian Lamb Jackets,
Ladies Sea Otter Sets.
R. J. DEVLIN,
Manufacturer.
Jan. 11, 1875.

ALEX. BROBERY,
FURRIER,
45 Rideau-st.,
Opposite Featherstone's Drug Store,
Is offering the balance of his
Stock of Winter Furs
AT REDUCED RATES.
Mink Sets sold at Cost.
Jan. 4, 1874.



LADIES FURS!
GENTS FURS!!
The largest and cheapest assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furs in the city, can be had at the
SIGN OF THE RED HAT,
No. 33, RIDEAU STREET.

A splendid assortment of Ladies' Fur Caps and Jackets in all the newest styles, in constantly on hand, and also, made to order by

JAMES PEACOCK,
No. 33, Rideau Street.
Dec. 29th, 1874.

BUFFALO ROBES
AND
ALL OTHER FURS, CHEAP FOR CASH.
—AT—
H. HODGES,
56 SPARKS-ST.,
Opposite the British Lion Hotel.
Dec. 21, 1874.

Gift Enterprises.

DOLLARS!

To the amount of Two Million Five Hundred Thousand are to be distributed on the 27th February, by the Public Library of Ky., upon the occasion of their Fifth and Last Concert.

Drawing Certain, or Money Refunded.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift		100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		75,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
5 Cash Gifts	$20,000 each	100,000
10 Cash Gifts	14,000 each	140,000
15 Cash Gifts	10,000 each	150,000
20 Cash Gifts	5,000 each	100,000
25 Cash Gifts	4,000 each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts	3,000 each	90,000
50 Cash Gifts	2,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts	1,000 each	100,000
240 Cash Gifts	500 each	120,000
500 Cash Gifts	100 each	50,000
19,000 Cash Gifts	50 each	950,000

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenth, or each Coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.

Public Library of Kentucky.

Death of Gov. Bramlette—Action of the Trustees—A Successor Appointed—No More Postponements—Drawing Certain February 27th.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Public Library of Kentucky, Jan. 16, 1875, it was resolved that C. M. Briggs, Esq., who under the late Hon. Thos. E. Bramlette was the real business manager of the gift concerts already given in aid of the Public Library of Kentucky, be and he is hereby authorized to take the place made vacant by the death of said Bramlette, in the management of the affairs of the Fifth and Last Gift Concert, and that the Drawing announced for February 27th, 1875, shall positively and unequivocally take place on that day, without any further postponement or delay on any account whatever.

Hereafter all communications relating to the Fifth Concert should be addressed to the undersigned, and I pledge myself that the Drawing shall come off February 27th or that every dollar paid for tickets shall be returned.

C. M. BRIGGS, Agent and Manager.
Room 4, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.

The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country.

$75,000.00!
In Valuable Gifts
To be distributed in L. D. SINE'S 16th Regular Monthly
GIFT ENTERPRISE,
To be drawn Monday, February 22, 1875, two Grand Capitals of
$5,000.00 Each in Cash.
One Prize $1,000
Two Prizes, $500 } **Each in Cash**
Five Prizes $100

1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness worth $600.
One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth $500.
Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300.
Three Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each.
Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth $100 each.
1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each.
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelery, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts 7,000! Tickets limited to 70,000!
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 420,
Cincinnati, O.
OFFICE: Excelsior Building, corner Race and Longworth.
Dec. 28, 1874.

Remedies.

MANHOOD RESTORED.—A victim of youthful imprudence, causing premature decay, nervous debility, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has found a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address,

J. H. REEVES,
78 Nassau-st., New York
Jan. 23, 1875. 3748.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN
Extract from a Letter

Dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts: "I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep and a good appetite; this is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old. Remaining, gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."
To the Proprietors of
Norton's Camomile Pills, London.
July 1874.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, London.
EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge & Co., Coleman street, London.
Newbery & Sons, 37 Newgate street, London.
Barclay & Sons, 95 Farringdon street, London.
Sanger & Sons, Oxford street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal—Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Montreal—Lymans, Clare & Co.
Toronto—Elliott & Co., Wholesale Druggists
" Shapter & Owen.
Hamilton—Winer & Co.
Halifax—Avery Brown &

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMES.

Patronised by all the World.

Rimmel's Ihang-Ihang, Vanda, Henna, Jockey Club, Frangipane, and other perfumes of exquisite fragrance.

Rimmel's Lavender Water, distilled from Mitcham Flowers.

Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, celebrated for its useful and sanitary properties.

Rimmel's Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, the best preparation for the Hair, especially in warm climates.

Rimmel's Dugong Oil Soap, perfumed with Australian Eucalyptus.

Rimmel's Glycerine, Honey, Costum and Floral Crackers, very amusing for Bal and Parties.

Rimmel's Violet, Rose, Lead, Rice, and other Toilet Powders. A liberal allowance to shippers.

Eugene Rimmel, Perfumer to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales, 96 Strand, 128 Regent Street, and 24 Cornhill, London, 17 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, and 76 King's Road, Brighton. Sold by all Perfumery Vendors.

NOTICE.

Morson's Effectual Remedies
Are sold by Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

PEPSINE—The popular and professional medicine for indigestion is Morson's PEPSINE, the active principle of the gastric juice. Sold in Powder, Lozenges, Globules; and as Wine in ½, and 1 pint bottles.

CHLORODYNE is of such celebrity that it can scarcely be considered a speciality, its composition being known to practitioners. Many of the Chlorodyne being unequal in strength, Morson & SON have prepared this. Sold in ¼ oz., 1½ oz., and 3 oz. bottles.

GELATINE—The purest preparation is Morson's.

Carefully packed and shipped. Orders made payable in England.

THOMAS MORSON & SON,
Medallists and Jurors at all the Great Exhibitions.
31, 33 & 124 *Southampton Row*,
RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON
WORKS—HORNSEY AND HOMERTON.

PURE CHEMICALS AND NEW MEDICINES
Selected, and Shipping orders executed with care and despatch.

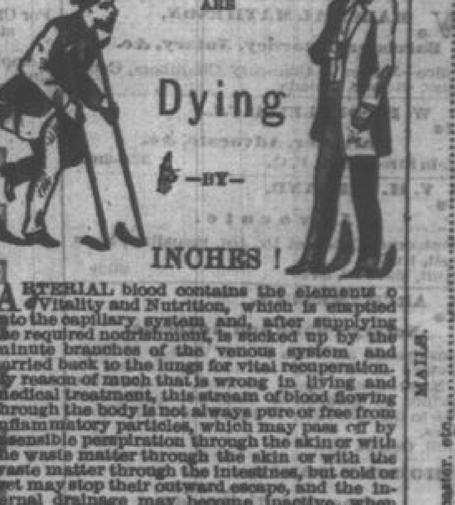
MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDIES
FOR
CONSUMPTION, WASTING AND INDIGESTION,
Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine.

As attested by reports from Medical men who have made the subject their special study. The lives of Consumptive Persons are prolonged, the appetite, strength and weight are increased digestion promoted, and the general condition of the body improved.

Sold in Bottles by the Manufacturers,
SAVORY & MOORE,
143 NEW BOND-ST., LONDON, W

And Retail of all other Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World, who also supply SAVORY AND MOORE'S DATURA TATULA Specific for Asthma, Bronchitis &c.

THEY
ARE
Dying
—BY—
INCHES!



ARTERIAL blood contains the elements of Vitality and Nutrition, which is emptied into the capillary system and, after supplying the required nourishment, is sucked up by the minute branches of the venous system and carried back to the lungs for vital recuperation. By reason of much that is wrong in living and medical treatment, this stream of blood flowing through the body is not always pure or free from inflammatory particles, which may pass off by insensible perspiration through the skin or with the waste matter through the intestines, but cold or wet may stop their outward escape, and the internal drainage may become inactive, when the corrupt particles are apt to coagulate, causing pustules, scalp eruptions or running sores, bronchitis &c. They may locate about a nerve, causing neuralgia, and by attaching themselves to the arterial tubes and veins, large or small, and inflaming them by their corrosive influence, cause those intensely painful sensations called Rheumatism. Nature struggles to drench out or dislodge if possible these corrosive particles, and the parts become very red from the congestion or pressure of blood therein. This is called Inflammatory Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gout. If nature does not succeed in washing out these acremonious atoms she withdraws the undue supply of blood from such parts, ceases to contend, and performs circulation as best she can; however, the passage of the blood through the affected channels still continues painful. This is Chronic Rheumatism, which may exist without its usual antecedent the Acute kind.

The above only true theory points out the correct treatment of this and other distressing maladies. Dissolve these corrupt particles that have lodged in the afflicted parts, so that in the circulation they may be carried off externally or internally, and having thus removed the cause the effect ceases.

The experiment of twenty years in the London Hospital, England, has demonstrated to the Medical Faculty of Europe, that the only Medicine having control over this class of disease is the

DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE!

It is the result of a lifetime of scientific study and is now for the first time offered to the Canadian public, prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician, in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

A BLESSING TO THE POLICE.

MONTREAL, 18th June, 1864.

DEVINS & BOLTON:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been one of the many martyrs of rheumatism that I meet on my every day rounds, I was induced to try the celebrated DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. I had suffered the last five or six weeks the most terrible acute pains across my loins and back, so severe indeed that I could hardly walk with the help of a stick. I commenced the Diamond Remedy, following the directions carefully. Relief came immediately with the first bottle, improved rapidly with the second, completely cured and freed from pain after finishing my fifth small bottle. You are at perfect liberty either to refer to me privately or publicly, as I feel very thankful for the relief, and sympathise with my fellow sufferers from rheumatism.

Yours respectfully,
J. B. CARDINAL,
Sanitary Police Officer,
31 Labelle street.

In simple cases, sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is for sale at all Druggists throughout Canada. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Agents for the Province of Ontario,
Scott street, Toronto,
Or to DEVINS & BOLTON,
Notre Dame street, Montreal,
General Agents for the Province of Quebec.
Price $1 per bottle. Large Bottles $2.
May 18, 1874.

Watchmakers, &c.

MANUFACTURING
Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Having sold out the retail business to Messrs. Radford & Goyer, I beg leave to return thanks to the public for their patronage during the last 18 years and will continue the MANUFACTURING, JEWELLERY AND WATCHMAKING BUSINESS in my former workshops, over Mann's Hardware Store, corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

June 29, 1874. W. YOUNG.

N. MARKS,
Fine, Jeweller, Practical Watchmaker,
36—*SPARKS STREET*—36

Just received, a magnificent assortment of fine
JEWELLERY
Comprising Diamonds and other fine stone Rings, Opera and Victoria Chains—very choice designs. Also a complete assortment of finish Gold and Silver Watches, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices.
A very unique assortment of Whitby Jet.
Nov. 25, 1874.

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H. R. H. the Prince of Wales [Special Appointment]; and to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments and Railway Companies, established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER,
Prize Medallist of the London, Dublin and Paris Exhibitions.

Maker to the Chronograph, by which the Derby and all other Races and great events of the day are timed.

Manufactory and City House—58 and 60 Ludgate Hill.

West End Establishments—25 Old Bond Street, and 99 Westbourne Grove, London.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS and WHOLESALE BUYERS are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the maker the Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery and Electro-Plate, which are sent post free, as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders can be sent direct to the manufactory, Ludgate Hill, or through merchants and shippers in England.

WATCHES	CLOCKS.
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.
Lever, Vertical, Horizontal, Duplex, Chronometer, Chronograph, Keyless, Centre Seconds, Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Church, Turret, Carriage, Chime, Dining and Drawing room, Hall, Shop, Library, Bracket, &c.

English Ormolu Clocks, designed by English artists, and manufactured by J. W. Benson, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this establishment.

FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.

Artistic Gold Jewellery, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after designs by the most accomplished artists in the precious Metals, Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to members of the Court, and other distinguished personages.

Presentation Plate.—Testimonials of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and other Boxes, as provided by Mr. Benson for the Corporation of London and other public bodies, in illuminated documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.

Silver and Electro-plate in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-plate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficient coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.

Watches and Clocks repaired by skilled workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., exchanged. Merchants, Shippers and Clubs supplied.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Plate sent to all parts of the world.

Jan. 17 1874.

Mails.

POST OFFICE OTTAWA,
Arrival and Departure of Mails.

All Mails are closed by Montreal time 8 minutes faster than Ottawa time.

1874. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1875

[illegible]

Matter posted up to 10.10 p.m., will be forwarded East and West in supplementary packages the same night.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York, close every Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 p.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamers will be closed at 1.20 p.m., in which only unregistered matter can be sent.

POSTAGE STAMPS

Are no longer sold at this office, but may be purchased from any of the licensed stamp vendors throughout the city.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Newfoundland, Great Britain and India.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time.

EXCEPTIONAL POSTAGE.—Postage to Hull, New Edinburgh and Rochesterville, 1 cent. per half ounce, if post paid; if unpaid, 2 cents.

Office hours from 8 a.m. to 7 p.m. For Money Order and Savings Bank business, from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa, Jan. 26, 1875.

Painters.

T. PRUNEAU, Junr.
SIGN WRITER, HOUSE DECORATOR, PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.

Glazing, Whitewashing, Coloring &c., done at the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike style.

A large assortment of NEW PAPERS, BORDERS, &c., just received, and now on view.

Opposite the Post Office: Elgin-St.
Dec 28, 1874.

FLOGGING A SLANDERER.

A Connecticut Youth Whip... Coloured Woman and his L...

From the "New York H...

BRIDGEPORT, Jan. ...

The people of the village of ... distant about six miles from th... a sensation during the past f... which the coloured female ... boarding-house and a young ... were the prominent figures. ... man was a cigar-maker by occup... occupied appartments in the ... ferred to. A number of you... employed in the shirt factori... Hill, were also boarders there. ... man, who was supposed to ... good young man, for some unk... son circulated reports reflect... good name of not only t... boarders but also of the la... worthy woman. These endured ... the abuse heaped upon them, ... inclined to excuse the defam... count of his years. The mat... have been all right had the y... not embraced the cook in his ... stories. She too kept quiet f... but it became evident to her th... could not much longer be a vi... cook vowed vengeance upon th... and declared that the day of r... drew near. The landlady entr... not to carry her threats into e... but pleading was of no avail, a... ingly last Friday, the cook se... 190 pounds of healthy adipose ... under a certain horseshed which... suspecting relator of foul sto... pass to reach his place of da... armed with a stout hickory pud... The young man quietly came ... dently revolving in his mind t... which had attended his ... torment the poor cook. Wat... vourable opportunity, out plung... and indignant maid of all wo... with the fell mixer of pudding... conflict began. She pounded ... him, belated him with weapon... tongue, the splinters flying ke... with her hurried comments on... and showed no signs of weak... last the young man fled, and t... ous defender of her own fair ... puffing and smiling down the ... ward home. The unkindest cu... the cook chose to admi... flagellation in front of one of th... thus enabling the young ladies ... the operation. This would se... been punishment enough; but ... all. In addition to the pu... pounding he received another ... landlady herself, who entered ... where he was at work, and wi... of knotty hemlock board admi... him another reminder that ... keep his tongue in the servic... To complete the work thus a... begun, the landlady gave him h... papers, and he was yesterday e... another village boarding ho... cook is now enjoying the reput... true heroine.

A ROYAL GIFT.

The Khedive's Offering to an ... Belle.

Yesterday in the Collecto... office at the Custom House ... displayed to favoured eyes the...

ISMAEL PACHA, VICEROY OF ...

to Miss Minnie Sherman, or ... Fitch, who, a short time sin... Lieutenant Fitch, of the Un... Navy. The royal present co... parure of diamonds, which, p... single set, is not equalled in... The necklace is formed of ... row of solitaire diamo... sisting of about 200 ... exceptional beauty and ... and pendant from the ... are pear-shaped stones of gre... rarity. The larger brilliants ... from eight to fourteen carats, ... set in the French fashion ... *d'Eau*, and dazzle the eyes lik... filtered through cut crystals... and other ornaments are comp... same precious gems, and are ... of the royal munificence of t... of Egypt, and the beauty of th... whose womanly graces and s... have endeared her not only ... circle of friends in Americ... caused her to shine—like the ... ceives from royal hands—in ... ciety with rare brilliancy. B... posed that admiration for ... father, General Sherman, a... homage to Mrs. Fitch's virtues ... prompted the graceful tribut... America's favourite daughter...

Thomas' Excelsior Electric ... Ten times its weight i...

Pain cannot stay where it ... is the cheapest medicine ever ... bottle has cured bronchitis. ... worth has cured an old sta... It positively cures Catarrh, ... Croup. Fifty cents worth ha... in the back, and the same qu... back of eight years' standing... ing are extracts from a few ... letters that have been recei... different parts of Canada, whi... should be sufficient to sati... sceptical. J. Collard, of Spe... writes: "Send me six dozen ... Electric Oil. Have sold all I ... and want more now. Its c... wonderful." William Magu... lin, writes: "I have sold all t... it acts like a charm—it was ... but takes splendidly now." ... Iona, writes: "Please forw... of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am ... out; nothing equals it. It ... commended by those who ha... J. Bedford, Thamesville, wri... at once a further supply of E... have only one bottle left. ... anything sell so well, and gi... eral satisfaction." J. Thom... ford, writes: "Send me so... ectric Oil. I have sold entir... thing takes like it." Miller ... verton, P. Q., write: "The ... is getting a great reputation ... daily called for. Send us a ... without delay." Lemoyne, ... Buckingham, P. Q., write: ... gross Electric Oil. We ... well."

Sold by all medicine deal... cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps... NORTHROP & LYMAN, ... tario, sole agents for the Do...

Note.—*Electric*—Selected ... trized.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from ... indiscretions of youth, nervous ... decay, loss of manhood, &c., I w... that will cure you, FREE OF ... great remedy was discovered b... South America. Send a self-... lope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. ... D, Bible House, New York Cit... Oct. 7, 1874.

FOWLE'S
PILE AND HUMO...
For Internal and Exte...

WARRANTED A SURE & P... For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy ... or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum ... of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure ... From One to Three Bottles ... Humors.

This remedy has been faith... found to be an almost infal... above named diseases. Its suc... universal that the Proprietor ... to those who will use its medic... failure to refund the money p... first introduced he has receive... of testimonials, proving its eff... of the awful diseases it is ... The Pile and Humor cure is ... in its composition, and can b... safety in all cases. There is ... driving the humor in, as it cu... and the patient's bodily heal... proves while under its treatme... PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. Sold...

Dec. 14, 18...

BERKELEY, Sept. 1863.—Gen... uty I owe to you to appre... the great benefit I have derived ... ton's Camomile Pills. ... Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the ... in the stomach, from which ... sitting pain for a length of ... nearly every remedy presc... any benefit at all. After tak... your valuable pills I was qui... usual state of health. Please ... for the benefit of those w... afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours ... PAR.—To the Proprietors of ... MILE PILLS.

FLOGGING A SLANDERER.

A Connecticut Youth Whipped by a Coloured Woman and his Landlady.

From the "New York Herald."

BRIDGEPORT, Jan. 25, 1875.

The people of the village of Long Hill distant about six miles from this city, had a sensation during the past few days, in which the coloured female cook of a boarding-house and a young white man were the prominent figures. The young man was a cigar-maker by occupation, and occupied apartments in the house referred to. A number of young women, employed in the shirt factories of Long Hill, were also boarders there. The young man, who was supposed to be a very good young man, for some unknown reason circulated reports reflecting on the good name of not only the female boarders but also of the landlady, a worthy woman. These endured in silence the abuse heaped upon them, and were inclined to excuse the defamer on account of his years. The matter would have been all right had the young man not embraced the cook in his scandalous stories. She too kept quiet for a time, but it became evident to her that silence could not much longer be a virtue. The cook vowed vengeance upon the slanderer and declared that the day of retribution drew near. The landlady entreated her not to carry her threats into execution; but pleading was of no avail, and accordingly last Friday the cook secreted her 190 pounds of healthy adipose femininity under a certain horseshed which the unsuspecting relator of foul stories must pass to reach his place of daily labour, armed with a stout hickory pudding stick. The young man quietly came along, evidently revolving in his mind the success which had attended his efforts to torment the poor cook. Watching a favourable opportunity, out plunged the fiery and indignant maid of all work, armed with the fell mixer of puddings, and the conflict began. She pounded and beat him, berated him with weapon and with tongue, the splinters flying keeping time with her hurried comments on the case, and showed no signs of weakening. At last the young man fled, and the victorious defender of her own fair fame went puffing and smiling down the street, toward home. The unkindest cut of all was the cook chose to administer the flagellation in front of one of the factories, thus enabling the young ladies to witness the operation. This would seem to have been punishment enough; but it was not all. In addition to the pudding stick pounding he received another from the landlady herself, who entered the shop where he was at work, and with a piece of knotty hemlock board administered to him another reminder that he should keep his tongue in the service of truth. To complete the work thus auspiciously begun, the landlady gave him his walking papers, and he was yesterday ejected from another village boarding house. The cook is now enjoying the reputation of a true heroine.

A ROYAL GIFT.

The Khedive's Offering to an American Belle.

Yesterday in the Collector's private office at the Custom House there was displayed to favoured eyes the present of

ISMAEL PACHA, VICEROY OF EGYPT,

to Miss Minnie Sherman, or rather Mrs. Fitch, who, a short time since, married Lieutenant Fitch, of the United States Navy. The royal present consisted of a parure of diamonds, which, perhaps, in a single set, is not equalled in American. The necklace is formed of a double row of solitaire diamonds, consisting of about 200 stones of exceptional beauty and brilliancy, and pendant from the lower row are pear-shaped stones of great size and rarity. The larger brilliants will weigh from eight to fourteen carats, and all are set in the French fashion *a la Goutte d'Eau*, and dazzle the eyes like sunshine filtered through cut crystals. The cross and other ornaments are composed of the same precious gems, and are alike worthy of the royal munificence of the Khedive of Egypt, and the beauty of the recipient, whose womanly graces and sparkling wit have endeared her not only to a large circle of friends in America, but have caused her to shine—like the gems she receives from royal hands—in foreign society with rare brilliancy. But it is supposed that admiration for her soldier father, General Sherman, as much as homage to Mrs. Fitch's virtues and beauty, prompted the graceful tribute to one of America's favourite daughters.

Thomas' Excelsior Electric Oil—Worth Ten times its weight in Gold.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures Catarrh, Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity a lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from the different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Collard, of Sparta, Ontario, writes: "Send me six dozen Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Have sold all I had from you and want more now. Its cures are truly wonderful." William Maguire, of Franklin, writes: "I have sold all the agent left; it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes: "Please forward six dozen of Thomas' Electric Oil, I am nearly run out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes: "Send at once a further supply of Electric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well, and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes: "Send me some more Electric Oil. I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed, Ulverton, P. Q., write: "The Electric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb, & Co., Buckingham, P. Q., write: "Send us one gross Electric Oil. We find it takes well."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 50 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y. and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ontario, sole agents for the Dominion.

Note.—*Electric*—Selected and Electrised. 3727

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

Oct. 7, 1874. 3661y d&w.

FOWLE'S

PILE AND HUMOR CURE

For Internal and External Use

WARRANTED A SURE & PERFECT CURE For all kinds of Piles, Leprosy, Scrofula, Tetter or Ring-Worm, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the Skin.

One Bottle warranted to Cure all cases of Piles; From One to Three Bottles in all Cases of Humors.

This remedy has been faithfully tested and found to be an almost infallible cure for the above named diseases. Its success has been so universal that the Proprietor guarantees a cure to those who will use his medicine, or in case of failure to refund the money paid. Since it was first introduced he has received many thousands of testimonials, proving its efficacy for the cure of the awful diseases it is recommended for. The Pile and Humor cure is entirely vegetable in its composition, and can be used in perfect safety in all cases. There is no danger of its driving the humor in, as it cures on the surface, and the patient's bodily health continually improves while under this treatment.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Dec. 14, 18 3718

BERKELEY, Sept. 1869.—Gentlemen, I feel it a duty I owe to you to express my gratitude for the great benefit I have derived by taking "Norton's Camomile Pills." I applied to your agent, Mr. Bell, Berkeley, for the above Pills, for wind in the stomach, from which I suffered excruciating pain for a length of time, having tried nearly every remedy prescribed, but without any benefit at all. After taking two bottles of your valuable pills I was quite restored to my usual state of health. Please give this publicity for the benefit of those who may thus be afflicted.—I am, Sir, yours truly, HENRY ALLPASS.—To the Proprietors of NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS. 3695.

BRAVE OF THE BRAVE.—C. P. Dorion, 81 and 83, Sparks Street, during the holidays, will sell balance of nails on hand, say $3.75 cash. 3732

Ottawa can compete favourably with the first-class tailoring establishments of Montreal and Toronto, as it can boast of a cutter second to none in the Dominion, to be found always at his post at MacLaren & Chalmers, 55 Sparks street. 3689

Eleven first class coat makers wanted at MacLaren & Chalmers' Tailoring Establishment. None but good hands need apply. 3539-tf.

PAIN-KILLER.

After thirty-five years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to i's virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Physicians of the first respectability recommend it as a most effectual preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but fo Dysentery or Cholera, or any sort of Bowel complaint it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency, and rapidity o faction. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

It is used Internally and Externally.

Sold everywhere. Price 25 cts.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Sole Proprietors

January 13th, 1875. 3741

Clothing.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

JUST RECEIVED, a large and splendid assortment of

FALL GOODS

Purchased in the best European Markets, comprising all

THE LATEST NOVELTIES'

Only to be found in a first-class Tailoring Establishment.

Come and examine my Stock and judge for yourself.

The Latest and most Stylish Fit guaranteed in the City.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES!

Don't forget the place, it is

76 Sparks Street.

Thos. Lawrence.

Sept. 19, 1874. 3876-y

WHOLESALE

Ready-Made

CLOTHING.

HAVING disposed of my Dry-Goods Establishment, I am now giving my personal attention to my Wholesale Ready-made Clothing Business. My stock is now ready for inspection, and will be found to compare favourably with any in the market.

Having had a long experience in the Ottawa Trade, I understand its requirements, and have my Clothing manufactured with a view to meet the wants of this market. It is my intention to keep on hand nothing but the best of Goods, both in point of quality and finish, believing as I do, that never in the history of the trade was there such a demand for a first-class article in Ready-made Clothing. I have employed

ONE OF THE BEST CUSTOM CUTTER

Ever in this section, as Foreman.

He also has a good knowledge of the growing wants of this market. The party to whom I refer is

Mr. GEORGE DIXON

So very favourably known throughout the Ottawa Valley.

This circumstance is merely mentioned to show that it is my purpose to place in the market a class of Clothing to meet the growing tastes of the public.

J. METCALFE.

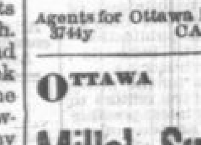
Sept. 24, 1874. 3880

Hardware, &c.

THIS EXCELLENT Machine Oil has for the last 12 years been used by the leading Manufacturing Establishments of the Dominion.

For sale by all Oilmen.

Dec. 4, 1874. 3719-y



OUR BRANDS OF **ARCTIC** —AND— **Heavy Engine Oil**

Are unequalled by any Machine Oils in the market. Guaranteed not to freeze. Orders solicited from consumers.

W. J. CRAVEN & Co., 444 St. Paul-st., Montreal.

Agents for Ottawa District—CALDWELL & Co., Sparks-st

3744y

OTTAWA

Mills' Supply Agency

OTTAWA ONT.,

No. 17 Sparks-st., Near Russell House.

CALDWELL & CO., - - Managers'

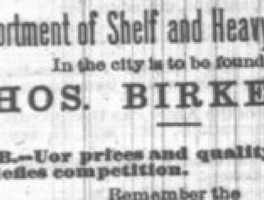
Saws, Belting, Files, Packing, Files re-cut, Axes, Judson's Standard Governors and Graduating Valves, Steam Pumps, Rue's Little Giant Injector.

Also, Agency of the GLOBE GAS LIGHT COMPANY, &c.

March 28, 1874. 64 6t

HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.



No. 24 No. 24

The Largest and Best

Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware

In the city is to be found at

THOS. BIRKETT'S.

N.B.—Our prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Remember the

Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1874.

NEW FIRM.

THOMAS SHORE & COMPANY,

(Successors to LEE & THOMPSON.)

Beg leave to call the attention of the Public to their large and varied assortment of all descriptions of

FINE AND COARSE HARNESS

which they are offering to the Public at the lowest rates. They have also always on hand all descriptions of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding Saddles Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Bags, Whips, and everything in connection with their line of business.

CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. None but the best workmen employed.

THOMAS SHORE & CO.

Sparks Street, near Bank.

H. MEADOW'S & CO.,

Have in stock the latest and best

COAL STOVES!

COAL STOVES!

COAL STOVES!

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up in public buildings and private dwellings.

City references given.—The following are a few: Quebec Bank, Ontario Bank, Bank of Commerce, Central School, Hon. Magee & Russell, C. May, Esq., John Tilton, Esq., John Thompson, Esq., Jas. Hope, Esq., Bronson & Weston, L. Crannell, Esq., and many others.

Illustrated pamphlets and estimates given on application.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Oct. 3, 1874. 3660

Books & Stationery.

NEW BOOKS.

Supernatural Religion, 2 vols	$8 00
The Greville Memoirs, 2 vols	4 00
Proctors' Transit of Venus	2 50
Opening a Chesnut Burr, by Rev. E. P. Roe.	1 00
The Cloth of Gold and other Poems, by T. B. Aldrich	1 00
Chambers' Journal, bound volume for 1874.	2 25
The Christian Treasury do do	1 75
Annual Register of Rural Affairs for 1875	30
Whitaker's Almanac for 1875	30

For sale at

HENDERSON & Co's.

39 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 23, 1875.

BOOKS!

Books, Books!

10,000 New and Second-hand Books, ancient and modern, in all classes of literature, many in fine bindings, offered at exceedingly low prices

AT P. NAUGHTEN'S

Emporium of Literature, Rideau-st., Ottawa.

Consignments of Books regularly received from London. Books bought for cash.

The first week in January, I will offer for sale 5,000 old and modern engravings.

Dec 26, 1874

THE BEST

HOME MUSIC BOOKS.

Piano at Home.

Four Hand Pieces, $2.50: Large collection of popular pieces. Most excellent practice, and most entertaining to play.

Ritter's History of Music.

2 VOLS. Each $1.50. Condensed from 500 books, and is terse, complete, interesting, and a most useful book of reference in musical families.

Clarke's New Method.

For Reed Organs, is still the leading method in point of sale, is enlarged, improved, and in every way keeps up its high reputation. Price, $2.50.

Organ at Home.

2.50. The largest and best collection of popular Reed Organ music. 200 pieces; large pages, well filled.

River of Life.

New edition. 35 cents. Full of the sweetest of Sabbath School Songs.

All books sent, post-paid, for retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, N. Y.

Government Notices

DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon on the

15th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1875.

For the manufacture from Government cloth of such jackets and trowsers as may be required for militia purposes during the current year.

Patterns may be seen and further information will be given on application.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

W. POWELL,

Lt.-Col., Dept. Adjt. General.

Ottawa, Jan. 20th, 1875. 3-awk. 3742

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, Jan. 25, 1874.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,

Commissioner of Customs.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Tenders for Grading—Fort William to Shebandowan.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender Pacific Railway," will be received up to noon of SATURDAY, the 27th of February next, for the Bridging and Grading required on that Section of the Pacific Railway, extending from the Town plot of Fort William, near Thunder Bay, Lake Superior, to Lake Shebandowan, about 45 miles in length.

For plans, specification, approximate quantities, forms of tender and other information, apply at the office of the Engineer in Chief, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications for that part of the line between Lake of the Woods and Red River, will be ready in the course of two or three weeks.

By Order,

F. BRAUN,

Secretary.

Dept. of Public Works, Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1875.

3746-6 2aw

ORDNANCE LANDS, OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 3rd day of February next, at noon, at the sales room of Hector MacLean, of Ottawa, Auctioneer, will be offered for sale,

The lease, for twenty-one years, from the day of sale, of two wharf lots, lying on the west side of the Rideau Canal, to the south of the Sappers' Bridge, Ottawa, between the said Sappers' Bridge and the stores of the Messrs. Bates, numbered 15 and 16, each lot having a frontage of 33 feet by a depth of 100 feet, more or less, as shown on plan.

Also leases, for the same period, of two wharf lots lying, and being on the south-east side of the Canal Basin, Ottawa, on Musgrove and Albert streets, contiguous to "Currier's Sash Factory," known as lots Nos. Two and Three on plan; contents of No. 2, 9,548 feet, and of No. 3, 9,782 feet.

Copies of plans to be seen at the rooms of the Auctioneer, and at this office.

Buildings to be erected on these lots, severally, within two years, in conformity with plans to be submitted to, and approved by, this Department, with power to the Department to resume possession on paying value of improvements.

Further conditions on the day of sale,

By order,

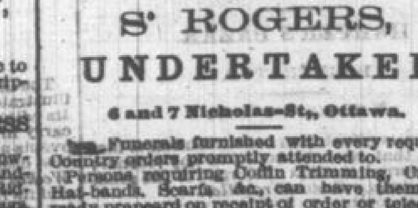
E. A. MEREDITH,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,

Commissioner of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

Ottawa, 1st Jany., 1875.



S' ROGERS,

UNDERTAKER

6 and 7 Nicholas-St., Ottawa.

Funerals furnished with every requisite. Country orders promptly attended to.

Persons requiring Coffin Trimming, Crape Hat-bands, Scarfs, &c., can have them sent ready prepared on receipt of order or telegram.

Coffins and Caskets of every description always on hand.

S. ROGERS,

6 and 7, Nicholas-st., Ottawa

No 18 249

TREES, SHRUBS, &c.

Auguste Dupuis, Esq.,

Proprietor of the well known Nurseries at St. Roch des Aulnets, Province of Quebec, has established

AN AGENCY IN OTTAWA

For the supply of Fruit Trees and Ornamental Shrubs.

These Trees being raised in Lower Canada, are preferable to those from American Nurseries, being thoroughly acclimatised, and better adapted to stand the winters of this district.

Catalogues and prices can be had on application to the undersigned, who is now ready to receive orders for the spring of 1875. Parties wanting Trees should lose no time in ordering.

T. H. LEMIEUX,

Ottawa-st., between King & Nelson-sts.

Nov. 6, 1873.

Furniture.

NEW

Furniture Warerooms,

ANGUS & CO.

Dealers in Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Cornices and Curtains.

85 SPARKS STREET.

Opposite Heney's New Block.

Jan. 11, 1874.

HARRIS & CAMPBELL

In returning thanks to their friends and the public, beg leave to inform them that they

HAVE OPENED A NEW ESTABLISHMENT ON SPARKS-ST.

With a well-assorted stock of FIRST-CLASS

Plain and Fancy Furniture,

Manufactured by the best Houses in Canada and the United States, which they will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

Call and judge for yourselves. Remember the place,—SPARKS-ST., 2ND OR WEST OF CONNOR-ST.

May 9, 1874. 2589

Carvers & Gilders.

WILSON & ORR,

Carvers & Gilders

LOOKING-GLASS and

PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTURERS,

60 Sparks-st.

SHOW CASES MADE TO ORDER.

March 12, 1874. 25143

Boots & Shoes.

SELLING AT COST,

For One Month, for Cash Only,

In order to reduce

Stock of Spring Importations.

Bargains may be expected, as I deal exclusively on the cash system, which has enabled me to buy at bottom figures.

W. E. BROWN,

15 SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA

Jan. 27, 1875.

ALL TAKE NOTICE.

W. A. LAMB

Has a large stock of Winter Goods, comprising Men's Long Felt Boots and Moose Boots, Embroidered and Plain Felt Congress, Ladies' Plain, Embroidered and Foxed Congress.

Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Laced Kolt Bals. Felt Overs.

A large stock of Men's, Ladies and Boys' Plain and Fancy Moose Moccasins, Slippers, and other choice winter foot-wear, all of which he is determined to offer during this month at REDIQUILOUSLY LOW PRICES, so as to effect an entire clearance.

Therefore, you can save lots of money by purchasing NOW for cash from

W. A. LAMB,

28 Sussex-st.

Jan. 9, 1875.

FIRE! FIRE!

PRATT BROS.

Have had $10,000 worth of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Slightly damaged by the late fire on Wellington-St., which must be sold at once, and therefore offer GREAT BARGAINS. Sale will commence

On Monday, February 2nd, 1874,

At 9 o'clock, a.m., and continue until the whole stock is disposed of.

Remember the place, PRATT BROS. Wellington-st.,

Next door to Hardy Bros., and 3 doors east of Fhilion & Lefebvre.

F 348 -1y

J. & G. NEELIN,

No. 19 Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Importers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes, Mitts, Rubbers, Moccasins, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Everything in their line constantly on hand, Mens', Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Childrens' goods of all kinds. All goods marked at lowest prices.

Call and Inspect our Stock.

J. & G. NEELIN,

Ottawa

Dec. 24, 1874.

Druggists.

EAST END

Drug Store.

T. T. SHEPHERD.

Chemist & Druggist,

RIDEAU STREET,

CORNER OF DALHOUSIE STREET.

January 23rd, 1875. 3750

NOTICE

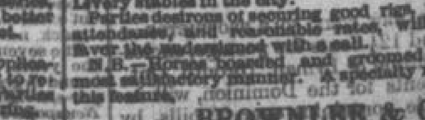
All parties indebted to

Mr. T. RAJOTTE

Are hereby requested to call in at Messrs. T. RAJOTTE & Co., Pooley's Bridge, and settle their accounts at once. Otherwise, the same will be placed in our Collector's hands for immediate collection.

T. RAJOTTE & Co

Feb. 28 1874.



The Victoria Stables

Adjoining the Bank of B. N. America, WELLINGTON-ST., the best and most convenient Livery stables in the city.

Parties desirous of securing good rigs, prompt attendance, and reasonable rates, will please favor the undersigned with a call.

N.B.—Horses boarded and groomed in the most satisfactory manner. A specialty made of this feature.

BROWNLEE & CO

March 11, 1874.

Life Assurance.

The Royal Mutual Life Assurance Company

OF CANADA.

Head Office, - - - - - - - Ottawa, Ont.

Capital: $100,000 in 1,000 Shares of $100 Each.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:

F. F. Jones, Esq., M. P. P.
James Humphrey, Esq.
Henry Torrance, Esq.
James McCarty, Esq.
J. J. Fraser, Esq., M.P.P.
C. R. Cooper, Esq.

Lees & Gemmell, *Solicitors.*
Henry T. Corbett, Esq., M. D., &c., *Medical Director.*
C. R. Cooper, *Manager.*
Arthur W. Wilson, Esq., F.I.A & F.S.S., *Actuary.*
Merchants Bank of Canada, *Bankers.*

Quebec Agency - - 235 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

FRENCH DEPARTMENT:

J. J. Lussier, Esq., M.D., *Examiner.*
F. G. Bontillier, Esq., L.L.B., *Solicitor.*
J. A. B. Belque, Esq., *Manager and Secretary.*
Banque Ville Marie, *Bankers.*

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT:

P. O'Leary, Esq., M.D., *Examiner.*
W. R. Ford, Esq., *Agent.*

PROSPECTUS.

In view of the magnitude the Life Assurance interests have assumed of late years in Canada, the immense increase year by year, and in consideration that the bulk of the business is done by American Companies, the projectors of this Company feel that there is a vast field open for a profitable Canadian enterprise. According to the report of the Auditor of the Financial Department at Ottawa for 1873, there were 13,086 policies issued during the year; 8,037 by American Companies, 3,518 only by Canadian Companies, and 1,513 by English Companies; out of 35 Life Companies reporting to the Government, but four were Canadian. The total amount of Insurance effected was $21,434,594. The total income for the year was $2,586,261.84; out of this $1,514,331.94 was paid to American Companies, and only $511,285.35 to Canadian, and $562,668.65 to English Companies. The deposit with our Government amounted to $4,857,951, $520,529.89 was paid for death losses. Over two millions are sent out of the country to enrich American and English stockholders. This immense capital can be retained in the country, assisting to build up our commerce, railroads, canals, and all that materially tend to make us a nation, with as much advantage to the policyholders as they now receive. No other investments in America have been considered so safe and remunerative as Life Assurance stock. In Canada, no Canadian Company has ever failed, and in the U. S., but two companies where the stockholders lost anything. $389,140,694.63 is invested in Life Companies in the U. S., and in Canada we have not probably $800,000. As evidence of the immense profitableness of Life Assurance stock, the following figures are taken from the New York Insurance Department Report for 1873, showing dividends paid to stockholders. Only those Companies doing business in Canada are cited:—

	Capital.	Dividend.	Balance as regards Stockholders.
Ætna	$103,000	$45,000	$2,144,503.56
Atlantic	110,000	8,050	25,176.11
Equitable	100,000	8,050	2,421,758.84
Globe	100,000	13,723	164,510.70
United States	250,000	18,350	632,264.98
Phœnix	16,000	960	666,767.12

Besides the immense surplus belonging to the stockholders, the above companies have large surpluses representing many millions belonging to their policyholders. Our few Canadian Companies have all paid large dividends. No difficulty has been found in procuring the immediate subscription of the whole stock of the Royal Mutual Life Assurance Company, but it was believed to be more judicious and more to the Company's interest, that the stock be distributed among the towns where the Company would probably open Agencies, thereby creating a local interest in every place. 3748

Machinery.

SCOTT, CAYLEY & CAYLEY,

MACHINERY DEPOT,

70 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in Iron and Wood Working Machinery.

OF THE BEST CANADIAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKE

ENGINES AND BOILERS, NEW AND SECOND HAND

MILL MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, ROCK DRILLS, BELTING, FILES, AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.

SPECIAL AGENCIES—Cameron Special Steam Pump; J. A. Fay & Co. Cincinnati O. Wood Working Machines; American Saw Co'y, Trenton, N.J.; Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co'y. &c., &c.

Send for Circulars and Catalogues

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE............70 SPARKS-ST., OTTAWA.

Oct. 17 1874 3669y

Hardware.

MOORE BROS.,

TIN AND COPPER SMITHS,

Dealers in Coal and Wood Stoves, Bedsteads, Tinware, Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Goods, Baskets, Wooden Ware, Bird Cages, Children's Carriages, Iron Pumps, Lamps, Coal Oil.

General House-Furnishing Goods,

And Lawn Mowers.

CORNER SPARKS AND O'CONNOR-STS. OTTAWA.

Jan. 7, 1875. 3678

Plumbers, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting

EXECUTED EXPEDITIOUSLY BY

MASON & Co.

54 SUSSEX-ST.

BATHS, WATER-CLOSETS, STEAM-FITTINGS, &c. fitted up with Latest Improvements, by first-class workmen. Particular attention is requested to our first-class stock of GAS FIXTURES.

J. T MASON & CO.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Tinsmiths and Galvanized Iron Roofers.

BLYTH & KERR,

25 RIDEAU STREET,

ATTEND promptly to fitting up Water Services, Baths, Sinks, &c., with Hot and Cold Water Pipes, Gas Pipes and Fixtures, Hot Air Furnaces &c. Estimates for work in any of the above lines on application.

Sole Agents for the New Improved Eureka Hot Air Draft Furnace.

Coal Oil.

Lamps & Chandeliers

The Largest Assortment in the City,

AT THE OIL DEPOT, SUSSEX-ST.

C. S. SHAW & CO.

Jan. 8, 1875.

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES!

Restore your Sight!

THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES,

By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957.) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

STANDARD

AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES

—class Bevel, 5 x 10 tables, complete with cues, &c., and having the celebrated

"Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions"

of which I am sole owner and patentee. These cushions are not sold to manufacturers in New York or Canada, being reserved for my own trade. Price per table, packed and delivered on Card cars, $300 gold.

H. W. COLLENDER,

successor to Phelan & Collender

738 Broadway, New York

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Bronchial and Throat Affection. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer (Trade Mark secured) Montreal.

DR. POMROY,

CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN

May now be consulted in his

ROOMS, RUSSELL HOUSE

Hours from 10 a.m. until 5 p.m.

Christmas Beef.

CHRISTMAS MEATS.

MR. C. AUCLAIR, Butcher,

Corner Bank and Maria Streets,

Has now on exhibition a variety of fine Meats Poultry, &c., second to none in the city.

Western Prize Beef

FROM GUELPH.

A very large quantity of

MUTTON, PORK, VENISON AND POULTRY.

Over 5,000 Pounds of Poultry!

Turkeys from 10 to 22 pounds, Geese from 8 to 15 pounds. Ducks and Chickens in great variety.

In my establishment will be found an unequalled display of Meats of every kind, and the largest and best of Poultry ever brought to Ottawa. Remember the place—

AUCLAIR'S,

Corner of Bank and Maria Streets

Dec. 23, 1874. 3726-1f

To Surveyors and Engineers.

FOR SALE a first-class

Theodolite and Level.

ALSO,

A good Horse, a Montreal built Cariole,

HARNESS, ROBES, &c.

May be seen at BUCKLEY'S Stables. Six months credit on approved endorsed notes.

HECTOR McLEAN

December 28, 1874. Auctioneer, Sparks

Groceries, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1854. OTTAWA, 1874-5.

THOS. PATTERSON

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor General, Earl Dufferin.

Direct Importations from the Producers

In France, England, Holland and Spain.

BRANDIES, PORT AND SHERRY WINE, GIN, PORTER, &c

PURE AND UNADULTERATED, for Family use and Medicinal purposes.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Teas,—BLACKS, GREENS and JAPANS—Finest Grades.

Coffees—FRESH ROASTED, Ground daily on the premises, allusual prices.

FANCY GROCERIES IN GREAT VARIETY:

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Flavouring Syrups, Syrups and Extracts; Crackers variety of kinds, such as Orange and Lemon Wafers; Cerisbad's Sugar Wafers Patent Foods for Children; Gelatine's Fruits, fresh and crystalised; The celebrated NABOB PICKLE AND SAUCE. Try them.

Rawling's English Soda Water, Potass Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale and Brighton Seltzer. Also Glasgow Peas Meal.

THOS. PATTERSON.

Dec. 24 1874.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE

HOUSEKEEPERS, REMEMBER THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, 8 RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA. We are offering General Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, (Teas and Sugar in particular) at prices that cannot be competed with in this city. Our Wines and Liquors are all of the best quality, and our Goods generally guaranteed to customers. Protect your own interest; let not hearsay lead you to this place or that place. Try the Goods, and judge for yourselves.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Aug. 1, 1874. 3383

Ladies' Ware,

LONDON HOUSE!

We are showing

The Cheapest Fancy Dress Silks in the City,

UNEQUALLED FOR RICHNESS.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT

Is under the superior management of MISS M. A. ARMSTRONG. The system we use is the Cornwall Chart, the only method in which a perfect fit can be secured.

HANEY & FORGIE.

Jan. 11, 1875. 3673y

NOTICE TO LADIES OF FASHION.

Colored and Black Silks, Velveteens,

Dress Material of all Grades,

TO BE DISPOSED OF AT GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES DURING THIS MONTH OF DECEMBER, AT

J. W. RYAN'S

284 Wellington-St

Dec. 5, 1874. 3697

Dry Goods.

Special Bargains in Shawls, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Needlework, cheap, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Hat Scarfs, Sashes and Handkerchiefs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

All the Novelties in Ladies' Hats, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Berlin Wool Shawls, new styles, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Novelties in Gent's Ties and Scarfs, AT CHAS. BRYSON'S.

Dec. 21, 1874.

Tailoring.

TAILORING **TAILORING**

AS we have in our employment one of the best Cutters in this country, we can guarantee our customers a perfect fit. All our Clothing is made in first-class style. Our Clothing is not only well got up, but is the cheapest in the city.

Note the List of Prices.

SUITS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $11.50 to $17.
Canadian Tweed, from $12.50 to $18.
English Tweed, from $15 to $24.
Blue and Black Broadcloth, from $17 upwards.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $18 upwards.

P. JACKETS.

Beaver, Blue Black and Brown P. Jackets, from $7 upward.
Pilot, Blue Black and Brown, from $8.50 upward.
Meltons, all colors, from $7 50 upward.

PANTS AND VESTS.

Canadian and Irish Frieze Pants and Vests, from $5 to $7.50.
Canadian Tweed, from $5.50 to $6.50
Scotch Tweed, from $6 to $8.50.
Blue and Black Venetian, from $7.50 upward.

OVERCOATS.

Beaver, Black, Brown and Blue Overcoats, from $10 upward.
Pilot Blue and Black, from $11 upward.
Melton, from $10.50 upward.
Canadian and Irish Frieze, from $9 upward

MACLAREN & CHALMERS

55 SPARKS STREET.

Nov. 11, 1874. 3673dm

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY,

Is now offering at his

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

29 RIDEAU-ST.,

The remainder of his large

Stock of Fall & Winter Goods

At Reduced Prices for Cash.

Also, a large and well-assorted stock of

Gentlemen's Underclothing, Scarfs, Ties, Collars

&c., &c.

A good fit guaranteed or no sale. All Goods warranted shrunk.

Jan. 7, 1875.

Marble Works.

W. H. MANSON,

Travelling Agent.

N.B.—W. M. Somerville will not be responsible for any debt without his written order, nor acknowledge any receipt but his own.

OTTAWA

Marble and Granite Works,

Established 1860, by

BY W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Rideau-st., corner of Ottawa-st., Ottawa.

Cemetery Fencing, Grates, Railway and Building Castings

AGENCY OF

Fair Haven Marbleised Slate Works,

OHIO SANDSTONE

Drain Pipes & Fancy Clay Goods.

OTTAWA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.]

P. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

The largest and Best-selected assortment of

Monuments, Headstones Obelisks,

&c., in Marble, Scotch Granite, or Sandstone.

The newest design in CEMETERY FENCING, suitable for the various Cemeteries.

A well-arranged stock of MANTLES, in American, Italian, and Coloured Marbles of new and chaste designs. GRATES from the best American and Canadian Houses, Receding or Projecting either Plain or Mounted.

June 18, 1874.

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD

USE THE

Diamond Yeast Cakes

THIS IS BEE-HUNTING TIME!

I have printed a full Guide for Hunting Bees in the woods, and have thoroughly tested my Bee Scent at the Provincial Exhibition, Toronto. Price of a bottle of Scent and Guide, 50c.

J. W. MINTHORN

Box 41, Orillia, Ont.

Oct 1.

Local Intelligence.

ON BUSINESS.—Mr. M. A. Hearn, advocate, of Quebec, arrived in town yesterday on professional business.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVAL.—The steamship Sarmatian arrived at Portland yesterday at 8 o'clock a.m. Her mails will arrive in Ottawa to-day.

COUNTY GRANT.—The County Council at its sittings yesterday voted the sum of three thousand dollars in aid of the Provincial Exhibition. A larger amount was expected from such a wealthy municipality.

REAL ESTATE.—The fine property of Mr. Panenst, late Under Secretary of State, has been sold to Mr. John McRae, of the Ottawa and Rideau Forwarding Company, for the sum of $7,000. It is situated on Sandy Hill, and will make a handsome place, being well suited for a private residence.

COUNTY BOARD OF EXAMINERS.—The County Council yesterday appointed the following gentlemen to be the Board of Examiners for the County of Carleton for the current year: The Rev. John May, Inspector of Schools, Rev. C. B. Pettit of Richmond, Rev. Jas. White of Osgoode, and Messrs. D. B. McTavish and Archibald Smirl of this City.

DELIRIUM TREMENS.—A man gave a good deal of annoyance yesterday on the By-Ward market square, where he was seized with a fit of *delirium tremens*. He had an open knife in his hand with which he threatened the crowd. The arrival of Sergt. O'Keefe put an end to his mad career, for with the assistance of two other policemen, he was taken to the station.

L. O. L. No. 1341.—At a regular meeting of this lodge held last evening in the Orange Hall, the following brethren were elected office bearers for the present year: Bros. A. Rowe, W.M.; W. H. Tracy, W.D.M.; J. Errott, W. Sec.; J. Graham, W.T.; J. Wilson, W.C.; W. Garland, 1st Committeeman; T. Kerry, 2nd do.; J. Stewart, 3rd do.; A. Champness, 4th do.; W. J. Power, 5th do.; R. W. Stewart, Director of Ceremonies.

THE COMMITTEES ORGANIZED.—The various committees of the City Corporation have at last organized for work. The following are the chairmen of the different committees for the year 1875: Fire and Light, Ald. Birkett; Board of Works, Ald. Heney; Market Committee, Ald. Robertson; Finance, Ald. Waller; Assessment Committee and Court of Revision, Ald. Bronson; Printing, Ald Groulx; Board of Health, Ald. Rowe; By-Laws, Ald. Pratt.

TWO DEPUTATIONS.—A deputation, composed of Messrs. Hearn, Fry, Ross and Berlinquet, arrived in the city yesterday on business connected with a contract on the Intercolonial Railway, in which they are interested. Another deputation, comprised of Alderman G. W. Stephens, Messrs. Jacques Grenier and Thomas Wilson, of Montreal, with a view to receiving assistance from the Government in tunnelling the Lachine Canal, have also arrived.

CLARENDON HOUSE.—The Clarendon House will open for business on Monday, the 1st of February. Everything bids fair for the success of the new enterprise. Already over eighty rooms have been let out of the one hundred and fifteen in the building. Upwards of forty merchants on Sussex street have decided to lunch there every day, with a view to promote the welfare of the new hotel. The furnishing and fittings throughout are in first-class style. Mr. Mills is deserving of every encouragement.

THE DEFAULTING HAIRDRESSER.—A writ of *habeas corpus* issued by the solicitor of Mr. T. E. Moore, the defaulting hairdresser, with a view to quash the *capias* and to release that gentleman from prison, was yesterday dismissed in the Court of Common Pleas, Toronto, with costs. This settles a very important question for the creditors, and if Mr. Moore desires a release from his present incarceration, he will have to come to a more amicable arrangement with them. In the event of declining a criminal prosecution will more than probable follow.

ANOTHER ALARM.—Another fire alarm was rung yesterday from box 2, at the corner of the Russell House. It was only a chimney on fire in Mrs. Sutton's boarding house on Albert street. The brigade turned out but their services were not required. The frequency of unnecessary alarms is becoming a nuisance, and some means ought to be devised to put a stop to it. It is hard upon horse flesh and the different appliances of the fire department, to have to turn out so often for little or nothing. Guardians of the reels should exercise at least some humanity towards their horses.

GOWAN'S OPERA HOUSE.—The sale of opera chairs and reserved seats for Gowan's opera benefit in the new opera house, took place again last night in the Russell House. Bidding was lively and good prices were realized. To-night the sale will be resumed, when all those desirous of visiting the opera on Monday night, will have a chance of securing a good seat. There are a few choice seats remaining, and there are doubtless a great number of our citizens who have not yet availed themselves of the opportunity of marking their appreciation of this great enterprise on the part of Mr. Gowan. To such we would say, visit the sale at the Russell House this evening, between seven and eight o'clock. We feel assured that the *elite* and fashion of this city will turn out *en masse* on Monday evening next, on the occasion of the inauguration of the grand opera house.

CARLETON AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—The annual meeting of the Carleton Agricultural Society was held at Bell's Corners on the 30th inst. Mr. John Dawson, the President, occupied the chair. The directors' report for the year 1874 was read by the President and adopted. The following officers were elected: John Dawson, President; Mr. Dickinson, First Vice President; Mr. W. Kidd, Second Vice President; Secretary, Mr. Wm. Corbett. Directors, Messrs. Thos. Clarke, H. Davidson, A. S. Woodburn, D. McDougall, H. Gourlay, Wm. Thomson and Allan Grant. Mr. G. W. Eaton was appointed as honorary director of the society. Mr. Wm. Arnold and Mr. Adam Abbott were appointed Auditors. On motion of Mr. G. W. Eaton, seconded by Mr. Hugh Gourlay, it was resolved "That in order to give our countenance and assistance to the city of Ottawa in preparing for the next Provincial Exhibition, this meeting hereby agree to forego the holding of any exhibition during the season of 1875, and leave to the Board of Directors the question as to what money assistance they may give to aid the said Provincial Exhibition." After votes of thanks had been tendered to the President and officials of the Association, the meeting adjourned.

All wool shirts at $1, and other articles in gents' furnishing equally low, at Neelin Bros., 40 Rideau street.

Burnett's Cocoaine for the hair has stood the test of time and competition. It has established a reputation for purity and efficacy in every quarter of the world. For twenty years it has been a favorite with the people and a leader with the trade. The name "Cocoaine" has become a valuable property. We have established our *sole* right to its use in several suits at law, thus protecting the public and ourselves from imposition. 3748

The sword of the celebrated French grenadier, Latour d'Auvergne, who was killed at Oberhausen in 1800, has been left by his nephew to Garibaldi. The custom of calling out the name of Latour d'Auvergne first at roll call, and some one replying, "Dead, on the field of honour," which, after many years, had at last been abandoned in his regiment, has just been abandoned by the new colonel, Aubrey.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Fourth Day.

FRIDAY, Jan. 29.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock a.m., Ira Morgan, Warden, in the chair. Present: Messrs. Clelland, Smith, Niel, Dean, Manion, Sykes, Beatty, Hill, Clark, Anderson, Thomson, Cummings, Baskerville, Robilliard, Richardson, Surtees and Wallace.

The minutes of the previous day's sittings were read by the Clerk and duly confirmed.

PETITIONS, &C.

A petition was read from John Craig and others in reference to a bridge at Wellington Village. One from the municipality of Osgoode in reference to the same work, was also submitted.

On motion of Mr. ANDERSON, seconded by Dr. BEATTY, the several petitions were referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

On motion of Mr. ANDERSON, seconded by Mr. THOMSON, the by-law to appoint a Board of Examiners for the public schools was introduced and read a first time.

ADJOURNMENT.

On motion of Mr. RICHARDSON, seconded by Mr. HILL, the Council adjourned until 2:30 p.m., to enable the several committees to prepare their reports.

Afternoon Session.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2:30 p.m., the Warden in the chair. Present: Messrs. Wallace, Surtees, Smith, Richardson, Robilliard, Baskerville, Cummings, Manion, Dean, Sykes, Beatty, Hill, Clark, Anderson, Thomson and Clelland.

SCHOOL SECTION NO. 13.

A resolution was moved filling the by-law to settle the dispute in school section No. 13, Marlborough, with the names of Judge Ross, Rev. John May, Inspector; James Wallace, Robert Clelland and Dr. Beatty as Arbitrators.

The by-law was then read a second and third time and passed.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

On motion of Mr. CLELLAND, seconded by Mr. ROBILLIARD, the by-law appointing Rev. John May Inspector of Schools, Rev. C. B. Pettit, Rev. James White, Archibald Smirl and D. B. McTavish a Board of Examiners for public school teachers was read a second and third time and passed.

FINANCE REPORT.

Mr. SMITH presented the report of the Finance Committee, recommending the payment of sundry accounts. It set forth that the committee had examined the Treasurer and Auditor's annual statements of the accounts up to Dec. 31st, 1874, and found them satisfactory. It showed that $12,000 is required to meet the sinking fund and special rate. The only available assets to meet this amount were the taxes due from the several municipalities for 1874, amounting to $11,836, and interest on this amount $650. They found the Auditors had not presented the usual statement of assets and liabilities rendered necessary by law.

On motion of Mr. MANION, seconded by Mr. NIEL, the report was received and adopted.

EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

Mr. ANDERSON presented the report of the Committee on Education. It recommended the payment of several accounts. They recommended the granting of $25 for books, and $20 for a gold medal for a County Competitive Examination. It expressed satisfaction at the very able and explicit annual report of the County Inspector of Schools, and recommended that $100 be granted him to liquidate travelling expenses for the past year. It further recommended that his annual report be made at the June session in future.

On motion of Mr. ANDERSON the report was received and adopted.

BUILDING AND GAOL REPORT.

Mr. SMITH presented the report of the Building and Gaol Committee. It recommended the payment of sundry accounts. It would not recommend the payment of the chimney sweep as the account was considered exorbitant, but would pay him $40 in full of all claims for cleaning chimneys.

On motion of Mr. SMITH, the report of the Building and Gaol Committee was received and adopted.

THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

On motion of Mr. CLARK, seconded by Mr. SYKES, the Hon. Jas. Skead was heard on behalf of the deputation from the Provincial Exhibition Committee named to make arrangements for the next Provincial fair to be held at Ottawa in the month of September next.

The hon. gentleman addressed the Council at some length, setting forth the advantages to be gained by holding the Exhibition in the County. The expense attending its coming here would be very great, and he therefore hoped the Council would deal with the subject in a liberal spirit.

Messrs. McKellar, Clark and Hurdman followed in a similar strain.

On motion of Mr. WALLACE, seconded by Mr. Clelland, the thanks of the Council were accorded to Hon. James Skead and others, for their able and instructive remarks relative to the forthcoming Provincial Exhibition.

THE GRANT.

Moved by Mr. WALLACE, seconded by Mr. CLARK, that the sum of $3,000 be granted by this Council in aid of the Provincial Exhibition.

Some exception was taken to the amount of the grant, by Mr. Clelland and others, who thought a much less amount should do from the Municipality.

Mr. CLELLAND moved in amendment, seconded by Dr. BEATTY, that the sum of $1,000 be granted in aid of the Exhibition.

After some further discussion, the seconder withdrew his name, when the original resolution was carried unanimously.

ADJOURNMENT.

On motion of Mr. ANDERSON, seconded by Mr. THOMSON, the Council adjourned till the morning, at nine o'clock a.m.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

UNION HOUSE.—B W Bell, Guelph; H O'Mara, Bowmanville; D S McKinnon, Carleton Place; H J Young, Lansdowne; E Hodgins, Shawville; A Chapman, Renfrew; W T Morrison, Hamilton; A T. Thow, Aylmer Road; J. Egleson, City; T Moffatt, Hull; Chas Cooper, H Hudson, Montreal; A Anhalt, Elmira, N. Y.; Louis Rajotte, Pembroke; F Shoredem, G B Gruich, Montreal; James Gurney, Quebec.

DANIEL'S HOTEL.—G B Ferguson, Montreal; A A Grant, Ottawa; James Quin, Prescott; Wm Rice, Oswego, N Y; M J Jones, Prescott; Wm McLean, Montreal; Wm Turner, Rouses' Point, N Y; H A Orlebar, Sherbrook, P Q; Frederick Cockburn, Montreal; B Westwood, Robt. Hougham, Toronto; R Slack, Montreal; Thomas Lambert, H & Egan Aylmer.

RUSSELL HOUSE.—W McGerrin, Hamilton; J H Perry, Whitby; E Eyre;—Burke, Mr Stevenson, John Ross, M A Hearn, Wm Home, John S Fry, F H Berlinquet, Quebec; W H Smith, Leeds, England; A A Humphrey, DeMoine; P G Chrysler, Rochester, N Y; Robt C Derby, New York; A W Spooner, Whitehall; C H Keefer, Ottawa; W J Macaulay, Winnipeg; J R Dixon, Montreal.

Cremation is becoming popular among the wealthier classes in Dresden since the remains of Lady Dilke were disposed of in that way. The action of Sir C. W. Dilke in this matter is believed to have been one of the causes of his rejection by an English constituency since.

Mr. Jones wishes to know which one is really the best stove. He has been to several stove dealers, but finds to his surprise that each of them has an anti-clinker, base-burning, double-jointed, back-acting and compound flued stove, which he claims to be "the best in the market."

POLICE COURT.

Before M. O'Gara, P. M.

MONDAY, Jan. 29.

James Carroll appeared—not the first time—before the Magistrate for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. He was mulcted in the sum of $5 and costs.

William Kean was up on a charge of gross misconduct. He was fined $20 and costs for his imprudence, or go to gaol for three weeks at hard labour.

Margaret Fabier was at the same time arraigned on a similar charge, and was fined a like amount, or go to gaol for a similar period. She went to durance vile.

Mary Ann Smith, charged with using abusive language, had her case dismissed with costs.

James Waters was up on remand for the larceny of a box of raisins at the Chaudiere. His case was again adjourned.

LANARK NEWS.

The congregation of St. Andrew's Church, Almonte, owing to their present limited accommodation, purpose making an extensive addition to the present edifice next season.

The following office-bearers have been elected for the South Lanark Agricultural Society, for 1875:—Alex. Dodds, President; Wm Lees and John Manion, Vice-Presidents; R Jamieson, Secretary-Treasurer; Peter Cameron, J G Campbell, C A Matheson, Wm Doran, H Taylor, J Jackson, John McCallum, Daniel McLaren, W Scott, Directors. Messrs Lees and Dodds were elected delegates to the Provincial Exhibition.

Miss Susan Poole, second eldest daughter of Mr. Jas. Poole, of the Carleton Place *Herald*, died on Monday last. Deceased was a young lady of great amiability of character and was a general favourite with her numerous acquaintances. The family will have the sympathy of the community in this their sad affliction.

The County Council, now in session, have elected William Lees, Esq., Reeve of Bathurst, Warden of the County for the year 1875.

The annual meeting of the South Lanark Agricultural Society was held according to law, in the Agricultural Hall, Almonte, on Wednesday, 20th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m. The result of the election of officers for 1875 was as follows: Dr. W. Mostyn, President; Andrew Wilson, 1st Vice-President; John Steele, 2nd Vice-President; William Snedden, Pakenham; Jno. Bowland, Clayton; Gilbert Forgie, Ramsay; J C Stevens, Almonte; R Yuill, A Cochrane, James Black, Ramsay; Major Gemmill, Almonte; John Thom, Ramsay, Directors; Peter McArthur, Treasurer; Thomas Coulter, Secretary.

DARING ROBBERY IN BROOKLYN.

An Adelphi Street Residence Entered by Burglars, who Gagged and Bound the Servant Girl.

The Brooklyn police succeeded until yesterday in suppressing the particulars of a daring robbery which occurred on Monday evening, within two blocks of the Myrtle Avenue police station. On that evening, about seven o'clock, three thieves entered the residence of Mr. Nathan Adolphus, No. 117 Adelphi Street, during the absence of that gentleman and his wife, and, seizing the servant, a coloured girl named Mary Simmons, bound her to a chair, first taking the precaution of putting a gag in her mouth. While one of their number guarded the girl, with a revolver levelled at her head, the other thieves went through the house, ransacking closets and bureaus, and picking up all articles of value that could be carried away. They then took their departure, threatening the frightened domestic that if she made any outcry they would return and shoot her.

When the owner of the house returned he found the girl still bound to the chair and suffering from the gag tied across her mouth. An examination of the premises revealed the fact that property valued at $1,000 had been removed by the ruffians. It consisted of jewelry, silverware and valuable articles of wearing apparel. The police were notified and now state that they are "working up the case."

DEADLY SNOW-SLIDES.

Many Persons Buried Thirty Feet Deep in Utah—Some Remarkable Rescues—Scenes Which Moistened the Eyes of Sturdy Miners.

(*Salt Lake Herald, January* 21.)

On Tuesday the king of night had just spread his sable mantle o'er the thriving little mining town of Alta, at the head of Little Cottonwood canyon, when the dread cry of "Help! snow-slide!" in the distressing tones of a woman, was sounded from an elevated part of the burg. Simultaneously was heard a sharp rumbling, as of quick and near thunder, and then followed deafening roars, the crashing and snapping of timbers, and the general rushing and crushing of mighty matter. Scarcely had the echo of the female voice ceased to reverberate through the canyon gorges before the "whole town had turned out." Trembling women were running hither and thither, all searching for a place of safety, but no one knowing where to go to get away from the dread destroyer. A snow-slide had descended on the camp, and though the bulk of the avalanche had rested at the upper part of the town, in their wild flight the unhappy denizens of the place half expected that at the next moment they would be buried and crushed in a bank of treacherous snow. After the first shock was over, which lasted but a minute, the frightened senses of the people were partially restored to order and useful activity, and with one object in view all rushed up the street to the elevated bench on the north side of Alta, some carrying lanterns, others shovels, and others with staffs, poles or anything that could be used in digging through the snow. About fifteen rods from the business centre of the town a wild scene of chaos presented itself. The snow was piled up to the depth of thirty feet, and projecting from the packed surface were large boulders, heavy mining timbers, and here and there a portion of what had once been a dwelling-house. In less time than it would require to relate it scores of hardy miners were actively at work digging. While thus engaged a faint cry of "Help," came through the snow; again it was heard, and again, but growing more faint and weaker at each successive cry. It did not take long to ascertain the direction from which the voice proceeded, and when once the men on the surface had found the location there was lively shovelling of the snow for a few minutes. The fortunate, unfortunate man was George Tomlins, an old gentleman who has made Alta his home for several years. By his side, in the bed on which he had been lying, was the body of Michael Kelly—"Old Mickey"—who was known to every resident of Alta and vicinity. The snow had done its work for "Old Mickey." He and Tomlins had retired early, but were not asleep when the avalanche came. Before they knew what was the matter, or had they known, before they could even have got out of bed, the building was crushed and the two men buried under at least six feet of snow. "Mickey's" back was broken, and it is thought he died instantly, but Tomlins was more fortunate. True to his former self, after being resurrected, the old man called for a "whiskey straight," and in quick succession poured down several "drinks" of his favourite beverage. While Tomlins and his mate were being uncovered there was a busy scene at another part of the snowy wreck. The residence of Mr. James Carey was in the course of the slide, and had been either carried away or crushed. Above the site of the location the men commenced working with their shovels, and soon succeeded in finding what had been the interior of the frame house, though the building was broken to pieces and some of it carried away. A little more shovelling discovered a heart-rending sight, and one which caused many of the stern, hardy miners to shed tears. Seated in an easy chair, and clasping to her breast her infant babe, sat Mrs. Carey, mother and child both dead. Near them was the lifeless remains of the husband and father, and in another part of the room was the corpse of an adopted daughter, a bright little girl about six years old, named Laura Wilson. None of the bodies exhibited bruises of any kind, hence they had all been suffocated. The snow around the husband's body showed that he had struggled hard to extricate himself. In another place the dead body of an old miner named Vanderleen was found. Up to last evening no other victims had been discovered, though a number of men are missing, and it is believed they are under the snow. There were apparently two slides, each of immense proportions, which started at the same time, and though they headed at different points and did not travel the same route, they united immediately above Alta, the whole force and mass entering and crushing through the town. Yesterday morning there was considerable of an exodus from Alta, sixteen men from that place coming to this city, and we understand between twenty and thirty others will leave there to-day. One more avalanche would have the effect of almost depopulating the town. The snow was falling very fast yesterday, and snow slides were expected at any time.

STILL ANOTHER—SIX MORE VICTIMS.

At 12.30 o'clock last night, Mr. Sol. Kimball, the Big Cottonwood mail-carrier, reached this city, bringing the sad intelligence that six men were killed in a snow, slide in the above canyon yesterday afternoon. The slide occurred between one and two o'clock, and was one of the heaviest that has come down this winter. It started from near the top of the mountain above the Richmond mine, and descending with irresistible fury crossed the gulch and carried off the Wellington Company's blacksmith shop, the two men who were in it narrowly escaping with their lives. About one hundred yards below the Richmond the slide overtook eight "snakers"—men who were engaged in drawing the ore from the Richmond down the mountain on raw hides. All of the unfortunate party, with their horses, seven in number, were buried in the death-dealing avalanche. The miners from the neighbouring mines turned out *en masse*, and worked bravely to extricate their fellows, but only succeeded in saving the lives of two, and one of those was so badly injured that it is feared he cannot recover. The names of the two that were rescued are George McCorlin and Thomas White. The former, who is in a critical condition, was entombed in the snow six hours. White was relieved from his perilous situation after being under the snow thirty minutes. The remaining six of the party were buried in thirty feet of snow. Their names are Thomas H. Broderick, William Ritter, Charles Dabble, Joseph Breeze, Henry Aikens and Reuben Moore. When Mr. Kimball started to come to the city, at 7 o'clock last night, there were between fifty and sixty men at work shovelling snow in search of the bodies. The slide is said to have run three-fourths of a mile, and was 200 yards wide.

BENNETT'S BANKRUPT STOCK.—Traveling bags, rugs and rug straps below wholesale cost at 40 Rideau street.

NEELIN BROS.

One hundred dozen bow ties in all the latest styles and patterns, in Bennett's bankrupt stock, at 40 Rideau street.

NEELIN BROS.

Commercial.

GOLD IN NEW YORK . . . 113⅛

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.

Cotton, quiet, at 15¼ cts. for middling. Flour, quiet, and prices still in buyers favor; rcts. 15,000 barrels, quotations unchanged. Barley, dull and unchanged. Oats quiet; rcts. 29,000 bushels, sales 26,000, at 67c. to 69c. mixed Western; 67c. to 70c. White do. Pork, quiet at 19½ dollars for new Mess. Lard, steady, at 13c. to 15c. for steam and 14½c kettle rendered. Butter, 25c. to 40. for State of Pennsylvania. Petroleum crude, 6½c. for refined.

London Markets.

LONDON, Jan. 29, 12.30 p.m.

The rate for money at the Stock Exchange is 2¼ per cent.

Consols—Money, 92⅜ to 92⅝.

Account, 92⅜ to 92⅝.

Bonds—'67 January, 76; 10-40's, 105.

Erie, 26.

The rate of discount in open market is 2 13-16 per cent, 3-16 per cent below Bank of England rate.

Consols, 92⅜ to 92⅝ for both money and account.

Tallow, 43s9d to 44s per cwt.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 29, noon.

Cotton dull and unchanged.

Uplands, 7⅝; Orleans, 7⅞. Stock on bond, 769,000 bales, of which 408,000 are American. Receipts for week, 85,000, of which 68,000 are American. Stock afloat, 35,000, of which 21,300 are American.

Receipts of wheat for the past three days, 15,000 quarters; American, 14,000.

Of sales of cotton to-day 5,000 bales were American.

Breadstuffs—Market quiet.

Corn, 36s 6d.

The market for yarns and fabrics is dull with a downward tendency.

Refined Petroleum, 9d to 10d per gallon.

Chicago Hog Market.

[FOR THE WEEK ENDING JAN. 23, 1875.]

In comparison with last week, the receipts of hogs show a falling off of nearly 100,000, the arrivals amounting to only 79,173, against 172,230 last week. The supply actually on sale was, however, much larger than is indicated by the table of receipts, there being, in addition, several thousand stale hogs that were left over from the previous week. The week has been one of the dullest and most unprofitable that the Western shippers have experienced within a twelvemonths. Light as were the fresh offerings, they so nearly equalled the trade requirements that receivers were unable to perceptibly diminish the supply of stale stock until towards the close of the week. During the opening day prices steadily declined, Wednesday's trading being done at $5.75 to 6.75 for ordinary to choice qualities, but later there was improvement both in the demand and in prices, though not all of the reduction sustained early in the week has been recovered. Increased receipts are generally anticipated for the ensuing week, and many look for still lower prices.

THE IRON TRADE.

Improvement in Prices—The Agreement Proposed by Furnace Owners not Ratified.

(*From the Philadelphia Press, Jan.* 23.)

During the past ten days there has been an improvement in prices of pig-iron. The enlarged transactions which have taken place are partly the result of a speculative feeling, and are partly responsive to an increased demand. It is thought that the bottom has been reached, that is, that prices can go no lower, and there is an anticipation of an improved demand for pig-iron in Eastern markets. From quotations in the *Iron Age* it appears that in the British market there is a fair amount of business under a steady demand. Prices are, however, declining in Scotch pig. No improvement is noticeable in the iron rail market, and prices are lower.

In New York the tone of the market is decidedly stiffening. There is an absence of excitement in the market for American pig. With the exception of one company, stocks are light, and makers show no disposition to contract for future delivery. An advance may be made in prices in consequence of the coal strike, but there can hardly be any scarcity of iron. The sale of 1,000 tons of American rails at $50 has been reported, also the sale in this city of 1,175 tons of scrap at $35; 1,000 tons of Welsh rails have just been sold at New Orleans at $50, which is about the price of iron at the mills in the interior, exclusive of the charges for freight, amounting to seven or eight dollars per ton, so that the foreign competition is not so much at an end as is generally supposed. Welsh rails sell at Cardiff at £6 10s., showing the vast difference in the cost of manufacturing in Great Britain and the United States.

The agreement proposed at the meeting of the pig-iron manufacturers on the 10th of December, providing that the furnace owners would severally decrease the production at their respective works to a quantity not exceeding one-half the capacity, and to maintain such a decrease during the year 1875, was not signed by one-third of the firms to which it was submitted, and it therefore fails of ratification.

In alluding to the strike of the puddlers of Pittsburgh, the *American Manufacturer* says that although it has been the policy of the manufacturers to treat and recognize the union, the *Manufacturer* does not believe it possible to maintain this policy in the future, and any day may develop a new line of proceedings on the part of the manufacturers.

The announcement that the strike is at an end is premature. There is considerable dissatisfaction and restlessness in the union, which has given rise to a desire on the part of a large number to compromise the matter, and which may eventually result in a breaking away from the union of many of its followers. In the meanwhile the manufacturers are easy, and are reducing dead stock.

The annual meeting of the American Iron and Steel Association will be held at the office, 265 South Fourth street, on Thursday, Feb. 11, at 11 a.m. It is expected that the proceedings will possess more than usual interest, as subjects of importance will be considered.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

TIMES OFFICE,	Jan. 29th.
FLOUR.	
Superfine Extra	5 75 to 6 00
Extra	5 75 to 6 00
Superfine, No. 1	5 00 to 5 25
Cornmeal, per brl	4 50 to 4 75
Oatmeal, do	5 00 to 5 50
Bran, per cwt	0 80 to 0 90
GRAIN.	
Spring Wheat, per bushel	$1 00 to 1 10
Fall Wheat	1 10 to 1 25
Oats	0 40 to 0 45
Peas	0 60 to 0 70
Barley	0 80 to 0 90
Rye	0 90 to 1 00
Corn	0 75 to 0 80
Buckwheat	0 60 to 0 70
Beans	1 25 to 1 40
DAIRY, VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.	
Fresh Butter, per lb	0 28 to 0 30
Tub Butter do	0 27 to 0 28
Cheese, do	0 15 to 0 17
Eggs, per doz	0 25 to 0 00
Potatoes, per bush	0 60 to 0 65
Carrots, do	0 35 to 0 40
Turnips, do	0 40 to 0 50
Cabbages, each	0 10 to 0 15
Onions, per bush	1 40 to 1 50
Beets	0 45 to 0 50
Apples, per brl	3 50 to 3 75
POULTRY AND GAME.	
Chickens, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Ducks, per pair	0 40 to 0 45
Turkeys, each	1 00 to 1 15
Geese, each	0 50 to 0 60
Patridges, per pair	0 50 to 0 60
Feathers	0 60 to 0 75
Wool	0 40 to 0 45
Yarn	0 75 to 0 80
MEAT.	
Beef, per 100 lbs	5 00 to 5 50
Pork, do	9 00 to 9 75
Mutton, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Lamb, do	0 08 to 0 10
Veal, do	0 07 to 0 10
Lard, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tallow, do	0 15 to 0 20
Hams, do	0 15 to 0 20
Bacon, do	0 15 to 0 20
Tongues, each	0 25 to 0 35
Venison	0 12 to 0 15
FISH.	
White Fish, do	0 10 to 0 12
Halibut, do	0 17 to 0 20
Herrings, per brl	6 50 to 7 00
Oysters, per can	0 35 to 0 40
Haddock, per lb	0 07 to 0 08
Cod, do	0 07 to 0 08
Trout, do	0 10 to 0 12
Bass, do	0 00 to 0 10
FUEL.	
Wood, first quality, per cord	4 50 to 5 00
do second do	3 75 to 4 25
Hemlock, per cord	2 75 to 3 50
Coal, Chestnut, per ton	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Egg, do	8 00 to 9 00
Coal, Soft, do	9 00 to 9 50
HIDES.	
Green Hides, per lb	0 6½ to 0 00
Sheepskins, each	0 85 to 0 90
Calfskins, per lb	0 00 to 0 00
FODDER.	
Hay, Timothy, per ton	18 00 to 20 00
Hay, Clover, do	16 00 to 17 00
Straw, do	8 00 to 10 00

CHURCH SERVICES.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. D. M. Gordon, B. D.

BANK STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. Wm. Moore.

DALY STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. Wm. Armstrong, B. A.

KNOX'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, City Hall Square.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. No ordained pastor.

METCALFE STREET WESLEYAN CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. W. J. Hunter. The Rev. Mr. Hall will preach at the morning service, and the Rev. W. J. Hunter, in the evening.

KING STREET WESLEYAN CHURCH.—(Seats all free.)—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. Wm. Hall, M.A. The Rev. W. J. Hunter will preach at the morning service, and the Rev. Wm. Hall, in the evening.

OTTAWA WEST WESLEYAN CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Dr. Mark.

CHRIST'S CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Rector—The Rev. J. S. Lauder.

BISHOP'S CHAPEL.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. His Lordship Bishop Lewis officiating, assisted by the Rev. J. Pollard.

ST. JAMES CHURCH, HULL.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. Mr. Johnson, Chaplain of the senate.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock, Court House, Daly Street. Pastor—The Rev. Johnston McCormac.

YORK-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. R. M. Pope.

CHAUDIERE M. E. CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. J. Young.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Morning Service at 11 o'clock Evening Service at 7 o'clock. Pastor—Rev. A. A. Cameron.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The remains of the late J. J. Little, who died at his residence at Toronto on the 28th inst., will arrive by the 7:30 o'clock train of the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway this morning. The funeral will take place from the residence of his father-in-law, H. McCormick, corner O'Connor and Albert streets, at 2 o'clock to-day [Saturday]. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

JOB MOSES' FEMALE PILLS.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, those Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

For full particulars, obtain free, of the agent a pamphlet, or refer to advertisement.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00, and 12½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrope & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by all druggists.

Tenders.

Ottawa Water Works.

Notice to Brass Founders.

TENDERS will be received until noon of **Wednesday, the 10th Day of Feb. Next,**

—FOR—

BRASS SERVICES,

Containing Stop Cocks, Tops and Couplings.

Plans, specifications and samples can be seen at the Water Commissioners' Office, Rideau-st., on and after Monday, the 1st of February next.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

By order. C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Sec. W. W. C.

Jan. 27, 1875. 3753-4

Ottawa Water Works.

LEAD PIPE WANTED.

TENDERS will be received until noon of **Wednesday, 10th day of February next,**

for 2 tons Lead Pipe and 20 tons Pig Lead. To be delivered at the opening of navigation.

Further information can be obtained at the Water Commissioners' office, Rideau street or at the Engineer's office, Pooley bridge. The lowest tender not necessarily accepted.

By order, C. R. CUNNINGHAM, Sec. W. W. C.

Ottawa, 27th Jan., 1875. 3754-4

Miscellaneous.

SACRED MUSIC BOOKS FOR 1875

RIVER OF LIFE.

(35 cts.) A most beautiful Sunday School Book. H. S. Perkins and W. W. Bentley.

LEADER.

[$1.38.] Full collection of Metrical Tunes, Anthems, &c., with Singing School Course. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

THOMAS'S QUARTETS AND ANTHEMS

($2 50.) Perfect music of the best class, for Quartet Choirs. J. R. Thomas.

DANKS' ANTHEM SERVICES.

[$2 50]. Anthem music of excellent quality for all the services of the Episcopal Church. H. P. Danks.

PERKINS' ANTHEM BOOK.

[$1 50.] Easy Anthems. Very full, good, and already popular collection. W. O. Perkins.

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[75cts.] For Singing Schools. Not much Sacred Music, but an admirable preparatory course, with a large quantity of secular music for practice. H. R. Palmer and L. O. Emerson.

All books sent post-paid, for retail price.

CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND LADIES' SCHOOL,

200 Wellington Street,

LADY PRINCIPAL.........MISS MANN,

Assisted by an excellent staff of English Teachers and Professors.

The next term commences FEB. 10TH.

Vacancies for two boarders.

Applications to be made to the Lady Principal, or to REV. H. POLLARD, Secretary.

Jan. 27, 1875. 3753-2w.

TO SPECULATORS!!

FOR SALE, the West Half of Lots 3 and 4, Block B., Le Breton's Flats, fronting on Duke Street, and in rear on Brittania Terrace, with Buildings thereon, viz., on Duke Street, one three and a half storey Brick Building (not veneered), occupied as Shops and Dwellings; sheds, &c., in rear, and fire wall for about 100 feet; in Brittania Terrace, one Wooden Tenement—the whole now renting for $900 per annum; or, if preferred, the whole of the two lots will be sold together, with Buildings, &c., which rents for about $1,500 per annum.

For terms and particulars, enquire of the Proprietor, on the Premises.

JAS. ASHFIELD,

Crockery, Glassware, and Coal Oil Merch't,

DUKE STREET.

Jan 21, 1875. 3748

The Canadian Washer

A. R. GILES, Manufacturer, west side King-st., between Butler and Bolton sts. Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Jan. 23, 1875.

Mr. Giles, manufacturer of the Canadian Washer, Sir,—I am using one of your Washers, and find it all you recommended it to be, and would not be without it now, and will recommend it as really a good machine.

Mrs. Dr. P. St. Jean, M. P.

MINERAL WATER.

The Lethean Mineral Water, which has been so extensively used in this City during the past Summer, is the best cure for Kidney Disease and Dropsy ever known, is now for sale at H. F. McCarthy's, Upper Town; Alex. Christie's, Centre Town, and Dr. Carmichael's, Lower Town.

Oct. 27th 1874. 772-3m

BUFFALO ROBES AND BLANKETS

Selling Far Under Cost, by J. BERMINGHAM.

The subscriber having received last Fall a consignment of 300 Hudson Bay Co.'s Buffalo Robes, has a few left, which he will sell very cheap, to close the consignment.

He has also several large sized Horse Blankets, which will be sold at less than cost.

Private sale every day.

For good and cheap lined and unlined Robes, go to BERMINGHAM'S, opposite the Russell House.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

"A Repository of Fashion Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveller.*

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates, in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patrons for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

TERMS:

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HARPER'S BAZAR, one year.........$4 00

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An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

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The seven numbers of HARPER'S BAZAR, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

Publications.

PROSPECTUS OF THE New York Weekly Herald.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Saturday, at five cents per copy. Annual subscription price:

One Copy	$2
Three Copies	5
Five Copies	8
Ten Copies	15

Postage five cents per copy for three months.

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at the same price.

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These rates make the WEEKLY HERALD the cheapest publication in the country.

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A generous portion of the WEEKLY HERALD will be appropriated to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Pomology and the management of domestic animals. Particular attention will be paid also to Reports of the Markets.

The aim will be to make the WEEKLY HERALD superior to any other agricultural and family newspaper in the country.

Every number of the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a select story and the latest and most important news by telegraph from all parts of the world up to the hour of publication.

During the session of Congress the WEEKLY HERALD will contain a summary of the proceedings and the latest News by telegraph from Washington, Political, Religious, Fashionable, Artistic, Literary and Sporting intelligence, Obituary Notices, Varieties, Amusements, Editorial Articles on the prominent topics of the day, a review of the Cattle and Dry Goods Markets, Financial and Commercial intelligence and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

The HERALD employs no agents in the country nor in distant cities to canvass for subscribers, as none are necessary. Any person pretending to be an agent for the WEEKLY HERALD should be treated as a common swindler. The club system has abolished the agency system. It is safe and cheap.

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Write the address on letters to the NEW YORK HERALD, in a bold and legible hand, and give the name of each subscriber, of Post Office, County and State so plainly that no errors in mailing papers will be liable to occur.

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ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

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A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

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APPLETON'S AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

NEW REVISED EDITION.

Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.

The work originally published under the title of THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled THE AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

Within the last ten years the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.

The movement of political affairs has kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience of refinement of social life. Great wars and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the old work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.

Large accessions to our geographical knowledge have been made by the indefatigable explorers of Africa.

The great political revolutions of the last decade, with the natural result of the lapse of time, have brought into public view a multitude of new men, whose names are in every one's mouth, and of whose lives every one is curious to know the particulars. Great battles have been fought and important sieges maintained, of which the details are as yet preserved only in the newspapers or in the transient publication of the day, but which ought now to take their place in permanent and authentic history.

In preparing the present edition for the press it has accordingly been the aim of the editors to bring down the information to the latest possible dates, and to furnish an accurate account of the most recent discoveries in science, of every fresh production in literature, and of the newest inventions in the practical arts, as well as to give a succinct and original record of the progress of political and historical events.

The work has been begun after long and careful preliminary labor, and with the most ample resources for carrying it on to a successful termination.

None of the original stereotype plates have been used, but every page has been printed on new type, forming in fact a new Cyclopædia, with the same plan and compass as its predecessor, but with a far greater pecuniary expenditure, and with such improvements in its composition as have been suggested by longer experience and enlarged knowledge.

The illustrations which are introduced for the first time in the present edition have been added not for the sake of pictorial effect, but to give greater lucidity and force to the explanations in the text. They embrace all branches of science and of natural history, and depict the most famous and remarkable features of scenery, architecture, and art, as well as the various processes of mechanics and manufactures. Although intended for instruction rather than embellishment, no pains have been spared to insure their artistic excellence; the cost of their execution is enormous, and it is believed they will find a welcome reception as an admirable feature of the Cyclopædia, and worthy of its high character.

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In Library Leather, per vol	6 00
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Nine volumes now ready. Succeeding volumes, until completion, will be issued once in two months.

Specimen pages of the American Cyclopædia, showing type, illustrations, etc., will be sent gratis, on application.

First-class canvassing Agents Wanted.

Address the Publishers,

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"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."—"The Best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

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The *Weekly* is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the *Weekly* is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The *Weekly* maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

Its articles are models of high-toned discussion, and its pictorial illustrations are often corroborative arguments of no small force.—*N. Y. Examiner and Chronicle.*

Its papers on existent question and its inimitable cartoons help to mould the sentiments of the country.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

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All Flannels reduced at Bryson's. 3696-1m

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LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

DATURA TATULA FOR Asthma and Bronchitis,

is admitted by all who have tried it, to be a more speedy and certain relief than any other remedy. The Testimonials daily received attest this to a remarkable degree.

General Alexander says:—"I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."

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Sold in tins. Cigars and Cigarettes in boxes, Pastiles, for inhalation, in boxes.

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SAVORY AND MOORE

143 New Bond-St., London, W.,

And Retail of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world, who also supply Savory & Moore's Pancreatine and Pancreatine Wine, by the aid of which persons take Cod Liver Oil without nausea or indigestion.

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

The Great Blood Purifier and Restorer

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures old sores,
Cures ulcerated sores on the neck,
Cures ulcerated sore legs,
Cures blackheads, or pimples on the face,
Cures scurvy sores,
Cures cancerous ulcers,
Cures blood and skin diseases,
Cures glandular swellings,
Clears the blood from all impure matter,
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s 3d each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries Hall, Lincoln, England.

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And all the London Wholesale Houses.

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Evans, Mercer & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Lyman, Clare & Co.

[illegible] & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Sharpe & Owen

[illegible]

[illegible] Avery, Brown & Co.

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A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

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Account Book Manufacturer,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Ruling, Perforating, Numbering

—AND—

GENERAL BOOKBINDING ESTABLISHMENT.

All orders for Books requiring printed headings carefully attended to.

Aug. 13.

Railways.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville & Ottawa Railways

For Ottawa via Brockville.

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY.

LEAVE.

Brockville G. T. Junction	9.30 a.m.	4.15 p.m.
Ottawa	10.40 a.m.	5.00 p.m.
Renfrew	9.30 a.m.	4.10 p.m.

ARRIVE.

Ottawa	1.20 p.m.	7.40 p.m.
Renfrew	2.15 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Brockville	2.10 p.m.	8.40 p.m.

10.40 a.m. Train from Ottawa makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train for the West at 2.10 p.m.

4.15 p.m. Train from Brockville makes close connection with Grand Trunk Express Train from the West, arriving in Ottawa at 7.40 p.m.

A. E. FOSTER, Managing Director.

Brockville, Jan. 11, 1875.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Of uniform Gauge with the Grand Trunk Railway.

The old reliable, quickest and best route. The shortest line to all points East and West.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME And acceleration of trains.

On and FROM THURSDAY, 17th DEC., 1874, Trains will run daily, as follows:—

GOING NORTH.

No.	Leave Prescott Junction	Connecting with.	Arrive in Ottawa.
1 Express	1.40 P.M.	Grand Trunk Mail from the East	4.10 P.M.
†3 Mail.	5.00 A.M.	Grand Trunk Express from East and West	7.20 A.M.
5 Express.	4.45 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express from West	7.10 P.M.

† Every day.

GOING SOUTH.

No.	Leave Ottawa.	Connecting with.	Arrive at Prescott Junction.
*2 Express.	10.45 A.M.	Grand Trunk West and Central Vermont and Rome & Watertown Rys.	1.00 P.M.
4 Express	2.00 P.M.	Grand Trunk Express East	4.35 P.M.
6 Express	10 45 P.M.	Grand Trunk East & West & Rome & Watertown Railway	1.30 A.M.

*Passengers by this train have time for dinner at Prescott Junction.

Pullman or Sofa Cars on Nos. 3 and 6.

Sure connections with Grand Trunk trains to and from both East and West.

Time faster than by any other route.

Trains are run on Montreal time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

Dec. 15, 1874.

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